



CREATING A NEW PATH IN VINYL

Possibilities[™] vinyl sheet flooring features three fabric-like visuals designed to work together. Heathered pattern in 2' width serves as a border or accent for dot or weave visuals. All available in 10 contract colors.

For more information, call 1 800 233-3823 and ask for Possibilities.

Circle 1 on reader service card



ARMSTRONG CONTRACT INTERIORS SHOWROOMS NEWYORK CHICAGO LOS ANGELES

Armstrong



THE SAVANNA SERIES

THE SAVANNA SERIES is elegantly styled with several options to select f Sloped arm or transitional arm style Open arm or upholstered arm panels Eleven standard wood finishes Custom wood finishes Many fine stock upholsteries or C.O.M. applications

Westin-Nielsen Corporation

St. Paul, MN 55110 • Fax: 612-426-5810 612-426-4625 • Outside Minnesota 800-626-1234

Circle 2 on reader service or

CONTRACT DESIGN

PRODUCT FOCUS

- 22 BROADLOOM CARPET DESIGNED FOR HEAVY TRAFFIC A review of carpet that is plush and attractive, yet resilient and tough under heavy traffic.
- 26 TASTE AND IMAGINATION WITH NO FUSS Davis Allen's new Meetinghouse chair series for HBF might seem familiar to Shaker furniture makers—until they come closer and sit down.
- 28 ROMANCING THE STRONG Health care makes demands on fabrics that are never encountered anywhere else, as Maharam has learned in rolling out Duratex 5.

DESIGN

- 30 YOU ARE WHAT YOU DESIGN Kohn Pedersen Fox Conway demonstrates what can happen when a design firm creates its own offices.
- 34 JUMP STARTING THE MOTOR CITY Why established Michigan law firm Miller Canfield Paddock & Stone is investing in embattled Detroit with new downtown offices designed by ISD Inc.
- 38 A SMALL TOWN FOR THE BIG BLUE Some IBM executives thought the renovation of an IBM Marketing Division Headquarters was a lost cause; but not James Stewart Polshek and Partners.
- 45 TRUE OR FALSE?

 DESIGN PROMOTES HEALING

 If the physical environment can promote
 healing, the 1990 winners of Health Environment
 Awards from the National Symposium on Health
 Care Design should have waiting lines for admission.
- 46 THE NEW LOOK OF HEALING
 Skeptics who doubt that a new look can improve healing have not been to Massachusetts General Hospital with Hancock & Hancock.
- 50 ROLLING ON AN OOEY GOOEY WHEEL With children in a corridor learning and laughing, something is going on at Arkansas Children's Hospital's Parker Lane, designed by hospital staffers.

BUSINESS

- 53 HOW DESIGN FIRMS SURVIVE RECESSION Design firms battling the collapse of the Texas economy in the 1980s found out how good their survival skills were—in an important new study for the IBD Foundation that seeks to help design professionals in the 1990s.
- 56 APRES MOI

 When it's time for the founder of a design firm to depart, there's a possibility the firm will vanish too.
- VAP-ING THE COMPETITION
 Milliken, Herman Miller and Du Pont create a value added partnership to compete—Japanese style.
- 61 OFF THE HOT SEAT?

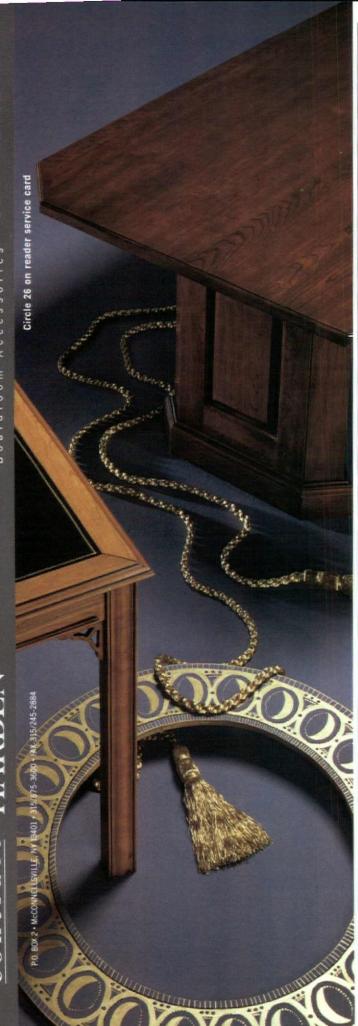
 Is polyurethane foam, the choice cushioning material of furniture manufacturers, a dangerous hazard in a fire, or are its critics foaming at the mouth?
- 64 TILT! United Chair's patented knee-tilt mechanism for Flexis puts a new spring in office seating.
- 66 ALMOST INDESTRUCTIBLE FLOORS
 WITH GOOSE BUMPS
 If rubber flooring is one of the world's toughest
 coverings, why does it fail?

DEPARTMENTS

- 8 EDITORIAL
- 11 TRENDS
- 18 MARKETPLACE
- 68 DESIGN DETAIL
- 70 PROFESSIONAL LITERATURE
- 73 AD INDEX
- 74 CLASSIFIED
- 76 PERSONALITIES

Cover Photo: Stairway in atrium at IBM-ISG/North Central Marketing Division Headquarters, White Plains, New York. Photographer: Jeff Goldberg/ESTO.





CONTRACT DESIGN

Publishing Director Carrie Enfield Roger Yee Editor-in-Chief

Managing Editor Jennifer Thiele

> Jean Godfrey-June Amy Milshtein Laura E. Mayer

Special Features Editor Dana Dubbs

Associate Editors

Editorial Assistant Wendy Louise Boor

Special Projects Editor Len Corlin

> Art Director David Emfinger

Marketing Manager Phillip Russo

Marketing Assistant Nikki Gormandy **Production Director** Barry Miller

Jody Neblett **Production Manager Production Assistant** Felicia Chan

Gina Curlee Classified Advertising Sales

Nancy Crowson

Group Circulation Manager Diana Judelson **Publishing Vice President** Mark Gross

Editorial Advisory Board

Carol Disrud, IBD; Neil Frankel, AIA; Jo Heinz, FIBD; Rayne Sherman, IBD; Hazel Seigel; Andre Staffelbach, FIBD/ASID; Michael Wirtz, FIBD, ASID

Advertising Offices:

Account Managers/New York: William R. Baker, Melissa Burtt, Helene Tepperman Gralla Publications, 1515 Broadway, New York, NY 10036; (212) 869-1300

Account Managers/Chicago: Marie Kowalchuk, Chuck Steinke

Gralla Publications, 6160 N. Cicero Ave., Suite 122, Chicago, IL 60646; (312) 545-0700

Account Manager/West Coast: Barry Wolfe

Gralla Publications, 6355 Topanga Canyon Blvd., Suite 426, Woodland Hills, CA 91367 (818) 348-1943

Overseas: Rudi Von Wedel

Studio Von Wedel, Via Mellerio 3-20123, Milano, Italy; Tel: 02-8057572/8058077; Fax: 02 805 9363

National Classified Sales Office

Gralla Publications, 15400 Knoll Trail Dr. Suite 112, Dallas, TX 75248; (800) 527-0207. (214) 239-3060; Fax: (214) 788-1490

Gralla Publications-Chairman of the Board: Clifford D. Jakes. President/CEO: Robert N. Boucher, Jr. Vic President/CFO: Daniel J. Mills. Vice President/Operations: Morton Silverman. Vice President/Grall Expositions: Harvey Owen. Vice President/Editorial Director: Daniel J. Shannon. Publishing Vice President Jane Edelstein, Mark Gross, Stephen G. Stoneburn.

Other Gralla Publications:

Facilities Design & Management; Action Sports Retailer; Architectural Lighting; Bank Systems Technology: Commercial Property News: Communication in Finance: Computers & Banking: Contac Lens Forum; Corporate Travel; Designer's Kitchens & Baths; Gift & Stationery Business; Impressions Insurance Software Review; Kitchen & Bath Business: Meeting News: Multi-Housing News: National Business; Resorts & Incentives; Sporting Goods Business; Travel Agents Marketplace; Trending: Wa St. Computer Review

GONTRACT DESIGN ISSN 0010-7831 is published monthly by Gralla Publications, a member of th United Newspapers Group, 1515 Broadway, New York, NY 10036; (212) 869-1300; Fax: (212) 302-6273 Subscription price \$35/one year; \$60/two years for firms and individuals who specify, design, buy of replace contract furnishings. All other U.S. subscriptions \$65/year. All Canadian and Mexican subscriptions. tions \$39/year for qualified subscribers and \$67/year for non-trade. All other foreign subscription \$90/year: Single copy \$6. Directory and special issues \$10. The publisher assumes no responsibility fit opinions expressed by editorial contributions to CONTRACT DESIGN. The publisher reserves the right reject any advertising not in keeping with the publisher's standards. SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION & ADDRES CHANGES: Write to Circulation Dept., Room 3201, 1515 Broadway, New York, NY 10036, POSTMASTE Send address changes to CONTRACT Circulation Dept., Room 3201, 1515 Broadway, New York, N 10036; (212) 869-1300. Second Class postage paid at New York, NY and additional mailing offices.

Copyright © 1991 Gralla Publications



Tuohy

The Cedilla System: A Challenge for Comparison To Any Other System.

Cedilla is unlimited in the number of units and shapes you can configure. There are arm frames, armless frames and spans for no frames! Upholstery is permanent or removable. Tables are wood or

plastic laminate. Seats are ergonomically molded.

Cedilla. Architecturally beautiful. Infinitely flexible. Highly functional. We know of only one other system that compares: The Nikko Group. Also from Tuohy.

Design by Daniel Cramer. For information, 800-533-1696.

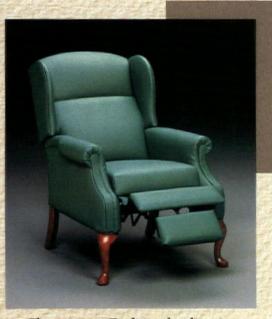


Standard floor locks on all Premise beds engage at any bed height to ensure stability.

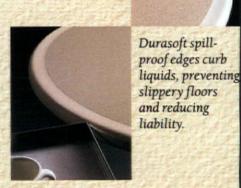




Premise offers the most logical bed solution. Manual or electric.



Three position Traditional recliner is orthopedically correct for lumbar and cervical support and is designed to prevent liquid entrapment.



and reducing

Durasoft's impactresistant material "gives" upon contact.

Residential design options meet your color, durability, and safety needs.



Circle 5 on reader service card

Kimball Healthcare. All the comforts of home.

Your residents want the place they live to feel like home. So the furniture that you provide has to be comfortable and stylish as well as functional.

Kimball Healthcare. Furniture that's perfect for resident rooms, lobbies and lounges, offices and recreation rooms. Seating, casegoods, beds and tables, designed specifically for the resident's needs and built to meet BIFMA (Business and Institutional Furniture Manufacturer's Association) standards.

And Kimball provides the strongest quickship program in the industry, assuring ontime delivery and quick service.

Kimball Healthcare. Helping people feel at home.





Contemporary lounge offers open and closed arm models with removable cushions for easy cleaning.



Concealed incontinence system collects liquids for easy clean up.



Traditionally styled Queen Anne furniture is designed for easy cleaning and vinyl models feature a standard incontinence system.



The versatile 2800 Series includes the open arm/back model that prevents liquid entrapment.

althoare

1600 Royal Street • Jasper, Indiana 47549 • 800-482-1616 • Canada 800-635-5812

EDITORIAL

Those Exotic Machines in Your Client's Offices

Anyone who happened to follow two little old ladies down a supermarket aisle in Manhattan at the end of January would have learned about a commodity having little in common with the price of groceries.

"I understand Israel is being defended with American Patriot missiles," one said. "Would you believe each one costs \$600.000?"

"So much?" the other replied. "But I hear they can shoot down those terrible Iraqi Scud missiles."

Our nation is understandably preoccupied with military hardware while war rages in the Middle East. However, as United Nations forces have discovered, machines don't resolve problems. People do. The point was eloquently made

at Designer's Saturday 1990, when Ralph Caplan, design consultant and critic, and Duncan Sutherland, vice president and chief technolgy officer of industrial designer Fitch Richardson Smith, raised the question of why people occupy offices—"power" spaces filled with furniture, computers, copiers and telephones—at all.

What Caplan suggested is that white-collar work places are created to satisfy other agendas than those imposed by data processing equipment, administrative procedures or a deep-seated urge to work in rooms equipped with desks and chairs. The office is seldom a matter of life and death; it

certainly is not meant to spare us from serious occupational hazards lurking around outside.

Are interior designers and architects of offices truly aware of what they are creating? Suppose offices were described in the following terms? A place to hang out; circumstantial evidence that we are busy; a statement about who "we" the individual and/or organization are; a career in itself; a therapeutic workshop whose self-contained tasks give job satisfaction in themselves; turf to be displayed and defended; a paradox of paperless information that swiftly

converts into reams of paper; a theater for psychodrama; or an environmental design for working and tinkering?

Sutherland called for work to be "decoupled" from its work space to see how the relationship genuinely functions. He has an interesting point: The factory arose at the dawn of the industrial age to coerce Europe's 18th-century agrarian population to observe a work regimen, because employers wanted greater control over employees, who were previously taking piece work home. Control, according to Sutherland, rather than technology, was the driving force behind the work place.

He went on to say that there is nothing inevitable about the way we work today, from the location of the

office and its physical form to the way work is conducted within its confines. Even the hours that most people work, toiling inside technologically controlled environments far removed from the agrarian world of sunrise, sunset, the elements and the seasons, are manmade. The office is not a sacred object to be held above scrutiny.

So what does society want of designers as we approach the 21st century? In the mid-1980s, the years when computers conquered America's drafting rooms, designers became obsessed about creating the Office of the Future. Since they had no more clairvoyance than

anyone else, their deliberations tended to focus on hardware and software. A satellite dish for every man and woman, right beside the desk, and so forth. Seldom did anyone ponder what people in the year 2000 were supposed to do on the job.

The tragedy in the Middle East is but another reminder that designers cannot go wrong if they concentrate on understanding the 21st-century needs of the most complicated piece of equipment we will always be asked to accommodate—people.



Rogertjee

Roger Yee Editor-in-Chief



Customers worldwide have turned Du Pont discoveries into something special.



The National Medal of Technology

Pioneering work in polymers recently earned Du Pont the top U.S. honor for

technology.

The National Medal of Technology cites Du Pont materials that make a difference. Polymers that help people innovate, manufacture, bring quality and performance to so many of today's products.

We share this medal with customers worldwide. Your vision, ideas, and products for better living continue to

drive us.

Once again, working with you has turned into something special. We thank you.

Du Pont polymers include TEFLON® and TEFZEL® fluoropolymers/engineering plastics such as DELRIN® acetal, RYNITE® thermoplastic polyester, and ZYTEL® nylon resins/NEOPRENE and HYPALON® synthetic rubbers/HYTREL® and other thermoplastic elastomers/MYLAR® and KAPTON® films/KEVLAR® and NOMEX® aramid fibers/VITON® fluoroelastomers/KALREZ® perfluoroelastomer parts/VESPEL® polyimide parts/acrylics/and ethylene copolymers.



Polymers

Circle 22 on reader service card

TRENDS

Welcome to WestWeek 91

-Explorations:

commerce, Culture and

Design in the

nternational Marketplace

os Angeles - International design oesn't sound like a cliche if you appen to be a New York architect pending much of your time with evelopers in Singapore, a Chicago esigner holding serious discussions



with restaurateurs in Osaka, or a San Francisco architect helping to create France's own version of Silicon Valley. WestWeek 91 at the Pacific Design Center (PDC), Los Angeles, will bring many of the key players in this transoceanic exchange of people, ideas and products to meet the design community this March 19-22, 1991. Designers planning to attend can contact the PDC at (213) 657-0800 for further information. Highlights of WestWeek 91 follow.

WestWeek 91 will be held March 19-22, at the Pacific Design Center (left), designed by architect Cesar Pelli; Photograph by Joe C. Aker.

SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

JESDAY, IARCH 19

00 pm

D Calibre Awards and Dinner esigners honor fellow proct team members at the entury Plaza.

EDNESDAY, ARCH 20

00 am-8:00 pm **C Showrooms** en for WestWeek.

30 am-11:00 am
3 Angeles:
2 New Aesthetic Goes Global
is Lambert moderates a
nel including R. Scott
hnson, AIA, Dr. Earl A.
well, III and Lorraine

80 pm-4:00 pm taphors, International Zeitgeist Kurt W. Forster leads a cussion with Richard Meier, Aldo Rossi, Denise Scott Brown and Robert Venturi.

6:00 pm-6:15 pm Best of WestWeek Awards ASID, Contract Design and Designer/Specifier.

6:30 pm-8:00 pm The New Internationalism in the Arts

Sherry Rabinowitz and others participate in a talk with David Rosenboom.

7:00 pm-10:00 pm LAlive!

Fund raiser for Design Alliance to Combat AIDS. For information and reservations call DACA (213) 652-6601.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21

8:00 am-5:00 pm Facility Managers Day Sponsored by the International Facility Managers Association (IFMA).

9:00 am-8:00 pm PDC Showrooms Open for WestWeek.

8:00 am-9:00 am **Quality in the Workplace** IFMA keynote address by William A. Hogg.

9:30 am-11:00 am Pacific Rim: Breaking Tradition, Shaping New Business Opportunities

A group moderated by Linda Sherman includes Les Hamasaki, David C. Martin and Edwin M. Reingold.

11:00 am-11:30 am Facilities Management Certification Update Arthur P. Hahn speaks,

12:30 noon-1:30 pm Certified Interior Designer: The New Law and How It Will Affect You Panelists Norma Clark, Jhan Livingston, Neil Metal, Rayne Sherman, Robin Webster, Greg Ziol talk with moderator Walton Brown.

2:00 pm-3:30 pm The Color Payoff Carol Soucek King considers the topic with Andrew

the topic with Andrew Belschner, Leatrice Eioseman, Gere Kavanaugh, Dr. Nancy Kwallek and Peter Shire.

4:00 pm-5:00 pm lcebergs, Creativity and the Future of Work into the 1990s David P. Lathrop speaks.

4:00 pm-5:30 pm New Upholstered Furniture Standards

Stephen D. Channer meets with Gordon Damant and Susan Perry.

5:00 pm-8:00 pm Showrooms WestWeek receptions.

FRIDAY, MARCH 22

9:00 am-5:00 pm PDC Showrooms Open for WestWeek.

9:30 am-11:00 am
Designing Today for
Tomorrow's Environment
David R. Brown hosts Tom
Newhouse, Antoine Predock
and Katherine Spitz.

9:30 am-1:30 pm Student Conference on Design The ASID, AIA, ISID and IBD organize discussions on design careers.

11:30 am-1:00 pm The Life of Lifestyles Li Edelkoort speaks.

2:30 pm-4:00 pm International Design: Los Angeles Style Paige Rense condu

Paige Rense conducts a talk with Val Arnold, Steve Chase, Sally Sirkin Lewis, Mimi London and Craig Wright.

TRENDS

ASID Rides the Shuttle

Washington, D.C. - The American Society of Interior Designers (ASID) has relocated its national headquarters from New York, the nation's business center, to Washington, the nation's capital. Its new home is within a three-story Georgian-style building on Capitol Hill.

ASID's national board reached the decision to move following a three-year study conducted by an ASID task force. After conducting a comprehensive socio-economic analysis of the merits of various possible location sites, the task force selected Washington for its ability to promote legislative initiatives. The cost of doing business in

the capital, considerably lower than those in its previous headquarters city, was an additional incentive.

New address: 608 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Washington, DC 20002, telephone (202) 546-3480.

Herman Miller Sells Helikon

Zeeland, Mich. - Herman Miller agreed to sell the operations of the Helikon Furniture Company, a high-end producer of contract casegoods based in Taftville, Conn., to Pittsburgh investor Michael P. Carlow, who also recently acquired control of the Kittinger Company, a 125-year-old fine cabinetmaker specializing in

furniture in historic styles and historic reproductions.

Product lines produced by the Taftville factory and included in the transaction will continue to be available through Herman Miller dealers.

Helikon's capacity for building medium- and lower-end wood casegoods, based largely in Sanford, N.C., will remain part of Herman Miller's operations.

Design Firm Salaries to Increase

Oklahoma City - The 1991 Salary Survey by Financial Man-agers' Group (FMG), the national association of financial managers in the design profession, indicates that salary increases for design firms will be slightly less in 1991 than those experienced in the previous year—being 5.9% in 1991 versus 6.0% in 1990. Of 20 cities analyzed, 14 project an equal or lower increase by percentage. Regions projecting higher salary increases include the upper Midwest and central Southwest.

A sampling of average 1991 estimated salary increases among the 20 cities that were analyed might include: Atlanta, 5.1%; Boston, 6.0%; Chicago, 5.9%; Houston, 6.0%; Los Angeles, 8.3%; New York, 5.5%; and San Francisco, 7.3%.

A complete copy of the report can be obtained from Michael Sturdivan, executive director of FMG, at (405) 848-1111 for \$95.

Commissions and Awards

Two of Boston's prominent historic sites, Faneuil Hall and the Old State House, will be restored by architect Goody, Clancy & Associates, Boston, and general contractor A.J. Martini, Malden, Mass.

O'Keefe Ashenden Lyons & Ward has retained Swanke Hayden Connell Architects/Chicago to design its law offices at 30 North LaSalle, Chicago.

A commission has been awarded to Image Design, Marietta, Ga., by Howard Hughes Properties and TPC for the TPC Summerlin Clubhouse, Las Vegas, Nev.

The renovation of the Hyatt Regency, Houston, is being assigned to Index The Design Firm, Houston.

M.K. Macaluso and Associates has been given the 1990 Building Award for Excellence from the Queens County (New York) Builders and Contractors for Myrtle Motors in Maspeth, N.Y.

Fitch RichardsonSmith, a design consultancy, and Robert G. Lyon Associates, a retail architecture firm, have formed a consulting alliance, already resulting in the development of a retail prototype store for Rand McNally.

J.T. Nakaoka Associates Architects. Los Angeles, is adapting a design prototype for Cartier in Ala Moana Shopping Center in Honolulu, and unveiling a design prototype for U.S. Shoe's Easy Spirit store at North East Mall in Hurst, Texas, near Dallas.

Commercial real estate firm Maurice Gelina & Associates, Miami, has retained Al-Five, Inc., Philadelphia, to design its offices.

Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry awarded its Good Product Design Award to Karimoku Corp. of Japan and Davis Furniture Industries for the Motion Chair designed by Burkhard Vogtherr and engineered by Manfred Elzenbeck.

The Hilton Inn Gateway Tower, Kissimmee, Fla., has retained the Dolan Partnership, Lauderdale by the Sea, Fla., to design its interiors.

A contract to design new corporate headquarters for American Travelers Corp. in Bensalem Township, Pa., has been granted to Research Planning Associates, Philadelphia.

The new Delta Crown Room Club at Hartsfield Atlanta International Airport, the Atlanta law offices of Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue, and the Southern Operations Headquarters of Apple USA in Atlanta are being designed by **Osgood & Associates**, Atlanta.

McHale, Cook & Welch has commissioned Kasler & Associates, Indianapolis, to design its new Indianapolis offices.

Hendy Associates, Irvine, Calif., has been selected to design interiors for a new campus of Western State University College of Law, Irvine.

People in the News

Richard Stoyles, FCSD, international director of creative design and fore-casting for Milliken and Company, La Grange, Ga., has been named a Fellow of the International Textile Institute.

Adler Group, Birmingham, Mich., has been formed by Deborah M. Christ, Lawrence J. Webster and Catherine M. Caito to specialize in contract interior design and CADD services.

Swanke Hayden Connell Architects, New York and Washington, D.C., recently appointed Amanda Whitaker Frame and Theo H.M. Prudon to principals; Joseph Aliotta, Cynthia Phifer Kracauer, Richard L. Sewell, Ena Lee Sohn and Mark Brna to associates; and Holly Briggs to senior associate. Steven **P. Waehler** has joined the firm as director of business development.

Frank Merlotti Jr. was recently named executive vice president and chief operating officer of San Franciscobased Metropolitan Furniture Corp., a member of the Steelcase Design Partnership.

The staff of Environmental Concern Inc. has joined with WMFL P.S., Architects and Engineers to form Integrus Architecture, Spokane and Seattle, under George Nachtsheim, president.

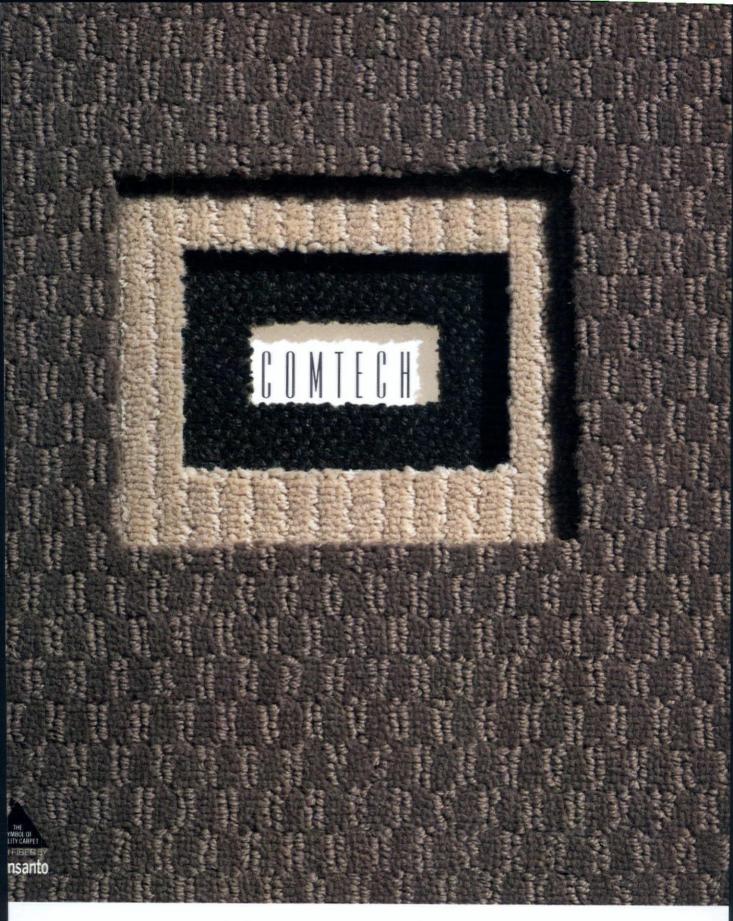
Andrzej Duljas was recently promoted to director of design for Koch + Lowy, New York.

Eli Attia Architects, New York, recently appointed **Lynda Tepperman** as chief operating officer.

The Samsonite Furniture Co., Murfreesboro, Tenn., has announced the appointment of **Bill Echols** as president.

Copeland Novak Israel and Simmons, P.C. Architects, New York, has appointed **Daniel J. Barteluce** as senior vice president.

Lori A. Wegman has been promoted to vice president and design principal



e company created to bring you the latest advances arpet technology and aesthetics.

vision of DURKAN, America's premier patterned carpet maker. 33, Dalton, GA 30722 WATS: 800-241-4580 FAX: 404-226-0360 Commercial Technology for the 21st century

AN IMPRESSIONABLE ARRANGEMENT



For more information on our full line of seating, call or write United Chair, P.O. Box 96, Leeds, AL 35094, (205) 699-5181, or visit the showroom nearest you. Atlanta (40 Chicago (312) 670-2397 Los Angeles (213) 854-5835 San Francisco (415) 552-1585 Seattle (206) 762-3200.



The arrangement we have with our customers is alive and well. And it makes a great impression. It's simple.

All of our chairs are fairly priced. All are backed by a 12-year guarantee.

And all can be delivered in no more than 4-5 weeks.

united chair

Value and Delivery That's Our Seating Arrangement.

Circle 9 on reader service card

760-8467 Boston (617) 338-8844 New York (718) 361-5488 Philadelphia (215) 728-6016

TRENDS

at Space Design International, an architectural firm in Cincinnati, Los Angeles and New York.

Two International Facility Management Association/Gensler & Associates Scholarships were recently presented to Amy McAllister, an undergraduate at Grand Valley State University, Allendale, Mich., and James Powers, a graduate student at Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.

Albert Kahn Associates, Detroit, has named the following as senior associates: Donald Bauman, Keith Japowicz, Elloitt Krieger, George LaFontant, Peter Lynde, Alfonzo McClinton, William O'Donohue, Julie Sinnott, Ernest Yonkers.

Karen Bialy was recently promoted to associate of Osgood & Associates, an interior design firm in Atlanta. Ewing Cole Cherry Parsky, an architecture firm in Philadelphia, has appointed Thomas A. Appelquist director of design.

Coming Events

March 5-7: Lightfair, sponsored by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) and the International Association of Lighting Designers (IALD), Chicago; (301) 662-9386.

March 12: Color Day, sponsored by Contract Design, IDCNY, New York; (718) 937-7474.

March 14-19: Furnidec '91, International Exhibition of Furniture, Decoration, Lighting Fixtures, Equipment and Machinery, Thessaloniki, Greece; (031) 239-221.

March 27-28: Presentations Northwest 91, Design Center Northwest, Seattle; (206) 762-1200.

April 3-5: American Design Drafting Association 32nd Annual Convention, Wyndham Paradise Valley Resort, Scottsdale, Ariz; (301) 460-6875.

April 5-7: Restaurant Hotel International Design Exposition Conference (RHIDEC), Los Angeles Convention Center, Los Angeles; (212) 391-9111.

April 11: Preview of International Design Conference in Aspen, IDCNY, New York; (718) 937-7474.

April 24-25: Specifix3—Partners in Design, Architecture and Contract Interior Design Symposium, Washington Design Center; (202) 554-5053.

April 25-27: Surfaces, Western Floor Govering Association, Las Vegas Convention Center, Las Vegas; (213) 926-5861.

April 25-29: Artexpo, Jacob K. Javits Center, New York; (800) 331-5706.

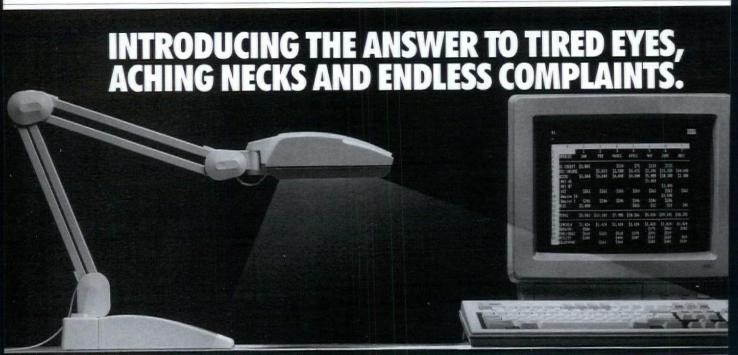
May 7-10: A/E/C Systems 91, 12th Computer and Management Show for the Design and Construction Industry, Washington Convention Center, Washington, D.C.; (800) 451-1196.

May 16-19: International Architecture Book Fair, American Institute of Architects (AIA) National Convention and AIA Expo, Washington Convention Center, Washington, D.C.; (202) 626-7395.

May 19-22: International Contemporary Furniture Fair, Jacob K. Javits Center, New York; (212) 686-6070.

16 CONTRACT DESIGN

FEBRUARY 1991



LUXO ASYMMETRIC TASK LIGHTS.

Much of the lighting for today's offices is a disaster. So much light is provided for keyboards and desks that computer screens are washed-out and obscured with glare. Productivity decreases, complaints increase.

Luxo solves the problem

with a breakthrough lighting technology—asymmetric task lights. These new
task lights use computerdesigned reflectors that
sharply cut off the light to
prevent wash-out and glare,
and compact fluorescent
lamps for ample illumination.

Light spreads across a wide area. Lamp heads can be placed outside of the work area. Desks and keyboards are well lit; corputer screens aren't. Call: 1-800-222-LUXO (In NY) 914-937-4433

Available in 13W, 18W and 24W lamping. Mounts walls, inclined surfaces or with Space Saver Rail

laharam/VerticalSurfaces is consoring a series of 5-kiloneter walks: To create greater wareness of environmental sues that concern us all... To enefit the Natural Resources befense Council (NRDC), a nonrofit organization of scientists and lawyers working to preserve and enhance our environment and, public health... To encourage the active participation of indiduals within the architectural and design communities.

os Angeles/Westweek: larch 22 at 8 am

hicago/Neocon: ine II at 8 am

lew York/Designer's aturday: ctober 12 at 8 am

ake steps with us! Sign up ow for your registration kit. r contact your local laharam/VerticalSurfaces epresentative for more formation. Registration fee: 15 (tax deductible)

laharam\Vertical Surfaces

VR YF

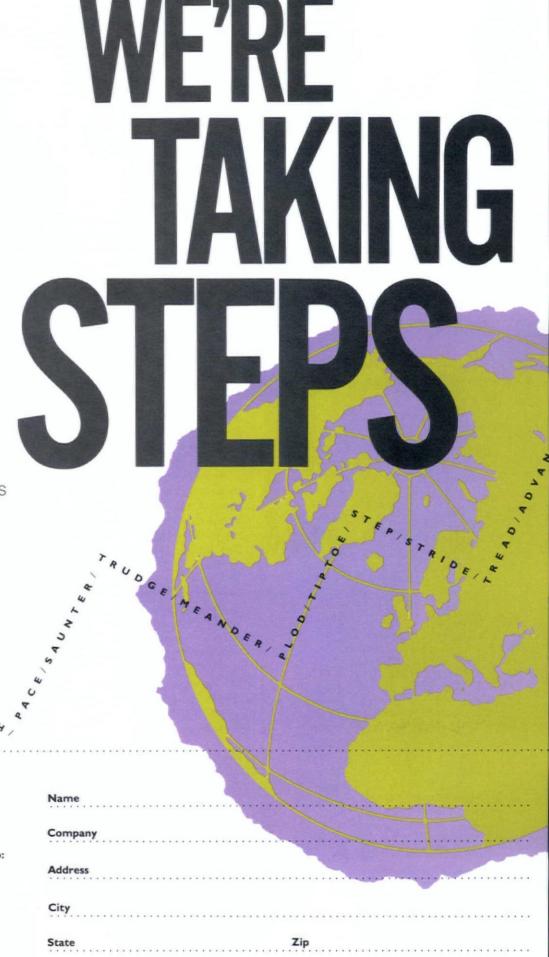
atural Resources efense Council

cle 11 on reader service card

FLE PRANCE LURCH

n me up for the Los Angeles
estweek March 22 Walk and
eakfast at the Pacific Design
nter. I've enclosed my \$15.00 tax
ductible registration fee payable to:
tural Resources Defense Council
D Maharam/Vertical Surfaces
Box 6900 Rasons Court
uppauge, New York II788-9976
ention: Barbara Skelly

adline for registration of stweek Walk: March I, 1991



M

L

XL _

S

T-Shirt Size

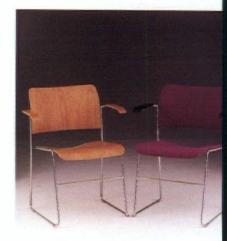
MARKETPLACE

THE WEST AT WESTWEEK '91



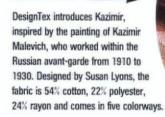
The 40/4 stacking chair by GF Office Furniture will be introduced in a new arm chair version at WestWeek. The new model with arms will also stack and will be available in fabric, painted steel and wood versions.

Circle No. 205



WestWeek will provide the setting for the unveiling of a new KnollStudio seating line, the de Armas Collection. Designed by award-winning architect Raul de Armas of Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, the chair was created with fundamental architectural principles in mind. Horizontal back ribs and vertical stiles and legs form a strict geometrical composition that is offset by the curve of a U-shaped seat.

Circle No. 212



Circle No. 203



The Zones seating system by Hayes is comprised of three key elements: the seat, the arm and the J-shaped base. By manipulating these three components, Zones is expanded into 11 different seating pieces. Single chairs are convertible to multiple seating units; seven standard wood finishes, special finishes and over 400 standard fabrics are available.

Circle No. 211



Executive Office Concepts has expanded its Axiom furniture line to include modular systems componentry create coordinating wall systems. Classic beveled hardwood edge detailing, a choice of 15 wood finishes and a host of options and accessories distinguish the li



the Art Deco era. The table is available in exotic veneers in custom sizes, shown here in Bubinga veneer with black lacquer disc and end-cap details.

Circle No. 210

Taylor Chair will debut its Versa Seating Group, designed by Robert/Bernard Associates, at WestWeek. Versa features a pleasing form and expresses a straightforward design approach to cost-effective seating. The group includes models for swivel/tilt, pull-up guest, multiple and ganged seating applications. Variations of back, arm and leg or sled base styles are offered.

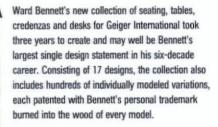
Circle No. 215



Brian Kane designed Metropolitan's new Berkeley Collection swivel chair seating line, combining fine

upholstery detailing with the comfort of well engineered, ergonomic seating. The complete family of seven chairs ranges from administrative to executive high-back versions, with upholstery details increasing in sophistication in accordance with the scale and hierarchy of each chair.

Circle No. 201



Circle No. 207





Bentley Mills, Inc., introduces the "Firenze Premiere Collection," with Velv-A-Weave cut and loop-pile patterns, including leaf forms and geometrics of backgrounds of stripes, checks or grids. These tone-on-tone patterns are offered in the new "King's Road Premiere Editions" in 49 colorways and in custom colors as well.

MARKETPLACE

WINTER ALL COULD BE CALIFORNIA TRADE SHO

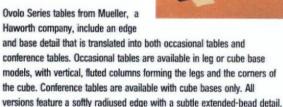




Inspired by Frank Lloyd Wright's experimentation with ornamentation for interiors, Arc-Com's new coordinated cotton/rayon tapestry collection is offered in 16 colorways. Named for the Wright houses from which they were inspired, the collection includes Winslow and Fallingwater.

Soviet Architect Lazar Markovich Lissitzky designed the Machine Rug #1232 in 1920, and Palazzetti brings it to America this WestWeek. The 100% wool rug is manufactured by Gruber Design in Germany and is intended for high-traffic areas.

Circle No. 202



Circle No. 213







Parade!, a Steelcase stacking chair, serves well as a side chair, thanks clean lines and quality materials. Bo durable and lightweight, Parade! is available in a variety of upholstery fabrics and frame and shell finishes.

Circle No. 208

Fixtures Furniture's discovery seating collection has been expanded to include which introduces new styling in an inte sculptured concept. The support mecha allows static posture settings in the hor and forward tilt positions and comforta firmly supported flow through infinite dy motion positions.

MULTI PURPOSE ROOM

PROBLEM:



SOLUTION:

9:00 AM. Executive Conference.
11:00 AM. Break out session.
2:00 PM. Shareholders meeting auditorium style.
All in the same room? With one inflexible table?
Impossible! Until Howe.
Now Howe's Alliance system of interchangeable, flexible interlocking components can reshape the table, instantly. A la carte. Howe smart.







BROADLOOM CARPET DESIGNED FOR HEAVY TRAFFIC

To be plush and attractive on the surface yet resilient and tough within sounds like a character sketch for a movie heroine of the 1990s, but it is also the daily mission of broadloom carpet for such heavy traffic uses as hotels, restaurants, theaters, convention centers and transportation terminals. The wear and tear of continuous use in commercial and institutional facilities imposes extreme demands on broadloom. Among the punishments regularly endured are: abrasion, compression, soiling, staining, discoloration, cigarette burns, spilling and static electricity. Broadloom carpet designed to withstand this assault typically comes in textured loop or cut pile construction, and the best examples make survival under heavy traffic look incredulously easy.

SCALAMANDRÉ

Guest Room, part of Scalamandré's Transformation Collection, is made of Allied's Anso IV Fiber Yarn and features a high degree of resiliency. Guest Room's multi-colored yarn in tweed style camouflages stains and soil. Its 12 vivid geometric colorations are coordinated with 29 solid cut pile colors from Invitation carpet, also part of the Transformation Collection. Invitation has a permanent built-in soil, stain and static wear protection.

Circle No. 223



DURKAN PATTERNED CARPET

Durkan's Petit Point Floral paradise is textured loop engineered to perform in the highest traffic areas.

Circle No. 229



BASF/MOHAWK CARPET

Utilizing BASF Zeftron nylon, Rocky solution-dyed loop texture from Moh features a distinct multicolor effect offers a luminescent visual effect. Avail in a spectrum of 13 lively colors, Rockpo a heavy duty, Class III commercial ca that is colorfast and has static control into the fiber.

Circle No. 231



LEES COMMERCIAL CARPE

Pebbleweave from Lees Commercial Car combines a subtle textured loop construction with the Unibound Bac System, which is ideal for heavily trav areas. The carpet retains its appeara despite heavy traffic. It is available in colors in both broadloom and modular st



MASLAND CARPETS

Masland's Nova Series of three patterns and one solid color style coordinate and interchange in a variety of ways. The small scale patterns feature enhanced yarn textures achieved through advanced technology in graphics tufting. The series is made of 100% solution dyed heatset Marquesa Lana ST with Scotchgard. Its heavy denier 42 oz., 1/10 gauge construction is recommended for heavy commercial traffic applications.

Circle No. 220



THE HARBINGER COMPANY

Kenton and Winslow, two Harbinger loop pile products in Antron Precedent nylon, were designed for projects where performance and styling are of the utmost performance. Featuring coordinating patterns in a textured loop construction, both products are available in a range of colors with no minimum yardage requirement.

Circle No. 225



MILLIKEN HOSPITALITY

Persian Panel is a new design offered as part of Milliken Hospitality's Grand Plaza Collection, which uses 36 in. square carpet tiles to create large bordered areas in large open spaces. The completed effect is a dramatic presentation of wall to wall design and color with the look of broadloom and the utility of carpet squares. Construction is for extreme traffic areas.

Circle No. 224



allied fibers/J & J IND.

Mainstreet, from J & J Industries, is made from Allied Fibers Anso IV HP Nylon. The neathered, level-loop quality offers superior resilience and appearance retention in addition to permanent, built-in soil, wear and static protection.

Circle No. 227



MONSANTO/BENTLEY MILLS

Monsanto Contract Fibers' FiberSet represents a new dimension in the Ultron 3D fiber system. FiberSet combines with other Ultron 3D yarns to create exciting textures. Charing Cross by Bentley Mills is well suited to meet the specific needs of high traffic commercial areas where carpeting must have outstanding durability, aesthetic appeal and appearance retention.

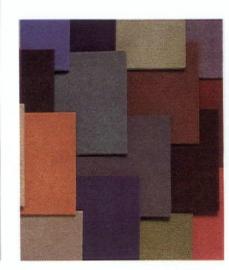
Circle No. 228



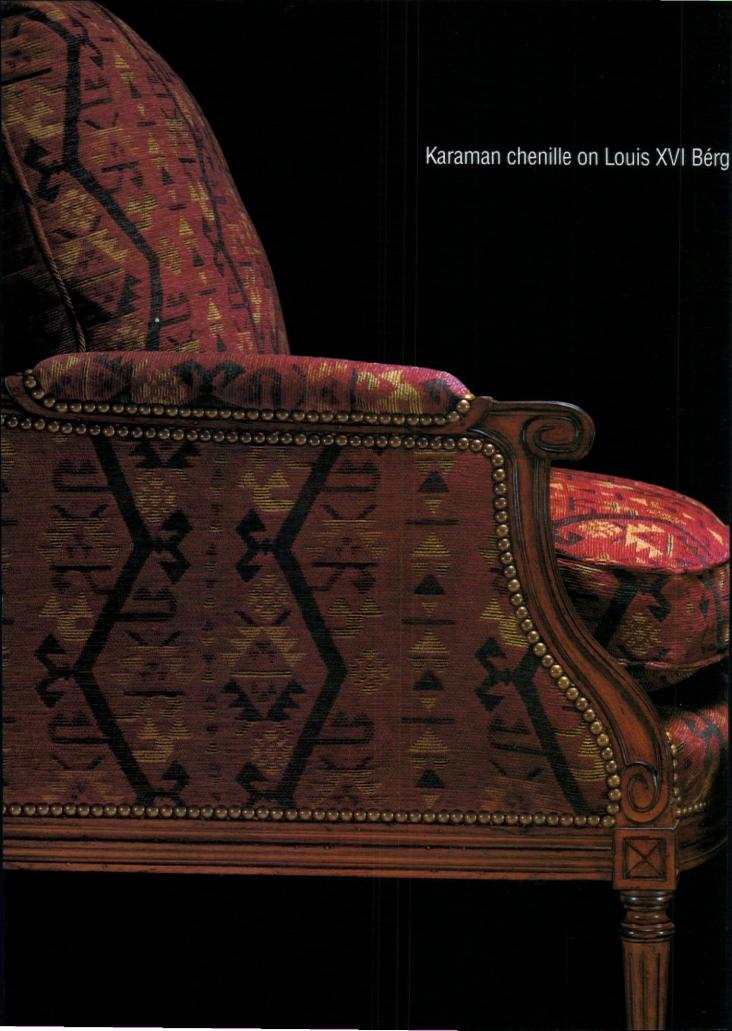
DESIGNWEAVE

Designweave's Westbridge cut pile commercial carpet collection is characterized by 25 deep, rich colors including jewel tones, primary and neutral shades that offer a schematic array for design flexibility. Westbridge is constructed of 100% du Pont Antron continuous filament nylon, with superb appearance retention characteristics, static control and soil hiding properties.

Circle No. 221



EBRUARY 1991





Davis Allen's new Meetinghouse chair (below) is available in a number of standard HBF hand-rubbed lacquers a well as special finishes. The classic, Shaker-inspired design integrates delig scale and comfortable proportions in a way that our Shaker forefathers might never have imagined.

Taste and Imagination With No Fuss

Davis Allen's new
Meetinghouse
chair series for
Hickory Business
Furniture might
seem innocently
familiar to
Shaker furniture
makers—until they
come up closer
and sit down

By Jean Godfrey-June



ven before Davis Allen revealed the Shaker inspiration behind his new Meetinghouse chair, Hickory Business Furniture (HBF) independently came up with the name. Allen, recently honored by the monograph, Davis Allen, Forty Years of Interior Design at Skidmore Owings & Merrill, written by Maeve Slavin and published by Rizzoli, served as senior interior designer for over 50 SOM projects from 1950 to 1990. Since 1985. Allen has consulted with Carol Groh & Associates on a number of furniture design projects, including his latest, the chair for HBF.

The clean lines and simple forms of Meetinghouse are nothing new for Allen, who says he began to eliminate superfluous elements from his design early in his career. "At that time," he observes, "I was dealing with buildings of enormous size. I worked very hard at simplifying them." How well he succeeded has been appraised by the legendary

SOM design partner Gordon Bunshaft, who once remarked, "There is no question that Davis Allen is the best there is. He has natural taste and the imagination to create some wonderful things and without much fuss."

While Allen admired the simplicity in such American design traditions as Shaker, he evolved a concept of total design involving space, furniture, art work and decorative objects while traveling around the world. "What struck me most was the integration of the arts that many other countries, particularly the Scandanavian countries, had achieved," he admits. "I have strived throughout my career to achieve the same unity of spirit in my work."

Intrigued by what he calls "the American point of view," Allen has designed a number of Shaker-inspired pieces over the years; he even owns several Shaker originals himself. However, the idea of creating a ladderback chair was new for him.

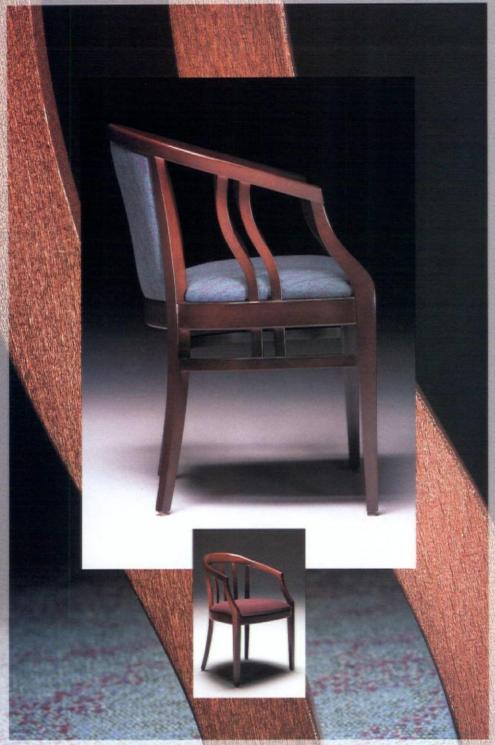
Chris Plasman, president of recalls: "We had talked cas about collaborating with Davi about 12 months. Then he car us with the drawings." The Mechouse chair turned out to be what HBF was looking for: a designed, lower-priced side of "It's lightly scaled yet genero dimension," Plasman adds.

Though inspired by the utility simplicity of Early American Shaker ladderback chairs, Aller emphasized comfort over the Puritanical aspects of the ch heritage. The lightly-scaled n pull-up chair is offered in stan HBF hand-rubbed lacquers as as special finishes. Wooden slats arms may be upholstered in (leather or HBF textile or unadorned. The finials can colored to suit any design. A n step finishing ensures the dura and resiliency required for longcontract use.

Plasman believes designers more enthusiastic about "Amer design than before, thanks to residential furnishings mai "Mission, Shaker, Arts and Cra he notes, "have all come on stro the residential market, heighte awareness of these styles ar consumers, designers and con clients alike." If the Meetingh chair is perceived to work eq well in residential and cont situations, as Davis believes, c over sales will undoubtedly th "So far," says Plasman, "we've it go into hospitality, office meeting rooms."

Will there be a sequel to HBF/Davis Allen collaboration? impossible to be in the design and not recognize Mr. Al contribution," states Plasman. are continuing to explore roptions with him." In working w designer who can conceive any from a single chair to an elbuilding, HBF had better be prepared.

C E L L I N I



Introducing the Cellini Group by Falcon.
Two elegant chairs, available in your choice of six standard wood finishes or custom colors to your specifications. A new addition to the Flight Collection by Falcon.



For complete information contact Kelley Green at 1-800-873-3252. 9387 Dielman Industrial Drive, St. Louis, MO 63132

Romancing the Strong

Health care makes
demands on fabrics
that are never
encountered
anywhere else, as
Maharam has
learned in rolling out
Duratex 5

By Jean Godfrey-June

The new face of health care: Damasks, ethnic stripes, dobbies, jacquards and even an ikat-inspired style imbue Maharam's Duratex 5 line (above) with an unprecedented sense of design. The collection's 12 color families are more saturated than before, reflecting the overall contract trend.

ealth care has long been discriminated against in terms of fabric design," says Kathleen Tunnell, director of design for Maharam. Traditionally more substance than style, the health care fabric market has tended toward the super-bright or the sticky-sweet, partly because of technical constraints, partly for universal appeal. Now many physical roadblocks have been removed, leaving designer's stereo-



Duratex 5 conveys that excite-

ment in Volume 2, a 100-unit

collection of varn-dved, multi-

colored fabrics which coordinate

with Volume 1, 48 units of piece-

dyed fabrics. Clear, more saturated

colors, textural effects, bolder

patterns and more intricate detail

all reflect the larger contract

market's interest in deeper tones

and tapestry-inspired fabrics.

Everything from a large-scale



types about what health care fabric "should" look like—which Tunnell hopes to change with Maharam's Duratex 5 collection.

"People tend to think of health care colors and styles as pastel and feminine." points out Tunnell, "completely ignoring the needs of say, a Veterans Administration hospital." Fabric strong on performance but weak in design doesn't belong in a hospital's VIP suite. The perfect fabric for a children's hospital would look ridiculous in a detoxification facility. "Today the market has become far more sophisticated and very exciting," says Tunnell.

inspired print comes in a proprietary 100% F/R Trevira[®], which passes all flammability tests and is inherently flame-retardant.

What results is attractive—and tough. Designed not only for cubicle and drapery fabric, but bedspreads as well, Duratex 5 can pass the Weizenbeig test. Every fabric in the collection is constructed so that it can withstand regular washing at 160 to 180 degrees Fahrenheit, killing bacteria while maintaining colorfastness and non-shrinkage. The collection also coordinates with Maharam's upholstery collection, along with Tek-Wall and Vivanti

polyolefin wallcoverings, which anti-microbial by nature.

(Tek-Wall, which canno ripped, is a durable option to a and vinyl on hospital hallw where gurneys crash into walls colors coordinate with the Dur collections.)

In addition, Maharam addressed the health care indus problem with textural fabrics, S slubs of fiber have tended to on bedspreads or other prod that are washed or han regularly, Duratex 5 is text subtly, relying on a proprie heathered Trevira filling yarn. U Trevira also adds depth and so the shininess in the fabric f more natural look.

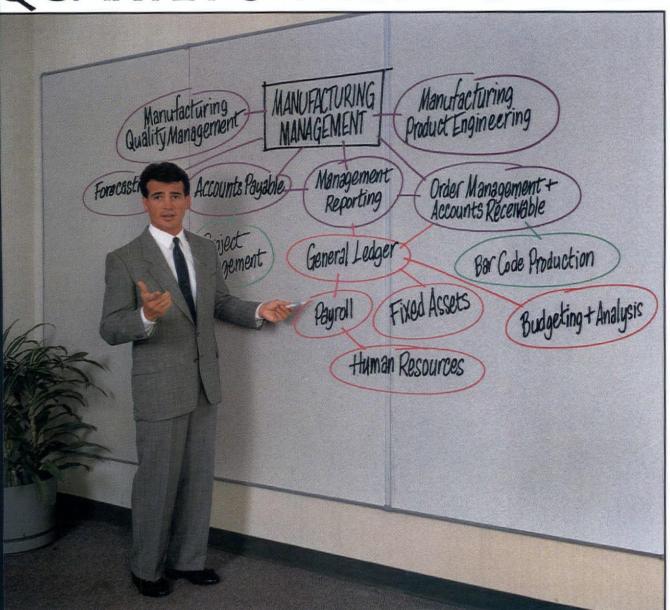
Maharam has established collection with 10 color fami "Within each family there's an of coordination," Tunnell expl. "with different pattern scales price points to allow flexibil She points out that color codi extremely important for orients or way-finding within health facilities. "It's easier to someone to 'look for the blue f than to give lots of complic directions in a tense situati says Tunnell.

Color also influences patic moods and even doctors' diagno Too much yellow, for instance, n make the patient look jaundi Some colors soothe while ot stimulate. "You have to stri balance," says Tunnell. "You wa to be interesting but not thr ening, healing but not boring."

By the same token, s patterns are more suited to pa ular health care situations others. "For instance, in facil where people are on a lo medications," Tunnell contin "you don't want patterns that n appear to move too much. I tr build in irregularity so it'l interesting, but to keep some of so patients can find somet stable within it." She emphas that more research is needecolor for health care environm and its effect on patients.

Ultimately, of course, get designers excited about health textiles is not enough. "The end is the most important," Tur asserts. "You have to think of would make someone feel better health care situation. You're hel to heal someone, if you do it ri, Maharam appears to have prep a highly effective prescriptio Duratex 5.

QUARTET'S WRITING WALL"



ransforms your walls into productive work space

iting Wall is a system of modular dry-erase writing panels it fit together to create a large, custom-sized, writing sure. Even the panel-to-panel joiners can be written on. The fult is an expanse of continuous writing area which is conporary in design and function.

e writing surface is porcelain enamel on steel and proes the ultimate writing and erasing surface. It is steel cked for magnetic accessories and also serves as a jection screen. The frame is finished in tones complentary to the soft grey writing surface. Installation is easy. Writing Wall panels are 4' W x 7' H and can be assembled into a two-panel, three-panel, four-panel, or even larger system. With its unique method for level and plumb alignment, the Writing Wall panels mount securely and quickly to the wall. Since the system compensates for any irregularities in the mounting wall surface, the result is a perfect installation. Quartet's Writing Wall. A great new concept for a productive work environment.





QUARTET

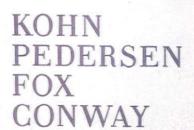
LEADERS IN THE WORLD OF VISUAL COMMUNICATION PRODUCTS.



YOU ARE WHAT YOU DESIGN

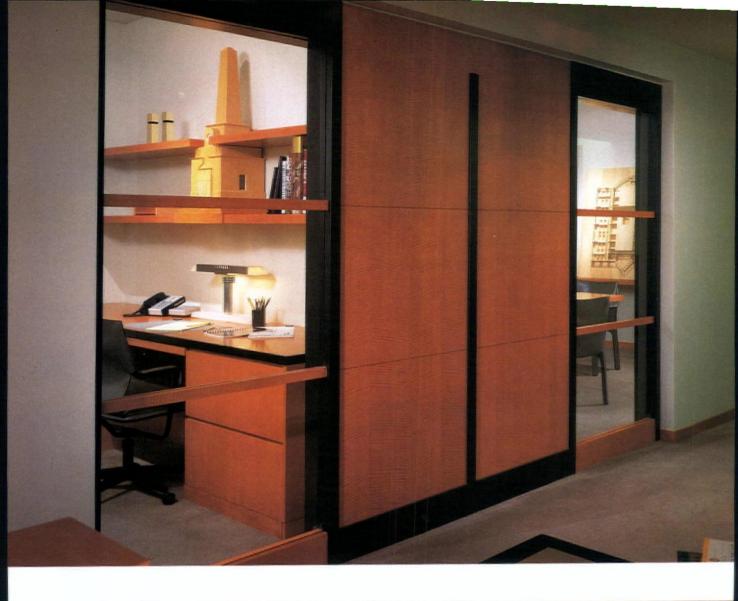
Kohn Pedersen Fox Conway demonstrates what can happen-ideally-when a design firm creates its own offices in New York City

By Laura E. Mayer



Datricia Conway's love of the crafts is immediately evident the moment you step into the new midtown Manhattan offices of the Pedersen Fox Conway (KPFG). The galleryer erception area boasts high-gloss tile flooring, arse, white-washed walls and a small alcove using a custom reception desk of anegre and onized wood supported by a concrete slab leg. I this showcases just two pieces Conway minissioned for the space: Rosanne Somerson's gh-backed chair of bubinga and macassar ony, and James Schriber's wide ebony bench of jewood and macassar.

"We wanted something we could live in." plains design partner Judy Swanson, mething beautiful, comfortable, lasting—not The reception area of KPFC's new space resembles an art gallery with its highly polished tile floor and white walls. The wall containing the small alcove and custom reception desk by associate designer Jarvis Wong is angled across the room and handpainted with wax color pigments. A chair created by craftsperson Rosanne Somerson for the project is highlighted in this space.



"Executive row," housing KPFC's perimeter partners' offices (above), is a study in anegre with black trim. Offices are open with gridded windows and doorless doorways that lead into detailed and personalized spaces. Secretary desks opposite private offices reflect corridor colors and the reception desk.

KPFC's two main studios are designed to resemble the working studio environment of a design school. Designers group into bays of six work stations each (right), separated by custom designed "streetlights." The dry-wall partitions reach 58 in., high enough for privacy yet low enough for team work.



rendy yet affordable." KPFC's design focuses on now the evolution of furniture design has been nvigorated by craft furniture. In conceiving its own space, the firm has drawn on the dual nature of lesign as commerce and craft.

And KPFC's offices are quite spirited indeed. From the classically inspired reception area to project designer Jarvis Wong's highly detailed, high-design and low-cost custom reception desk, conference tables, architectural library shelving, secretarial stations and partner offices, the space sings of remarkable attention to detail. A stone-patterned rectangular rug in the elevator lobby, also designed by the firm, is echoed again in the main conference room's custom table.

In planning offices in this 21,000 sq. ft. space or 92 employees, KPFC's project team created a tudio environment that breaks the floor plan into ineven halves. Designers are grouped into two nain studios, connected by the elevator lobby and a corridor of partner offices, with nine open plantyle bays in the larger studio and six in the smaller. Each bay holds six "team members."

Because the same six people are not always eated in the same bays, the plan encourages a cross-pollination of designers and architects on PFC projects—part of a larger scheme to contain he growing firm in a generous space without preading everyone too far. "We are mentally still a mall firm," Swanson asserts, "and the fact that we have two studios helps us cope." The two tudio idea was also inspired by the building's awkward floor plan," she adds, replete with what Vong calls "little pieces here and there."

But the plan works. The transition from eception area to resource library is particularly mooth. The library itself incorporates a good portion of perimeter windows with an expansive view of midtown Manhattan, including a prized glimpse of Central Park. From there, one can meander through the larger studio and continue down "executive row."

Here again is the sense of order and craft: the 9 ft. long secretary desks are directly opposite the private offices, none of which have doors. Each of the four partners' offices has its own flavor, designed to individual tasks and people. "The offices really reflect each partner's character and personality," Wong says.

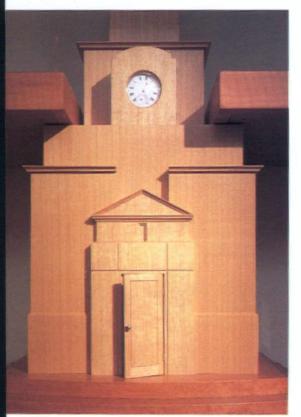
No two of the partners' custom desks are the same, nor are office layouts, work tables or shelving. Swanson's office, for example, is equipped with a grooved shelf for displaying presentation boards and a wood table desk with standard measurements artfully delineated in a darker wood. (The dry wall ceiling installed here lacks the dimensions that designers typically refer to in acoustical tile ceilings.) Her desk is placed against the wall, the only common thread among partners' offices, and spans the width of the office with a divider of built-in office accessories. One side is for administrative paperwork, the other side for drawing and designing.

With such different private offices demonstrating the strong personalities behind them, the work of the project team seems nothing short of miraculous. "One of the problems of architectural firms doing their own spaces is getting a consensus," Swanson confesses, "but this was a very smooth project. We tried to coordinate schedules and presented alternatives to our ideas just as we would with a client."

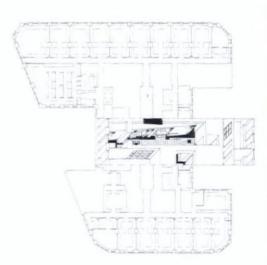
"The partners trusted me, so I had a lot of flexibility to design," Jarvis Wong recalls. "Not only was I able to meet with the 'client' daily. I also had first-hand experience with the people I was designing for. It was very personal and very exciting." For KPFC, at least, the old tale of the shoes for the shoemaker's children has a new and happy ending. 25

Project Summary: Kohn Pedersen Fox Conway

Location: New York, NY. Total area: 21,000 sq. ft. No. of floors: One. Total staff size: 92. Paint: Benjamin Moore, Evergreen Painting Studios in reception. Flooring: Marble Technics Ltd. Carpet/carpet tile: Bentley Mills Inc., custom designed by KPFC and produced by Edward Fields. Ceiling: Armstrong. Lighting: Lights Camera Action Inc., track; Peerless Lighting Corp., pendant fixtures. Window treatment: Mecho Shades System, Inc. Work stations: Spec' Built. Work station seating: Knoll International. Conference room seating: Atelier International. Reception seating: James Schriber, bench; Rosanne Somerson, chair. Conference tables: KPFC design produced by John Langenbacher Co., Inc. Files: Storwal International, Inc. Shelving, resource library: Inter Metro Industries Corp. Architectural woodworking: Pilot Woodworking, Inc. Client and interior designer: Kohn Pedersen Fox Conway Associates, Inc.: Miguel Valcarcel, partner in charge; Judy Swanson, design partner; Jarvis Wong, associate/project designer: Teri Figliuzzi, associate/resource designer. Mechanical/electrical engineer: Robert Director Consulting Engineers P.C. Lighting designer: Jerry Kugler Associates. Photographer: Paul Warchol.



A humorous detail from KPFC design partner Patricia Conway's custom-designed office is this clocktower (left), created for her by cabinetmaker Rick Wrigley. Built into shelving above her desk, the clocktower can be seen as a play on Conway's dread of being "always rushed for time."





JUMP STARTING THE MOTOR CITY

Why established Michigan law firm Miller Canfield Paddock & Stone is investing in embattled Detroit with new downtown offices designed by ISD Inc.

By Jennifer Thiele

t's no secret: In any roll call of America's most troubled cities, Detroit has had its fair share of problems. Between the devastation the automobile industry by foreign competition d the increase in violent crime due to the drug idemic, it is no wonder that downtown Detroit s lost much of its business population in the t five years. Yet even in times of trouble there e always true believers. Counted among troit's faithful is Miller Canfield Paddock & one, an established law firm that determined to and firm when many other organizations had oved out—and moved into new downtown ices designed by the Chicago office of ISD Inc. prove it.

Faced with what managing partner Stephen Ims calls a "hodgepodge" of offices in a wntown building that the firm had occupied ice 1963, Miller Canfield had already included that it needed new offices when a ndful of investors, led by Denver-based veloper John Madden, announced encouraging ins for a new office building in downtown troit—the first to be built there in 15 years. It is a law firm's dilemma about overhauling sting facilities or moving to new space was ickly put to rest when it grabbed the portunity to become the anchor tenant in the w 25-story, riverfront office tower.

Miller Canfield retained ISD to help determine space requirements and functional needs, to rk with the base building architect to insure at those needs were met, and to design the erior space. Interestingly, ISD's designer and nior project manager Diana Blum (who has ce left the firm), had a personal as well as pressional interest in the project. A Detroit tive whose father was a distinguished local chitect, Blum was pleased to become the rond generation of the family to leave its mark the city's skyline.

Having tolerated poorly organized office space some time, Miller Canfield specifically chose because of its experience with law firm sign. ISD responded by developing a concept at separated specific function floors from ical work floors for maximum efficiency. The Iding is basically a square tower with a bowed at in which Miller Canfield occupies floors 14 120 to 25, with options for 15 to 19.

In the ISD scheme, the 14th floor houses all poort services with the aid of a dumbwaiter



that transports materials to and from floors 14 to 25. The law library accounts for about one half of the usable space on the 22nd floor. And reception and meeting facilities are concentrated on a recessed 25th floor, a feature which Palms applauds because it improves visitor traffic control and minimizes the number of receptionists needed.

At 140 years old, Miller Canfield prides itself in being Michigan's oldest law firm, but the partners were determined that their new offices reflect the timely nature of its business practices. "We wanted something solid, but with a contemporary notion," recalls Palms, who led a committee of partners responsible for overseeing the interior design. "We were looking for a way to indicate that we are not old-fashioned—that we are a 20th-century business doing business in a modern way." And "modern" was not to be misconstrued as "space-age."

Budgeting for the project was stringent. "There has been a strong feeling that economics are so bleak," states Blum. "Miller Canfield is not an extravagant group of people in terms of monies spent on design and materials chosen." Secretarial work stations at Miller Canfield (opposite) are located directly opposite private offices, across 6 ft. wide circulation corridors. ISD built ample filing space into the firm's offices, by placing filing systems in the core and along the walls of the circulation corridors. Clerestory windows in the corridor walls allow natural light to filter into the core from the perimeter offices.

Miller Canfield's reception area (above) fronts a dramatic conference center with generous views of downtown Detroit. By concentrating all reception and meeting functions on one floor, the firm maintains better control over visitor traffic. The mahogany finishes invoke tradition while the crisp, bright white backdrop and contemporary furnishings give the space a more modern atmosphere.



Miller Canfield naturally wanted its new offices to be affordable, but it also wanted the offices to look affordable.

"We wanted to convey the idea that we are a solid, substantial, successful firm, but we didn't want to appear to be spending too much of our clients' money on our own surroundings," Palms explains. So after a series of budget scuffles with the ISD team (the designer's first presentation to Miller Canfield was "frightfully expensive" admits Palms), client and designer finally settled on an effective design that satisfied both requirements.

Thus, Miller Canfield's new offices reflect the firm's traditional values and long standing in Detroit in an upbeat and up-to-date manner. "We took the firm from traditional to transitional," says Blum. Extensive use of dark mahogany woodwork is balanced by contemporary detailing and furnishings, all set against a crisp, white

ISD used bold-toned marbles and granite to accent the Miller Canfield offices. This 28-ft. granite slab conference table (above) was one of the few luxury items in the design, according to ISD project director Diana Blum. The corporate art collection consists of the works of Michigan artists, and highlights both the natural beauty and the industrial side of the state.

background that gives the design a cleastraightforward appearance.

Some partners' offices are located in the b of the building's floor plan, while others a interspersed among associates' offices along sides of the building. Concentrating partners one area was not very appealing to Mill Canfield, which considers itself to be democratic firm. "We didn't really want partners in the so-called 'high rent district Palms says. "We weren't trying to set oursely apart." ISD was not responsible for furnishing partners' private offices, as the firm has "pass down" a collection of traditional office furnity over the years. Secretarial work stations a located in the core opposite the private office and across generous 6 ft, wide circulati spaces. Filing lines portions of the circulati space as well as the core.

In keeping with the optimistic spirit of the 1 West Jefferson building, Blum subtly focus Miller Canfield's design to pay tribute to Detr The recessed 25th floor, which houses t reception area and a dramatic conference cent showcases views of downtown Detroit through picture windows. Blum also helped the law fit purchase and coordinate its art collection, who comprises the works of Detroit and Michigartists and celebrates both the natural bear and industrial nature of the state.

ISD also took advantage of the recessed 2! floor to surround the conference center with balcony on all four sides. The balcony is of used by Miller Canfield to entertain duri receptions, benefits, and local celebrations, stas its Fourth of July bash and Detroit's ann grand prix race. ("The fireworks are the mfun." says Palms.) With Miller Canfield keepin bird's eye view on its hometown, Detroi prospects are already looking up. ?>>

Project Summary: Miller Canfield Paddock & Stone

Location: Detroit, Ml. Total area: 120,575. No floors: 7. Average floor size: 14,000 sq. ft. Number employees: 230. Paint: Benjamin Moore. Car Brintons Carpets. Ceiling tiles: Armstrong Wo Industries. Lighting: Light Control, Peerle Lighting, Halo Lighting, Doors: Imper Woodworking. Door hardware: Detroit Door Hardware, Glass: Custom, Window treatme Levelor, Millwork: Imperial Woodworking, Pare & Rafelli Inc. Drywall: McNulty Dry Wall. W stations: Custom by Parenti & Rafelli Inc. V station seating: Steelcase. Lounge seati Niedermaier, Nienkamper. Cafeteria seat Krueger, Conference seating: Brickel, Cartwrig Cafeteria tables: Howe, Files: Storwal, Shelv Library Bureau. Architectural woodworking: Impe Woodworking Co. Planters and accessories: Trop. Plant Rental. Signage: ASI. Art: ISD Inc. HV Limbach, Electrical: Motor City Electric, Cli Miller, Canfield Paddock & Stone, Interior design ISD Inc.: Mel Hamilton, officer-in-charge; Dia Blum, senior project manager, Architect: Helle Leake. General contractor: R.E. Daley. Struct engineer: B.E.I. Engineering. Construction mana ISD Inc. Developer: John Madden Co. Furnit dealer: Contract Interiors, Silvers Inc. Photograp Hedrich Blessing: Marco Lorenzetti.

At BASF Fibers, we spent the last 20 years becoming the world's leading producer of precolored nylons – for carpet. And now we're applying all the technological advantages of Zeftron™ nylon – the fiber of design – to the challenge of creating

We spent 20 years on the floor

high performance upholstery fibers. Mills across the country are already beginning to experiment with the dazzling array of heathered, air jet textured yarns now available in our fibers. They're selecting from pure Zeftron 200 solution dyed nylons and a fabulous new wool/nylon blend —





A SMALL TOWN FOR THE BIG BLUE

Some IBM executives thought a renovation of the IBM-ISG/North Central Marketing Division Headquarters in White Plains, New York, was a lost cause—but not James Stewart Polshek and Partners

By Jean Godfrey-June

oom to breathe. Awareness of the outdoors. A strong sense of community. Sound like good old, small-town values? y did to James Stewart Polshek and Partners en it began work on a \$48 million renovation expansion of IBM's North Central Marketing ision Headquarters in White Plains, N.Y. se values could easily have been inspired by I's corporate ethos; the company tries to ture what amounts to a small-town spirit in the of its hundreds of facilities around the rld. Ironically, many of the employees who ked in the White Plains building were in favor scrapping it entirely—until Polshek recently upleted its radical transformation.

It was equally ironic that the marketing sion, so frequently visited by clients and outown executives, was housed where it was. rketing is one of IBM's most important sions, and its sheer visibility sets an example more ways than its working environment ne. The facility housing this quintessential up of IBM employees consisted of a dark ze of poorly organized corridors, some deadis, others 900 ft. long, running the entire eth of the building.

"The headquarters were, by IBM standards, cred at best," says Ron Swann, IBM's inse, advisory architect. "Over the years it had ome this horrific maze. Most of its occupants quite negative about it." Polshek's firm was ginally retained to write a design feasibility dy of the entire facility, with plans to increase population from 1,700 to 2,600 employees.

"We did nine studies, each showing the lications of phasing," says James Stewart shek, senior partner in the firm. Eventually project was scaled down to create an cutive briefing center, reception and lobby offices, all served by a new cafeteria. About employees were added.

Many of the building's occupants wanted to indon the facility altogether. "They thought re was no saving it," Polshek admits. Most ces opened onto dim, heavily trafficked rior corridors. "If you had your door open, it is difficult to work because you were on such a jor thoroughfare," he recalls. "And it was ctically impossible to find your way around." Polshek's solution brought a small-town

perspective to the existing 600,000 sq. ft., 1968-vintage facility at the same time it added 280,000 sq. ft. of new space. After gutting the entire structure, the architect laid out a horizontal circulation scheme complete with a Main Street, side streets, alleyways and even town square-like meeting areas. In this hierarchy, one major corridor rings the exterior of the building, with smaller clusters of offices on "side streets" perpendicular to the main corridor. "Main Street," as it became known, both clarifies movement and exposes the maximum number of people to the naturally lit perimeter. "From any office, you can look out the door and see outside," says Polshek, "which is vital in orienting people within a large building." Employees can also meet to talk informally along

A new, three-story atrium space creates an entrance to the building and symbolically connects the three floors. Each floor had previously been, in the words of senior Polshek associate and project designer Tyler H. Donaldson, "a separate pancake, with no

A big space for a small town: A threestory atrium (opposite) integrates IBM's previously separate floors and imbues the entire facility with a sense of community.

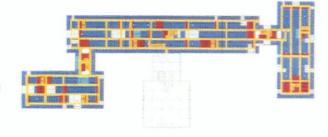
Outside, Polshek created a new focus for the building with a dramatic new entry (above).





Polshek transformed IBM's interior corridors with visual cues to suggest the outdoors. Skylight-like overhead lighting (top) illuminates a contrasting carpet which creates "shadows" where there is no sun. New light fixtures designed after a garden pergola (above) throw light up onto the ceiling, while a double-wall system displays corporate art.

The original floor plan (right, top), with its disorganized maze of hallways and dim offices contrasts sharply with Polshek's "small town" circulation plan (right, bottom); a dramatic demonstration of the importance of strong planning in interior design.





interaction between floors." Now glazed extern stairways allow for further interaction, along w the new cores.

"We took a truly unbearable environment a transformed it with an innovative approach circulation," Duncan Hazard, senior Polsh associate and project manager, points of Superimposing that new circulation plan becar an issue of phasing, by far the most difficulation problem the firm faced. "Greating a me between the architecture, construction and the building users was difficult," he says. "We trimany phasing strategies before coming up with the final one."

Phasing was complicated by the need for massive asbestos removal. "IBM has a corporary policy of mandated removal of asbestos—encasing at all," explains Polshek. "And the pla was full of it." The asbestos reduced the numb of dollars available to use on the design, a influenced the mechanical systems design well. Work proceeded along phase lines to creat good, safe seals between areas.

Though phasing was inevitably inconvenie to IBM employees, Donaldson reports that t transformation was so dramatic that as vario phases were completed, higher-up executiv were eager to work there. "There are now mo high-level executives working at the facility th before the project began," he says.

Polshek's actual client was IBM's Real Esta Construction Services (RECS), though t architect heard frequently from the marketi group that would occupy the building, "We work through RECS," emphasizes Hazard.

To work with RECS is an exacting experience as many designers are well aware. Its decision for example, are final. Notes Polshek: "They never go back to the executive level after beginning job—particularly with budget changes. Designers who fail to meet the budget are never asked back. Indeed, the success of Polshek's IE facility rests on the concept of the small town a prigorous application of its principles, rath than opulent materials.

"It's classic IBM modernism," Polsh believes, "which we do enrich in the executi briefing areas, for instance." Office sizes a other design specifications are outlined in IBM corporate standards manuals, to which designers must refer. "The manuals are quite go to work with," observes Polshek. "They establi standards without specifics."

Practice certainly makes IBM nearly perfe Says Donaldson, "IBM is used to building and using consultants. Their decisiveness is definite a help in the design process. They were positi at every step after we hit upon the organization scheme."

In fact, both RECS and the marketi executives loved the metaphor for the small tov right from the start. "Large as it is, IBM is a ve family-oriented business," observes Polshek. "T small-town concept seemed to speak to their ne for a sense of community among their workers."

Swann points out that IBM workers watch the facility go through its six-year metamorphos first hand, reinforcing their understanding of t project. On-site employees became enthusias about the changes going on after the first phas



A workstation overlooks the atrium and stairway (left) that Polshek used to create a sense of community at IBM. Previously, the building's three floors had functioned as virtually separate units.

A room with a view: The cafeteria at IBM, seen from the inside (below) and the outside (bottom), was one of the first parts of the job to be completed, and its success generated enthusiasm for the rest of the project.

in which the cafeteria was completed. "The site is beautiful, and the new cafeteria encourages more interaction with the outdoors," Swann says. "In good weather, there are always lots of people out on their lunch hour." The cafeteria links the building to the site with plenty of glass and an outside series of white columns, which give the cafeteria's slender glass curtain wall more substance.

While the technology used in the facility is not exceptionally sophisticated by 1990 standards, all new mechanical and electrical systems were required. Wire management was the primary technological problem, according to Donaldson.

The architect built in greater accessibility and in more light by using low, open wall panels.

Light is transmitted virtually everywher Polshek has taken the lighting fixtures out of ceiling and made new ones that throw light up the ceiling. The architects have also create two-part wall along the hallways; one sectincorporates air conditioning and heat systems, and the other serves as a gallery for Square overhead luminaires reminiscent skylights enhance the rhythm of the floor. Whethere is no direct sunlight, carpet is used create shadows in the halls.

Key colors help identify different regions the core—north, south and central—and through all three floors of the building. Polshek conjunction with consultant Art Optio controlled final decisions about the use of and applied it in conjunction with the co coding, placing predominately red-hued work art in red-coded areas and so forth.

While Polshek's floor plan establishes spec spatial identities, it will nevertheless be adapt to changing use. "We had our marching order terms of projected population and what they'd using the building for," says Donaldson. "But facility still had to be extremely flexible, si executives do move around within the comp and departments. Realistically, it's likely to reorganized a number of times."

Nor has IBM found any need to wait. Build usage changed in some areas even over course of the job, though not dramatica According to Hazard, "Most use changes with due to the phasing."

"A lot can happen in six years," says Swa "which is what is so wonderful about Polshe design. It was flexible enough to accommodate of the changes without altering the basic integ of the design. He admits that he enjoys his vito the building because of all the posit feedback from employees. "The comments he been tremendous," he says. The same I employees who said it couldn't be done are realling it Our Town.





Project Summary:

IBM U.S. Marketing and Services Division Headquarters

Location: White Plains, NY, Total floor area: 620.0 No. of floors: 3.5. Average floor size: 175,000 sq Total staff size: 2,000. Wallcoverings: Carnet paperbacked or Stretchwall application. P Glidden, Laminate: Nevamar, Wilsonart, Carpet/ca tile: Collins & Aikman. Ceiling: Armstrong, U Window treatments: Miniblinds. Work stations: Kr Work station seating: Comforto. Lounge seating: Ki Cafeteria, dining, auditorium seating: existing Ce chairs. Upholstery: Knoll, Comforto. Conference ta Hardwood House. Cafeteria, dining, training tal existing Nouve tables. Files: Steelcase. Architec woodworking: Haggerty. Planters, accessories: Int Client: IBM RECS. Architect/interior designer: Jan Stewart Polshek and Partners. Structural engir URS Company Inc. Mechanical/electrical engir Jaros Baum & Bolles. Construction manager: Whit Turner Contracting Co. Lighting designer: How Brandston Lighting Design. Photographer: Goldberg/ESTO.

ple, but elegant.

ssically understated.

lition, with a twist.

evant design

ibines elemental structure

tasteful accents.

ton and Winslow

Harbinger

ducts With A Purpose

The Harbinger Company, River Street, Calhoun, Georgia 30701, 800 / 241- 4216

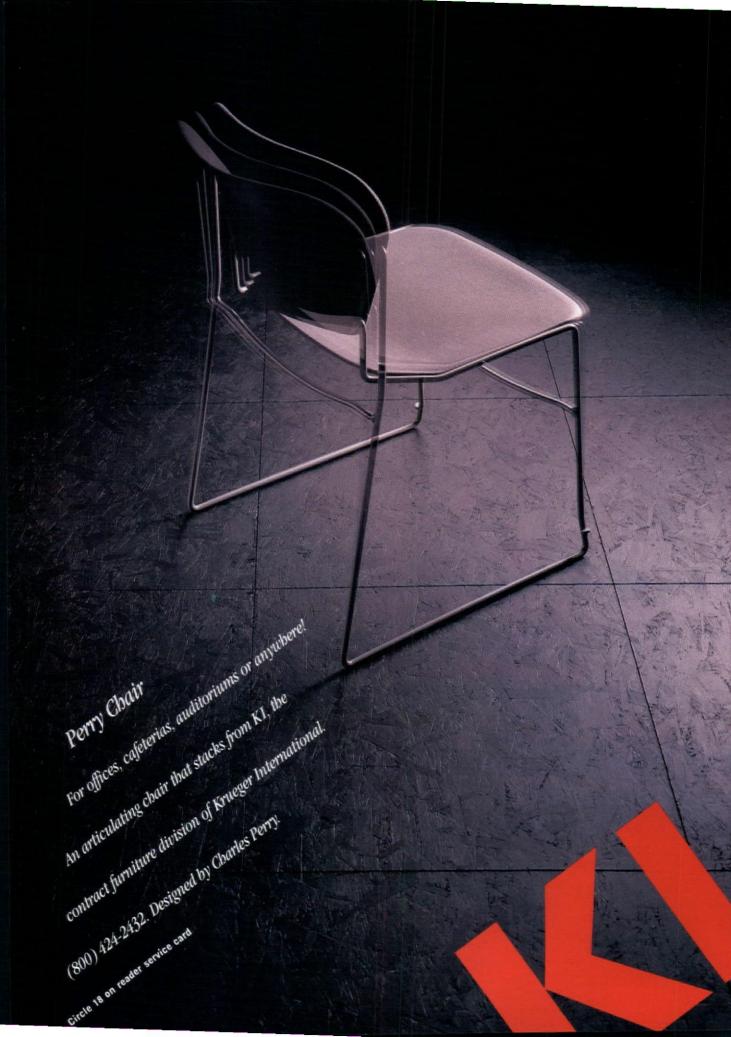


ANTRON PRECEDENT



Circle 17 on reader service card





True or False:

Design Promotes Healing

If the physical environment can indeed promote healing, the 1990 winners of Health Environment

Awards from the National Symposium on Health Care Design should have waiting lines for admission

mericans want to be treated as individuals with inviolable rights, but what goes on in many American hospitals and clinics tells a listinctly different story. Health care facilities can be part of the problem because they may actually disturb the patient—creating an monymous, disorienting and even inefficient etting that pleases no one, not patient, healer or visitor. Happily, health care facilities can also be part of the solution, as can be seen in he 1990 winners of Health Environment Awards from the National Symposium on Health Care Design, which Contract Design is proud to ponsor. On the following pages, readers can udge the merits of last year's two honorable nentions for new construction: Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston, designed by lancock & Hancock, and Arkansas Children's lospital in Little Rock, designed by the ospital's own staff. (An award for remodeled onstruction was granted to the Child Development Center, Children's Hospital in akland, designed by The Ratcliff Architects.)

Of course, the bonds between design and ealing are anything but simple, as the summer 990 meeting of the National Symposium's board f directors made clear. For example, design's mpact is far more apparent in some branches of nedicine than others. David A. Guynes, president f Guynes Design, notes that "In rehabilitative nedicine, patients recovering from major injury r dysfunction are highly motivated by the hysical space. Experiencing it is a psychological vent that they are involved in."

Is there an inevitable divergence between life nside and outside of health care facilities? The isparities can be beneficial in a health care etting, the board heard. Wayne Ruga, president f the National Symposium and a practicing rchitect, felt that the symbolic nature of health are design supports a transitional culture that eminds people, "This is an environment you are upposed to behave differently in, staff and atients alike."

Various board members were troubled by the egree of regimentation and lack of individual hoice forced on typical patients. Placing more idividual environmental and procedural controls ver lights, meals and so forth in patients' hands light give them a stronger sense of control over neir own lives. Yet this raises profound, practical roblems as well.

"Hospitals are run like military ships." declared Jain Malkin, principal of Jain Malkin Inc. "From the hospital's perspective, everything must be done according to protocol. Protocols assure that patients get a minimum level of care, and that there is consistency each time a procedure is executed. With thousands of clinical staff, you need to know that there is a specific protocol for dealing with each kind of medical treatment." However, protocol could be at odds with the options that would restore a fuller sense of control to patients.

Compromises between due diligence for all and specialized treatment for individuals are not categorically bad, nevertheless. James L. Ray, executive vice president of Saddleback Memorial Medical Center, believed that "There will be

sacrifices made, compromises which you hope will not hurt the patient in any way because there is no perfect system." To him, the bottom line is: Did the patient get better?

Barbara J. Huelat, chief, health care interiors for Ellerbe Becket, pointed out, "There really is a lot of universal choice that we need to make in health care design. When a patient can control his environment, he buys into his own healing." Trouble is, health care designers need a better understand-

ing of the environment's impact on behavior. While much research has already explored this relationship, the findings have not always been absorbed by professionals in either design or health care.

And the shortcomings extend beyond the facilities themselves. In the opinion of Robin Orr. executive director of Planetree, medical staff must be educated to encourage a level of empathy and understanding that tells patients how important they are. "The environment alone doesn't change behavior." he said. Patients want to know what is going on; they want to participate in their own healing.

In fact, the promotion of healing through design may have to be rethought more profoundly

in the coming years. As Saddleback's Ray suggested, "People who look to the hospital to be the focus are wrong. We have them such a short period. Even in rehabilitation it is getting less." Solving a patient's problems may have to be done at home or in some other environment. The growing financial burden of illness will certainly reward American consumers who find new ways to obtain health care services.

Meanwhile, what can health care designers do to educate their clients? Building pressure for change by sharing news of environmental design breakthroughs with consumer groups and expert physicians might seem like Ralph Nader-style citizen advocacy. To board members, on the other hand, Nader got results. What else is health care all about?



With artistic allusions to Mondrian and Kandinsky adding to the overall sense of whimsy and discovery, the Child Development Center at Children's Hospital in Oakland (above), designed by The Ratcliff Architects, welcomes children with what National Symposium jurors described as "a delightful solution."

The New Look of Healing

Skeptics who doubt that new floor plans, millwork, furniture and finishes can actually improve healing have not been to Boston's Massachusetts General Hospital with Hancock & Hancock

By Jennifer Thiele



A dramatic visitor lounge with allglass exposure and sweeping view of downtown Boston (left) allows patients at Massachusetts General and their families to escape for awhile from the clinical realities of hospital environment.

The nursing stations in Massachusetts General's new Ellis Building (opposite) were designed Hancock & Hancock to be flexible enough to accommodate future technology. Since form storage is not currently computerized at the hospital, a multitude of storage slowere required at each station. Who computerization takes over in the future, the slots can easily be converted to other types of storage.

hat would you want most during a stay in a health care facility? State of the art technology and competent staff, of course. But more and more, institutions are realizing the key roles that comfort and aesthetics play in increasing the effectiveness-and competitiveness-of a healing environment. The directors of Boston's Massachusetts General Hospital have had this in mind in retaining Hancock & Hancock. a Chicago design firm specializing in hospital design, to design interiors for the Ellison Building, a new "inpatient replacement facility" on the hospital's expansive medical campus. From millwork and furniture to finishes, the designers have prescribed new and exciting concepts for the facility.

As one of the nation's oldest (since 1821) and best respected medical facilities, Massachusetts General enjoys an exceptional reputation in the community it serves. But the hospital's senior vice president, Larry Martin, is quite forthcoming on the need to justify that reputation. "Our physical plant was way out of date," he admits. "We have a loyal clientele, but you can only stand lousy facilities for so long. Now we have these brand new facilities, and we have received very favorable comments from the patients."

Apparently the patients are not the only ones who know a good thing when they see it. At the second annual Health Care Environment Awards, co-sponsored by the National Symposium on Health Care Design and Contract Design, Hancock & Hancock picked up an honorable mention award for its design for the typical patient floor at Massachusetts General.

The Ellison Building was completed in 1990 as the first phase of a major construction project at Massachusetts General. The 25-story structure has 22 occupied floors housing three intensive care units, radiology and dietary



departments, an emergency department expansion, a chapel, three pediatric patient floors, three VIP patient floors and nine standard patient floors. Its triangular shape was dictated by the size and shape of the construction site, so careful interior space planning was required to gain maximum functionality from the restricted space. In particular, the nursing function and nursing stations have been considerably expanded and upgraded.

The triangular shape actually lends itself well to the design of a centralized nursing station that gives staff members easy access to all patient

Why can't hospitals be fashion trend setters?

rooms. Located in the core of the facility on each patient floor, the nursing station takes the form of an interior triangle that is open to the floor's two patient room corridors. Hancock & Hancock designed all the millwork, including customized mail slots installed beneath the transaction counters and vertical form and chart storage slots on inside walls.

According to Carl Johnson, Hancock & Hancock's project director, the form and chart storage areas are particularly critical to the design of the nursing station because Massachusetts General does not currently have a computerized system for maintaining that information; the storage areas had to accommodate up to 90 forms. Since the hospital does anticipate the computerization of form storage—and possibly chart storage—in the future, it is also important that the current file systems be highly flexible; form storage modules can be slid out of the millwork for conversion of the space into other types of storage areas.

With the advent of technology edging ever closer at Massachusetts General, "The hospital is as up to date as possible in terms of ability to convert into other systems," assures Johnson. Additional drawers and file systems have also

freestanding, below-the-surface furnity
components are totally movable.

Since patient rooms must conform
standard requirements and restrictions, spa
allocation has been a top concern, according

been incorporated with maximum flexibili

standard requirements and restrictions, spa allocation has been a top concern, according Nina Hancock, Hancock & Hancock principalcharge. Circulation within the rooms allo maximum access to patients by staff membe Window treatments exploit the hospita breathtaking view of downtown Boston wh possible. To regulate the natural light entering patient room without depriving patients of view, Hancock and Johnson equipped all pati rooms with two sets of shades: one see-through shade blocks direct light and minimizes glawhile permitting visibility, the other is complet opaque to block out natural light.

In the same spirit, the visitor lounge on ea floor of the Ellison Building boasts drama views of the city. Taking full advantage of structure's height and location, the design directed the architects to open the lounges the outside through spandrel-to-ceiling gla The choice of contemporary, sturdy but upb lounge furnishings was intended, in Hancod words, "to provide relief from a typical pati room"-a non-clinical refuge where patien families and friends can escape to a l institutional environment. Seat heights tailored to patient comfort and wheelcha bound patients have been accommoda through each lounge's generous circulat space for maneuvering.

Neutral colors played an important role in overall design scheme, with accent colors care chosen to constitute a "timeless solution," Hancock describes it. Standing the test of time been particularly important; a second phase of construction project conforming to the sa aesthetic standard is soon to follow.

"We tried to anticipate what colors would coming out over the next few years," s Johnson. At the same time, the design deliberately avoided colors that might considered too fashionable. Says Hancock, "We not want it to be a trend setter, but a distinct healing environment."

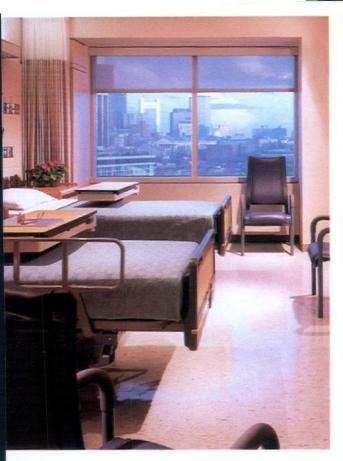
Against two neutral colors, the design color scheme contrasts three accent colors colors are simply and a reddish terracotta, neutrals remain consistent from floor to f while the accent colors alternate. Although stark, light neutrals visibly dominate the floand walls, the accent colors are simply app to mark the entrances to patient rooms and distinguish the nurses station on each floor, accent colors also come into play in the pat rooms in the treatment of the cubicle curt, and the customized tiled bathroom floors.

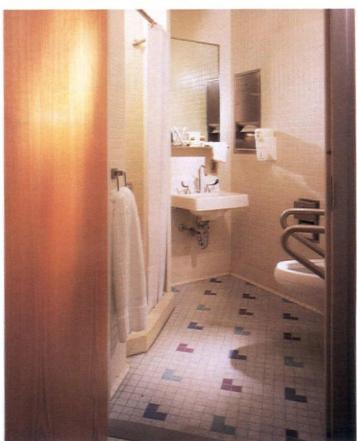
This limited use of color has a practica well as aesthetic consideration. "A limited c pallet was selected for easy maintenance," s Hancock. The extensive use of neutrals means that finishes can be easily chan without upsetting the entire color schem the facility.

Are the results what Massachusetts Ger expected? Dr. J. Robert Buchanan, the hospi general director, uses decidedly upt adjectives to describe his initial expectations

A typical patient floor at Massachusetts General (below) is dominated by light, neutral colors, with carefully chosen accent colors marking the entrances to patient rooms and distinguishing the nurses station. After considerable research to create a "timeless" design solution, Hancock & Hancock specified accent colors that should remain popular for years to come.







design. "We were looking for an environment, was pleasant, cheerful, clean, crisp and tional," he says. "It had to be amenable and fortable for both the patients and the staff." the existing facility was spread throughout tiple buildings of various vintages and design emes, Hancock & Hancock was also be the control of the hospital.

Dverall, "It's a simple, straightforward, clean tion," says Hancock. "The idea of embelnent was avoided." Simplicity of design was foremost in the minds of the hospital staff.

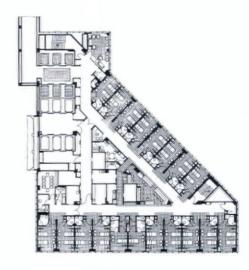
We didn't want the hospital to radiate try, because people don't want to feel 're paying for luxury," says Buchanan. The ond phase of construction, scheduled to n late this year, will essentially incorporate same aesthetic. Though Buchanan ntains that "The basic standards and cipals will have to be reinterpreted" when are applied to various functions in the next se, he is confident that Hancock & cock's design scheme for Massachusetts eral is flexible enough to have been given a n bill of health well into the future.

ct Summary: n Building, Massachusetts General Hospital, al patient floor

ion: Boston, MA. Total floor area: 461,000 sq. ft. f floors: 25. Average floor size: 18,440. No. of beds: . Wallcoverings: Lanark, Color House Wallcovering. Paint: Sherwin Williams. Laminate: WilsonArt, Formica. Dry wall: U.S. Gypsum. Flooring: Tarkett, American Olean. Ceiling: Armstrong, Lighting: Linear, Forum. Doors: Algoma Hardwoods Inc. Door hardware: Sargent Mfg. Co. Window treatments: MechoShade Systems. Railings: Custom by Valley City. Patient room seating: Krueger. Patient room casegoods: Valley City. Patient beds: Hill-Rom. Patient room lighting: Kurt Versen, Kenne, Prescolite. Lounge seating: Cartwright, Knoll. Other seating: Steelcase. Upholstery: Pollack Associates, Spradling, Majilite, Anton Maix, Naugahyde, Kaleidoscope. Conference tables: Chicago Hardware Foundry, Kinetics. Coffee and side tables: Contemporary Mica, Metropolitan Furniture. Files and shelving: Steelcase. Woodworking and cabinetmaking: Valley City. Accessories: Peter Pepper Products, Bay State. Signage: ASI Sign Systems, Cubicle curtains: Maharam, Architectural millwork/environmental graphics/artwork: Hancock & Hancock Inc. Elevators: Dover. HVAC: J.C. Higgins. Fred Williams. Fire safety: Honeywell. Security: Advanced Signal, Building management system: Honeywell, Plumbing fixtures: Kohler, American Standard, Crane, Just, Elkay. Client: Massachusetts General Hospital. Interior designer: Hancock & Hancock Inc.: Nina Hancock, principal-in-charge; Carl Johnson, project director; Cathy Gregory, environmental graphics. Master planning, programming, space planning and architecture: Hoskins Scott Taylor & Partners. Structural engineering: McNamara/Salvia. Mechanical and electrical engineering: Thompson Consultants. General contractor and construction manager: Walsh Brothers, Furniture dealers: Offices Unlimited, Peabody Office Furniture. Photographer: Warren Jagger.

Standard patient rooms at Massachusetts General (above, left) were designed to maximize circulation space for staff access to patients. Each room boasts a picture window with a spectacular view of Boston.

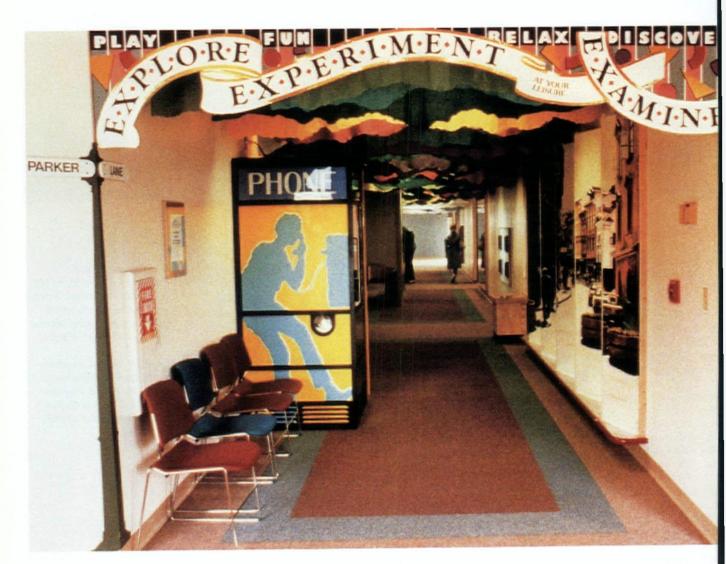
The custom tiled floor of a patient room bathroom in Massachusetts General (above, right) shows how Hancock & Hancock used accent color tiles to liven up an otherwise stark space.



Rolling on an Ooey Gooey Wheel

With children in a corridor learning and laughing with parents and even physicians, something unusual is going on at Arkansas Children's Hospital's Parker Lane, designed by the Hospital S

By Laura E. Mayer



uppose you were an anxious youngster arriving at a hospital to "go to the doctor." Turning down a corridor, you discover what appears to be an indoor street beckoning you to explore it. Want to forget the doctor—even for a moment—and dive in? Fortunately, no one seems to have pointed out to Harry Loucks how incompatible these two activities could be. In Parker Lane, a unique waiting area for child patients, the design director of Arkansas Children's Hospital in Little Rock and his colleagues have created a world that functions

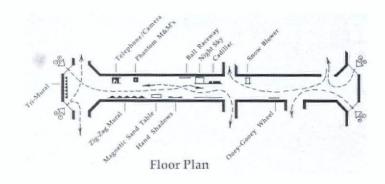
like a child's companion. "The corridor plays on children's physical and visual strength and curiosity." Loucks explains.

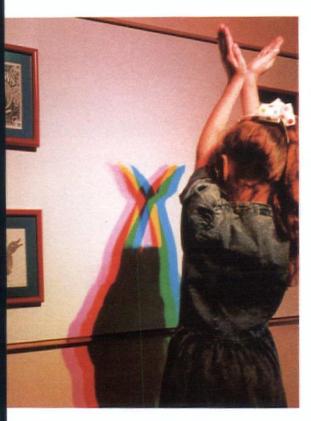
Parker Lane, named after Dave Parker, a local Cadillac dealer who contributed most of the funds for the project (as well as a children's version of a red Caddy complete with rumble seat), is much more than a corridor. Within its 10 ft.-wide by 100 ft.-long hallway with 15 sq. ft. vestibules on either end, it houses an environment of "participatory activities that entice subliminal response and the involvement

A long view of Parker Lane at Arkansas Children's Hospital (above) shows design director Harry Loucks' phone booth/camera, a play on the necessity of havir telephone in the corridor as well as the design theme "We didn't want to put a telephone in this hallway, so made it playful, a telephone booth without the enclos Loucks explains. A large lens in the front of the "boot acts as a camera obscura and simulates a backward look through a viewfinder—by inverting the image.

d shadows" (below) at Parker Lane is named after lassic game of creating shapes in the shadow of t light. The difference with Loucks' version, however, combination of red, green and blue lights, which I into white light with colors on the edges of the ow figure's "shadow."

d at one end of the hallway at Parker Lane, the "Tri-I" (bottom) offers visiting children the chance to e an entirely different wall: the huge red number "2," ture of a child's hand in an adult's hand or bright and white zebra stripes. "A lot of the design is as ional as it is decorative," Loucks says.





blank wall lit by red, blue and green filtered lights that blend to produce white. complemented by the shadows of children in red, blue and green when they play before the light. And there's "Ooey Gooey Wheel," a wallmounted container of thick, syrupy liquid that produces strange shapes when turned slowly.

Striking yet inexpensive motifs extend this visual playfulness vertically as well as horizontally. The corridor's ceiling, for example, is draped with billowy canopies of fabric, fall colors on one end and blue and white "clouds" on the other. Colors are relatively subdued in the hallway itself, allowing objects and puzzles to create their own decoration.

Loucks, hospital design director since January 1987. admits he has long prepared for his current role. Before arriving in Arkansas, he

served several nationally prominent museums as a staff designer, in addition to a three-year internship under the legendary Charles Eames in the early 1960s. He admits he has never formally studied child behavior or sociology. "I guess I just didn't grow up," he laughs. "I've always enjoyed tinkering with toys that represent scientific principles. I try to figure out a way to present it that is not encumbered by the intellectual pursuit in getting there."

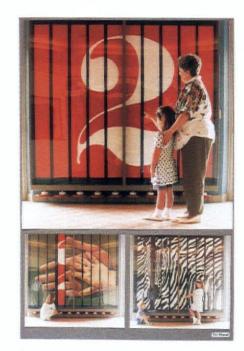
And does Parker Lane work. Loucks believes, "The games and puzzles help to alleviate stress and relax the kids. If you can relieve stress, the body will help heal itself better. But you can't be satisfied to help only the child-you must play to the parents and siblings as well."

What happens to families along the 100 ft.long corridor is a phenomenon well known to walkers of dogs and parents with children in strollers. Since the exhibits cause everyone to laugh and smile together, strangers as well as family members willingly talk to and reassure one another. "Children anticipate coming back early and they inevitably stay later after their appointment," Loucks reports. "I even see doctors out there playing with the kids.'

General Hospital may never be the same.

Project Summary: Arkansas Children's Hospital/Parker Lane

Client: Arkansas Children's Hospital. Location: Little Rock, AR. Total area: 1,000+ sq. ft. Seating: Krueger International. Woodworking and cabinetmaking: Nabholz Construction: Mark Reeves and Kyle Walker, Signage: Suzanne Kittrell, Murals: Anton Smith and Cindy Troutman Ehren. Interior design: Arkansas Children's Hospital Staff: Harry D. Loucks, design director; Anton Smith, department of imageering. Photography: Joe Smith.



ental and physical capabilities of children adults." The space already existed as part of hospital's Sturgis Clinic when Loucks ded to use it for entertaining children, hence inusual dimensions.

sudget constraints initially forced Loucks to with the hospital's maintenance budget, did not represent an insurmountable acle. "We could have had more money," he ains. "It was just a matter of designing with skills and materials we had." Parker Lane ed evolving about a year before its official oletion in November 1989.

That really stands out today is the inspired that simple materials have been combined

tild Parker Lane. Children head straight for space's appliances, games and gadgets, h Loucks continuously updates. There's the netic sand table/box in which children te their own designs by moving hand-held cts underneath the table like an oversized -A-Sketch. There's "Hand Shadows," a

FILING TAKES A TURN



FOR THE BETTEI WITH TIMES-2 SPEED FILES®

Saving space is a major consideration for all designers and office planners. TIMES-2 SPEED FILES® use less than half the space required by lateral files, allowing you to re-allocate space in your office for more critical functions. A full range of fabrics and finishes allows you to personalize you TIMES-2® Unit to enhance the decor of any office.



58 So. Ft.

21 Sa. Ft.





Seven 36" wide, five-drawer lateral files require 58 squifeet of floor space and provide 1155 filing inches. Three eight-tier TIMES-2 SPEED FILES® require only 21 square of floor space and provide 1152 filing inches.

For good design and improved space management, turn to TIMES-2®

M RICHARDS-WILCOX

600 South Lake Street/Aurora, Illinois 60507 TEL: (708) 897-6951 / FAX: (708) 897-6994

Circle 19 on reader service card

How Design Firms

Survive Recession

esign firms battling the collapse of the Texas economy in the 1980s found out how good their survival skills were—in an important new study for the IBD Foundation that seeks to help design professionals in the 1990s

From the IBD Survival Report edited by Evagene H. Bond

professional designer's first job is survival. You need to keep your firm going—to buy time to take measures that keep the firm afloat. Lucy Hubbard Holmes, fiegler Cooper in Houston, says. "When re in the middle of a recession, you just poing. Your goal is survival, but you can't how to reach the goal yet. Pretty soon you a break." Maybe.

With a generous grant from the Joel sky/Fixtures Furniture Endowment, The itute of Business Designers Foundation (IBD) produced *The Survival Report*, a detailed mination of how 11 Texas design firms coped h the disastrous decline of the Texas nomy in the 1980s—and what today's igners can do to effectively survive and pete—edited by Evagene H. Bond. What ows is the second of a three-part alization by *Contract Design*, made possible ugh the cooperation of IBD. It deals with I. Chapter 1. "What Happened;" Chapter 4, hat To Do First;" and Chapter 5. "The ortance of Attitude."

rirms that participated in the Report ude: Blakeman Design Associates, Austin: Bommarito Group, Austin: LFI, Austin: ce Goodwin Alexander & Linville, Houston: enck Sanford/Southwest, Houston: Imore, Owings & Merrill, Houston: felbach Designs and Associates, Dallas: an/Nichols, Dallas: Weber Design ociates, Dallas: The Whitney Group, ston; and Ziegler Cooper Inc., Houston.

While you wait for the break, do two things ediately. First, stop spending or, at the t, spend very carefully. Second, develop a . Then act fast on the courage of your plan your convictions.

Stop spending. Not all Texas firms did. lie Fossler, of LFI, recalls, "Most of us ight there would be a slow, bad year. We "t think it would last. We kept spending to p our motivation going. It was short-ted."

Develop a plan. Gary Whitney. of The tney Group, says. "Stop. think, regear, yze and plan." Most plans will be based on tening up the firm's finances; you can cut and/or expenses, divest assets, cut fees,



"I can't stress enough how important a positive attitude is. Success comes to positive, enthusiastic people."

-Marla Bommarito-Crouch, Bommarito Group or think smaller on what constitutes the minimum sized job acceptable to the firm. Broadening a firm's outlook can help too; you can increase efficiency, market aggressively, improve productivity with CADD, create a broader client base, develop new specialties, initiate projects, merge or sell the firm, form joint ventures to enter new markets, improve managerial talent or decentralize.

 Act fast on your convictions. As Michael Cooper, of Ziegler Cooper, believes, "The key is to move fast. I think we responded rather well. Our assessment of the situation was accurate, and we made quick adjustments. We added an interiors department; we brought in the best people to get it off the ground, and it succeeded beyond our wildest expectations. We're the size we are now because we took that gamble. It was probably a bigger risk than we realized, but we were blinded by the conviction that it was the right thing to do. That's important-do what you believe in. In retrospect. I would do it almost the same, but I might do it even more boldly-make a larger capital investment with more CADD stations and more key players.

Not all firms will have the resources to add a new department and CADD stations. But all can adopt the strategies implicit in Ziegler Cooper's move: Assess the situation accurately, adjust accordingly, develop a strategy, look for active markets, hire or train top-notch people to implement your plans, and act boldly on your convictions.

One of the most damaging aspects of a recession is psychological. Understanding that may be one of a designer's best defenses. In Texas, the unrealistic high of the boom gave way to something near despair. The designers in this report fought depression every day, and all attribute their staying power to a positive attitude.

Marla Bommarito-Crouch, of the Bommarito Group, says, "I can't stress enough how important a positive attitude is. When the recession came, we didn't talk about the bad things, we stayed away from negativism, and we didn't reinforce paranoia. Success comes to positive, enthusiastic people."

A positive attitude strengthened designers

personally with their own firms, friends and colleagues. It strengthened firms by increasing teamwork and commitment. It strengthened relations with clients, who reacted positively to their enthusiasm and energy.

It takes time for reality to sink in. Debra Lehman-Smith, reflecting on the recession after her move from Houston to the Skidmore Owings & Merrill office in Washington, D.C., remarked,

No time for goals-until you run off the road?

"When you come to an economy that is really healthy, you see how bad it was in Houston. But at the time, we had to believe in it and make it work."

At the same time, there was denial in all the responses. The hope of a quick recovery was not altogether unrealistic; in the recent past Texas had recovered quickly from slumps. When designers did believe it, it was "the pits." The community as a whole was ravaged.

Among design firms, individuals lost jobs, changed jobs or left the industry. Survivors felt the shockwaves: sadness about lost colleagues.

fear that jobs were in danger, guilt over surviving. Several characteristics—realism, optimism, commitment, determination, self-belief, a sense of community—sustained them.

• Realism. These people looked hard and unemotionally at their situations, viewing problems as challenges, considering options, taking action and avoiding self-pity. Leslie Fossler says, "Realistic scenarios give me confidence. I can build and work toward realistic goals."

Optimism. In Austin, the vacancy rate in 1988 was 35.6%. Some designers saw only the empty space. Marla Bommarito-Crouch saw the same glut and thought, "There's all that empty space to be built out."

• Commitment and determination. Many of the people in this story considered and rejected the idea of leaving the industry or Texas. Michael Gooper and Scott Ziegler assert, "It was our intent not only to survive but also to thrive."

• Self-belief. Says Gary Whitney, "I develop the attitude that it's exciting, fun to innovate. I'd rather write a book than read one. I have conviction. I will take it on the chin if I'm wrong. I have put my money where my mouth is; it's all on the line. But I have come to realize—I'm the only

limit to seeing this system work.

• A sense of community. "Texans like winners," states Jo Heinz, of Staffelbach Designs & Associates. To escape the inevitable finger pointing and decline of trust, the design community rallied to its own. "People got tired of being down, so they'd give parties," Bob Sanford, of Schenck Sanford/Southwest, recalls. Leslie Fossler adds, "I feel a sense of obligation to the community. I'm involved in AIA, IBD, ASID, the Texas Association of Interior Design and Laguna Gloria (a local museum). It sustains my career to be there for other designers."

Besides, negative talk backfires. Marla Bommarito-Crouch says, "Designers cry to clients about how bad business is, then clients demand lower fees from everyone. They say, 'You'll cut your fees to get this work.' I say, 'No way.'"

In a recession, a firm must have a clear direction so as not to waste resources on unproductive activities. What follows are comments on goal setting from the Texas designers in this study.

Leslie Fossler notes, "Once a year we have an
office retreat. I bring my personal goals and ideals,
as well as my ideas about the firm's, to that
meeting. For instance, I want the firm to get
slightly bigger with more technical capability in the
office. We have an informal discussion and try to
mesh individual and firm goals."

• For Lucy Hubbard Holmes, of Ziegler Cooper, "Goals for the firm are set and evaluated informally at meetings of the principals outside the office. It's a combination of real world analysis and aspirations—where would we like to be? We discuss long and short term goals, like where the markets are. One of our goals was to work for Fortune 500 companies. Bigger corporate interiors are now a goal. After we decide, we go after that work."

• "In bad times," Jo Heinz reports, "people said, 'All we need is more projects. Forget goals—we haven't got time to set goals.' I said, 'We'll set them anyway. At least they will give us documentation, an evaluation mechanism and a way to keep track of how we are doing.' That's a good consideration when you experience the lack of control of the environment, and it helps get everyone totally concerned."

In next month's third installment of the three-part serialization, Contract Design considers The Survival Report's Part II, "Work More Efficiently," Chapter 9, "Diversification;" and Part III, "Sell More," Chapter 14, "Image Building."

Contract Design is privileged to present this serialization of the full report, which has already been issued to IBD members. Copies of the full report are available to IBD members and nonmembers for \$20.00 each plus \$5.00 shipping and handling by writing to IBD, 341 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, IL 60654, Attention: Lisa Torgerson; or by calling 312/467-1950 with a Visa number.

"The key is to move fast. We added an interiors department; we brought in the best people to get it off the ground, and it succeeded beyond our wildest expectations."

-Michael Cooper, Ziegler Cooper

New Stepps to enhance our National identity.

We've taken Stepps another step away from the ordinary.
With medium cherry and medium oak wood grain laminates.
And with new options including free-standing CRT units,
color-coordinated hardware kits and closed back hutches,
you can take Stepps in many fresh directions.

And National's quick ship program gets it there. Anywhere. At your request. 1-800-482-1616.





A Division of Kimball International Marketing, Inc. 1600 Royal Street, Jasper, IN 47549 1-800-482-1616 Canada 1-800-635-5812

APRES MOI

When it's time for the founder of a design firm to depart, there is a real possibility that the firm will vanish too

By Roslyn Brandt

nce upon a time, you started a design business by borrowing a few dollars from your parents. You sold your design services, paid your bills and put what was left over in the savings and loan. When you retired, you took your money out of the savings and loan and gave your business to your son.

That's what sons were for.

In today's world, however, your son—and daughter, too—have run off to Wall Street to become stock brokers. Corporate raiders are amassing your stock in a hostile takeover. The Japanese are making offers you can't refuse. You're trying to service your leveraged buy-out. All this so you can retire and move to Phoenix on or before your 65th birthday.

This fable of the Eighties is not confined to Fortune 500 corporations. In less dramatic ways the

design community has changed how architects and designers conduct their business. Small design firms are combining to form conglomerates, large furniture manufacturers are buying smaller ones, and foreign capitalists are finding American design firms to be attractive investments. A recent Lou Harris survey commissioned by Steelcase found that 40% of all American interior design firms have reorganized their companies and 31% have been involved in a merger or acquisition.

With merger mania, many predict that the large firms offering a diverse range of services and the very small boutique firms emphasizing personal service will survive the '90s and beyond. Many predict the virtual demise of the mid-size firms. While this may overstate the case, mid-sized firms are struggling to compete and many are contemplating mergers as a way to diversify and meet the demands of the marketplace.

In any case it's clear that architecture and interior design firms must develop a strategic plan for the future of their companies. Without planning, principals may find themselves at a severe disadvantage when the time comes for



transfer of design firm ownership. For many founders of postwar firms, the time has arrived.

A design firm marks certain stages in its life. In the entrepreneurial stage, the founders are full of ideas, ambitions, energy and visions of success. Money is not the motivation, and every available penny goes into the growth of the firm. Little thought is given to long term continuity: Everything is moving too fast.

In the mature stage, success has been achieved. The emphasis shifts to professionalism, profitability and solidifying the firm's position. Talented employees are given responsible jobs.

As time passes, the founders begin looking towards retirement. Risk-taking decreases as the desire for financial security increases. It is at this point that the future success of the firm will be determined. Will prosperity continue under new management? Or will the firm decline and eventually disappear as the founders retire?

Ownership transition means transferring control. This can be frightening to owners who built the practice from the ground up. They may harbor a multitude of fears: Dare they let go? Can successors fail? Will trusted disciples follow different stars? But there is ho too, that the founders' names a ideas will survive them to att some sort of immortality, successors move on to ev greater accomplishments.

Successful ownership transit requires what can amount complex and time consum planning. Legal issues of owners and professional liability a involved. Even so, many experecommend that planning for transfer of ownership should be at least 10 to 15 years before founders intend to retire.

Numerous reasons stronjustify planning for a transfer ownership in a design firm.

- To provide cash compensat to the founders in a fair and order manner at the proper time with financial damage to the firm.
- To provide profession fulfillment through seeing the fi survive as an institution.
- To identify, motivate, train and reward the valuable employees who will be the event owners of the firm.
- To provide a means of raising cash capital improvements or other needs.
 - To permit favorable tax consequences.

An ownership transition plan cannot constructed alone. Attorneys are required counsel and documentation, accountants a insurance advisors for taxes and other finance matters, and bankers for credit and loan sistance. Management consultants may helpful in addressing questions of organizational structure.

An ownership transition plan must be dra up regardless of whether the firm is a s proprietorship, a partnership or a corporati By definition, a sole proprietorship has active successors to carry on the business, that planning must provide for the case sudden death or disability of the propriet There will be projects to be completed, ass to be disposed of and interests of the heirs be protected.

Ownership transition for corporation

quires addressing the issue of ownership ares in the corporation. This stock needs to be alistically valued and a methodology eslished for transferring it from one party, the inders, to another, the successors.

In any ownership transition a value needs to put on the firm. When the transition is complished by sale to an outside buyer, the ue may be negotiated between the two parties, ien the stock of the firm is publicly traded, the ue will be determined by the marketplace. For st design firms, however, valuation can be

Independent valuation specialists may be ained for this process. A variety of factors can ect the value of a closely-held firm.

- The firm's nature and history, client base, lity to compete, reputation and quality of staff.
- The quality and trend of earnings, cash flow, venues and backlog.
- The physical facilities and capital equipment of firm as well as necessary projected expenditures CADD Systems and other major items.
- The history of professional liability claims, debts and project overruns.

Often several different methods are used to velop the final figure for a design firm's uation. Three commonly used methods include bk value, which equals total assets less total pilities; capitalization of earnings, a multiple of erage yearly earnings; and capitalization of pss revenues, a multiple of annual gross venue. Once adjusted for various qualitative tors, the resulting values can determine the ount of stock to be distributed to employees or y assist the owners in negotiations with side buyers.

Once the firm's value has been established, a nding method for an internal ownership nsfer must be established. Several options are allable; selecting the right one depends a great al on timing as well as the size, profitability i philosophical disposition of the firm.

Ultimately, the only source of funds for an ernal transition is the firm itself. Profitability the key. Unprofitable firms have far more liculty in implementing ownership transition as than do profitable ones. Here are ways to add an internal ownership transfer.

- Cash payment. The designated successors y buy the firm from the founders with cash m personal savings accumulated from salary I bonuses or bank borrowings. The advantage this method is simplicity, the disadvantage is sing the cash. Since young individuals usually ocate most of their money for current benses, they have low disposable income and ited capital available. Bank loans may often obtained at favorable rates using various arantees by the firm. Funds from pension or offit sharing plans may also provide the uired cash, although there may be complex implications that should be carefully sidered.
- Incentive stock options. A right granted to employee to purchase stock at some future e at the fair market value of the stock when

the option was granted.

- Non-Qualified Stock Option. A right granted to an employee to purchase stock at a price below fair market value at some future date.
- Employee Stock Purchase Plan. An opportunity on a non-discriminatory basis for an employee to purchase stock from the firm at a price not less than fair market value on the date of grant or on the date when stock was purchased.
- Private Stock Purchase. An arrangement which allows an employee to purchase stock from another stockholder.
- Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP). A mechanism that allows a company to buy back

It may surprise design professionals to know that many experts recommend that planning for the transfer of ownership begin at least 10 to 15 years before the founders intend to retire.

the stock of departing owners or issue new stock, and to put those shares in trust for the benefit of the company's employees over a period of time. The company adds shares of stock and/or cash contributions to this fund annually. An ESOP creates an in-house market for shareholders, preserves cash flow, finances company growth with pre-tax dollars, preserves company voting

control and promotes employee incentives.

 Recapitalization. A mechanism that replaces old common stock with fixed dividend preferred stock for retiring owners and growth oriented common stock for new owners.

Surprising as it may seem, a merger with another firm or acquisition by an outside party can be advantageous. The new owners may make a lump sum payment to the principals, bring improved operating, management or production techniques into the firm, provide a specialty or new client base or provide capital for needed expenditures. However, the primary disadvantage of external ownership transition is its affect on existing personnel and clients.

New owners represent an immediate loss of control by previous management. They may have a different philosophy and method of operation. At the very least, they bring an uncertainty which can adversely affect morale and lead to defections of staff and clients. The pluses and minuses of each situation that falls within the definition of external ownership transition can be readily discerned.

 Sale of the Firm. Sell the firm to an outside party, possibly a larger design firm. Retiring partners are paid off and the remaining staff is merged into the purchasing firm. Agreements may be made for the continued services of the retiring partners for a defined time.

 Mergers. Merge with another firm of roughly equal size and similar philosophical approach.
 This may be done for the purpose of expanding areas of expertise, expanding market share or geographical territory, pooling resources or improving access to capital.

 Splitting Off Assets. Trade off certain assets of the firm such as the CADD department or facility management services to provide capital or improve profitability.

 Venture Capital. Allow an outside party to provide funds required to finance new equipment or new disciplines within the firm in exchange for ownership in the firm. This option may involve loss of control.

 Public Offering. Sell the firm to the public through the issue of publicly traded stock. If the company is acceptable to the marketplace, its securities may command a higher price than a private evaluation would place on them. However, there are significant consequences in terms of shareholders' expectations which are often in conflict with the cyclical nature of the design business.

Simply marketing services and collecting fees is no longer adequate for design firms as a way to insure long term financial success. Today's world is too complicated, full of opportunities as well as dangers. Failing to plan is planning to fail! If we constantly exhort our clients to plan ahead, we can at least heed our own advice for one, very special occasion: when our own future is at stake.

Roslyn Brandt is principal of Barnes and Brandt Inc., a New York-based consulting firm to the design community.

VAP-ING THE COMPETITION

Milliken, Herman Miller and Du Pont create a value added partnership to compete-Japanese-style

By Jean Godfrey-June

oing business Japanese style—encouraging monopolies, cartels and all manner of protectionist policies to keep out foreign competition—is hardly the American way. But American companies are slowly discovering that some Japanese business strategies look surprisingly attractive in the current climate of increasing competition and skyrocketing product development costs. One such strategy is the value-added partnership (VAP), which is based on the Japanese system of keiretsu. Partnering has already won converts in the interior design industry, as shown by Momentum, a recent project of Du Pont, Milliken and Herman Miller.

Princeton economics professor Allan S. Blinder, writing in his column for *Business Week*, calls keiretsu the "ultimate vertically integrated megacompany," a chain of independent companies that work closely to manage the flow of goods and services along the chain in much the way that a construction company sub-contracts other companies for different aspects of a job. Manufacturers get components from their regular (not necessarily lowest-cost) supplier, known as their keiretsu. The winning bidder is the most reliable, trustworthy and reasonably priced.

It is easy to understand how such a producer-oriented system works in Japan, where teamwork is valued over individual competition. However, Americans traditionally prefer to focus on the customer. A further barrier to partnering is the distrust stemming from the hostile takeovers and buyouts of the 1980s. Nevertheless, economic necessity has already driven a number of U.S. corporate giants such as Chrysler, GM, and Ford, practically all the movie studios and numerous other industries to experiment with VAPs.

What advantages do VAPs offer the interior design community? Du Pont, Milliken and Herman Miller combined efforts to produce Momentum, a 1990 ASID product award-winning contract fabric that became one of Herman Miller's most successful introductions ever. Product development took two years from beginning to end, a far faster development period than might be expected for new fabric technology.

The partnership began with a fabric design



"We all built on each other's successes."

-Catherine Creamer Bragdon, Herman Miller

by Mary Buckley, an artist and professor at New York's Pratt Institute. "Mary proposed ideas about light and time movement," reports Catherine Creamer Bragdon, textile program manager at Herman Miller, "particularly for those office environments that are isolated in static spaces without exposure to natural light." While Buckley's drawings and a painting were well received at Herman Miller, they remained on the back burner until Milliken entered with its new Laura technology, de veloped with Du Pont. Says Bragdon, "With th Laura concept, we were able to translat Mary's pattern in detail."

The technology itself creates patterns be repositioning yarn structures after a fabrihas been woven and dyed. Warp and fill are physically moved around to create pattern and three-dimensional effects. The lighter colored yarns appear raised, while the darket ones recede, creating depth. Designed of computer, the resulting fabric's depth is similar to a jacquard weave, but goes beyon what a jacquard loom does in its limitles pattern repeat.

Momentum represents a movement awa from monochromatic, flat fabrics to multidimensional, textured ones. "People always to to touch it," notes Raymond Kennedy, produc manager of color and finish at Herman Mille "You can see their eyes tracking across it, tryin to figure out the multi-dimensions."

Would the fabric have been realized without Milliken? "While Mary's pattern was one of many proposals," Bragdon recalls, "Milliken technology got the ball rolling." Without D Pont's yarn-making capability, of course, the final product would not have been possible either. "As Dacron weaves and dyes extremed well, it was critical in creating Laura," state Bill Gresham, business manager for contract textiles at Milliken.

Du Pont had worked with Milliken for som time before the partnership came about, layir a foundation of trust and knowledge. "We ha already established some computer hookups an had worked on several information exchanges says Kaye Crippen, marketing manager for D Pont's contract fibers division at the time. "D Pont has an enormous stable of fibers, an Milliken knows and understands them. They di most of the engineering in terms of getting the right fiber for Herman Miller's design Everything clicked."

"Clicking" depended on each company unique strengths complementing th partnership as a whole, sometimes in ur expected ways. "You'd think that Du Pont's b contribution would have been technical, and t some degree it was," says Crippen. "Howeve we provided a great deal of marketing expertis

Three makes a crowd of happy companies: Momentum (below), the end result of all the hard work by Milliken, Herman Miller and Du Pont, won a 1990 ASID award for excellence. The fabric was one of Herman Miller's most successful introductions ever. Offered in 14 colorways, Momentum is constructed of 100% Du Pont Dacron polyester, and uses Milliken's "Laura" patterning technology.

out textiles. We have found at people are curious about stiles—they like to know how by are made, what the design spiration was, et cetera. I owed Herman Miller the tagonia (sportswear) catague, which is a wonderful ample of using education out textile design and chnology as a selling tool. I rman Miller, oriented more ward chairs and systems, had t really marketed textiles in the way before."

All agree that the key to the rtnership lay in each partner's ke in the others' success and sharing the ultimate goal: eating a winning fabric for rman Miller's systems furthings. "We all built on each ter's successes," Bragdon beyes, "but the win-win situation pended on a very specific goal. Instance, a manufacturer rely celebrates a vendor. Formation about vendors is

nerally proprietary—something manuturers try to keep from competitors. In rketing our final product, though, it has ned out that three of us can support one other."

"Herman Miller has displayed Milliken's duct in its showrooms all across the country, ich has created an awareness for Milliken's hnology and in turn, Du Pont's yarns and hnology," Kennedy says. "Marketing efforts re three-fold instead of one, and we've rned a lot from each other."

Milliken and Du Pont were also pleased to profit in Herman Miller's keen knowledge of the design rket. "Herman Miller is innovative—very igner-oriented," emphasizes Milliken's Gresham. there's one area where we welcome more ertise, it's the design end of the market. Milliken strong in technical development, but wouldn't e known what part of the market to apply it to hout Herman Miller."

Crippen concurs, declaring that partnering fundamentally changed the way Du Pont



develops product. "It used to be that Du Pont would try to invent something, and then find the right market for it," she says. "Now, we're finding that the opposite is more cost-efficient and effective. And your partners can help you find those markets."

Milliken's quick-shipping (within 15 days of an order) capacity delivers the fabric to Herman Miller systems and into offices in record time. "With the short lead times the market demands, you can't wait 12 weeks for fabric to be produced to upholster the systems," emphasizes Gresham. In-place order entry computer hookups with Du Pont further speed the process.

A sense of urgency does seem essential to partnering in today's fast-paced marketplace—the fact that everyone must cooperate to get the product out in a reasonable amount of time. Crippen believes, "If a project gets put on hold for too long, companies can lose incredible amounts of money because development costs so much. A partnership helps soften the

financial blow, but it's important to know that your partners are going to come in on time."

It's equally important to know the level of quality a partner can guarantee, and the volume the company can physically handle. Cautions Gresham: "Does your partner have the financial resources to respond if the product is really a hit?"

"Know your partner well," Jordan D. Lewis, author of Partnerships for Profit, advised the Wall Street Journal on October 30, 1990. "If you expose an important customer to a partner, you run the risk of it not working out and hurting your own relationship with your customer."

In the end, it all boils down to trust. Trust means spending thousands of dollars or more on developing a new product that a partner will be entrusted to position in the market to generate enough volume to make healthy profits. However, each partner in

Momentum handled its relations with the others in its own, distinctive way.

"We had a handshake, and that was about the only guarantee, aside from confidentiality agreements," says Gresham. "There has to be an extremely high degree of integrity." Milliken's management system is designed for confidentiality, since it works with several competing manufacturers. "Each account manager is kept completely separate," explains Gresham. "They can't share information. They're on their own."

Despite all the current obstacles inherent in the American system of doing business, Crippen thinks that partnering will help American furnishings manufacturers prosper. "The United States has a strong synthetic textile industry, and that can be an advantage for a lot of manufacturers over their foreign competitors," she points out. The Herman Miller/Milliken/Du Pont partnership clearly demonstrates the power of partnerships. Who knows? American business may VAP its competition yet.

The fire retardancy requirements of
California Technical Bulletin 133 are recognized as
state of the art. Nemschoff has more than two
hundred fabric choices available on more
than four hundred furniture designs—which combine
for certification under 133. Most likely,
your COM fabrics can work in our
program, too. Call us.





OFF THE

HOT SEAT?

Is polyurethane, the choice cushioning material of furniture manufacturers, a dangerous hazard in the event of fire, or are its critics foaming at the mouth?

By Jennifer Thiele

es. Urethane foam is flammable...but so is wood. That's what manufacturers of the foam or the furniture it is used to cushion ight say if you question the safety of this pular and economical furniture component. amning by faint praise, perhaps, but they would largely right.

On the other hand, if there is any individual rniture design component that has come under ose scrutiny—prompting serious efforts to prove its safety—urethane foam is it. Scientific search has tested its safety; legislators have gulated its use; and the furniture industry has ught to improve its performance in fires. (In the nited Kingdom, there is even a movement to ban use altogether, although this option is considered emature and unwarranted in the U.S.)

Why then, is urethane foam recognized as the shioning material of choice? Urethane foam fers superb comfort along with proper support. is highly resilient, versatile in styling aptability and readily reproducible—all at a ry economical cost.

The foam first appeared in the late 1950s, d eventually replaced such cushioning as athers, springs and especially latex. It was not e first material to be linked to fires. Jim illiams, manager of code compliance with the oll Group, recalls that latex, though a superior shioning material, was phased out by the early 70s because of its extreme flammability.

Urethane foam's vulnerability is conceded by rdon Damant, chief of the California Bureau of me Furnishings (the organization also deals with e contract furnishings industry), who is a incipal proponent of legislation to require a rtain level of fire retardancy for interior nishings. "These foams can be some of the most mbustible materials available," he emphasizes. rethane foam that has not been treated for fire tardancy shouldn't be used under any cumstance where fire is a slightest concern."

In fact, urethane foam is easily and routinely dified with chemical substances that amatically increase its fire retardancy pperties. According to Dick Bukowski, manager technology transfer for the Building & Fire search Laboratory (formerly the Center for Fire search), "With the addition of fire retardant emicals, urethane foam can be altered to create substantial increase in safety." The use of mbustion-modified foams is uniformly required by code in cases where installation is in a "high risk" area-hospitals, nursing homes, prisons and the like-where escape times in a fire tend to be much slower. For more typical furnishing applications, the use of urethane foams that have not been chemically modified for fire retardancy is still widespread, according to Damant.

Except in California, that is, where Damant has led a successful effort to restrict the use of flammable urethane foams in interior furnishings. California Technical Bulletin 117 requires furniture sold in California to be both flame retardant and smolder resistant. Cover fabrics must also meet a screening test for flammability. Damant claims that in the 15 years since



California 117 became law, there has been a 50% decline in domestic fire deaths in the state, suggesting that furniture ignition is indeed a serious problem in the residential market. That kind of effectiveness has prompted further legislation that specifically pertains to contract furnishings. The more recent California Technical Bulletin 133-not yet passed into law but with a tentative effective date of January 1. 1992—requires all seating furniture in public buildings to pass an open flame test indicative of A worker at Knoll's East Greenville, Pa., plant upholsters a Bulldog Chair that is cushioned with urethane foam (above). Knoll is one manufacturer that has chosen to uniformly meet strict urethane foam flammability test standards, reflecting what California's Gordon Damant labels "a transition within the industry."

a typical fire source in public buildings. It is important to note, however, that furniture ignition is seldom implicated as a cause of fire in public buildings, according to Susan Perry, manager of technical services for the Business and Institutional Furniture Manufacturers Association (BIFMA).

A handful of other states, including Illinois, Minnesota and Massachusetts, have recently passed similar laws, and Damant anticipates that additional states will soon follow. BIFMA has voluntarily adopted an approach similar to California's. While Perry is quick to point out

Combustion-modified foam doesn't answer every prayer

that casualties suffered from fires in offices or public places account for only a small percentage of annual fire deaths (the majority being residential), she says that BIFMA does promote the burning cigarette standard for flammability of contract furnishings. "Manufacturers that test their products to that standard have a safe product," she believes.

Where no legal requirements exist, manufacturers are free to use untreated or treated foams at their discretion. Some, such as The Knoll Group, have elected to meet the California standards in all cases, reflecting what

> Damant calls the "transition taking place within the industry."

> In many cases, the use of untreated urethane foams is a question of compromise. Combustion-modified urethane foams have their drawbacks in terms of cost and comfort. In the opinion of Steve Gabelman, worldwide marketing manager for Ultracel, a company that sells fire retardant chemicals to foam manufacturers, "The more things you add, the further it is away from being foam, and it starts to lose its comfort properties."

"You do not get exactly the same seating comfort [with combustion modified urethane]," agrees Knoll's Williams, "There is a trade off."

Furthermore, combustion-modified foams are unavoidably more costly to produce—and sell. Williams also adds that some foams are so chemically modified that they absolutely will not burn, but will create enormous amounts of smoke, creating yet another kind of hazard.

In terms of toxicity, no substantial evidence exists that treated or untreated polyurethane foams will emit more toxic gases when ignited than any other organic material, including wood, leather and natural fabrics. It does, however, emit the same toxic gases that any other organic material emits when ignited. Emissions include carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxide and hydrogen cyanide, as well as non-toxic carbon dioxide, which can cause asphyxiation.

In other cases, concern over urethane foam is mitigated by the composite approach to flammability: It questions the degree to which a specific furniture component can be singled out as a particularly potent hazard in the event of a fire. "Historically, flammability testing has tended to look at individual components of a product, but that will not necessarily be indicative of what

happens to a composite," says Lou Peter executive director of the Polyurethane Foa Association. "A lot depends on how materials a assembled and how components are p together. The synergistic effect can make ea individual component perform worse or better.

Fran Lichtenberg, executive director of t Polyurethane Division of the Society for t Plastics Industry (SPI), concurs. "What you ha to look at in furniture is the overall compos construction," she says. "You can radically al the fire performance of a foam depending on upholstery fabric." The composite approach flammability is widely recognized as a va point, In California, where early legislation flammability of upholstered furniture tool component approach, the most recent stud and recommendations consider the overall f performance of the product.

Some proponents of urethane foam arg that fire retardant interliners, such as coal glass fiber, and upholstery materials can a should be used to prevent urethane foam fr igniting in the first place. This shifts the focus the flammability issue away from the foam its In fact, studies have shown that the best cou of action in reducing the risk of furnitu combustion is to use a combination of f preventive techniques.

In a 1989 report published in the Journal Fire Sciences, polyurethane experts John Schuhmann (a 28-year employee of Polyurethane Foam Technical Service a Development function of the Dow Chemical (U.S.A.) and Dr. Gordon E. Hartzell (form director of the Department of Fire Technology Southwest Research Institute and editor of Journal of Fire Sciences) drew some sensiconclusions: "The ease of ignition of upholstered chair is influenced by the choice fabric; improved foam, designed for severe service application, can reduce the magnitude the fire risk; and interliners, employed between the fabric and the foam, are effective in reduc the magnitude of fire risk."

Still, a high level of concern over foam as focus of the flammability issue remains. Bukowski of the Building & Fire Research Lab atory comments, "The fabric can make a differe in ignitability, but once [the foam] gets burning, fabric doesn't really play that much of a role."

As long as urethane foam remains suspe efforts to improve its fire performance will a continue. The research and developm emphasis remains on chemical modification rat than on finding an alternative to polyureth foam, "Urethane foam really has a niche the here to stay," says Ultracel's Gabelman.

Companies like Ultracel market improchemicals to foam manufacturers that not of promote fire retardancy, but are intended diminish the loss of comfort that occurs w urethane foams are chemically modified keeping up with current environmental tren these chemicals are also formulated to repl auxiliary blowing agents, or CFCs, used in manufacture of urethane foam that have b associated with depletion of the ozone la Perhaps, as the environmental movem advances, this latter issue will become e more of a burning question.



Urethane foam, the choice cushioning material of furniture manufacturers, is a chemical "dough" that is mixed together and rises as it moves along the production conveyor. Varying the chemical mix to reduce flammability will also affect the firmness and density of the final product.

The Petri Collection comprehensive system of modular casegoods. It can be assembled into free-standing desks and storage units or into complete office environments.

Exotic veneers are carefully selected, matched and finished in an extensive range of enduring wood finishes.

The wide array of options and the ability to accommodate special requirements give maximum flexibility to discerning corporations.

Geiger

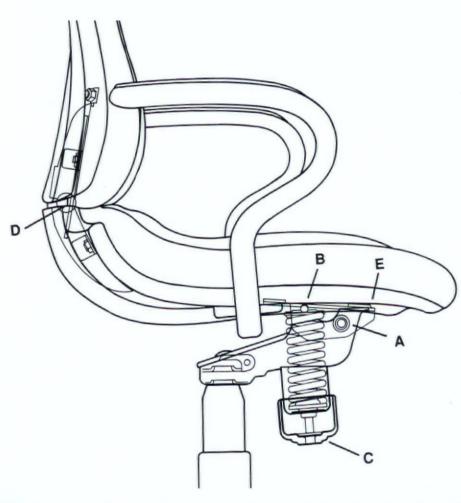


Design: Manfred Petri

THT!

United Chair's patented knee-tilt mechanism for Flexis puts a new spring in office seating

By Laura E. Mayer



Flexis' patented knee-tilt mechanism (left) differs technic from others. The distance of the pivot point (A) from the front of the seat is minimized, which helps limit the dist the front of the seat can rise. A ball bearing at the top o spring assembly (B) and an oversized adjustment knob provide smooth, easy adjustment for even small hands. true pivot in the Flexis back, instead of merely a flexible shell, allows a wider range of back recline. The pivot po (D) is positioned to correspond to where the human bacflexes most (the lumbar area). To cushion the seat as it reaches both the upright and full recline positions, the cincorporates a damper system (E).



spring tells it all. When United Chair recently unveiled the Flexis office chair, you had only to tilt back in the chair to understand why it was granted a patent. The kneetilt mechanism beneath the seat pan of Flexis, part of the overall design by Jonathan Ginat, centers on a large spring that is an advanced take on the knee-tilt concept first explored by Germany's Wilkhahn and subsequently America's Vecta. Ginat's design develops the knee-tilt concept through a combination of dual pivot points that allow the user a greater range of body movement.

"We looked at the knee-tilt concept and realized that there's more than one way to attack an idea," says United Chair vice president Don Emmons. "In a lot of seating, the forward tilt action comes from the design of the frame. We decided to control the design by tying the seat to the base. This eliminates frame restrictions and allows a lot more flexibility with the design of the chair itself."

United Chair took what Emmons calls a "systems approach" in designing the chair, integrating the location of controls, operation of the chair and location of the waterfall and back bar. The large spring is positioned vertically rather than horizontally, so that the knee-tilt mechanism controls the entire 20 degree recline or "power zone" of the chair—the concept that enabled the company to receive its patent. The spring itself is made of an advanced, special-purpose continuous filament

fiber glass that is housed in steel; it has be tested beyond six million cycles (120,00 standard). Overall, Flexis has met or exceed all BIFMA standards.

United Chair is aggressively marketing new technology for less than \$500 per of "Even the biggest in our line—the high-bac executive—will run \$495 with the lowest-prfabric," Emmons says. United Chair is air this strategy of high performance at compet cost directly at the end user through di mailings and its membership in the Internati Facility Management Association (IFMA). Generally the innovation represented by Flexis, Un Chair has good reason to think IFMA mem will spring for it.

pens Once

pens in York

pens at the center ign activity xcitement: the

h 12, 1991 n to 3:00pm

miss the latest Forecasts: ds and Cycles in Fashion and ors: Crosscur-

and Global eting: Implica-and New tions and Ecology: al vs. Man-Materials and Educa-New Schools/ earning onments and itality Design: Accents and n Arches, Furnishings to

The day's program features key note speaker Jean-Philippe Lenclos. internationally acclaimed color specialist and founder of Atelier 3D Couleur, Paris. Lenclos will explore "The Geography of Color," a concept that proposes color as an essential element of identity encompassing the geographical location of a place, its climactic conditions, its geological factors and the socio cultural features of its population - and examines the growing universal impact of color on design in the

Other special guest participants include: Frances Halsband. Principal, R.M. Kliment & Frances

global marketplace.

Halsband Architects. Recent projects include World Corporate Headquarters, Marsh & McClennan Companies; Princeton University Computer Science Building; and, in progress, new **Entrance Building** to Long Island Railroad. Sam Lopata, restaurant designer and Principal, Sam

Lopata,Inc. Lopata's recent New York projects include Lox Around The Clock II, Pipeline and Vince & Eddie's.

Robin Drake. Principal, Drake &

Boucher. Janice Hall, Senior Stylist for Allied Fibers.

Kenneth Karpel,

Color Day '91

March 12

Allied Fibers

tect, N.Y.C. School Construction Authority

Margaret Walch. Associate Director, The Color Association of the

United States. Marypaul Yates. Principal, Yates &

Weisgal, Inc.

Registration fee \$25.00. Breakfast and lunch are included and afternoon coffee will be served in the showrooms

Color Day is co-sponsored by The Color Association of the United States and Contract Design magazine with generous support from Allied Fibers.

Pre-register now.

Please complete the following registration form and mail with a check for \$25.00, payable to IDCNY.

Name

Title

Company

Address

Phone

Color Day '91 . IDCNY . 29-10 Thomson Avenue Long Island City, NY . 11101

Circle 24 on reader service card

Almost Indestructible Floors with Goose Bumps

If rubber flooring is one of the world's toughest coverings, why does it fail?

By Roger Yee

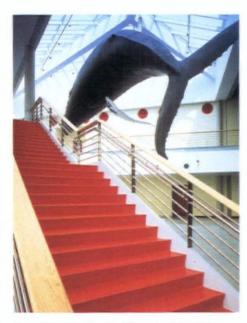
merica's most stylish commercial, institutional and residential floors were overrun some two decades ago by rubber flooring studded with approximately one-inch diameter circles when Italy's Pirelli introduced the product to architects and interior designers here. Since then, more European and domestic manufacturers have entered the U.S. market, and rubber flooring has become commonplace in such diverse settings as shops, schools and airports. With familiarity, however, has come what appears to be the occasional failure of a material widely held to be indestructible. Rubber flooring installations have been seen forming bubbles, working loose, developing tears or becoming stained and soiled.

Have designers been oversold on the merits of rubber flooring? Or is the problem similar to the sudden acceleration that troubled Audi owners in the 1980s—the result of human failure to use a product correctly? Discussions with manufacturers suggest that some design and construction professionals may be taking the product's fabled invincibility for granted. "Rubber withstands almost all substances save for certain chemicals," observes Volker Siems, president of Nora Rubber Flooring, a subsidiary of Germany's Freudenberg Building Systems. "Problems with rubber flooring can usually be traced to problems in installation and maintenance rather than the material itself."

In other words, rubber flooring—which resists wear, slippage, cigarettes, abrasion, puncture and most oils, grease, acids and alkalis—shares much the same fate as other applied, resilient flooring materials. A finished floor such as rubber tile is only as stable as its subfloor of wood or concrete. Among the adverse conditions typically encountered in failing installations today are movement of substrate, trapped moisture, substrate surface irregularity and fragile substrate materials.

 Movement of substrate. Wood floors always move, so a typical strip floor must be covered by plywood sheet underlayment with staggered joints and tight fastening, especially at the perimeters of sheets, to minimize movement.

 Trapped moisture. A subfloor of wood on concrete, wood on sleepers on concrete or concrete alone that is on or below grade is likely to allow moisture to accumulate between the subfloor and the rubber tile, which can result in excessive hydrostatic pressure, bubbles and other forms of physical damage. For this reason,



A one-piece rubber flooring stair tread and riser system makes level changes exciting yet safe beside a breaching humpback whale at the Baltimore Aquarium (above), designed by Cambridge Seven Architects. Photo courtesy of Freudenberg Building Systems.

a concrete subfloor should be protected by an adequate moisture barrier, while a suspended wood subfloor must have underfloor ventilation.

• Substrate surface irregularity. Rubber flooring can be successfully applied over wood or concrete substrate that is clean, dry, smooth without being slick, free of protruding nails, loose boards and gaps. What is readily overlooked is that surfaces of paint, varnish, old adhesive and the like may require stripping or coverage by a layer of polyethylene plastic sheeting; slick concrete must be sanded for adhesion; protruding objects have to be hammered down or removed; and gaps should be filled to avoid hills and valleys that distort tiles and preclude precise joinery of these die-cut squares.

 Fragile substrate materials. All materials are not created equal in compressive strength or resilience; particleboard, hardboard and lightweight concrete or perlite floors are some that would fail as subfloors for rubber flooring due to brittleness, softness or other structural insufficiencies. Light- to medium-weight concrete and concrete plank floors must be prepared as substrate with a topping of concrete mix.

• Improper installation methods. Rubt flooring requires careful installation. How mutile adhesive is used, how and where is troweled on, and how long it is permitted cure? How thoroughly are laid tiles rolled with heavy roller? What temperature prevails durinstallation? Deviations from correct method can sabotage rubber flooring.

By contrast, maintenance is questraightforward, according to manufacture "There is no reason to be particularly careful we rubber flooring," claims Francesco Commisgeneral manager of Pirelli Industrial Production "Damp mopping with a cleaning solution is only normal maintenance needed," The stress on cleanliness. Sweeping or vacuuming follow by application of a recommended clean solution, scrubbing, wet vacuuming of resident polishing are sufficient for a thorout cleaning. Wax, acrylic and other coatings neither required nor advised.

Rubber flooring manufacturers endeavoring to strengthen their products' app in the United States, where they are regarded as exotic, sophisticated acc materials rather than the workhorse commodi they are in Europe. Different tiles have b created for normal and heavy traffic and ot special environmental conditions; supplement components are now available for stair trea risers and nosings, and baseboard straight ed and corners; colorways are expanding regul to give designers greater choice. Demonstra that manufacturers are not afraid to define limits of the material. Al Glassman, ser architect in technical services for the Floor Division of Armstrong World Industries, sa "Rubber flooring goes over practically anyth but we don't recommend our rubber tile prod for such uses as commercial kitchens and f processing, hospital operating rooms, or spa subject to heavy, rolling loads or refrigeration.

Most important of all, a concerted effor under way to educate construction a maintenance personnel, interior designers architects in the correct use of this distinct high-end product. The look of rubber floorin clearly not appropriate to every interior, installations ranging up to one million sq. ft. 20 years of age with little sign of wear sugs that the material can handle any job—if designer can. 3

The Problem Solver...

tures Furniture's tandem seating system is the logical ogression in comfortable high density seating for public iting areas.

s a versatile, easily specified system allowing custom nfigurations using standard components, adapting to v layout requirement. Choose from a variety of seat selections in thermoplastic or upholstered versions, intermediate or corner tables, arms and tablets.

Available for Quick Ship, three weeks or sooner in Fixtures stock upholstery. Also available in Maharam Synergism Program or COM.

Send for our tandem presentation portfolio and New 1-91 List Price Workbook.



FIXTURES FURNITURE®目

1642 Crystal, P.O. Box 6346, Kansas City, MO 64126-0346 Telephones: 800/821-3500 • 816/241-4500 • FAX: 816/241-4027

Showrooms: Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Detroit, Halifax, Houston, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Minneapolis, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Toronto, Vancouver

DESIGN DETAIL

The Desk That Won't Stand Still

he elevator doors open, and you step into a gallery-like space with high-gloss tile floor, sparse, white-washed walls, and a small alcove housing a custom reception desk, the reception area for the new midtown Manhattan offices of Kohn Pedersen Fox Conway (KPFC). It takes but an instant to realize that

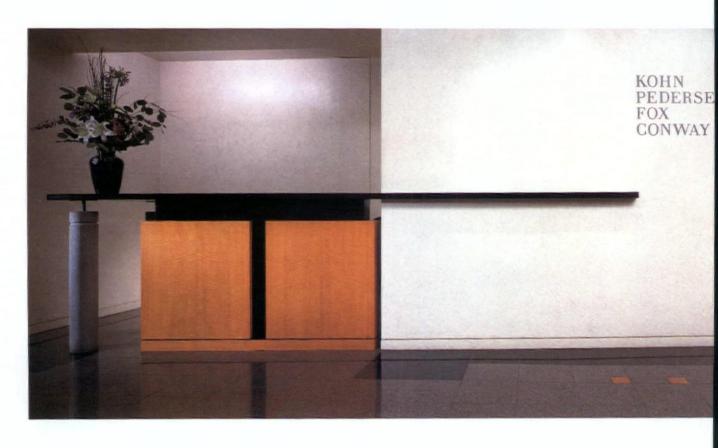
all these minimal planes and surfaces are present to act as foil to two very distinguished pieces of handcrafted furniture that partner Patricia Conway commissioned from Rosanne Somerson and James Schriber. Conway's love of the crafts, recently celebrated through the publication of her survey of contemporary crafts artists. Art for Everyday, The New Craft Movement, published by Clarkson Potter in 1990, is evident throughout KPFC's facility.

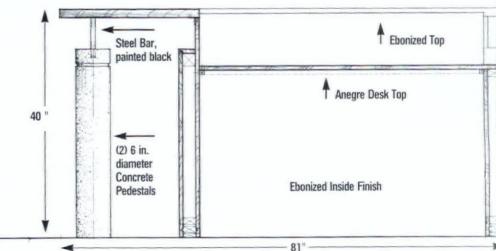
One of the quiet triumphs of the space is of course the classically

Modern custom reception desk created by KPFC project designer Jarvis Wong. The subtly detailed, high-style, low-cost desk, sized 40 in. high by 81 in. long, appears to hover above the polished floor, its components gliding in what appear to be graceful, independent horizontal paths. Like the famous Red-Blue chair by Gerrit Rietveld, the desk has made a virtue of perpetual motion.

KPFC's desk is firmly anchored to the floor, to be sure. What imparts its unusual sense of balance is the deliberate play of asymmetry between smooth, polished an and ebonized wood tops aga massive, 6 in. diameter conceylindrical pedestals capped stender steel bars that baseem to touch the primary top. As the longitudinal see shows, the desk's structur quite sturdy. From the visit vantage point, however, the serenely defies gravity as a moof daily routine.

Photograph by Paul Warchol

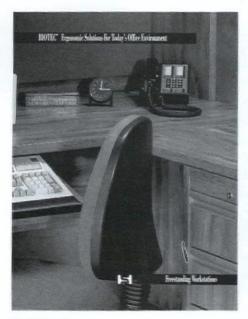




Longitudinal cross section of reception desk at Kohn Pedersen Fox Conway (right).



PROFESSIONAL LITERATURE



Hamilton Sorter



Wyandot Seating



Myrtle Desk Co.

Wyandot Seating

Wyandot Seating's brochure on its Gold Cup Quality line of task seating and 8000 Executive Series seating is filled with facts and figures on the company's patented AMP Cushion, signature card program, quality control process, full seat pan tilt concept, and a host of other features. Circle No. 243

ACI Glass Products

The "Classic" Handrails from ACI Glass contains complete specifications on the various handrail systems available from the company, along with examples of outstanding installations. Circle No. 240

Musson Rubber Co.

Musson Rubber's brochure on commercial mats and matting features a complete selection of floor covering products designed especially for institutional, commercial and industrial buildings. Included are indoor/outdoor carpet, anti-static, anti-fatigue and interlocking mats, along with runner, entrance and special application matting. Specific uses of each product and how it contributes to durable floor maintainence is covered. Circle No. 241

Smith System Manufacturing, Inc.

The 28-page Computer Furniture Collection catalog from Smith System features three different lines of modular workstations and accessories

as well as workwall units, Desk Wraps panels, cabinets, crank adjustable tables, mobile PC stations and computer lab stations. The catalog includes photographs of individual pieces and complete office settings, scale drawings, model numbers, specifications and prices.

Circle No. 242

Acacia Corporation

SWEET's Catalog File brochure introduces the Colortrak Linear Ceiling and Wall System manufactured by Acacia Corporation. Colortrak is an aluminum, linear ceiling and wall system featuring snap-on, snap-off installation. The system's features, functions and benefits are described. Circle No. 244

Congoleum

Congoleum's 1991 Specifier's Guide outlines the features, benefits, colors, designs and installation requirements of all Congoleum commercial sheet vinyl.

Circle No. 249

Hamilton Sorter

Hamilton Sorter Co. offers an eight-page brochure on BIOTEC Freestanding Workstations, ergonomically designed to reduce tension and stress and increase productivity. The BIOTEC Workstations offer flexibility and interchangeability in configuration, so they can easily be adapted to the specific needs of any environment.

Circle No. 248

Myrtle Desk Company

Myrtle Desk Company's descriptive four-color brochure describes its completection of bookcases. These products of ment items in existing Myrtle wood of furniture groups or can be used as alones. The bookcases are constructed of ty wood veneers and feature a recesser plinth base. They are available in eight ficurcle No. 247

Outwater Plastic/Industries

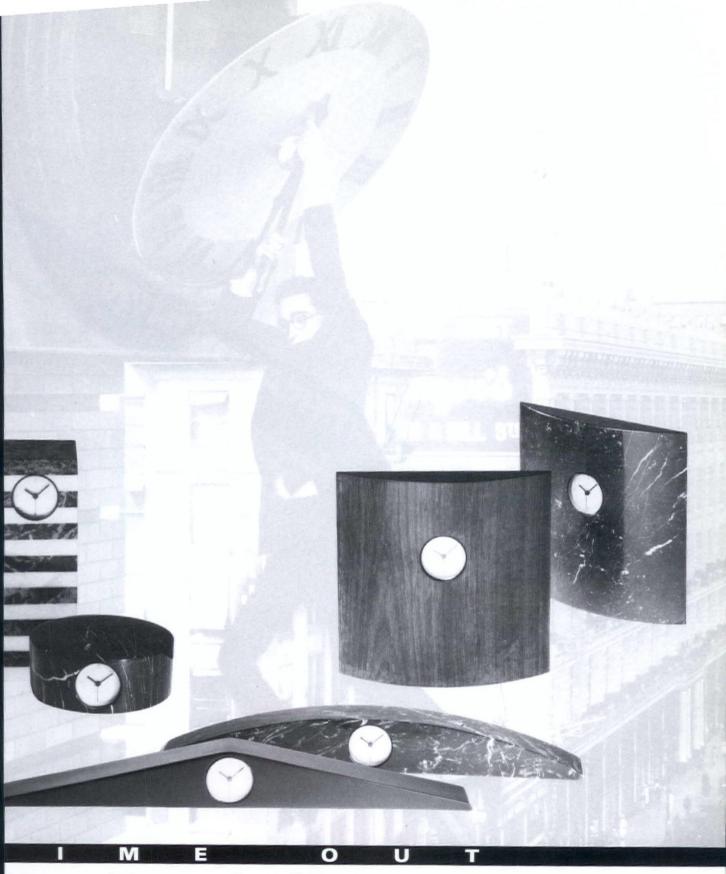
Outwater Plastic/Industries' colo Orac Decor catalog includes hundred stock cornice panel moldings, ceiling lions, niches, corbels, columns and capilasters, chair rails, wall lighting so door/window surrounds and pediments torical and classical styles. The brochu features a designer showcase with a crotion of popular Orac cornices, an Orabox, and Orac's own adhesive.

Circle No. 245

Best Manufacturing Company

A 24 page, full-color catalog #990 on and exterior signage from BEST Manuf-Sign Systems includes detailed specificati dimensions to help in the signage select cess. The brochure also includes informathe company's Graphic Blast process, wh carve the specifier's copy and art into proall man-made materials and natural stone

Circle No. 246



tinctive epieces, from ch + Lowy.

8 Roscoe Award nner. Designer
Piotr Sierakowski
Martine Bedin
Shapes
Various
Material

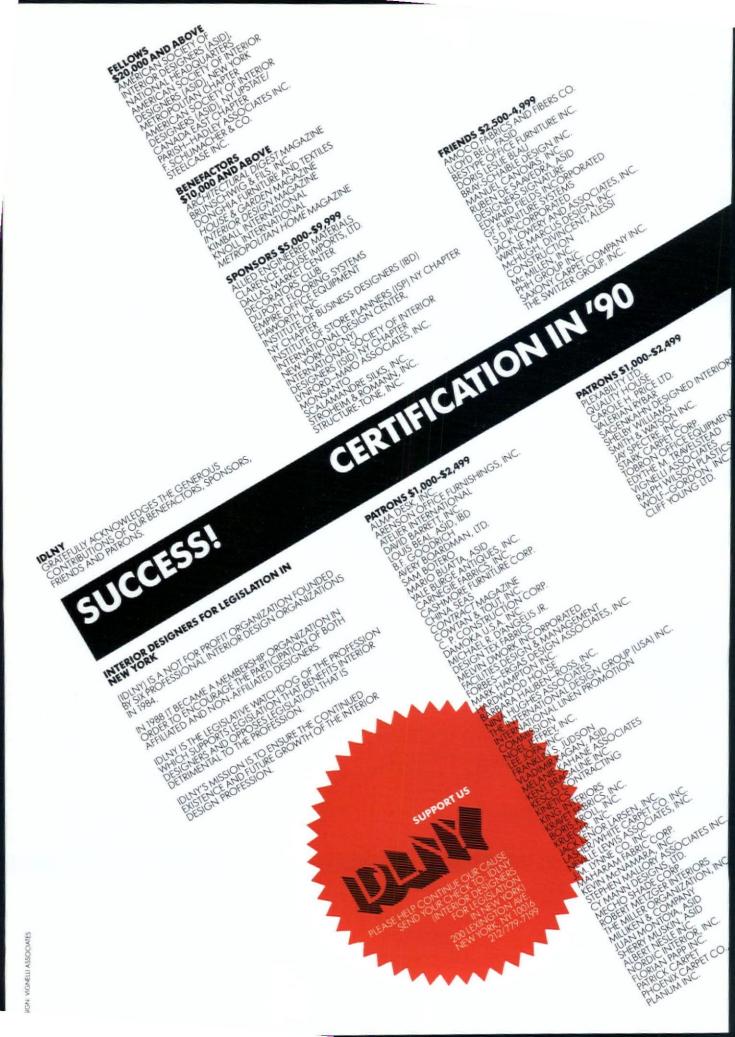
Various
Material
Heart Wood, Green and
White Marble, Black
Cast Enamel

Factory and Office 21-24 39th Ave. Long Island City, N.Y. 11101 718-786-3520 Telex 620056 Fax 718-937-7968

KOCH+LOWY

"See us at Westweek, Space # 639, P.D.C."

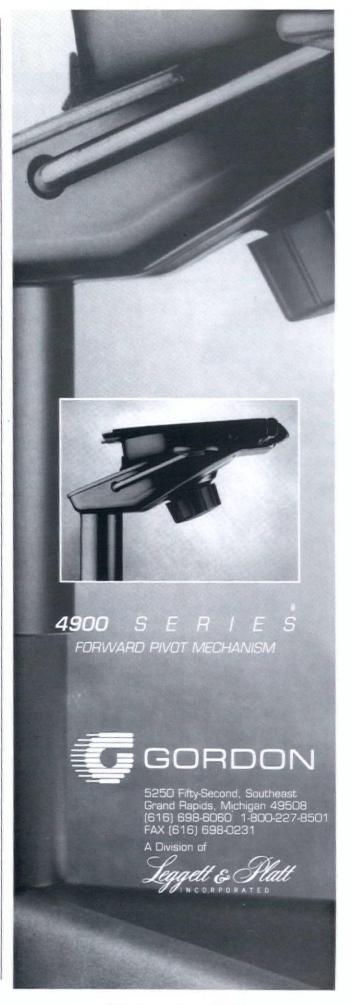
Circle or -



AD INDEX

dvertiser	Reader Service No.	Page
lied Fibers	24	65
rc-Com Fabrics	6	9
rmstrong World Industries	1	Cover 2, 1
ASF (Upholstery Fibers Div.)	16	37
runschwig & Fils	13	24, 25
u Pont - Polymers Div.	22	10
urkan Patterned Carpet	8	13
ST Co. Inc.	23	69
alcon Products	14	27
xtures	7	67
eiger International	20	63
ne Harbinger Co.	17	43
arden Furniture	26	4
ayes Manufacturing Co.	28	Cover 4
owe Furniture	12	21
ternational Terra Cotta	27	Cover 3
imball Healthcare	5	6.7
och & Lowy	25	71
Contract Division of Krueger International	18	44
eggett & Platt	3	73
ixo Lamp Corp.	10	16
aharam/Vertical Surfaces	11	16A, 16B, 17
ational Office Furniture		55
emschoff	21	60
uartet Manufacturing Co.	15	29
chards-Wilcox Office Systems	19	52
Johy Furniture	4	5
nited Chair	9	14, 15
'estin-Nielsen	2	2

is index to advertiser page location is published for reader convenience. Every effort is ade to list page numbers correctly. This listing is not part of the advertising contract, and e publisher is not liable for errors or omissions.



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTED TO BUY

ATTENTION WANTED TO PURCHASE

All types of used office furniture and panel systems. Finder's fees paid. For more info call

(216) 281-8000

MODULAR FURNITURE SVCS.

BUYING OF USED FURNITURE

Often the inability to dispose of old furniture will delay a projected move or change.

CIS will purchase your casegoods and panel/systems furniture and free you up for the planning and execution of your new space.



Tel 212-683-3233

212-689-0196

Certified Industrial Services, Inc.

WANTED USED FURNITURE & SYSTEMS

Largest System Furniture Remanufacturer in USA, specializing in Steelcase, Herman Miller, direct to find-end users. Fax Inventory to 313-973-1276 or call SCP Enterprises at 313-973-1144.

Wanted To Buy

All types of used panel systems and office furniture. For more information call our toll-free number.

1-800-325-2195 OFFICE FURNITURE CO.

WANTED TO BUY

Network buys all brands of casegoods and systems furniture

Network buys anywhere in North America Network buys telephone and computer systems Network buys in very large quantity

Fax: 216-253-5713 Phone: 216-253-6349

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

REPS WANTED

Who take their line seriously and who call on their clients regularly.

Territories: Los Angeles, 11 Western states, and elsewhere in U.S. We are searching for 2 categories of reps.

A. To sell a line of medium-end contract chairs (wood) that is competitively priced.

B. To sell a line of high-end residential chairs (wood).

Juhasz Inc., 4515 W. Adams Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90016, 213-734-1556 or 213-734-1567.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

Sales Reps Wanted

An established manufacturer of high-end 18th Century Georgian reproductions of quality Executive and Residential furniture is seeking sales representatives throughout the U.S. Prime territories are available at this time. Please send resume to: Legend Furniture, 5901-B Goshen Springs Rd., Norcross, GA 30071.

SYSTEMS FURNITURE/PARTITIONS FIVE GOOD REASONS TO INVESTIGATE FURTHER

- Prime Territories* for Exclusive Representation
 *FL, M.West, N.West, Mtn.State, S.West, N.England
- Three Distinct Panel Systems For Broad Market Appeal
- · Floor To Ceiling Panels
- Strong, Service Oriented Factory Support
- Excellent Commission Structure
 Call Mr. George at 800-733-6633

Contract Reps Wanted

Amotek/LUSA Inc., a full line manufacturer of office seating products, located in Bridgeport, CT is looking for qualified representation in "selected" markets across the U.S.A. The ideal organization should have existing relationships and have been in business for 3 years. The number one priority for the Rep is to establish a network of Key Dealers in the respective territories. Please send resume to:

Gerry Grabinski Vice President, Sales & Marketing Amotek/LUSA Inc. 1730 State Street Bridgeport, CT 06605

Well established manufacturer of contract furniture seeks quality reps to promote product line to dealers, A&D and end-users. Mid to upper mid-price point. Quality, contemporary products. The best compensation and outstanding customer service. Prime territories available. Reply to Box 331, CONTRACT Magazine, 15400 Knoll Trail Drive, Suite 112, Dallas, Texas 75248.

Rep/Partner Wanted

Aggressive Allsteel/Knoll Dealer needs sales representative/partner to establish a new dealership in the San Diego area. Phone Jeff Tuttle or Jett Winter (408) 279-8332.

INDEPENDENT SALES REPS

High quality interior window covering manufacturer Seeking aggressive rep/groups for

> New York City, NY Boston, MA Atlanta, GA Chicago, IL Miami, FL Philadelphia, PA Pittsburgh, PA

Lucrative Opportunity Send cover letter and resume: Contract Manager P. O. Box 517 Pittsburgh, PA 15230

HELP WANTED

INTERIOR DESIGN, FAMILY AND CONSUME ECONOMICS, MERCHANDISING, The School Human Environmental Sciences, California Sta University, Chico has THREE tenure-track, academ year, faculty positions available August 1991, TWO INTERIOR DESIGN and ONE in FAMILY AN CONSUMER ECONOMICS OR FASHION MEI CHANDISING OR INTERIOR DESIGN. Teach bas and advanced classes. Advising; research/scholarly tivities; service to university and community. Doctora completed or in progress preferred; demonstrated ac demic and scholarly achievement and university teac ing ability; leadership potential; ability to communica orally and in writing; business/industry experience sirable. Review of applicants begins FEBRUARY 1991 and continues until positions are filled. Send ter of application, resume, official transcripts, and thr letters of recommendation to: Personnel Committee School of Human Environmental Sciences, Californ State University, Chico, CA 95929-0002. Telephon 916-898-6805. EO/AA.

Sales Recruiters

FOR OVER 10 YEARS WE HAVE REPRESENTED HARD-WORKING, TALENTED SALES/MANAGEMENT AND MARKETING INDIVIDUALS AND THE QUALITY COMPANIES WHERE THEY ARE RECOGNIZED, DEVELOPED AND REWARDED.

IF YOU FEEL THAT YOU OR YOUR COMPANY MAY QUALIFY, PLEASE CALL OR WRITE TO:

Sales Recruiters® International, Ltd. RICHARD J. HARRIS, C.P.C. NEAL BRUCE, C.P.C.

371 South Broadway Tarrytown, New York 10591 914-631-0090 □ 212-319-6255

INTERIOR DESIGN, PURDUE UNIVERSITY

ANTICIPATED 10 MONTH, TENUR TRACK, ASSISTANT OR ASSOCIAT PROFESSOR LEVEL. Teach history, lighting, CAD and design studios. Conduct at publish research and/or creative endeavor participate in professional organizations and advise students. Qualifications: M.A./M.F.A. Ph.D. Interior Design or related; profession practice and/or teaching; strong evidence teaching, research, and creative productivity ability to interact with students and colleagues.

Submit letter of intent, vita, transcripts, a names, addresses and phone numbers of references (portfolio requested at later dat to: John Eric Peaslee, Chair, Interior Desi Search Committee, Consumer Sciences a Retailing, 214 Mathews Hall, Purd University, West Lafayette, IN 47907; 31 494-9047. Application Deadline: March 1991 or until filled. An AA/.EO Employer.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

Contract Office Furnishings Industry

What's new at HAWORTH? Plenty. As one of the fastest-growing office furnishings companies, new ideas are encouraged and essential in meeting customer needs. Presently, a challenging opportunity exists for a professional to provide our customers with novel product applications and concepts. Other duties will focus on planning, organizing and managing the design, development and delivery of those solutions.

The successful candidate will have 8 + years of industrial experience, including 2+ years within a supervisory role. In-depth competitive product knowledge and contract furniture background is needed. Background in the design process, as well as product development and product marketing is essential. Process and manufacturing knowledge is desirable. Some travel will be necessary. Degree in engineering, industrial/architectural design or equivalent is expected.

From HAWORTH, expect a competitive salary, along with a comprehensive benefits package. For consideration, send your resume to: Product Development Recruiter, HAWORTH INC., One Haworth Center, Holland, MI 49423-9576. Ours is a non-smoking environment. An equal opportunity employer m/f/h.



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

RATES: A standard classified ad costs \$85 per column inch. Estimate a column inch as 40 characters per line, 7 lines per inch, including headline and address. Please specify whether it is a signed ad or a blind box number. Add \$5.00 to the cost if a box number is used. Payment with order is required for insertion of classified. Send ad and check to: CONTRACT, Classified Ad Dept., c/o Gina Curlee, 15400 Knoll Trail Drive, Suite 112, Dallas, TX 75248, DEADLINE: 1st of month preceding issue date, REGULATIONS: Classified ads may be used for help or situations wanted; salespeople, reps, or lines wanted; business for sale; wanted to buy; and space for lease. Classified ads may not be used for extensive product descriptions; customer solicitations; or for the offer of merchandise or services continuously available to our readers, which is the function of display advertising. Publication reserves the right to reject, delete, or re-word copy that is contrary to regulations.

CONTRACT REPS WANTED - Many important and new manufacturers ask CON-TRACT DESIGN Magazine for the names of qualified independent representatives who currently sell commercial/institutional furnishings and might be interested in an additional line. If you want us to include your name in a confidential list of reps, which we supply to manufacturers who have become new advertisers, write to the publishers of CONTRACT DESIGN Magazine. State your name, address, type of lines you carry, number of associates or salesmen if you have any, and indicate product categories in which you have a particular interest. Also include area covered. This is a free service. CON-TRACT DESIGN advertisers who are interested in expanding sales coverage and finding additional reps are invited to inquire about this advertiser service. Write: Carrie Enfield, Publishing Director, CONTRACT DESIGN, 1515 Broadway, New York, NY 10036.

OPEN PLAN PLACEMENTS NATIONWIDE

Sales, Sales Managers, District Managers and Designers. I place professionals in the OPEN OFFICE SYSTEMS industry. All fees paid by employer. All information handled in the strictest confidence. Contact Linda Greer at 800-777-2349



Serving The Contract Furnishing Industry In Executive Search

Current trends indicate that 1991 will be a year of change in our industry. We presently have national search contracts in various locations with several clients who, due to expansions, acquisitions, or aggressive marketing campaigns are experiencing rapid growth. We will have representatives interviewing in the cities listed below for the following assignments:

- · National Architectural/Design Marketing Manager-Midwest
- · Director of Sales-Systems Dealer-Houston, New Jersey, North Carolina
- District Sales Manager-Systems—Boston, Los Angeles, Long Island, New Jersey, San Francisco, London
- National Accounts Managers-Systems— Atlanta, Dallas, Miami, Philadelphia,
- · Architectural & Design Sales/Interior Designers—Las Vegas, Los Angeles, New York, Phoenix
- Facilities Manager—Los Angeles

We are the industry leader in executive search and serve some of the finest companies in the industry on an ongoing basis for their corporate as well as worldwide field assignments. If we can be of service to you, please contact us.

Kristan Associates

12 Greenway Plaza Suite 1100 713-961-3040

Fax 713-961-3626

5485 Beltline Road Suite 125 Houston, TX 77046-1286 Dallas, TX 75240 214-960-7010 Fax 214-239-7010

For faster service fax your ad to Gina at 214-788-1490.

April deadline for classified ads is March 4, 1991.

PERSONALITIES

A non-food menu for a restaurant designer?

Jordan Mozer

Add two more restaurants to the Jordan Mozer roster. In 1990, the acclaimed Chicago-based designer created Chicago's Vivere and San Francisco's Cypress Club. But striking restaurant designs are barely half the story: Mozer also developed the Jordan Mozer Collection of seating with Shelby Williams; and on top of that, gained a business/design partner, John Bolchart.

Mozer is currently working on product collections with seven different manufacturers and hopes to



Jordan Mozer

open a West Coast office soon. As if that weren't enough, he is also busy with numerous design commissions, not all of them restaurants: Jordan Mozer Associates handles retail and office projects as well. Does a Mozer office look anything like a typically Mozer restaurant? "It's a little more straightforward," he insists.

Like Philippe Starck, Mozer is gaining a solid reputation for designing every aspect of a project, from graphics and logo to furniture and accessories. "We are inventing our own architecture and the components of that architecture," he says.

Mozer's conceptual collages combine numerous references. Encouraged by his painter/sculptor mother, Mozer studied fine art, English and history in college—which helps to explain why much of his work is imbued with a strong sense of history.

But Mozer also looks ahead for design inspiration: "Architecture in the future needs to become warmer, more human," he states. "We should see more use of natural materials, more attention to lighting, more idiosyncracy." Clients, what are you waiting for?

Building stage sets you can sit on

Tim de Fiebre

How did Yale School of Drama prepare Tim de Fiebre, director of design for Brickel, for a career in furniture design? "Faking it," de Fiebre responds. "So much of the theater and set design in particular

involves getting something to look the way you want it to, creating an illusion."

That talent for faking it stood by him after he dropped out of Yale, went to work at a frame factory in Long Island City, N.Y., and eventually landed a job making chair mock-ups for legendary designer Ward Bennett. Brickel had been laboriously building wood models from elaborate drawings. With a handful of tools, some chipboard, foam and a few existing frames, de Fiebre turned

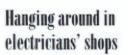
Bennett's thumbnail sketches into finished chairs much faster.

Brickel had been a one-designer company under Bennett for 23 years, but a new era dawned in 1987, when Brickel launched an atelier system. Today, young, unknown talent is welcome at Brickel. "I will literally talk to anyone who comes with an idea," de Fiebre says. "We won't always produce it, but unknowns can get through the door."

What type of design is de Fiebre encouraging? "I am fascinated by the manipulation of the known," he

says. "I like to see how the

ture of some small vanity chair in an art gallery can be translated into something more practical." He gets his inspiration by studying the work of Charles Eames. Marcel Breuer and Russell Wright, watching old movies and gallery hopping in Soho-sometimes with his two-year-old daughter in tow. When Tim de Fiebre calls for young talent, he isn't kidding.



Janna Ugone

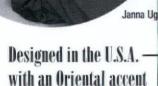
Entrepreneur/designer Janna Ugone started her lighting fixtures design business in Easthampton, Mass., six years ago to create pieces that were "flexible in form and function—not just decorative." Her highly original designs in ceramic have taken off—from New York City's Bloomingdales and Cooper-Hewitt Museum to Los Angeles' Museum of Contemporary Art.

Not bad for a designer who decided that lighting fixture design would be "fun." but knew virtually nothing about the industry when she left her job at a graphic engineering/architectural product manufacturer. "I would buy lighting fixtures and take them apart, hang around electricians' shops and try to learn the lingo," she laughs now. In addition, she shrewdly researched the market to find out what retailers were missing.

Ugone fires each piece up to four times to attain a rich, frescoe-like surface to which she adds funky, graphic detailing and special effects.

"The connections with architecture, interior design and

retail are just
the bridge I
wanted," Ugone
admits. Spanning
and illuminating
the world with
lighting fixtures
—an idea that
could brighten anyone's day.



Tsui-Yen Wang

If textile designer Tsui-Yen W is influenced by her Chinese I itage, it is largely from nostal Wang grew up in South Korea. parents fled China when the comunists took over, so Wang grew amid a community of Chinese extriates. Although her primary



Tsui-Yen Wang

guage is Chinese, Wang has no been to China.

After receiving a fine arts de from the National Normal Unive in Taiwan and teaching art small Taiwanese village, Wang o to America on a scholarship to State University to earn an MFA

Wang is introducing her first lection of contract fabrics throher new business, Brentano, Aided by textile consultant Kr Strasen, Wang has created falthat recall her heritage with looking overtly Chinese.

Any plans to see the Mi-Kingdom? "I'd like to go, but no not a good time," she says. Not or she busy with her new business and husband E'Kwan Chen are trying to raise a three-year-old five-year-old. China must wait.

