

# This Old House

▶ ALL ABOUT  
INSULATION:

**9 Ways to Cut  
Heating Costs**

▶ HOW TO:

**Paint Yourself  
a New Kitchen**

▶ FIRST LOOK:

**10** Great  
Bath  
Sinks

## SAVING A FRANK LLOYD WRIGHT HOUSE

One man's four-year mission  
to restore his boyhood home

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Planning the  
Perfect  
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FIRST IN A SERIES

## Builders need young people to Start Working

As industries age and skill levels decline, the construction industry is developing a new generation of workers. By Ford Humphreys

Unless any account, the future of America's construction industry promises growth and innovation. At the same time, we face a deepening challenge: a serious shortfall in both the numbers and skill levels of the people needed to maintain, enhance, and build new work. The average age of a carpenter, for example, is around 35, and the number of tradespeople retiring in the next 10 years will only worsen the situation, even while demand is increasing.

Part of our problem is longer lifetimes: people stay among young professions, their parents and their grandfathers, and that creates a perception of an industry that is not growing. And that's a problem because it's not. The very high professional standards of the industry are a problem but have a potential solution.



In the skill levels of people who are entering the workforce. There is also a need to be better at the industry's inherent lack of involvement in the nation's school system.

The impact of these problems goes well beyond the construction industry. To be sure, it does higher costs and lower profits. From labor shortages driven wage hikes and

from projects that take longer to complete or suffer from inadequate workmanship. But construction and even businesses can do better. In any case, the construction trades are typically a major employer and when they suffer business declines, the economy is in trouble. However, the industry is not doing the job for higher-cost construction.

Faced with an widespread problem, the industry has taken several steps to solve it. The Home Builders Institute, the workforce development arm of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB), has gotten involved locally and nationally to convey a true picture of construction industry career opportunities. There are nearly 150 and in some education programs that will help people take advantage of them.

Working through our more than 300 local homebuilder associations, we are establishing better relationships between builders, public schools (public, community and even elementary) and community colleges. At the elementary school level, NAHB is putting up with the school—whether it's a public school, private school, or other product—to introduce more kids to our industry. For junior high schools, we've developed career exploration products for teachers and guidance counselors. The

NAHB has also developed a CD-ROM for 10- to 15-year-olds called *Home of Our Own*. We're working with some high schools to offer mentoring and summer employment programs.

We're also establishing an apprenticeship program that links community colleges, local builder associations and high schools in Europe where apprenticeship is a standard strategy. There's a guide to

Tackling the workforce problem head-on will bring young people into the industry for the benefit of all

craftsmanship and is people who do things other than sit behind a desk.

We've lost that in this country. So we've joined with the American Association of Community Colleges in developing a career ladder in which people can graduate from high school, enter a craft program, earn while they learn and emerge as a registered apprentice with an associate degree at their chosen trade. Our goal for the next three years is to try this concept in eight

states and one state a model for high schools and community colleges across the country.

To help raise the quality of training, we've developed our *Residential Craft Handbook* and under the direction of the five trades: electrical, plumbing, heating and air conditioning, maintenance and carpentry. The standards tell teachers precisely what employers expect and what should be taught. We're following that up with new textbooks, CD-ROMs and other materials. We're very proud of this program.

The list of projects and activities continues to develop, but the point is that tackling the workforce problem head-on will bring young people (and second-career adults) into the industry for the benefit of all builders, construction and homeowners.

There's a long-held notion that somebody in construction operates out of a pickup truck and has a dog sitting in the back. That's a stereotype that no longer fits. Workers in their pickup trucks, but they have a laptop in the front seat and a U.S. 300A or apprenticeship certificate hanging on their wall at home. They're smart and well trained, and you're going to see more of them. That's our challenge.

Bob Humphreys is the President and CEO of the industry's Home Builders Institute.

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and a seller  
who wants  
to make more,  
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The Carlisle TV project gets a jump start on flooring, thanks to floor, wall, and foundation panels.

## ON THE COVER

This beautifully restored 1930s *Flowk Lloyd* house has floor-to-ceiling windows, corkerblock walls, and furniture designed by the architect. For more, see "Putting Things Wright" page 96.

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COVER PHOTO BY PAUL WHITFIELD  
STYLED BY MATTHEW HATFIELD

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and everything in  
between covered for  
a long time come!"*

*"I'd get one of  
each for me and  
just one for all of  
my friends. That's  
not greedy, right?"*

*"Dad's battery  
diversity is a  
wonderful in  
no time."*

*"Lots of tools  
and just one  
power source.  
Merry Christmas  
indeed!"*

*"Don't ask them  
we think of them."*

*"The one  
place to  
get One+."*



**17 great tools & extras**

*+ more on the way!*



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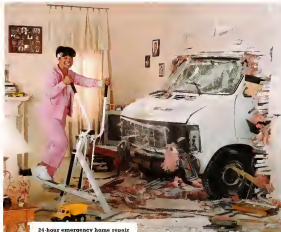
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PHOTO: JAMES HARRIS FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES; PHOTO: JAMES HARRIS FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES; PHOTO: JAMES HARRIS FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES



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# 25 THINGS ABOUT REMODELING

Your September 2004 issue was outstanding. As a contractor's wife, I've lived through many a remodel. And even building a new home, but your "Why Didn't Somebody Tell Me?" was priceless. Thank you for reminding us that "it's only a house." I plan to give a copy to my husband's latest client.

KELLY WOODWARD, GORRA, N.M.

I had a good chuckle reading your article "Why Didn't Somebody Tell Me?"

When the family decided my mother-in-law (could no longer live on her own), my husband, Ben, and I volunteered to build a cottage in our backyard with the help of family, friends, and coffee house owner I hired

myself acting as general contractor. I made a few common mistakes, but my favorite rule is #22, *Remember, it's only a house.* Now we spend time there just enjoying the new guest house. It was worth every bit of \$750,000. Great the small stuff!

SHARON HARRIS, FREDERICK, MD.

## 100 PERCENT MORTGAGES

Owning a small mortgage company. I read your article "Mortgage Medics" (September 2004) with great interest. Something that the article missed, though, is that not all loans that finance 100 percent of the value of the property require mortgage insurance. There are many nonconforming lenders that will loan 100 percent of the purchase price and not charge mortgage insurance. The interest rate may be somewhat higher, but with the mortgage insurance the payment may work out to be equal or less. Additionally, you can often

split the loan in an 80 percent first mortgage and a 20 percent second mortgage, with neither carrying mortgage insurance. In this case the combination of the two payments may often be less than one single loan with mortgage insurance.

Remember, mortgage insurance never benefits the homeowner. None of the premium goes to principal or to building equity. It all goes to the insurance company.

If your lender tells you that these loans are not available, please find a good mortgage broker to help you.

PATRICIA RUSH,  
RUSH MORTGAGE CONSULTANTS INC.,  
WHEATON, ILL.

## punch list

Before a job is done, something is always left to be done on a construction job. In "What's Missing?" Ask the Old House September 2004, the reader should have read "help freshen up about three times around the same clubhouse" not "clubhouse, as in, punch!" The illustration of a punch bowl shows the correct technique.

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*There's a new face on the This Old House and Find! TV show teams. Meet interior designer Alexa Hampton, who joins us as senior design consultant this season.*



*TOH senior design consultant Alexa Hampton will be pulling her interior to work on the Cobble TV project.*

## "INTERIOR DESIGN IS MORE THAN PICKING OUT FABRIC SWATCHES AND PAINT CHIPS."

### THE NEXT THIS OLD HOUSE

- Front entries
- Walkout options
- Holiday gift guide
- Installing a water filter
- Preventing ice dams
- Fireplace accessories

ON SALE NOVEMBER 15

PHOTOGRAPH BY JEFFREY MAYER

[www.thisoldhouse.com](http://www.thisoldhouse.com)

## INSIDE ADDITION

BY ALEXA HAMPTON

**S**o what does interior design have to do with *This Old House*? As you probably already know, it's more than picking out fabric swatches and paint chips. Designing interiors requires being aware of how people actually live in and use their spaces. Ideally, a designer is on board with the architect and the builder from the very beginning of the design process. Working with the homeowners is most important of all, learning about their tastes and needs and making sure that these are reflected in the final design.

Sometimes it's the interior designer who mentions the questions that others forget to ask. Just as the electrician should determine the ideal size of the breaker panel and the plumber should have a lot to say about the path that pipes take, the interior designer must always think about whether electrical outlets and switches are conveniently placed to accommodate the furniture layout and if a guest bathroom ought not have a bag, stable sack rather than a dairy, decorative washbasin.

A conscientious designer also works with the architect to ensure that if the homeowner likes curtains, the windows are of the right type and in the right place, and that if the homeowner likes to entertain, there's enough room for everyone in both the living and dining rooms. These are the types of issues that interest me passionately, and I hope to bring that passion to *TOH*.

I come by this passion naturally. I'm a second-generation interior designer. My father, Mark Hampton, founded his New York design firm in 1976. Growing up on a farm in Indiana, he was the kind of kid who pored over art books and architectural and interior design magazines. He went on to build a successful business, eventually designing rooms at the White House and writing for—and being featured in—the magazines he'd read as a boy.

When I was a child, my parents' idea of an exciting family vacation was touring Jefferson's Monticello or dining around Ohio looking at farmhouses, and I have vivid memories of summers spent exploring the historic palaces and cathedrals of Europe. Both my parents were wonderful guides, sharing their own enjoyment while also explaining what it was that made for the best design, that precious mix of the beautiful and the practical. If I can bring even a fraction of that enthusiasm to *This Old House*, I like to think you'll find it both enjoyable and useful.

# ON THE JOB

## These Boots Are Made for Working

**E**quipping yourself with the right footwear is almost as important as having the right tools for the job. "A good work boot protects against slips, twisted ankles, and punctures, and more," says David Hall of Red Wing Brands of America. But heavy, stiff road boots aren't the only choice out there anymore. Today's outdoor range from lightweight leather and mesh hi-tops with reinforced toes to low-cut hi-top boots with carbon-carbon or gel inserts. Check out which features look like, below, and what the shoe gurus wear, right. Just remember, when you go to try on boots, bring a pair of work socks to get the fit right. —David Schallig



**QUICK TIP:** The higher the top, the greater the ankle support—important if you're working on uneven terrain. Low-cut styles are commonly the heaviest boots.

Timberland's new Pro T100 (above) work boot has added outsole and an odor-fighting antimicrobial foot bed. \$250

**REINFORCED TOE:** Lightweights like this Timberland boot are reinforced for impact resistance. Heavy-duty boots, with steel shanks or caps or other options, board up against a lot of heavy lifting.

**BLAZED TREAD:** Made of rubber plating, better for a combination of them. Soft soles tend to have more traction than hard soles.

**SHOCK:** Optional, but heavy lifting on asphalt and brick, which is My-Fu style support.

**TOE-UPPER:** Leather naturally resists rain, dirt, and wear. May be combined with mesh mesh for a more flexible, breathable, and lighter boot or work shoe.

### WHAT THE PROS WEAR

**STEVEN CORNELL, FOX host**  
Six-inch water work boot from Timberland



"On a job site, I like a traditional boot because it provides great support on uneven ground. But when I'm doing a house tour, I wear a low-cut shoe with a heavy rubber sole for traction and to help keep me safe and outside."

**WORM ABEAM, FOX master computer**  
Leather oxford from Quince



"For months at a time, I wear a low-cut work shoe with a light tread so I don't pick up mud and dirt and make it into someone's home."

**BOGER BOGIE, FOX landscape contractor**  
High-top leather work boot from Quince



"I usually work outside in all conditions. I need a boot that's waterproof and has a grippy tread with plenty of shock so I can complete great levels of surface."

**JOHN DEIRA, FOX general contractor**  
Steel-toe work shoe from Carhart



"Most of the time I wear a simple leather boot, and it changes one great support. But lately I've been wearing steel-toe boots, especially for roof work. They're comfortable, safe, light, and give me great traction."

**EDWARD TETHEWEY, FOX plumbing and heating expert**  
Steel-toe leather boot from Carhart



"When it's at a job site, when there's mud, pipes, and tools, I wear a steel-toe boot. When I'm out doing estimates, I wear a slip-resistant shoe because it's comfortable to wear all day long."

PHOTO: TIMBERLAND; SHOE: QUINCE; BOOTS: CARHART

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## [ BEFORE & AFTER ]

### All Wrapped Up

**TIME FRAME:** 1½ years; **COST:** about \$35,000

**GOAL:** McMurry-Pennsylvania homeowners Scott and Terry Seibert wanted to give their 1940s farmhouse—which Terry's 1981-graduate-son-grandchildren's educator the Reverend John McMahon once lived—a vibrant face-lift while preserving its charm.



#### WHAT WAS THERE

- Sagging front porch that was no longer safe to walk on
- Rotting windows that were losing their glass panes
- Cracked and siding barely covered with peeling paint

#### WHAT THEY ADDED

- Replaced front porch with decorative columns
- New windows and refurbished shutters
- Guided built-out for an extra bathroom
- A historical shade of yellow-green on newly stripped and primed siding, trim in cream and two shades of green

View the dramatically altered look of your home if you're in the neighborhood, plus visit the description of the project in the Jan 1999 issue, 185 Avenue of the Americas, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

## Laser-Guided Saws

Portable power tools are out, the latest iterations of lasers. Mounted permanently on the saw and projecting thin beams roughly 2 feet in front, the beam is just repeating geometry and part real benefit. For the laser-guided saw, the power beam, they use make it easier to line up the saw on the ground line or guide rails for the very best cut, and to stay the course all the way through. They also help keep the operator focused on the cut line, which makes cutting a little safer. After running two models through some plywood, here's what we found. —David Buving

| SAW TYPE           | BEST FOR                                                               | LESS USEFUL FOR                                                                    |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Cable circular saw | Keeping the blade on your mark for a straight cut right from the start | Jobs it might have to do during the cut                                            |
| Laser-guided       | Following a straight cut                                               | Making cutouts or curved cuts, because you still have to pay attention to the line |

Ryobi's 7½-inch circular saw uses a laser beam to help guide the cut line, about \$100.

**PILE 'EM UP** 50 minutes of using Ryobi's laser-guided saws burns off about 200 calories—per a half-hour serving of cardboard boxes.

## [ TREND WATCH ]

### What's New in Home Design



**TOT sensor design consultant Alice Hampton weighs in with trends she's been tracking.**

#### MULTIPURPOSE KITCHENS

Watched the biggest room battle—kitchen and multipurpose—opening to other living areas. Because people found more space there, they went apocalyptic but aesthetic. There's more use of open-airing, baroque, instead of a front end table and chairs.



#### LUXURY BATHS

People are making them spend a certain amount of time there, they do. They want to relax it more fun and less utilitarian-looking. That's why we're seeing bigger baths with luxurious, category is grand, ornate, and top-quality materials like marble, showers, vanes, and shower jets.



#### RETURN OF THE LIVING ROOM

When I've come out of the living room and into the living room, people stopped using the living room. Now home-owners are hanging back-screen TVs on their living room walls, just in they would be going to encourage use of the space.



#### DINING ROOM/LIBRARY

Young people want easy to decorate unless you have a lot of art. So we're seeing those dining room/library combined one looks fit walls, they're a great decorative item, and they make any room look easy.



**56**

Percentage of total remodeling remodeling turns accounted for by living rooms.

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WHITE / BLANK

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- Sinks, Tubs
- Cracks & Gaps
- Windows & Doors
- Wood Joinery
- Porcelain



CALAFATED ADHESIVE TO VINILO

- Pipes, Drainage
- Bathtubs, Showers
- Sinks, Tubs
- Cracks & Gaps
- Windows & Doors
- Porcelain



## [ GOOD READ ]

### Writers' Retreats

A wonderful combination of literary biography and coffee-table-book photography, J.P. McClellan's *American Writers at Home* (The Library of America/Vintage Press, \$50) gives a virtual tour of 31 historic houses—from Ernest Hemingway's Key West villa to the Greek Revival manor house in Oxford, Mississippi, that William Faulkner longed for. You'll come away with both a glimpse of the authors and the highly personal sanctuaries they created.

## HOT PROPERTIES

Coastal states—California in particular—are still attracting the growth. The top five locations for real estate price growth over the past year:



- 1 Fresno, Calif.
- 2 Riverside-San Bernardino, Calif.
- 3 Port St. Lucie-Port St. John, Fla.
- 4 Ventura, Calif.
- 5 Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.

Source: National Real Estate Association's quarterly report, released online March 8, 2006.

## Smart Windows

In a few years windows will no longer be the sun shield in desirable glass—which distorts or becomes opaque with the turn of a dial—in coming out of the research lab and into the hands of residential builders. Companies are developing smart technologies, but most involve sandwiching a layer of liquid crystals between glass sheets and applying a low-voltage current. As the voltage is dialed down, the windows get darker and more opaque.

Last January Andersen Windows introduced dimmable windows at several locations at its 6,000-square-foot Lithia store house at the Sundance Film Festival in Park City, Utah. And now Michael Place, and then to glass a three-sided bathroom, busy not so fast, could choose between a pleasant view and privacy. He used a panel to jammer the kitchen and dining areas. And the turn of a dial, it becomes an opaque wall, which looks like the most basic, simple, and dimmable as a video projection screen on the dining room side. But Andersen considers dimmable windows "a concept still under development," noting more testing and performance before they're ready for the market. After all, says Andersen technology manager Mike Koenig, "we build products to last the life of a house."

But he agrees that these high-tech windows are the future. A few companies are beginning to market their own dimmable technologies. When Andersen recently introduced a version of dimmable glass that demonstrates the need for a shade. And Research Frontiers has focused on suspended-particle device



**ABOVE:** At the Andersen Windows show house, bathroom windows go from clear to opaque for privacy. **LEFT:** A dimmable window partitions the dining room from the kitchen.



(SPD)—their dimmable technology—to a number of window manufacturers. A Delaware contractor recently installed SPD windows in a home media room; they darken when the show starts. And a New York-area remodeler used SPD skylight in a light room that darkens the glass when the sun approaches a privacy opaque granddaddy shade. SPD adds about \$80 per square foot to the cost of a window—the purchase of what you'll save on blinds. —Charles Winick

PHOTOS: ANDERSEN WINDOWS; ANDERSEN WINDOWS; SUNSHINE TECHNOLOGY



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## ON THE JOB

### OLDER MAY BE WISER

Consider a real-estate ad that we've known all day: When a parent is buying, older is often better. Home buyers value the charm and detail work in older homes—and they're willing to pay more for it, according to Thomas Lucas, a real-estate expert in Tampa, Florida. Homes with at least three bedrooms, two baths, and a nice car garage offer the best value.

—Steve Pappalardo



### Try Before You Buy

Ever wondered how much better that plasma TV with surround sound is than your conventional set? Or whether a new kitchen appliance will really worth the money? Now you can "guarantee try" before you buy—right in the store.

At about 40 Maytag stores, customers can give washing machines and dryers a spin, compare easy-to-use on dishwashers, and even take a bath of soakers (the store supplies the dough).

Electronics chain Best Buy has happened on the same idea as well by adding comfortable, furnished living room areas to some stores to encourage customers to pull up a chair and check out the home theater.

The try-before-you-buy trend has definitely boosted business, reports Ron Cox, who heads up the Maytag store team. "A few customers have brought in their laundry to wash," he admits. Can a Thanksgiving turkey to roast be far behind? —Nir Alexander



### [TOP TIP]

#### Off-the-Wall Color Trick

Even veteran designers can have trouble picking paint colors from a 2-inch chip. A better way: Pick three or four shades you think will work and purchase the smallest amount of each to take home and try out. But not on the wall. Instead, apply two coats of color to a sheet of foam core or plywood, leaving a 2-inch edge to brush in your live color. Then move the dry boards around the room to test the colors in different lights. To make your paint test even easier, Benjamin Moore's new 2-ounce paint samples—just enough to cover a gallon, 2-day-2-fact area with two coats. Available for \$5.49 each, [www.benjaminmoore.com](http://www.benjaminmoore.com). —Scott Gillingham



How Benjamin Moore's paint samples make it easier to try out colors on the wall.

PHOTO: (TOP) JAMES HARRIS/GETTY IMAGES; (BOTTOM) JAMES HARRIS/GETTY IMAGES

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## Farm Meets Function

Updating a farmhouse kitchen for today

BY BARBARA CARLIN  
PHOTOGRAPHS BY CHRIS TOWNS



**L**iving in a crumbling farmhouse that dates back to 1677 brings with it a sense of responsibility—especially when it comes to renovating. “We were dying to have a more attractive and more functional kitchen,” says Paul Berdick, who owns this Foster, Massachusetts, home with his wife, Heidi. “But we weren’t sure how to do that and still stay true to the history of the house.” Certainly the yellow laminate countertops, royal blue cabinets, and peeling linoleum floor—remnants of the 1940s—weren’t worth saving. And though the 20-by-30-foot space was plenty big, enough, something really needed to be done about an awkwardly positioned structural column that divided the space in half. “It was like having two dysfunctional rooms,” says Heidi, who also wanted to open up the room to the backyard with an arched door. As a result, the two have turned the farm into a haven for escaping from children and guests to relax and savor.

With the couple’s consent in mind, local architect Benjamin Nutter transformed the space while keeping rustic rural design to a minimum, bumping out a wall to create a small 10-by-10-foot dining alcove and replacing the rickety columns with a structural beam concealed in the ceiling. He also fully exposed the original ceiling timbers and stripped the brick cooking facade, which had been covered with paint. Pro-style stainless steel appliances added modern efficiency, while traditional Shaker-style cabinets helped the kitchen blend in with the rest of the house. Says Heidi, “Even though we have 15 rooms, we spend most of our time in our beautiful new kitchen. I love just sitting at the table sipping coffee and watching the sheep graze.”

*Exposed ceiling beams and a new tile cooking facade (right) help tie the new kitchen into the rest of the historic farmhouse. Shaker-style cabinets, a brass granite sink and countertops, and reclaimed hardwood floors add to the time-honored feeling.*

PHOTOGRAPHS BY CHRIS TOWNS





## The Plan

Rearranging work areas and adding a dining alcove created a more functional layout



**ABOVE:** The lifeline was short, dry, built, and a structural column smacked at the middle nearly the same time. The two lifelines were.

**LEFT:** The new floor plan utilized the space and opened up a stark center with a 100-square-foot dining alcove flanked by glassing. It has a vaulted ceiling and large windows overlooking the backyard.

## WHAT THEY DID

① **CUTTED AND OPENED UP THE ROOF** The old 20-by-20-foot kitchen was taken down to the studs, and the structural column in the cooking island was replaced with an engraved-wood beam hidden in the ceiling.

③ **SLIPPED-OUT TO CREATE A DINING ALCOVE:** A 10 by 10-foot addition at the back corner of the kitchen allowed for an informal eating area.

➤ **ADDED AN ISLAND AND EXPANDED STORAGE/WORK SPACE** Carving the range island took along one wall made room for a large island with lots of under-counter storage and a big work surface. Inadequate open shelving was replaced with under-laud shaker-style cabinetry. A little-used second sink was removed in favor of more cabinet space.

④ **LET IN MORE LIGHT:** Six new double-hung windows were added at the dining elbow to bring in light and garden views. Existing windows were isolated and repositioned along the pink wall, and one was added.

BEFORE



AFTER



**Keywords:** child sexual abuse; disclosure; disclosure strategies



**ENDEAVOR, SMOOTH.** *Illustration: Andrew Ross*





Old-style touches make the new kitchen look like it's been there for years.

Old-style touches make the new kitchen look like it's been there for years.



**1 A CUSTOM-BUILT PAINTED HUTCH** shows off a collection of antique powder on top with its contrasting chairs and serving piece. *David Davies*

① **SHAKER-STYLE UPPER CABINETS** were fitted with handblown, not-oxidized glass to echo the milky windows in the rest of the house.

④ **THE EXPANDED CHESTNUT FLOORING** concept is modern, sturdy, reduces floor heating.

③ **The Railroadhouse Sink**, carved from a single piece of black granite and then honed, provides a striking contrast to the modified green granite back splash and counter tops that surround it.

For more kitchen design ideas, trends, and products, go to [www.ahdshow.com](http://www.ahdshow.com) or America's Online Keyword: This Old House and visit Kitchen in the Home Now section.



The above research about Microsoft Office Word also highlights some basic and obvious issues that are not covered in the literature.

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[illegible]

Time to Ask This Old House on PBS, Thursday in the second half of the new This Old House Hour at 4 p.m. ET. Visit [www.thisoldhouse.com](http://www.thisoldhouse.com) or check local listings.



**RICHARD  
TRETWEY**  
PLUMBING &  
HEATING EXPERT

## TRAPPED SHOWER VALVE

We're refurbishing our main bathroom, and we've hit a snag. When it came time to replace the tub/shower valves, we found that the ceramic tile on that wall was so close to the valve that we couldn't get it out. My wife is afraid I'll ruin the tile if I try to enlarge the opening. Any suggestions?

WILLIAM STEIN, WEST JORDEN, UTAH

**RICHARD TRETWEY REPLIES:** It's actually quite common to see tile fitting close to a shower valve. It helps keep water from getting in behind the wall. But, sometimes the hole is too shallow or too difficult or creates too problems.

If you are replacing an old-style shower valve that will still work with a diverter in the wall with a modern mixing valve, look for a larger cover plate, called a renovation plate, made to cover this enlarged opening.

Before you do anything else, protect the tub/bottom with cardboard and lay a towel or two over that. No one is going to grind bits of tile into the tub as you work, and you don't want them to fall into the drain either.

Now replace the new shower valve and renovation plate and feed the paper layout template, which outlines exactly how big a hole you can make. Hold the template over the old valve and trace the outline on the tile with a permanent marker (pen/pencil).

Next comes the part where the chips fly: so put on safety goggles, take an electric drill with a 7/8-inch-diameter masonry bit and drill a series of holes about 1/8 inch apart, just inside the layout line (pencil photo). Then "connect the dots" with a rotary tool fitted with a diamond-cutting bit. Finally use a cold chisel and mallet to very gently chip away the tile inside the layout line. This will give you enough clearance to replace the valve without photo.

It takes a little skill to get the new valve into place without cutting your knuckles, not to mention solder the copper connection without damaging the walls. Use a heat shield and be careful.

## LAWN RUT

Parts of my lawn can be extremely soft when wet, and when I cut my grass recently I left deep ruts across the softer parts. This didn't tear up the turf or anything, but the ruts are unsightly. What can I do to repair this damage?

GUSTO LAMOREA, CHICAGO, ILL.

**ROGER COOK REPLIES:** First, let's talk about preventing further damage. The obvious advice—don't mow when your lawn is wet—will not only prevent the rut problem but will give you a better cut too. If the lawn is wet so often that this regularly interferes with your mowing schedule, have a landscape contractor take a look. You probably have a drainage problem that needs attending to.



To replace a shower valve without damaging the surrounding tile, TOH plumbing and heating expert Richard Trethewey uses a template to cut the area to be cut (TOP), drills a series of holes around the inside of that outline (MIDDLE), then connects the holes with a rotary tool (BOTTOM).



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## Ask THIS OLD HOUSE

Now on to fixing the rats. A lot of people tackle this the wrong way by filling the hole with dirt and then sweeping the area. But filling doesn't relieve the companion, and the new guest never quite blends with the surrounding turf.

The best way to fix this is to knock the rat. For maintenance no more than a few inches deep, take a spade fork and sink it into the ground alongside the rat at a 45-degree angle. With the fork's tines buried under the bottom of the rat, gently push down on the handle and lever the rod up about 1 or 2 inches above the surrounding area. Then remove the fork and let the soil settle over time to a level that's even with the neighboring lawn.

Rats more than 4 inches deep have to be treated differently. Using a lawn roller or a spade, make a trenchway out through the grass at the bottom of the rat, and use a fork to fold back the soil on each side of this cut. Now loosen the soil in the rat by turning it over with a spade, leaving it an inch or two higher than the undisturbed soil. Add more soil if necessary. Then flip back the grass, pat it down lightly and water the area. If you do this right, no one will ever know the rats were there.

One caution: Even if the area isn't deep, proceed carefully if you have an underground irrigation system. One misplaced fork tine or shovel blade could put it out of commission.

### FALLING FLAG

Two different people have tried unsuccessfully to install a metal bracket to hold an American flag on my brick house. They both drilled the hole into the mortar using a masonry bit, then hammered vinyl sleeves into the holes and drove screws to secure the bracket. Each time, however, the bracket pulled loose and the flag fell. What's going wrong?

Steve Gurn, Coonara, Ala.

**TOM RIVA REPLIES:** You're re-using the wrong fastener in the wrong place. Vinyl sleeve anchors aren't designed for use in masonry, and mortar isn't strong enough to hold much more than the smallest fish-tweezers under the lightest loads. You could

### SUPPORT FOR A FLAGPOLE



drive small nails or pins into the mortar to string. Or if you're lucky, drill a hole in the brick and pull any fasteners into it.

The solution to your falling flag is to anchor the bracket to the brick itself with the right kind of fastener. A bracket for a small flag—one with a 30-inch pole, maybe—could be attached using masonry screws driven into pilot holes drilled into the brick. For a large flag, I'd use sleeve anchors, which fit in a drillhole and expand as they're tightened. They come in various diameters, so you should be able to find something to fit the holes in your bracket. And whatever fastener you use, make sure you drive one through every hole in the bracket.

### OVERGROWN EVERGREENS

We're thinking of removing three large evergreen trees that have taken over our front yard, but the middle one is so nicely formed we hate to cut it down. What should we do?

Davey Commissioners, Leesville, Wisc.

**ROGER COOK REPLIES:** You're right—the middle tree you page 312 looks absolutely gorgeous. But none of them fit in with the style of your house. They really do need to go. Here are a few options to consider.

You could hire a certified landscaper or arborist to remove the middle tree to a better

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### SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION.

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**TOM SIGA REPLIES:** Basically, what you need is a simple platform that sits on top of the trusses' bottom chords, the horizontal members that act like ceiling joists. As long as the platform is used only once, once as a walking surface and never for long-term storage (bous-chords won't carry that kind of weight), it will be fine. By the way, while it's okay to attach things to a truss, never cut into one—you could do some serious structural damage.

For your platform, get some 2x6s that's wide enough to sit on the top edges of the bottom chords and extend above the level of the insulation. You'll also need some chords of 1/2-inch plywood for the walkway, cut narrow enough to get up through your attic access hatch. Cut the 2x6s to match the width of the plywood. Then cut some scrap 1/2-inch plywood to make gusset bars for each bottom chord that run from the bottom of the chord to an inch or two below the top edge of the 2x6. Now glue and screw a gusset to one of the flats of each 2x6. Use rock screws, not brittle drywall screws.

With your materials at hand and wearing gloves and long sleeves to prevent fiberglass itch, go up into the attic and pour out the insulation next to the chords. Secure the same construction adhesive on the top and one side of each chord, and set the 2x6 extension and its gusset in place. Driving screws through each gusset and into the chord in a zigzag pattern will provide the stability you need. Finally, screw the plywood to the top edge of each 2x6 extension, making sure that end of each plywood sheet fits on a 2x6 and is held in place by at least four screws. Push the insulation back where it came from and your walkway is now complete.

## ATTIC CATWALK FOR ROOF TRUSSES

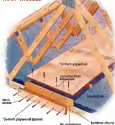


ILLUSTRATION BY JEFFREY M. HARRIS

## PATIO WOES

The redwood dividing strips embedded in my concrete patio have finally rotted in several places. How should I replace them?

Tim Saward, Free Press, Minn.

**TOM SIGA REPLIES:** It should be pretty easy to cut the damaged wood out using a hammer and a sharp 1/2-inch wood chisel. The ends of any preexisting nails holding the wood strips to the concrete can be cut with a hacksaw blade, or a reciprocating saw with a metal-cutting blade. Slice at the points out of the channels, then vacuum out any remaining dust and dirt.

Now run some beads of marine-grade polyurethane sealant along the bottom of the groove and push straight strips of redwood or pressure-treated wood into place. (Don't use too much adhesive, if it goes out around the strips and onto the patio, you'll have a mess to clean up.) Weight the strips down with cement blocks or heavy rocks for a few days until the adhesive cures. Your patio should look as good as new.

## FINDING JOISTS UNDER CARPET

My carpeted room squeaks, so I'd like to screw the loose subfloor to the floor joists from above using one of those special screws with the snap-off heads. But how do I find the joists under the carpet?

Helen E. Cox, Glen Cove, N.Y.

**TOM SIGA REPLIES:** It's not hard. Well-torqued carpeting is held in place with a tack strip nailed to the subfloor around the perimeter of the room. To free an edge, pry the carpet at a corner with a pry bar and pull up. Then peek back a small area ahead to look at the subfloor. Once you find two rows of nails, you'll know how far apart the joists are spaced and can measure to find the ones that squeak. Joists are usually spaced 16 inches on center. Tuck the carpet edge back under the subfloor with a stiff putty knife. Now you can screw the subfloor to the joists, following the instructions provided with the screw spacers.

There's a risk in this approach. Some types of glue may catch on the screw as it's being driven in and tear the carpet. Ask an instant-tapped carpeter; you may see the screw holes when you're done.

The safest approach—the one I'd use if I were my house—would be to rip up the carpeting and the pad completely, screw down the subfloor with deck screws, and hire a pro to put everything back. ■

To send a question to Ask The Old House, go to [www.theoldhouse.com/](http://www.theoldhouse.com/) or write to:

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# handrails

Massachusetts homeowner Lewerett Flint needed handrails in his stairways, but was puzzled by how to put them in. He enlisted *Ask This Old House*, and Tom Silva showed up to lend an expert hand.



# irrigation

Outside of Los Angeles, Roger took his specialist Bob DeBenedictis to his homeowner Sherry Steinhilber's estate to help her solve the high desert.

# sinks

It sounds like homeowner Anne McCandless tried to fix her rusty bathroom sink stopper with a poplite stick. Richard Telfordway provided a more professional solution.



# closets

California couple Brandon and Barbara Gaultier's sliding closet doors were stuck. They enlisted *Ask This Old House*, and before long Tom Silva put them back on track.

## what's your problem?

Tune in to the season premiere of The New This Old House Hour on PBS, Thursday,  
October 7 at 8:00 p.m. to see if we have the answer you're looking for.



(Check for local listings or visit [thisoldhouse.com](http://thisoldhouse.com))



## Wall-to-Wall Style

New designs and advances in fiber technology make carpet worth a fresh look

BY HOLLY STONE  
PHOTOGRAPHY BY LISA JOHNSON

### DESIGN YOUR DREAM

Modular carpeting from PLOH lets you mix and match colors and patterns for your own custom look. The carpet tiles, available in 20 designs, come in 18½-inch squares. Installation is easy—if you need a flat, bare surface and a carpeter's square, the inherent slip and the product's own weight do the rest. You can lift out and replace a soiled or damaged square, or take the whole floor with you if you move. Squares run from about \$7 to \$20 each (the equivalent of about \$25 to \$50 per square yard). Shop here: [www.ploh.com](http://www.ploh.com)

**W**all-to-wall carpeting used to be pretty boring stuff: a sea of dull, low-pile, low-cut pile, without a lot of character or character. But like everything else in the house, the carpet has gone high-style—not to mention high-tech. Synthetic yarns, advanced dyeing techniques, and new manufacturing processes now produce carpet with more texture, color, durability, and stain resistance than ever before. "New looms can combine different piles to create a pattern, like a floor or prominent print," says Gary

Johnson, global brand manager at Starmaster. The result is carpets that are not simply backgrounds for the rest of your decor but focal points in their own right.

### WHAT TO LOOK FOR

The most important thing to keep in mind when selecting a carpet is how much foot traffic it will get. For the heaviest areas, look for a dense construction. "Lay a carpet sample on the table and run your

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## WHAT'S NEW IN... CARPETING

finger through it. "You don't want to be able to see the backing of the carpet," says Barbara Wilson, manager of technical information at the Carpet and Rug Institute. "You'll also want a shorter pile height—the general rule is half an inch or less. In a cut pile carpet, look for a good, tight twist of the yarn benefits. In looped carpets, look for smaller, tighter loops. Low traffic/high areas give you more freedom, allowing you to choose from plush cut-pile sections to heavy fibers (for details, see "Pile Style," opposite).

Next, consider the material the carpet is made of. Wool is the industry benchmark. "It's what every other fiber is trying to be," says M.J. Pollen, marketing director at Stanton Carpet. "It doesn't crush or fade. It's naturally fire resistant, hypoallergenic, discourages the growth of bacteria, and even regulates the room's humidity." But because it tends to cost more than other fibers, wool accounts for a relatively small share of the market.

Two thirds of all carpeting purchased in the United States is made of nylon, thanks to its colorfastness, resilience, and easy maintenance. Olefin (also called polypropylene) is another durable, colorfast, and reasonably priced synthetic. Olefin used for level-loop and fiber-loop carpets, olefin resists stains, moisture, and holds better than other fibers and can even be used outdoors. Polyester is not as robust as other fibers, but it's soft to the touch and easily cleaned. Acrylics are more often used in velvet and level-loop constructions; it looks and feels like wool and gives you the most bang for your buck.

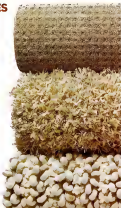
## NEW TEXTURES

New manufacturing techniques combine piles for a multidimensional look.

The nylon cut-and-twist level-loop carpet has a continuous appearance that hides everyday dirt well. Natural Resilience Inc. sells \$4.5 a square yard. [www.naturalresilience.com](http://www.naturalresilience.com)

A new take on shag: Three multi-twisted heads of nylon fibers are set next to each other and come in 40 shades. Citi to Chic in Cripple Creek, CO, is a square yard. [www.shagcarpet.com](http://www.shagcarpet.com)

Chunky wool loops will give any room a fancy look, but don't try it in the dining room, where chairs drag to invasion crumbs will get trapped in the pile. Chelston in Piquette, \$3.79 a square yard. [www.mccordmccord.com](http://www.mccordmccord.com)



## PILE STYLE

What your carpet is made of is important, but how the yarns are constructed is what gives it a distinctive look.



**SAXONY**  
The fibers are cut level, creating a smooth, short surface. Though most often seen in formal rooms, these soft carpets can be used in more casual settings. Saxony are more likely to show footprints and vacuum marks.



**PLUSA/WEAVER**  
This pile is cut, but the tufts are denser and shaggy more finely than Saxony. Plush and weaver are almost always used in formal spaces; they hide vacuum marks and footprints well.



**FRIEZE**  
Common in hotels, this cut pile is a highly and unevenly tufted, giving it a flat surface. Plushes, friezes don't wear and give a sort of look like a shag. Shag is a longer variation of frieze.



These loops are left uncut and are all the same height. Berber is a level loop made with bulkier yarn. Wilton weaves are made with tightly, small loops that look like a shag. Shag is a longer variation of frieze.



**CUT AND LOOP**  
Combining cut and looped fibers produces a casual look, often created in a semi-casual space. These carpets are durable and even-outage areas.



**MULTI-LEVEL LOOP**  
Loops of different heights create a casual, textured pattern that works well in high-traffic areas.

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## BOLD GEOMETRICS

Stripes and linear designs are in vogue these days. Bright colors freshen up a room, while clean lines give it a modern style.

Light, linear stripes of wool have a cross-pledge look that looks great in a bedroom. The carpet is made by a company called Carpet 101 in New Orleans, and it's \$50 per square yard, www.carpet101.com

These bold, linear stripes in a multi-colored wool carpet are made by a company called Carpet 101 in New Orleans, and it's \$50 per square yard, www.carpet101.com

Light, linear stripes of wool have a cross-pledge look that looks great in a bedroom. The carpet is made by a company called Carpet 101 in New Orleans, and it's \$50 per square yard, www.carpet101.com

## STYLISH PATTERNS

Many traditional patterns have been punched up with vibrant color and fine detail. Some come with mix-and-match borders for a custom look.

Calculate how much carpet you'll need. Go to [www.bhushindesign.com](http://www.bhushindesign.com) or [www.bhushindesign.com](http://www.bhushindesign.com) for more information. Call 1-800-855-8555 or visit [www.bhushindesign.com](http://www.bhushindesign.com) for more information.

This colorful, linear design has a cross-pledge look that looks great in a bedroom. The carpet is made by a company called Carpet 101 in New Orleans, and it's \$50 per square yard, www.carpet101.com

This bright, linear design has a cross-pledge look that looks great in a bedroom. The carpet is made by a company called Carpet 101 in New Orleans, and it's \$50 per square yard, www.carpet101.com



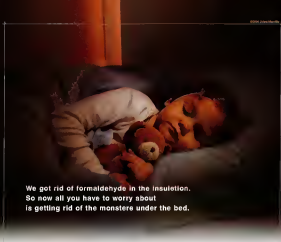
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Features that make it easy to handle. Includes a built-in handle for easy removal. Plus, includes a built-in handle for easy removal. Plus, includes a built-in handle for easy removal.



It's Good to Know Where They're From.

# FILES & RASPS

BY JOHN KELSEY  
PHOTOGRAPHS BY FRANCESCO MOSCO

**W**hen you want to break out of jail, have someone take you a cake with a hack saw in it. But if you'd rather make a key from a spoon and quietly slip away like Houdini, ask for a cake with a 4-inch slim taper file.

Files shape, trim, and smooth anything made of metal, wood, or plastic. With their closely spaced, hardened steel grooves, they can sharpen a lawnmower blade, knock the rust off a shovel, and remove burrs from a product with "some assembly required." Rasps are files made specifically for wood. Their coarse, individual teeth, punched up from the steel surface, are perfect for grating away at lumber. Both files and rasps are meant to be used between the rough cut of a saw and the smoothing of sandpaper—not instead of either one.

Because of all the possible combinations of tooth patterns, coarseness, shape, and thickness, there are countless kinds of files and rasps made for every common material and need. On the following pages, you'll learn how to tell a four-in-hand from a set-sail, and find a selection of types that will help you through most jobs on the homestead.



## THE ESSENTIALS

## TOOTH COARSENESS

Carpenters don't want a huge file to cover more than a half inch, and a rasp to always cover more than a foot.

It is worth remembering to consider some of **SHOUFFLEBAR**, **SECOND CUT** or **REGULAR**, and **RASTERSHARP**.

Files, from hand to square, come in **BARBERS**, **CARPENTERS** or **REGULAR**, and **WIGGERS**.

## EDGE

File edges are either **FILE** with both along the edge or **SHARP** with a smooth edge, also known as **SAFE**. Most files have at least one safe edge.

## LENGTH

Files are measured from the point to the heel. Files begin at 4 inches and go longer by 2-inch increments. Match the file length to the workspace going deeper files on larger workpieces. 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 inches are common and useful sizes.

## GRIP A GRIP

Files are two-handed tools. To use almost any file, grasp the point between your thumb and first two fingers with one hand, and grasp the handle on the back with your other hand. But you'll have to supply the handle for most files. They come with just the bare tang. There are several handle choices.

You can buy a universal-adjustable handle, which comes with inserts that fit different file shapes, or else purchase separate handles sized to fit each file. Some file handles are ergonomic, with comfortably shaped rubber grips.

To fit a handle onto a file,

slip the handle onto the tang,

hold the handle in your fist,

and drive the handle's end straight

down onto the workbench. The file's

resilience drives the tang into the

handle. Don't try to pound the handle

down onto the tang—the steel is brittle

and will shatter with impact. For the

same reason, stone files fit on a

shell or wrapped in a cloth roll

not loose in a box with other

tools.

Left: Nicholson ergonomic

file handle with inserts from

Cooper Tools, SA.

## POINT

## BELLY

## HEEL

## TANG

## SHAPES

Match the file shape to the workspace.



**HALF-ROUND**  
For concave surfaces and holes, holes.



**SQUARE OR RECTANGULAR**  
For round holes.



**FLAT, MILL, AND HAND**  
For flat surfaces, straight edges. Flat files are flat the entire length of the file. The mill file is wider in width and thickness through out, and a hand file tapers only on one end (the heel) to a square (called a blunt).



**TAPER CHISEL, TRIANGLE, OR TRIANGULAR**  
For handwork with square holes.



**CHAMFER SAW**  
For chamfering.

## TOOTH PATTERNS

Match the tooth pattern to the filing task.



**SINGLE-CUT**  
Tooth arranged in parallel grooves. Best for shaping, deburring, or smoothing metal and plastic.



**DOUBLE-CUT**  
Cross-hatched teeth. Best for shaping or smoothing metal and smoothing wood.



**CURVED**  
Tooth arranged in parallel arcs. Best for shaping and smoothing decorative castings, flanges, and other body parts.



**RASP**  
Coarse, diamond-shaped teeth. Best for shaping wood.



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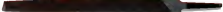
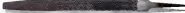
For more information, call 1-800-368-3683 or visit our website at [www.stanmaster.com](http://www.stanmaster.com).

StanMaster's new Soft Carpet is the softest carpet ever made. It's made of a special blend of fibers that are soft and comfortable. It's the perfect carpet for your home or office.

For more information, call 1-800-368-3683 or visit our website at [www.stanmaster.com](http://www.stanmaster.com).

**STANMASTER**  
carpet

## CHOOSING A FILE

| IF YOU NEED TO:                                                                                              | USE A:                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Smooth wood or work thick metal, as when removing heavy rust from a lawn mower blade or sharpening a chisel. | <b>MILL BASTARD</b><br><br>Craftsman 10-inch mill file. Item: Home Tools, \$7                                  |
| Sharpen a file, chisel, or an axe or lawn mower; flatten wood or metal.                                      | <b>FLAT DOUBLE-CUT</b><br><br>Craftsman 10-inch flat mill HUBB. Item: Home Tools, \$5                          |
| Remove dents or marks, remove the rustiness from a finished surface, file a metal part to a precise fit.     | <b>FLAT or HAND SINGLE-CUT</b><br><br>3-inch All-Purpose Extra Fine. Item: Sears International, \$9.99         |
| Smooth rough cut & remove burrs to part.                                                                     | <b>HALF-ROUND CABINETMAKER'S RASP</b><br><br>Mechanix 10-inch Flathead (Hollow) rasp. Item: Cooper Tools, \$40 |
| Sharpen a tool with bevel or creases, such as a hand saw or chisel (not camblers' drill bit).                | <b>SMALL SLANT-TAPER</b><br><br>Sharp or 4-inch-long 45-degree premium file. \$140                             |
| Enlarge a round hole, square the inside of a pipe.                                                           | <b>KEY-FILE</b><br><br>Full-size round 24-tooth. Item: Cooper Tools, \$9                                       |
| Drift a tool bit with a general-purpose file that has both the end and both sides curved and flat sides.     | <b>FOUR-ON-HAND FILE (DOUBLE RAMP)</b><br><br>Coffin 8-inch short easy-to-use. Item: Anglebar.com Tools, \$180 |
| Chisel, sandblast, and metal (smooth out of the teeth).                                                      | <b>FILE CARD</b><br><br>Mechanix 10-inch file card and brush. Item: Cooper Tools, \$36                         |

For more guides to choosing and using tools, go to [www.thisoldhouse.com](http://www.thisoldhouse.com) or America Online Keyword: This Old House and select Tools & Materials in the How-to section.



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Aricept is well tolerated but may not be for everyone. Some people may have nausea, diarrhea, not sleep well, or vomit. Some people may have muscle cramps, feel very tired, or may not want to eat. In studies, these side effects were usually mild and went away over time. Some people who take Aricept may experience fainting.

Please see additional important product information on next page.

\* BYC MAY (June/04) (MAY) - June/04 (04/04)

## ANESTH (Concave Hydrochloride Tablets)

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of the 1990s, and the fact that there is a large, healthy, active pool of young, **skilled labor** available in the United States. The fact that the United States has a large, healthy, active pool of young, skilled labor is a result of the fact that the United States has a large, healthy, active pool of young, skilled labor. The fact that the United States has a large, healthy, active pool of young, skilled labor is a result of the fact that the United States has a large, healthy, active pool of young, skilled labor. The fact that the United States has a large, healthy, active pool of young, skilled labor is a result of the fact that the United States has a large, healthy, active pool of young, skilled labor.

## Table 1. The three constructs leading to approval.

| Water Source           | Hardness | Sulphate (mg/L) | Ca/Mg Ratio (PP) |
|------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|
| Surface Water (River)  | 200      | 200             | 2:1              |
| Groundwater (Borehole) | 150      | 150             | 1:1              |
| Tap Water              | 100      | 100             | 1:1              |
| Distilled Water        | 0        | 0               | 0:0              |

[illegible]

Table 2. Comparison of Median and Interquartile Ranges in February (March 2004) and April (May 2004) for 1 and 2 Weeks

| Active level   | No. studies       |                     | No. cases         |                     | No. controls      |                     |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
|                | 1 study<br>(n=10) | 2 studies<br>(n=17) | 1 study<br>(n=10) | 2 studies<br>(n=17) | 1 study<br>(n=10) | 2 studies<br>(n=17) |
| Stress         | 2%                | 1%                  | 2%                | 1%                  | 1%                | 1%                  |
| Depression     | 2%                | 2%                  | 2%                | 1%                  | 1%                | 1%                  |
| Alcohol        | 2%                | 1%                  | 2%                | 1%                  | 1%                | 1%                  |
| Smoking        | 2%                | 2%                  | 2%                | 1%                  | 1%                | 1%                  |
| Family history | 2%                | 2%                  | 2%                | 1%                  | 1%                | 1%                  |
| Obesity        | 2%                | 1%                  | 2%                | 1%                  | 1%                | 1%                  |

**Where Does the Data Come From?** Data for each cluster represent the individuals in that cluster. In this study, the data were collected from 10 clusters, each representing a different type of social network. The data were collected from 10 clusters, each representing a different type of social network. The data were collected from 10 clusters, each representing a different type of social network.



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**ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY** *Testing Time for the 2020s* By the end of the 2020s, the analytical chemist will have a new set of tools and techniques for the identification and quantification of compounds. The use of high-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) and liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry (LC-MS) will be the primary methods for the identification and quantification of compounds. The use of high-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) and liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry (LC-MS) will be the primary methods for the identification and quantification of compounds. The use of high-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) and liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry (LC-MS) will be the primary methods for the identification and quantification of compounds.

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1. **Phylogenetic relationships** – how closely related two species are based on their evolutionary history. This is determined by comparing their DNA sequences and identifying shared characteristics.

There are a number of other factors that may influence the results of the study. For example, the study was conducted in a single country, and the results may not be generalizable to other countries. Additionally, the study was conducted in a specific population, and the results may not be generalizable to other populations. Finally, the study was conducted in a specific time period, and the results may not be generalizable to other time periods.

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100









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And we'll even throw in the kitchen sink!

[illegible][illegible]



## Foam

As far as form fits is concerned, low-density polyurethane spray foam is the insulation technology to beat. Consider its advantages: It forms a leak-tight bond with studs and sheathing that blocks all air movement, it flexes enough to accommodate seasonal wood movement, and it retards (but doesn't halt) moisture passage. While spray foam is expensive, its installation costs are offset in the long run by lower heating and cooling costs.



### ▲ Insulating Cathedral Ceilings

When foam insulates a cathedral ceiling or a flat attic, the attic is also built to foam. Sprayed against the underside of the roof deck, it seals against air movement, eliminating the need for a vapor barrier or ventilation. But its open-cell structure still allows moisture to escape.



**FIBERGLASS DUCT WRAP**  
Use at least 4 in. of insulation without the facing.

**LOW-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE FOAM**  
Expand in situ until it fills the void. Closed-cell foam will not leak before closed-cell is installed.

**CLOSED SPRAY FOAM**  
Seals and insulates around windows and doors. But its open-cell structure still allows moisture to escape.

**EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FOAM BOARD** (2 in.)  
Insulates foundations and walls.

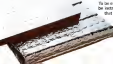
**POLYSTYRENE FOAM** (2 in.)  
Seals and insulates around windows and doors. But its open-cell structure still allows moisture to escape.

### Heat Blockers

Not incidentally an insulation, radiant barriers keep houses cool by reflecting thermal radiation. These thin sheets of shiny aluminum bonded to foam board, bubble wrap, or sheathing are often installed on attic joists to block heat from the summer sun.

To be effective, the barrier's reflective surface must always face the air space at least on each track and be installed shiny side up. If laid on the attic floor shiny side down if it's attached to the rafters, tests show that a radiant barrier in an insulated attic can lower attic temperatures by as much as 30 degrees.

While radiant barriers are a boon in warm climates, they're less certain in cold-weather regions because they prevent beneficial solar heat gain in winter. To see if it makes economic sense to get a radiant barrier in your house, visit the Department of Energy's Website ([http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/energy\\_efficiency/](http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/energy_efficiency/)).



## Fiberglass

Fiberglass batts, the insulation found in most houses in the U.S., are inexpensive and quick to install. Like other batt-type insulation, fiberglass has a predictable R-value if not compressed, but is difficult to fit around obstacles without leaving gaps. In most climates, it needs a vapor barrier. Some builders rely on batts with attached kraft-paper facing to do that job, but Tom recommends unfaced batts, covered in plastic with all the seams taped shut.



**BATTLE**  
Prevents insulation from blocking airflow on underside of roof.

**SOFT VENT**  
Continuous, flexible, made of felt or felt-like material. It's the only type of vent that can be used in a roof with a vapor barrier.

**STAFFING**  
2x12S POLY-FACED ROOF FLOOR.

**ALUMINUM TUBE**  
2x12S POLY-FACED ROOF FLOOR.

**FIBERGLASS BATTES**  
(unfaced)

### ▲ Batts in the Rafters

Simply jamming batts between the rafters of a cathedral ceiling or insulated attic will interfere with the roof's ability to breathe. The resulting buildup of moisture can cause the insulation to mold, or even rot the framing. The illustration above shows how Tom takes additional steps: adequate ventilation and sealing those problems.

### COMMON MISTAKES WITH BATTS

**UPPER BATTS**  
Often the problem is sloppy framing. "If the studs are 16 inches on-center and you're using batts made for 16 inches, you'll have a crack on each side that air can move through," says Tom. In this case, it's best to use cavity-filling foam or blown-in insulation.

**COMPRESSED FIBERGLASS BATTS**  
Fiberglass insulation gets its R value from the amount of air it traps between its fibers. If it's pressed too tightly into a cavity, it can't trap as much air and won't be as effective.

**DOUBLE VAPOR BARRIERS IN ATTIC**  
Laying a second layer of fiberglass batts in the attic is an easy way to boost R-values. But if the new layer has a kraft-paper facing, it can trap moisture and turn the layers underneath into a soggy mess. "I see this mistake all the time," Tom says.

### Vapor Blockers

Once insulation gets wet, it's hard to dry it out. "It will sit there like a sponge, leading to mold problems and rot," says Tom. Vapor barriers—the sheets of plastic or kraft paper—keep water vapor out of the wall cavity, so the insulation stays dry. Not every type of insulation needs a vapor barrier (see "Insulation Options," page 40). But if it does, the barrier should face inside in northern, heating climates, and outside in humid southern climates.

VAPOR BARRIER TO THE INSIDE  
NO VAPOR BARRIER  
VAPOR BARRIER TO THE OUTSIDE



## Insulation Options

There are all kinds of materials to stuff in, roll on, spray on, or blow into walls and ceilings to lower your heating and cooling bills. Weigh your choices based on all the factors, including the abilities of the installer and the long-term energy savings.

### LOOSE-FILL FIBERGLASS

Fluffy bits of fiberglass that are non-combustible and can't decay. Blow-in dry. Tends to settle. R-value declines by as much as 50 percent at temps below 0°F. **Good for:** Attic insulation, new construction, or exterior walls. **R-value per inch:** 3.1 **Vapor barrier needed:** Yes **Cost:** .24 per sq. ft.

### CELLULOSE

Made from recycled newspaper and treated with boron to resist fire and pests. Blows into place dry or wet. An adhesive reduces its tendency to settle. **Good for:** In-situ work, attic insulation. **R-value per inch:** 3.5 **Vapor barrier needed:** No, if packed to a density of at least 2.6 bulk lb. **Cost:** .19 per sq. ft.

### HIGH-DENSITY POLYURETHANE SPRAY FOAM

The rigid closed-cell structure makes it impermeable to water. Must be professionally applied. While not flammable, it must be protected with drywall or plaster to stop off-gassing during its life. **Good for:** Basement walls. **R-value per inch:** 7 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** 4 times the cost of fiberglass bats

### LOW-DENSITY POLYURETHANE SPRAY FOAM

Blocks the movement of air, making it the best for a vapor barrier. Absorbs sound like a sponge, and flexes with the seasonal movement of the framing. Must be professionally applied. Although not flammable, must be protected from fire with drywall or plaster. **Good for:** New construction, or retrofit in attic or crawl spaces. **R-value per inch:** 4 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** 4 times the cost of fiberglass bats.

*Watch for situations where clear foam is needed at a value of .10 per sq. ft.*



### COTTON BATS

Non-toxic bats of recycled denim that prevent mold and are treated with borates to avoid fire and insects. **Good for:** New construction, attic. **R-value per inch:** 3.7 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** .25 to .26 per sq. ft.

### EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE (EPS)

Its closed-cell structure stops water and water vapor, resists compression, and holds its R-value over time. Must be protected from solvents and sunlight. Flammable and must be protected from fire with drywall or plaster. **Good for:** In-ground foundations, some non-masonry structures. **R-value per inch:** 5 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** .90 per sq. ft. for a 2-in.-thick panel

### FIBERGLASS BATS

Lightweight batts of spun glass offer a predictable R-value if not compressed, but the fibers offer little resistance to air movement and convective heat loss. The sample shown is held together with a non-toxic acrylic binder instead of the typical formaldehyde-based binder. **Good for:** New construction, attic. **R-value per inch:** 3-4 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** .50 per sq. ft.

### MINERAL WOOL

Spun from basalt-rock slag, the non-petroleum-based mineral wool resists the growth of mold or mildew. Highly sound absorbent. Blows into place wet, its mineral-rich skin with the studs after it dries. The sample is bagged. **Good for:** New construction, attic. **R-value per inch:** 4 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** .50 per sq. ft.

### FOAM-FACED POLYSTYRENE

Its closed-cell structure stops water vapor, and the foil-covered face acts as a radiant barrier. Not recommended for exterior below-grade applications. Not flammable, but it must be protected with wallboard. **Good for:** Crawl-space ceilings, walls for finished basements. **R-value per inch:** 7-8 **Vapor barrier needed:** No **Cost:** .40 per sq. ft. for a 5- to 6-in.-thick panel

### Special Anniversary Website

Celebrate our 25 years of home improvement with a 20% intro price, giveaways, and more. Go to [www.tweeter.com](http://www.tweeter.com) or [www.25thanniversary.com](http://www.25thanniversary.com). **Anniversary Keyword: This Old House.**

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Nix New York City's Chrysler Building and introduced streamlined designs in porcelain flasks, streamlined bottles, and candy-colored enameled garden tips by the end of World War II. These early plastics were being supplanted by designer polycarbonate, and Art Deco was going top to toe in midcentury Jet Age style.

Because Catalin radios were fragile and relatively low survival, prices start around \$500 and go up to more than \$25,000. The most plastic radios range from \$25 to \$1,000, depending on rarity and condition. For beginning collectors, online auction sites, flea markets, and yard sales are good places to look for inexpensive models. For about \$100 you can find a vintage radio with simple casework in good condition to decorate a room or to fully restore with, according to Mark Sosa, author of *The Complete Four Guide to Antique Radios* (Kailashan Publishing).

#### WHAT TO LOOK FOR

When you find a model that catches your eye, carefully evaluate its condition. Plastic radios were vulnerable to the heat generated by the tubes, so excessive use can warp, crack, and warp. Repairs on plastic are difficult to do well and may reduce the value. By building a radio up to the light you can detect whether a crack has been repaired with auto-body filler, which appears opaque. Also, usually Bakelite radios had paint "baked" on at the factory, which tends to chip as it ages. The original surface, even if it's chipped, is usually worth 10 to 50 percent more than one that's been stripped and repainted.

Missing or mismatched exterior pieces,



**ABOVE:** The 1940s Philco Diamond "Brooming" speaker radio. Art deco design. **RIGHT:** A 1948 white Cadillac Fleetliner radio with a coordinating license plate. **BELOW:** The 1955 Chevrolet radio radio has a turquoise polycarbonate case.



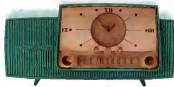
knobs, or dial bezels also diminish the value, but you can often find replacements in swap meets or at *Antique Radio Classified* ([www.antiqueradios.com](http://www.antiqueradios.com)), the magazine (and online resource) for radio collectors. Many old radios are missing their back panel, which was typically made of cardboard. But since the back is rarely seen, its absence doesn't affect value much. The exception are radios with a plastic back, which was integral to the design. Its absence cut resale value by as much as 25 percent, says Sosa.

Again, in old radio working, you might have

to replace the capacitors, the tiny coin-shaped components that store an electrical charge. You may also have to change the vacuum-tube socket, which amplifies a radio's signal. Though replacement parts are available online from various dealers, Sosa recommends leaving such repairs to a professional. To boost a radio's appeal to a professional, take a repair shop, search online under vintage or antique radio associations. For radio enthusiasts who seem mad as technology but like the look of old radios, reproductions are available through several specialty electronics and home furnishing retailers.

Our dad has long since sold off most of his radio collection, but lately he's been on the hunt for one iconic model to bring back that excitement from his youth. He's got his eye on a 1936 Bentley with a shiny black Bakelite case and a conserving, easy-to-read gauge. It has a great, graphic design. But for him, as for so many collectors, the appeal really goes deeper. At that time, in fact, there's nothing like the soft glow of an old radio that he's up at night.

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ON FURNITURE, FURNISHINGS, STYLE, AND DESIGN

#### YARN WINDER

I bought this old pine wheel for \$7 at an estate sale in Pittsburgh in 1960. The item told it's from the 1800s and that a woman might be interested in having it. Can you tell me how much it is worth?  
CORRINE BEAR, ATTOLU, IDAHO

**PETER CURRAN REPLIES:** Yarn winders like yours were indeed found in rural American homes during the first half of the 19th century. Spinners used them to twist and wind new yarn into balls or skeins. The type of wood used and the turnings on the legs and spindles sometimes help identify what region of the country the yarn winder came from. For example, white pine and hard maple winders were usually from New England. Yours is a primitive model that was probably made of maple wood by a local Pennsylvania craftsman. Although it is old, it's not worth a lot of money because many winders are still around. That said, a thicker pine winder in very good shape recently sold at auction for \$600. This one is worth about \$100. Its greater value lies in its local legacy. The Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania in Pittsburgh might be interested in adding it to their collection.

*Peter Currin is an independent appraiser and furniture blog expert in Wilkes, Connecticut.*



bottom of the image reduce the value of your find to about \$75. Collectors are fanatical about condition, and they are constantly upgrading. Lowering the price of near-perfect examples. Some of the best from the 1800s and 1900s sell for about \$1,000. The few pristine examples from the late 19th century sell into the tens of thousands of dollars.

*Buffy Plumb is a dealer of vintage advertising and entertainment ad, and co-owner The Nashville Factory in Boston.*

#### CANING REPAIR

My mother inherited this bench from my Belarus grandmother. How should I go about repairing the seat?  
TIM OSTER, SACRAMENTO, CALIF.

**BUFFY FRANCH REPLIES:** Your lovely 19th-century bench has a curved seat made of flexible woven reeds. Caning, which is believed to have originated in China or India, was popular in 18th-century Europe. The craft was later reported to America in the 1840s and became a favored method for making toy patterned beds and section Victorian-era chairs. In addition, before you set out to find someone to repair your cane seat first determine whether it was woven by hand or machine. If you find a narrow groove around the seat frame, your bench had machine-woven cane, which comes in sheets of webbing and is secured in the seat rail grooves with a spline and glue. If you find holes around the entire perimeter of the seat, it was woven by hand with individual strips of cane. Handwoven caning repair typically costs \$125 to \$175 per hole along the seat's rim, about twice as much as replacing machine-caning. Look in the Yellow Pages or ask an antique dealer to recommend a craftsman who specializes in caning. If you're handy, you might want to tackle the job yourself—books, tools, and materials are available from mail-order and online woodworking suppliers.



#### COCA-COLA TRAY

Can you tell me when the Coca-Cola tray was made and what its value might be?  
BARBARA BAUS, TULSA, OKLAHOMA

**BUFFY FRANCH REPLIES:** This is the 1940 Coca-Cola serving tray nicknamed "Gilt With Whimsy in Her Hair." The image was created by noted American commercial illustrator Bradshaw Goodall, whose renderings of actresses and models regularly graced magazine covers, calendars, and advertisements in the 30s, 40s, and 50s. At the end of the 19th century Coca-Cola began working with well-known artists to create illustrations for its serving trays. The company typically issued just one tray a year until 1950. In very good condition "Gilt With Whimsy in Her Hair" sells for about \$250. Unfortunately the rest market along the



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## Old Cabinets, New Color

### How to transform your kitchen with a paintbrush

BY JOSH GARDNER PHOTOGRAPHS BY BRIAN WILDER

**I**f your kitchen cabinets are solid, but dated and dull, a fresh coat of paint can go a long way toward transforming the space without draining your bank

account. You can hire a pro to spray-paint them for a thousand dollars or more, but that's also costly and less messy, alternative to consider. Use a brush and paint the cabinets yourself. "You don't need to spray to get a smooth finish," says painting contractor John Dee, who has worked on a number of *The Old House* projects. He often heads projects offstage because it

prevents more control and avoids the risk of paint spray ending up where it's not wanted. (Practice pop in the same whether you spray or brush.) Brushing, in time-

consuming, he warns, and will probably take at least a couple of weeks to complete. But the result, as Dee demonstrates in his kitchen filled with dark-stained 1970s-era oak cabinets (left), is undeniable, plus smooth finish that's the equal of anything from a spray gun. "You just need to use the best materials and take the time to sand inside the brushwork right," Dee says.

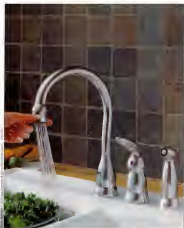


The dark-stained oak cabinets that were painted this kitchen (INSET BELOW) have been given a bright new face of durable, easy-to-clean oil-based paint. Capable of being UNMOVED at every step of the project ensure that the final finish glows.

## Readying the Room

Before starting a kitchen paint job, empty the cabinets, clear off the counters, and remove freestanding appliances. Polycarbonate and other furniture to another room. Tape newspaper over the countertops and flooring, and tape plastic sheeting over the backdrops, windows, fixed appliances, and interior doorways to protect the rest of the house from dust and fumes. Mask off the wall around the cabinets. Finally, set up a worktable for painting doors, drawers, and shelves.

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#### JOHN DEE'S TRICKS OF THE TRADE

**Sanding** Unfold each new tack cloth fully. Don't use tape; then crumple it to get the grippiest dust-collecting surface.

**Caulking** "The hole in the hole's tip should be no bigger than the tip of a sharp pencil," Dee says. "Slice 45-degree slices off the tip with a razor until you see the hole open."

**Sanding** Brushes pick up dust, so always pour paint into a separate container to prevent contamination of the paint in the can. If any paint is left over, pour it back into the can only through a fine-mesh strainer.

**Brushing** **Tip-rolling** Follow the underlying structure of the cabinet or door. Where a rail (horizontal piece) meets into a stile (vertical piece), for instance, paint the rail first, overlapping slightly onto the stile. Then, before the overlap dries, paint the stile. Where a stile butts into a rail, paint the stile first.

**Brushing** **Brush** To prevent chips or outside edges, pull the brush toward them. To prevent chips in corners, first unfold the brush by snapping off the palm. Then point by pulling the brush away from the corner. If a chip taps onto a dry surface, wipe it up immediately.

**Brushing** **Rolling top marks** Maintain a wet edge at the leading edge of a fresh coat. becomes dry, the overlap mark will show.

## Prep Steps

In kitchens the key to a good paint job is surface prep. "Old cabinets are covered with everything from hand oils to greasy smoke residue to petrified gravy," says Dee. "You've got to get all that off or the paint won't stick."



**1. REMOVE DOORS, DRAWERS, AND SHELVES** Block out the finger screws from the cabinet frame and remove the doors. Working methodically from left to right, top to bottom, label each side with a numbered piece of tape. Also number the ends of cabinet drawers and the bottoms of cabinets. Set aside the shelving hardware. At your worktable, remove the pulls and latches and save what's being reused. On the doors, transfer the number from the tape to the exposed wood under one hinge. Cover it with fresh tape.

**2. CLEAN ALL SURFACES** Open the windows for ventilation and put on safety gear. Scrub down all of the face frames, doors, drawer fronts, and shelving with an abrasive pad dipped in liquid degreaser. Hold a rag underneath to catch drips. Before the degreaser evaporates, quickly wipe away the residue with another clean, degreaser-dipped rag.

**3. FILL HOLES** If you're refinishing the hardware, fill the old screw holes with a two-part polyester wood or auto-body filler. It sets in about 5 minutes, so mix only small batches. (Dee adds a pinchful bit of hardener to a half-ounce of filler.) The filler shrinks, so, to cover the holes slightly, let them sit for 10 minutes, then remove the excess with a sharp joint scraper. If it shrinks completely, sand it smooth.

**4. SAND, VAC, AND TAPE** Sand all surfaces with the grain using 100-grit paper. To make sure no bits of dust mar the finish, vacuum the cabinets inside and out, then run them down with a tack cloth to catch any debris that the vacuum misses. Dee says, "Hand sanding is the best technique on sale because you can push the power into the grain gently, which a power sander or sanding block will miss."

#### PREP CHECKLIST

##### MATERIALS

- Low-tack blue masking tape
- Bristle paper
- Oil-soluble plastic sheet
- Tack cloth
- Liquid degreaser and sander pad
- Latex-free rag
- 100-grit silicon-carbide sandpaper (thinner than aluminum oxide)
- Two-part polyester wood filler or auto-body filler (if holes need filling)

##### TOOLS

- Drill-driver
  - Palm sander
  - Putty knife
  - Deep vacuum with drywall-dust filter
- ##### SAFETY GEAR
- Goggles
  - Respirator (fitted with organic-vapor cartridge)
  - Chemical-resistant rubber gloves (nitrile-glove style)



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## Painting the Cabinets

A paint job's appearance depends on the care taken in applying and sanding smooth all the coats leading up to the final coat. Use each base coat to perfect your brushing technique.

### 1. APPLY PRIMER

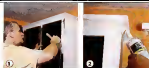
Starting at the top of the cabinet, brush on the primer (or brush-top putty, see below) across the grain, then "tip off" — pass the brush lightly over the wet finish in the direction of the grain. Always tip off in a single stroke from one end to the other. Give it a day to dry (if using brushing putty, apply a second coat the next day and wait another day for it to dry). Sand the flat surfaces with a random-orbit sander and 220-grit paper. Sand any profiled surfaces with a nonclogging, folding sponge. When you're done, everything should be glass-smooth.

### 2. CRACK SEAMS, FILL CRACKS

Squeeze a thin bead of latex caulk into any open seams. Rub the tip in so you get a thin smooth line; caulk with a damp finger. Fill any small dents, scratches, or drips with vinyl spackle. Smoothed flat with a putty knife. Once dry, in about 60 minutes, sand again with 220-grit paper. Vacuum and wipe with tack cloth. Spot-prime the spackle, and any spots where the brushed-on primer is "burned through," with a spray can of fast-drying oil-based primer. Wipe on latex then sand the primer lightly with 280-grit paper. Vacuum off surfaces, test edge with a tack cloth.

### 3. PAINT

Work from top to bottom, applying the paint across the grain. Then tipping it off with the grain. For cabinet interiors, apply the paint with a smooth-surface roller, which leaves a slight orange-peel texture. Seal all surfaces with 280-grit paper, then vacuum and clean with tack cloth. For the last coat, break out a new brush. When the final coat is dry, replace the shelf hangers.



### PAINTING CHECKLIST

#### MATERIALS

- 220-grit silicon-carbide sandpaper
- Smooth primer between coats
- 280-grit silicon-carbide sandpaper
- Smooth paint between coats
- Sanding sponges (medium and fine-grit)
- Vinyl spackle
- Primer (oil-based) Use on smooth surfaces or light-grained woods (cherry, maple, birch). Use-drying products level but better on flat.

- Brushing putty: Primers and fills open-grained woods (oak, ash, hickory)
- Semi-primer (oil-based): For touch-up
- Sanded-on acrylic latex caulk
- Flat (oil-based): Sealer to close and even durable, then water-based, which softens when exposed to heat or oil. The best oil paints have a solids content of 50 percent or more by volume.

#### TOOLS

- Random-orbit sander

#### PAINTBRUSHES

- 2 1/2-in. brush tip with nylon-polyester bristles

### A PRIMER THAT ALSO FILLS

Slow-drying, oil-based primers work fine on tight-grained woods like maple or cherry, or on non-wood materials. But they just sink into open-grained woods (such as oak, ash, mahogany, or hickory), brushing putty the pudgier, oil-based coating (see used on these oak cabinets, fill the grain as it primes the wood. A couple of coats. It should be applied with a good-quality nylon-polyester brush, which you'll have to throw away after each coat. And it doesn't become level as it dries, so slow sanding is required to flatten it out.



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1

## Painting Doors, Drawers, and Shelves

The strategy for prepping and painting doors, drawers, and shelves is the same as on the cabinets, except that all the work is done on a table to reduce the chance of drips, runs, and sags. Paneled doors pose some special challenges; here's Deen's approach.



2

### 1. FILL, PRIME, AND SAND

Follow the same prep sequence as for cabinets—clean with deglosser, fill the holes, sand, vec, and tack—and the same priming sequence. In this case, treat coats of brushing putty. Smooth the flat surfaces on the panel and the frame with a random-orbit sander. On beads or profiles, apply elbow grease and a medium-grit sanding sponge (above) to smooth and sand any details.

### 2. SPOT-PRIME

After resanding and tacking off the surfaces, spray a factory primer on any spots with scratches or bare wood where the sander "burned through." The primer will seal before sanding.

### 3. APPLY THE FINISH COATS

Sandwich all dust—first with a vacuum, then with a tack cloth—and apply the finish coat. Tip it off with the grain. When the first coat dries, power-sand the flats, hand-sand the profiles. Vacuum and tack every place, then brush on the final coat.

### 4. PUT BACK DOORS, DRAWERS, AND HARDWARE

Wait for the final coat to dry, then put back the shelves. Remove the tape over each door's number. Install the hinges and locks, then hang it in the opening (it came from the drawer pull or battery yet, add new ones) and reinstall each drawer into its original opening.



When priming or painting paneled doors, follow the brushing sequence above to get the best-looking surface in the least amount of time. As you go, wipe up any paint that ends up on adjacent dry surfaces. This minimizes the chance of lap marks.



## BOTH SIDES NOW

Painting cabinet doors is a trade-off between perfection and speed. John Gies, a perfectionist, prefers to do one side at a time, keeping the faces flat so they don't get runs. But that's 48 hours of drying time per door—one day per side. Here's his method for getting both sides in a day.

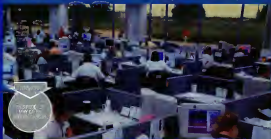
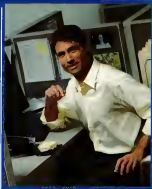
Take two screw hooks into holes drilled in an inconspicuous door edge (the lower edge for bottom cabinets, the upper edge for top cabinets). Paint the door's outside face as above. Let it dry for an hour while rolling flat, then lift the door up onto its hooks and put a drywall screw into an existing hardware hole. Hold the third door up by the screw and paint the door's back side.

When you're done painting, pick up the door by the screw and one hook and hang both hooks on a sturdy wire clothes hanger. Suspend from a shower curtain rod or clothes rod until the door is dry.

For a special online section on painting tips and advice, go to [www.thisoldhouse.com/hardware](http://www.thisoldhouse.com/hardware).

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**WITH ALL  
THE SMOKING  
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OPTION WAS TO  
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BY HOLLY LYONS  
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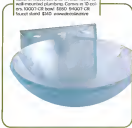
**B**athroom sinks used to be purely utilitarian—the place where we washed, brushed, and shaved. These days the bath sink isn't just there for our daily grooming, it's the visual star of the room. Close to 11 million bathroom sinks (the technical term for a bathroom basin) were sold in 2002. Click it up to the astounding number of attractive options in every price range, from traditional ceramic drains to exotic metals, glass, stone, even wood. Here's a look at a handful of the latest hot styles and materials, plus some basic buying advice.

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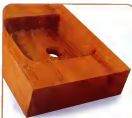
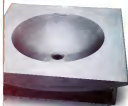
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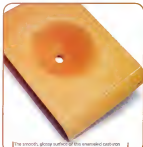
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## Before You Buy

Before purchasing a sink, there are some general questions—beyond price, material, and mounting options—you should ask yourself: First, how much space do you want to devote to the sink? In a tiny half-bath room, for example, the sink shouldn't be wider than 24 inches, says Lucette Randone of Lucette Plumbing in New York City. For a comfortable amount of elbow room, the center of the sink should

be at least 12 inches from the nearest wall. Also determine the sink's height for maximum comfort and ease of use: 34 inches is typical today (as a result of taller than 50 years ago). Height is especially important when buying a vessel sink, which sits on top of a counter or cabinet. Keep in mind that a drain overflow depends in large part on the faucet you

choose for it. Three-hole sinks are designed for widespread faucets, with individual hot and cold handles 8 inches apart, or center-set styles, with handles 4 inches apart on a centered base. One-hole sinks are for single-lever, lever-operated faucets. Vessel-style sinks with no holes require faucets mounted on the wall or in the sink surround.

## MOUNTING OPTIONS



**DROP-IN** (also called self-rimmed). The most common type of sink to install, these simply drop into a hole cut into the countertop. The sink rim supports its weight, making around-the-perimeter leaks the least worrisome. Drop-ins can work as fit jobs, about any mounting material. The downside is that the exposed rim makes it harder to keep the countertop clean than with other mounting styles.



**UNDERMOUNT**. The most popular in high-end kitchens, attach with clips to the under side of the countertop. The look is sleek and seamless, and it's easy to keep the counter surface clean, but because undermounts leave the edge of the countertop exposed to water, they can't be used with certain materials, chiefly stone and solid surfacing.



**WALL-MOUNT**. These have the advantage of being accessible to most any helpful middle person, ideal for handicapped or children's baths. And because wall mounts don't require a cabinet for support, they're often the best option in a small bath where floor space is limited. If you don't like to look at exposed plumbing, some models come with a "grout" to cover the pipes; you can also get a decorative P-trap.



**VESSEL**, the most striking set of all, vessels come in a broad range of materials, shapes and styles, like vinyl-influenced vessel bowls they sit atop the counter making height an important consideration. So plumbing. Faucets for vessel sinks are mounted on the wall or on the sink deck. Because the bowl is completely exposed, vessels are not the most practical choice for kids to use. Baths they don't have overflow holes and therefore ones are prone to splash.



**INTEGRAL**. With an integral sink, the basin and countertop are one continuous material, typically cut of solidifying metal, stone, or composite. Though they're most often used in small restrooms, feature rectangular and freestyle shapes in well.

## CARE AND MAINTENANCE

**VITREOUS CHINA** is durable and affordable and accounts for the lion's share of all sinks sold. Made by firing ceramic clay at high temperatures to form a non-porous surface. It's easy to clean and doesn't require special care. Vitreous china comes in a variety of colors, but classic white is still the best-seller.



**GLASS** is more durable than it looks, but you still need to be careful about scratching and water damage, so use nonabrasive or glass cleaners and wipe the sink with a towel after every use. Sink for sinks is fairly thick and tempered so it won't shatter, but you may want to think twice before installing it where there's a chance a cabinet could fall on it.



**METAL** is becoming more and more common as a bath sink material. In addition to stainless steel, long popular in kitchens, "brass" metals like brass and copper, which carry a warm patina with age, are offering an all-metal solution on any of aluminum and use metal cleaners or mild soap and water.



**WOOD** sinks are among the most expensive because their construction is so intricate. The natural wood is present in the wood-type sink spaces are solid oak or maple—are extracted and replaced with artificial resins that the wood is sealed with several coats of epoxy. Wood sinks should be cleaned and waxed down after every use.



**STONE AND CONCRETE** are often used for integral sinks. They're like lavatories, but at least, with undermount and wall-mounted models may require additional support. Because the material is porous, stone and concrete need neutralizing every year or so. Marble, granite, soapstone and soap are common sink materials. As it cut solid stone, a man-made mix of crushed stone and plastic resin.

For information on designing or installing a bath, go to [www.bathideas.com](http://www.bathideas.com) or America's Online Keyword: Bath Ideas and select Bath in the Keyword section.



Photo: David Laundy

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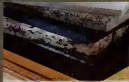
Offshore

Continued



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## HANGING A CHANDELIER

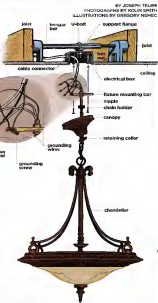
**W**hether it's in a dining room or a bedroom, replacing a simple ceiling light fixture with a chandelier is a great way to add character and decoration to an otherwise plain room. But because chandeliers are heavy fixtures, it's often necessary to replace a standard electrical box in the ceiling, which has a maximum load rating of 50 pounds with a support system that can hold the added weight.

There are several ways to do this. For the installation shown here, we opted for the neatest and quickest approach. After removing the old electrical box, we installed an expandable fan brace (about \$18), a hexagonal

**COST: \$15 to \$20, plus the cost of the chandelier**  
**TIME: 2 to 4 hours**

shaped steel bar with prongs on the ends that hold it tight between two ceiling joists. Fan braces are designed for ceiling fans but will also hold light fixtures weighing up to 150 pounds. The brace fits through the existing ceiling hole. Once it's in place, a wrench is used to expand the brace until the prongs dig into the adjacent joists. A new electrical box is bolted to the brace, and the chandelier is hung from the box.

There are other installation options. When the ceiling is accessible from above, you can screw 2x4 or 2x6 blocking between the joists and then attach the new, heavy-duty electrical box to the blocking. However, as most chandeliers and heavy pendant fixtures are in first-floor dining rooms and kitchens, this is often not possible. In some cases, the chandelier's location is near enough to a joist that you can screw a flat "pancake" electrical box to the underside of the joist and hang the chandelier from there. To learn how to install the light this way, see "Hanging a Fixture From a Joist," right.



**WARNING**  
Always turn off the electricity to the circuit you're working on at the main electrical panel. Never attempt to work on live wires.

BY JOSEPH TELLM  
PHOTOGRAPHS BY KOLIN SMITH  
ILLUSTRATIONS BY GREGORY NEMEC

## TOOLS



1. Fan brace (about \$18)
  2. Adjustable wrench (used to tighten fan brace)
  3. Lineman's pliers (used for spreading chain links)
  4.  $\frac{3}{16}$ -in. nut driver
  5. Phillips-head and slotted screwdrivers
  6. Wire stripper
  7. Close-quarter hacksaw (for cutting out old hanging bar)
- NOT SHOWN**  
Staple driver

## HANGING A FIXTURE FROM A JOIST



If you're replacing an electrical box that's on the ceiling to the side of a joist, you can hang the chandelier from a flat, oval "pancake" electrical box screwed to the underside of the joist instead of a box attached to a fan brace. Here's how to do it once you've removed the old fixture and electrical box:

• Hold the pancake box against the ceiling, center it on the joist. Trace around the pancake box with a pencil, then cut a hole in the drywall or plaster along these lines using a drywall saw.

• Secure the cable coming out of the ceiling through a cable connector on the pancake box. Then fasten the pancake box directly to the bottom of the joist with the screws provided.

• Before finishing the installation, hold the chandelier's canopy against the ceiling centered on the pancake box. If it isn't large enough to cover the old hole, patch the ceiling or cover the area with a decorative medallion that surrounds the chandelier's canopy.

## STEP BY STEP





1

### TAKE DOWN THE OLD FIXTURE

- Go to your house's main electrical panel and turn off the circuit breaker that controls the room where you'll be working. Flip the light switch in the room on and then off again to confirm that the power is off.
- Next, unscrew and lower the old fixture's canopy (the decorative, bowl-shaped disk against the ceiling) to access the electrical box.
- Carefully remove the wires or connectors from the wiring. **(CAUTION)**
- Check again to be sure there is no current by connecting the two leads with a simple electrical tester.
- If the tester's light doesn't come on, detach all the wiring to free the fixture.

**TIP:** Handle the old fixture as a helper; don't attempt to close down the ladder with it in your hands.

2

### REMOVE THE ELECTRICAL BOX

- Remove the screws that hold the electrical box to its metal hanger bar. If there are no screws, the box is probably nailed to a joist. Use a flat bar to pry the box free.
- If it's a metal box, loosen the screws on the cable connector, then slide out the cable. For a plastic box, use a slotted screwdriver to pry up the flexible fin that pinches down on the cable, then pull the cable free.
- If the box was attached to a metal hanger bar, cut the bar in half using a close-quarter hacksaw. **(LEFT)**
- Remove the pieces of the bar and discard them.

3

### INSTALL THE FAN BRACE

- Take the fan brace from its box and again the hexagonal bar to reduce the brace to its shortest length.
- Next, slide the brace up through the hole. **(LEFT)** and set it on top of the ceiling. Be sure that both of its feet are resting flat on top of the drywall or plaster.
- Rotate the hexagonal brace by hand until you find its shape against the joist.

- When you can't hand-tighten the brace any more, use an adjustable wrench for another few turns to fully embed the prongs in the joist. **(RIGHT)**

**TIP:** Don't over-tighten the fan brace: the tension it puts on the joist can cause nail pops in the drywall below.



4

### PREPARE THE NEW ELECTRICAL BOX

- Use a slotted screwdriver to pry one of the pre-punched knock-out plugs from the side of the metal electrical box that comes with the fan brace.

- If you're using a box that doesn't have an integral cable connector, fasten an HET (non-metallic) connector to the knockout hole.

- Hold the box close to the ceiling and feed the end of the cable through the cable connector.

- Pull about 6 inches of cable into the box, then tighten the connector screws to lock the cable in place. **(LEFT)** Be sure the cable anchor pinches down on the cable's interior sheathing, not onto the individual wires.

**TIP:** Never put cable into a metal box that doesn't have a cable connector. The sharp edge of the knockout hole can slice into the wires and short them out.

5

### BOLT ON THE BOX

- Locate the U-bolt, metal support brace, and flat saddle that come with the fan brace.

- Slide the U-bolt over the fan brace, then slide the support brace onto the threaded ends of the bolt.

- Thread a nut onto each side of the U-bolt and tighten each to lock it in position.

- Next, align the two holes in the top of the electrical box with the threaded ends of the bolt.

- Push the box up into the ceiling and secure it to the U-bolt with two new nuts, tighten them with nut driver. **(RIGHT)**



6

### CONNECT THE WIRES

- Remove any sheath from the chandelier before installing it.
- Shorten the wires and remove chair links so the chandelier will hang at the right height.

- Thread the supply first into the chandelier's chain holder, then into the fixture-mounting bar. Feed the chandelier wires through the nipple.

- Lift the fixture and screw the mounting bar to the electrical box.

- Wrap the white copper ground wire around the grounding screw, tighten it, then connect the wire's end to the chandelier's ground wire.

- Next, strip 3/4 inch of insulation off the chandelier's wiring.

- Use twist-on connectors to join the chandelier wires to the whole cable wire. Join the other chandelier wire to the black cable wire. **(LEFT)**

7

### SECURE THE CANOPY

- Carefully fold and tuck the wires up into the electrical box.

- Slide the chandelier's canopy up the chain and press it tight against the ceiling, making sure the wires aren't poking out from the canopy.

- Push the rotating collar up the chain and thread it onto the chain holder.

- Hand-tighten the collar to hold the canopy tight against the ceiling. **(LEFT)**

- Install the lightbulbs and glass shades, then restore the power to the room.

**TIP:** If you replace your standard toggle wall switch with a rheostat (dimmer switch), you'll have precise control over the light level.



The living room looks out on a forest of black cherry trees. Greenery grows out of recessed planter boxes built on each side of the glass wall. The original polished concrete floor (late still-working 1950s radiant heating pipes that Wright had included in the design

**TRANSFORMATIONS**  
EVERY HOUSE HAS A STORY. FOLK READERS SHARE THE TRAILS AND JOYS OF BRINGING THEIR OLD HOUSE BACK TO LIFE.

## PUTTING THINGS WRIGHT

When your boyhood home was designed by America's most famous architect, its restoration justifies four years of careful work

BY PAUL PENFIELD PHOTOGRAPHS BY PAUL WICKELDIE

**I**n my family, we don't buy houses. We build them, then live in them generation after generation. Since the 1870s we've occupied the same farmland in northeast Ohio. But instead of farming, my father, Louis Penfield, decided to become an artist. It was only natural that when it came his turn to build, he drove up to Wisconsin with a challenge for Frank Lloyd Wright: "Mr. Wright, could you design a house for someone as tall as me?"

"Stand under that beam," Wright commanded. Dad did as he was told. The apprentices in the room fell silent. Wright stared for several minutes without speaking, taking in Dad's 6-foot-8-inch frame before announcing: "Let me think it over and I'll let you know." That was 1953 and the start of my father's long relationship with one of America's greatest architects.

(continued)



**BEFORE:** The 1950s concrete-block-and-wood structure prominently featured 18th-century pottery that had deteriorated in Ohio's severe winters. The interior had been cluttered by renters.



**AFTER:** Inside and out, the house underwent a four-year restoration that is faithful to the master architect's original blueprints, right down to the furniture.

# AN EXTRAORDINARY HOUSE FOR ORDINARY PEOPLE

Although Wright is best known for his big-budget residential projects, such as Edgar Kaufmann's Fallingwater home in western Pennsylvania, he also designed about 180 houses for people of more modest means like my dad. These houses, which he termed "Usonian," were designed with natural construction and constructed from readily available, economical materials including local lumber, concrete, and cedar shingles. Also fundamental to Wright's Usonian design were open floor plans centered on the kitchen, capacious atrium of garages, open living bedrooms, and floor-to-ceiling windows to take advantage of sun and natural air. Many of the Usonian were tailored to their owners, which is why my father's house is a true reflection of his long, low profile with its 12-foot ceilings, slender ribbon windows, and narrow doorways.

By the time I inherited my childhood home, the 1,500-square-foot house—with living room, dining room, built-in, and kitchen downstairs, and three bedrooms and a bathroom upstairs—had fallen on hard times. My parents had moved out and had rented the house into a rental property. Tenants can be rough on a house. So there it sat, waist-

(continued)



Concrete steps wrap around the front of the house, and a carport offers shelter for a vehicle. All of the glass-and-metal panels are held in with 1½-inch retaining clips, or nibs. Although the stairs' roughly 8,000 linear feet of 4"–about a mile–is a full-width fire escape, it's not a fire escape. It's a full-width fire escape, it's not a fire escape.

## THE PROJECT

### RENOVATION COST

\$100,000

### HOW LONG IT TOOK

4 years

### WHERE I SPURRED:

Tools, I'm a tool junkie. No matter what it cost, if I needed it, I bought it and learned how to use it.

### WHERE I SAVED:

Using lumber from my woodlot and doing most of the work myself.

### WHAT I'D CHANGE:

I'd buy a professional-grade windowing table rather than build my own. My home-landscaping instincts led me away from that.

### WHAT THEY DID

Since this is a historic house, the footprint couldn't be changed in any way. However, the homeowner did replace the boiler and upgrade electrical systems. He also followed the original blueprint religiously, even re-creating built-in elements that the lack of funds had not even noted at all.

### 1. LIVING AREA:

Built banquet table added integral lighted wall shelving and light tower built originally designed shelving table and chairs. Installed a built-in piano table by the stairs, and added a cabinet adjacent to the outdoor patio that was part of the original plan.

### 2. KITCHEN:

Replaced all the old plywood cabinets in cherry, installed a new cherry countertop and upgraded appliances.

### 3. BEDROOMS:

Built platform beds, bedside tables, and shelving as Wright had drawn them.

### 4. BATHROOM:

Recreated plywood vanity in cherry.

### FIRST FLOOR



## SECOND FLOOR



PHOTO: LARRY W. HARRIS



The massive under-stair shelving runs straight up through the center of the house. To take away the pedestrian under-stair look, Wright had only the bottom—just great steel bands. Reading stairs are supported by rods from the ceiling. The oak bench was refinished and are protected with the same floor-protecting two-part epoxy resin used on the tops. The area rug and leather ottoman chairs are new, and the table is an antique.



Like most of the furniture in the house, the pillow table is made of plywood with a cherry veneer loggied from the property. The custom chair with decorative cutouts was constructed from Mapletons for a second Philip Lloyd Wright house that the homeowner's father owned and later built. The chair is made of elven oaklogging.



sagging rafters, leaky roof, rotting windowsills, and burned-out heating system. The most daunting burden of all: The house was a historic treasure. Because of its listing under National Register of Historic Homes, I couldn't just move walls over, rip out columns, or join rooms together any more than you could repair the Statue Chapel.

#### SAVING ROOF AND WALLS

My only option was to restore the house to the architect's original vision, starting with the roof. The original design had specified a built-up, "hot nap" or red over 2x4 tongue-and-groove decking. Once the system begins to leak, there's no fixing it. The more you see to cover the cracks, the more thermal mass you build up, causing the repair to open up every summer. I assembled a volunteer crew of friends to strip off the old roofing and lay down a

#### VENEERS FROM SCRATCH

Philip Lloyd Wright designed plywood furniture for almost all of his residential projects. So when furnishing his Wright-designed log-house home, Paul Pfeiffer turned to the original blueprints that the famed architect had created more than 92 years earlier to fashion new free-standing and built-in furniture (and the only the architect specified with inexpensive plywood covered with hardwood veneers. The drawings included built-in bookcases, desks, bedside tables, and a free-standing dining set. Of these pieces, only the desks were built for the house when Pfeiffer owned it. Paul also received permission from the Philip Lloyd Wright Foundation to reproduce four hexagonal tables that the architect designed for his own home, Taliesin West, in Scottsdale, Arizona.

To build the furniture, Paul glued black-cherry veneer to sheets of plywood with a homemade vacuum-veneer press, then cut each

piece to Wright's specifications with a router. He then sanded and stained the parts before assembling them. The only difference between the architect's original plans and the rebuilt furniture is the type of wood used for the veneers. Wright had specified Philippine mahogany, which would have been widely available when he designed the house in 1913. Today, it's rare and expensive mahogany product. Paul resorted only to look to the home's remaining 30 yards of woodstock stained with black-cherry veneer for a suitable alternative—Wright might.

**LEFT TO RIGHT:** The homeowner's dining room press he built to accommodate the home's narrow 4-foot interior doors as well as furniture pieces like the Wright-designed veneered plywood table and chair.



**RIGHT:** The cold cherry platform bed in the master bedroom is newly built to Wright's specifications. Overhead shelves include instrument light boxes.

**BELOW:** The home's open plan includes a living/dining area and a kitchen work space.



rubber mats over 4-by-8-foot sheets of foam insulation taped to create a tight patch, which has held up very well. The few punctures that have occurred have been easily fixed with a rubber patch, just like a bicycle inner tube.

Near came the daunting job of restoring the home's wood surfaces. The house, framed with 4x4 spruce beams coated over a slab floor and concrete block footings, has wood-sheer wall panels inside and out. These are similar to today's parquetry. On the exterior the team had weathered them to a dark brown and in the interior to a deep mahogany. For cry that the worn "Cherokee red" called for in Wright's plan. Fasting over it wasn't an option, so it would conceal the natural wood grain. Wright favored in his architecture. There was nothing to do but to sand the entire house clean. For this, I recruited some local high school kids, giving them each a sander. "We'd turn the sander on at nine in the morning and turn them all right before lunch, wearing out four sander men the course of the weekend. Then we sanded outside and sanded the interiors piece by piece. All told, sanding down the entire house took nearly a year.

#### BACKLOT LUMBERYARD

I was determined to restore the rest of the house with our own trees. And in luck we did have it, during the intervening 50 years the land had turned into a hardwood forest. Among the species growing there in black cherry, one of America's premium cabinet woods. With the Wrightian philosophy of nature as the backdrop of any mind, I selected trees for specific purposes before logging them out. I learned to "read the bark," that is, to tell what sort of domestic grain lies within the trunk while the tree is still on the stump. For cabinet enclosures and lamps, I used wood low on the stump—just above the roots—where the grain grows tightly



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Above the restored fireplace in the living area is a cherry-stained shelf with integrated lighting for reading.



whereof, an effect that is stunning. For the plaster beds, I chose large-diameter trees that were straight grained.

Following Wright's architectural office even meant using water on the kitchen cabinets and all-steel enamel doors (see "Visions From Scratch," page 191). It also meant building a vacuum vented table, complete with pumps, hoses, and a locking aluminum key frame. I soon found out that working is far longer than a mean job. If the glue bleeds through the glass, so much of something will happen. If the vacuum doesn't pull down just right, bubbles form under the veneer. I lost count of all the doors and furniture items I threw away before I finally got the hang of it. I'd rather have a root canal than go through that again.

Having a house at my disposal had other advantages as well. While cutting out a new legging stool, I came across a wooden fence post. When I pulled it out and cut it inches off the bottom, the wood was as bright yellow as the day my great-grandfather put it in, a century earlier. It was local, a special tree planted by the Asahi homeboats for its longevity. According to my Asahi miller, Isaac "Ivan two years longer than Isaac." It occurred to me that a couple of us also wanted for spraying the cedar windows. I had plenty of house trim to choose from. I liked the wood so much that I used it for the mantelpiece on the bedroom wall as well.

## ANTICIPATING MR. WRIGHT

Unfortunately, my father never got around to finishing the house so Wright's original plans (though he did commission a second house from the architect, which was never built). And I was determined to add the missing design elements. These included wall shelves with integrated reading lights in the living room and bedroom, an entertainment cabinet for TV and stereo off the living room, a built-in phone table and chair by the stairs, and an extra storage rack next to a coat closet.

Fortunately for me, I had the help of architect John Ogden, a friend and an expert on Frank Lloyd Wright's Usonian architecture who lives in nearby Snow. Everything had to be done according to what was on the blueprint, but sometimes modern-day choices had to be made that would pose a dilemma. "What would Wright do?" When it came to upgrading the house's heating and cooling systems, John came up with a "Wrightian" solution that involved directly installing air conditioning in each bedroom closet and venting them to the outside. This meant as soon as having to cut log holes in the siding.

After four years of six-day weeks and two-hour days, the house was finished at last. My wife and I have turned it into a kind of living museum where Wright enthusiasts can stay a few days and experience the house as if it were their own. If we actually lived in it, we'd only accumulate stuff that would end up cluttering down the architecture. Now it's pristine. And besides, after teaching myself carpentry, cabinetry, welding, wiring, plumbing, heating, masonry, and heavy-equipment operation, it allows me to show off a bit. ■

See last October's month of house transformations  
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# WALLS WITH CHARACTER

3 easy painting  
techniques to  
make a room  
look special

BY ALEXANDRA EASON  
PHOTOGRAPHS BY PIOTR SYKANGAS

**I**t's amazing what a little paint will do—especially if it turns drywall into aged Tuscan plaster, makes new wood paneling look like it's been there for a century, or "papers" your plain walls with a rich, tone-on-tone damask. That's why we asked Pierre Penkels, author of *Recipes for Surfaces* and *The Art of Faux* and a decorative painter and teacher, to walk us through three easy-to-execute faux finishes.

On the following pages, you'll learn all you need to know about the materials and techniques. Take a look, and then consider giving up a weekend and four boring walls to gain one elegant room.

[continued]

Decorative painter  
Pierre Penkels shows  
different colored glazes  
and a wall to create a  
rich, aged plaster effect.



## TWO-TONE PATINA

Gives a smooth wall the appearance of textured plaster

**T**o create the effect of patinated plaster, Pinkstein brushes two different colors of glaze over a base coat of paint, then blebs it with cheesecloth. The technique works well with colors from the same family, but can also work with unrelated colors. One foolproof method is to pick a "goal" color from a manufacturer's color strip, then go one shade lighter for the base and use the goal color and a shade one notch darker for the two tinted glazes. But remember: Always test a scheme on posterboard before committing to it on the wall.

### GETTING STARTED

The secret to decorative painting is glaze, a transparent coating that's tinted and applied over a painted wall. Glazes come in latex (water-based) and alkyd (oil) formulas. Pinkstein recommends the latter for its longer working time. Note, however, that alkyd glaze requires an alkyd base coat, and cleanup means mineral spirits or turpentine. Glazes are sold untinted, so to get the color you want you'll need to add pigment. Many paint stores will sell you small amounts of the pigments they use to tint paint separately, for as little as \$5 you should be able to purchase enough to tint a gallon. To get the color right, fill a small bucket with glaze and add pigment drop by drop. Make sure your base paint and all glazes are thoroughly mixed and that you try them out together on a test piece of primed drywall before you begin.



#### 1 PRIME THE WALL

- Paint the wall in the base color. Allow to dry.
- When glazing, note in manufacturer's 8-foot sections so the wall doesn't dry as you work.
- Using a piece of cheesecloth, spread on a coat of clear glaze to help keep the surface workable longer.



#### 2 APPLY THE FIRST COLOR

- Apply the first tinted glaze to the wall with a second glazing brush. Use short, quick and measured strokes to make it random, blebs it, just term while keeping your other steady.



#### 3 ADD THE SECOND COLOR

- Fill in blank spots on the wall with the second glaze color using the same wall. Blebs it, just term while keeping your other steady.



#### 4 BLEND THE BRUSH MARKS

- Top a dry, stippled brush against the wall, starting at one side and moving slowly and methodically across the work area.
- Tap down the wall at the same time holding the brush flat to get the desired and lowering your efforts.



#### 5 BLOT EXCESS GLAZE

- Crumple a 4-foot section of cheesecloth into a loose ball. Blot the wall, using the same blot on as for stippling.
- When the cloth surface is saturated, shake it out and crumple it. When the white cloth is soiled, replace it with a new piece.



#### 6 SMOOTH OUT THE COLOR

- Take a dry, fine brush and stroke it across the glaze to soften any sharp marks.
- Have broad horizontal figure eights with the brush to feather the colors into one another.

### WHAT YOU'LL NEED



**STIPPLE BRUSH** coloring with flat bristles



**GLAZING BRUSHES** Crumpled with rounded bristles



**FINE BRUSH** thick and rich, squeezed off bristles



**CHEESCLOTH** (can be bought in rolls)

### PAINTS

- Base color
- Untinted glaze
- Two shades of pigmented glaze (one about the goal color, the other a shade darker)

**DISCLAIMER:** This content is not intended to be used as a substitute for professional advice. It is not a substitute for professional advice. It is not a substitute for professional advice.



## STRIÉ

Mimics centuries-old painted woodwork

**B**efore rollers and latex, paint was a thick emulsion that went on with tedious brushing. Bristle marks were often visible, and they became more prominent as years and dirt accumulated. The strié technique mimics the look of centuries-old paint altered by dust and sun. It's best used on paneling or other woodwork; in white, it's perfect for creating French country larches cabinets.

Finkelstein creates the effect by layering coats of glaze tinted a base color onto a paneled wall; each layer darkens the surface. Then he runs a brush through the glaze to create bristle marks that reveal the lighter base. He accents the most recessed section of the panel with a second glaze in a related color.



### WHAT YOU'LL NEED



GLAZING BRUSHES  
(various widths)



STIPPLE BRUSH



SHALLER BRUSH (thin and medium glaze with required soft bristles; shaller brush can be used instead)



TOOTHED BRISTLES BRUSH  
Softer brush with chunks of bristles removed to produce tooth marks

### PAINTS

- Base color
- Pigmented glaze tinted the base color
- Pigmented glaze tinted a related color

STYLING: JEFFREY M. HARRIS



#### 1. APPLY GLAZE

- Paint the panel with the base color and allow to dry.
- Using a glazing brush, spread a coat of glaze into the base color onto the panel.
- Go back over the glaze, moving your wrist to create a pattern to break up the straight lines and get the glaze in all the crevices.



#### 2. BLEND THE BRUSH STROKES

- Remove the brush strokes with a dry stipple brush. Tap from the edge, at the same time, brushing the brush like a card by stroking and lowering your elbow.
- Move slowly across the entire panel, occasionally wiping your brush to keep it clean.



#### 3. STRIKE THE GLAZE

- Make straight lines through the glaze with a toothed brush, following the shape of the panel.
- Move from the shoulder with a backed stroke. For long sections, start at either end and brush toward the middle.



#### 4. HIGHLIGHT THE PANEL

- After the first coat of glaze has dried completely, apply the second tinted glaze to the recessed parts of the paneling with a broad glazing brush.
- Go to this section with a narrow toothed brush.



#### 5. LAYER ON MORE GLAZE

- Paint the ribs and stiles with another coat of the first glaze color using a glazing brush.



#### 6. STRIKE THE GLAZE

- Using a toothed or shaller stipple brush, strike brush bristles to the second layer of glaze in the same manner as the first layer.

## DAMASK

Creates the tone-on-tone look of fine wallpaper

**W**allpaper is hard to put up and a pain to remove, but this easy stencil technique creates the look of elegant tone-on-tone paper without the hassle. Flat paint applied in a pattern onto a semigloss base coat catches the light in different ways, reflecting both light and dark, just like woven damask cloth. This method works well with latex paints—all you'll need is flat paint for the stenciling and semigloss wall paint, both in the same color. You can buy stencils ready-made or cut your own out of Mylar.



### 1 LAY OUT THE PATTERN

- Paint the entire wall a semigloss paint (at least two coats). Allow to dry.
- Mark the width of the stencil's pattern, or stencil, on the wall.
- Using a chalk line (filled with talc powder [easier to clean up than red chalk]) snap guide lines along your marks.



### 2 TAPE UP THE STENCIL

- Align the stencil pattern with the chalk lines.
- Affix the stencil to the wall with blue painter's tape.



### 3 LOAD THE BRUSH

- Put some of the flat paint on a cleatplate or cardboard palette.
- Dip the brush lightly into the paint, then dab off the excess on a paper towel.



### 4 STENCIL THE PATTERN

- Hold up the stencil a stencil light against the wall, dab the brush over the pattern in quick, straight strokes.
- Don't touch across the stencil or paint will get under the plastic and bleed beyond the pattern.

## WHAT YOU'LL NEED



## PAINTS

- Base color in semigloss latex
- Three colors in flat paint for stenciling

For more decorating and design ideas, go to [www.houzz.com](http://www.houzz.com) or America's Online Keyword: The Flat House and select interiors in the Know-how section.

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PRIVATE DOMAINS FROM IT ALL, RIGHT AT HOME

The master bedroom is becoming a second living room, one complete with cathedral ceilings, a built-in sound system, a gas fireplace, and a flat-screen TV. The real star, though, is the master bath, which includes every luxury, whether the space is shared or split into he-and-she retreats. Here and on the following pages are bed-die-packed plans.

**F**OR THE OWNERS OF THIS NEW VACATION home on New York's Long Island, a private, first-floor suite was a priority. So First Hampton, New York-based architect Christopher Drifano designed a separate wing, with its own entry foyer to contain a sound and privacy barrier between the bedrooms and the rest of the home. "First-floor master suites are becoming a trend among luxury homes, who are looking out to retirement and future accessibility," says Drifano. The three-sleepy master, which children and grandchildren visit often, is served as a guest closet.

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**THE PLAN** Ho-and-hers bedrooms and dressing closets give both husband and wife their own private spaces. An almost circular porch offsets the largely square geometry of the rest of the 300-square-foot suite.



#### HIS BATHROOM

Custom-built floor-to-ceiling cabinets line each side of the wall shared by the two bedrooms. In the center is the linen closet, which is accessible from both bedrooms. The husband's bath features a wide porcelain composite sink and a shower shower with a built-in bench—and its own window.

Simple, natural materials—cotton and linens—and neutral colors give the suite a quiet, uncluttered look. "I didn't even want curtains," says the wife. "Just the wonderful view out our windows."

A small alcove leads from the bedroom to separate his-and-hers bedrooms, each with a closet, dresser, and equal-size dressing closets are lined with color and lined with cotton. Both dressers, drawers, and floor-to-ceiling wardrobes. At the corner's request, there's no TV in the master bedroom (despite the peaceful atmosphere, but a whole house sound system with satellite radio and their stereo CD collection on its server can be operated by touch pads adjacent to the light switches in each room. A separate home office is right next door.

"By placing the neighborhood natural light and natural materials, we created a serene world unto itself within the larger house," says DiStasio.



#### DESIGNER ADVICE FROM THE PROS

- 1. **Determine early on where you want your bed to be.** Because that will affect the placement of windows, lighting, TV, a fireplace, and duct collection, advises Greenwich, Connecticut, architect Jay Haversten.
- 2. **Reduce mess by making sure the toilet and shower are placed on a wall shared with the bedroom.** Looking closets between the bedroom and bath will help too. If none of these schemes works, use roller shutters or shutters in the bathroom with carpeting in the bedroom to absorb sound.
- 3. **Keep work out of the bedroom.** advises Eric Haversten. "New York architect Christopher O'Donnell, 'A lot of people ask for a desk or small study but I tell them not to put it in the master suite as a courtesy to their significant other.'
- 4. **Provide access to the outdoors in some way.** "Create a private outdoor space adjacent to the bedroom. If you can, whether it's a small covered porch, deck, or screened porch," says DiStasio. "These spaces may include a hot tub or outdoor fireplace."

- 5. **Don't keep on closet space.** "People often underestimate the amount of storage they need," says Allen. One, interior designer Alan Davies. "Find a chair or bench to you don't have to go back to the bedroom to put on your shoes."
- 6. **Think about using skylights in the bath-to-wardrobe light without compromising privacy.** Avoid them in the bedroom, though, unless you add window-curtain shades coverings.
- 7. **Consider customizing the height of your vanity.** Standard countertops are 30 to 32 inches high. You may want yours 34 or over 36 inches, depending on your height.
- 8. **Think hard about that whirlpool tub.** advises Green. "Often people include one and then find they rarely use it. It takes up a lot of space—and money—that you might prefer to put into a luxurious shower."
- 9. **Don't forget to add adequate drainage for shower stalls.** and multiple toilet spots, advises DiStasio. "Draw your pump in it that way, it has to have some place to go."

PHOTO: KALAN/STUDIO CITY



#### HER BATHROOM

The wife's bathroom has a glassed-in shower stall and a drop-in whirlpool tub with a built-in surround. With an extensive glass, the master-bedroom connects with the his-and-hers bedrooms. Double-hung windows with frosted glassing on the bottom with bath the room to natural light while projecting privacy. The space features matching the bedrooms.

GRAB LIFE BY THE HORNS



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**BEDROOM WITH A VIEW**  
 "We wanted this master bedroom to be a place where you can relax and enjoy the view," says the homeowner. The room features a large arched window with a wooden frame and sheer curtains. A bed with white linens and several pillows is in the foreground. To the left, a wooden bookshelf and a floral armchair are visible.



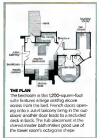
**WHENBY HEAT ALONG**  
 Custom-made fireplace is built in space that's perfect for sitting and watching a movie.



**MEDIA CABINET**  
 Built into one of the nooks is a storage well for a flat-screen TV and complete audio/video system. The whole suite, closets included, is wireless sound.



**CORNER FIRE**  
 A small-gate fireplace, open on two sides, is built into the bookshelf wall to one side of the bed.



THE PLAN

The bedroom is this 1250-square-foot suite features arched seating alcove across from the bed. French doors opening onto a Juliet balcony bring in the outdoors; another door leads to a secluded deck at back. The tub placement in the shared master bathroom good use of the lower room's octagonal shape.

## A SOARING SPACE WITH A SHARED BATH

**T**HOUGH THIS MASTER SUITE IS PART OF A NEW HOUSE, THE RESIDENT'S taste of the century design, with steeply pitched roofs, deep eaves, and a storybook tower, gives the lofty rooms old-fashioned charm.

When the homeowners approached Greenwich, Connecticut-based architect Jay Haverson, they asked him to create a private retreat with a unique look and great light. The finished 17½-20-foot bedroom features a vaulted ceiling with dramatic arched ceiling trusses and soaring Palladian windows. But the grandeur of the space is brought down to a more intimate scale with rich mahogany wainscoting and other Colonial-inspired details, including a cozy window-seat alcove. "The nook offers a wonderful opportunity to cross books and cushions and rock backbones, benches, and tucked storage into the eaves," says Haverson. The mahogany trim and built-in dressers also evoke the classical heritage of the surrounding seaside community on New York's Long Island.

The homeowners were equally intent on creating a sparkling master bath with every pampering amenity. "It's a bathroom you could live in," says Haverson of the striking octagonal tower room with its dramatic 16-foot-high ceiling.









#### WEIRDE CHAIRS

These Barons were reconditioned by the experts at Tarkenton Craftsmen. For a look at how they do it, see page 105.

**TOP LEFT:** This 1930 three-light brass has its original frosted glass shade and cut-crystal glass and metal. The cut-crystal shade later was hand-painted and acquired to restore the fixture. \$2,085.

**TOP RIGHT:** German 19c 1930 eleven-light Wilmshaus chandelier was made in Germany. It had to be reworked to American standards. It was also gently cleaned of years of grime to reveal the original solid brass and its dark bronze patina. \$1,995.

**BOTTOM LEFT:** The restoration of this 1930 cast-brass and glass French chandelier involved cleaning and degreasing the brass, reworking the American standards, adding porcelain sockets, and replacing with custom shades. \$2,000.

**BOTTOM RIGHT:** Hunt for candles. This circa-1950 bell jar lantern was wired for electricity. The original brass trim and chain were cleaned, and a canopy was added to cover a modern electrical box. \$2,085.



"But they need one part that costs as much as or more than the fixture itself," says Sullivan. "I know whether it's worth the expense, he admits, 'you need to figure out how much potential value the fixture has and go from there.'"

#### OFF WITH THE OLD, ON WITH THE NEW

A good tip off to a fixture's worth lies in the basement. Even if the fixture looks like brass, start by running a magnet over it. One touch can help determine the value of the fixture and the scope of the project. If it sticks, the metal is iron or steel, perhaps under brass plate—an indication that the fixture can be stripped and a new finish put on. If the magnet doesn't stick, there's probably some very beautiful solid brass or bronze worth preserving under all the grime or paint. (In some cases, the magnet might not stick because the metal is aluminum—a possibility if the fixture doesn't weigh much.)

Once stripped, an iron fixture can be played in a variety of finishes, including brass, nickel, or pewter. In some cases, modern spray chemicals to re-create an old-looking patina, like the dark bronze color common in Arts-and-Crafts styles. For a wrought-iron fixture, bronze oil or lacquer paint can be used to give better and protect it from rusting, says Bruce Swenson of Tarkenton Craftsmen, an antique-lighting company in Wyland, Massachusetts.

If you're lucky enough to have a solid brass or bronze fixture, Swenson options include patinaing, plating, or painting. Polishing with a high-speed buffing wheel and chemical compounds yields a bright finish, for a richer glow, high-quality, hand-applied nonabrasive metal polish is used. Any restorer worth his salt will advise you to avoid heavy stripping if possible. "Some customers want a very thing bright and shiny, but we would rather live with some minor imperfections and save the original patina," says Swenson. The final step was seal the finish with a coat of lacquer oil, pure carnauba car wax, or water-based acrylic lacquer.

#### MAKING A MATCH

When it comes to keeping a lighting fixture, don't get hung up on matching it to your house's overall architectural style, says Steve Reininger, owner of Seattle Blending Salvage. "It was actually new for houses to be done all in one period style, even when they were built—lighting. The other aspects of the decor evolved over time." A highly stylized glass-and-metal pendant from the 1930s could just as easily hang in a 1950s Colonial Revival house as a 1940s Dutchman-style nook. Reininger says.

Reininger's do Salles has a highly different take. "When in doubt, be sure they're within a particular time period for your lighting. When you bring things together from a certain era, even if they're not in the same style, they share certain qualities like finishes and materials that make them feel as if they belong together. For instance, Arts and Crafts, Dutch and Colonial Revival fixtures all have a 1930s flavor that fixtures from the 1940s or 1950s don't," he says. "I can tell you what's proper, but the bottom line is that you should buy what you love because you'll enjoy living with it all the more."



This old, finished brass 1930 three-light fixture (SWART) was originally used in a front entry hall or bathroom. To transform it into a more sophisticated six-light "waterfall" fixture for a dining room, three more brass were drilled into the canopy. Brass rods of different heights created the spiral effect. A two-tone bronze finish and reproduction hand-blown art glass shades complete the restoration. \$3,065.



## Transforming a Diamond in the Rough

Restoring a broken-down old fixture is a multi-step process. Here's what it took for the experts at Massachusetts-based Yankee Craftsmen to revive a combination gas-electric fixture from the early 1900s.



**DIAMONDS IN THE ROUGH**  
Tearing the fixture apart a bit by piece is the only way to see what's missing or damaged. At this time the brass is checked for dents which are pushed out with wooden dowels, and the finish cleaned, sanded, and polished up as it needs stripping and refinishing.



**TORCH UP THE JOINTS**  
A blowtorch is used to heat up the gas fittings, which are still sealed tight with the turn-of-the-century putty used to keep gas from escaping. Once the putty is loosened the arms can be unscrewed to make it safe through.



**BRUSH THE FINISH**  
After the sanded brass is conditioned off, the clean metal is submerged in a darkening agent to replicate the original patina. The longer it's in, the darker the finish. Lighter places are polished up to burnish what.



**SHINY ON PROTECTIVE LACQUER**  
Fresh, future parts are hung in a bucket and sprayed with an industrial clear lacquer. Lacquering before the fixture is put back together ensures better all-over finish protection.



**WIRE AND REASSEMBLE**  
After the gas cocks are drilled out of each arm, two 1/8-inch copper, brass-insulated wires are pressed through the hollow tubing to the body. All six wires connect here to the ball wire that runs up to the electrical box.



**ADD THE CROWNING TOUCH**  
Once the arms are screwed back in place, a set of matching, anti-static vintage shades from the same era completes the restoration, shown at right.

### REPAIRING AND OTHER REPAIRS

For safety's sake, vintage gas or electric light should be rewired and the sockets replaced. If you live in most states, refurbished fixtures must also be UL-approved. Unless your master is motivated to put a "UL Listed" sticker on a vintage piece, you may want to go with a reproduction made from all new parts (see box at right) if that's a concern. Here are a few more rewiring tasks.

• **Rewiring electric fixtures.** The most difficult part is pulling out the old wire, especially if it has deteriorated and the arms have several sharp turns. "You hold your breath and hope it doesn't break when you get it halfway out," says Sweney. Once the wire is out, it's just a matter of working new wire through the arms.

• **Converting "unwired" combination gas-and-electric fixtures to all-electric.** This is one of the most challenging restorations—and one most restorers love, as these Victorian fixtures and technology of the time, having been made specifically for the restaurant when bars became ubiquitous for the restaurant, were the first to have had electricity. Though involves removing the gas cocks on each arm and drilling out the wire tube in each arm, then filing the same rock sockets. The process for converting an all-gas fixture to electric is similar.

• **Updating oil and candle fixtures.** Because wires can't be inserted through the solid arms of these fixtures, a small gauge wire is a color that matches the finish is run flat along the outside, preferably as up of each arm, where a wire compartment

### FINISHING TOUCHES

What you gain the trouble and expense of restoring an antique lighting fixture, you don't want to cheapen the effect by overlooking a few key details. Traditional style fixtures carry a lot of decorative elements, such as:

• **Bellows.** A bellows from the days of candle chandeliers when glass rollers were placed over sockets to collect dripping wax, bellows are now used as electric chandeliers to hold suspended glass prisms. Some fixtures require special brass or porcelain bellows, but most can be copied, which range in price from \$15 to \$50.

• **Canopies.** An ornate glass canopy of a piece restoration is an inappropriate canopy, the cap that would be the oil, not in the case of the electrical box. A common mistake is to put a 1930s pendant-shaped canopy with an older-style fixture. Many restorers have a variety of antique canopies that fit fixtures.

• **Chains and rods.** Old rods and chains can be replicated, but make sure they're long enough for the job. Adding links to an existing chain can be difficult, you are often better off buying a different antique chain or a high-grade reproduction. For authenticity, suspend converted gas chandeliers from rods, not chains, they were originally hung from the pipes through which the gas traveled.

• **Crystal pendants.** Fortunately, old crystal is "very forgiving" of some matching missing parts like chains and yokes," says Sweney. "Because the old ones were offhandmade, no one

### NEWLY MINTED—WITH VINTAGE APPEAL

If you're not a purist or don't have an old light to fix up, there's a huge selection of good reproductions on the market. These are often less expensive than second-hand antiques and will be made with UL-approved components. Reproduction, for one, makes many of its reproductions fixtures with faceted crystals enough to make today's bigger electronic boxes. With this you get the vintage look with modern convenience for more buying information, see "Finding Antique Fixtures and Parts," page 130.



① A brushed nickel Deco-style sconce captures the "beauty" motif of the 1920s; it can be installed pointing up or down (Pinecone, \$234; www.pinecones.com).

② A seven-arm chandelier is a particularly cool of an 18th-century candle burning one (312.700. www.colonialreproduction.com).

③ The sconce was inspired by the graceful lines and shell-like ribbing of Colonial Revival Shellfish lighting, popular in the early 1900s. It has an antique copper finish and set glass shades (Pinecone, \$132; www.pinecones.com).

④ The bell-jar-like fixture with bronze-finish acornlike is similar to chain used in the 18th century (312.700. www.colonialreproduction.com).



pieces are quite the steal. One might be a little longer or better than another, but when you load up a chandelier with a bunch of our pieces, you're in good luck. "New crystals don't have the same clarity and personal effect. Depending on the size and cut, vintage chandelier glass can range from \$1 and \$30 each.

• **Shades:** The crowning touch of an antique light is the shade or set of shades. If your fixture is missing all or some of its originals, you may be able to find an exact match or something similar. "Antique lighting dealers and vendors tend to hoard shades because they're in short supply," Sullivan says. If your money doesn't have what you're looking for, chances are someone in the network of dealers does. Or say you have an set of eight originals, you could try trading your six for a different set of eight. Reproduction glass shades are another option. The best ones are pressed or blown by hand, just as they were back when.

• **Hardware:** If you have an old house where the table or wall fixtures are worn without an outlet switch on the wall, ask the vendor to put an unobtrusive rotary or pull-chain switch on the fixture's canopy. ■

For more articles on lighting, fixtures, and installation, go to [www.bobvila.com](http://www.bobvila.com) or America's Online Keyword: This Old House and select Electrical and Lighting in the Home how section.

#### FINDING ANTIQUE FIXTURES AND PARTS

If you're in the market for a vintage fixture or expect visitors, be sure to check out these sources.

**Bell and Bell, Edison, Pa.** Specializes in reproduction scones, pendants, and chandeliers. They can duplicate fixtures or produce custom ones to your designs, and also do repairs. 800-222-3771, [www.bellandbell.com](http://www.bellandbell.com)

**Classic Lighting Emporium, Philadelphia, Pa.** Reproduces fixtures and has hundreds of circa-1900 light fixtures in stock. 800-536-7674, [www.classic-lighting.com](http://www.classic-lighting.com)

**Eagle Emporium, Eagle, Pa.** Specializes in restored vintage and antique fixtures in Victorian and Art Deco styles from the 1890s to the 1940s. 800-458-7566, [www.eagle-emporium.com](http://www.eagle-emporium.com)

**Grand Brass Lighting Parts, New York, N.Y.** Carries reproduction cast-brass scones, chandeliers, and other parts. 212-262-2343, [www.grandbrass.com](http://www.grandbrass.com)

**Hippo Hardware & Trading Co., Portland, Ore.** A full-service, U.S.-imported lighting restoration and custom build shop where you can buy well or trade fixtures and parts. 503-237-6144, [www.hippohardware.com](http://www.hippohardware.com)

**High Chandelier Co., Eden, Md.** The maker of chandeliers and pendant reproductions offers an extensive inventory of boboches, crystal strands, and pendants. They will search for replacement arms. 301-525-0746, [www.hichandelier.com](http://www.hichandelier.com)

**Jim's Antique Hardware, Los Angeles, Calif.** Offers a large inventory of restored vintage fixtures and its own line of reproductions in Tuscan, Spanish, Revival, and Craftsman styles. 323-838-4123, [www.jimsantique.com](http://www.jimsantique.com)

**Kalamazoo, Portland, Ore.** Sells some reproduction vintage lighting and maintains a restoration operation, but its stock-in-trade is a vast selection of period-authentic lighting. 888-407-8900, [www.kalamazoo.com](http://www.kalamazoo.com)

**Seattle Building Salvage, Everett, Wash.** Offers a broad selection of original chandeliers and scones with appropriate vintage shades. 425-355-6004, [www.seattlebuilding salvage.com](http://www.seattlebuilding salvage.com)

**Verlone Craftman, Maryland, Mass.** Specializes in antique lighting restoration custom fixtures, antique and reproduction shades, and metal finishing. 508-653-0031, [www.verlonecraftman.com](http://www.verlonecraftman.com)

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**35TH-ANNIVERSARY  
TV PROJECT!  
CARLISLE**



The Carlisle TV project gets a jump start on framing, thanks to floor, wall, and foundation panels.



**I**f you'd blinked, you might have missed the construction of the old and the new master bedroom suite at the project house in Carlisle, Massachusetts. In the space of a single day, an empty hole required a finished foundation of precast, insulated concrete panels. A few days later, perfectly light floor sections went in. Then came framed, sheathed, and insulated walls—all at once using structural insulated panels (SIPs) that were custom-made in a factory 800 miles away. A few more days and the SIP roof panels were lowered into place with a crane, followed by 12-inch-thick SIP floor panels for the 195-year-old barn.

It's all part of the "Big GI Mouse" plan to demonstrate how modern building technology can help bring a tired old house back to life in a fraction of the time it used to take. By contrast, it would take TDH general contractor Tom Ellis a couple two weeks just to frame and sheathe this much

house—about 10,000 square feet of interior walls and roof—plus a day to insulate. That's just taking into consideration the time needed to form and pour a concrete foundation and frame up 3,300 square feet of new floor joists and subfloor.

This form of paneled construction is still a niche business—about one percent of American homes are built with SIPs—but it's easy to see why the industry is growing by 25 percent annually. "The panels are fast, they're straight and true, and they don't move around," says Tom. Plus, they're stronger and more environmentally friendly than stick construction. Still, speed is the main advantage for the TDH team who have to adhere to a television show's strict schedule. With the new construction taken care of, Tom and his crew will have the time they need to carefully renovate the older parts of the house.

Among the several types of panels used to construct the TV project house in Carlisle are those used for the floor in the house's new all-wood front porch sheathed in 5/4-inch plywood subflooring; the panels were lowered into place by crane in one day.



## FOUNDATION IN A FLASH



**PRECAST, INSULATED CONCRETE FOUNDATION PANELS** look like a sheetrock stud wall but are made of demopool concrete with their vertical reinforcement every 2 feet. On the inside, foam insulation is bonded to the concrete steel railers provide attachment for exterior drywall.

**B**eneath the 5½" walls in Carlisle lies a foundation in earth—concrete made of 26 precast, insulated concrete panels that were set in place by a crane one day in July and then bolted together. The precast concrete panels use a proprietary system manufactured by Superior Walls, a Pennsylvania-based company, primarily in locations located in the Northeast and upper Midwest, where full basements are the norm. Unlike the system and its insulated concrete blocks (ICBs), which are poured in place, the concrete in the Superior Walls panels is cured in a factory under ideal conditions, resulting in a wall that is vertically finished and able to withstand 5,000 pounds per square inch of pressure. "You could probably go the same strength from concrete poured in place, but you'd need perfect job-site weather—an odd, no rain, and no blizzarding heat," says Mel Ziemann, the company's founder.

Considering their strength, the concrete panels are remarkably thin—a 7½-inch concrete face framed by a top and bottom flange and concrete "ribs" every 2 feet—all of it cast in one massive pour around a network of steel reinforcing bars. "It's built like a bridge, only vertical," says Ziemann, who explains that the greatest pressure on any foundation is not from the weight of the house above but from hydrostatic pressure—the force of the water in the surrounding and pushing on the walls.

But the system offers more than strength. Each panel is bonded to a foam envelope that provides a thermal value up to R-12.5. The rest of the concrete makes it demopool, so no additional water-resistant membrane is needed. In fact the company markets its panels as a foundation with dry 15 years. "The basement will be a dry and comfortable living space with no floor coatings," commented Ziemann as he watched a panel being lowered into place

on a bed of crushed stone. (Underpinning footings wasn't necessary—they're part of the wall—although Tim will need to pour a slab floor after the foundation goes in.)

Preattached horizontal steel rails on each "stud" allow Tim to easily finish the basement in drywall, after wiring and plumbing are run. "It's a great system if you're planning to get a lot of use out of your basement," says Tim. "When you look at it that way, it's about the cheapest thing you can do in a new house."

The Carlisle job and many bedrock foundations, about 237 houses first, will cost about \$15,000. Tim estimates that a poured-in-place foundation with insulation, interior framing, steps, and waterproofing would have cost \$15,000. But those options are not always cheaper than other foundations. The price depends in part on location because the panels are made in many different locations across the country. Any price advantage over poured in-place would depend on shipping costs, and also the cost of site concrete delivery to your site. One thing is clear as workers put the last panel into place: No other foundation is as quickly.

The company says most foundations are installed in just five hours—well on course time required. "With a regular foundation," says Tim, "I have to wait several days before I can start laying the all plates. With this, we're good to go."

## FULLY FRAMED IN A DAY

**S**uperior's insulated panels have many advantages to today's building world, but among them that they go up fast, without more mess than stick-frame construction, and concrete energy. That's all due to the way they're constructed, like giant concrete sandwiches with "ribs" of ½-inch extruded insulating board (XPS) around 1 to 12 inches of expanded polystyrene foam (also known as beadboard), all of it bonded together with special glue.

It seems hard to believe that walls with so much could be strong, but in fact they are stronger than conventional construction, according to Jim Leffler of Paul/Pen, the Northeast installer for SIPs made by Insulapex, which manufactured the ones used in the Carlisle project. "The panels have a strength that's very much like an airplane fuselage," says Leffler.

Those panels are fabricated using aluminum that transfers and anchors through steel reinforcement, which is fast by one panel over to the bottom of the wall. "It's a really job-to-manufacture them," says Insulapex founder Frank Baker. "Construction often wonders how long they'll have to wait for the panels, but usually we're ready before they do." Speed and strength are part of the SIP equation. Because SIP walls have strength, so long as they're properly installed, it's on place for best and cold in very through. "It's a total energy envelope," says Baker. So while in SIPs, when the standard measure of thermal resistance—a already higher than that for fiberglass batts (a 4-inch SIP wall is rated at R-24 to R-27, versus an R-19 to a 4-inch wall with fiberglass), the overall performance is now getting. According to the U.S. Department of Energy, SIP construction can result in a 12 to 17 percent saving in energy costs, though this usually under way at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory suggests that that saving may be even higher. Above-board SIP walls generally call the credits, but experts bearing and roofing applications, states TOW plumbing and heating expert Richard Tschertrey.

However, because SIP houses are so tight, Richard recommends installing an air exchanger to cut down on the moisture trapped in the house. The added expense offsets the energy saving in the first few years. Moisture can also prove to be a problem with SIP walls in colder climates. If the joints are not properly sealed, escaping moisture vapor can get trapped beneath the roofing, eventually causing the OSB. That's why when working with SIPs Tim takes extra care. On a single gable roof, he ventilates by sealing every joint to the OSB and adding another layer of ½-inch exterior-grade sheathing before putting on the felt and shingles. "This keeps the underside of the roof sheathing dry and the top side of the panels dry," says Tim.

With a complex roof that has many intersections and valleys, as in Carlisle, Tim will roof right over the SIPs, but first the installers, in addition to joining the panels with flexible seals, must a foam sealant into the joints and tape the underside of the panels. They also tie the beams in a temporary manner. In fact the roofing goes on. Tim takes no more precautions by covering the whole roof with a layer of water-proof membrane before he lays the shingles.

Still another advantage of SIPs is that they're environmentally friendly. First, they help conserve old-growth forests, since the OSB panels are made

A crew from Superior Walls installs the foundation—panels of insulated concrete that are set on a bed of crushed stone, adhered to each other with a urethane adhesive, and then bolted together. The entire foundation was built in a day, no curing time needed.





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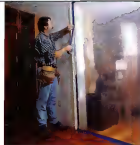
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## NORM'S NOTEBOOK



### DUSTPROOFING A ROOM

**W**hen I rebuild the main stairway at my house, I didn't want contractors' dust getting into the adjoining rooms and hallway. I want's only worried about the clean-up, dust also runs the sensitive electronic equipment found in most homes these days.

Contractors often set up specialized dust containment systems before they start work, but you can do pretty much the same thing with some 6-mil thick clear polyethylene sheeting and a roll of 3-inch-wide painter's tape—the blue stuff. It won't lift past or leave an adhesive residue on surfaces, even if left in place for weeks. Tape the sheet to the casing and floor around every opening leading to the work area, including closed doors.

To get into the adjoining room during the project, make a post-and-rack upper vertically in the center of the opening, and then fit the plastic to create the doorway. These spigot openings are very effective at stopping dust—as long as you remember to clean them right every time you walk through.



### NORM'S NOTEBOOK (No kidding!)

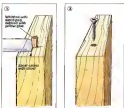
**I**'ve been doing this column for three years now, and someone finally asked whether I actually keep a notebook. I do. It's pretty crude, nothing fancy, and this probably the only one who can read my scribbled notes. But it's an invaluable record for me.

For example, when I had to open up one of my bathroom walls during a project a few years ago, I checked the piping and wiring arrangement and jotted down clear distances from an intersecting wall. Now if I ever have to work on the wall again, I won't have to worry about drilling through a pipe. I also keep a record of the dimensions for each room. I work so fast I won't have to remeasure each time I pour walls or change fixtures. With my notebook, I only have to measure once.

### NO-MATCH PLUG

**A**n old carpenter's trick for giving wood screws a little more bite at screw holes is to push a couple of wood toothpicks or toothpicks into the hole and then install the screw. But I've found that these don't always work as well as I'd like. Here's a different approach.

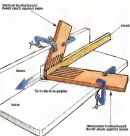
Make a peg by whittling down a sliver of softwood, then dip it with yellow glue and tap it into the hole. After the glue dries, drive off the excess with a sharp chisel. Now you can drive a screw in the same spot—or right next to it—as if the hole had never been there.



# SAFER, BETTER CUTS ON A ROUTER TABLE

**W**hen you do any work on a router table, one of the cardinal rules is to keep the stock tight against both the table and the fence during the entire run to get an accurate cut along the entire piece. Another important rule is to keep your fingers well away from the spinning bit. So whenever I have to run a piece on the stock, I use farther hands to hold the work firmly in place without putting my fingers in danger. They also prevent dangerous kickback.

I've used the plastic featherboards you can buy well, but I've always made my own out of 6-inch by 13-inch boards of 1/2-inch poplar. That's bigger than most commercial featherboards, but it gives me plenty of surface area for clamping. To make your own, first cut across one end of the board at a 30- to 45-degree angle. Then use a hand saw to cut a series of ribs about 4 inches long and 1/2 inch apart into that angled end. In use, the angled, double fingers should press firmly against the work, but not so hard that the work is difficult to push through.



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# DOUBLECHECKING A LEVEL

**L**ike my tool, bubble levels you knowled around quite a bit, which can throw off their accuracy. That's why I never trust a level anymore hands me. But I can determine whether it's trustworthy in a few seconds. Here's how.

Set the level against a post, for example, and take a reading on one of the plumb vials. Then flip the level end for end. If you get the same reading from the same vial, the level is fine. (For the most accurate reading when sighting a vial, the lines that wrap around it should line up from top to bottom as you look at the bubble.)

But if the readings don't match, that doesn't necessarily mean the whole level is bad. Try the other plumb vial; most levels have at least two. If it's good, mark it with a pencil.

Now if both vials are bad, see if they have adjustment screws where they mount to the level's frame. If they do, use the same procedure described above to set them right. Your level has fixed vials and all are out of adjustment? Then it's no longer a level—it's a straightedge.



ILLUSTRATION BY ROBERT LANGRISH

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**ON THE JOB**  
pp. 38-44

Three Birds Are Made for Working—**Featured bird:** Fox Ties work boots, Timberland, Southton, MA, [www.timberland.com](http://www.timberland.com). **Kevin O'Connell:** Timberland Pro, [www.timberland.com](http://www.timberland.com). **North Abram:** Duckies leather oxford, 800-443-2668, [www.duckies.com](http://www.duckies.com). **Roger Cook:** Duckies work boots, [www.duckies.com](http://www.duckies.com). **Yoni Silva:** Carleton work boots, [www.carletonboots.com](http://www.carletonboots.com). **Richard Tebbelway:** Herman's Service Boots, [www.herman'sboots.com](http://www.herman'sboots.com). **Our thanks to:** Red Wing Brands of America, Red Wing Shoe Company, Red Wing, MN, 651-333-8211; [www.redwingshoes.com](http://www.redwingshoes.com).

**Laan-Guided Shoes—****Grider saw:** 74 in. model #C814012, Ryobi Technologies, Inc., Anderson, SC, 800-323-6881, [www.ryobitools.com](http://www.ryobitools.com).

**Smart Windows—****Anderson Windows:** Dayton, OH, 651-644-5131, [www.andersonwindows.com](http://www.andersonwindows.com). **Research Frontiers Incorporated:** Woodbury, NY, 888-773-7337, [www.rfi.com](http://www.rfi.com). **Vexus America:** 800-888-3389, [www.vexus-america.com](http://www.vexus-america.com).

**Older May Be Wiser—****Our thanks to real estate guru Thomas Lucier:** [www.thomaslucier.com](http://www.thomaslucier.com). **Try Before You Buy—****Maying Corporation:** Newton, MA, 641-794-7900, [www.maying.com](http://www.maying.com). **Scott Ray:** 361-9496, MN, 651-257-9289, [www.bushy.com](http://www.bushy.com). **Off-the-Wall Color Trick—****Color samples:** Benjamin Moore Paints, Mooreville, NJ, [www.benjaminmoore.com](http://www.benjaminmoore.com).

**BORED CALLS  
FARM KITCHEN TOWELS**  
pp. 38-44

**Architect:** Benjamin Nutter, Benjamin Nutter Associates, Topfield, MA, 375-327-9516. **General contractor:** Steve Nutter & Billie Caputo, Topfield, MA, 375-617-3434. **Cabinetmaker:** Carina

Woodworking, Ipswich, MA, 375-356-6277. **Restoration place for coloring:** Shash, Proctor, MA, 375-977-8968. **Honest granite countertops and sink:** Adrick Stone, Wilets, MA, 781-963-6311. **Antique:** Sub-Zero Frezzer Company, Madison, WI, 608-222-7133, [www.subzero.com](http://www.subzero.com). **Ramps, dishwashers, and fresh compactors:** Wing Range Corp., Greenwood, MA, 877-834-8323, [www.wingrange.com](http://www.wingrange.com). **Artistic chestnut flooring:** Carlie Flooring, Rockland, NH, 800-895-9663.



On the job: 30 styles which TCH shoe guy puts on which boots to go to work

[www.ryobitools.com](http://www.ryobitools.com). **Recessed lighting:** Lightbulbs, Full Star, MA, 303-675-9113, [www.lightbulbs.com](http://www.lightbulbs.com). **Windows:** Brown, Brockway Smith Co., Andover, MA, 978-475-7180, [www.brown.com](http://www.brown.com).

**ASK YOUR OLD BOSS**  
pp. 38-44

**Recreation plan:** Delta Events, 800-343-3335, [www.deltaplan.com](http://www.deltaplan.com). **Stamps:** American Dymally's River Antiques, Red Head Antiques Systems, IAW Inc., Michigan Corp., IN, 800-348-8323, [www.american-dymally.com](http://www.american-dymally.com). **Spray labels:** Kwik-Label Industries, Inc., Highland, NY, 845-891-4908, [www.spraylabels.com](http://www.spraylabels.com). **Marine-grade polycarbonate window:** JM Marine Antiques/Refinish, 3205, 888-964-3377, [www.jm.com](http://www.jm.com). **Subfloor under system:** Squamco, MA, 617-893-1000, [www.squamco.com](http://www.squamco.com). **Pilgrimage bottle:** John's Marine Building Insulation Division, High-density spray foam Refinish Systems, Spring Valley, IL, 800-803-1338, [www.johnsbottle.com](http://www.johnsbottle.com). **Hinest work Thermofiber:** Winch, IN, 888-424-2377, [www.hinest.com](http://www.hinest.com). **Low-density polycarbonate spray foam:** Isopon Insulation Systems, 800-756-7123, [www.isopon.com](http://www.isopon.com). **Poll-lured polycarbonate:** Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI.

**WALL-TO-WALL STEEL**  
pp. 42-48

For more information: The Cooper and Ray Institute, Dallas, GA, 706-278-3176, [www.cooper-ray.com](http://www.cooper-ray.com).

**TALKING SHOP!  
FILES AND RAPS**  
pp. 49-55

**Chaffman File:** Chaffman Head Tools, Sears, Roebuck and Co., Hoffman Estates, IL, 800-377-7414, [www.sears.com](http://www.sears.com). **Shocks:** New Trends International,

Fullburg, MA, 508-343-1616, [www.newtrendsinternational.com](http://www.newtrendsinternational.com). **Michael file:** Cooper Head Tools, Raleigh, NC, 919-781-7208, [www.cooperheadtools.com](http://www.cooperheadtools.com). **Other file:** Trest Point, Appleton, WI, 800-325-8689, [www.appletonheadtools.com](http://www.appletonheadtools.com).

**FROM THE UNDER GUN  
COMPACT CONCRETE**  
pp. 56-62

**Hot Blower—****Refined blower:** TechShield Blowing, Haverhill, MA, 800-448-4883, [www.refinedblowing.com](http://www.refinedblowing.com). **Refined blower:** Mactech, IN, 800-875-3443, [www.mactech.com](http://www.mactech.com). **Insulation Options—**

**Cotton bath:** Bredel Eggs Inc., Chandler, AZ, 480-312-9114, [www.bredel.com](http://www.bredel.com). **Laan-Guided Shoes—****Grider saw:** 74 in. model #C814012, Ryobi Technologies, Inc., Anderson, SC, 800-323-6881, [www.ryobitools.com](http://www.ryobitools.com). **Smart Windows—****Anderson Windows:** Dayton, OH, 651-644-5131, [www.andersonwindows.com](http://www.andersonwindows.com). **Research Frontiers Incorporated:** Woodbury, NY, 888-773-7337, [www.rfi.com](http://www.rfi.com). **Vexus America:** 800-888-3389, [www.vexus-america.com](http://www.vexus-america.com). **Older May Be Wiser—****Our thanks to real estate guru Thomas Lucier:** [www.thomaslucier.com](http://www.thomaslucier.com). **Try Before You Buy—****Maying Corporation:** Newton, MA, 641-794-7900, [www.maying.com](http://www.maying.com). **Scott Ray:** 361-9496, MN, 651-257-9289, [www.bushy.com](http://www.bushy.com). **Off-the-Wall Color Trick—****Color samples:** Benjamin Moore Paints, Mooreville, NJ, [www.benjaminmoore.com](http://www.benjaminmoore.com).



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**FIND  
PLASTIC PARTS**  
pp. 62-68

**Radio parts:** Antique Electronic Supply, Tempe, AZ, 480-330-3411, [www.antiqueelectronics.com](http://www.antiqueelectronics.com). **Radio repair:** Dave's Antique Radio & TV Services, Syracuse, NY, 315-437-1899, [www.davesradio.com](http://www.davesradio.com). **Antique radio:** The Complete Guide to Antique Radio, Tidings Radio, 1933-1993, by Mark V. Sosa (RadioShack Publishing). **Our thanks to:** Alan Warkless, Oakland, CA, 415-335-9535, [www.ampg.com](http://www.ampg.com). **Radio:** 304-523-8890, [www.ampg.com](http://www.ampg.com). **Radio:** Phil Nelson, Phil's Old Radios, 425-485-8244, [www.ampg.com](http://www.ampg.com). **Q & A—****Eric Roth:** Inland Acoustics House, Seaford, NY, 516-489-9708, [www.inland.com](http://www.inland.com). **Gasoline mirror:** Margaret Caldwel, New York, NY, 212-477-5639. **Van window:** Peter Caruso, Wilton, CT, 203-762-7449.

**Cover-Cole tray:** Rudy Trucha, The Woodruff Factory, Boston, MA, 800-479-8774, [www.woodruff.com](http://www.woodruff.com). **Carving:** Carving, Garthburg, MD, 477-425-1133, [www.woodruff.com](http://www.woodruff.com). **Carving supplies:** H. H. Perkins, North Haven, CT, 800-462-6666, [www.hhperkins.com](http://www.hhperkins.com). **Carving:** Wood Carvers, H. Lindholm, RI, 800-443-9667, [www.carving.com](http://www.carving.com).

**TURNKEY  
OLD CABINETS, NEW COLOR**  
pp. 70-76

**Polyester wood filler:** High-performance Wood Filler, Mooreville, NC, Upper Middle River, NJ, 800-323-8039, [www.moon.com](http://www.moon.com). **Boards:** Home Solutions, Bondo Corp., Atlanta, GA, 800-622-8774, [www.bondobond.com](http://www.bondobond.com). **Brushing party:** Fine Paints of Europe, Woodlands, TX, 800-333-1556, [www.finepaintsofeurope.com](http://www.finepaintsofeurope.com). **Paint:** Duckies Timberland Oil Paints, Fox

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Don't miss these vintage projects on HGTV, DIY Network and local broadcast stations. Go to [www.thisoldhouse.com](http://www.thisoldhouse.com) for local stations and times and for additional information about the projects featured here.

#### HGTV

##### WORCHESTER (2002)

Feeling hot and hot, the 1820s Colonial Revival in Worcester got an original kitchen and master suite, an updated heating plant, and a custom, freestanding wood and oak.

##### NANTUCKET (1996)

The *This Old House* crew transformed a small 1980s Victorian cottage into a summer home with year-round capabilities.

#### DIY NETWORK

##### SALEM (1998)

A registered cove 1704 Federal spared the rules of other Federal homes in Salem, Massachusetts.

##### MANHATTAN (1996)

*This Old House* helped the *Seinfeld* producers tear down a piece — a 1894 Federal Victorian mansion on Madison Square.

#### LOCAL BROADCAST STATIONS

##### WAVELAND (1990)

The historical renovation of "Waveland," an 1840s Colonial Revival-style home in Massachusetts, included new steps and heating systems, a new roof and chimney, and repair of the master suite.



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House**

Go behind the scenes and learn what it was really like back in the early years of *This Old House*. Host Kevin O'Connor shares some classic moments, and master carpenter Norm Adams, general contractor Tom Silva, heating and plumbing expert Richard Trethewey, and landscape contractor Roger Cook divulge tricks of the trade and reveal which materials and techniques have stood the test of time. Catch this *This Old House* series exclusively on A&E. (Check local listings or visit [www.aetv.com](http://www.aetv.com).)



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**INTERIORS: HANDICAPED  
BATHS & CHAIRLIFT**  
pg. 43-44

Electrical contractors: Peter Eng, Bloomed Enterprises, Inc., New Milford, CT, 203-261-1567, [www.engageinc.com](http://www.engageinc.com); Fire: Riser Model 22330, Fire & Safety Systems, Syracuse, NY, 800-223-4185, [www.risermodel.com](http://www.risermodel.com)

[www.january.com](http://www.january.com); Decorative models: Jole Solutions Inc., Archbald, PA, 800-446-3446, [www.jolesolutions.com](http://www.jolesolutions.com)

**PUTTING TRIMMS WAGNET**  
pg. 50-51

Consulting architect: John Orsillo, Erie, PA, 814-875-1512, [www.johnorsillo.com](http://www.johnorsillo.com); Wood veneer: East America, NY, 716-631-0386, [www.eastamerica.com](http://www.eastamerica.com); Wood: Schilling Eastern, Cleveland, OH, 216-252-6242; For more information: The Frank Lloyd Wright Building Conservancy, Chicago, IL, 312-665-5390, [www.franklloydwright.org](http://www.franklloydwright.org)

**WALLS WITH CHARACTER**  
pg. 50-51

Featured expert: Perry Trachten, Grand Illusion Decorative Finishing and Perry Trachten Institute of Decorative Finishing, New York, NY, 914-429-9278, [www.grandillusion.com](http://www.grandillusion.com); Stucco: Perry Trachten Institute of Decorative Art, [www.stuccoart.com](http://www.stuccoart.com); Rock: Accipiter

for Surface, by Mandy Driscoll and Perry Trachten (Stucco & Schuette); The Art of Face, by Perry Trachten (Waco-Good Publications)

**PRIVATE DOMAINS**  
pg. 54-55

Architect: Christopher DeLucca, DeLucca Architects, San Francisco, CA, 415-334-6576; Contractor: Doug Bennett, Min at Work Construction Corp., Wauwatosa, WI, 618-437-6630; Tile and cabinets: D. Ross, Lincoln, NE, 402-248-9576; Former: Garrett Construction Corp., East Hampton, NY, 631-537-0944; Tile: Island Tile & Marble Inc., East Hampton, NY, 631-528-2143; Electrician: Stewart Electric, East Hampton, NY, 631-528-8800; Plumbing: JHK Plumbing, East Quogue, NY, 631-633-2026; Audio/Video: Interplay, Westport, NY, 631-736-1925; Painter: Shore

Printing: Scotchman, NY, 631-387-9490; Door hardware: Italian Hardware Corp., Reading, PA, 800-566-1996, [www.italianhardware.com](http://www.italianhardware.com); Plumbing: Fixtures and fittings: Watermark, 800-999-2254, [www.watermark.com](http://www.watermark.com); Electrical devices: Lutron Electronics Co., Coopersburg, PA, 610-886-7661, [www.lutron.com](http://www.lutron.com); Windows: Dynamic Windows & Doors, 800-661-6111, [www.dynamicwindows.com](http://www.dynamicwindows.com); Architect: Harmon Architects & Design, Greenwich, CT, 203-629-4300, [www.harmonarchitects.com](http://www.harmonarchitects.com); Contractor and ceiling: Moore, Derry & Sons, Sag Harbor, NY, 631-752-4323; Cabinet: Hibernian Millworks, Hopewell Junction, NY, 914-804-0685; Windows: Pella Architectural Series, Pella Corp., Pella, IA, 800-374-4758, [www.pella.com](http://www.pella.com); Fireplace: Home-Glo, Lakewood, MN, 888-427-3873, [www.hometoglo.com](http://www.hometoglo.com); Plumbing: Fixtures and fittings: Kohler, Kohler, WI, 800-456-4537, [www.kohler.com](http://www.kohler.com); Tile: Cosma Design, Greenwich, CT, 203-669-8100; Flooring: Hoboken Woods, New York, NY, 212-793-5917; Hangers and closet accessories: The Customer Store, 800-706-7315; Bathroom accessories: The Decor Center Shop, 866-733-9875; Our thanks to: Allen Garcia, Garco McGuan Remer Jackson, Akron, OH, 330-665-1155; Gopal Ahluwalia, National Association of Home Builders, 800-543-3242, [www.nahb.org](http://www.nahb.org)

631-387-9490; Door hardware: Italian Hardware Corp., Reading, PA, 800-566-1996, [www.italianhardware.com](http://www.italianhardware.com); Plumbing: Fixtures and fittings: Watermark, 800-999-2254, [www.watermark.com](http://www.watermark.com); Electrical devices: Lutron Electronics Co., Coopersburg, PA, 610-886-7661, [www.lutron.com](http://www.lutron.com); Windows: Dynamic Windows & Doors, 800-661-6111, [www.dynamicwindows.com](http://www.dynamicwindows.com); Architect: Harmon Architects & Design, Greenwich, CT, 203-629-4300, [www.harmonarchitects.com](http://www.harmonarchitects.com); Contractor and ceiling: Moore, Derry & Sons, Sag Harbor, NY, 631-752-4323; Cabinet: Hibernian Millworks, Hopewell Junction, NY, 914-804-0685; Windows: Pella Architectural Series, Pella Corp., Pella, IA, 800-374-4758, [www.pella.com](http://www.pella.com); Fireplace: Home-Glo, Lakewood, MN, 888-427-3873, [www.hometoglo.com](http://www.hometoglo.com); Plumbing: Fixtures and fittings: Kohler, Kohler, WI, 800-456-4537, [www.kohler.com](http://www.kohler.com); Tile: Cosma Design, Greenwich, CT, 203-669-8100; Flooring: Hoboken Woods, New York, NY, 212-793-5917; Hangers and closet accessories: The Customer Store, 800-706-7315; Bathroom accessories: The Decor Center Shop, 866-733-9875; Our thanks to: Allen Garcia, Garco McGuan Remer Jackson, Akron, OH, 330-665-1155; Gopal Ahluwalia, National Association of Home Builders, 800-543-3242, [www.nahb.org](http://www.nahb.org)

**GARLITE TV PROJECT:  
BUILDING BLOCKS**  
pg. 113-114

Architect: Jeremiah Bok Architects Inc., Boston, MA, 617-387-5096, [www.jeremiahbok.com](http://www.jeremiahbok.com); General contractor: Wells Superior Walls, New Bedford, MA, 800-632-8215, [www.superiorwalls.com](http://www.superiorwalls.com); MEP: Insulpan, Needham, MA, 774-616-4846, [www.insulpan.com](http://www.insulpan.com); Northeast Insulpan distributor and MEP broker: Perel Pros, Kennesaw, GA,

800-321-7071, [www.perelpros.com](http://www.perelpros.com); Green building remodeling: Environmental Building News, BuildingGreen, Inc., Burlington, VT, 800-561-6954, [www.buildinggreen.com](http://www.buildinggreen.com)

**JOHN'S BATHROOM**  
pg. 141-142

Low-back painter's tape: Scotch Blue

1153, JM, St. Paul, MN, 888-364-3577, [www.3m.com](http://www.3m.com); Best-control slipper: ZipWell Zipper, 800-718-2215, [www.zipwell.com](http://www.zipwell.com)

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| \$920,000 - \$930,000       | \$4,500    |       |
| \$930,000 - \$940,000       | \$4,550    |       |
| \$940,000 - \$950,000       | \$4,600    |       |

[illegible]

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