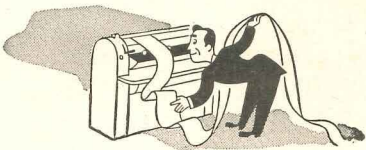


# NEW! THE OZALID STREAMLINER



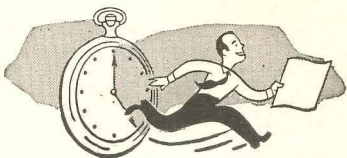
- Reproduces your engineering and architectural drawings in seconds—also your typed, printed, photographic material.
- Moderately priced . . . designed for the thousands of drafting rooms that want these 5 EXTRA VALUES in Printmaking at no extra cost—

**1. EFFICIENCY!** You always get positive (not negative) prints direct from your tracings . . . prints that are sharper, brighter, much easier for you to read, check, and make notations on.



You produce these without waste of material or waste of motion. Your tracings can be up to 42 inches wide, any length . . . and can be printed either on rolls of Ozalid sensitized paper or on cut sheets of matching size.

Your prints are always delivered dry, ready for immediate use . . . after just two simple operations—Exposure and Dry Development.

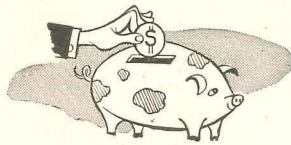


**2. SPEED!** ONLY 25 seconds to reproduce your standard-size tracings, specification and data sheets, etc.

**3. ECONOMY!** An 8½ x 11-inch reproduction costs you *one cent*; 11 x 17 inches, two cents . . . and so on. The Ozalid Streamliner soon pays for itself . . . in time, labor, and dollars saved.

With it, you can also effect amazing short cuts in design. For example—eliminate redrafting when changing ob-

solete drawings . . . combine the details of separate tracings on *one* print . . . re-



claim old or worn tracings . . . make transparent overlays in different colors.

**4. VERSATILITY!** You can reproduce the lines and images of any original in black, blue, red, sepia, or yellow . . . on paper, cloth, foil, film, or plastic.

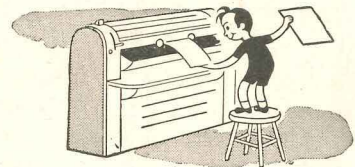
Simply use the Ozalid sensitized material you think best for job at hand; e.g., use identifying colors for prints of separate departments or operations . . . DRYPHOTO to produce beautiful con-



tinuous-tone prints from film positives (which can be made from any negative)

. . . OZAPLASTIC to produce oilproof, waterproof prints for shop or field use. *All* prints are made in same fast, economical manner.

**5. SIMPLICITY!** NOW—printmaking is an easy desk job, automatic in practically every detail.



Anyone can feed originals and sensitized material into the Ozalid Streamliner. Prints are delivered on top, stacked in order—within easy reach of the operator, who does not have to leave her chair.

You can install your Streamliner anywhere; it requires only 11 square feet of floor space.

Write today for free, illustrated booklet . . . showing all the ways you can use the new OZALID STREAMLINER . . . and containing actual reproductions—like those you can make.

<p>Gentlemen: <span style="float: right;">DEPT. 195</span>          Please send New Ozalid Streamliner booklet . . . containing reproductions of drawn, typed, printed, and photographic material. No obligation.</p> <p>Name _____          Position _____          Company _____          Address _____</p>	<h2 style="margin: 0;">OZALID</h2> <p style="margin: 0;">DIVISION OF          GENERAL ANILINE AND FILM CORPORATION          Johnson City, New York</p> <p style="margin: 0;">Ozalid in Canada          Hughes Owens Co., Ltd., Montreal</p>
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# THERE'S A *Four Letter*

**AMERICA** has the highest standard of living in the world . . . but something is happening to it. There is talk of a recession . . . even a depression. We at Ceco *do not believe a depression has to come* in the building industry.

We know nothing about nylons, breakfast foods, or radios. But thirty-five years in the construction industry have taught us something about building and its problems. We believe the construction industry can and should lead the way back to an even higher standard of living.

We admit the complexities of today's situation. But we feel that these complexities can be circumvented. So why *think* a depression? Why not do in peace as we did in war—expect prosperity—plan prosperity—work for prosperity?

Let's look at the facts a minute. Today our needs for *everything* are the greatest in our history. There is accumulated purchasing power to keep industry humming for years to satisfy those needs—particularly the building industry. Then what is the fly in the ointment—why the fear that we are headed for collapse?

We at Ceco believe it's something the economists haven't analysed. We believe that prosperity depends on a different kind of straight thinking—on whether we, as individual Americans, are willing to **WORK** to make prosperity **WORK**. It's as simple as that.

It won't be easy. We said "work!" and we mean "work!" We of management must really work at managing. We must junk the too-frequent "wait it out" idea.

And labor must work—produce more instead of less—reduce overall costs per unit—justify high wages. Wages must not spiral

after prices and prices after wages. Labor and management *both* must have something left after they've made their investment of time and capital.

It can be done if we're intelligent enough, willing enough, fair and square enough.

Of course, we can't do it overnight. We can't provide a new home or plant for everyone who wants one next week, or next month, or even next year. But we can start—and keep on . . . and once the ball is rolling the results can astound even ourselves. When Roosevelt announced our production goals for the first year of the war, the world laughed. It was a different story when we exceeded them. Then, we were unprepared. Today, we have everything to work with if we're permitted to use it—and will use it.

Sure, during the war, costs were a secondary consideration. But today, in a freer economy, the same will-to-work can drive down costs and prices, and drive up the production which labor needs to stay prosperous.

We eased up after the shooting stopped—all of us. That's understandable. We needed to. But we've had our breathing spell. Now let's face the fact that there is no magic road to prosperity—that we cannot get something for nothing indefinitely. Always, eternally and inevitably, we of management and labor are going to have to **WORK** for prosperity.

Here at Ceco we have faith—faith that horse sense is finally taking hold. The productivity of labor is increasing. Absenteeism and turnover are decreasing. Output per man hour is on the upgrade. Controls are no longer the bug-a-boo they were. Many critical material shortages are leveling off. Some cities have modernized their building codes, and a general revision is in progress.



# Word FOR IT!

In the past year "unfavorable factors" plagued us and at times we were not pleased with the service we gave. Shortages of steel and manpower, coupled with many delays, held down our production levels. We are apologetic to all of our good customers, who for the most part have been understanding and tolerant.

Yet as we look back over 1946 we're really surprised to see how much we did accomplish. We performed the following things in preparation for greater prosperity:

1. We doubled manufacturing capacity in our Plant No. 1. Also, expansion plans went forward in our 14 other plants and warehouses coast to coast.
2. We facilitated management operations by centering our general offices at Plant No. 1.
3. Company-wide, we increased our plant and erection organization by 40 per cent, our office personnel by 30 per cent.
4. With additions to our research facilities and personnel, we developed 16 new major products. More than 100 others still are under study. War experience is reflected in expanded use of diversified metals.
5. We—management and labor—increased production. Shipments of several principal lines, including screens and windows, were and now are greater than ever before.

6. We—management and labor—reduced absenteeism in our plants by 50 per cent.
7. We consistently modernized our equipment and machinery for maximum production.
8. We improved our agent-dealer structure and our service to agents-dealers.

What we did, many others did. In the days ahead we all can do even better.

Just a few fundamental virtues are necessary. Hard work, intelligence, and sympathetic understanding of labor's problems upon the part of management. Hard work—ever-increasing production—understanding of management's problems upon the part of labor.

We can say that here at Ceco we have the finest working conditions, the finest safety record, and the greatest opportunity in the history of our company.

We believe that *production* will maintain these high standards and even better them.

.... production that justifies high wages.

.... production sufficiently great for the costs involved, to make the selling price within the reach of the widest possible markets.

America has never yet admitted defeat. Why start now? High living standards can be cushioned against depression. Let's all quit *doodling* and get to *doing*. Yes, there's a four letter word for it—*W-O-R-K*.



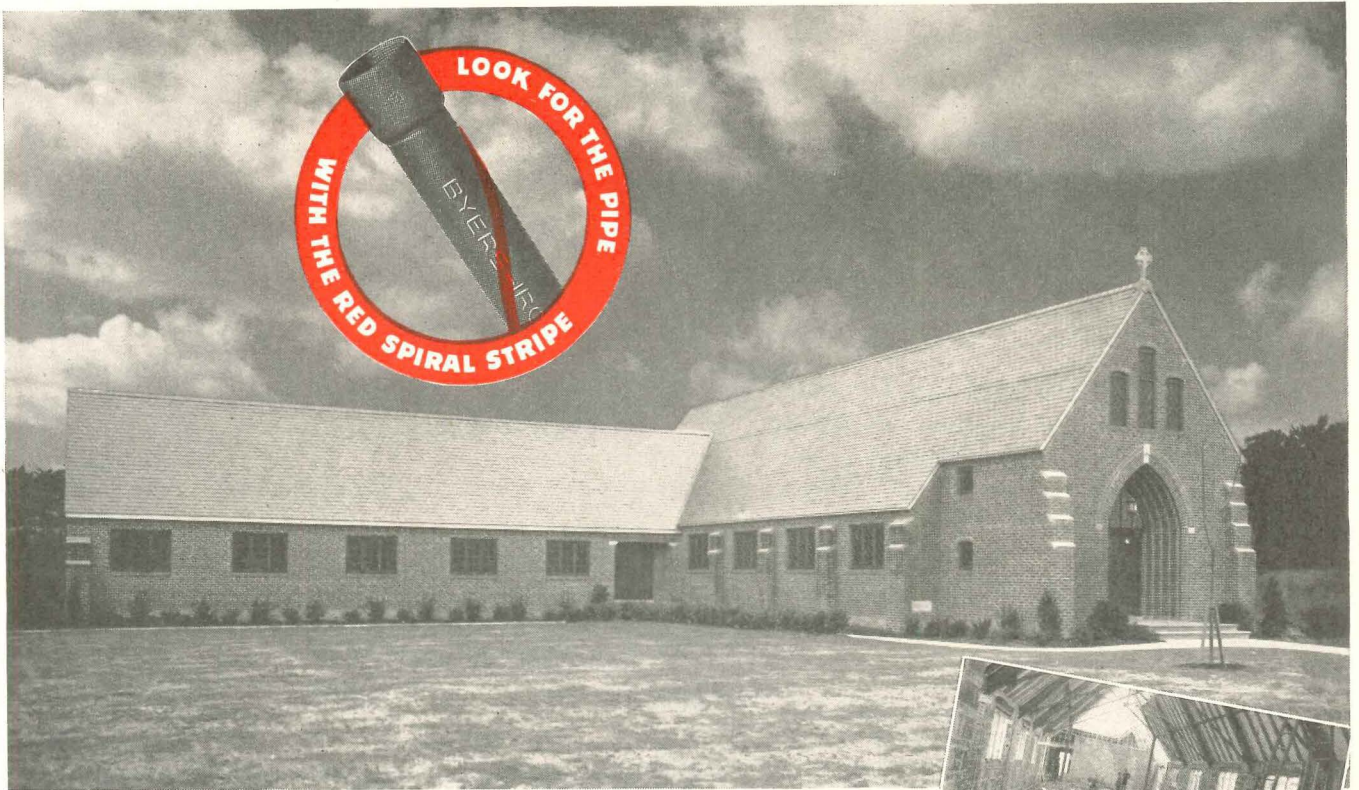
PARTIAL LIST OF CECO PRODUCTS • METAL WINDOWS AND DOORS • METAL FRAME SCREENS • STEEL JOISTS AND ROOF DECK • METAL LATH AND ACCESSORIES • MEYER STEELFORMS • CONCRETE REINFORCING BARS • WELDED STEEL FABRIC • HIGHWAY PRODUCTS • CORRUGATED ROOFING • LOUVRE VENTILATORS

## CECO STEEL PRODUCTS CORPORATION

GENERAL OFFICES: 5701 West 26th Street, Chicago 50, Illinois

Offices, warehouses and fabricating plants in principal cities





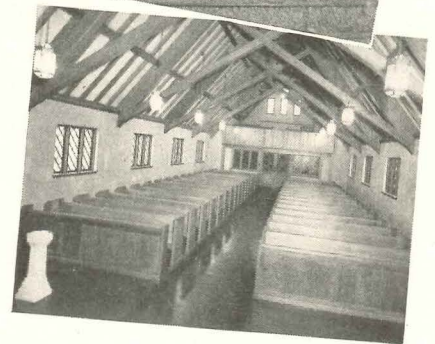
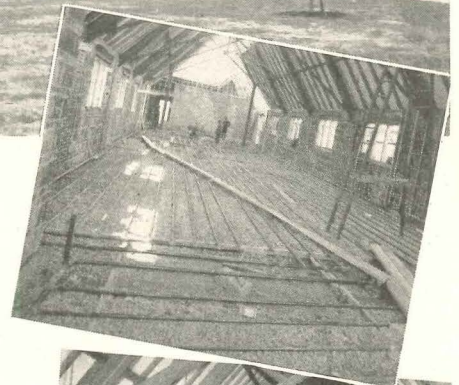
*This church welcomes its congregation*  
**with RADIANT HEATING**  
**using BYERS WROUGHT IRON PIPE**

The Trinity Lutheran Church at Norfolk, Virginia, is one of a number to use radiant heating with Byers Wrought Iron pipe—and to find in it an ideal answer to a difficult problem.

The building was designed by Bernard B. Spigel, Architect, and his Engineer L. Warren Carter, laid out the heating system. The 30 x 100-foot auditorium is warmed by grids fabricated from wrought iron pipe, laid on a 10-inch crushed stone fill and embedded in 4-inches of concrete, which is topped with asphalt tile. Sinuous coils of wrought iron are used in the Sunday School leg of the building while on the auditorium balcony similar coils are installed under wood flooring. A U.S. Capital oil burning boiler furnishes hot water at 120 F., which is circulated by

two 1½" pumps. The General Contractor for the structure was W. A. Ingram, and C. J. Montagna installed the plumbing and heating, and fabricated the coils. All radiant heating piping is Byers Wrought Iron, and the same material is used for all water piping in the building. Everyone concerned is delighted with this installation and operating costs have been remarkably low.

Byers Wrought Iron is the first choice of experienced engineers for radiant heating, because of its unusual combination of advantages. It is easily bent and welded, which speeds and simplifies installation. It emits heat rapidly. It expands and contracts at almost identical rates with concrete, which protects against thermal cracks. And its corrosion resistance under similar operating conditions has been dem-



onstrated in hundreds of installations, over periods of many years.

Our bulletin, "Byers Wrought Iron for Radiant Heating" gives the complete story. Ask for a copy.

A. M. Byers Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. Established 1864. Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Houston, Salt Lake City, Seattle, San Francisco.

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**GENUINE WROUGHT IRON**  
**TUBULAR AND HOT ROLLED PRODUCTS**  
 ELECTRIC FURNACE ALLOY STEELS • OPEN HEARTH ALLOY STEELS  
 CARBON STEEL TUBULAR PRODUCTS



# ARCHITECTURAL RECORD



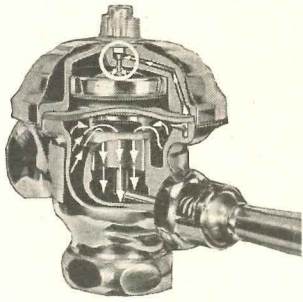
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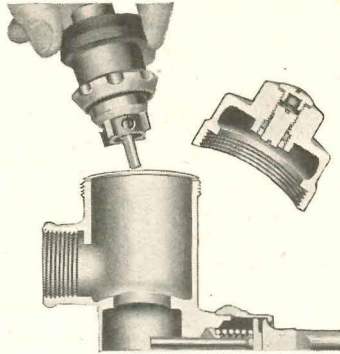
<b>RENTAL HOUSING—PRIME PROBLEM IN 1947</b> . . . . .	57
An Editorial . . . by Kenneth K. Stowell	
<b>FEDERAL TELECOMMUNICATION LABORATORY</b> . . . . .	58
Electronics Laboratory and Microwave Tower, Nutley, N. J., for Federal Telecommunication Laboratories, Inc. Giffels & Vallet, Inc., L. Rossetti, Engineers and Architects	
<b>NEW BUILDINGS FOR BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA</b> . . . . .	66
Leo A. Daly Company, Architects	
<b>MEDICAL-DENTAL CENTER, OKLAHOMA CITY</b> . . . . .	74
Coston and Frankfurt, Architects and Engineers	
<b>AIR CONDITIONING CALLS FOR COMPACTNESS</b> . . . . .	76
Residence for Dr. and Mrs. D. K. Brace, Austin, Texas. Fehr and Granger, Architects	
<b>TEXAS HOUSE WITH NATIVE FRANKNESS</b> . . . . .	78
Residence for Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. Fehr, Austin, Texas. Fehr and Granger, Architects	
<b>BUILDING TYPES STUDY NO. 121 . . . . . SCHOOLS IN TRANSITION</b>	79
<b>A YEAR OF BASIC SCHOOL PROGRESS.</b> . . . . .	79
<b>CLEAN DESIGN STANDS UP IN USE.</b> . . . . .	81
Edison Technical High School, Fresno, Calif. Franklin, Kump & Falk, Architects-Engineers	
<b>UNILATERAL LIGHTING, TWO-STORY SCHOOL</b> . . . . .	86
James Vernor School, Detroit. Eberle M. Smith Associates, Architects-Engineers	
<b>NEW BILATERAL LIGHTING, OPEN PLAN</b> . . . . .	88
Meiners Oaks School, Ojai, Calif. Maynard Lyndon, Architect	
<b>PLANNING FOR CENTRAL SOUND SYSTEMS</b> . . . . .	90
With Diagrams by Richard de Haan	
<b>"TRI-LATERAL" LIGHTING, PANEL HEATING.</b> . . . . .	93
Laurel Creek School, California. Franklin, Kump & Falk, Architects-Engineers	
<b>PERFORMANCE CODE FOR NEW HEATING</b> . . . . .	97
New York State Recommendations Contain Many Novel Elements	
<b>A BALANCED HEATING SYSTEM</b> . . . . .	98
Eberle M. Smith Associates, Architects-Engineers	
<b>ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING</b> . . . . . Technical News and Research . . . . .	99
<b>FULL SIZE MOCK-UP FOR LIBRARY PLANNING.</b> . . . . .	99
R. B. O'Connor and W. H. Kilham, Jr., Architects	
<b>QUONSET HUTS ARE BACK FROM THE WAR</b> . . . . .	102
<b>FACTORY-PRODUCED HOUSES IN THE NEWS</b> . . . . .	103
<b>PRODUCTS</b> . . . . . for Better Building . . . . .	104
<b>TIME-SAVER STANDARDS</b> . . . . . School Lunchrooms and Kitchens . . . . .	107
<b>MANUFACTURERS' LITERATURE</b> . . . . .	112
<b>THE RECORD REPORTS</b> . . . . . News from the Field . . . . .	7
<b>REQUIRED READING</b> . . . . .	26
<b>INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.</b> . . . . .	158
<b>COVER:</b> Background photo by Philip Planert; photo of children, Press Assn.	





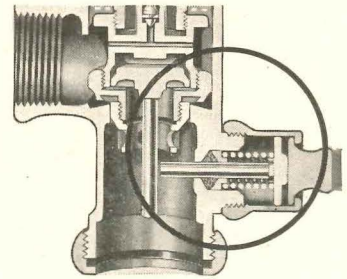
**Self-Cleansing By-Pass**

safeguards against prolonged flushing due to foreign matter in the water.



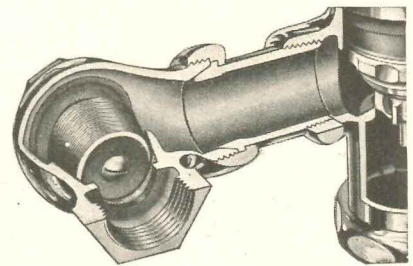
**Single-Step Servicing**

the feature that reduces maintenance time to the very minimum.



**Self-Tightening Handle Packing**

for real protection against leakage . . . requires no periodic tightening.



**Screenless Silent-Action**

eliminates all objectionable flush valve noise efficiently and permanently. Available at slight additional cost.

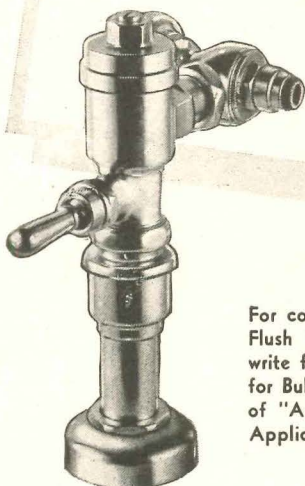
**5 points of Watrous Superiority of Value to You and Your Clients**

Here are quick facts on five of the important features that combine to make Watrous Flush Valves the quality leaders. These features are found in both the Watrous Majestic diaphragm type and the Watrous Imperial piston type.

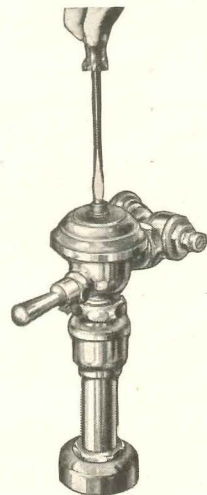
Note how simple and practical these features are. They are responsible for the water economy, reliability of service and low maintenance cost that make the selection of Watrous Flush Valves a constant source of satisfaction.

**THE IMPERIAL BRASS MANUFACTURING COMPANY**  
1240 W. Harrison St., Chicago 7, Ill.

**THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES  
IN THE WATER THEY SAVE**



For complete information on Watrous Flush Valves see Sweet's Catalog or write for Catalog No. 448-A. Also ask for Bulletin No. 477 giving a summary of "Architects' Views on Flush Valve Applications".



**Water-Saver Adjustment**

makes it possible to obtain maximum water savings on every fixture.

**Watrous  
Flush Valves**



# THE RECORD REPORTS

## Congressional Action Foreseen • Creedon and Foley Replace Wyatt as Housing Expediter and NHA Head Rental Housing Pushed • Hospital Standards Passed

New trends affecting construction as a result of the November elections are beginning to take form in both building and official circles. For one thing, heads are turned with greater assurance to 1947; for another, federal officials contemplate a trimming of both government and labor wings by Congress.

Uncertain factor is the strike outlook, but, provided strikes are kept to a minimum, a general upsurge in building is anticipated. Congress is expected to act as a brake on strikes since labor leaders, foreseeing a rewriting of labor laws, prefer not to provoke the situation too greatly.

Indirectly affecting building prospects are various broad Congressional programs. While procedural, the reorganization program voted at the last session is important. This means a paring of committees in both houses; for instance, the original program called for reduction of House committees from 48 to 19 and Senate committees from 33 to 15. Along with normal delays in organizing a new Congress, this revamping will mean some delay in legislation.

### Congress Will Act

Particular facets of the legislative program which are of interest are:

1. All governmental controls and war powers will be intensively studied and legislation drafted to curtail them. The President's December action lifting many of the building controls is considered indicative of what is to come.

2. Federal appropriations are to be definitely sliced as well as personal income taxes; excise levies are to be revised and corporation taxes recast (presumably without cutting rates).

3. Both judiciary and labor committees will look into labor and draw up bills to reshape relations of government, unions and management.

4. Representative Wolcott, of Michigan, as head of the House Banking and Currency Committee, promised a quick probe of the veterans' housing program and voiced hope for speedy passage of corrective legislation to eliminate regulations holding up construction. The Wagner-Ellender-Taft general housing bill, with Senator Taft's backing, is slated for consideration in the Senate, unless a better substitute bill can be framed, although few feel that the W.E.T. can make its way through the House Committee.

### May Boost Rents

Also due for Congressional attention is the whole question of rents. If ceilings remain in this field, provision for increases appears certain, especially on new dwelling units. Wolcott has indicated that rent controls cannot be lifted altogether. If controls were removed, he asserts, "a small minority of unscrupulous landlords no doubt would gouge their tenants and there would be evictions."

Amendment of the Wagner Labor Act is backed in many building quarters and some want the Wage Hour Law changed. Suggestions include exemption of foremen from National Labor Relations Board jurisdiction, holding of unions accountable, outlawing of jurisdictional strikes, etc. Lumber men want the Wage Hour Law amended to provide a one-year limitation of the back-pay and triple-liability clause.

Sought by home builders, incidentally, is an adequate supply of skilled workers with special emphasis on getting the unions to allow more apprentices to be trained.

### Wyatt Ends Work

President Truman's price decontrol moves of early November, although significant for construction, were out-matched a month later by his reluctance

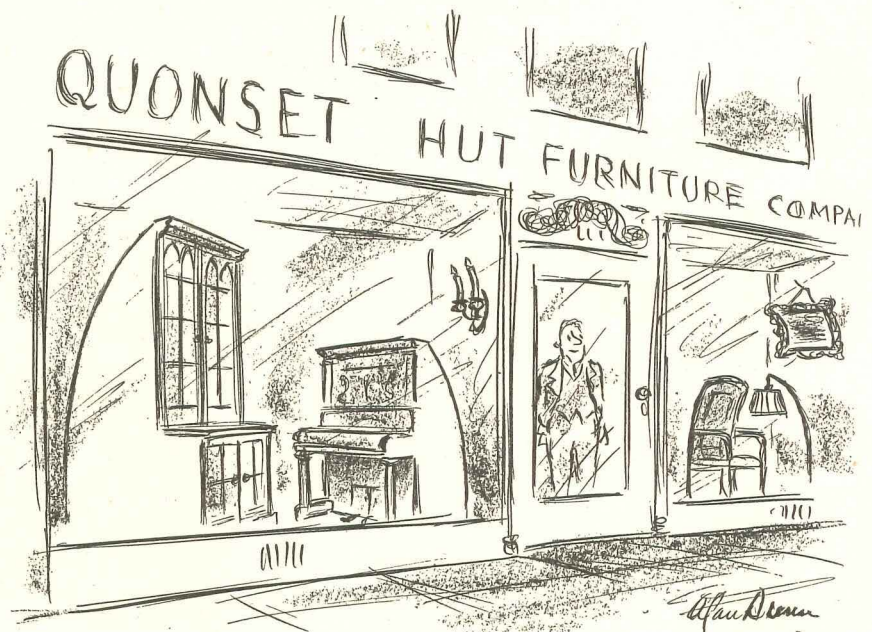
"Washington wits chuckle over the latest 'Wyatt prevaricated house.' Its front porch is a discarded Democratic platform; it has OPA ceilings and agricultural floors; interagency screening keeps out the bugs and flies; scarcity of glass for windows is solved by installing legal loopholes; the plumbing is made of old White House pipelines. The fence is of union pickets. If preferred, political hedging may be substituted."

— Wall Street Journal

to let Housing Expediter Wyatt exercise "full" housing powers. Wyatt's departure left remaining construction controls largely in the hands of the telescoped reconversion agencies, and the future of the Veterans Emergency Housing Program to a Congress definitely distrustful of regulation.

Nubbin of the Housing Expediter's dissatisfaction was a tussle with RFC over loans to prospective prefabricators. RFC Director Allen told the Senate Defense Committee that the lending agency was unwilling to put up more than 60 to 80 per cent of the funds, that those seeking credit should venture more of their own funds. Wyatt stressed the need for emergency action rather than a lending "slowdown" and a "business-as-usual" attitude. At issue were roughly a dozen loan applications, particularly a \$52,000,000 request from Lustron Corporation, which was in the limelight also in a dispute over lease of the Chrysler-Dodge war surplus plant at Chicago. Lustron wanted to use the

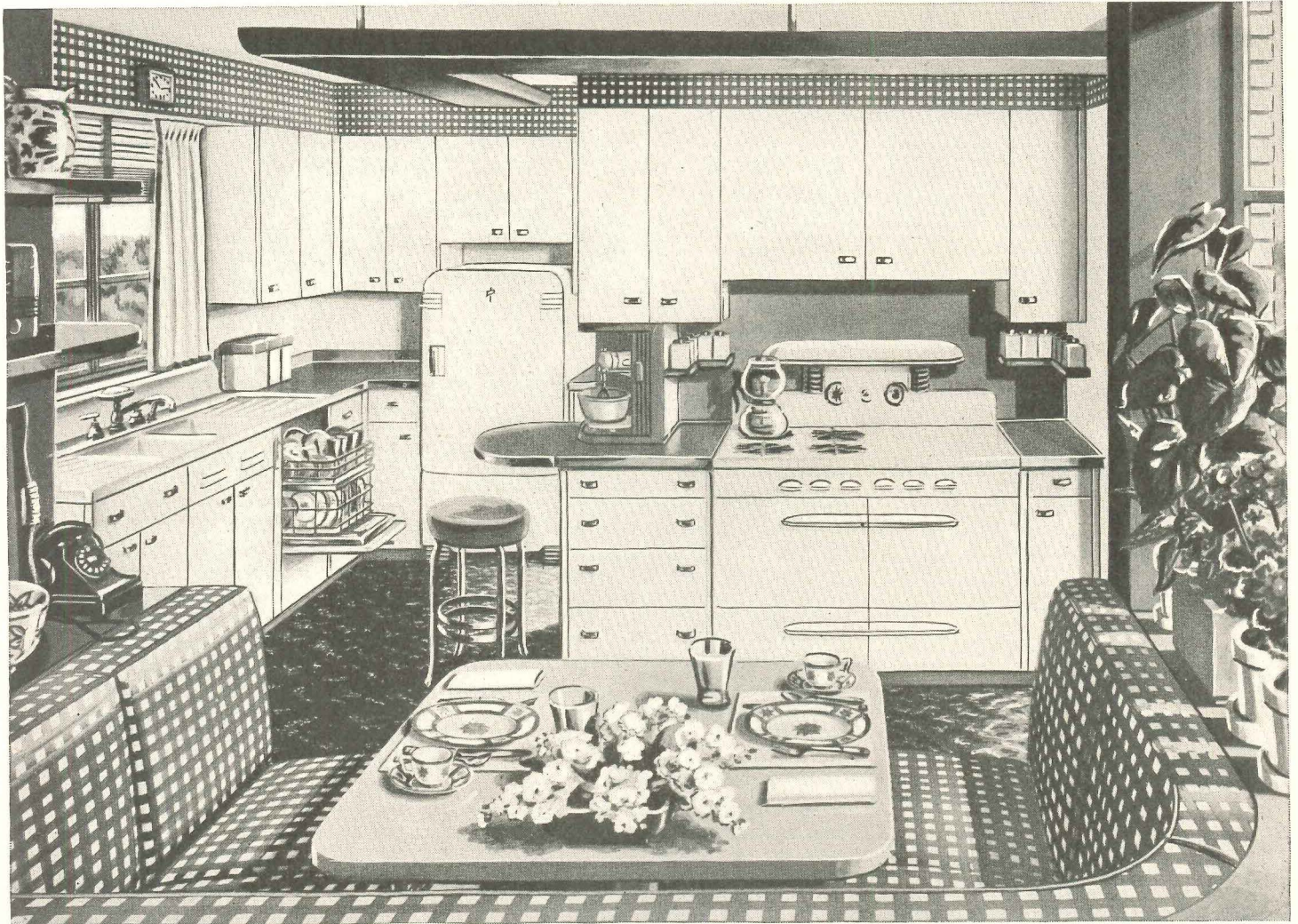
(Continued on page 10)



— Drawn for the RECORD by Alan Dunn



# BUILD FOR TOMORROW...WITH



The kitchen that  
will still be  
modern in 1957!

Planned according to the latest time and motion studies . . . this "New Freedom Gas Kitchen" design features an "island treatment" that is functional as well as attractive. Note how it is step-planned for an even flow of work from refrigerator to sink to range to serving area . . . how smartly it solves the problem of a convenient eating place that's not underfoot in the kitchen itself!

**21 MILLION PRE-SOLD CLIENTS!** Why do you suppose that more than four-fifths of all the urban and suburban families in America use Gas? Or to go a step further, why in a city like Chicago—where every type of fuel is equally available—Gas does the cooking in 96% of the homes! The answer is simple... *Gas gives more!* It not only cooks better meals but it heats water faster, provides trouble-free refrigeration, presents no dirt or

storage problems in house heating, even keeps the weather under control with year-round air-conditioning. Gas is clean, dependable, flexible, economical—and above all—*modern!* Yes!... all the things that comfort-conscious Americans want! But what's more important to you . . . installing Gas conveniences in the homes you build today . . . means building the kind of long-lasting satisfaction that leads to *continued good business* tomorrow!



# WHAT THEY WANT TODAY!

*The 1947 refrigerator  
that gives women  
everything  
they want\**

<b>*What they want according to recent consumer survey</b>	<b>How the new Gas refrigerator fills the bill!</b>
<b>Frozen food storage</b>	Gas refrigerator has big locker for storing up to 60 standard packages of frozen foods.
<b>Speedier ice supply</b>	Gas refrigerator freezes 10.1 lbs. at once in trigger-release ice trays.
<b>More room for more foods</b>	Gas refrigerator has 11-way shelf adjustment to accommodate all shapes and kinds of foods.
<b>Longer food freshness</b>	Gas refrigerator maintains <u>constant cold</u> ...has no on-and-off operation to endanger freshness.
<b>Moist cold compartment</b>	Gas refrigerator has two dew-action fresheners for crisping vegetables.
<b>Ease of cleaning</b>	Gas refrigerator has streamlined stain-resistant finish inside and out.
<b>Lasting economy</b>	Gas refrigerator has no moving parts to break down or wear out.
<b>Silence!</b>	Gas runs the <u>only automatic refrigerating system that never makes a sound!</u>



**GAS**  
THE WONDER FLAME THAT  
COOLS AS WELL AS HEATS

AMERICAN GAS ASSOCIATION



*What more could you want...*

than the refrigerator you can recommend without reservation . . . the new Gas refrigerator that costs so little to run . . . requires only the simplest connections . . . is compact and smart-looking in the finest new home—and—gives longer service with greater satisfaction!



## THE RECORD REPORTS (Continued from page 7)

plant to make its housing units whereas the War Assets Administration had given a lease to a motor car manufacturer.

The President, taking the elections as a sign of sentiment against controls, could not go along with Wyatt's subsequent recommendations for full exercise of emergency housing authority.

Coincident with the Wyatt development came the rail embargo as a result of the coal strike, which hampered all freight but a few essential commodities and put a temporary crimp in distribution of building supplies. This, of course, heightened the situation already caused by the shutdowns in steel and other industries and made even more unpredictable the building prospects.

### Housing Officers Named

Following Wyatt's resignation, President Truman completely revamped the federal housing bureaus, appointing two men to Wyatt's dual housing role: Frank Creedon as Housing Expediter; and Raymond M. Foley as National

Housing Administrator. By executive order the President also wiped out the OPA, the OWMR, the CPA and the OES, creating a new agency, the Office of Temporary Controls, which will combine the remaining functions of the four and gradually wind up their activities. Named as head of the OTC is Maj. Gen. Philip B. Fleming, of the FWA.

### Materials Increase

Before many months are out of the way, tight spots in building materials are counted on to improve — unless, of course, strikes, directly or indirectly, interfere. While prefabrication may increase, the Wyatt-set goals under the veterans housing program are discounted.

As the old year drew to a close, the Civilian Production Administration calculated that by January there would be no more shortages of brick, concrete block, cement, hot water heaters, warm air furnaces — provided the coal strike was not prolonged. The agency foresaw a supply-demand balance on sinks, struc-

tural clay tile, asphalt roofing, and radiation by the first quarter of 1947. It reported, however, that a long wait may be ahead for cast iron soil pipe, bathtubs, lavatories and water closet bowls.

### Distribution is Problem

CPA foresaw, too, some clearing of maldistribution of shipments and delivery delays. Maldistribution has arisen in particular, it said, through use of prewar patterns in distribution whereas the postwar pattern shows a shift from eastern areas to areas west of the Mississippi.

In this connection the Commerce Department reports that lumber distribution is now of greater concern than production. Need for channeling a limited supply to consumers has brought about serious maladjustments in the traditional system of distribution. Consumer demand has been particularly insatiable and the distributors' stock turnover in some cases has been as frequent as once every eight working days.

Department studies show that lumber distributors have at no time since 1943 received their normal share of production. Distributing regions farthest from centers of production, such as the prairie, lake and central regions, have received the smallest share of mill supplies.

### Land Program Drawn

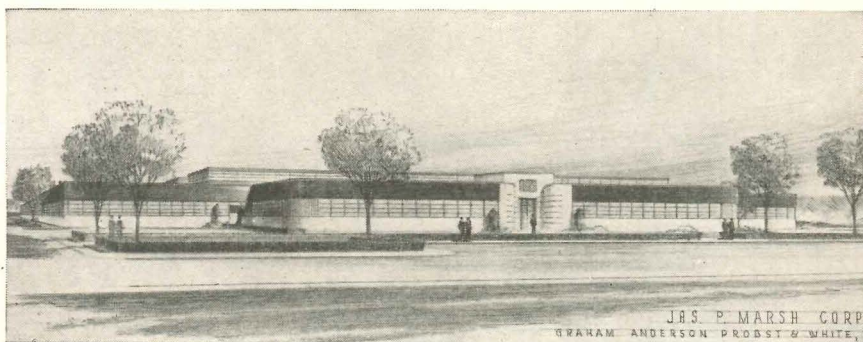
In view of estimates that most 1947 homes will be built on so-called "raw" land — this represents the findings of a 50-city survey by NHA — mayor's emergency housing committees have been given a suggested program for community action on new land projects, including the enforcing and simplifying of foreclosure proceedings against abandoned tax property. Such a program presumably would include, too, modern subdivision regulations, zoning ordinances, building codes and other forms of control of city planning. NHA estimates that 300 square miles of raw land throughout the nation must be developed at a cost of \$1 billion.

As to building codes, federal officials state that producers of prefabricated houses especially are affected. Among code obstacles reported are excessive requests for minimum floor space, ceiling heights, and floor loads; hostility to dry-wall construction, and requirements for conventional framing regardless of type of material or panel construction.

### National Code Urged

Most industry organizations and government agencies advocate a national building code based upon accepted performance standards and including co-development of administrative techniques which could be adopted by state and local governments. Organizations

(Continued on page 12)



Factory-office building near Chicago. Graham, Anderson, Probst & White, architects

### BUILDING NOTES

#### Factory and Offices

CPA approval has been given for the immediate construction of a new factory and office building for the Jas. P. Marsh Corp., manufacturer of industrial instruments and heating specialties, in Skokie, Ill., a suburb of Chicago.

Designed by Graham, Anderson, Probst & White, the new building will be of concrete and steel with cut stone facings, one story in height, air conditioned and sound-proofed throughout.

#### Veterans' Houses

Those enterprising Ohio veterans who, tired of waiting for their housing problems to be solved, banded together and built their own homes (see ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, Sept., 1946, p. 154), have moved in.

The little group of 17 ex-G.I.s (only 15 originally), most of whom are employees of Owen-Corning Fiberglas Corp., Toledo, had the satisfaction of

seeing their project completed in record time. Ground was broken only last July 5th; on October 4th an elaborate "Roof-tree Ceremony" was staged to mark the completion of the first house in the group.

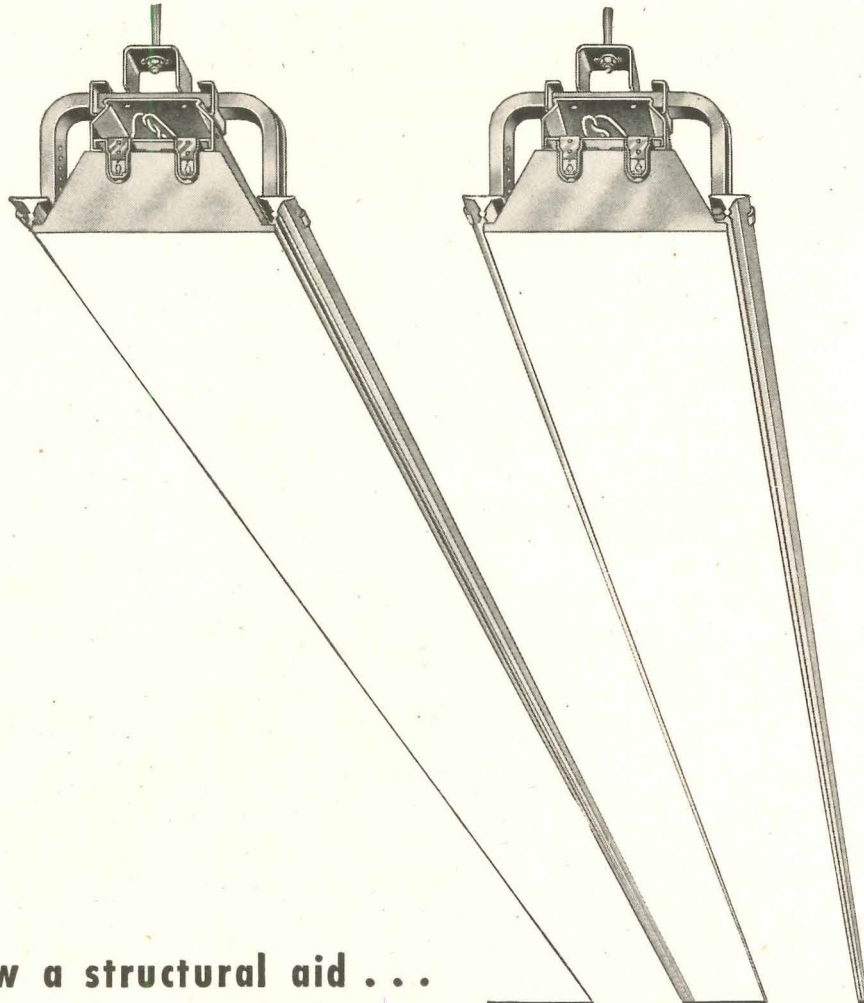
A basic FHA plan for a two-story, wood frame, six-room house was used, with individual variations, for 14 of the 17 homes. Changes from the basic plan were made by the contractors, and professional architectural services were wholly dispensed with.

#### Atomic Research Lab

Plans have been announced by the War Department for the establishment of a \$20 million nuclear research laboratory near Schenectady, N. Y., for the study of power generation from atomic energy.

To be called The Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory, the proposed center — the fourth in the Manhattan Project's network of laboratories — will be operated by the General Electric Company.





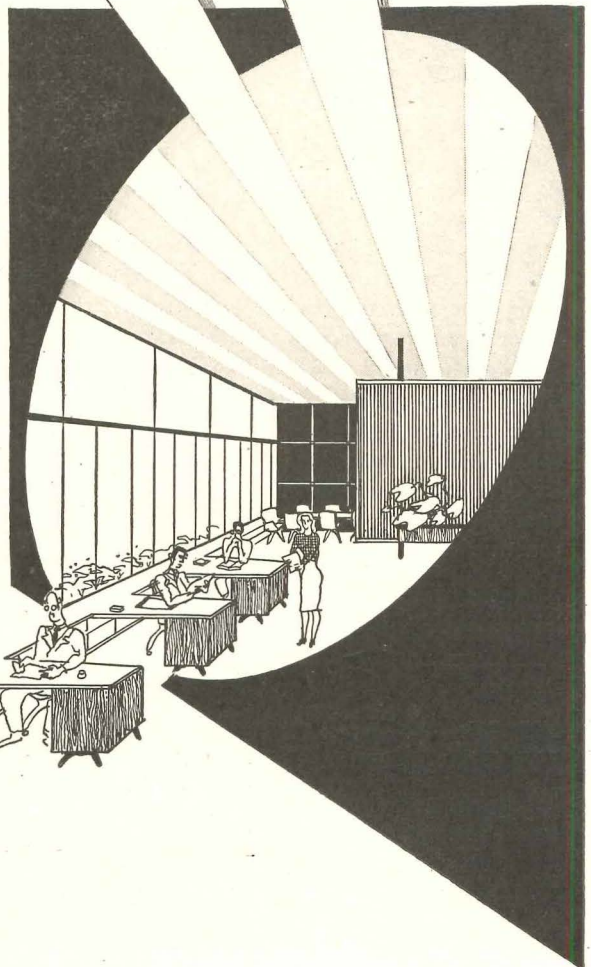
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## THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 10)

interested in developing such codes include representatives of federal, state and local governments, construction industry organizations, standards associations, labor unions, building materials industry groups and research institutions.

### Push Rental Housing

The Federal Housing Administration continues its advocacy of rental housing. In a new bulletin it states that practically every city in the country and even small towns offer a potential market for new rental property.

As to architectural considerations, FHA cites the following:

"Although primarily a technical problem, architectural planning has financial aspects since a project's success depends largely upon rental appeal.

"Poorly constructed property may allow lower initial costs, but it will probably involve high operating and maintenance costs. The greatest degree of investment security lies in property which is well-planned, economically constructed and operated, and in a desirable location.

"From the standpoint of mortgage or equity security, quality of material and construction must insure durability with low maintenance cost. Sound investment requires the presence of essential quality, to the exclusion if necessary of luxury arrangements.

"In general, all dwellings should provide rooms of adequate size and shape and room arrangements which offer privacy and general convenience, good light and ventilation, and a minimum of unusable space. This is essential if rental value is to be produced commensurate with cost of construction and operation.

"In order to obtain permanent acceptance, the design should be appropriate to the area in which the property is located, to climate and topography and to the local mode of living."

Conditions and regulations must be changed before equity capital can be drawn into the market in any volume.

As to home mortgages, Commissioner John H. Fahey, of the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration, warns mortgage bankers against "the danger of inflationary mortgages based upon excessive prices for homes." He asserts that the country is in the midst of "the most serious inflation of real estate prices in our history."

### Few Choose Coal

The coal strike makes pertinent a trend away from coal heat in homes to use of gas and oil. NHA data on heating systems specified in veterans' houses,

(Continued on page 14)

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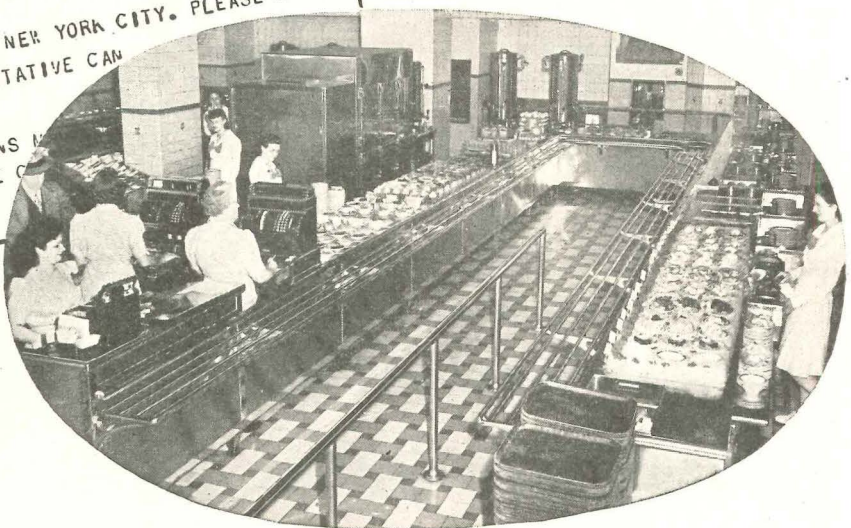
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where Mills serves three million meals a year in Cincinnati . . . a partial view of the two-line serving counters.



## SIGNALLY HONORED

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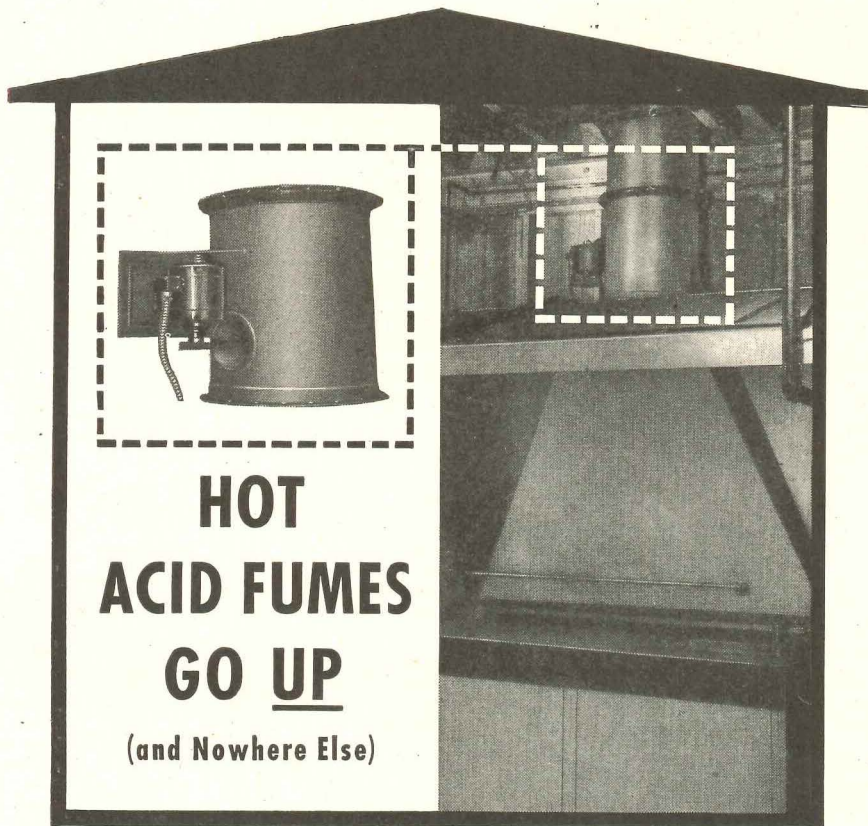
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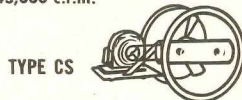
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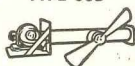


TYPE CS

TYPE CD



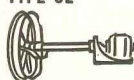
TYPE CSB



TYPE CU



TYPE GE



VERTI-STACK



TYPE CM



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## THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 12)

for instance, show, even before the strike got under way, 52 per cent calling for gas, 21 per cent for oil and 27 per cent for coal. Officials, however, attribute the shift not so much to strike fears as to consumer objections to coal bins, to carting away ashes, etc. A limiting factor on the trend, as cited by the trade, is the tightness of equipment with too few oil burners on hand. Cited, too, is the variation of heating requirements according to areas. An increase in the availability of natural gas through use of pipelines, for example, would be a determining factor in the Northeast.

### Legion Recommends

Following its November inquiry into the veterans' housing program, the American Legion's Special National Committee on Veterans' Housing submitted a lengthy and critical report to the Legion.

Its recommendations cover many fields of housing. Among highlights:

NHA and the office of Housing Expediter should be abolished;

FHA should be empowered to guarantee 100 per cent loans on homes to G.I.s up to \$6,500 and to guarantee 100 per cent of the cost of construction of new multiple rental housing projects up to a total of \$1 billion;

Rent control should be transferred to FHA;

FHA should draft a modern building code as a model for local governments;

Priorities should be abolished along with price ceilings on new construction;

CPA should maintain rigid controls on non-residential construction and district committees should have final say on non-residential applications;

The Veterans Administration should adopt a real estate appraisal system similar to FHA's;

Incentive payments and guaranteed market contracts should be discontinued.

In its preliminary statement the Legion committee enumerates a long list of criticisms. Among other things it says that housing of veterans' families on farms is even more critical on a percentage basis of actual need than urban housing. Representatives of government and private groups at its sessions agreed that additional incentives must be provided to developers of rental housing.

Factory-built houses are criticized. Such houses, says the report, should help solve the veterans' problem on the basis of merit and competitive pricing and sales appeal without government assistance. "Representatives of government and business alike advised the committee," the report continues, "that in

(Continued on page 16)



# Jenkins PRACTICAL PIPING LAYOUTS 18

How to plan a  
**BRINE**  
COOLING SYSTEM  
WITH AUXILIARY  
DEFROSTING  
UNIT

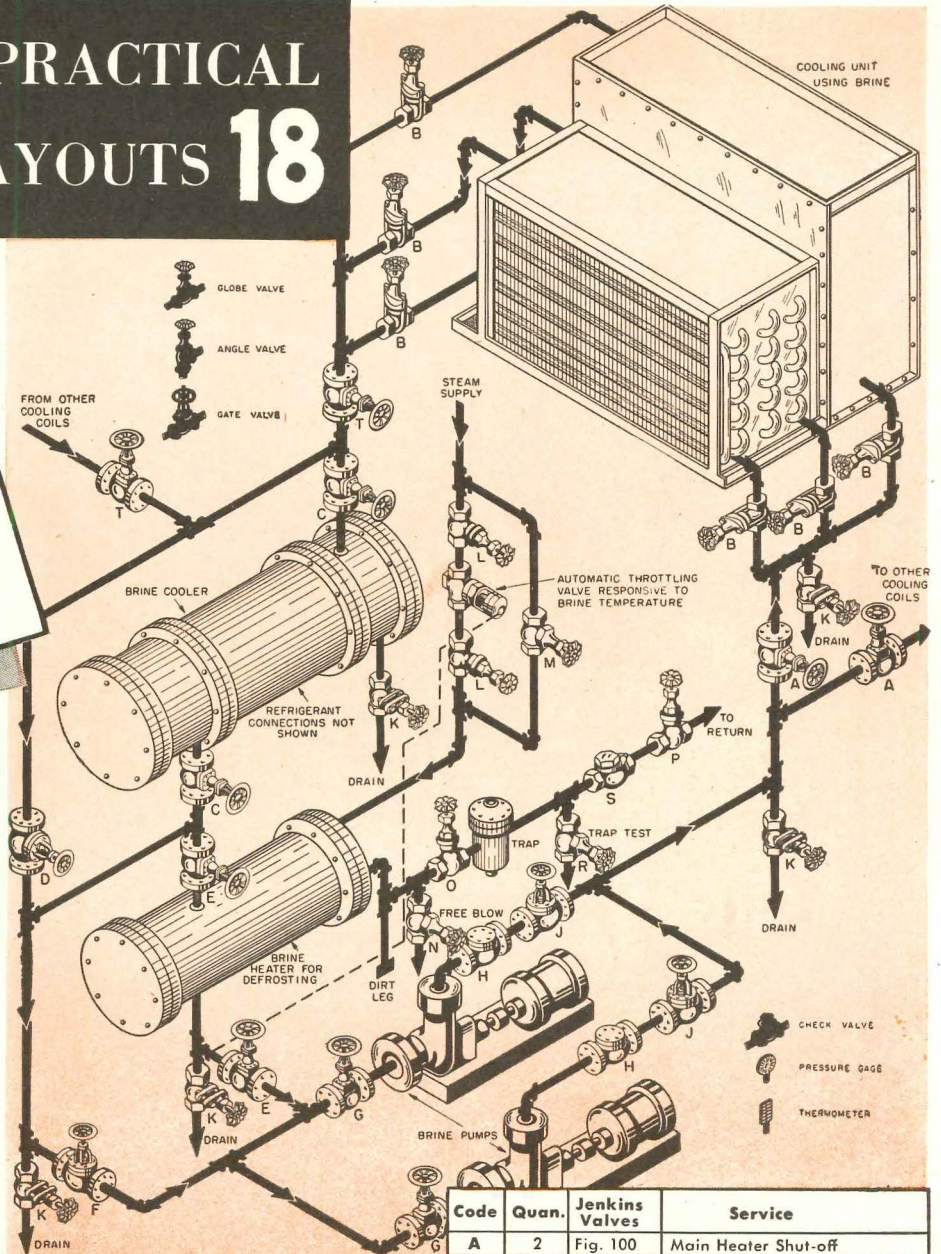
This brine cooling system is typical of many indirect refrigeration systems where cooling is not effected directly by the refrigerant.

Brine is used where the temperatures maintained fall below the freezing point of water...in cooling systems for fur storage, food storage and for many industrial applications. Defrosting of coils is accomplished by heating the brine and continuing its circulation. Thus, possible damage to coils by mechanical defrosting is avoided.

In normal operation the brine is pumped through cooling coils - the warm brine then returned to cooler where it is cooled in tubes by the refrigerant in brine cooler. Next it by-passes defroster and enters suction pumps. For defrosting, the brine cooler is by-passed and the brine is circulated through the defroster where it is heated. The heated brine is circulated through cooling unit until defrosting has taken place - then normal operation is resumed.

Consultation with accredited piping engineers and contactors is recommended when planning any major piping installations.

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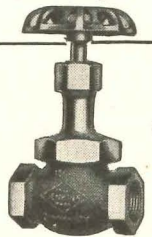
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B	6	Fig. 40-A	Cooling Coil Shut-off
C	2	Fig. 100	Brine Cooler Shut-off
D	1	Fig. 142 *	Brine Cooler By-Pass
E	2	Fig. 100	Brine Heater Shut-off
F	1	Fig. 142 *	Heater By-Pass
G	2	Fig. 100	Brine Pump Suction Shut-off
H	2	Fig. 295 *	Pump discharge check
J	2	Fig. 142 *	Pump discharge control
K	5	Fig. 75-A	Drains
L	2	Fig. 47	Steam Automatic Valve Shut-off
M	1	Fig. 106-A	Steam Automatic By-Pass
N	1	Fig. 106-A	Free blow
O	1	Fig. 47	Trap Shut-off
P	1	Fig. 47	Return Shut-off for Test Trap
R	1	Fig. 106-A	Trap Test
S	1	Fig. 92	Return Check
T	2	Fig. 100	Return lines from coolers
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## THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 14)

the absence of strikes the production of all building items in 1947 would be sufficient to construct at least 1,500,000 new housing units."

### Prefabricators Meet

At the winter meeting of the Prefabricated Home Manufacturers Institute in December, FHA Commissioner Raymond M. Foley pointed to the need for a broad public relations program directed at "unnecessary and unjustified restrictive policies and attitudes. In my opinion this is a time of testing for prefabrication and mass production in housing," he said.

Raymond F. Talbert, president of the Pittsburgh Home Savings and Loan Association, warned that the prefabricating industry must convince prospective purchasers and prospective lenders that it will not stand for excessive dealer profits and that it will produce at reasonable F.O.B. prices the type of homes which people generally will buy with pleasure and own with pride.

Judge Thurman Arnold, former Assistant Attorney General, urged united action by the building industry on a single labor program, touching on jurisdictional disputes, unproductive work, protective tariffs and obsolete methods. These practices, he said, are the weakest point of the building trades union.

Tyler S. Rogers, president of the Producers' Council, estimated that building materials would be sufficient in 1947 for prefabricators to reach their goal of 300,000 units.

### Favor Research Board

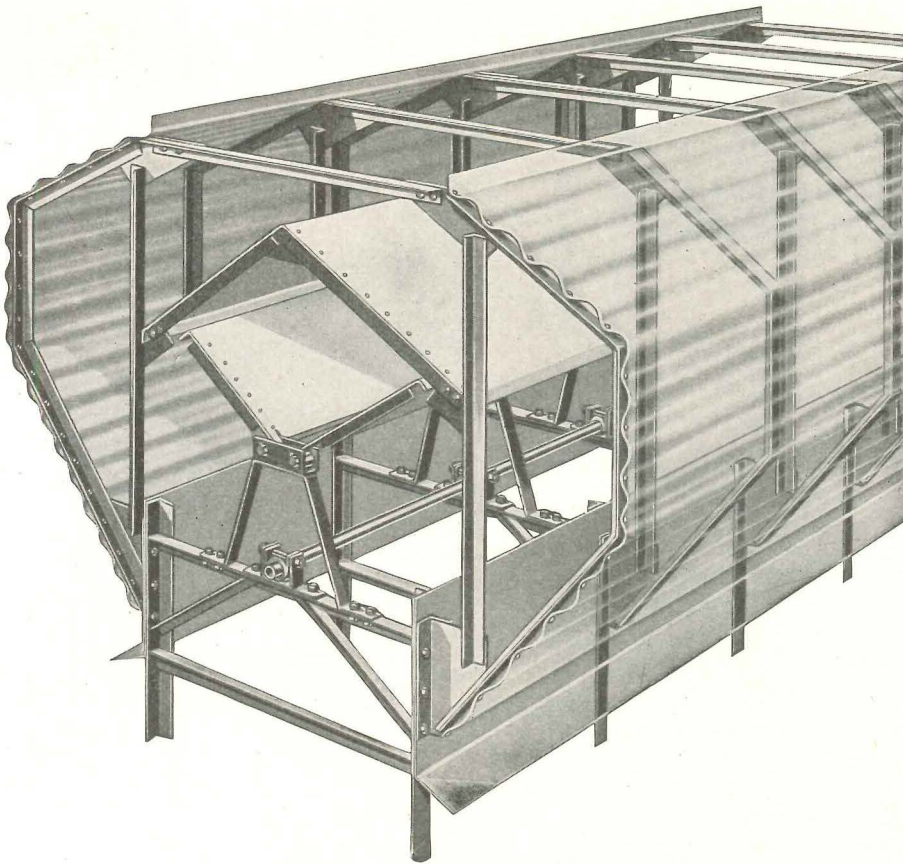
Creation of a building construction research board as a technical clearing house of information was recommended at a post-election meeting of the U. S. Chamber's Construction Industry Advisory Council, which also called for removal of all government controls.

At this meeting James R. Edmunds of the American Institute of Architects urged adoption of "a definite, specific, integrated program" for expansion of the volume of construction. In a detailed discussion he recommended, among other things, "the cooperation of the design elements—and of contractors and workers."

It was at this meeting that Norman P. Mason, of the National Retail Lumber Dealers Association, announced an "Industry Engineered Home" in which his group is cooperating with the Producers' Council.

"The system employs a single modular standard unit measuring 16 by 24 ft.,"

(Continued on page 18)

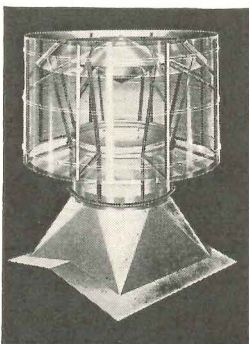
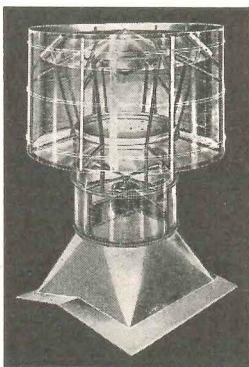


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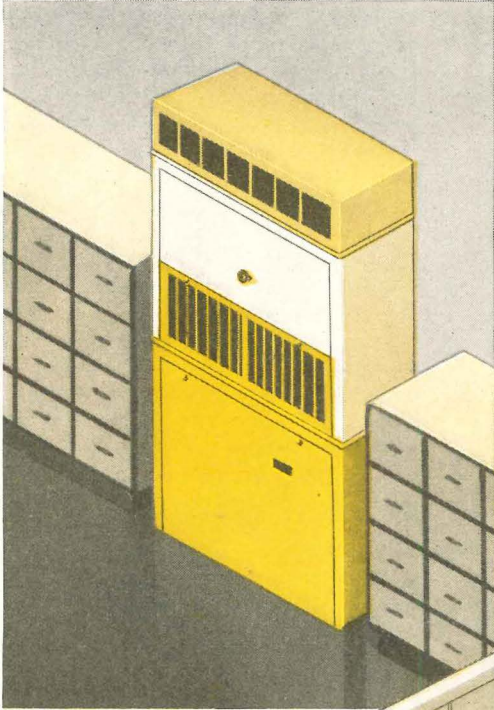
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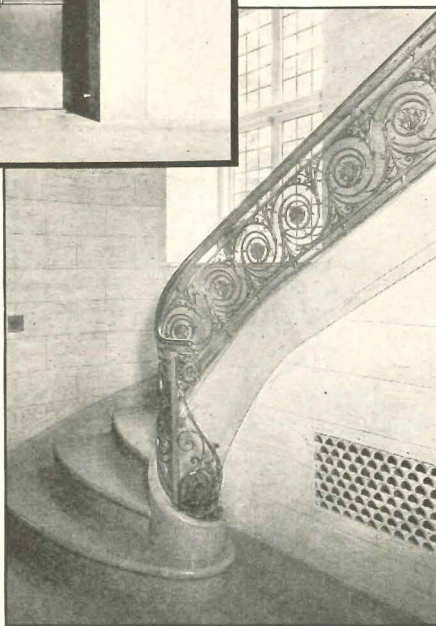
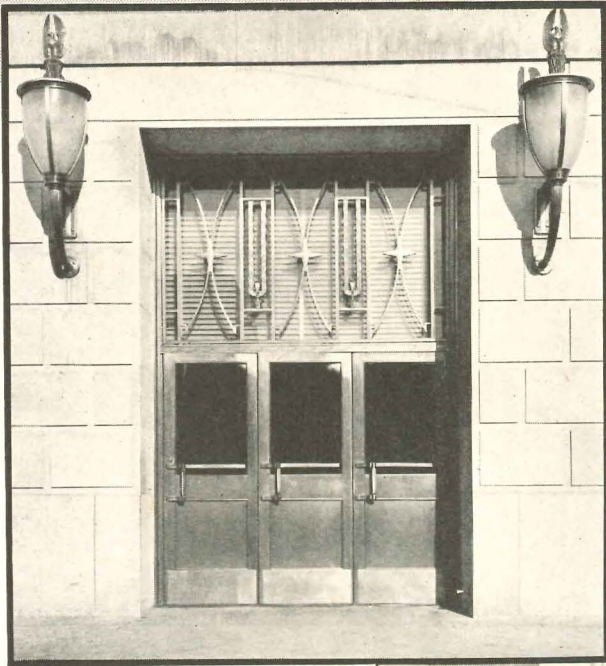


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Manufacturers since 1870 of many products in Bronze,  
Aluminum and other metals

## THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 16)

Mr. Mason explained. "These units may be arranged side by side, end to end, side to end, or one over another, the number of units being used varying with the need of the owner. . . . Heating plants, plumbing, hardware, lighting fixtures and electric wiring, and interior finish woodwork can all be packaged for this basic unit. Packages will be separately designed for the various differing climatic areas depending upon the varying needs and customs. . . . This industry-engineered home is still in its experimental stages, but already it is apparent that the savings that can be effected are very real. . . . Some 250 manufacturers of varying kinds and types of building materials have indicated their interest in designing or packaging their materials for this program. . . . Right now, it is contemplated that actual homes will be under construction within six months."

### Hospital Standards

The Federal Hospital Council has accepted the standards of construction and equipment drafted by the Office of Technical Services, Division of Hospital Facilities, U. S. Public Health Service. These standards, required by the Hospital Survey and Construction Act, will apply to all projects to be built with federal assistance under that legislation.

The standards constitute the minimum requirements considered necessary to insure properly planned and well constructed hospitals and health centers. Developed under the direction of Marshall Shaffer, head of the Office of Technical Services and author of the hospital planning studies published in the ARCHITECTURAL RECORD last June, July and August, the standards were approved by the Committee on Hospitalization and Public Health of the A.I.A. and a special technical committee on architectural standards appointed by the Federal Hospital Council.



### MATERIALS ROUNDUP

**Asbestos:** A world-wide shortage of asbestos fiber is reported by *Asbestos Magazine*. Principal shortage is in "shingle" grade used in a wide variety of asbestos-cement building products; acute shortage also of the very short grades used in manufacture of floor tile.

**Asphalt Roofing:** Asphalt shingles and roll roofing are being produced at the rate of 75 million squares a year, an all-time production high, according to figures of the Department of Commerce.

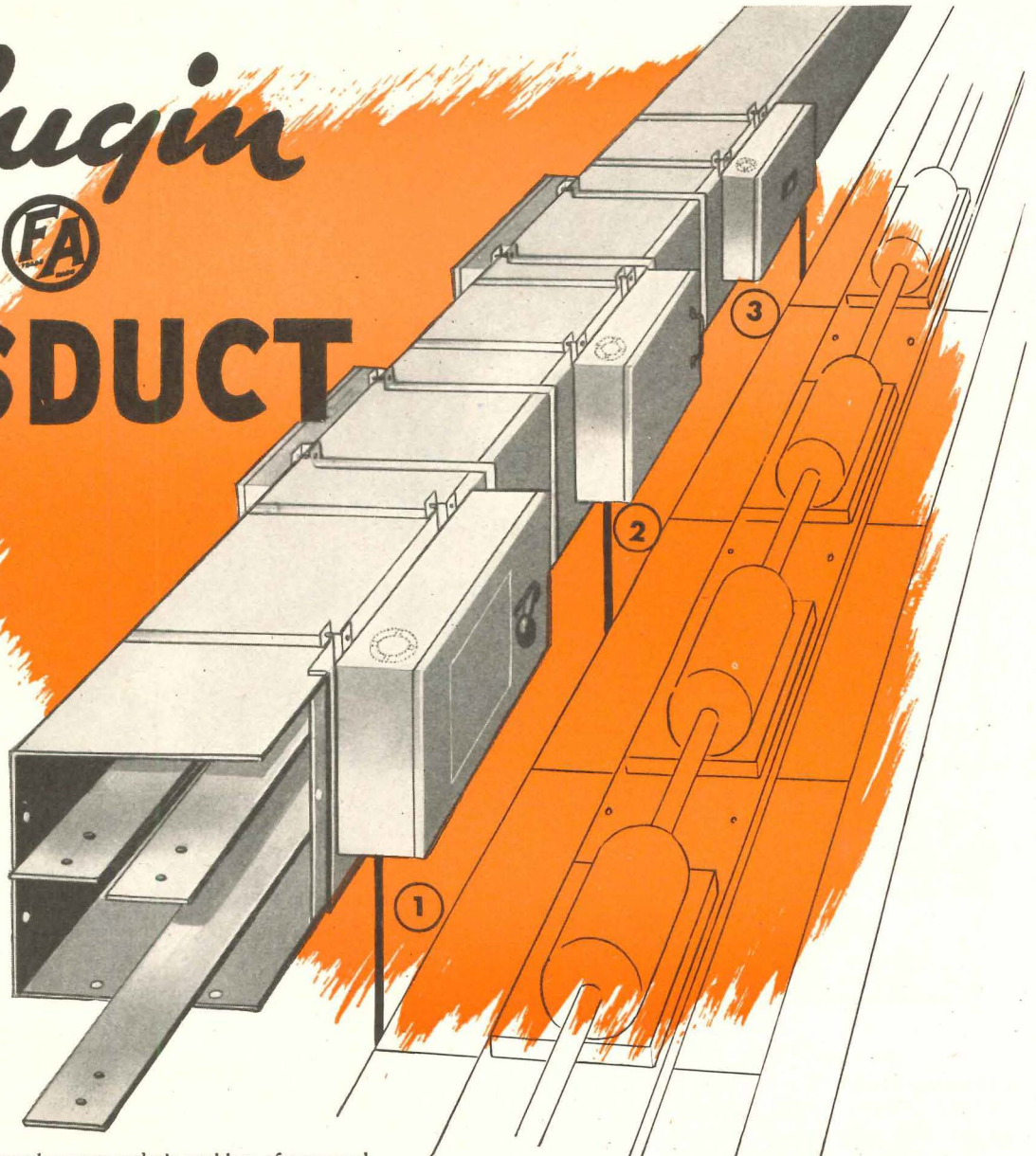
(Continued on page 20)



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- 2 KLAMPSWITCHFUZ**—Splendid for disconnect service... the hinged-type pull out door containing both switch and fuse in one unit. Capacities: 30 to 200 amps.—250 and 575 volts.
- 3 CIRCUIT BREAKER**—Provides automatic-thermal overload protection for circuits and equipment. Capacities: 15 to 225 amps.—250 and 575 volts.

*The Most Economical Path from Power Source to Equipment*

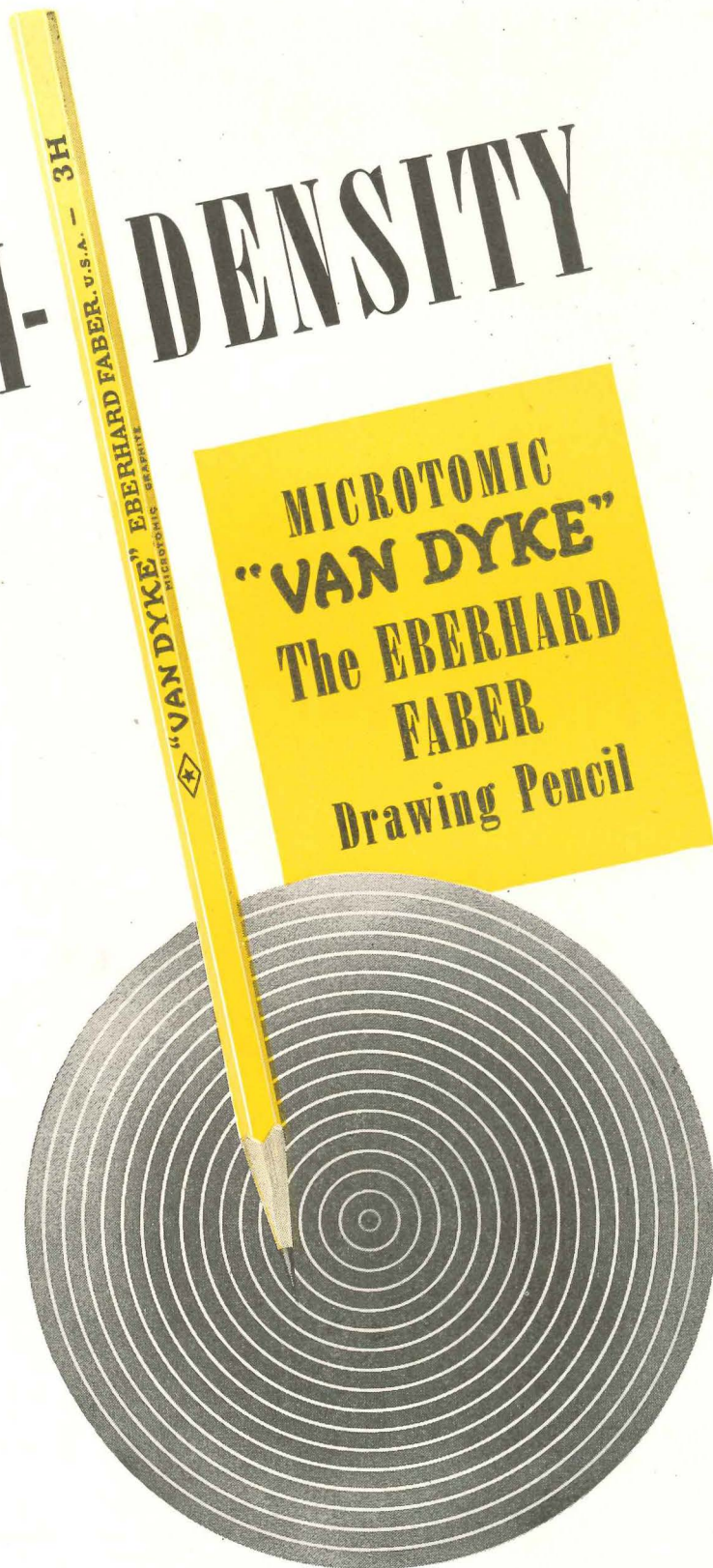
MAKERS OF...  
BUSDUCT  
PANELBOARDS  
SWITCHBOARDS

*Frank Adam*  
ELECTRIC COMPANY  
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

SERVICE EQUIPMENT  
SAFETY SWITCHES  
LOAD CENTERS  
ELECTRIC QUIKHETER



# HI-DENSITY



## BETTER BLUEPRINTS

naturally result from more opaque pencil tracings...and more opaque pencil tracings result from using a lead that gives off a denser line—one that is solidly black. The special HI-DENSITY Lead made by our exclusive MICROTOMIC process leaves nothing to be desired... For your personal satisfaction, try one and discover the drawing pencil with the quality touch.

18 Degrees from 7B to 9H with Round Leads... Plus 6 Degrees with special Chisel Point Leads.

## THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 18)

Manufacturers are now feeding the building supply trade at the rate of one million more squares per month than in March, 1946.

**Brick and Tile:** Most critical production difficulties in the brick and tile industry have been overcome, reports the Structural Clay Products Industry. Production has reached "a rate well above all probable housing requirements, although the industry has a large back-log of orders which must be worked off before builders and contractors can be assured of prompt delivery in all localities." Prices for most part are not expected to rise above ceiling prices in effect up to time of decontrol.

**Lumber:** The 1946 production figure of 30 billion board feet was 19 per cent greater than the average yearly cut of the five-year period preceding the war. Stocks at both yards and mills are showing slight increases for the first time since 1941, reports the National Lumber Manufacturers Association.

**Nails:** If uninterrupted, the current high rate of nail shipments should in a few months relieve the widely reported shortage of this product, especially for the housing program, according to the American Iron and Steel Institute. During September, nail shipments were equivalent to the highest peacetime annual rate since 1923.

### ON THE CALENDAR

**January 9-11:** Annual Meeting, Louisiana Engineering Society, New Orleans.

**January 14-17:** 1st national Materials Handling Exposition, Public Auditorium, Cleveland, Ohio.

**January 23-26:** 2nd Conference and Exhibit, Low-Pressure Division, The Society of the Plastics Industry, Edgewater Beach Hotel, Chicago.

**January 25-31:** 3rd annual plastics show and convention, Society of Plastics Engineers, Navy Pier, Chicago. Technical meeting, Congress Hotel, Chicago, January 27-31 only.

**January 27-30:** 28th Annual Convention, The Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., Stevens Hotel, Chicago.

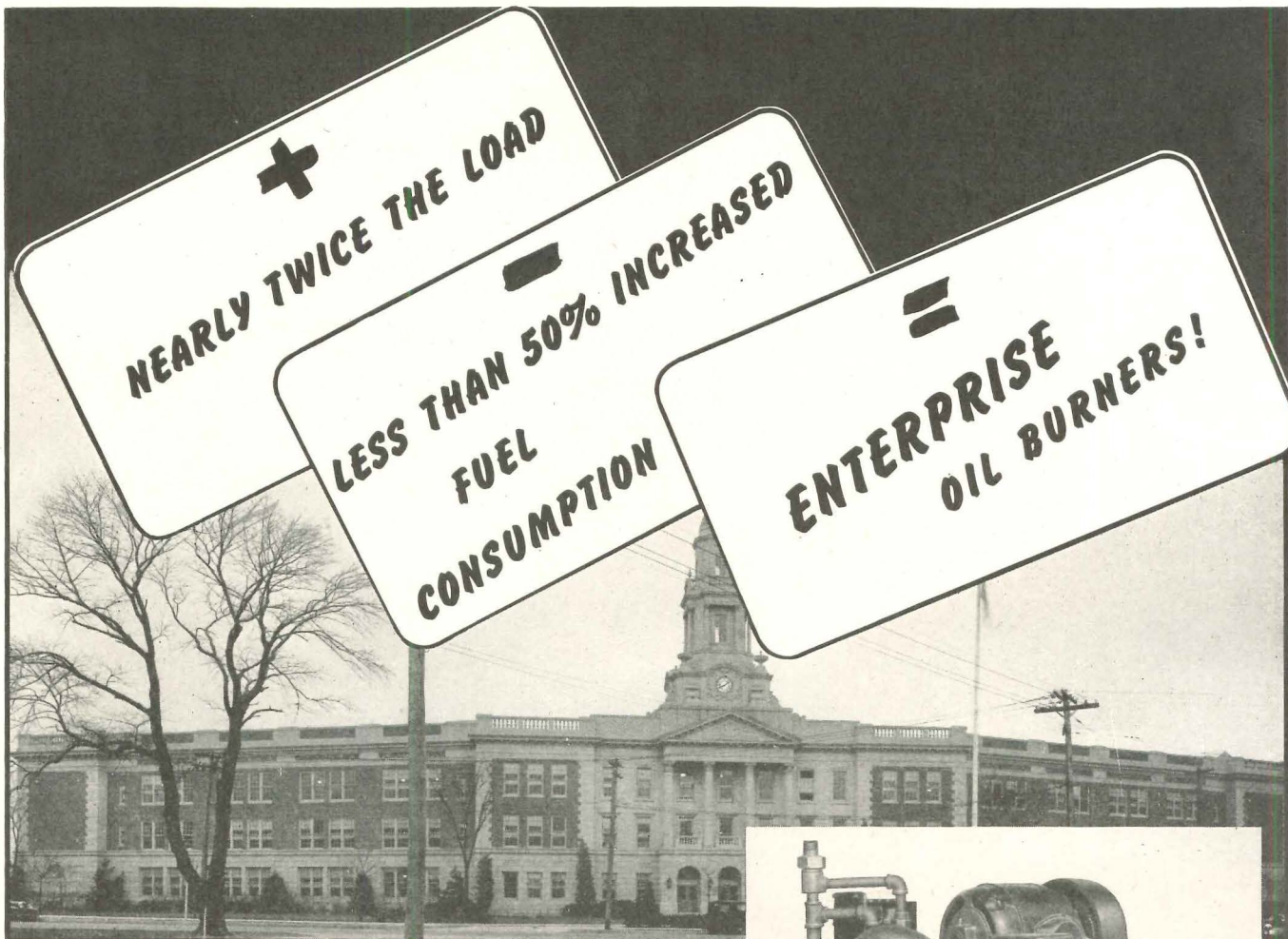
**January 27-31:** 7th International Heating and Ventilating Exposition, Lakeside Hall, Cleveland, Ohio.

**January 27-31:** Electrical Engineering Exposition and Winter Convention, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, 71st Regiment Armory, New York City.

**February 23:** Opening, National Association of Home Builders Convention and Exposition.

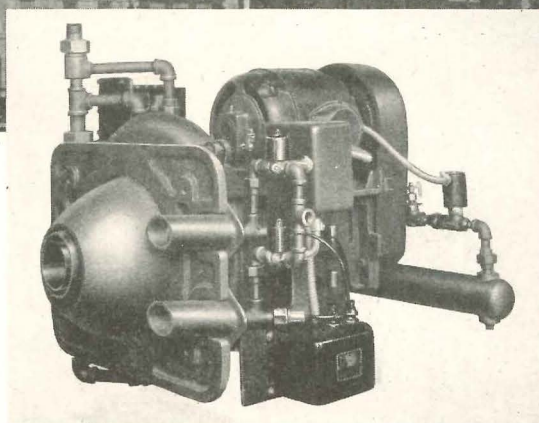
**March 22-27:** Western Metal Con-  
(Continued on page 118)





*Sewanhaka High School, Floral Park, Long Island. Burner Installation by Enterprise Engineering Company of New York, Brooklyn, N. Y.*

**T**HE annual fuel oil consumption at Sewanhaka High School on Long Island, one of New York's largest central high schools, was 90,000 gallons of No. 6 oil. When the heating load was increased approximately 70% to a total of 100,000 square feet, authorities naturally expected a corresponding increase in fuel consumption. But *fuel consumption increased less than 40%*! Why? The school's ENTERPRISE Oil Burners, painstakingly engineered to the exact requirements of the school, carried the load more efficiently. ENTERPRISE combustion engineers were able to increase the efficiency of the entire operation by recommending use of an automatic electric tank heater for the 10,000 gallon fuel tank located 125 ft. from the boiler room, and by installing a 3" suction line properly insulated to the four ENTERPRISE Burners.



Results: despite prolonged shut downs over week end and holidays and cold oil in the lines, and the size and length of the suction lines, ENTERPRISE Oil Burners started instantly, gave uninterrupted efficient service!

*ENTERPRISE Oil Burners are available in manual, Semi-Automatic and Full-Automatic in combination with modulating fire control or special combinations for your specific requirements.*

COMBUSTION EQUIPMENT DIVISION

**ENTERPRISE**

ENGINE and



FOUNDRY CO.

18th and FLORIDA STS.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

NEW YORK · BOSTON · NEW ORLEANS · CHICAGO · SEATTLE · WASHINGTON, D.C.



# Chicago Housing Project used Duraplastic in Structural Frames



Second unit, Princeton Park Housing Project, Chicago; Holsman & Holsman & Klekamp, architects, Chicago

**ON THIS HOUSING UNIT** of 107 buildings, concrete was made with Atlas Duraplastic air-entraining portland cement.

The superintendent reports that concrete "was very plastic and workable ... flowed easily, aiding placement ... showed no segregation or bleeding ... well pleased with final results."

Duraplastic cement complies with ASTM specifications and sells at the same price as regular cement. It pro-

vides the proper amount of entrained air by intergrinding with the cement the precise amount of air-entraining material needed for satisfactory field performance.

Send for further information. Write to Universal Atlas Cement Company (United States Steel Corporation Subsidiary), Chrysler Building, New York 17, New York.

**OFFICES:** Albany, Birmingham, Boston, Cleveland, Chicago, Dayton, Des Moines, Duluth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Waco.

AR-D-39

## ATLAS DURAPLASTIC

AIR-ENTRAINING PORTLAND CEMENT

**MAKES BETTER CONCRETE AT NO EXTRA COST**

TRADE MARK REG.  
U. A. C. CO.



"THE THEATRE GUILD ON THE AIR"—Sponsored by U. S. Steel—Sunday Evenings—ABC Network



*The Whole Ceiling is*

# LIGHT

Strikingly modern, highly efficient, extremely practical—this ceiling of cool fluorescent light, extends from wall to wall. It is among the many interesting and novel applications of effective lighting exhibited at the General Electric Lighting Institute.

Shown, too, is an amazing array of new uses for G-E Lamps—providing techniques the architect has dreamed of—and today can employ.



40-watt G-E Fluorescent low brightness lamps, 4500° whites, provide up to 160 footcandles of diffused, shadow-free light on the desk top. They are above the deep, wall-to-wall oak louvers. Here is the latest in comfortable, easy-to-work-with office illumination.

G-E Lamps belong in your specifications because G-E Lamps benefit from constant Research to make them

*Stay Brighter Longer!*

# G-E LAMPS

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

### AN INVITATION

You are cordially invited to visit the General Electric Lighting Institute in Cleveland. Recently reopened after complete remodeling, the Institute displays examples of postwar lighting for offices, schools, stores and homes. General Electric, Nela Park, Cleveland, Ohio.





*For manufacturing, domestic,  
industrial and utilities  
wiring . . .*

# Specify wire and cable insulation made from GEON Plastics

- 8 REASONS WHY . . .**
- ★ *Excellent electrical properties*
  - ★ *Thin coating of insulation*
  - ★ *More conductors in a given space*
  - ★ *Ease of handling*
  - ★ *Easy stripping*
  - ★ *Light weight*
  - ★ *Resistance to ozone, wear, sunlight, water, chemicals, and most other normally destructive factors*
  - ★ *14 colors including NEMA standards*



Be sure to specify wire or cable insulated with GEON in order to get *all* these advantages. Or, for information regarding special applications please write Department N-1, B. F. Goodrich Chemical Company, Rose Building, Cleveland 15, Ohio. In Canada: Kitchener, Ontario.

**B. F. Goodrich Chemical Company**

A DIVISION OF  
THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY

GEON polyvinyl materials • HYCAR American rubber • KRISTON thermosetting resins • GOOD-RITE brand chemicals



# *A better, heavier* TRUSCON

## DOUBLE-HUNG STEEL WINDOW

*now in  
production!*



At the moment, these windows are not available in unlimited quantities, but we are using every facility to achieve top production of the Series 1380 Truscon Steel Window—now better, heavier, stronger than ever before!

**1. HEAD**—Motor-spring type spring balances with Enduro stainless steel tapes. Two balances for each sliding sash. Windbreak flange set back to allow room for lintel. Spring bronze weatherstripping attached to sash. 18 gauge frame and sash members.

**2. MEETING RAIL**—Interlocking tubular sash rails with spring bronze weatherstripping. Sweep lock, strike and pull-down handle, rust-proofed and painted to match window. 18 gauge sash members.

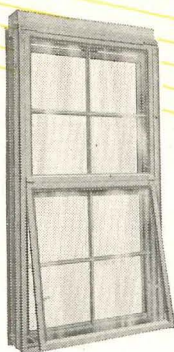
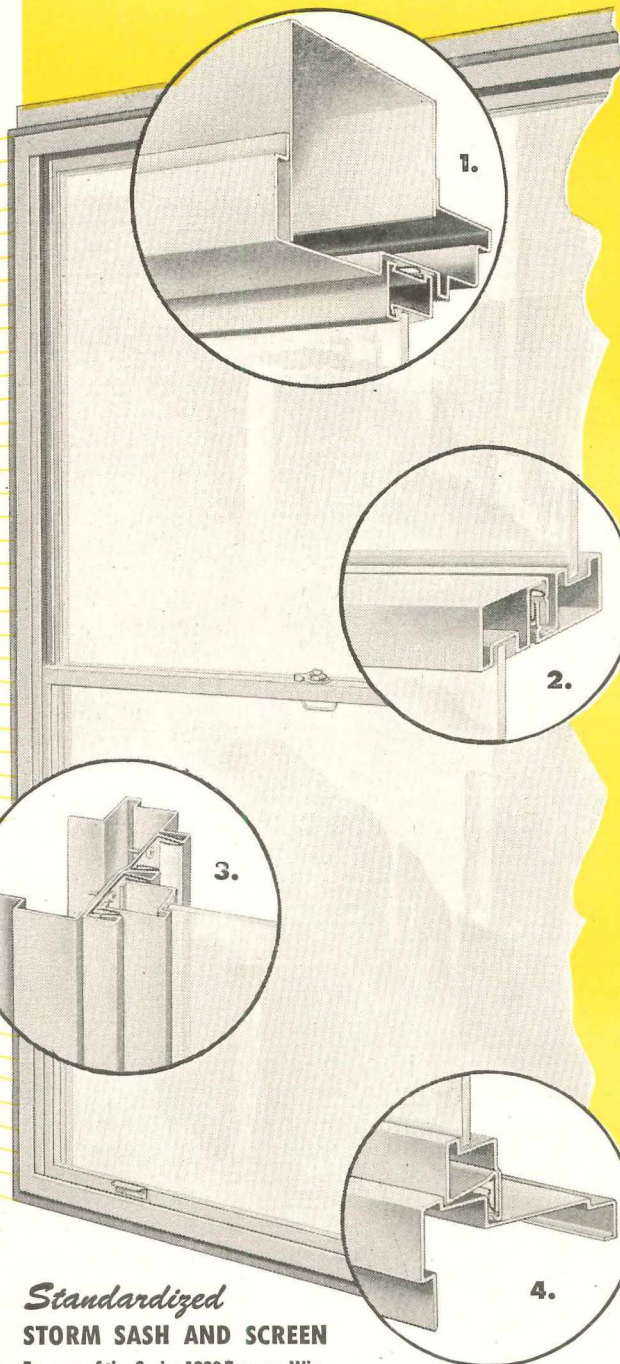
**3. JAMB**—Full length spring bronze weatherstripping attached to frame assures weathertightness and also serves as sash way for both upper and lower sash for easier operation. Plaster stop provided on interior and rebate for screens and storm sash on exterior. Deep bead. 18 gauge frame and sash members.

**4. SILL**—Double step design forms two point weathering contact with sash. Heavy 16 gauge steel for strength and rigidity. Spring bronze weatherstripping attached to sash. Two sash lifts painted to match window.

In addition to all these advantages, sizes of the Series 1380 Truscon Steel Window have been changed to agree with principles of modular planning.

The Series 1380 Truscon Steel Window incorporates many features not found in other windows of similar type or function. Of major importance is the tubular construction of the sash members. This adds greatly to the strength, durability and finished appearance of the window.

Write for new catalog giving complete mechanical details, types and sizes and instruction details.



### *Standardized* STORM SASH AND SCREEN

Frames of the Series 1380 Truscon Window are prepared to receive screens and storm sash of the simplest and most economical type, as made by Truscon.

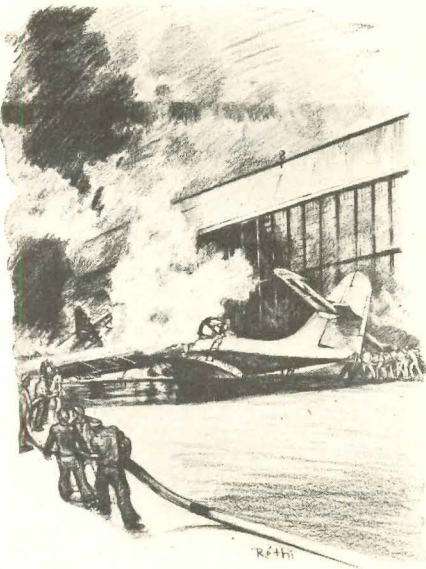
## TRUSCON STEEL COMPANY

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YOUNGSTOWN 1, OHIO • Subsidiary of Republic Steel Corporation

Manufacturers of a Complete Line of Steel Windows and Mechanical Operators... Steel Joists... Metal Lath... Steeldeck Roofs... Reinforcing Steel... Industrial and Hangar Steel Doors... Bank Vault Reinforcing... Radio Towers... Bridge Floors.



## REQUIRED READING



Kaneohe Naval Air Station, Hawaii, on December 7, 1941. Full-page drawing by Lili Reith from "Builders for Battle"

### BUILDERS MAGNIFICENT

*Builders for Battle: How the Pacific Naval Air Bases Were Constructed.* By David O. Woodbury. New York 10 (300 Fourth Ave.), E. P. Dutton & Co., Inc., 1946. 6½ by 9½ in. xvi + 416 pp. illus. \$7.50.

Anyone who followed the island warfare of the Pacific must have sensed that there was a tremendous construction story behind the air bases that mushroomed up on coral atoll after coral atoll. Who built these bases? How were the equipment and supplies delivered? How long did it take?

In *Builders for Battle* a good part of that story is told, and tremendous it really is. Starting with the naively optimistic, isolationist days of the pre-Pearl Harbor decade, David Woodbury tells us of the Navy's recognition of the need for Pacific bases, its fight for authorization to build them, its broad-ranged plans and meticulously worked out details. He sketches in the background of the war with Japan; and he records the foresight and care with which Admiral Ben Moreell, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, guided the Navy in its selection of civilian contractors to build the island bases finally authorized by Congress.

Three firms of contractors were chosen, each a specialist in some one phase of the huge building program: Turner Construction Company and Raymond Concrete Pile Company, both of New York, and Hawaiian Dredging Company of Honolulu. These three made up the original Contractors, PNAB (Pacific Naval Air Bases), to whom in July, 1939, was given the task of creating complete installations on coral pin-pricks Midway,

Johnston and Palmyra, and of making Pearl Harbor and vicinity a Number-One base. Later, as specific problems were met and the program was expanded to include Wake, Guam and Samoa, other firms were called in: Morrison-Knudson Company, Inc., of Los Angeles; J. H. Pomeroy & Company, Inc., and W. A. Bechtel Company, both of San Francisco; Utah Construction Company, of Ogden, Utah; and the Byrne Organization, of Dallas, Texas. Albert H. Kahn, Inc., of Detroit, and C. W. Dickey of Honolulu were chosen as architect mainstays.

From the very outset, Contractors, PNAB threw themselves heart and soul into their Navy assignment. Unhesitatingly they gave their best men to the project; they pooled their resources, their equipment, their ideas. The many problems that these men met and solved, the constantly increasing urgency of their work, the hardships which proved to be so much a part of it, make as thrilling a story as any that the war produced. Nothing that these men were called upon to do was strictly routine; imagination, ingenuity and persistence were as much a part of their job as was their building skill.

Take, for example, the project of devising underground storage for *four million barrels* of Navy fuel oil at Pearl Harbor. No simple burying of tanks, this, but the hollowing-out of a whole mountain and the installing of gigantic, bomb-proof, specially designed concrete vaults, up-ended a hundred feet below the surface of the earth.

Or consider the erecting of a radio station powerful enough to reach around the world, a station whose aerials must be some 2000 feet above the ground. Those aerials were raised on facing cliffs with sides so steep that it took the men who climbed them, patiently driving spike after spike into the rock for footholds, 21 days to reach the top! And when the station went into operation it so electrified the atmosphere that the rainfall was cut down and the normally wet region almost dried up.

Contractors, PNAB, were civilians. They were used to being their own bosses, to drinking their beer when they wanted it. Navy routine and Navy red tape were new to them. But if the Navy wanted something built, by gosh they'd build it, no matter what it was. They took everything in their stride, even the omnipresent gooney birds on Midway. And in the end, of course, the war caught up with them: when the Japs had swarmed over their little coral pin-pricks and gallant Wake had fallen, many of them were whisked away to three long years of Jap internment.

## MODULAR BUILDING

*A62 Guide for Modular Coordination.* By Myron W. Adams and Prentice Bradley. Boston 16, Mass. (110 Arlington St.), Modular Service Assn., 1946. 9 by 12 in. 290 pp. illus. \$10.00.

With the increasing and important stress on dimensional coordination as a means of speeding up and reducing the cost of all types of construction, here is a volume which will be a very welcome addition to the reference library of every architect and engineer. Its usefulness, in fact, can hardly be overemphasized.

As the foreword to the volume points out, producers of building materials and equipment are adapting their products to the principles of modular coordination "to a gratifying degree." Coordinated sizes already have been adopted for brick, structural clay tile, concrete masonry, glass block, structural facing tile, steel windows and wood double-hung windows.

This *Guide*, intended to help architects and engineers take full advantage of these modular products, was prepared under the direction of American Standards Association Project A62, sponsored by the American Institute of Architects and The Producers' Council. Consisting of accurate scale drawings and a minimum of text, it presents the whole subject in a way that is both quickly understood and highly workable. Included are: an explanation of the principles of modular coordination in their application to the various classes of building products and types of construction; the derivation of the standard basis for modular coordination; a reference table for height coordination; and reprints of the three coordination standards thus far approved.

### FOR QUICK REFERENCE

*Time-Saver Standards.* New York 18 (119 W. 40th St.), F. W. Dodge Corp., 1946. 8½ by 11 in. 656 pp. illus. \$12.00.

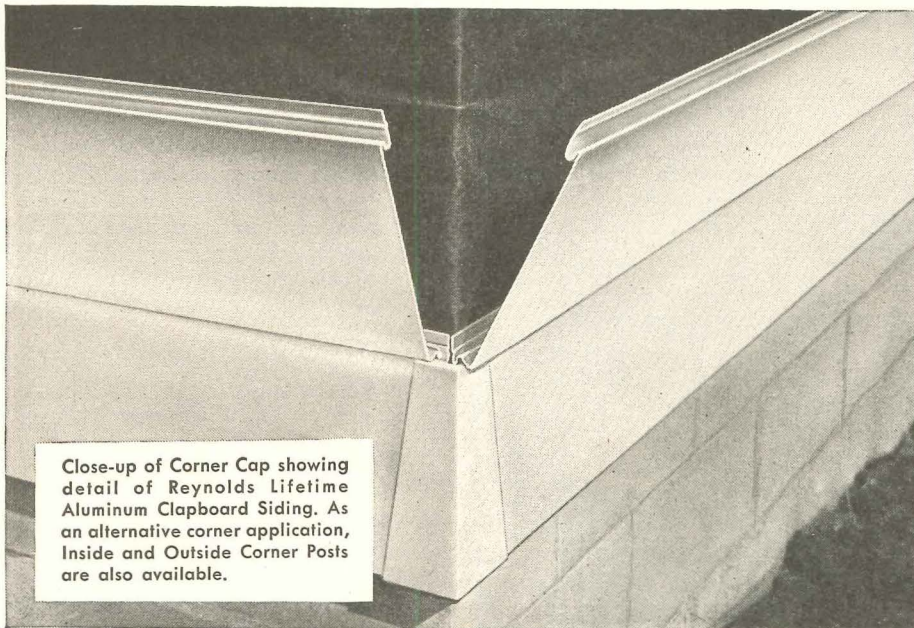
Reviewed by EUGENE RASKIN

Architects and draftsmen have long been familiar with the Time-Saver Standards as they appeared first in the *American Architect* and, since the merger of the two journals, in the *ARCHITECTURAL RECORD*. The creation of such "installment" reference material is an extremely difficult task, calling for a high degree of editorial imagination, technical skill and the coordination of the work of many specialists. It is not enough merely to print useful data (such can be found in many standard reference works)—there must be continuous coverage of new problems arising out of new building types that appear in a constantly changing social and industrial pattern. And each such problem—whether it deals with runways for air-

(Continued on page 28)



**SPECIFY THE CLAPBOARD SIDING THAT  
LOOKS BETTER, LASTS LONGER  
AND INSULATES BY REFLECTING  
RADIANT HEAT!**



Close-up of Corner Cap showing detail of Reynolds Lifetime Aluminum Clapboard Siding. As an alternative corner application, Inside and Outside Corner Posts are also available.

**REYNOLDS *Lifetime* ALUMINUM  
CLAPBOARD SIDING**

WITH every clapboard line literally "straight as a die"...with corner finishes unmatched for precision, and butt joints practically invisible...there is new beauty in this siding. And architects are recognizing increasingly the design advantages of the aluminum surface...which weathers naturally to an attractive shade, or can readily be painted for any desired effect.

Besides these design features, the basic benefits are obvious. This siding is fire-proof, rust-proof, rot- and termite-proof. Even when the outside is painted the *inside* aluminum surface, facing an air space, insulates by radiant heat reflectivity—winter and summer. So the owner enjoys greater comfort as well as greater beauty. And the lifetime durability of aluminum means economy

—a long-run saving for any budget.

If you're building for re-sale, consider the sales advantages of Reynolds Lifetime Aluminum Clapboard Siding. If you're building to order, suggest it to your client. You'll be proving your own leadership in modern housing progress.

IF YOU SEE RUST  
YOU KNOW IT'S NOT  
ALUMINUM

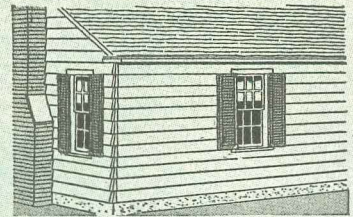


*Distribution through established trade channels. Detailed literature on request.*

**REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY**  
Building Products Division      Louisville 1, Ky.

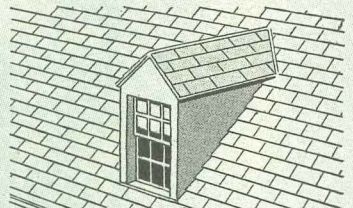
**REYNOLDS  
LIFETIME ALUMINUM**

**CLAPBOARD SIDING**



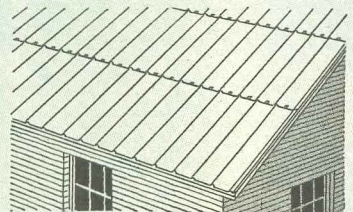
Individual clapboards fit together, covering all nails. 8" exposed surface, 12' lengths.

**SHINGLES**



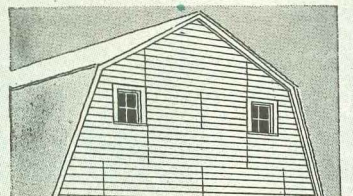
Completely interlocking, covering nails. Coverage, 8" x 14½". Shadow line, ¼".

**"SNAP-SEAL" ROOFING**



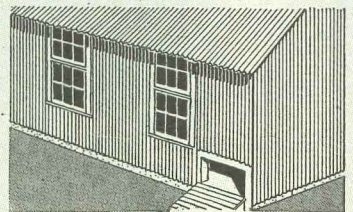
Sheets interlock, all nails covered, weather-tight. 6, 8, 10 and 12 feet, 24" coverage.

**WEATHERBOARD SIDING**



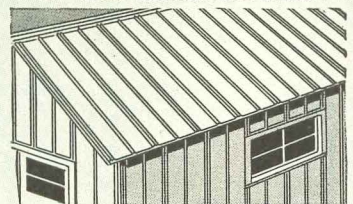
Sheet crimped in simulation of 4" clapboard. 8, 10 and 12 feet, 24" coverage.

**CORRUGATED ROOFING AND SIDING**



Extra thick (.027")—therefore sturdier, yet lighter. 6, 8, 10, 12 feet, 26" wide.

**5-V CRIMP ROOFING AND SIDING**



Same extra thickness means sturdier sheet yet lighter. 6, 8, 10, 12 feet, 24" coverage.

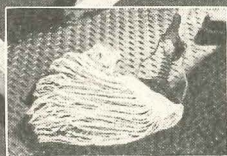
Also Aluminum Studs, Trusses, Window Frames, Garage Doors, Reflective Insulation and complete Aluminum Houses.



**NO OTHER FLOOR PLATE  
MAKES STAIR TREADS SO *SAFE*  
YET SO EASY TO CLEAN**



**GRIP WITHOUT A SLIP!**



**EASY TO CLEAN!**

**EASY TO MATCH!**



Slippery stair treads cause many serious falling accidents, and management pays the bills when workers are injured or when accidents interfere with production. Guard your workers against slipping and falling and increase your operating efficiency by installing AW Super-Diamond Floor Plates throughout your plant. The exclusive Super-Diamond Pattern provides maximum skid resistance and gives men's feet a firm steady grip.

The engineered design has no corners to collect dirt. Water drains and dries quickly and it is easy to clean with hose, brush or mop. The readily matched pattern makes overnight installations practical, with minimum cutting waste. Join the throng of architects, builders, product engineers and the purchasing agents who insist on AW Super-Diamond Floor Plates for safety and economy.

Free—A 16 page booklet L-33 giving helpful information on weight per square foot, and maximum sizes. Alan Wood Steel Company, Conshohocken, Penna.

**AW SUPER-DIAMOND**  
**FLOOR PLATES THAT GRIP**



*A Product of* **ALAN WOOD STEEL COMPANY**  
Other Products: Billets • Plates • Sheets • Carbon & Alloy

## REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 26)

ports or ducts for air conditioning—must be presented with sufficient background material to make the data meaningful.

This job the editors of Time-Saver Standards have done splendidly for more than a decade. In addition they have devised an excellent format which serves the dual function of facilitating the use of the Standards and of making the Standards pages readily distinguishable from the balance of the editorial pages of the magazine.

Now the Time-Saver Standards since 1935 have been put together in a single, handsomely bound volume which should be eagerly welcomed by architects, designers and students everywhere. True, the format which served so well when limited to several pages per issue of the ARCHITECTURAL RECORD seems a trifle over-bold when gathered into a 656-page tome, but the use-facility which it offers is not impaired.

In fact, that use-facility is tremendously increased by the addition of a 12-page index which comes closer to being the perfect architectural reference index than any other I have seen. Among man's most unrewarding pastimes is the familiar one of trying to guess under what heading a desired item might be listed. One usually guesses wrong. But this index is so skillfully cross-referenced that it would take considerable ingenuity to avoid finding what you want. For instance: *Backgammon Tables*, *Concrete* may also be found under *Concrete Game Tables* or under *Games*, *Backgammon*. With concentration you can find one or two omissions, but on the whole it is a splendid index, one which will do almost as much time-saving as the Time-Saver Standards themselves.

## HARMONY AND COMFORT

*Furniture for Your Home.* By Gladys Miller. New York 16 (114 E. 32nd St.), M. Barrows and Co., Inc., 1946. 6 by 9 in. xiv + 290 pp. illus. \$3.50.

Harmony and comfort are the goals held up by Gladys Miller throughout this book. Like most modern decorators, she condones mixtures of style so long as harmony is achieved, and has scant patience with furniture for furniture's sake. She wants the home furnished "for use and pleasure 24 hours a day."

This is a basic book, angled frankly for appeal to the young homemaker. It describes and illustrates the various styles of furniture, tags them "formal" or "informal," assesses their practicality and adaptability. It discusses the functions of different rooms, the placement of furniture, the selection of fabrics and colors. And it winds up with a glossary of terms the novice may find confusing.



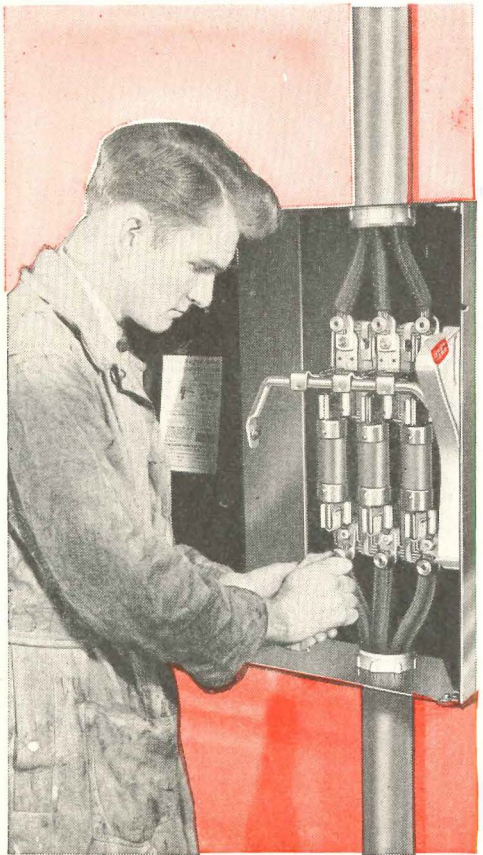
# Who looks at switches, anyhow?

**E**LECTRICIANS, operators and the people who build them know why BullDog Vacu-Break Switches are superior. Engineers and architects know, too!

But to your clients, it may be all Greek. And that's as it should be. The only switch that really interests them is one that won't work—one that causes costly shutdowns on their production line and expensive delays for repairs.

Solve these problems once and for all! You can do it the minute BullDog switches take over as circuit guardians. And you can reach a BullDog Field Engineer as easily as you reach for your 'phone. Let him give you full details and show you a BullDog installation near your own office. Or, write BullDog direct for descriptive folders.

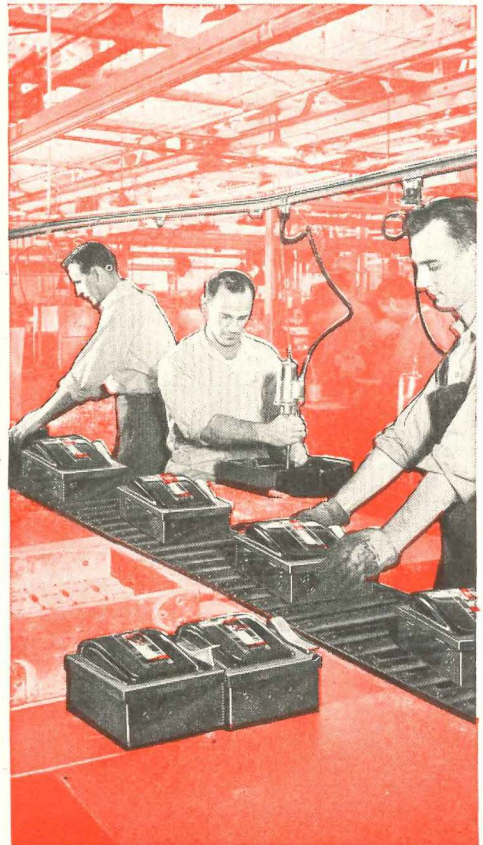
BullDog also manufactures SafToFuse Panelboards—Switchboards—Circuit Master Breakers—“LO-X” Feeder BUStrihution DUCT—“Plug-in” Type BUStrihution DUCT—Universal Trol-E-Duct for flexible lighting—Industrial Trol-E-Duct for Portable Tools, Cranes and Hoists.



**1 ELECTRICIANS DO!** And the first thing they see in a BullDog Vacu-Break Safety Switch is ample wiring space that makes installation easy—without damaging cable insulation or skinning their knuckles. They notice front operation for “ganging” without waste space. Finally, they spot durable construction that means fewer repairs.

**2 OPERATORS, TOO!** They like BullDog's rugged rocker-type handles—easily accessible and built for tough usage. They appreciate quick-action mechanism for positive “ON and OFF” operation, plus bolt-tight “Clampmatic Contacts.” And best of all, they know that “safety” is more than a word.

**3 AND SO DO THE PEOPLE WHO MAKE THEM!** There's a certain satisfaction in building a product you know is good. That's the satisfaction BullDog craftsmen feel when they work with high-grade materials to execute modern designs. At the end of the line, BullDog inspectors see a switch that's engineered and built for long, trustworthy service.



**BULLDOG**  
ELECTRIC PRODUCTS COMPANY

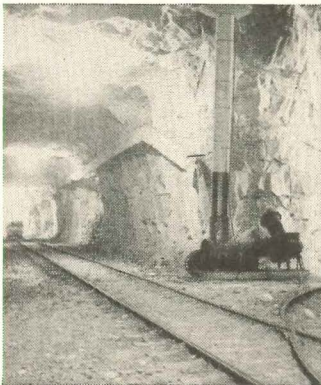


Detroit 32, Michigan. Field Offices In All Principal Cities. In Canada: BullDog Electric Products of Canada, Ltd., Toronto

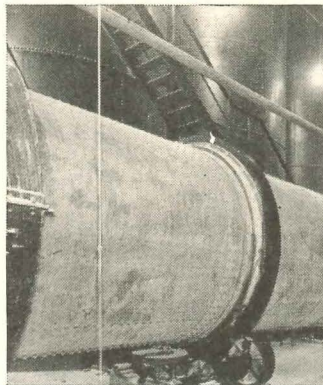


# THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN PLASTER!

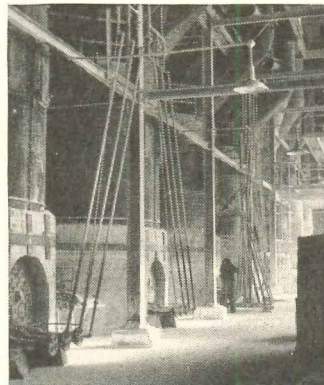
*This Quality Story tells you why you get  
Better Results with Gold Bond Plaster . . .*



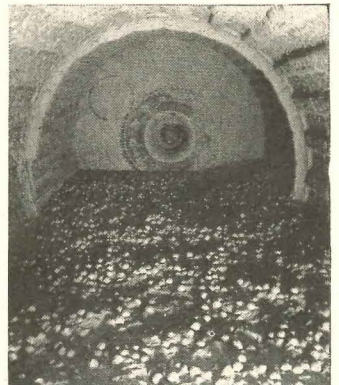
**1 GYPSUM MINE.** One of 9 National Gypsum deposits which insure a constant supply of selected gypsum rock.



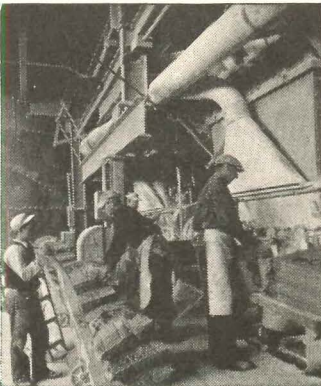
**2 ROTARY DRYER.** First step in the processing of gypsum is the removal of surface moisture from the rock.



**3 CALCINERS.** Next, the rock is pulverized and "cooked" in huge kettles which drives off the water of crystallization.



**4 TUBE MILL.** Thousands of tiny steel balls in this revolving cylinder grind the gypsum into minute particles.



**5 BAGGING.** After various ingredients are added to regulate the set and working qualities of the plaster, it is ready for bagging.



**6 QUALITY CHECKUP.** Uniform quality is so important that a research lab is maintained at each plant to insure constant control.

**T**HE days of "plasters-are-all-alike" are out. New processing operations made possible with modern machinery have resulted in the finest plaster ever made . . . Gold Bond. Specifying Gold Bond is your assurance that you will be getting this high quality plaster on your jobs at no premium price. See our section in Sweet's for the full story on Gold Bond Plaster and over 150 other guaranteed Gold Bond Building Products sold by 10,000 building material dealers. National Gypsum Company, Buffalo 2, New York.

**BUILD BETTER WITH  
GOLD BOND**

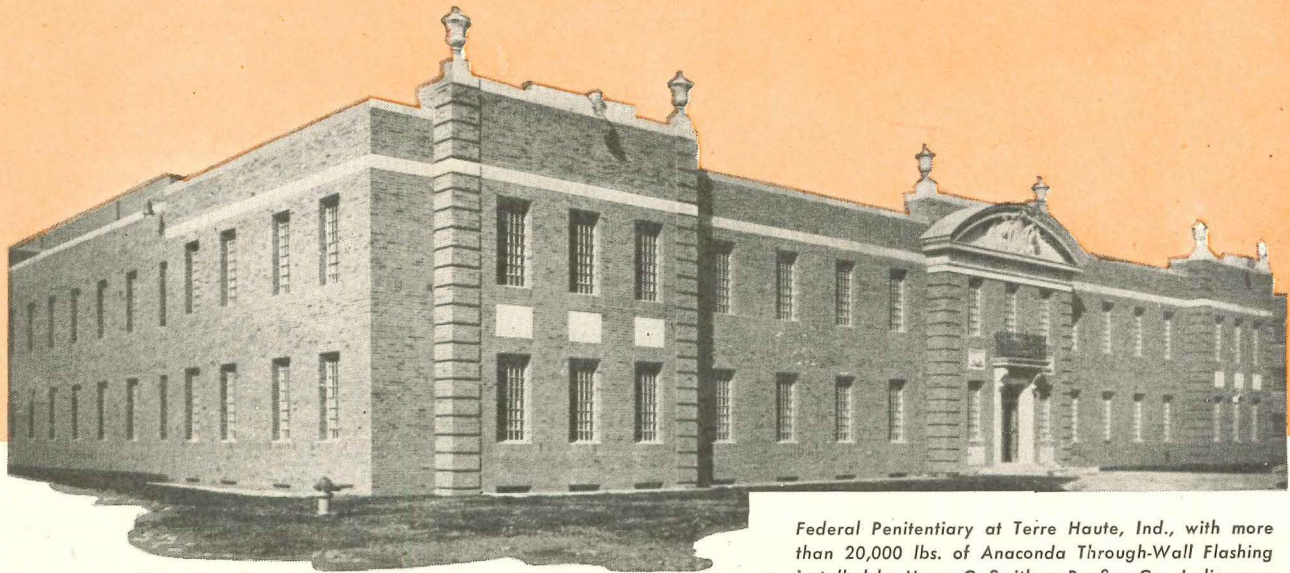




# ANACONDA THROUGH-WALL FLASHINGS

## *Guard Against Dampness and Frost*

### AT FEDERAL PENITENTIARY



Federal Penitentiary at Terre Haute, Ind., with more than 20,000 lbs. of Anaconda Through-Wall Flashing installed by Henry C. Smithers Roofing Co., Indianapolis, Ind., Sheet Metal & Roofing Contractor. General Contractor, Great Lakes Construction Co., Chicago, Ill. Architects, Alfred Hopkins & Associates, New York City.

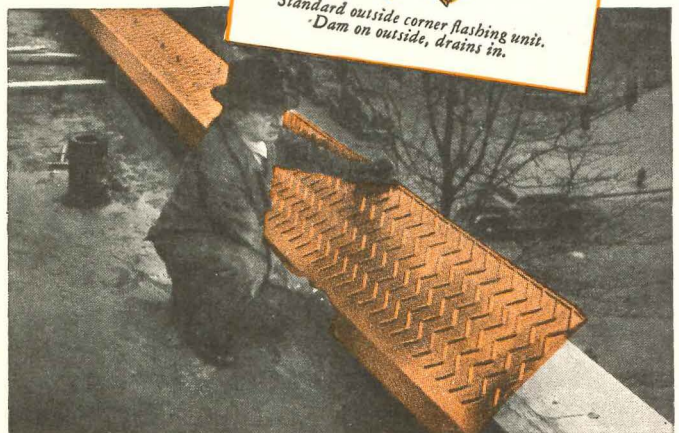
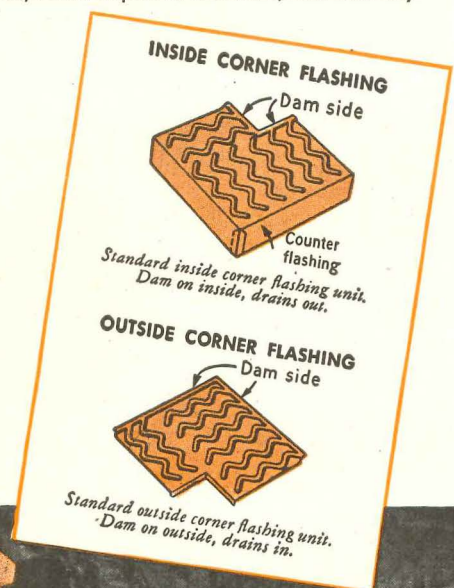
ANACONDA Through-Wall Flashing . . . *the flashing that drains itself dry* . . . is a worthy aid to the architect, consultant or contractor who builds for permanence.

Die-stamped dam and corrugations in both straight sections and corner units insure positive drainage in the direction desired, intercept and dispose of wind-driven rain and moisture.

The zig-zag ridges provide a strong mortar bond, prevent lateral movement and, by endwise nesting one or two ridges, insure watertight joints. The flat selvage is an aid in making neat, sharp bends for counter flashing or for locking to adjacent metal.

For detailed information on Anaconda Through-Wall Flashing, write for Publication C-28.

4664



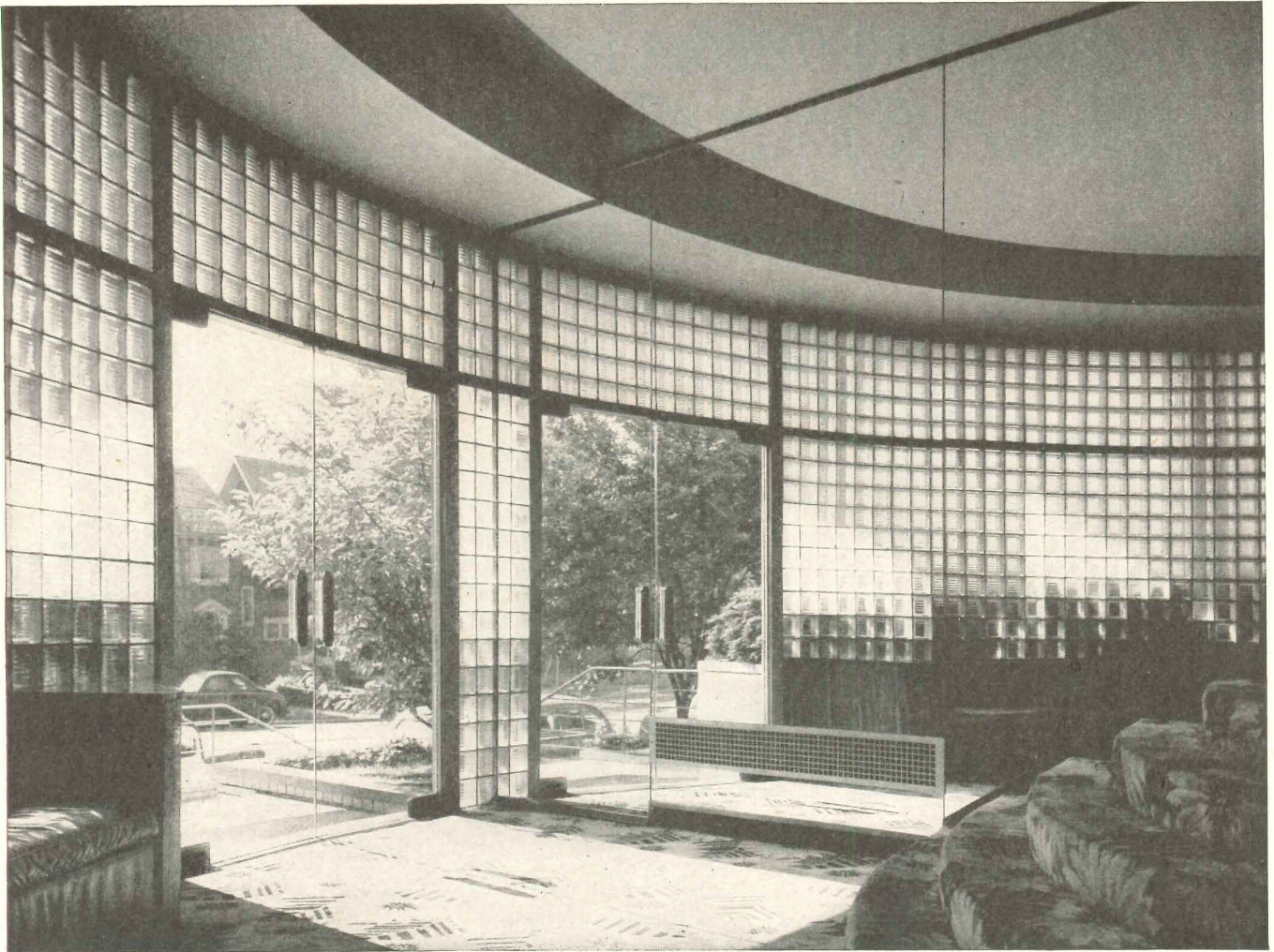
**ANACONDA**  
from mine to consumer

**Anaconda**  
**COPPER**

**THE AMERICAN BRASS COMPANY**

General Offices: Waterbury 88, Connecticut  
Subsidiary of Anaconda Copper Mining Company  
In Canada: ANACONDA AMERICAN BRASS LTD.,  
New Toronto, Ont.





**Good example** of the functional and decorative value of Insulux Glass Block—the lobby of this apartment on Wisconsin Ave., Washington, D.C., is light—appears spacious, luxurious. Architects

Berla & Abel have maintained a clean simplicity of design. Insulux panels transmit daylight freely, while barring the street view in private portions of the room. Builder is H. K. Jawish.

## Lobby with a lighting lesson

**You can learn** from this lobby that there's no equal or substitute for natural daylight. It gives openness and a feeling of richness.

Double value comes when you let the light in and still retain privacy.

For these reasons, more and more architects are using Insulux Glass Block. Possibilities for this versatile material extend to almost every room in a private home—and also to a variety of points in commercial and industrial buildings.

Insulux panels are high in insulating value, thus lowering the cost of heating and air conditioning operations. Upkeep is low because painting is not required and Insulux will not rot, rust or corrode.

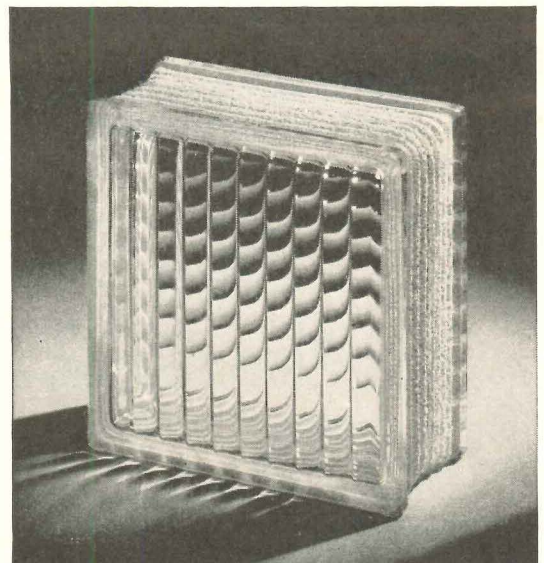
Are you familiar with the host of uses for Insulux Glass Block in both contemporary and traditional design and construction?

For technical data, specifications and installation details, see the "Glass" section of Sweet's Architectural Catalog, or write Dept. D-1, Owens-Illinois Glass Company, Insulux Products Division, Toledo 1, Ohio.

**OWENS - ILLINOIS**

# INSULUX

**GLASS BLOCK**



*Insulux Glass Block is a functional building material—not merely a decoration. It is designed to do many things other materials cannot do. Investigate!*



*A distinguished refill pencil*  
with **7** distinctive features

**A.W. FABER'S CASTELL LOCKTITE**

for drawing

sketching and retouching

**CLEAN**

**QUICK**

**GUARANTEED**

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**NON-SLIPPAGE**

**STURDY**

**NON-BREAKAGE**

**1**

No need to touch the lead and get graphite particles or dust on your fingers or smudges on your drawing. Hold point to paper, press button, lead can be adjusted by upward or downward movement of hand.

**2**

Finest quality plastic and metal used in every part, exposed metal parts gold plated, all expertly assembled.

**3**

An unusually finely precisioned collet supports the graded lead all the way around and prevents it from breaking or snapping off under greater than normal pressure during the pointing or sanding process when in actual use.

**4**

Just press your thumb on the button release. Eliminates two-hand screwing or turning operation.

**5**

If your CASTELL LOCKTITE does not perform perfectly, return it to your dealer or to us for exchange immediately.

**6**

Every part is well proportioned giving you a drawing instrument which is perfectly balanced in your hand.

**7**

The same precision collet holds the lead in a bulldog grip. Lead positively cannot slide back into the holder.

Holds all standard makes of refill graded drawing and retouching leads.

**A.W. FABER INC.**  
NEWARK, N. J.

**only \$1** at your Art Supply house,  
Drawing Material Dealer,  
Blue Printer or Stationer.





## ...and it's just as unwise to cut a house "adrift"!

● When it comes to providing a house with uniform, dependable, low-cost heat—Bituminous Coal has no equal. Every architect and builder knows that!

So what can you do when a client *insists* on some other fuel? Simply this—make sure the house plans make it possible for him to change his mind later on—and turn to coal.

Then his house won't be "cut adrift" from the benefits of coal heat when stoker developments or local coal services or cost differentials convince him of the advantages of coal.

This means: (1) Provide a chimney with sufficient flue capacity to burn coal efficiently; (2) Provide sufficient space adjacent to the heating unit for eventual coal storage and stoker installation.

These sensible precautions constitute low-cost insurance of a home's future value.

Coal supplies uniform, *steady* warmth throughout every portion of each room. For there's always a fire in the furnace—no "pop on and pop off" periods that permit accumulated heat to rise to the ceilings and leave floor areas dangerously cold. That, plus its low cost, is why more than 4 out of every 7 homes in the United States now heat with coal!



Every new home you design or build should be planned to permit the efficient burning of coal—no matter what fuel may initially be selected. In two simple ways you can free any new home to turn to coal—the most plentiful and most economical fuel of all. This means:

1. Provide a chimney of adequate flue capacity.
2. Provide sufficient space adjacent to the heating unit for eventual coal storage and stoker installation.

### BITUMINOUS COAL

BITUMINOUS COAL INSTITUTE  
Affiliate of NATIONAL COAL ASSOCIATION  
Washington, D. C.



**YOU Light Right  
when you  
Light with BENJAMIN**




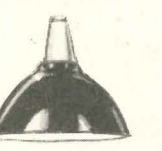

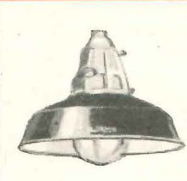
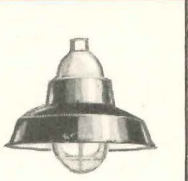

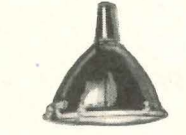
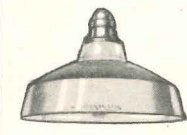


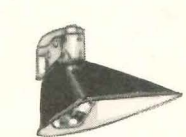



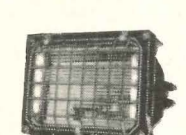

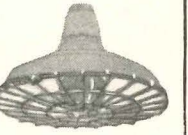
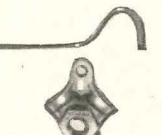
**Fluorescent**

plus  
**all this** and more

**Benjamin Fluorescent** is the economical, efficient and most comfortable lighting for thousands of applications. However, there are thousands of other locations which require special lighting units or where incandescent or mercury-vapor lighting is more economical or desirable.

That is why Benjamin not only offers a wide line of fluorescent units but also has stressed through the years the importance of completeness...in incandescent units...for both indoor and outdoor service...for the special lighting requirements of hazardous, damp and dusty locations...for floodlighting...etc. So complete is the Benjamin line that it is nearly always possible to select from available lighting units and fittings, equipment which will not only provide the Right Light but will simplify its installation and reduce maintenance costs to a minimum.

**Benjamin Electric Mfg. Co.** Dept. Q-1  
Des Plaines, Illinois.

			
"Turnlox" RLM DOME Reflector	"Turnlox" ELLIPTICAL ANGLE Reflector	"Turnlox" RLM BOWL Reflector	PORCELAIN HIGH BAY Incandescent and Mercury
			
"PROJECTOLITE" Vapor-Tight	II-G DUST TIGHT UNIT with Dome Reflector	CEILING "VAPOLET" with Dome Reflector	EXPLOSION PROOF UNIT with Dome Reflector
			
"STEELITE" Armor Clad Unit	"SILVERED LAMP" DIFFUSER	PORCELAIN DOME 400 Watt Mercury	ALZAK CONCENTRATING REFLECTOR Incandescent and Mercury
			
"DUO-SERVICE" Floodlight	"UTILITY" Floodlight	ALZO-LITE "Long-Range" Floodlight	COLUMN-LITE Outdoor unit
			
PIT & TUNNEL Lighting Units	STOCK-BIN-LITE Reflector	REFLECTOR LAMP GUARDS	WEATHER-PROOF FITTINGS & BRACKETS

Look to

**BENJAMIN**  
TRADE MARK

for Lighting Equipment that precisely

meets the need for *Right Light*



# OPEN-WEB JOISTS

## IN THE FLOORS OF THIS NEW HOSPITAL



It's the two-and-a-half-year-old DePaul Hospital at Norfolk, Va. Bright and cheerful-looking throughout its four stories, this attractive red-brick structure has facilities for 260 patients. Architect? . . . James R. Edmunds, Jr., of Baltimore. M. Millimet & Associates, Inc., and Wm. M. Moore Building Corporation, both of Norfolk, were the general contractors. And Bethlehem Open-Web Joists—210 tons of them—were used in the floor construction.

Bethlehem Open-Web Joists are often used in light occupancy structures because they never shrink or sag . . . never cause squeaky floors and open baseboards. Resistant to the passage of sound, they also speed the placing of pipes, conduits and ducts. They offer fire safety at moderate cost; when used with concrete floor slab and plaster ceiling they provide a floor construction that withstands fire for over two hours.

Here's another worth-while advantage of Bethlehem Open-Web Joists—easy installation. For they arrive at the job completely fabricated . . . ready for use without falsework. Two men can handle standard open-web joists without difficulty. And the Longspan type of joist (providing column-free floor space up to 64 ft spans) can be erected by means of a light gin pole.

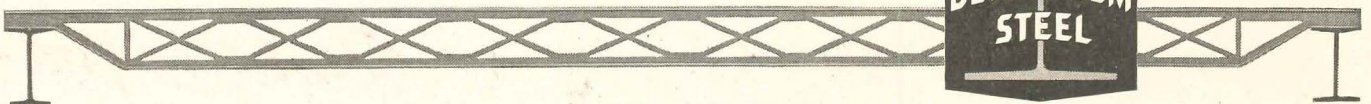
You'll find our Folder 522 a time-saver in designing with Bethlehem Open-Web Joists, because it contains in condensed form, scale detail drawings, design tables, and specifications for open-web joist construction. If you'd like a copy for handy reference, get in touch with the nearest Bethlehem district office, or write direct to us at Bethlehem, Pa.

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, BETHLEHEM, PA.

On the Pacific Coast Bethlehem products are sold by  
Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corporation



★ BETHLEHEM OPEN-WEB JOISTS





# using "Puppy-House" wiring?




## Only Adequate Wiring equips electrical systems for growth

Nobody builds a puppy-house. Puppies grow up too fast. And, by the same token, no forward-looking engineer installs "puppy-house" wire and cable sizes to handicap his plant electrical system when a sudden call comes for a greater production.

Today's industrial adequate wiring demands big enough cable for growth. But it calls for much more. Among other considerations, it includes added electrical outlets . . . higher voltages where feasible . . . unit substations where loads are great . . . such equipment as synchronous motors and capacitors to correct power factor — in short, whatever contributes to meeting present and future

power and lighting requirements at the lowest cost per kilowatt consumed.

### Also Important is Adequate Experience

 . . . on the part of the manufacturer of your insulated wires and cables. When you work out your problems with an Okonite engineer, remember this: He represents a company which has pioneered one cable advance after another since 1878. His help is equally valuable in applying the Adequate Wiring principle (a) to the improvement of existing buildings electrically, and (b) to the planning of new buildings so that you'll avoid costly future ripping-out of floors and walls and ceilings as well as forestalling other exorbitant expenditures. The Okonite Company, Passaic, N. J.

# OKONITE

OKONITE  
SINCE 1878

insulated wires and cables for adequate wiring at its best



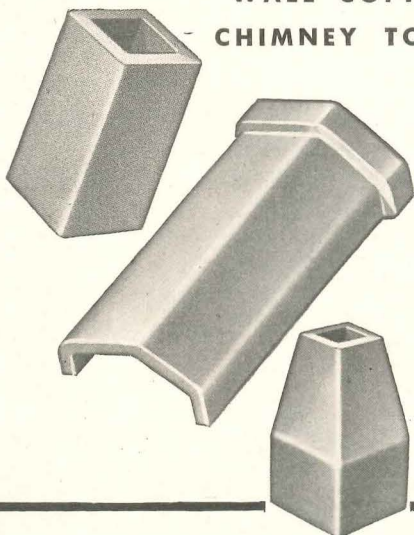


# CLAY PIPE

## fits today's housing picture

Today's critical housing situation places the emphasis on more homes and construction speed. To meet this great need properly, materials used must be both dependable and easy to install. Clay Pipe for sewers and drains fits this picture perfectly. Every plumber knows that no other pipe can be installed so fast and so easily . . . knows that vitrified clay wyes, ells, tees and other fittings speed up tough jobs . . . knows that Clay Pipe is a tried-and-proved product that will not rust, corrode or decompose . . . knows that Clay Pipe is one material that can be counted on to give top consumer satisfaction.

CLAY FLUE LINING  
WALL COPING  
CHIMNEY TOPS



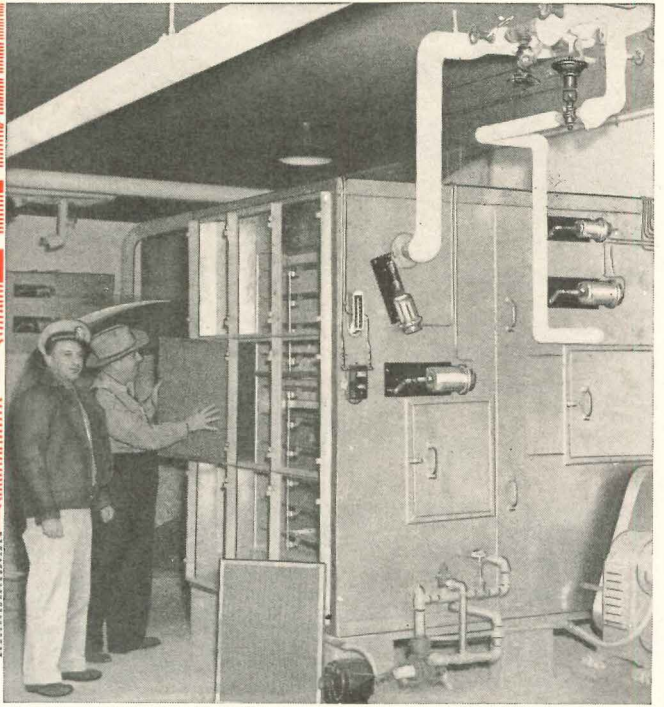
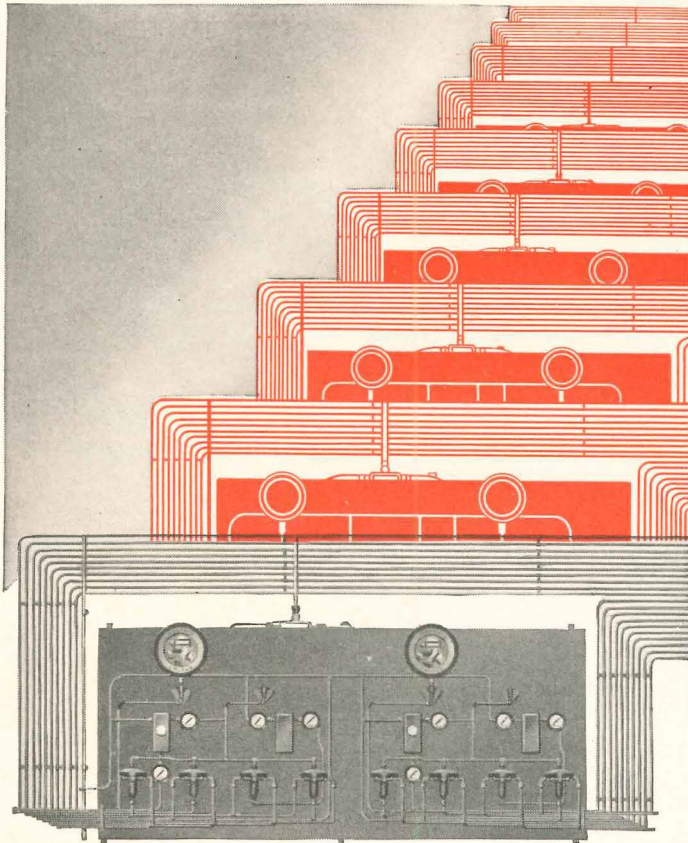
### National Clay Pipe Manufacturers, Inc.

111 W. Washington St., Chicago 2, Ill.  
571 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Los Angeles 15, Calif.  
522 First National Bank Bldg., Atlanta 3, Ga.  
1105 Huntington Bank Bldg., Columbus 15, Ohio

# CLAY PIPE

C-746-5





ABOVE: EVAPORATIVE CONDITIONING UNIT WITH JOHNSON CONTROLLED HEATING, COOLING AND HUMIDIFYING. AT LEFT: ONE OF 50 JOHNSON PANEL BOARDS. U. S. Navy Pilot Plant, Inyokern, California. Holmes and Narver, Architects; Lohman Brothers, mechanical contractors, Los Angeles.

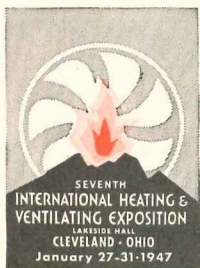
## REMOVING *“Chance”* WITH JOHNSON Automatic Temperature CONTROL

The U. S. Navy's "Pilot Plant" at Inyokern, designed in cooperation with the California Institute of Technology, is a permanent and important facility in our national defense program. Devoted to experiments on the manufacture and loading of fuel for rockets, this giant undertaking in remote Death Valley has received wide acclaim as a model of scientific ingenuity.

There were countless problems to be solved, in equipping the various buildings which are involved in the processing operations. Johnson Automatic Control Systems regulate the conditioned air produced by nearly one hundred units throughout the vast expanse of many thousand acres. Each unit supplies an individual

space where the temperature and humidity are watched over by Johnson room thermostats and humidostats.

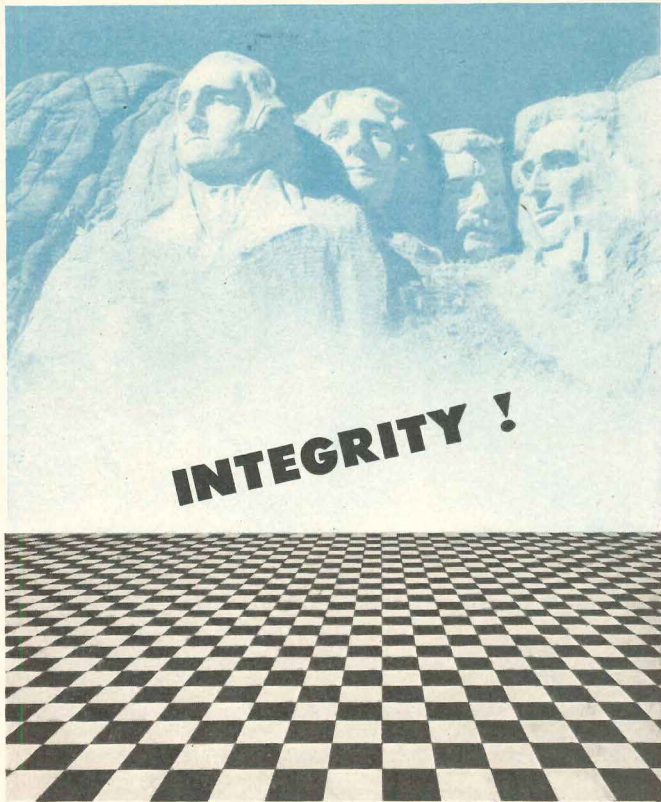
In such activities, all possible elements of chance must be removed. Pioneers in designing and installing automatic temperature control systems, Johnson engineers and installation men were on duty at Inyokern from the moment the walls began to rise until the completed buildings were ready to operate. Such individualized service, the only way to insure precisely the desired results, is typical of Johnson-engineered installations. Ask a Johnson engineer, from a near-by branch office, to help solve *your* next temperature control problem. JOHNSON SERVICE COMPANY, Milwaukee 2, Wisconsin. Direct Branch Offices in Principal Cities.



SEE OUR EXHIBIT  
BOOTH 527-8

**JOHNSON** *Automatic Temperature and Air Conditioning* **CONTROL**  
DESIGN • MANUFACTURE • INSTALLATION • SINCE 1885





## HOOD

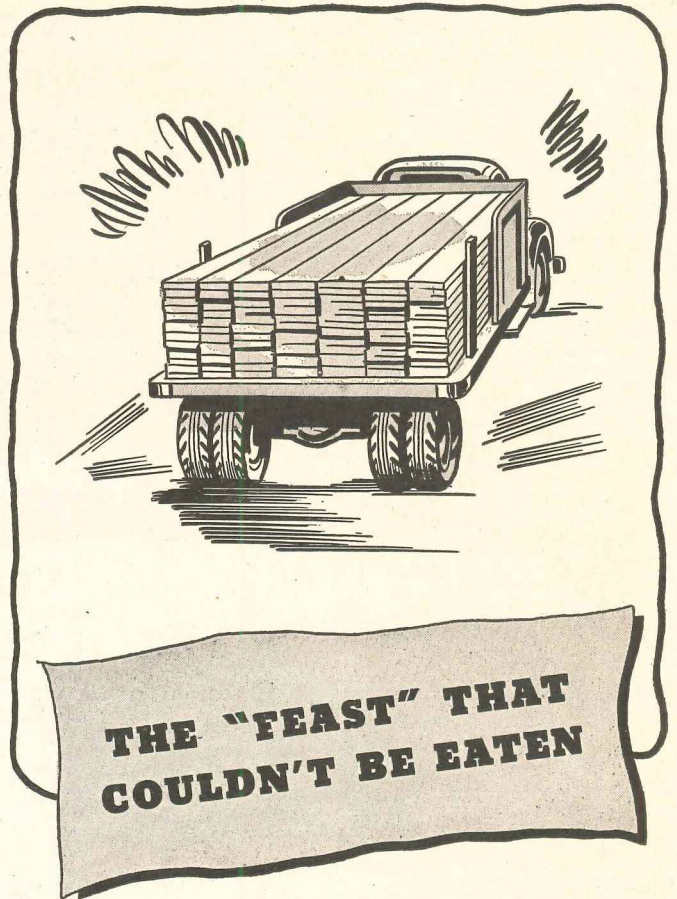
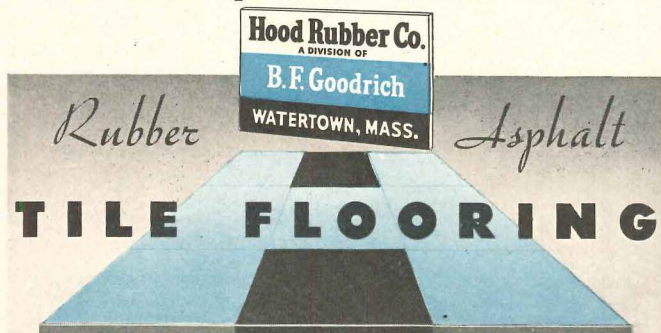
### *Resilient Flooring*

"Integrity" is the word by which all reputable architects and manufacturers must live. Without it neither is worth his salt.

Integrity is built into every single Hood Rubber or Asphalt Tile. Each one has integrity of quality, character and wear; integrity of density and resilience; integrity of color, design and marbleization.

In a few words, this means that you can specify "Hood," and know that the client will get the best his money can buy—in Rubber or Asphalt Tile Flooring.

See Sweet's for specification details.



There's plenty of food here for wood-destroying fungi and termites to feast on—but they're doomed to die if they try.

Such wood as this, treated with "CZC," is protected from decay and termite attack. Du Pont "CZC" (Chromated Zinc Chloride) resists the development of fungous growths. In addition, "CZC"-treated wood is resistant to fire, has no objectionable odor, is clean and easy to handle, and can be painted. "CZC"-treated wood has all the characteristics of untreated wood, plus these other advantages.

Give your buildings additional long life and assurance of low maintenance costs by specifying "CZC"-treated wood. For detailed information about this wood preservative that makes wood last longer, write E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.), Grasselli Chemicals Dept., Wilmington 98, Delaware.

## DU PONT CZC

*Chromated Zinc Chloride*

**MAKES WOOD RESIST DECAY • REPEL TERMITES • RETARD FIRE**



BETTER THINGS FOR BETTER LIVING  
... THROUGH CHEMISTRY



**"HANG THE SKY!"**  
 for schoolroom lighting  
 that guards young eyes

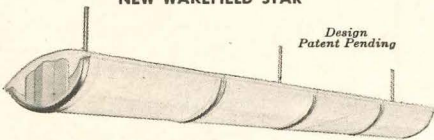


For a "sky" of easy-eye light  
 specify *The Wakefield STAR!*

*It's brand new.* Combines the advantages of fluorescent and indirect light. Pre-tested to give extra assurance of good lighting service. Plaskon reflector shield slides out like a drawer for easy cleaning. The ideal unit for Over-ALL LIGHTING in many school classrooms!

NEW WAKEFIELD STAR

*Design  
 Patent Pending*



**Over-ALL . . .**

**in lighting  
 in sturdy construction  
 in ease of maintenance**

Here's why **Over-ALL Lighting** by *Wakefield*  
 can help you do it!

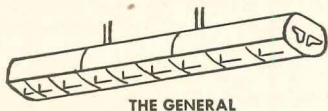
Wakefield's new Over-ALL lighting spreads soft, diffused light over all. As this picture suggests, its effect is as pleasing and comfortable for eyes as nature's sky. That's what makes it tops for school lighting . . . tops for eyesight protection.

And Over-ALL lighting is flexible; you can create it with any Wakefield lighting equipment . . . since Over-ALL lighting is based on "seeing" results. Incidentally, you'll find that the new Wakefield equipment has it *over* all others for sturdy construction, ease of installation (with completely interchangeable parts) and ease of servicing and maintenance.

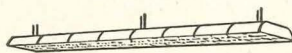
**Ask your local Wakefield representative** to tell you about Over-ALL lighting. Or write for a copy of our new catalog No. 46. The F. W. Wakefield Brass Company, Vermilion, Ohio.

**Wakefield**

LIGHTING EQUIPMENT FOR OFFICE, SCHOOL AND DRAFTING ROOM



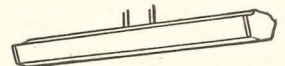
THE GENERAL



THE GRENADIER



THE COMMODORE

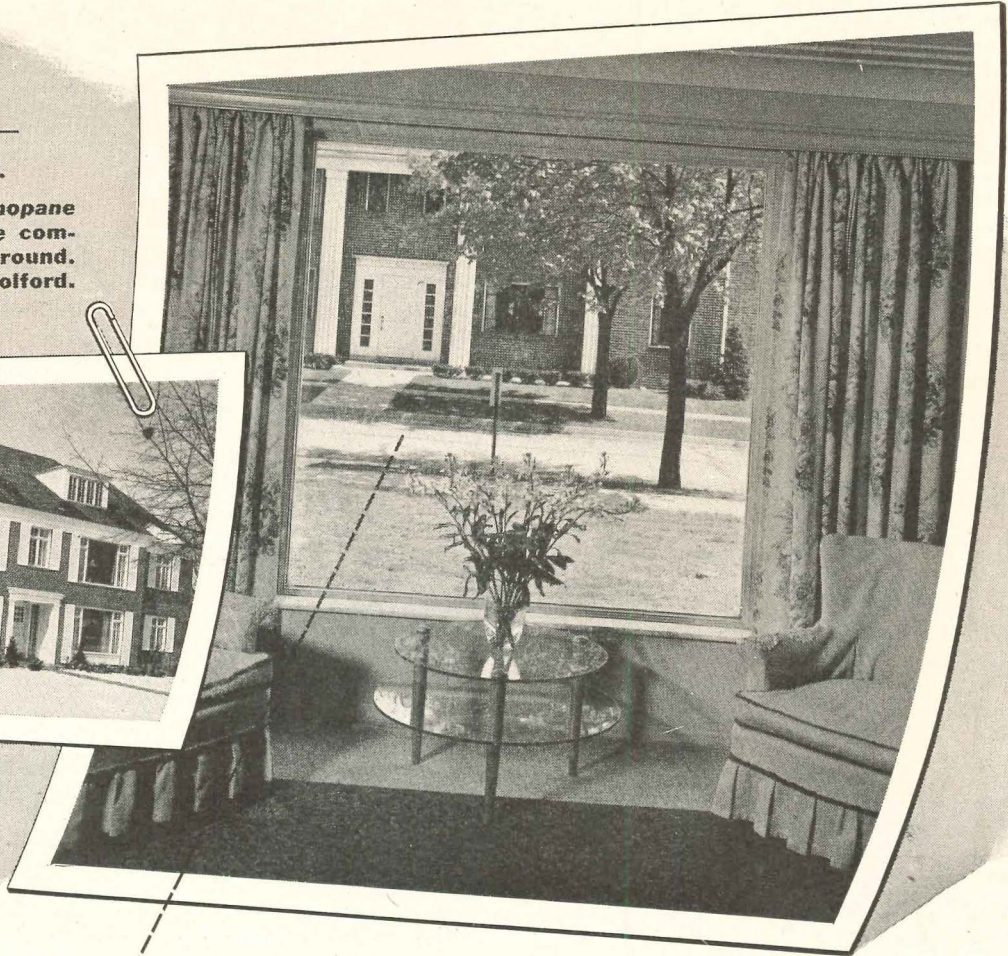


THE DIPLOMAT



WARMER in winter—  
COOLER in summer.

Windows of *Thermopane*  
make rooms more com-  
fortable the year 'round.  
Architect: W. E. Tolford.



# Clear visibility through an insulated wall!

When you insulate the walls, include the windows, too. You can with *Thermopane*\*, the time-proved transparent insulating unit.

Think what bigger windows mean in adding the benefits of better daylighting to your buildings—in adding the attractiveness of an outdoor view—in giving rooms a feeling of greater spaciousness.

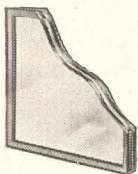
*Thermopane* is composed of two or more panes of glass separated by dehydrated air and hermetically sealed around the edges at the factory. When made of two panes of  $\frac{1}{4}$ " plate glass and a  $\frac{1}{4}$ " air space, *Thermopane* has a heat loss co-efficient U of .57, compared with 1.07 for a single pane of  $\frac{1}{4}$ " glass. Thus, with *Thermopane* you can have twice the

window area without sacrificing comfort.

Libbey-Owens-Ford developed *Thermopane*. It was the first successful, mass-produced insulating unit of its kind for general use. It has *proved* its efficiency for nearly a decade... has given satisfactory service in homes, schools, offices and public buildings in the United States, Mexico, Canada, Alaska and even Iceland.

*Thermopane* is made for most window openings...and in 50 standard sizes for simplification of design and replacement. Before you plan your next building write for desired *Thermopane* information. Technical data sheets by Don Graf will be sent to architects. Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Company, 2217 Nicholas Building, Toledo 3, Ohio.

\*Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.



**WE'RE SWAMPED!** Despite expansion of our production facilities, the tremendous demand for *Thermopane* temporarily exceeds our productive capacity. We're doing everything we can to expedite deliveries. When planning construction, be sure to obtain delivery schedules from your L·O·F Distributor.

**THERMOPANE**, the L·O·F windowpane that insulates.

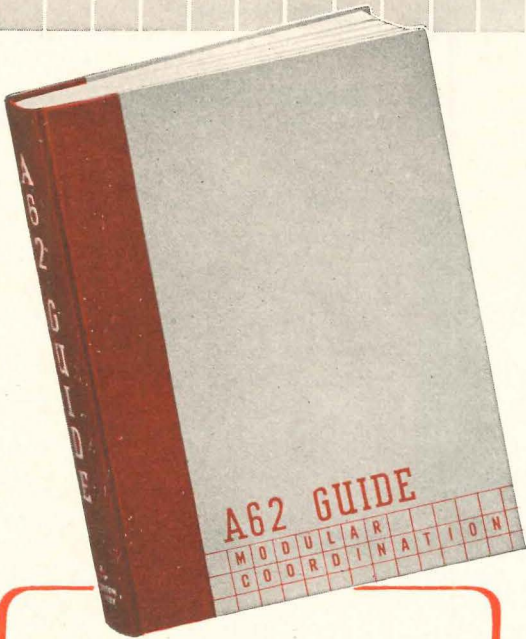


**LIBBEY · OWENS · FORD**

*a Great Name in* **GLASS**



# A62 GUIDE FOR MODULAR COORDINATION



## ARCHITECTS • BUILDERS • DESIGNERS

ACCURATE SCALE DRAWINGS and a minimum of text are used to explain the broad principles of modular coordination, their connection with the various stages of the architect's work, and their application to different classes of building products and types of construction. These drawings show not only modular details approved by Project committees, but also details which illustrate methods employed in meeting practical job conditions.

As a concrete example of the application of these principles and products, the final chapter contains photographs of some of the architect's drawings for a New York Health Center. Throughout the GUIDE, text and drawings are carefully arranged for easy reference.

290 pages, 314 illustrations, 9" x 12" Price \$10.00

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The purpose of the **A62 GUIDE** is to assist architects in using modular products and designing buildings in accordance with the established principles, so as to gain the immediate advantages and economies of modular coordination.

### CONTENTS

Introduction, The Standard Basis, Modular Masonry, Structural Facing Tile, Custom Masonry, Floors, Wood Frame, Windows, Doors, Glass Block, Skeleton Frame, Stairs, Examples of Working Drawings, Appendix "A" — The Derivation of the Basis, Appendix "B" — Height Coordination Tables, Appendix "C" — American Standards for Modular Coordination, Index.

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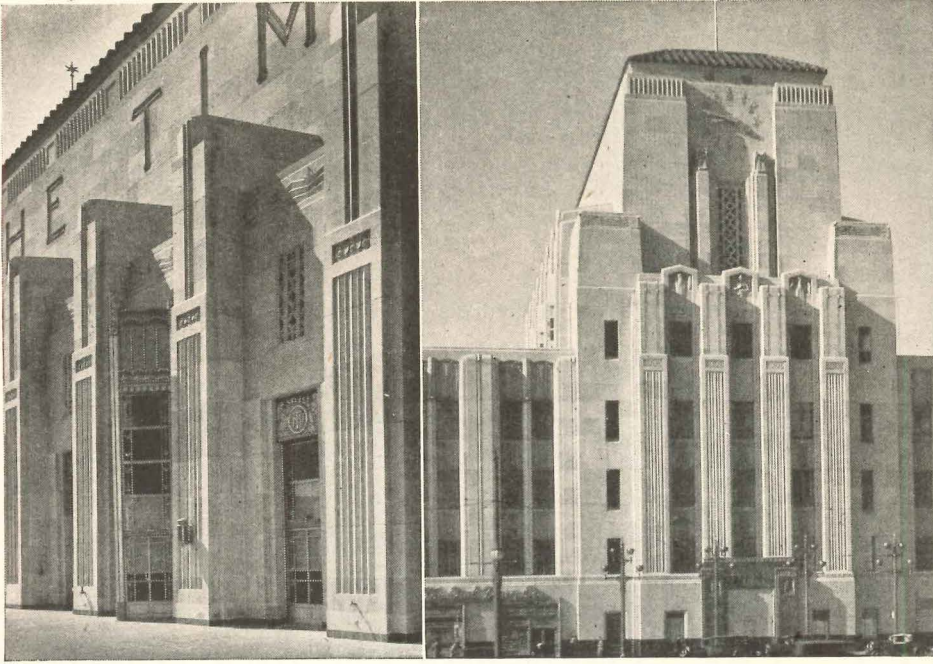
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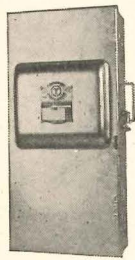
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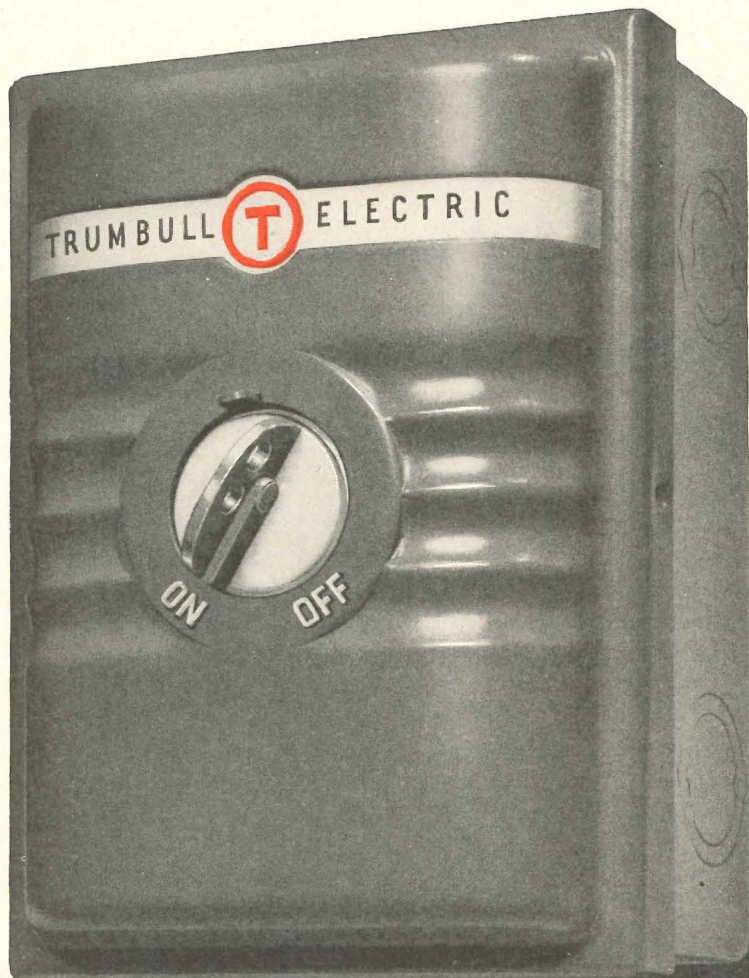


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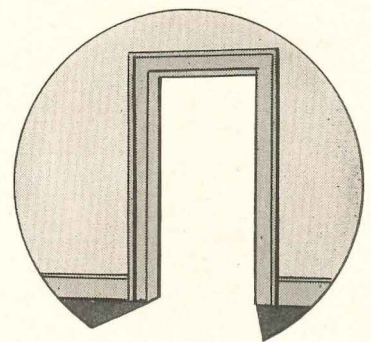
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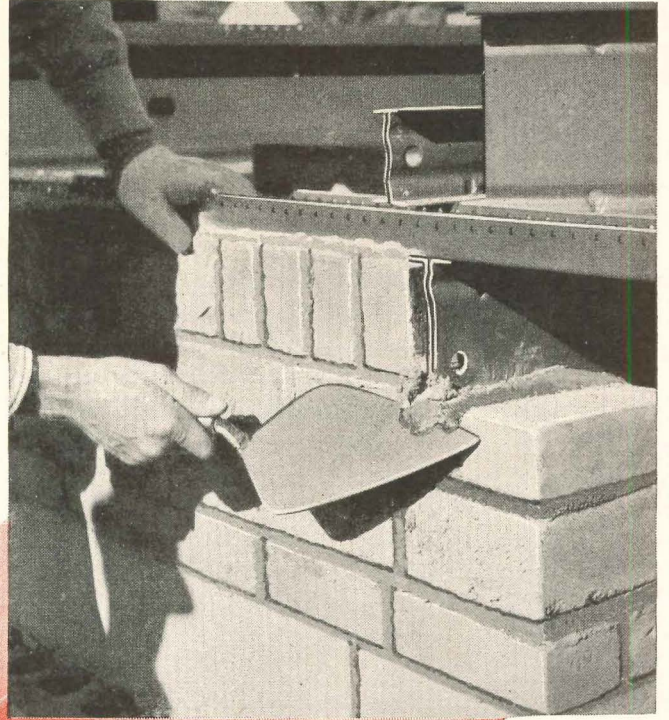
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## UNDERLAYMENTS FOR RESILIENT FLOORS

Since resilient flooring is plastic in nature, it will usually conform to irregularities in the subfloor. Thus in both new construction and remodeling, it is generally necessary to employ "underlayment" materials to insure a finished floor that is smooth and one that will wear evenly.

An underlayment is a material installed between the subfloor and the resilient floor to serve three important functions—first, to eliminate damage to the resilient floor from expansion and contraction of the subfloor; second, to prevent unevenness in the finished floor; and third, to increase resilience.

Three types of underlayment are commonly used today. These are felt, hardboard or plywood, and mastic floor fill. These underlayments are used singly or in combination according to the type of resilient floor being specified and the kind or condition of the subfloor. In order to write clear, concise specifications, the architect should be familiar with the various underlayments in use today.

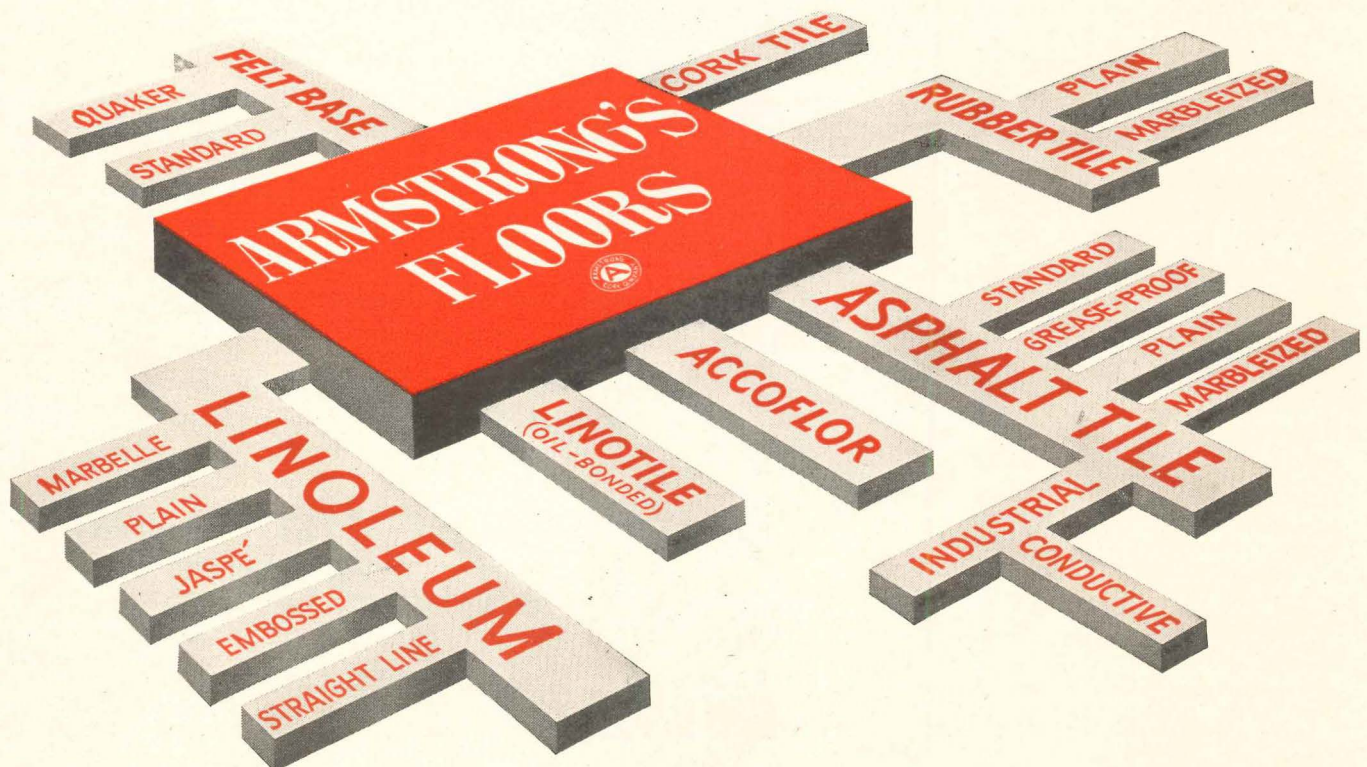
### TYPES OF UNDERLAYMENT

**Felt underlayment** is usually called lining felt. It was originally developed for use with linoleum over wood subfloors. Its primary purpose is to compensate for the seasonal expansion and contraction of the floor boards and thus prevent the splitting or opening of the joints of the resilient floor. It also smooths

over minor floor irregularities and aids in producing a quiet, more resilient floor. Lining felt should not be confused with ordinary building paper which is often used in subfloor construction. Felt underlayment is a semi-saturated asphalt felt material developed especially for resilient floor installations. Because of its special construction, the fibers of this underlayment "give" to allow for normal floor board expansion. This felt is designed to give long service under heavy traffic. Since it is semi-saturated, this lining felt is readily bonded with an adhesive to both subfloor and resilient flooring and can be easily removed from the subfloor when necessary.

**Hardboard or plywood underlayments** are used to prepare new, as well as worn or damaged, subfloors for resilient floor installations. These boards, when laid in four by four foot sheets and nailed within one inch of edge on six inch centers, will provide a sound base for all resilient flooring. Such boards must be installed with slightly open joints to allow for expansion. It is usually advisable to cover this type of underlayment with lining felt to prevent joints from showing in the finished floor.

Board-type underlayments are also recommended as top flooring material for single wood subfloors and when correctly installed make an ideal base for resilient flooring.





**Flormastic floor fill** is a cement-like mixture of Armstrong's Flormastic, Lumnite cement, and sand. Although it is relatively expensive, it makes an ideal base for all types of resilient floors. It can be troweled over any type of subfloor and dries to a hard, smooth finish. Floor fill is most commonly used for repair work because it quickly prepares badly worn or damaged subfloors for the resilient floor.

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR UNDERLAYMENT SELECTION

The kind and condition of the subfloor, as well as the type of resilient floor to be used, have a bearing on the type of underlayment to be specified. To aid the architect in selecting the proper underlayment, Armstrong presents these facts as a guide in preparing specifications.

**Linoleum**—Where the linoleum is being installed over new wood subfloors, or over old subfloors in good condition, felt underlayment should be used according to the resilient flooring manufacturer's directions. In the event the old subfloor is badly worn, cupped, or damaged, it should be sanded smooth or leveled with a floor fill prepared from Armstrong's Flormastic. If expense is a problem, Armstrong's Temboard or Temwood or 5-ply plywood may be substituted for the Flormastic floor fill. On smooth, suspended concrete floors, felt underlayment is not necessary but is recommended for added resilience.

**Asphalt tile**—When asphalt tile is being installed on smooth concrete and similar type subfloors in direct contact with the ground, no underlayment is required. However, if the subfloor is rough or uneven, an underlayment of Flormastic floor fill is advised. On suspended concrete, felt underlayment can be used for added comfort.

Where asphalt tile is being installed on suspended wood subfloors, lining felt should be used to prevent floor board expansion from opening tile joints. Worn subfloors should be smoothed or covered with an underlayment of hardboard or Flormastic floor fill.

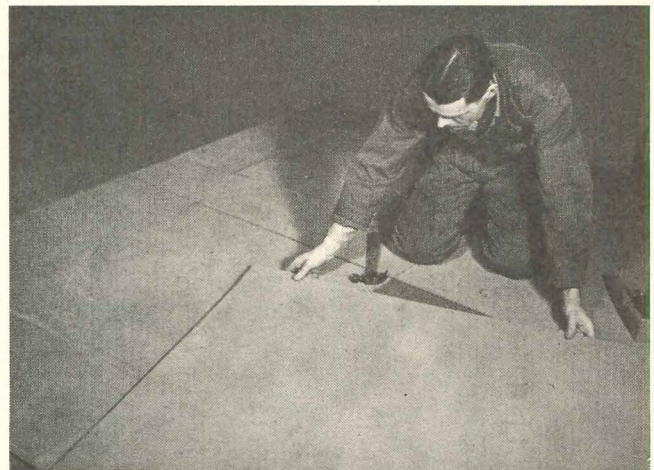
**Linotile and rubber tile**—Since these resilient floorings are recommended only for use over suspended subfloors, the same underlayment specifications as for linoleum will apply.

**Special underlayment specifications**—These comments cover the most common conditions encountered in installing the most popular types of resilient floors over wood and concrete subfloors. Underlayment recommendations for other types of resilient floors often depend upon individual circumstances for which it is almost impossible to lay down general recommendations. This is also true of certain types of subfloors, such as magnesite. For specific recommendations, in such cases, it is suggested that the architect have the flooring contractor send a complete description of the subfloor to Armstrong Cork Company and state the type of resilient flooring material being considered.

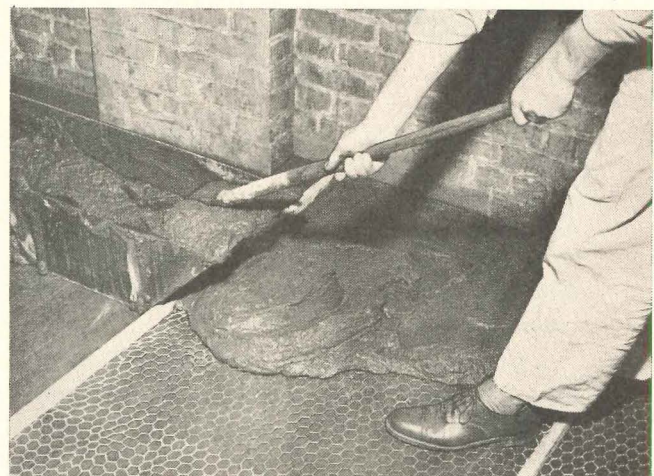
Underlayment problems are under constant study at Armstrong's Research Laboratories. Architects desiring information on this or any resilient flooring problem are invited to contact any Armstrong office, or write directly to Armstrong Cork Company, 2401 State Street, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.



Lining felt should be installed with the strips placed at right angles to the floor boards. It should be cut to fit accurately with a minimum of seams. The felt should be firmly bonded to the adhesive-covered subfloor by rolling out from the center in all directions.



Board-type underlayments, such as Temboard, Temwood, or plywood, are advised for uneven wood subfloor areas. They should be laid in 4' x 4' sheets and nailed on six inch centers with rosin or cement coated nails. To prevent dust and dirt from seeping through single wood floors, cover the subfloor with building paper before installing board-type underlayment.



A floor fill consisting of Armstrong's Flormastic, Lumnite cement, and sand is recommended for badly worn or damaged subfloors. When used over wood subfloors, chicken wire should be nailed in place to reinforce the floor fill. Flormastic quickly dries to a hard, smooth finish and can be used as soon as it is dry.



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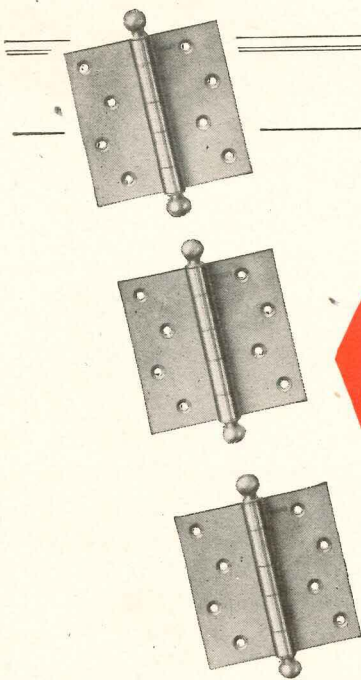
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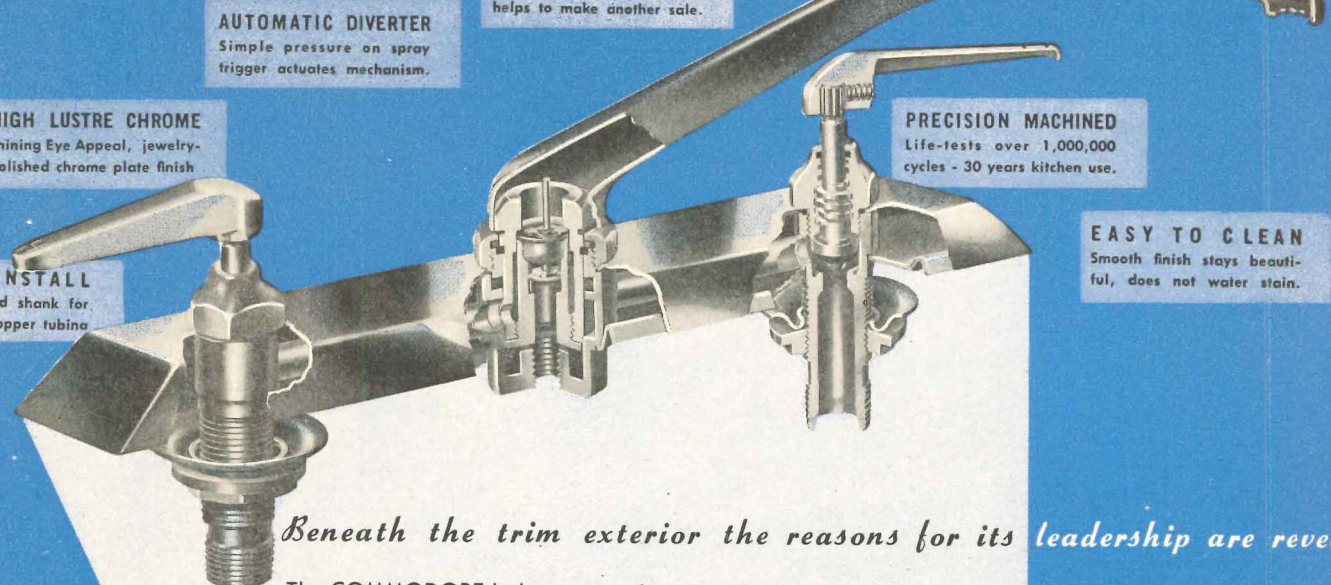
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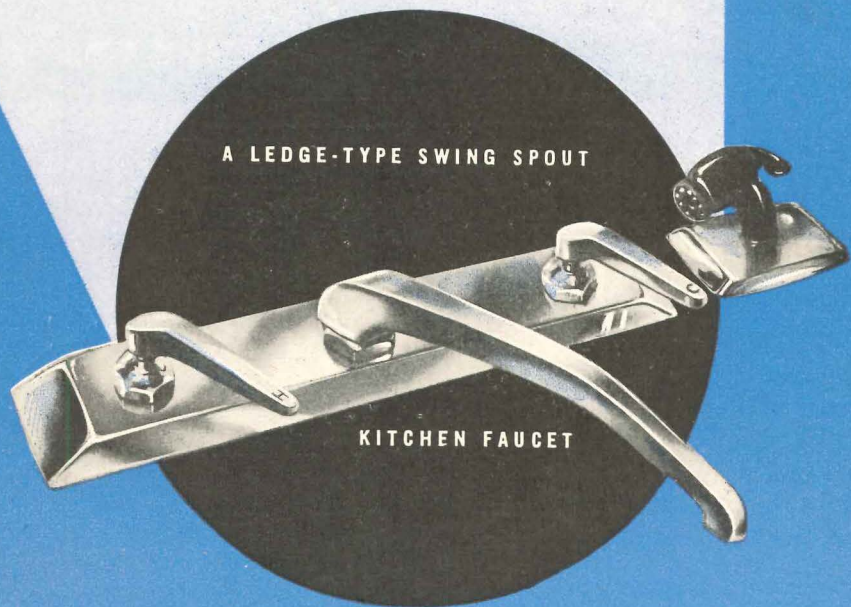
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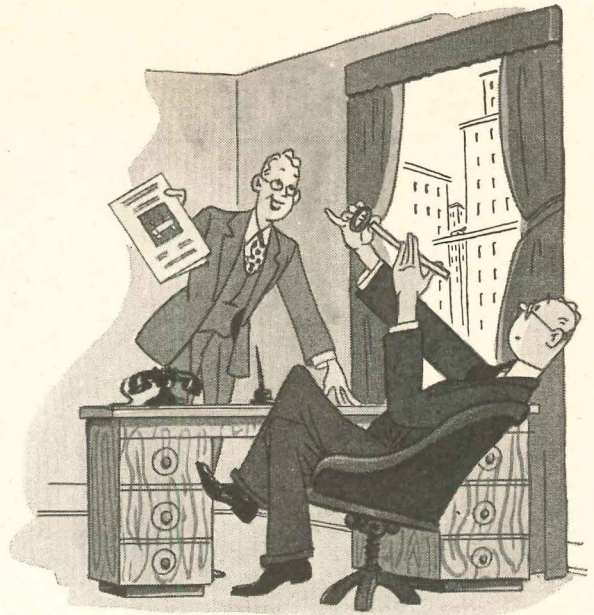


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## RENTAL HOUSING—PRIME PROBLEM IN 1947

I N spite of seeming to have a one-track mind and "sticking like a puppy to a root" on this one subject, we feel that rental housing must be thought of, talked of, planned for — by architects and engineers as well as realtors, producers, veterans and government. For it is the knotty question around which the entire building program revolves. The volume and kind of all building, the production and distribution of all building materials will depend largely on the controls or lack of controls involved in the housing programs now being formulated and advocated to meet our country's most pressing building need, rental housing.

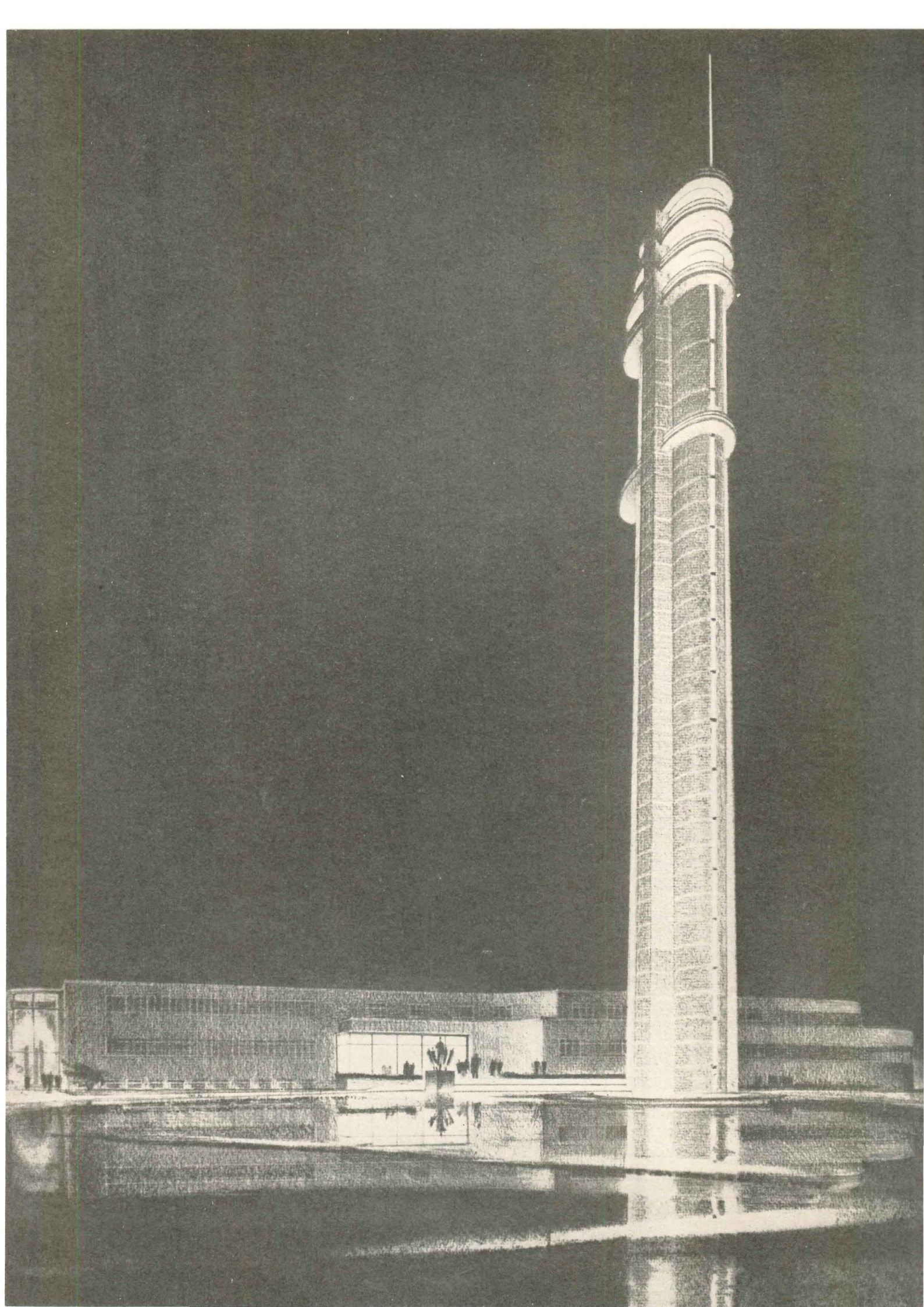
As 1946 — that year of confusion and frustration, over-controls and under-production, rainbow chasing and red tape — passes into the limbo of the glad-to-be-forgotten, the prospect brightens. We are confident that the new housing team of Raymond M. Foley (head of NHA) and Frank Creedon (Housing Expediter) will come up with a rental housing program that will merit and enlist the wholehearted cooperation of the building industry from financial interests (including RFC this time) to clamoring would-be-tenants. We hope such a program will see the light of day before this magazine is off the press. We believe that the new expediter and NHA chief will avoid tangent roads that have led nowhere and will stick to the main track by creating conditions that will provide *incentives* to all involved in the creation of rental housing. They have the advantage over the previous expediter because of their extensive knowledge and experience in the fields of construction and housing. Back in May last year when we launched the campaign for more rental housing, Mr. Wyatt promised "all possible encouragement" to the producers of rental housing. His successor can make good a like promise through a realistic and constructive program.

The task of framing such a program is no sinecure. Creating a plan in which free enterprise can and will operate to produce a maximum of rental housing in medium and low rental brackets at high construction costs and with critical materials still scarce still poses a complex problem. The total restrictive-control basis did not work; the question is now what minimum controls may be necessary and what positive incentives must be provided? The answer to this question will determine the size and nature of construction activity for 1947. The discussion of this question in all its aspects, economic, financial, political, commercial, technological and social, will therefore continue to be a major feature of our publishing program. What will happen to the projects now on your boards depends on the answer to the problem of rental housing.

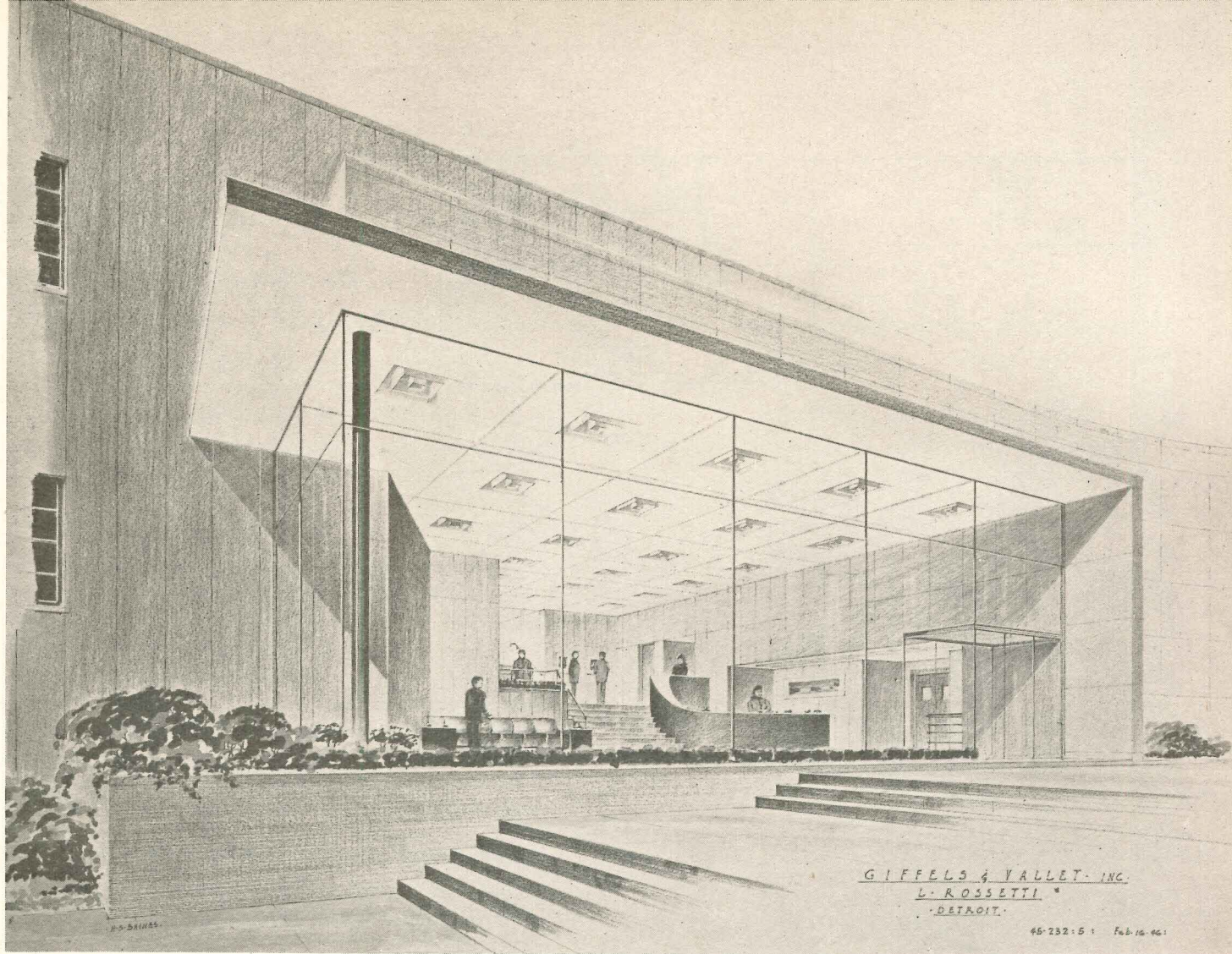
*Kenneth K. Stowell*

EDITOR









# FEDERAL TELECOMMUNICATION LABORATORY

*Electronics Laboratory and Microwave Tower, Nutley, N. J., for  
Federal Telecommunication Laboratories, Inc.*

*Giffels & Vallet, Inc., L. Rossetti, Engineers and Architects*

**W**HEN research in electronics sets the pace for building designers, the pace is necessarily progressive. And those who must try to anticipate purposes and needs of a fast-moving science are bound to be infected by the heady mental audacity which surrounds it.

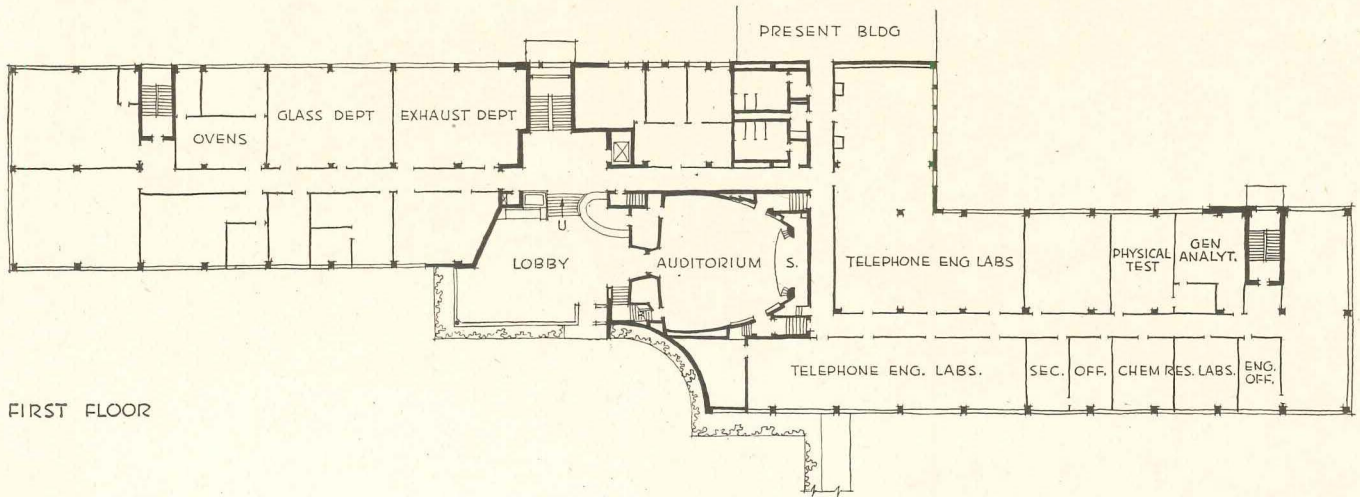
The rather spectacular tower, for example, grew naturally out of the needs for antenna research. It is a 300-ft.-high microwave laboratory. The balconies stacked up at its top, labeled "walkway" on the plans, are for experimentation with various antenna systems. That is, all except one; that one becomes a glass-enclosed lounge and refreshment room, where engineers, contacts and customers may pause to look over the Jersey flats at the skyscrapers of New York, and to realize the heights reached in their endeavors.

At the down-to-earth level the laboratory and manu-

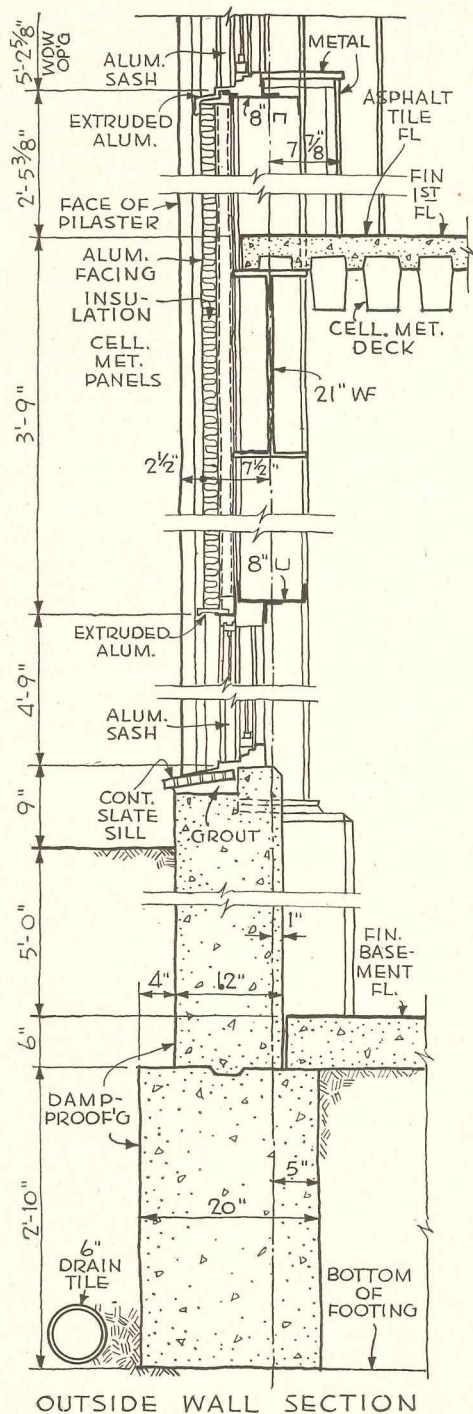
facturing buildings represent notable advances in materials and construction techniques, all designed to provide flexibility in functioning, flexibility being the prime mandate for designers trying to plan ahead for a science that fairly shrieks of change. According to J. K. Whitteker, manager of technical service for Federal Telecommunication Laboratories, the designers had three objectives: (1) to make sure they had the most modern construction; (2) to achieve a maintenance-free building; (3) to provide extreme flexibility for changes in laboratory use.

Anticipating times when experiments on high-powered transmitters might be conducted simultaneously with development work on sensitive receiving and measuring equipment, it was decided to get as much isolation as possible in the disposition of wings. This





FIRST FLOOR



OUTSIDE WALL SECTION



decision also anticipates additions, which can be made without any restrictions of symmetry or limitations of site. Thus the model photograph shows the four units.

Basic requirements also pointed to the long, narrow dispositions. First, it was desirable to keep associated laboratories and offices close to each other; thus normally offices are opposite laboratories, across an off-set corridor which permits shallow office space and deeper laboratory units. This scheme also provides ample daylight and natural ventilation without air conditioning.

#### ALUMINUM-FACED WALL PANELS

The urge toward advanced building techniques that seemed inherent in this project found outlet in the use of one idea that has long been suggested but infrequently used (see ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, Oct. 1929, and Oct. 1946). This is the exterior wall panel of insulation and metal skin.

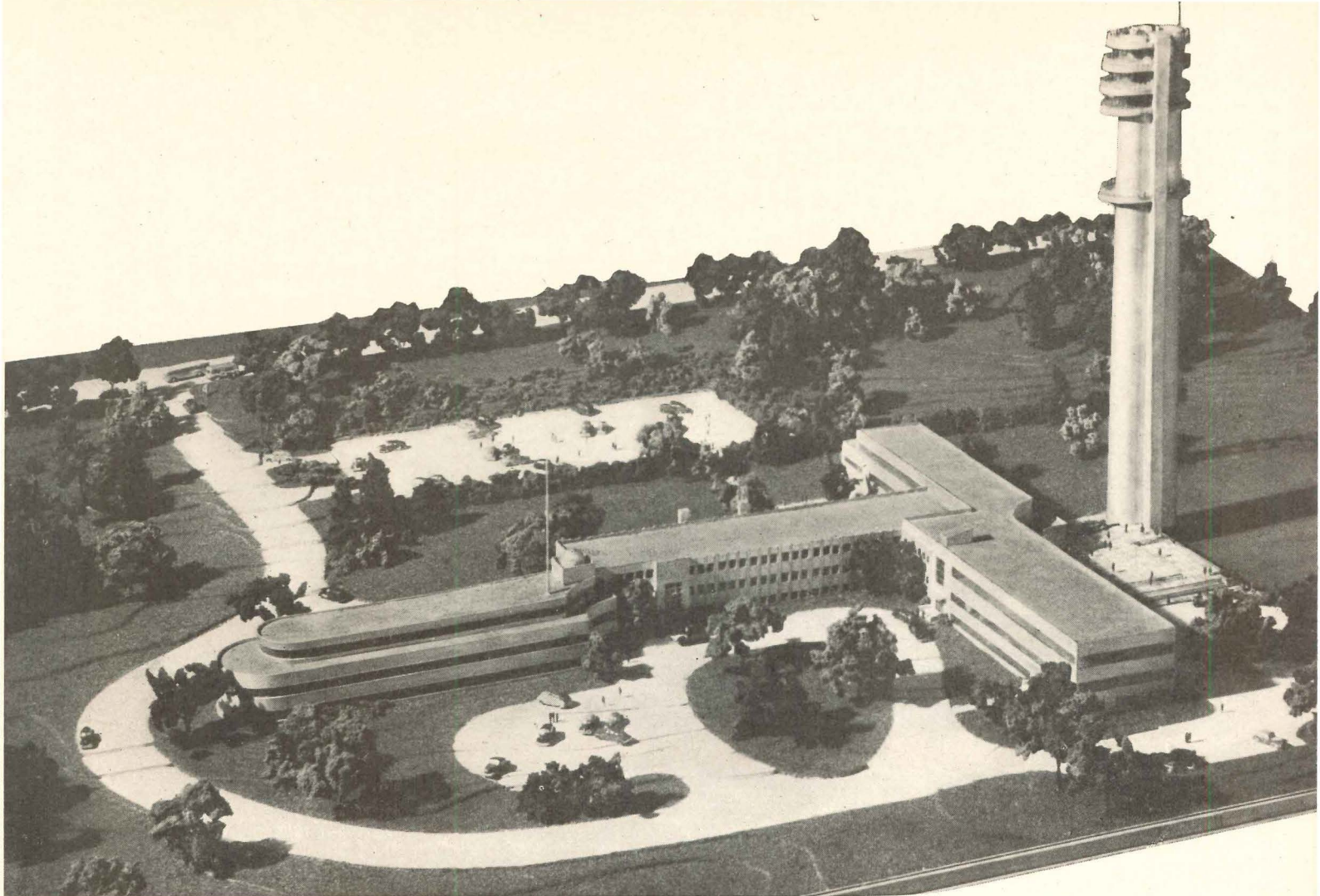
Here the wall panel consists of aluminum facing skin, Fiberglas insulation, paper backing, all with a cellular steel panel (Robertson Q panel), this system having been worked out especially for this building. The panels (see wall section and photograph, page 60) are 2 ft. wide, and are erected vertically, usually as spandrel sections. The aluminum has standard mill finish; it oxidizes somewhat, according to Mr. Whitteker, but seems to have a self-cleaning characteristic. He has noticed that occasionally it looks to have been cleaned, and attributes it to a polishing action of wind and dust.

The complete lack of any maintenance attention was one of the reasons for using the panel system; in fact the whole building was planned to be maintenance-free, inside and out. The only thing that requires any painting is some steel sash, bought when aluminum was not available.

Other reasons cited for the panel wall sections were: speed of erection, absence of muss and dirt on the job, labor saving at the site.

Much the same considerations led to the choice of the cellular steel floor system, though here there was an added reason of great importance. The provision of laboratory services, especially electrical wiring, is vastly easier with the cellular floors, which serve as built-in, continuous ducts to every square foot of the buildings.





### INEXPENSIVE LABORATORY SERVICES

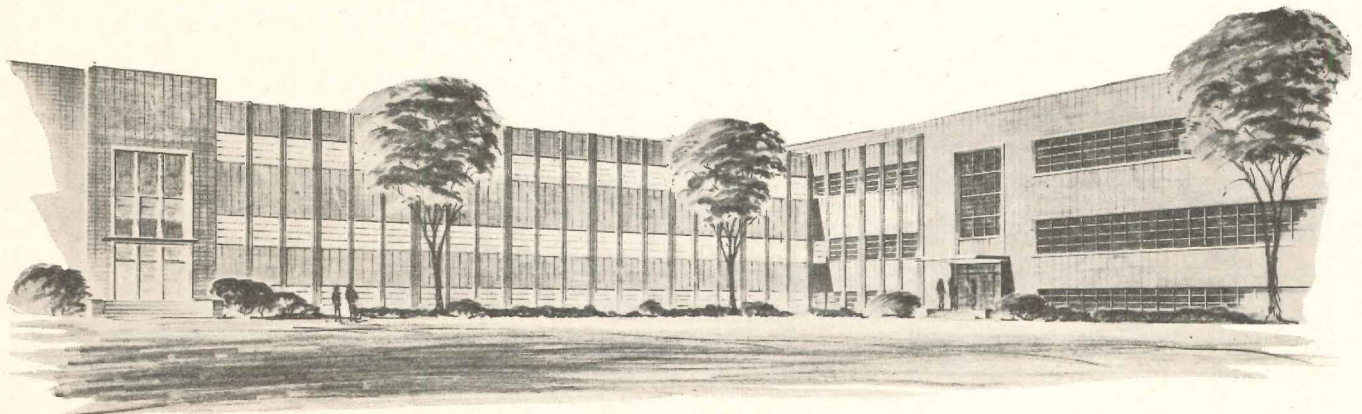
The problem of laboratory services — electricity, gas, water, oxygen, nitrogen, hydrogen, steam, and perhaps vacuum lines — is always, of course, basic in laboratory layout. All of these service lines must be available to all parts of the building — if not originally installed, accessible for quick and inexpensive connections.

Here considerable study was given to various methods of providing pipe stacks, but all were discarded in favor of no stacks at all! Built-in, fixed pipe shafts seemed to have a tendency to fix the location of laboratory benches, and the logical positions tended to be along partition walls, thus leading to difficulty in moving

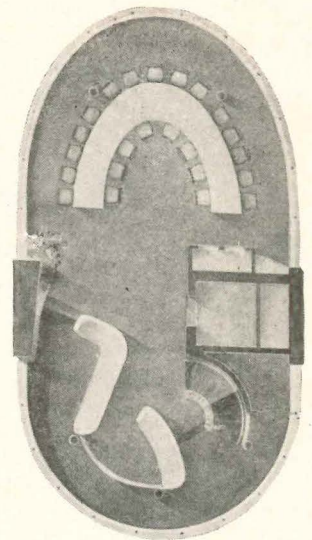
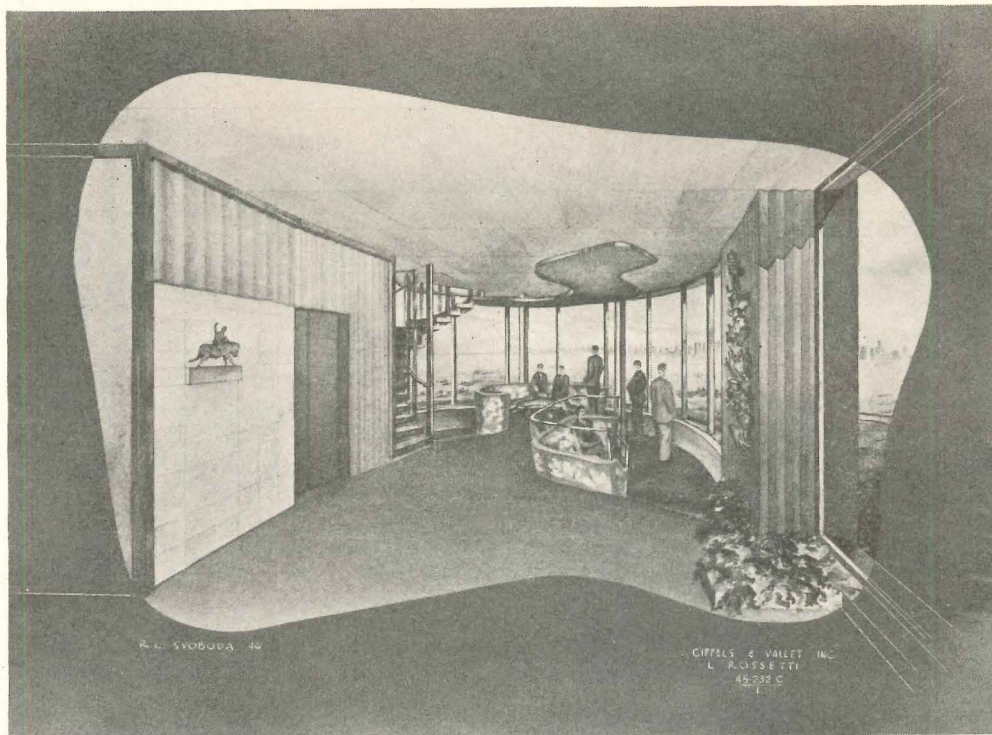
partitions. While there have been schemes to carry lines to interior locations in the rooms, these seemed unnecessarily expensive for this particular laboratory.

The designers sought instead a construction system which would permit pipes to be run anywhere without expensive alterations, and which would permit stacks to be built in at virtually any point, keeping partitions free of any service lines.

The scheme developed places service lines in the center of the building, just under the concrete surface of the cellular floor. Connecting lines can branch out through the floor at any point. They can run vertically from any location. So a new pipe shaft can be created







A great tower rising to 300 ft. over the New Jersey flats within sight of Manhattan's skyscrapers was an inspirational opportunity not to be resisted, so below the antenna laboratories for which the tower was built one floor was developed for a lounge. The far portion (in the rendering above) was dropped a few steps to form an observation gallery looking toward New York and the harbor

by simply enclosing the vertical runs in a casing of Transite. Removable acoustical pans obviate difficulty at the ceiling.

All interior walls and partitions, by the way, are of the Transite, so that, besides requiring no finishing, the walls and partitions are easily changed about as required.

This system of extending service lines is exceptionally desirable for an electrical laboratory. Whereas any of the more special services (gases, for example) might be needed at any location, normally they would not be required. So it was necessary to put in few at first, but vital that later extensions be possible at no more cost than originally required. Actually in one test it proved cheaper: an air line was run to a certain location for \$500 less than in the original bid. If this sounds incredible, remember that there is likely to be a difference between construction labor and that of a service crew working for the laboratory.

The same difference might be found, incidentally, in matters of installing or moving partitions, particularly those which do not call for special skills.

#### MODULE SYSTEM AIDS FLEXIBILITY

The need for flexibility in a laboratory building goes far beyond the provision of service lines. There must also be unusual flexibility in space use.

In providing for that, the designers started with a module space division concept, and then planned and

equipped the building to realize all possible advantages of the module method.

The space module was established at 6 ft. Obviously a room only 6 ft. wide would find little application, but a room of two modules, or 12 ft., would be suitable for many minor laboratory projects, or for the earlier stages of major ones. The 12 ft. unit would also be good for office space. The bay dimension was taken as 18 ft., or three modules, this working out well for the desired live floor load of 150 lb. per sq. ft. without involving heavy steel.

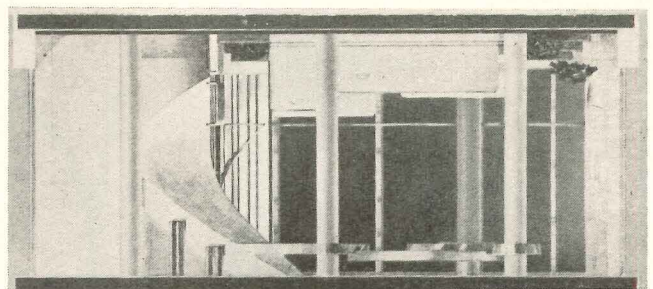
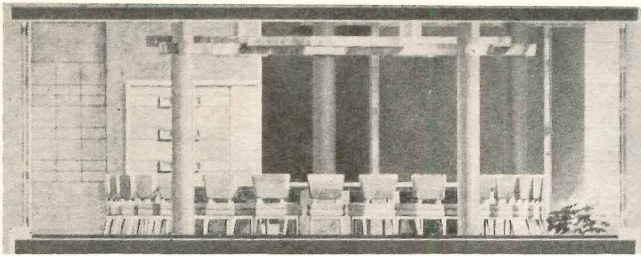
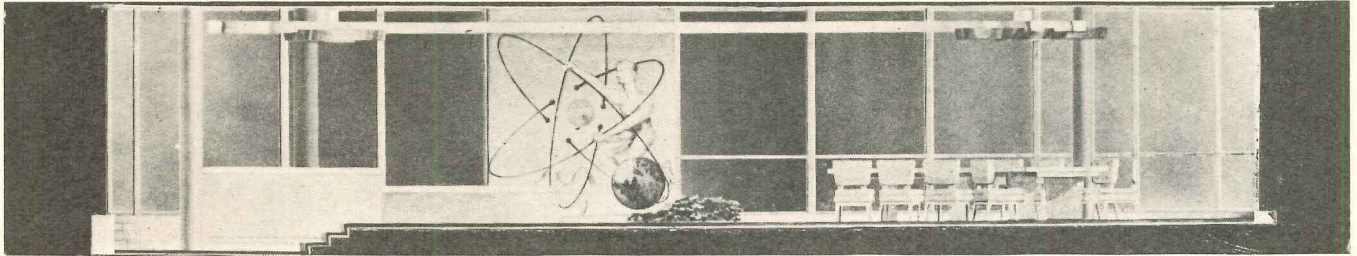
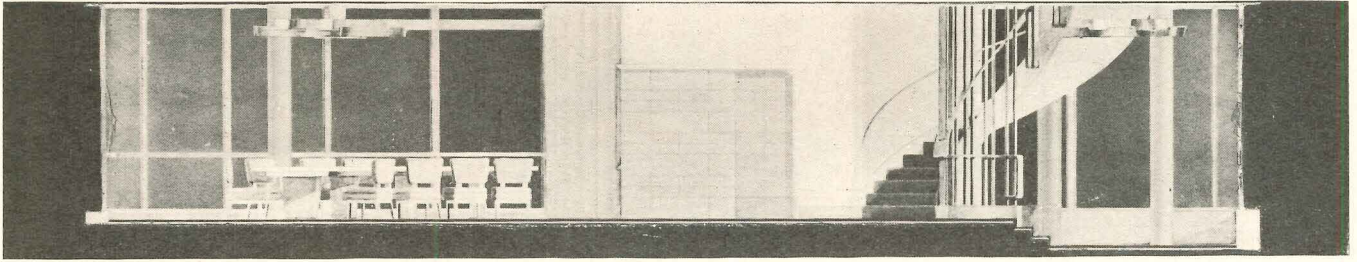
The module was respected in the placing of heating, lighting and sprinkler system, so that each module would be self-sufficient in these respects; in other words, module units could be combined in any desired arrangement without the need for any changes in these three basic services. It is possible to make changes in the lighting very easily, but mere changes in partitioning layouts should not require them.

In effect, then, fixed positions for the basic building services, according to the module system, add to the flexibility of a free system of laboratory services to give maximum adaptability to changes in use.

#### LIGHTING

The laboratory buildings were designed to provide the maximum natural illumination; in laboratory areas the window area is 1 sq. ft. for each 7.2 sq. ft. of floor; in offices the ratio is 1 to 6.





While the artificial lighting was laid out according to the 6-ft. module, provision was also made for complete flexibility within a unit. The basic lighting fixture unit is a fluorescent fixture with two 4-ft. tubes, set flush in a metal pan acoustical ceiling. The fixtures are the snap-in type, and utilize for suspension the same supports that carry the hung ceiling. It is a simple matter to remove two ceiling pan units, making a space 1 by 4 ft., and to add another lighting fixture at any location.

The original installation gives a general light intensity of 32 foot-candles, with negligible variation in distribution. While changes or additions are easily made, as indicated above, experience indicates that when greater illumination is required local lighting is more effective than general.

A variation from usual practice is to put the light switches in the corridor. There is a 2-ft. wall section at each column, which is not movable and is therefore a fixed position for switches. Partitions may be moved without involving electrical changes. The switches are, however, coordinated with the 6-ft. module system.

#### **FIRE PROTECTION**

The sprinkler system was the subject of especial attention, since there are few places where water would cause more loss in both time and money than in an electrical laboratory. And although the building is not inflammable, its contents were so rated, and insurance

rates left a differential that warranted full protection.

The rate-of-rise system was installed to prevent unnecessary water damage. In this system the rate of temperature rise actuates the controls rather than some predetermined fixed temperature. Any abnormal temperature rise would start a chain of protection measures, eventually including the opening of sprinkler heads.

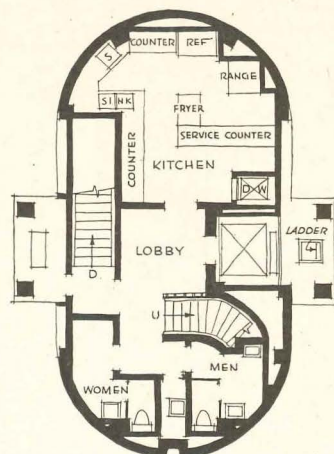
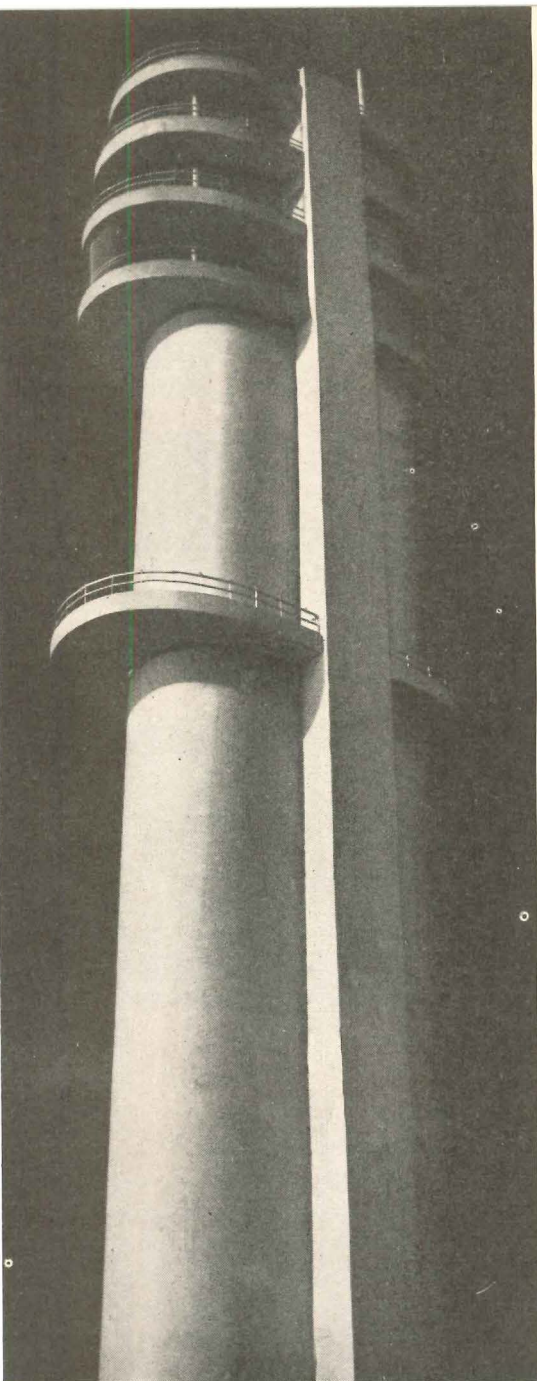
The chain is as follows:

1. Fire is detected by rate-of-rise heat detectors.
2. An alarm is sounded, indicating in which fire zone the trouble is located.
3. Water is allowed to enter the sprinkler lines.
4. The water is held back until either:
  - a. manual extinguishing efforts succeed, in which case the sprinkler heads do not open and water damage is prevented, or
  - b. the sprinkler links fuse and water goes to work.

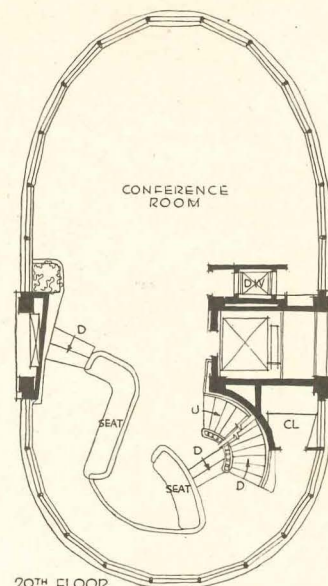
A rate-of-rise system consists of heat actuated devices, one of which is located at the ceiling in each module, and is connected by copper tubing to a release in which there is a compensating vent. These devices constitute the thermo-pneumatic apparatus of the system.

In operation the heat from a fire develops an air pressure in the heat actuated devices, and this pressure is conveyed by the small copper tubing to act against the diaphragm of the release, the mechanical motion of which can be used to operate alarms, valves, and other devices. The compensating vent prevents opera-

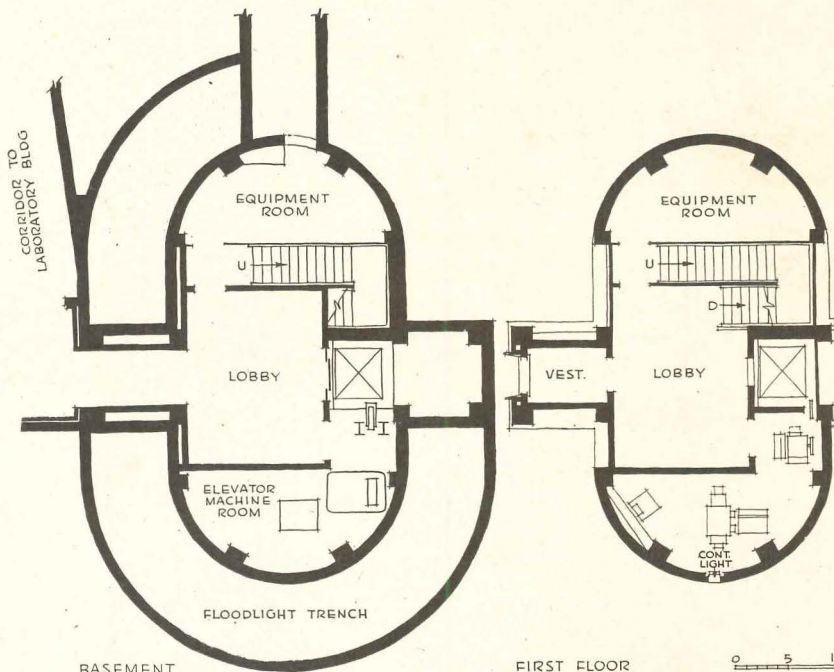




19TH FLOOR



20TH FLOOR



BASEMENT

FIRST FLOOR

0 5 10

tion from normal temperature changes such as occur in the heating of the building.

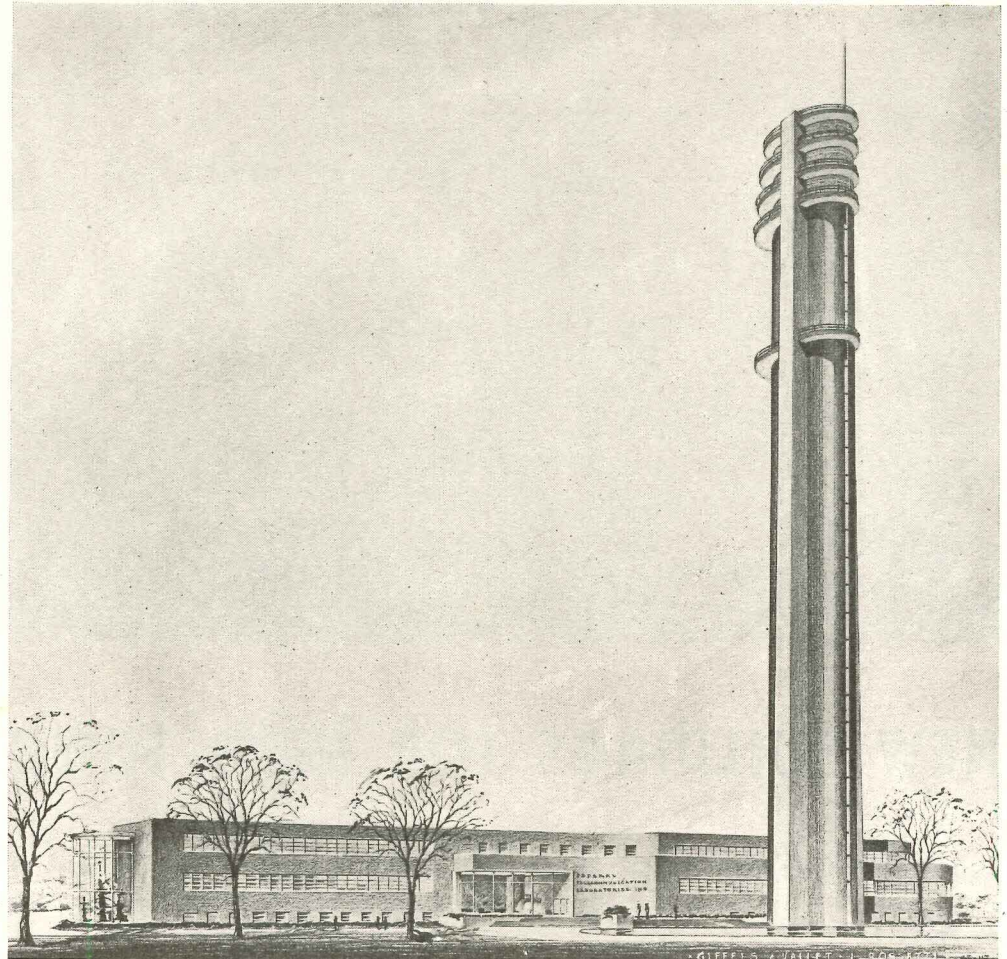
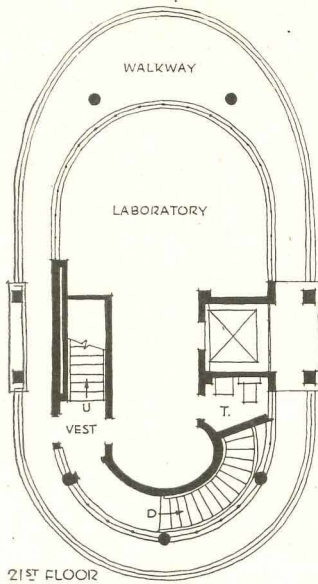
One possible difficulty with this system was foreseen: should a break occur in one of the copper tubes that particular unit would be inoperative. To overcome this a supervision feature was added which depends on 1½ pounds of air pressure being maintained in the heat actuated devices and their connecting tubing. This pressure is automatically maintained by means of a small electrically driven pump. Should a break in the line occur a drop in air pressure would immediately sound a trouble alarm.

By extending the use of compressed air to the sprinkler lines and up to the sprinkler head the same trouble

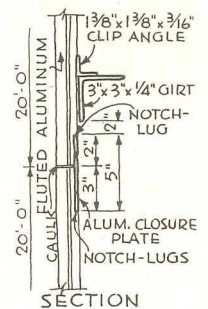
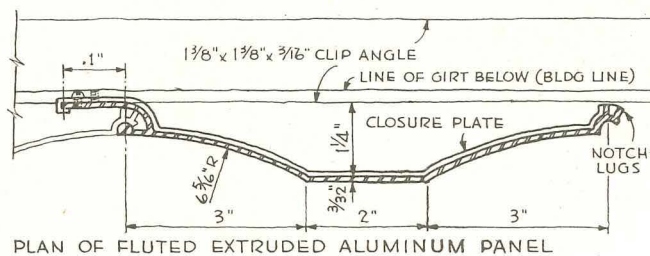
information was obtainable. Thus, if a sprinkler head is damaged or a pipe broken, an alarm is sounded. Further, since there is no water in the lines, except during a fire, damage to the system due to freezing is eliminated as is also accidental water damage.

There are a total of 60 zones in the four buildings and heat actuated devices are set for alarm at a rate of rise of 15° F/min. In the event of a slow fire a fusible link in the sprinkler head operates at the same temperature. It was believed that most laboratory fires would be due to short circuits and, therefore, when the heat actuated device operates, it cuts off power to the building in which the fire is located and turns on an emergency lighting system.





Matching the aluminum-faced wall panels of the laboratory buildings is the shiny skin to the microwave tower. Fluted aluminum panels encase the steel frame. The panels, 8 in. wide and 20 ft. high, are formed by extrusion. Plan and section of panels (right) show how panels lock each other in place and attach to frame



## MICROWAVE TOWER

Something new in architectural forms is the antenna tower. It is not, it must be added hastily, something inherent in electronics operation, and is not likely to be seen in any quantity, for it is strictly a laboratory item. Indeed it is itself a laboratory. A bit more specifically, it is for the testing of short-wave antenna systems, especially in the fields of transcontinental electronic cable tower systems such as will some day carry television chain programs across the country, or might replace wire communication systems, and the field of pulse-time radio systems, those which would bring eight separate programs to a single radio set.

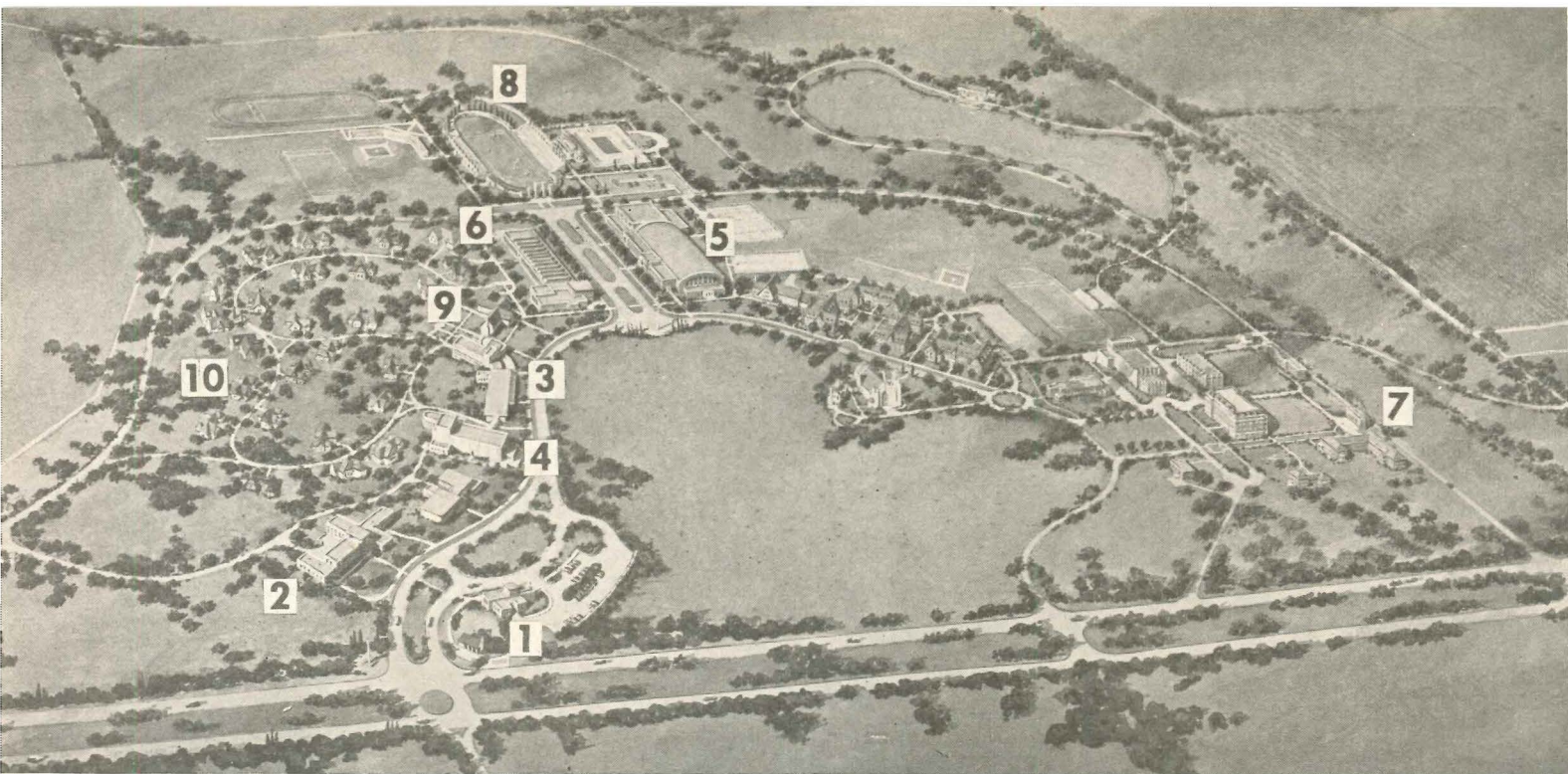
The 300-ft. aluminum-faced tower, with its access

balconies for antenna work, replaces an existing 212-ft. wooden tower now being used for research.

There was some discussion of doing the tower in reinforced concrete, but here again the urge to newer designs led to a steel framed tower with an aluminum facing. This facing is a 20-ft. panel of extruded aluminum, in fluted form, 8 in. wide (details, above).

Purpose of the tower is purely access to great heights, the useful space being solely at the top, where there are two laboratory floors with balcony walkways for handling experimental antennas, and a lounge and restaurant floor, served by a kitchen just below. The tower structure will be illuminated at night by vertical bands of neon lights.





# NEW BUILDINGS FOR BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA

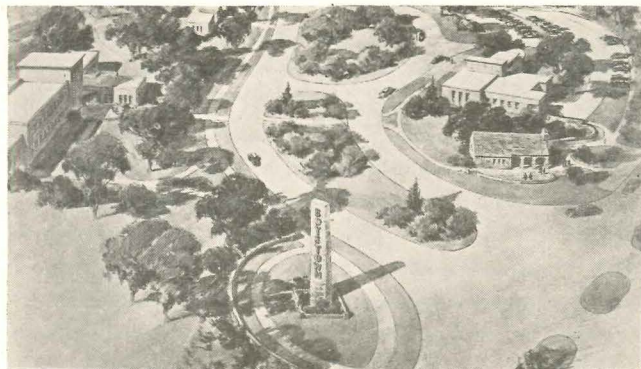
*Leo A. Daly Company*

*Architects*

**F**ATHER Flanagan's Boys Home at Boys Town must expand. It is expanding. The new buildings are now under construction. Back in 1940 Father Flanagan realized that the war and its aftermath would bring unprecedented demands for the protective care of homeless, neglected and wayward boys — the service that his institution has been rendering for some thirty years. Young boys, he feels, are as truly war casualties as the battle lists, victims of disrupted home conditions caused by the war — parental neglect, death, divorce, social and moral laxity engendered by wartime psychology. He decided, therefore, to establish a separate

unit for youngsters ranging from eight to twelve years old, four years below the previous minimum age for admission.

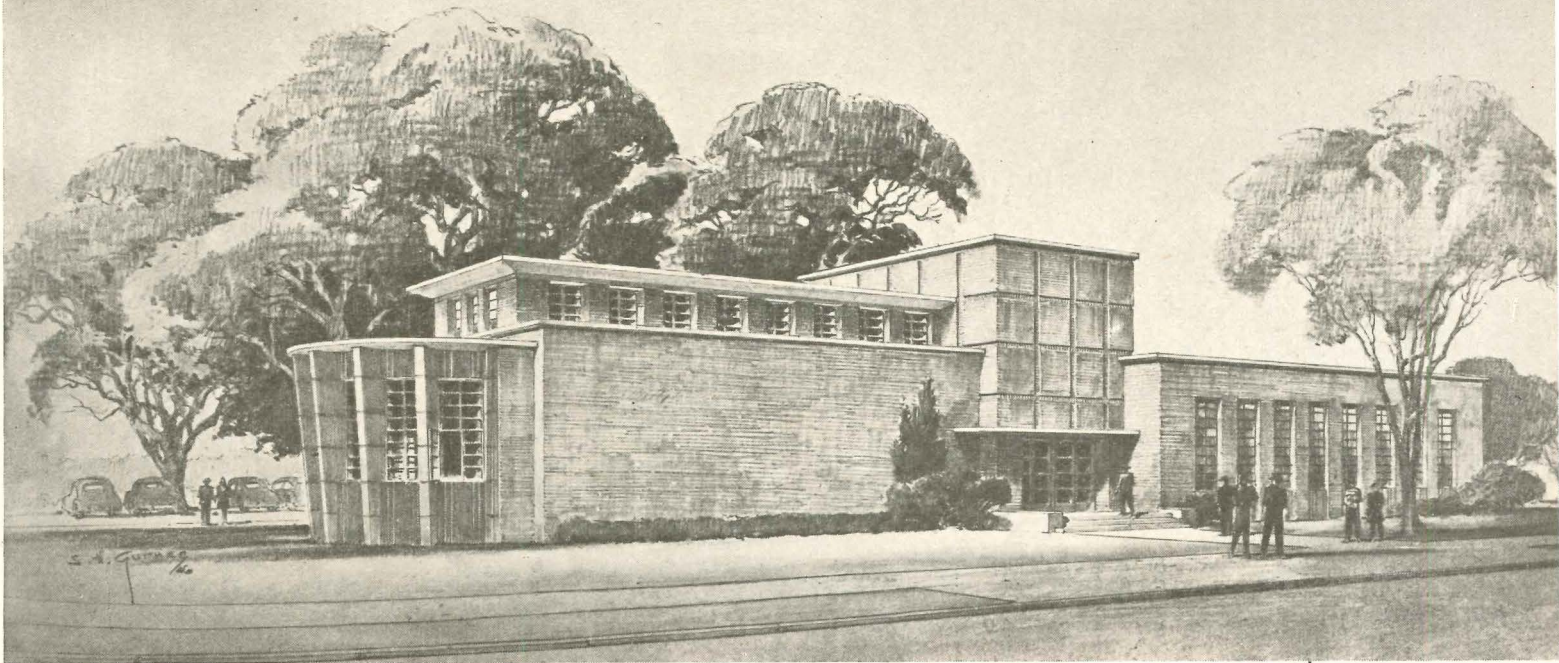
The existing Boys Town facilities are to be turned over to these grade-school age lads and the new buildings and facilities, shown here in part, are to be devoted to making good citizens of the high-school age group. A new faculty residence group, including a guest lodge, and a farm group (not shown in the perspective above), are part of the present building program. Also to be constructed are the swimming pool, the clinic, a little theater and an outdoor theater.



*Left, sketch of entrance features. Above, aerial perspective indicating new buildings; numbers refer to buildings shown herewith, viz.:*

- |                                      |                           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>1. Reception Center</b>           | <b>6. Trade School</b>    |
| <b>2. Administration and Welfare</b> | <b>7. Power House</b>     |
| <b>3. High School</b>                | <b>8. Stadium</b>         |
| <b>4. Auditorium</b>                 | <b>9. Dining Hall</b>     |
| <b>5. Field House</b>                | <b>10. Boys' Cottages</b> |





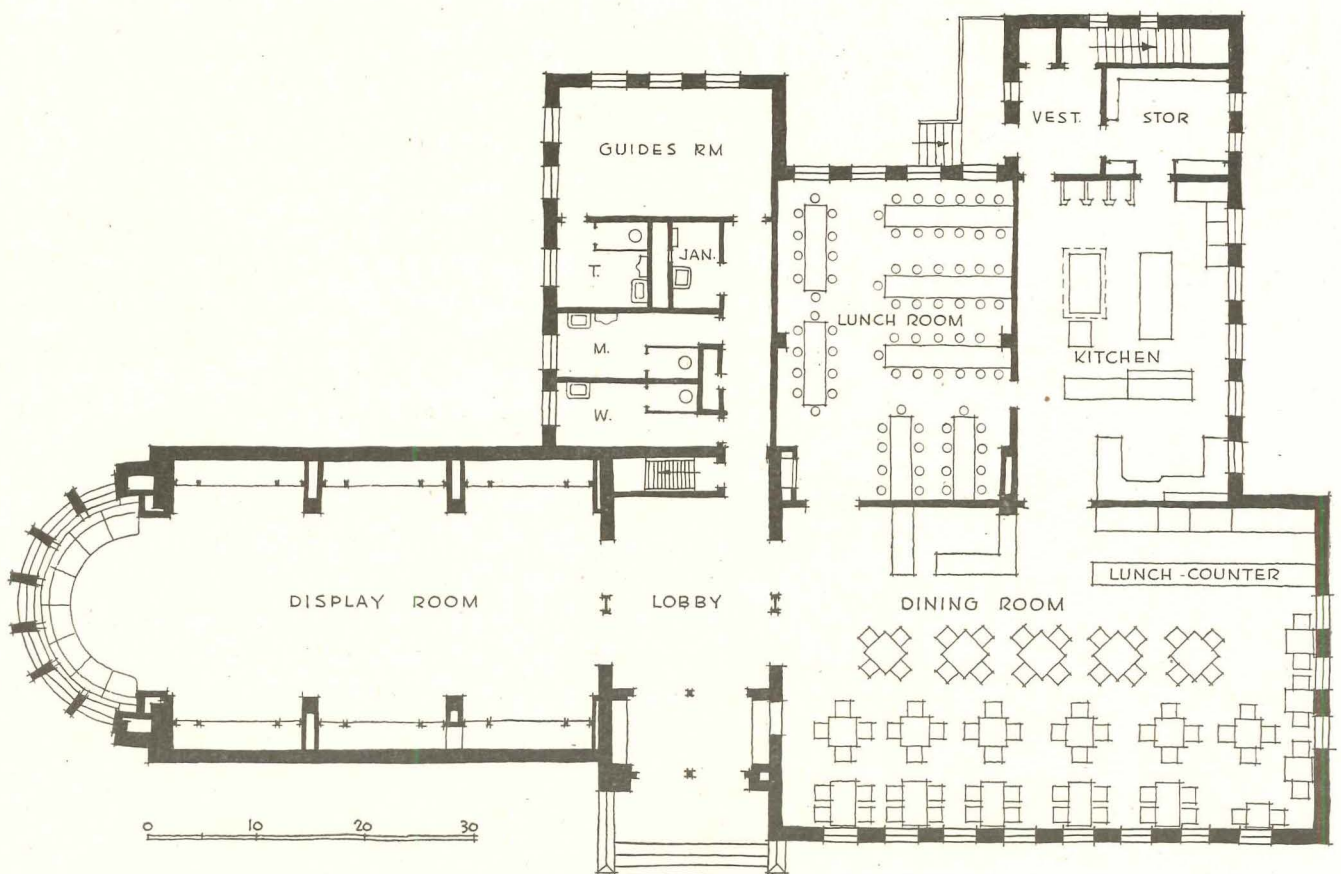
The expansion program now under way will provide facilities for a total of 1000 boys instead of the 450 now accommodated. The expenditure for buildings and equipment is expected to involve some \$6,000,000. It is hoped that the new construction can be finished within the year. The Reception Center is designed for the reception of visitors and for the convenience and entertainment of the public rather than for receiving new boys

1

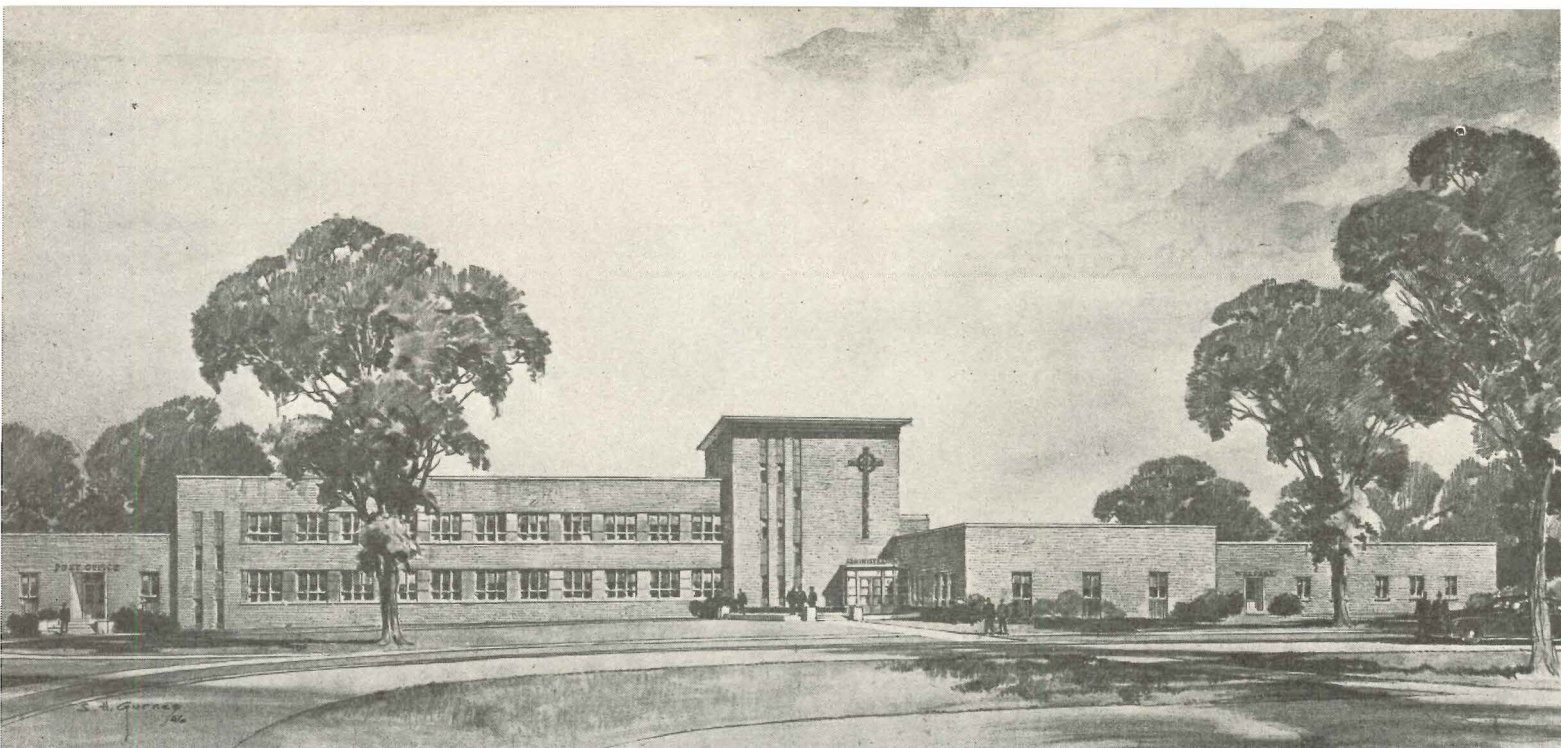
## RECEPTION CENTER

BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA

Leo A. Daly Co., Architects







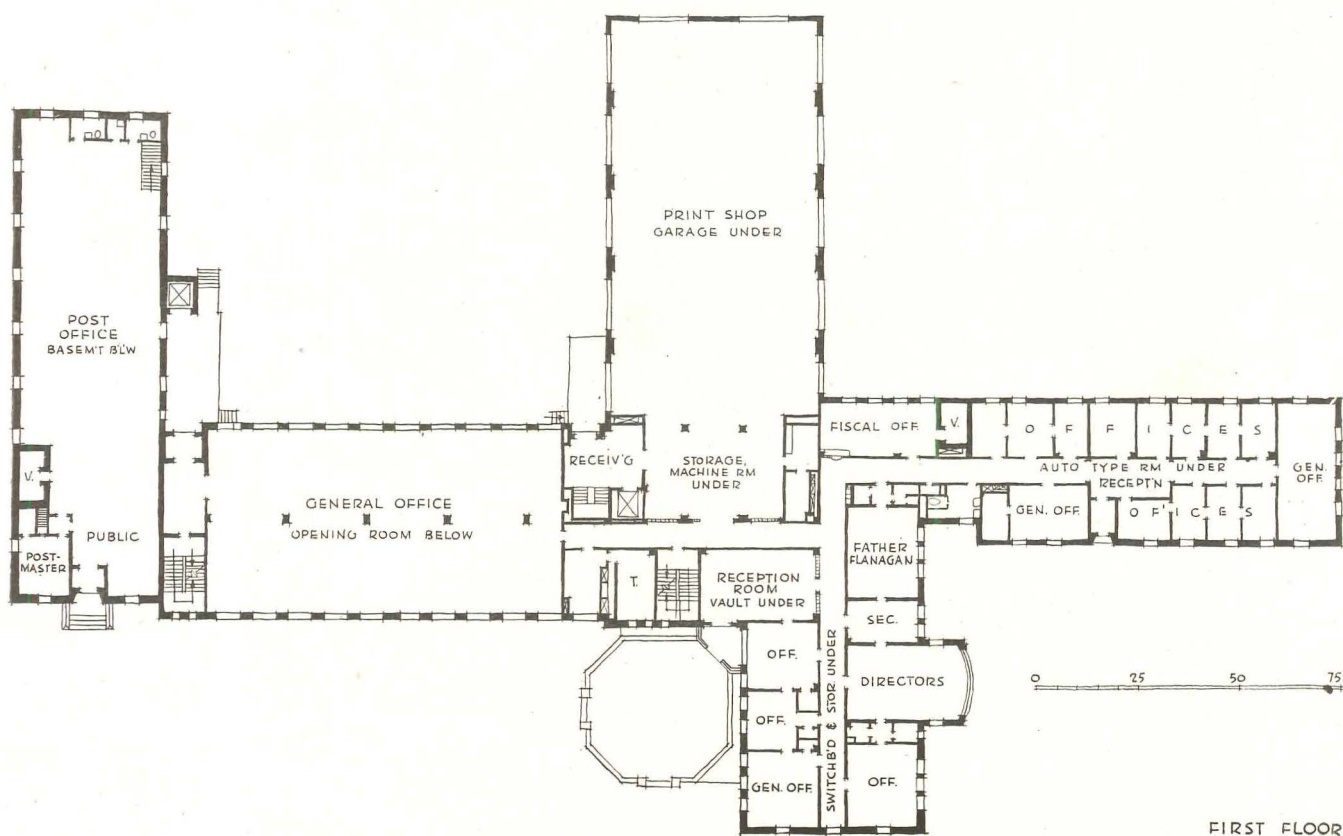
## 2

### ADMINISTRATION AND WELFARE

BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA

Leo A. Daly Co., Architects

An institution as large as Boys Town is a sizable financial and administrative project as well as a social and educational enterprise and requires efficient organization and operation. These latter functions are grouped in this Administration building, with the offices of the founder and director, The Right Rev. Msgr. Edward Joseph Flanagan, and his staff. General offices, the post office, and the print shop are housed in the building also and a garage is conveniently located under the print shop



FIRST FLOOR



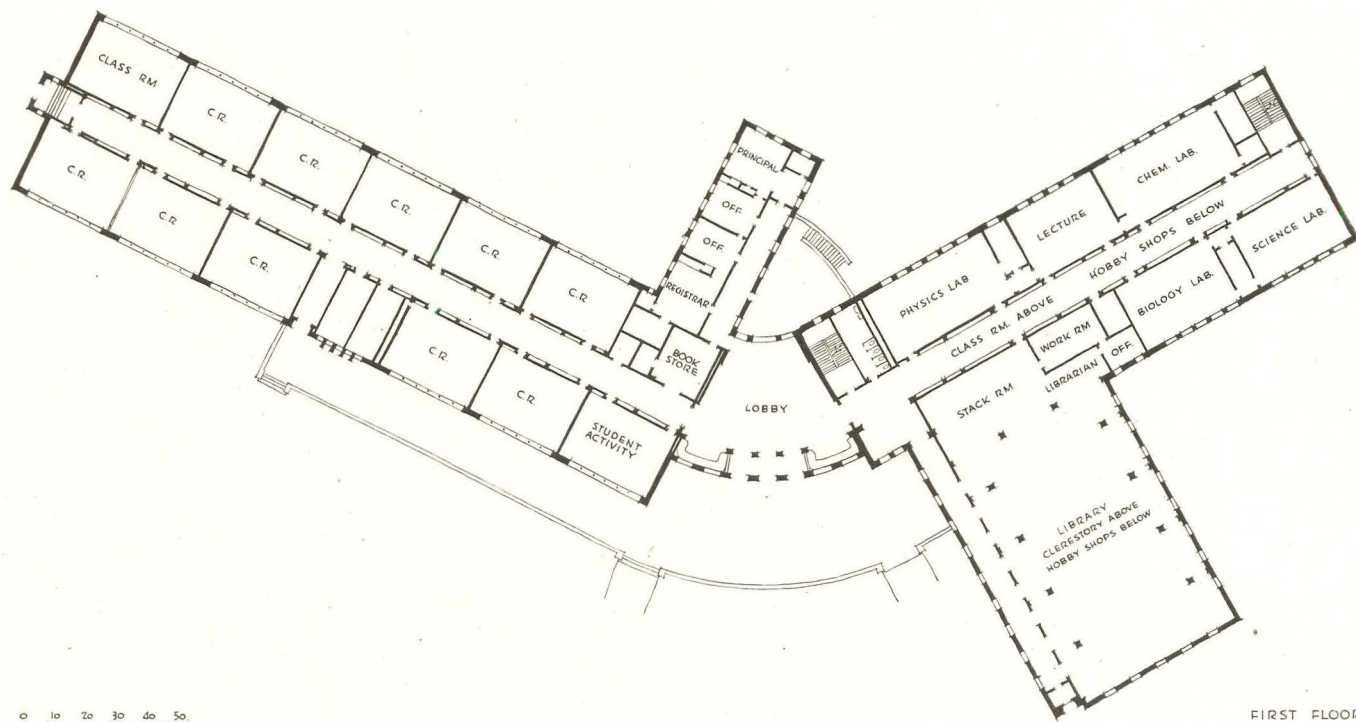


A well equipped high school for 500 pupils is an essential part of the program at Boys Town. The new building provides some 14 recitation rooms, the library, and the laboratories for physics, chemistry, biology and general science, with their lecture room. Above the laboratories are the art room, drafting room and the bookkeeping, typing and manual training rooms. In the basement are no less than 12 hobby shops. School offices and a student activity room are adjacent to the main lobby

3

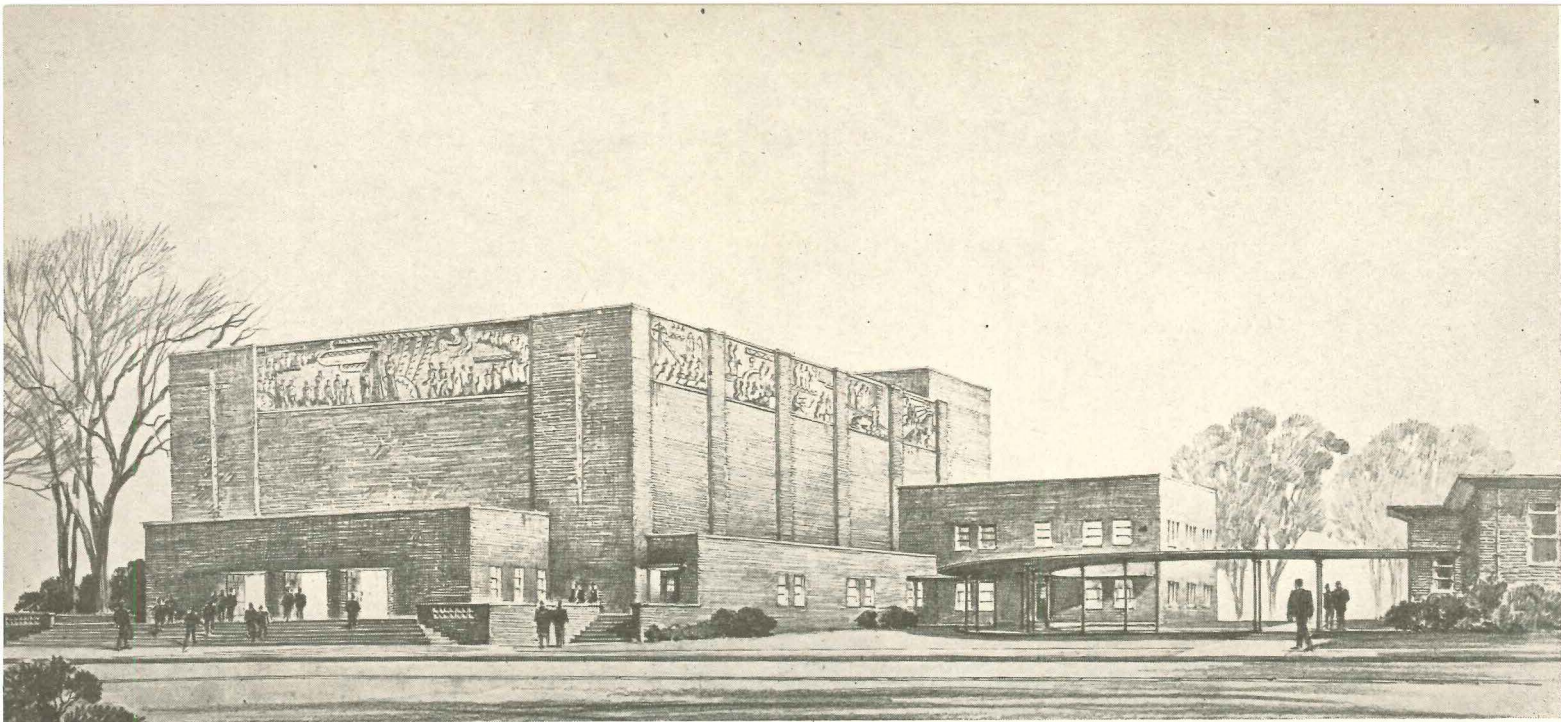
**HIGH SCHOOL  
BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA**

*Leo A. Daly Co., Architects*



FIRST FLOOR





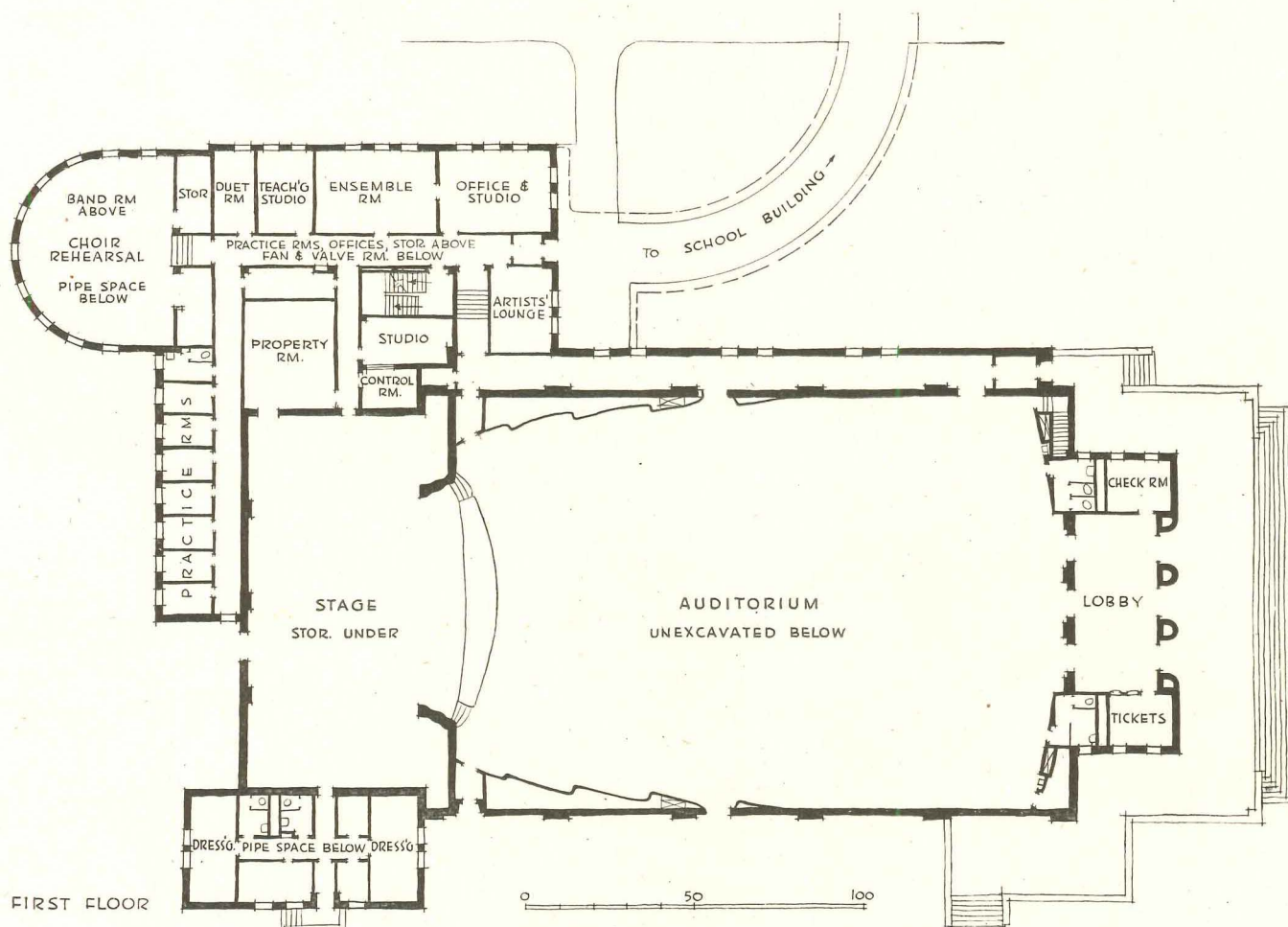
# 4

## AUDITORIUM

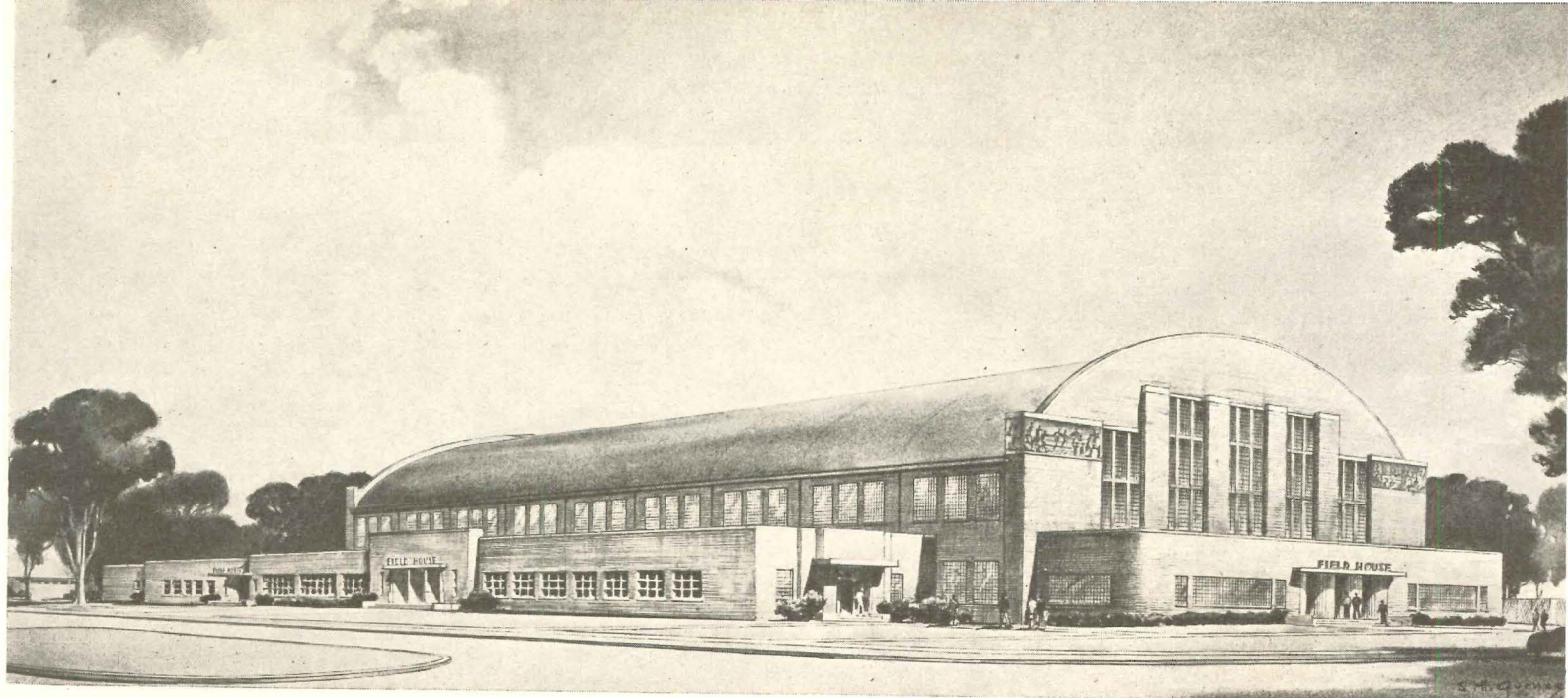
BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA

Leo A. Daly Co., Architects

From the high school a curved covered walk leads to the auditorium building, directly to the music rooms which adjoin the stage. The music department boasts a semi-circular bandroom above the rehearsal room of the celebrated Boys Town Choir. In addition to teaching and ensemble rooms there are 15 small individual practice rooms in this two-story wing. The auditorium seats 1200 and is designed for assemblies, musicals, and lectures rather than for elaborate theatricals







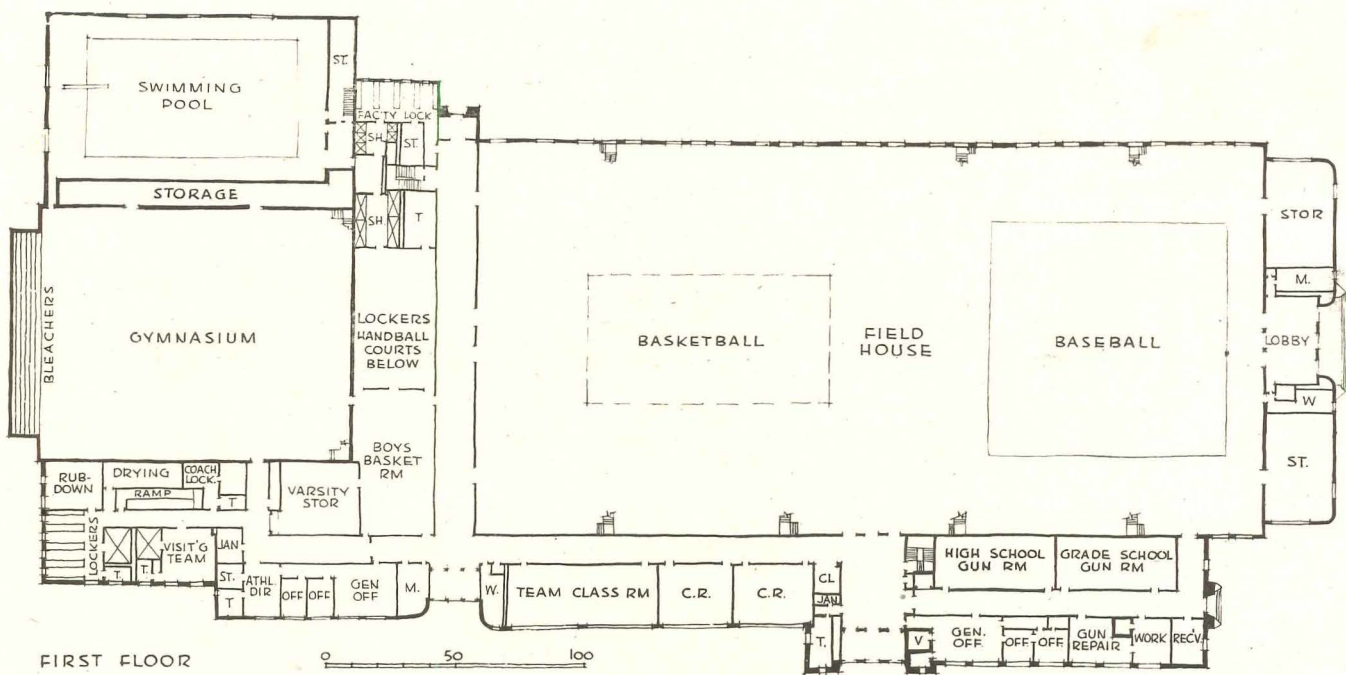
Complete indoor athletic facilities will be provided in a great Field House, which has three main parts, the largest having an earth play floor 300 by 150 ft., with permanent bleachers on both long sides which seat 2000 spectators. Additional temporary seating will accommodate 4000. The gym floor provides two basketball courts. There are eight handball courts and facilities for boxing and wrestling, as well as R.O.T.C. and intramural activities. The swimming pool is to be 42 by 75 ft.

5

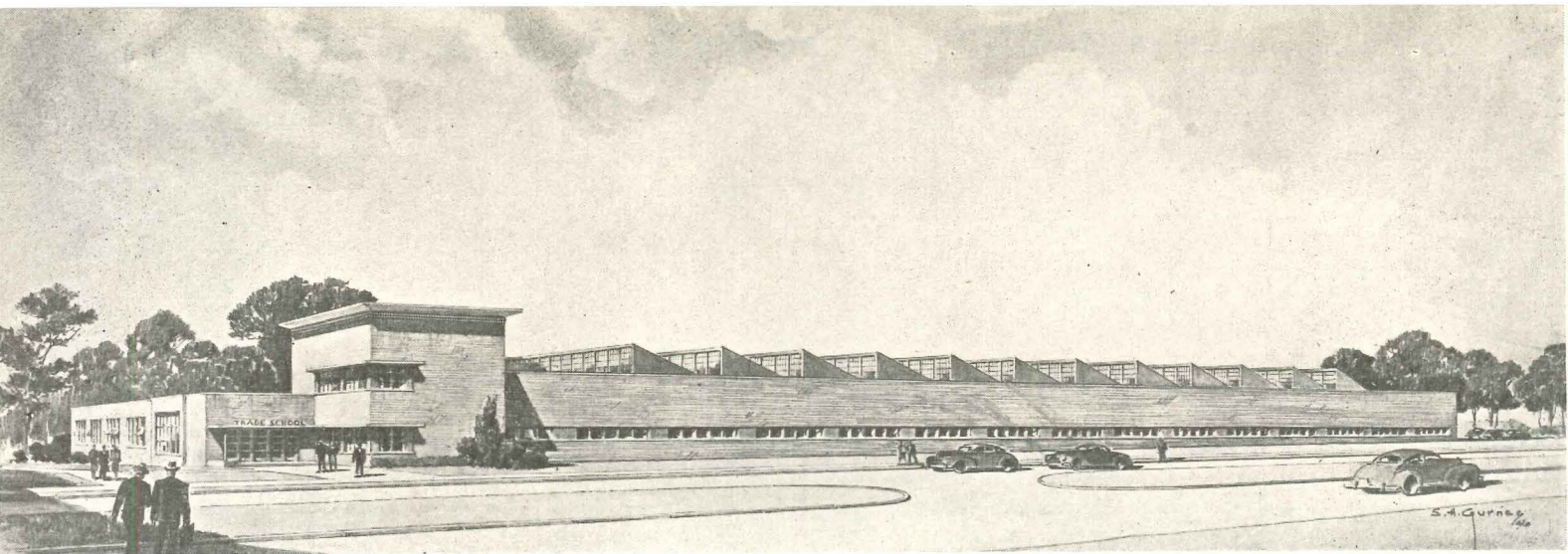
**FIELD HOUSE**

**BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA**

*Leo A. Daly Co., Architects*







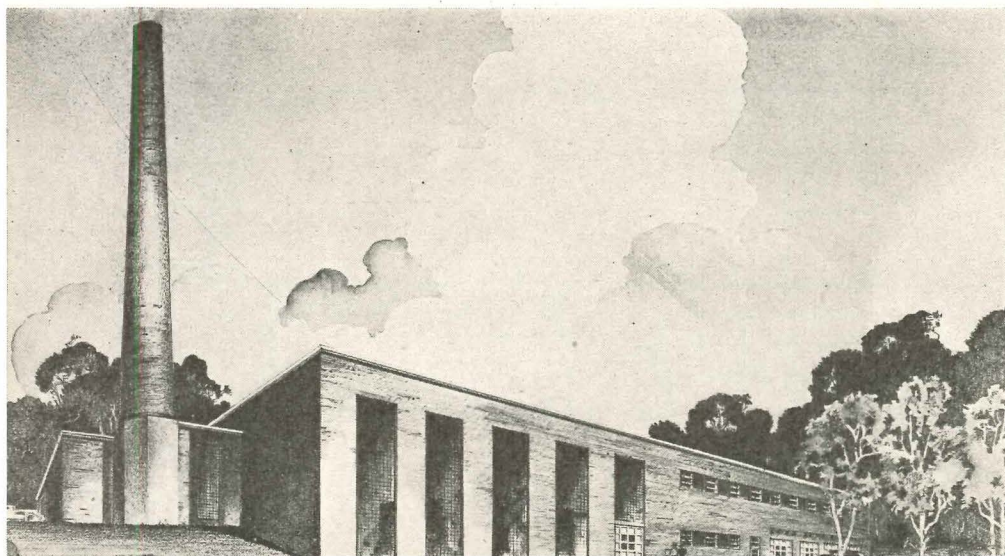
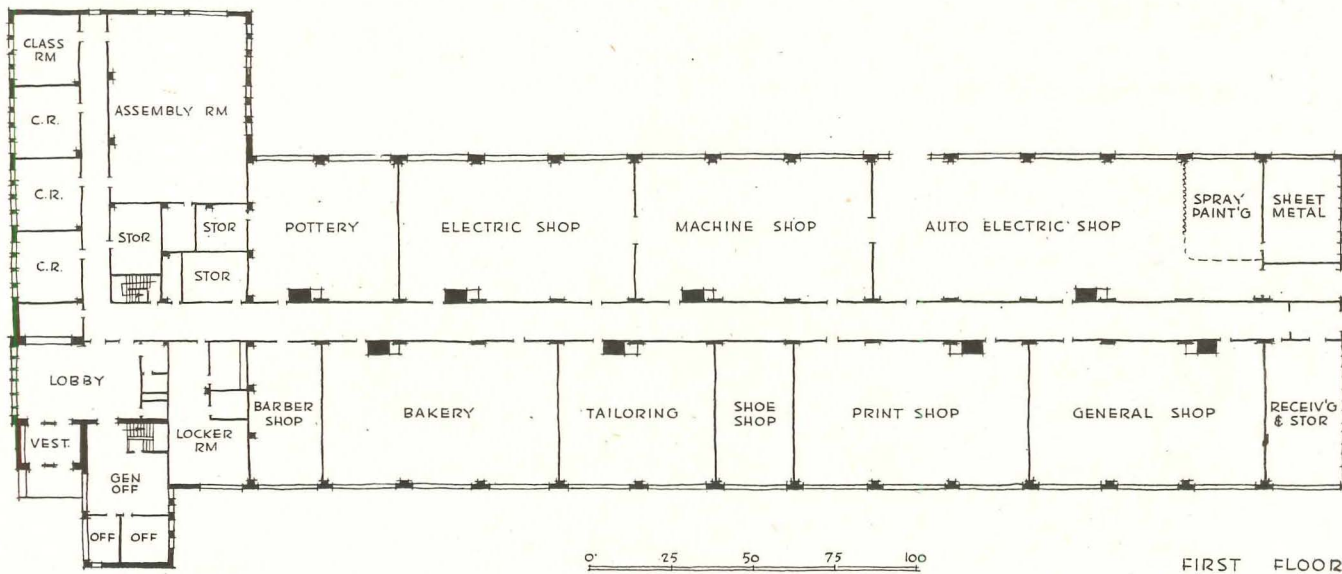
# 6

## TRADE SCHOOL

BOYS TOWN, NEBRASKA

Leo A. Daly Co., Architects

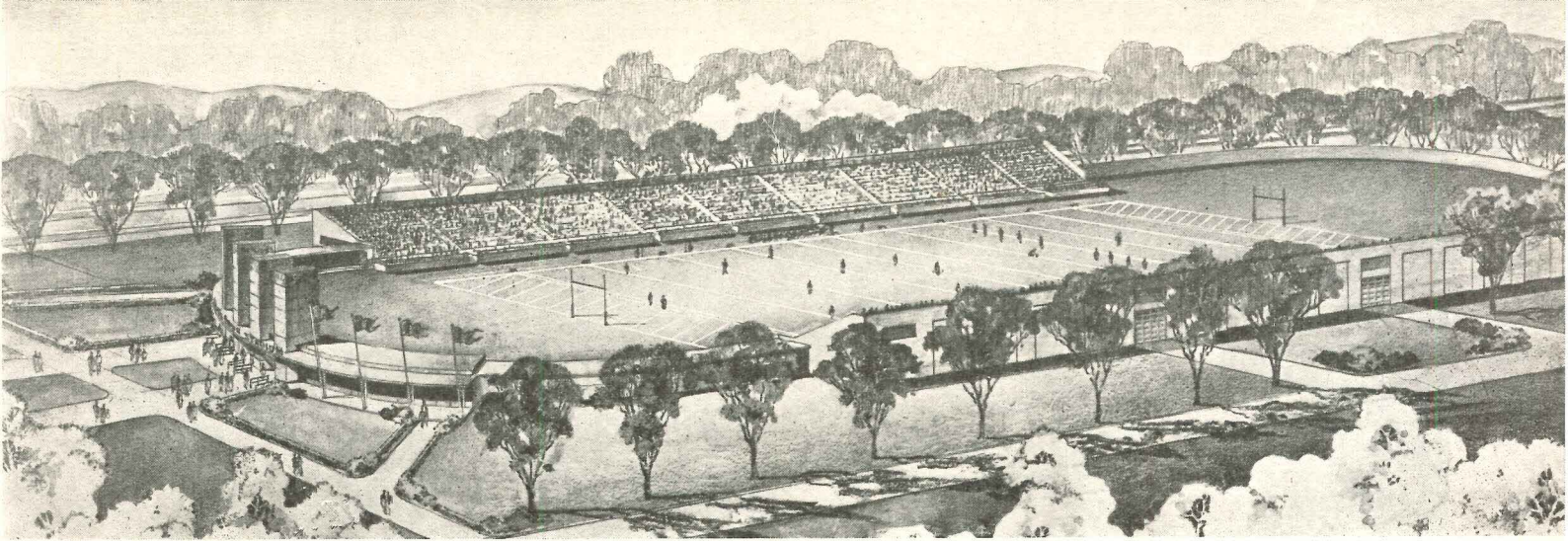
Technical and vocational training in the shops of the Trade School supplements the general and cultural education. Here boys learn by doing, and how to earn a living at a trade or craft is a very practical matter. Natural light is provided by the usual sawtooth factory-type roof, except for the classrooms, offices, and assembly room. Bar joists, supporting the insulated steel deck roof, are left exposed except where acoustic tile ceilings are called for. The corridor floor is terrazzo and the shops have industrial asphalt tile floors over reinforced concrete



# 7 BOILER HOUSE AND LAUNDRY

The buildings will all be supplied from the central boiler house strategically located behind one of the old building groups. The laundry occupies the upper level of the sloping site above the fire station, shop and water-softening room





## 8 STADIUM

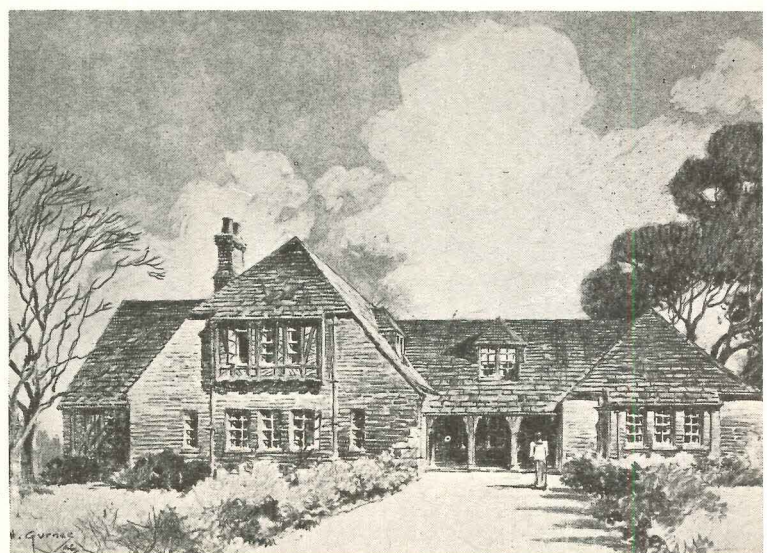
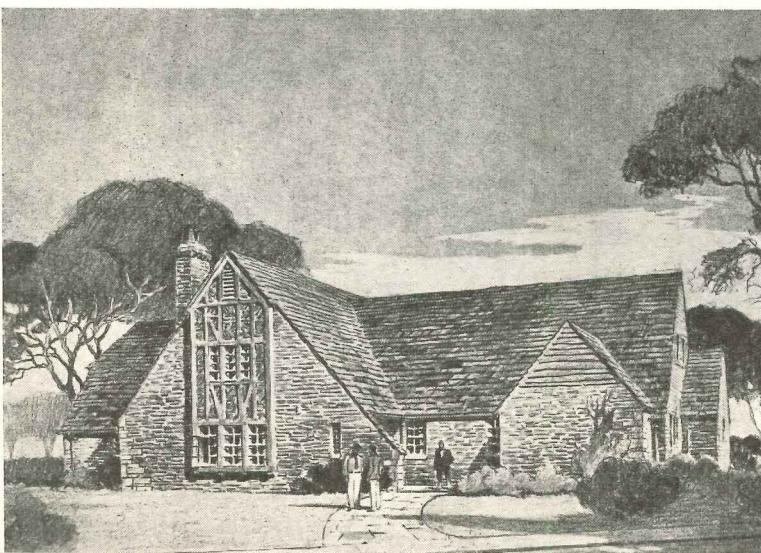
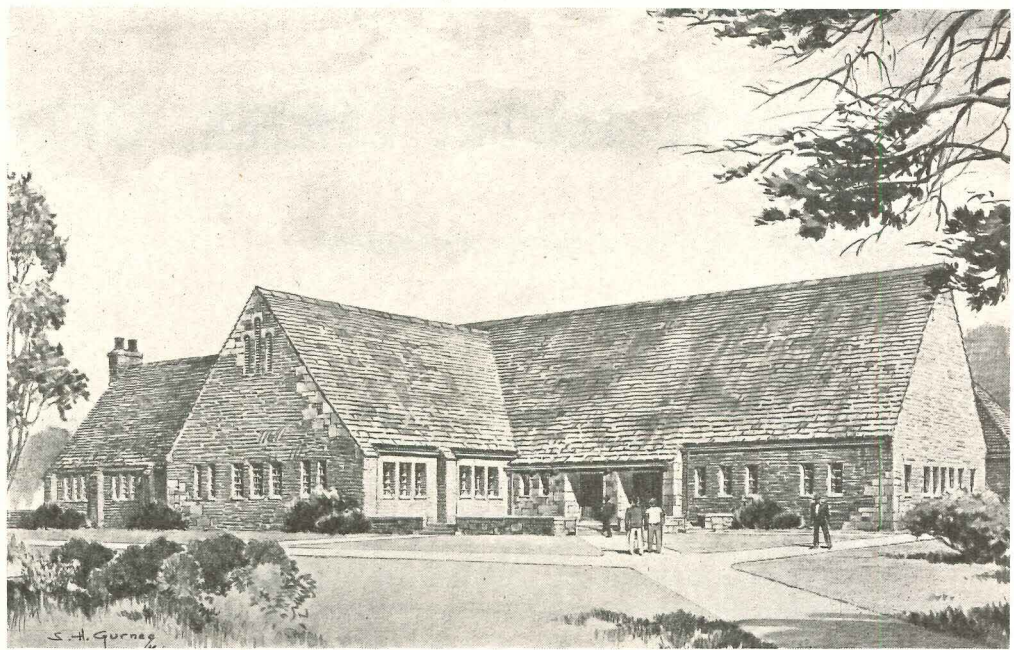
The stadium will seat 8000 spectators in the permanent stands. It is near enough to the field house so that the lockers, showers and other facilities serve both home and visiting teams

## 9 DINING HALL

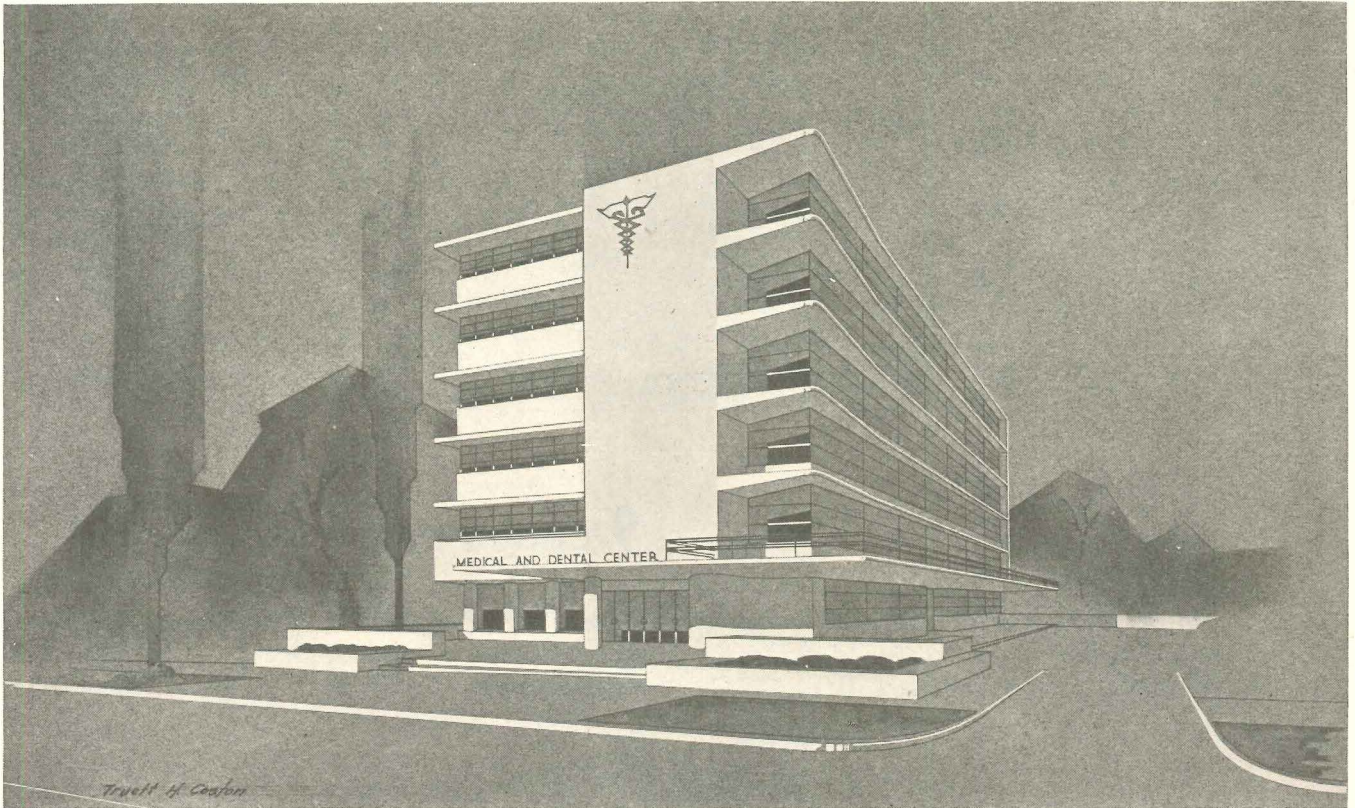
Below. Five hundred hungry youths are to eat their fill in this dining hall, near both the high school and the cottages. There are bowling alleys in the basement and a lounge

## 10 COTTAGES

Each of the 25 cottages will house 20 boys and a supervisor. In contrast to the contemporary design idiom of all other new buildings, the dormitories revert to suburban old-English. The cottages vary in plan and detail but in general each will have a living room, a study hall and five ingenious dormitory rooms. Each dormitory room is partially divided in halves by wardrobes and lavatories so that the four beds are separated, two in each half. The basement provides playrooms and a furnace room







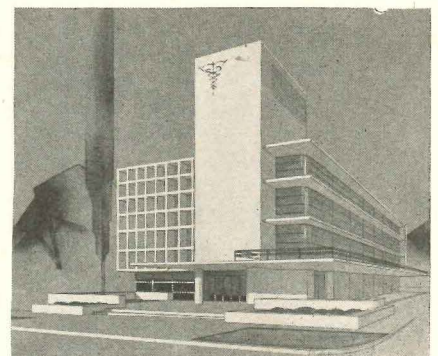
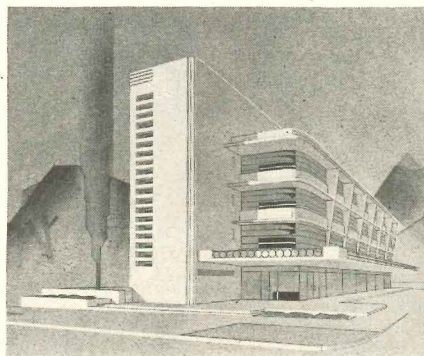
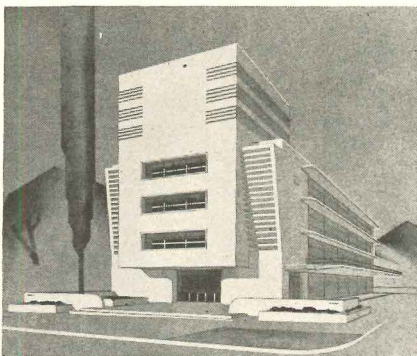
## MEDICAL-DENTAL CENTER, OKLAHOMA CITY

*Coston and Frankfurt, Architects and Engineers*

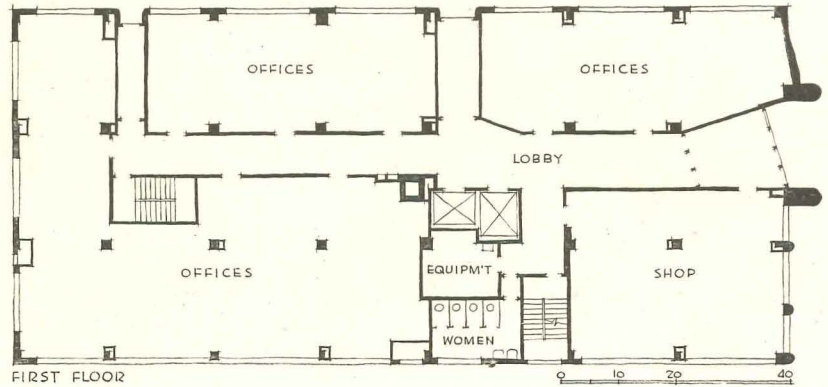
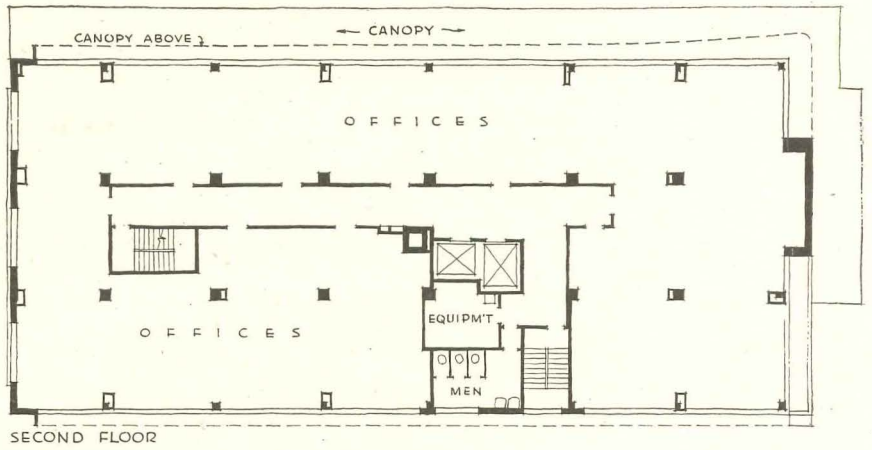
**S**TRATEGICALLY placed in relation to the hospitals of the city, the Center is designed to provide efficient, attractive, flexible office space for doctors and dentists. Space large or small can be arranged to suit the needs of each practitioner. The building is to be completely air conditioned, provided with zone-control heating and individual manual control of temperature, humidity and air as well. The high velocity duct system takes in

fresh outside air, filters it, regulates humidity, and delivers it at each window; there is no recirculation of air. The electrical system likewise provides for all the tenants' exacting needs for lighting, power, inter-communication radio and telephone, and hot and cold water, gas, and waste lines are available for the convenient location of fixtures within the offices. Over the windows the projections act as sun-shields.

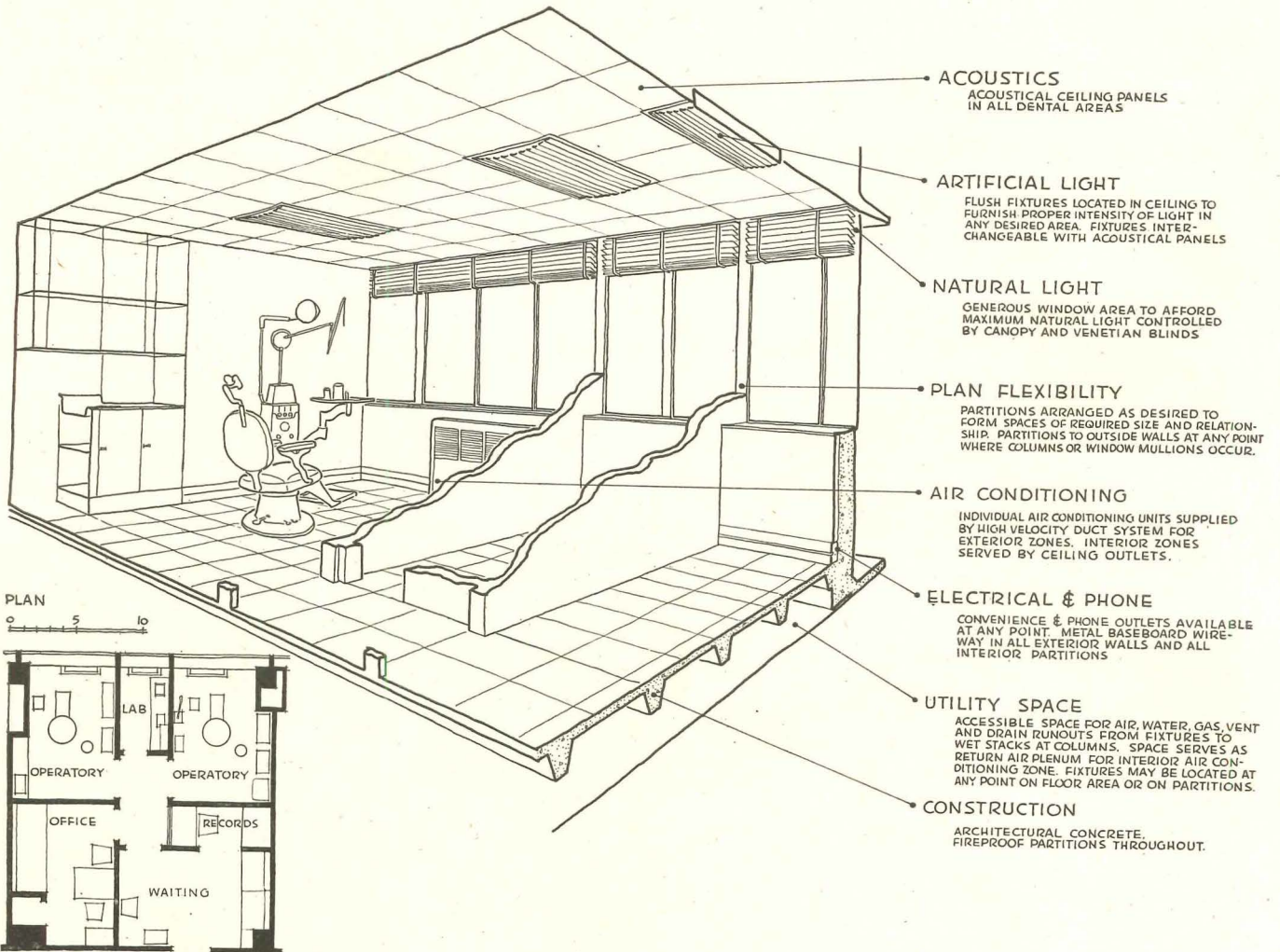
*Three early preliminary studies. The tower was designed as an elevator penthouse and cooling tower*



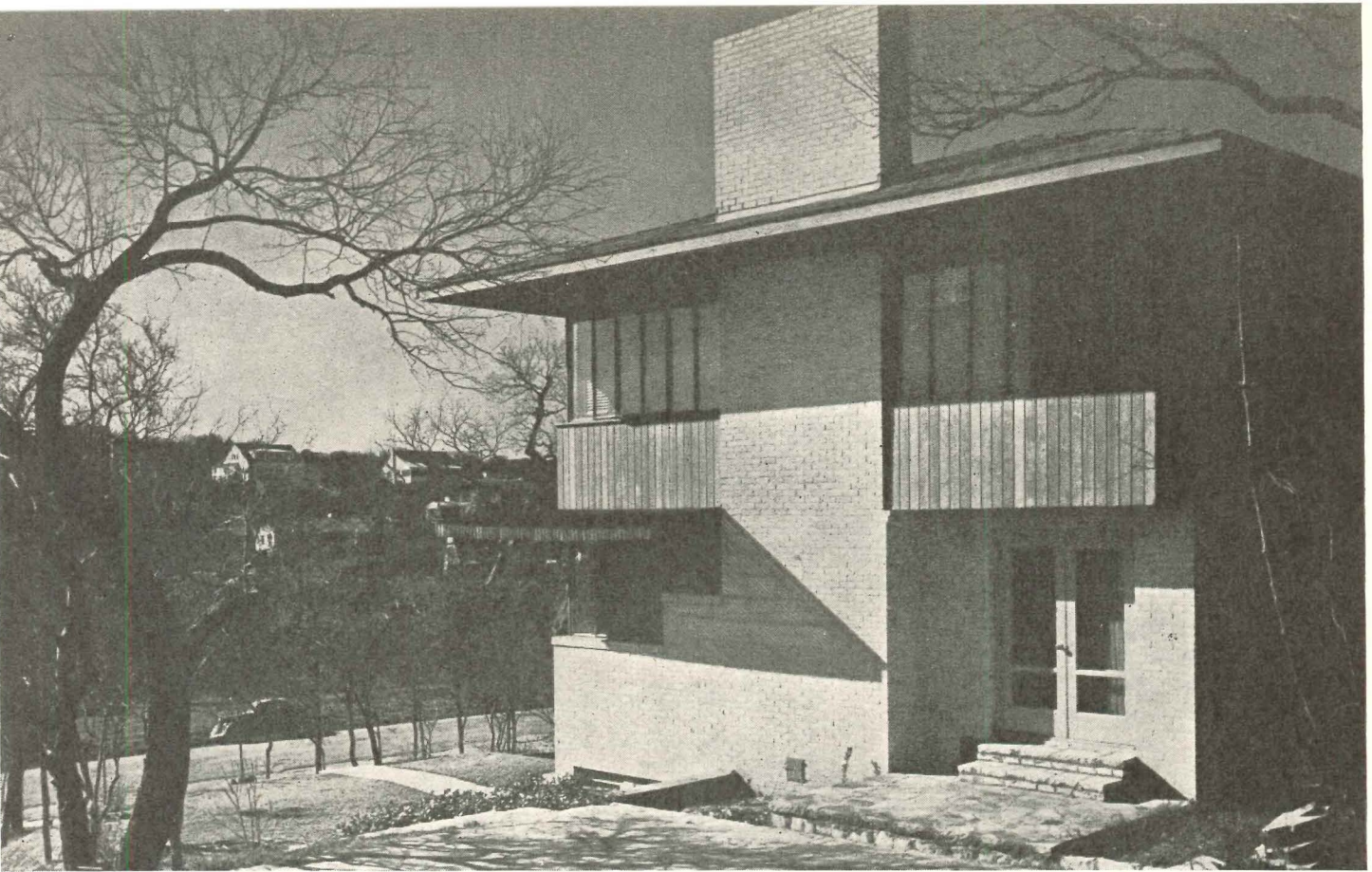




The plans show the flexibility possible in the bays approximately 20 ft. square. The small plan and the perspective below show a dental office accommodated in one square bay. Parking is provided adjacent to the long side of the building with a convenient entrance on that side directly opposite the elevators. The small shop on first floor would naturally be a drug store for the convenience of doctors and patients



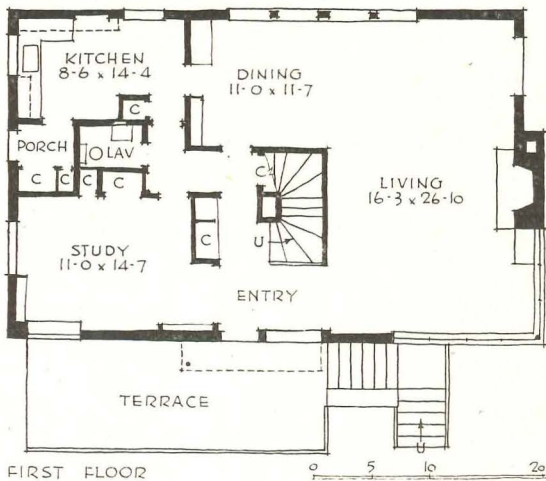
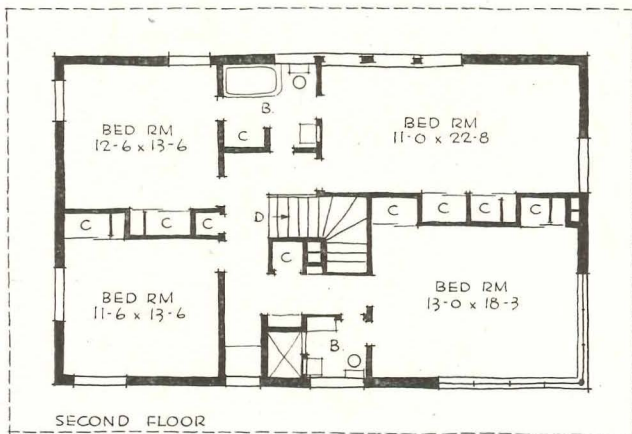




St. Thomas Photos

## AIR CONDITIONING CALLS FOR COMPACTNESS

*Residence for Dr. and Mrs. D. K. Brace, Austin, Texas. Fehr and Granger, Architects*

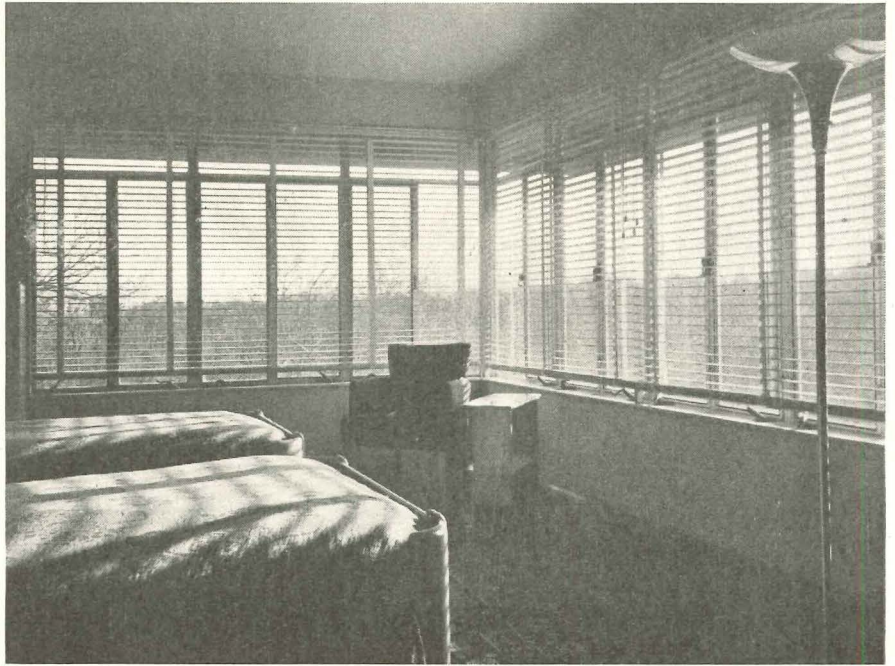


WHILE this house has the wide sunshades expected for a hot Texas climate, it does not show the usual worship of the cooling south breeze. That is because the house is air conditioned, and its logical form is compact and rectangular rather than open and free. Indeed it was designed around a central shaft of air conditioning ducts and stairs. Air conditioning unit and compressor are in a heater room off the garage, at basement level. The house also passed up the native stone so often seen in Texas houses, in favor of the smoother lines of brick, using stone only for terraces and retaining walls.





*The convenient Lally column permits full corner windows in the owner's bedroom, overlooking the river. A combination of roof overhangs and Venetian blinds gives full control of the sun, the year' round*

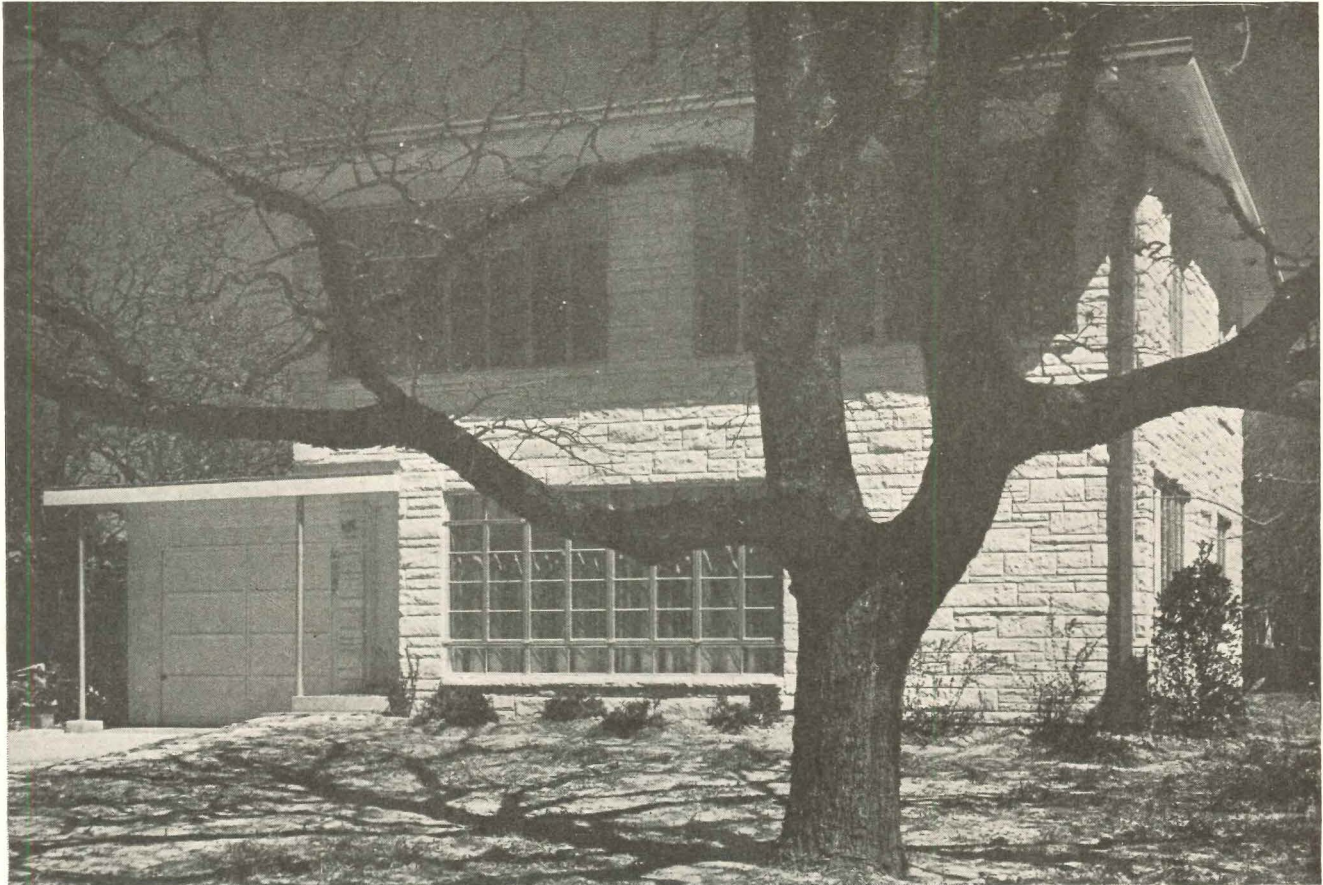


*Though the first floor gives good sweep for natural ventilation, and tall casement windows invite the breeze, the house is not dependent on its whims. It is fully air conditioned, with mechanical cooling*



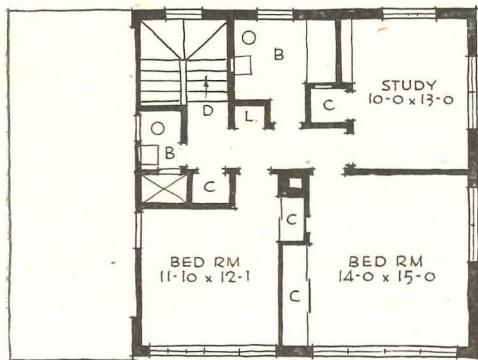
*Closets throughout the house are generous in size, and built-ins make them efficient. The built-in file cases in the study are an especially commendable idea, one anybody would appreciate*



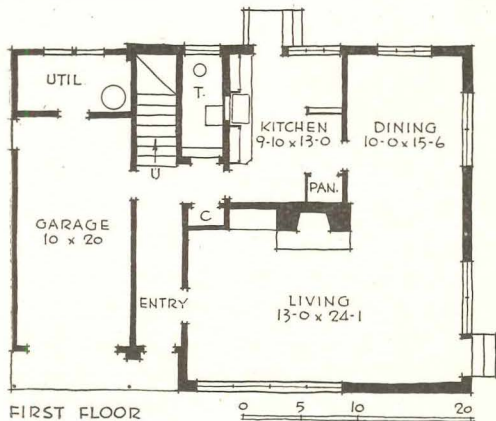


# TEXAS HOUSE WITH NATIVE FRANKNESS

*Residence for Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. Fehr, Austin, Texas. Fehr and Granger, Architects*



SECOND FLOOR



FIRST FLOOR

SINCE this house is all in the family, it might fairly be taken to have Mr. Fehr's true stamp upon it. So here it is: the complete frankness of compact form, of large utilitarian windows, of Lally columns, of native stone without resort to wood courses or other relieving clichés, the scorn for frilly interior decoration.





# SCHOOLS IN TRANSITION

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD'S BUILDING TYPES STUDY NUMBER 121

## A YEAR OF BASIC SCHOOL PROGRESS

By Douglas Haskell, Associate Editor

SCHOOL progress is so fast that an annual "Building Types Study" is required simply to keep abreast of new developments. The year 1946 was remarkable for the small number of schools actually built and for the large advance in *basic standards*.

**Performance Standards:** If a prize were to be given for the most fundamental single contribution it would have to go to no architect but to Dr. Darrell B. Harmon of the Texas State Department of Health. Publication of his researches (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, Feb. 1946, pp. 78-90) gave wide dissemination to the idea that *behavioristic tests* are the basis of sound and objective architectural criticism. Measurements conducted at large scale revealed that some of the most sanctified practices of design resulted in serious distortions in child growth, impairment of health, and retardation in learning. The self-evident but badly neglected assumption was that any planned environment must grow first of all out of the known requirements of *body mechanics*, not to mention psychology.

Dr. Harmon's approach to architectural performance was more important than any of his individual conclusions. Dealing first with problems of light, he found that vision involves far more than the eye, and that architectural design for good vision involves more than watts and windows. It involves the interaction of space plan, fenestration, scheme of artificial illumination, color treatment, and seating method. No stronger support could have been given to the concept of architecture as an art of many-sided correlation. Results of further tests will shortly be published in the RECORD with some of Dr. Harmon's immediate recommendations.

Elsewhere the trend toward *performance standards* was illustrated in the action of code authorities and notably in the deliberations of the National Council of Schoolhouse Construction, whose Standards Committee will shortly issue new, broader, more flexible recommendations.

**General plan arrangements** showed no great generic invention. The so-called "Winnetka" or cog-bar arrangement of projecting L-shaped classrooms alternating with

open courts came into use for the lowest grades in new plans all over the country. The "California" arrangement of classroom wings in parallel series was found economical wherever the climate was mild enough for an open corridor as the connection.

*One-story* school plans traveled eastward in increasing numbers, significant examples appearing in Illinois, Ohio, New York, Connecticut, Vermont, and other states, most often in smaller rural schools. The travels brought a sea-change not generally for the better. Too often the clean-cut western scheme was fussed up merely to create a symmetrical façade or allow for cupolas. Easy automobile access was a design factor in the rural school designs of the Chicago firm of Perkins, Will & Barry, and a scheme for up-state New York by the same firm (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, April 1946, p. 76) provided quite charmingly for innumerable bicycles. The rural school was the subject of special study at Columbia University and by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

**Classroom daylighting** and artificial lighting schemes would have seemed to reach a high variety back in 1944 when the RECORD published "16 Ways of Daylighting Classrooms," yet 1946 was to see some other important departures.

In the realm of *one-story* plans with side-corridor, innovations arose out of the continued effort to improve the deep, square classroom which had been found so convenient and simple for activity teaching programs. Frank Wynkoop had thoroughly explored clerestories as a method of bringing in daylight closer to the dark center of such a room (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, June 1945, p. 85). Maynard Lyndon had experimented with an elaborate skylight (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, March 1946, pp. 120-121). In the present issue the RECORD is privileged to present another skylight scheme, simultaneously and independently developed by Franklin, Kump & Falk, which in a sense rounds a cycle (pp. 93-95). With classical simplicity and directness of concept and execution it attains "*trilateral*" lighting by means of a skylight at the ridge of a low, child-scaled, gabled building of highly satisfactory shape and proportions. Mr. Lyndon in the meantime has developed an-



other very interesting *bilateral* scheme of improved efficiency and stimulating form without resort to the skylight (pp. 88, 89).

In *two-story* or higher buildings the daylighting problem is more difficult. There is an understandable tendency to retain the 22-ft. deep classroom rather than a deeper one, and on a double-loaded rather than a single-loaded corridor. Since economy of construction and the lower air-volume requirements of modern forced-air ventilation both favor reduced ceiling heights, it is not too good an answer to try for tall unilateral windows. This helps explain the popularity of glass-block solutions, using prismatic or directional types which throw a high proportion of the light back to the inside ceiling. Dr. Harmon's test gave this arrangement (with a vision strip of clear glass under the block) a high rating as brightness engineering. The example by Eberle Smith Associates in Detroit (pp. 86, 87) gives clean architectural handling to details which in the original Texas tests were somewhat clumsy, and shows the possibility of a very handsome exterior.

Opinion is, however, far from unanimous in favor of glass block; advocates of clear windows have criticized the persistence of glare spots and, in the case of two-story schools especially, have sought their solution with the aid of artificial illumination.

**Integration of daylighting and artificial light** as a functional device received strong impetus during 1946 as result of the rapidly spreading concept of "brightness engineering" as a unified science. In a project published by the RECORD in April 1946 (pp. 72-81) Perkins and Will (now Perkins, Will & Barry) definitely accepted the low (10-ft.) ceiling for reasons of economy and good child scale; forsook the effort to rely mainly on the sun; substituted auxiliary lighting for the inner part of the room from a *luminous ceiling* of the kind that has actually been executed since then in a number of stores and notably in the United Nations auditorium. Others added experiments with fixed or movable *window louvers* as control devices. Sylvania engineers used fixed vertical metal louvers in an installation at Salem, Mass. (*Architectural Forum*, May 1946, pp. 180-183). RECORD editors meanwhile see greater possibilities in the movable horizontal louver scheme of Kenneth C. Welch (*ARCHITECTURAL RECORD*, March 1946, pp. 114-119) which is under further development and test by a committee of the Illuminating Engineering Society.

An important development in light control is the trend toward *getting all the daylight inside the room before controlling it* instead of continuing the cliché (now wearisome) of overhangs and various outdoor sun-catches. These sun-catches, or "brise-soleils" as they are called by the learned, were the most advanced practice of 20 years ago in the hands of Le Corbusier, and are a temptation in developing "interesting" external appearances. Their fallacy is three-fold: (1) overhangs or trellises cut off the *high* light which is potentially the best light in the room; (2) they cut off thermal gains from the sun without cutting thermal loss; (3) they make an unchangeable

structural feature out of something that should be an item of improvable equipment — and it is a structural feature usually difficult to paint and to maintain in good repair.

**Heating and ventilating** is now a live field, and special attention is paid to recent developments in this study.

As in lighting, there is a tendency to overhaul old handbook methods in the interest of economy and of actually tested performance.

A great stimulus was given by publication of the new "Heating and Ventilating Recommendations for New York State Schools" which is more fully reported on p. 96. Considering the degree to which New York City, in particular, has suffered under leadership which has contented itself with attaching "styles" to its school buildings while such necessities as heating and ventilating have been left largely to manufacturers and engineers, it is encouraging to find heating and ventilating treated as an *architectural problem* in which the building as a whole is a piece of heating and ventilating equipment.

The specific suggestions made by the New York State consultants are sure to become subjects of extended debate — a condition of health for purposes of progress. Many architects will quarrel, for example, with "open-window" methods of control which place the responsibility for healthful environment on the overburdened teacher; an immediate answer is that simpler controls cannot lightly be dismissed if they reduce unit costs and permit architectural design of more new schools for more pupils. A long-term answer is that consideration of the whole room as a thermal unit may lead to useful invention capable of future conversion into manufactured components.

A pronounced trend observable in projects under construction was away from "pure" or simple heating systems toward mixed and balanced systems. Two such balanced systems will be found on pp. 95 and 98.

**Installation of teaching aids** such as audio-visual devices received increased attention from architects as part of the original building design. A very fine study in this field was made by Philip Will, Jr., and appeared in the February *ARCHITECTURAL RECORD*. It showed how to adapt every type of classroom in current use to the easy employment of sound and sight projection. Less unanimity of approval attached to the schemes for audio-visual centers worked out by the Visual Equipment Manufacturers Council (*ARCHITECTURAL RECORD*, Nov. 1946, pp. 72-79) which must be considered as stimulation to further work rather than as universally acceptable standards. Meanwhile wide circulation was given by the Radio Manufacturers Association to basic standards in school sound systems worked out with the U. S. Office of Education. This work is reviewed on p. 90 and implemented by schematic layouts worked out by William de Haan of the Radio Corporation of America.

In the whole field of school development, the biggest step has been the acceptance of measurements upon children as the criterion of light, warmth, comfort.



# CLEAN DESIGN STANDS UP IN CONSTANT USE

*Edison Technical High School, Fresno, California*

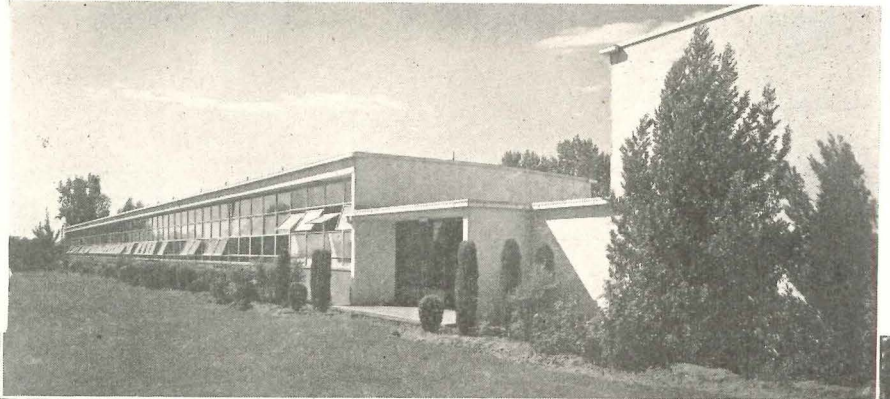
*Franklin, Kump & Falk, Architects-Engineers*

**P**HOTOGRAPHED five years after it was built, this technical high school gives visible evidence of the abiding value in up-to-date design methods. The school is distinguished by its elegant detail, particularly in the interior cabinet work, and this would appear to have invited a rare kind of school housekeeping devoid of the usual confusing clutter. The use of modular design and loft construction is especially appropriate to a technical school with its ever-present storage problems involving

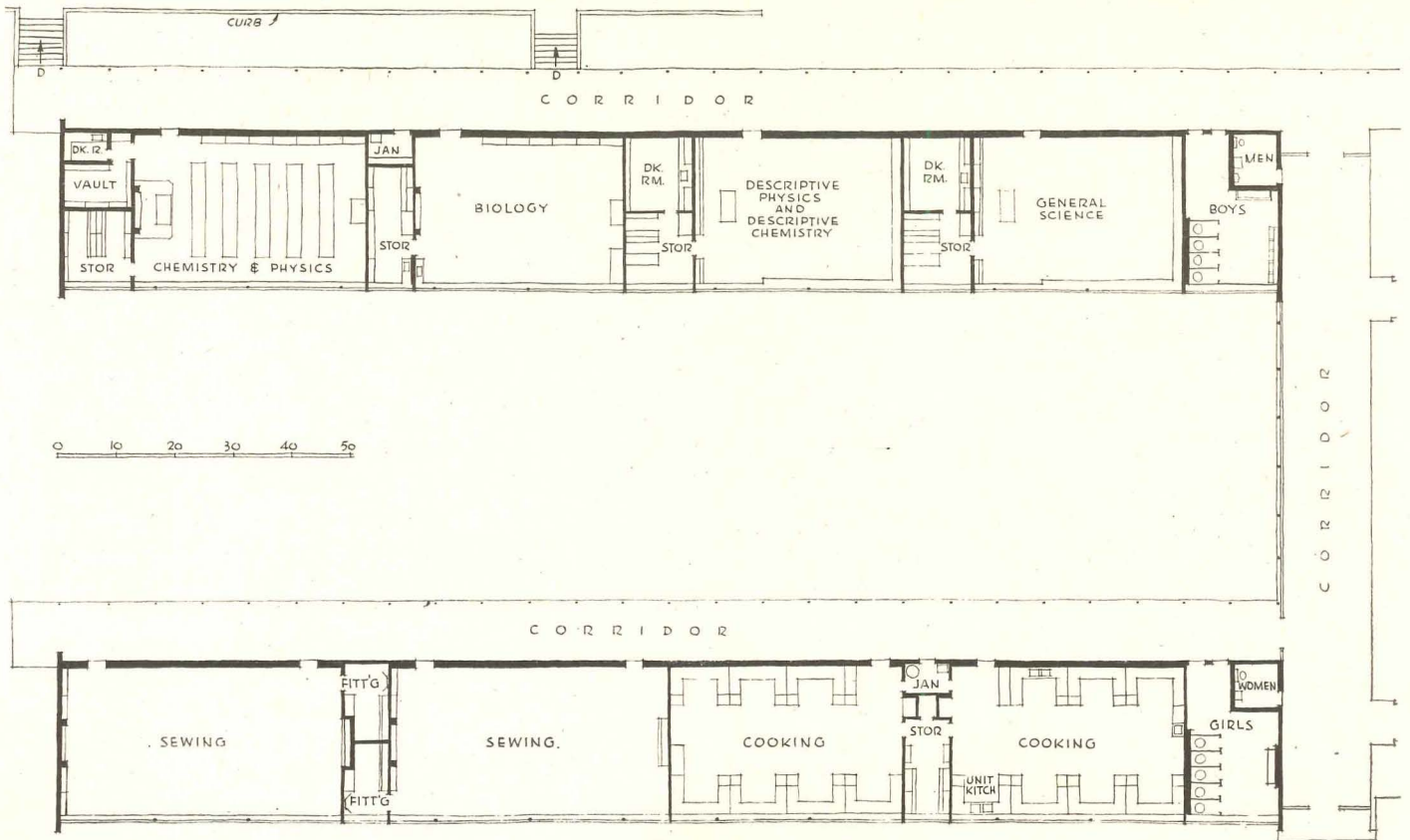
possible change. Here there have been no changes yet in partitions, initial storage facilities being unusually ample and specific.

Construction is concrete for floor and for walls up to sill height (full height for the stage house seen below). A final flash coat gives the exterior color. Steel pipe columns inside the window plane support structural steel roof girders carrying wood frame roof. Partitions are of wood construction, plastered.

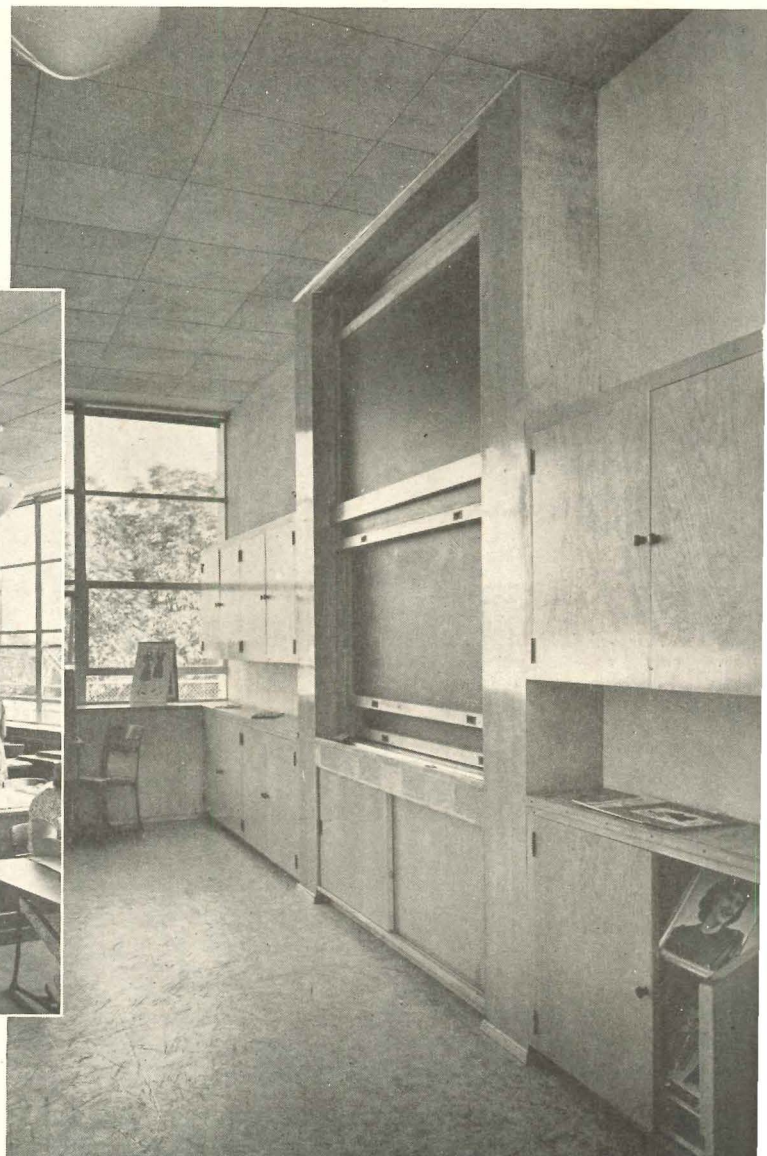
*View at right is from the east, showing classrooms; view below from north, with lunch room and stage house in the foreground. Steel H-columns support this higher roof, standing in front of the steel sash curtain wall*



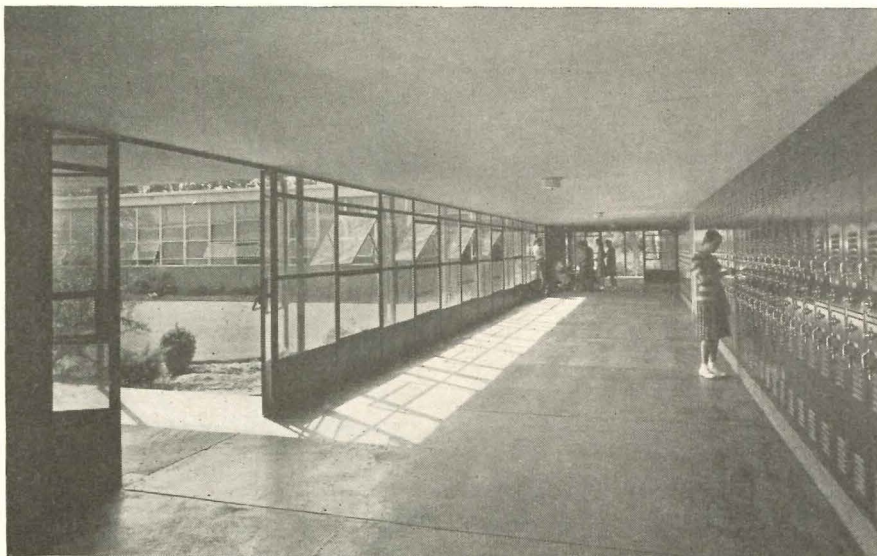
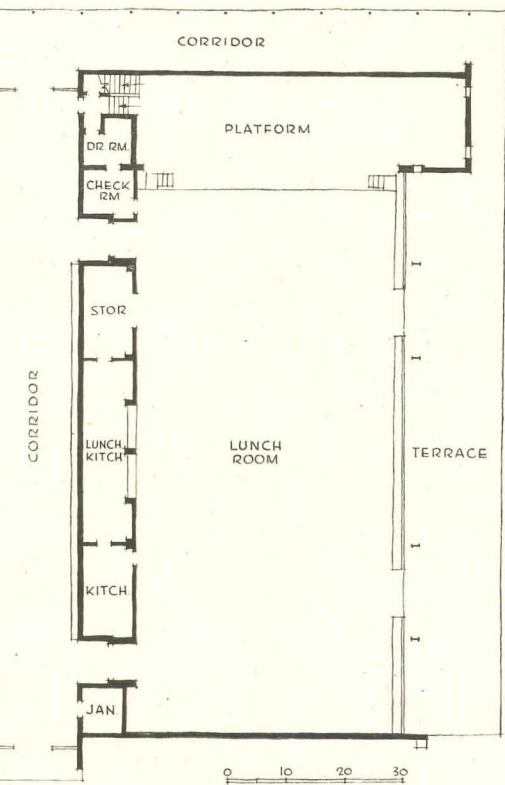




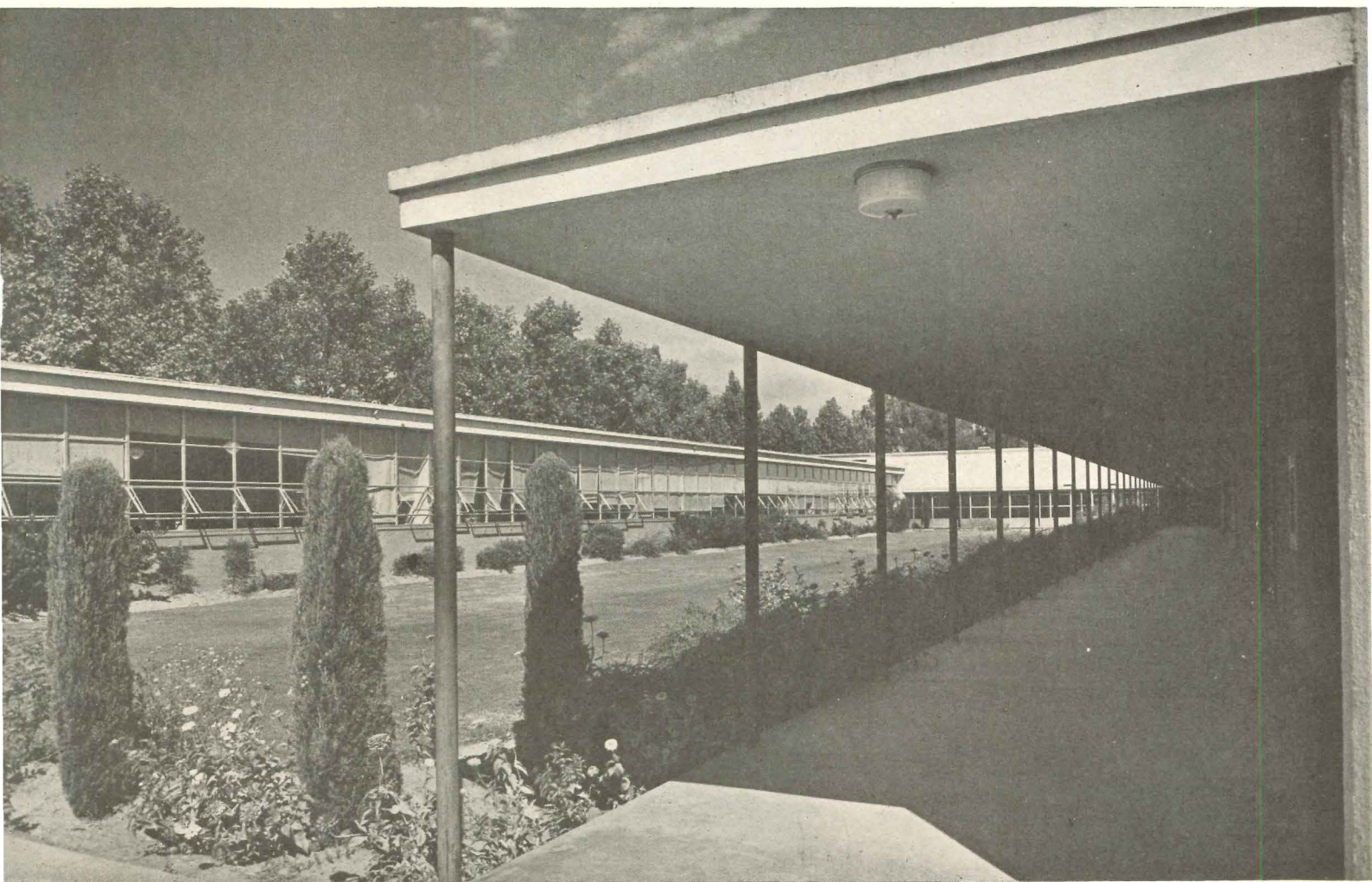
Sewing-room view below shows how well bilateral lighting works in the classroom width of 26 ft. 6 in.; and the view (right) taken at the front of the same room shows the orderliness of well-designed, cleanly carpentered cabinets finished in birch plywood (note the triple suspended blackboard). Classroom walls are plaster above 3-ft. natural birch wainscot; ceilings acoustic tile, floors asphalt tile. At left, rear, in the classroom view a girl is seen using the triple mirror in a carefully equipped fitting room





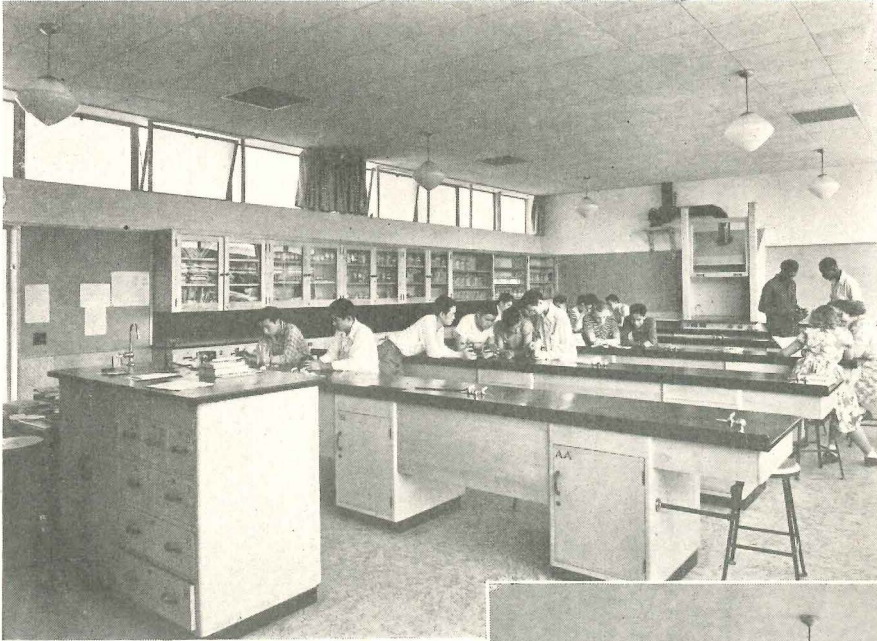
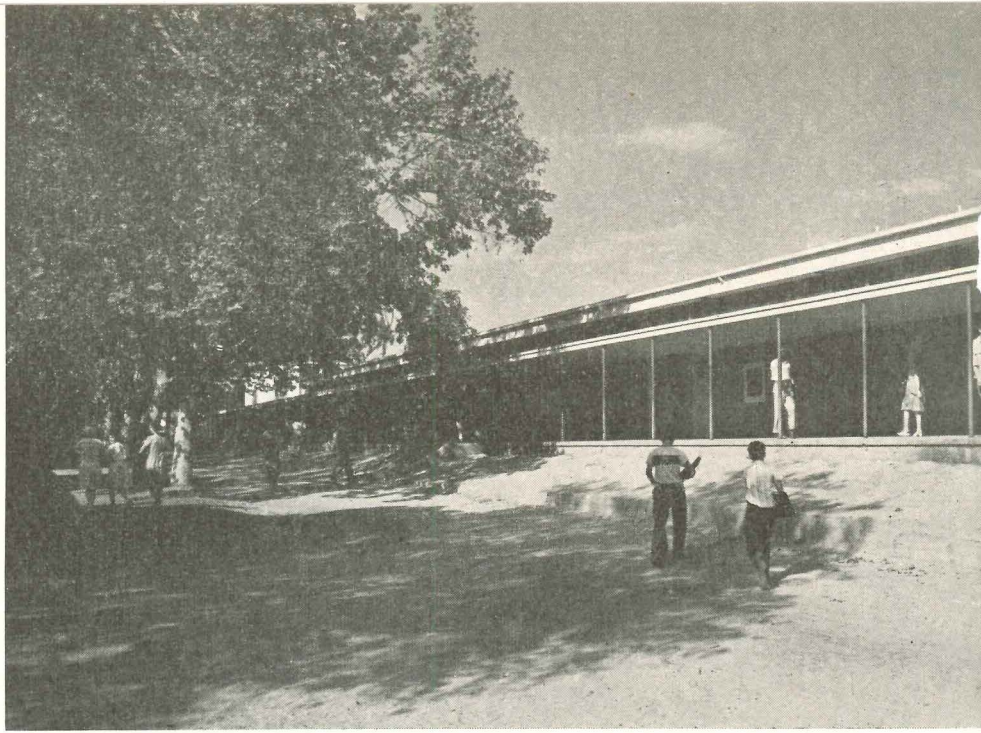


Plan (opposite page) shows the typical parallel-wing disposition; photograph above the cross-corridor, glassed-in and supplied with lockers; large photograph below, the interior open court. (Since this is a high school the area is not used for outdoor classrooms, and has received decorative planting.) The one feature in the plan that might be questioned is that the large classroom windows face east and clerestory windows west—a departure from the same architects' usual practice of putting the large windows north, and explained no doubt by special site problems. Cross-corridor is especially felicitous



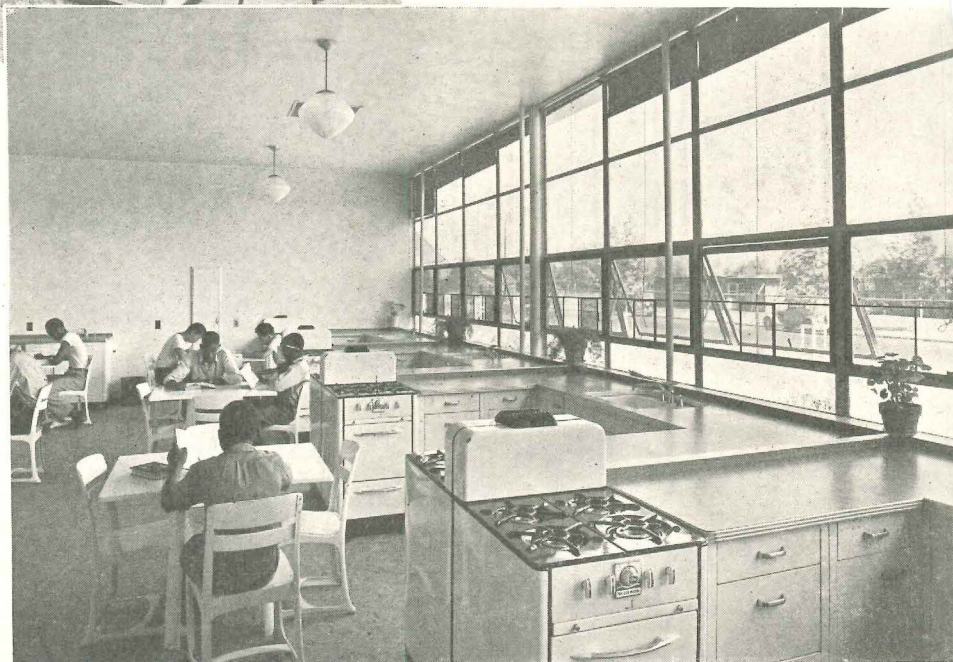


Right: Western corridor, in a mild climate, provides an extraordinarily inexpensive means of classroom access. In this school there is not even need for lockers in the usual position in the adjoining wall, these being concentrated in the cross-corridor (see previous page)

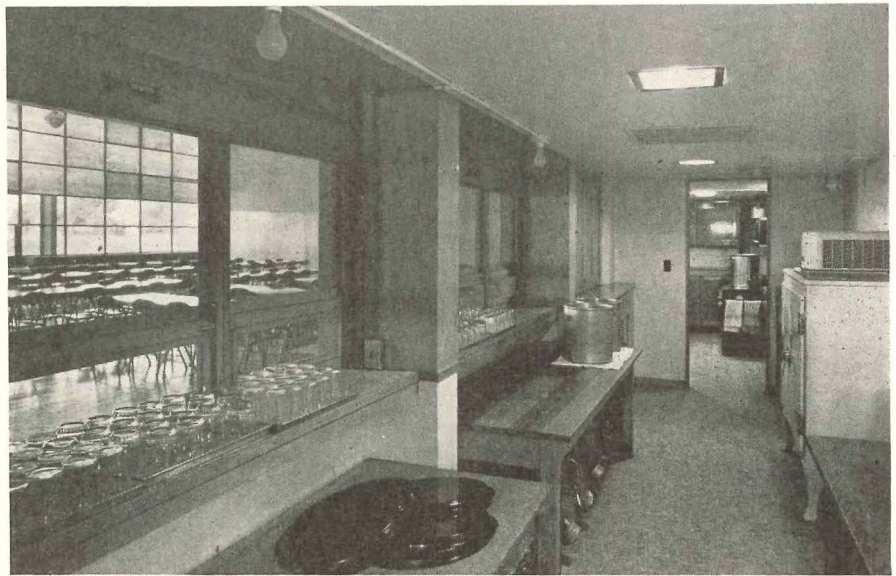


Left: Handsome design and very careful execution of these science-room benches has resulted in careful handling and respect by pupils. The pipe at the rear of the room is an exhaust for chemical fumes

Right: A domestic science room is doubling as a study hall. In this room cabinets are white enamel steel with linoleum tops and wall is finished in washable paint



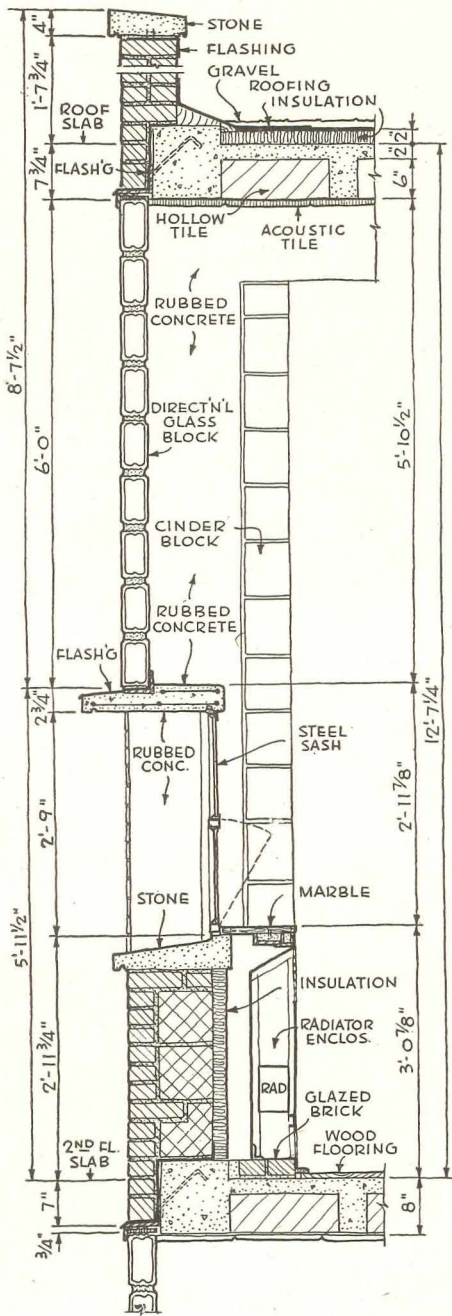




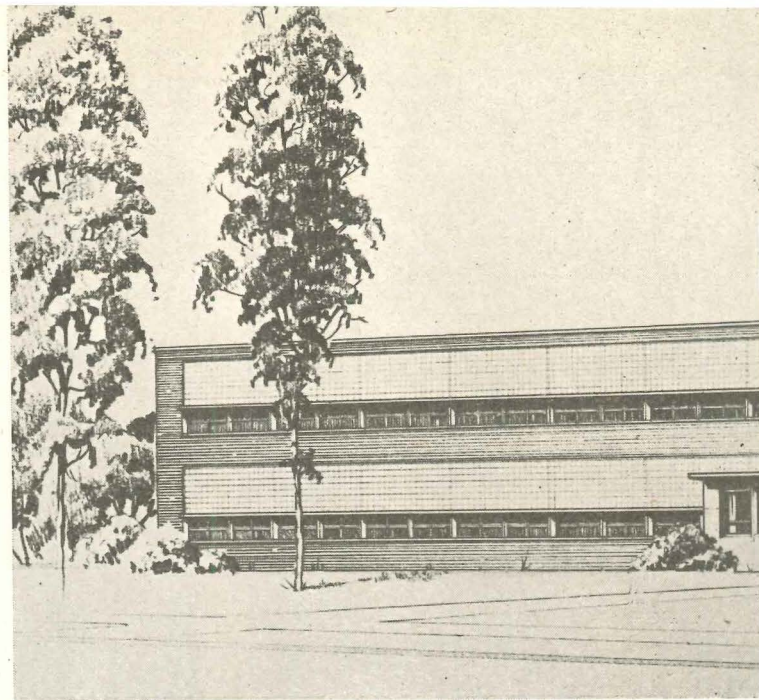
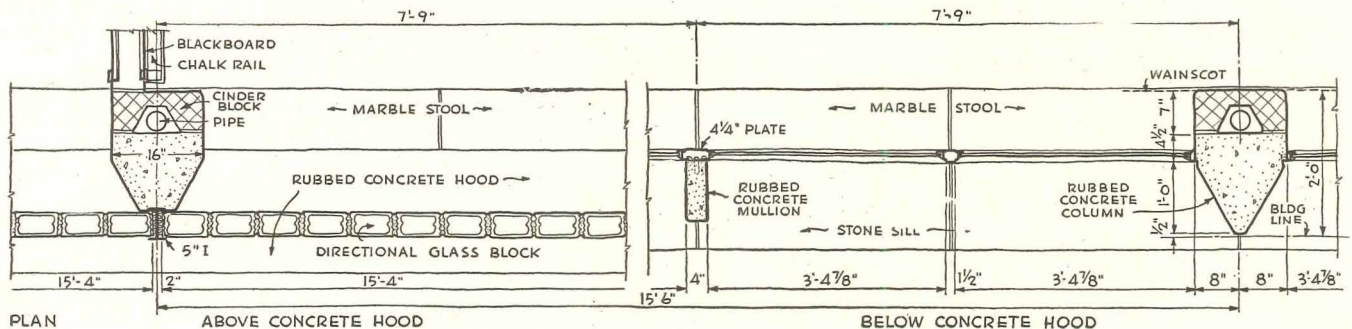
Serving room (above) for lunch room (below) was originally intended to dispense only sandwiches, and this explains its long narrow shape (see plan, p. 82). At the last minute the far end was adapted as a kitchen to serve a single hot dish. Only a slight widening, the help thought, would be required to make the shape ideal even for the unexpected heavier use. Lunch room wainscot is natural-finish birch plywood, 7 ft. high. Above this, the wall and ceiling are acoustic tile. By starting at a bulkhead line 1 ft. above the floor, and making doors 7 ft. high, the architects are able to fit their vertical elevations (as well as horizontal plans) to neat use of a 2-ft. module







Vertical section, above, and horizontal sections, below, show the detailing which has made possible the clean architectural effect indicated in perspective. Note especially narrow hood shading vision-strip of clear glass, and splayed mullions

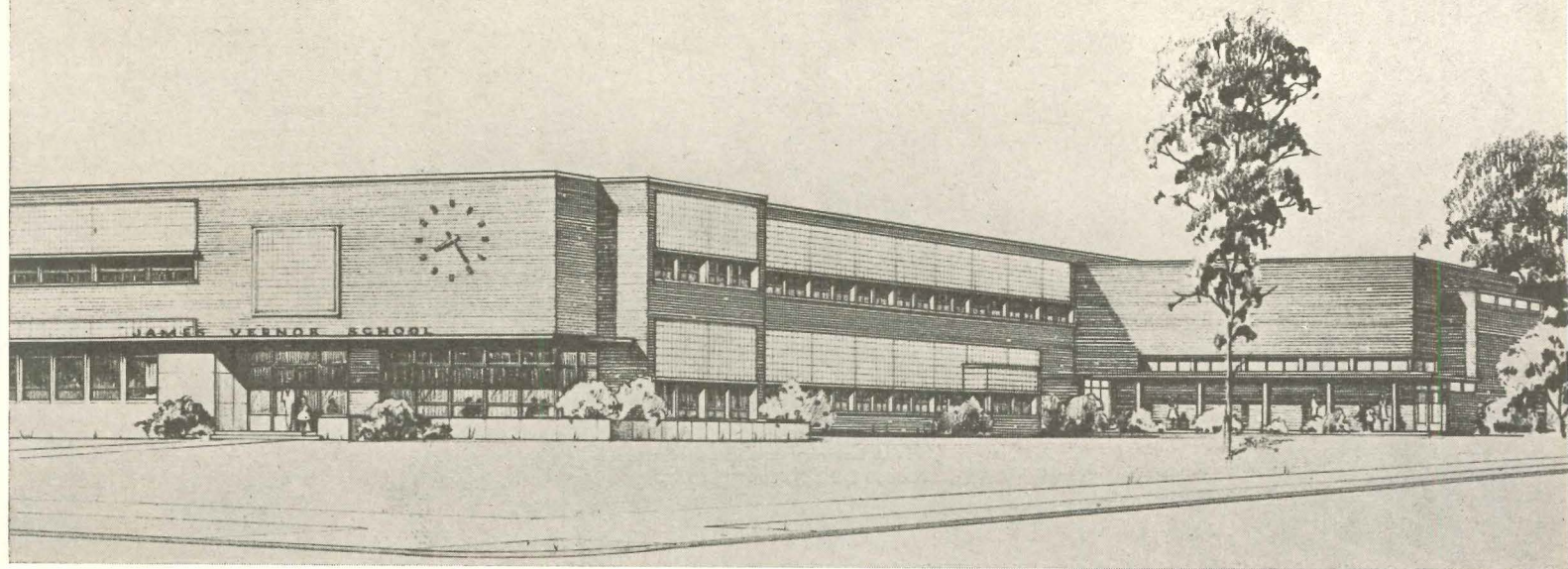


## UNILATERAL LIGHTING, TWO-STORY SCHOOL

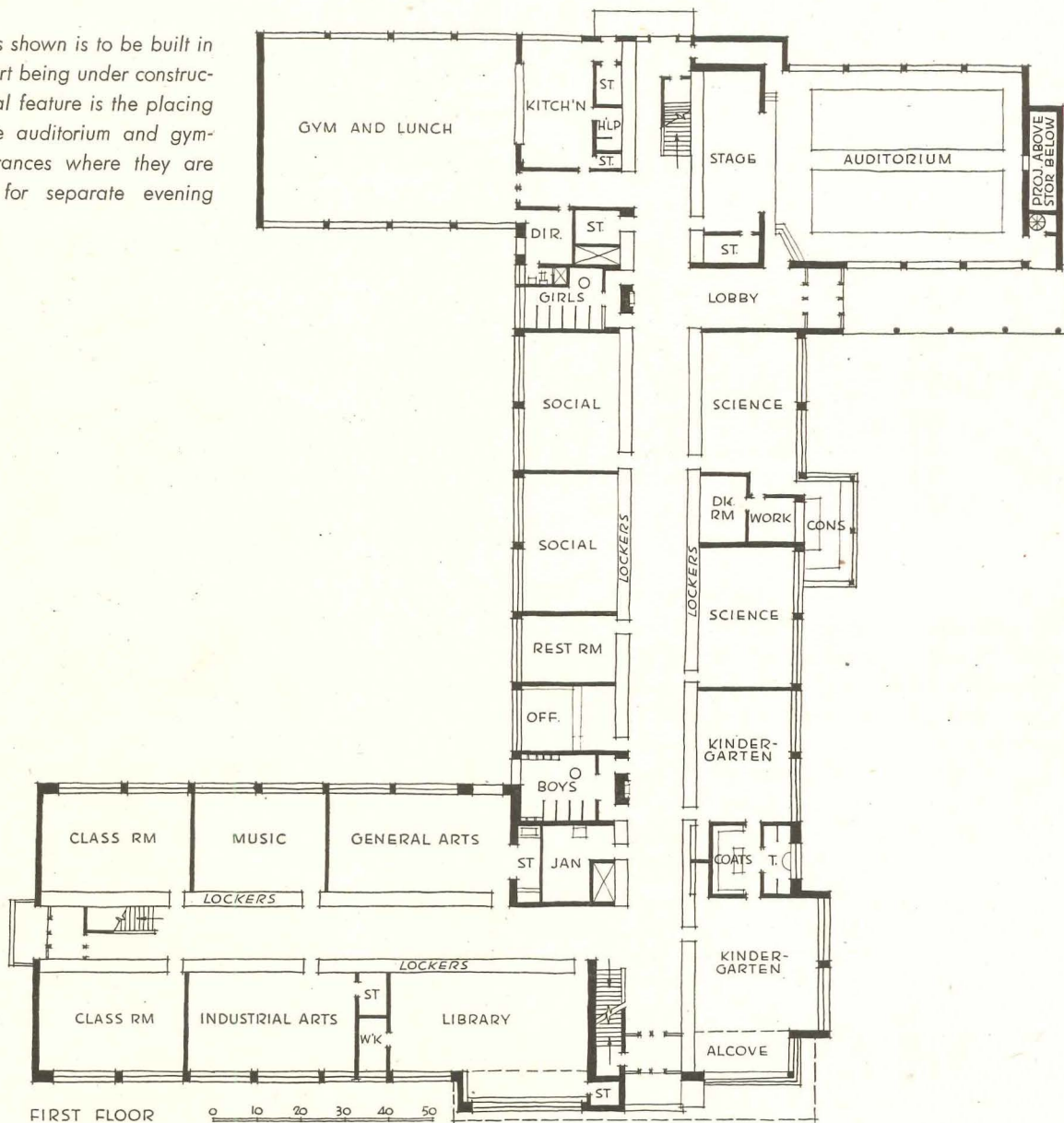
*James Vernor School, Detroit*  
*Eberle M. Smith Associates, Architects-Engineers*

**P**ART of this school is under construction under a modified program, but the plan seen across-page is the ultimate development. Apart from the interest which attaches to the plan, there was special interest for the editors in the exceptionally handsome handling of a glass-block exterior. A large number of school buildings is under design or construction using prismatic glass block for its efficiency in redirecting daylight to the rear of the room. Too many of these designs are mechanical and uninteresting. The details shown herewith incorporate the desired vision strip of clear glass to yield a view, and the important feature of a hood over this vision strip to shade it against glare. In designing a slender hood and gaining acceptance for it from code authorities, the Detroit architects have provided their confreres with useful ammunition.

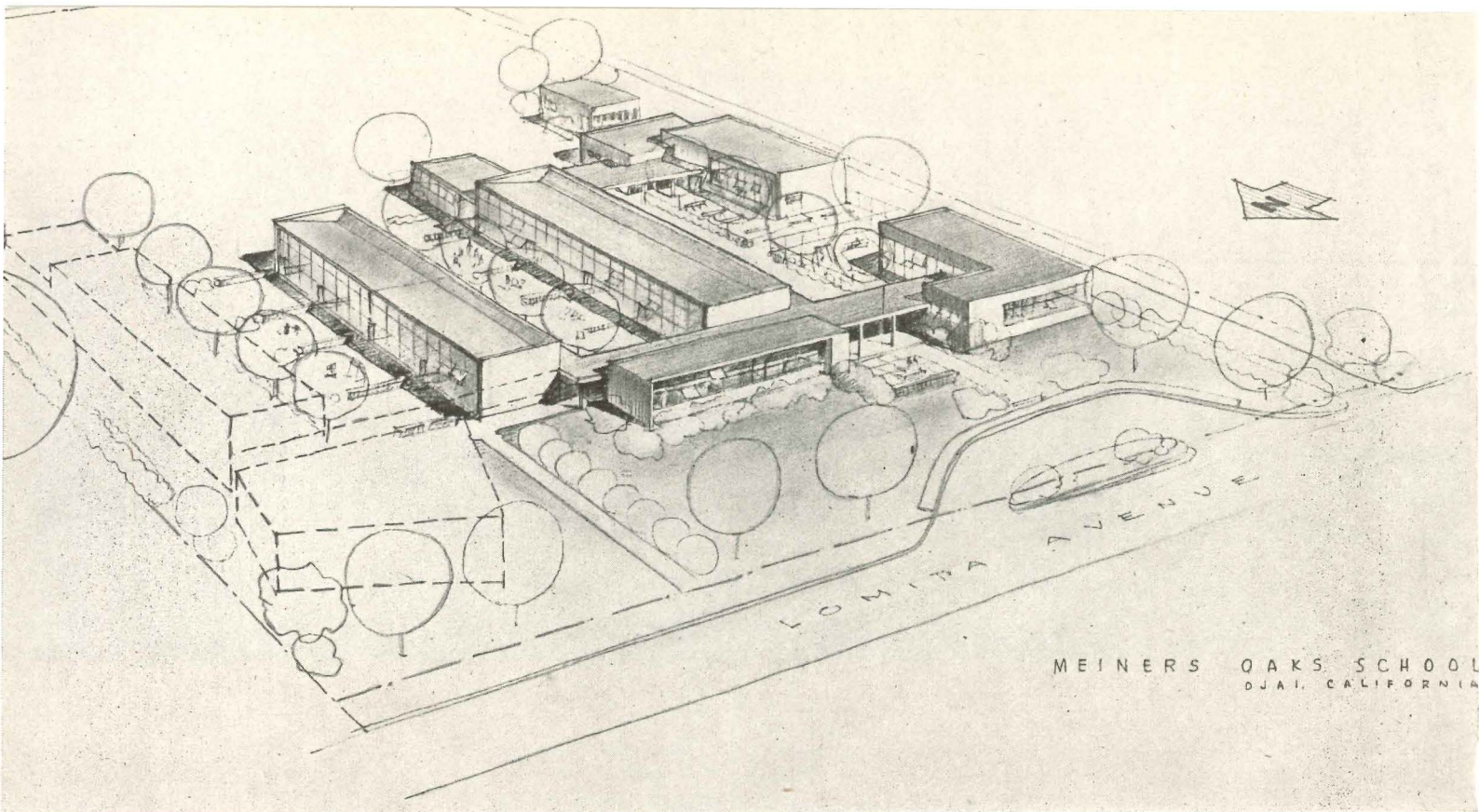




The school plan as shown is to be built in stages, the first part being under construction now. A special feature is the placing of the library, the auditorium and gymnasium, near entrances where they are easily available for separate evening community use







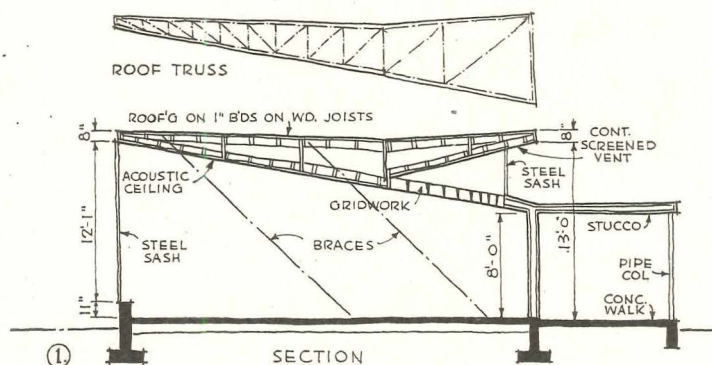
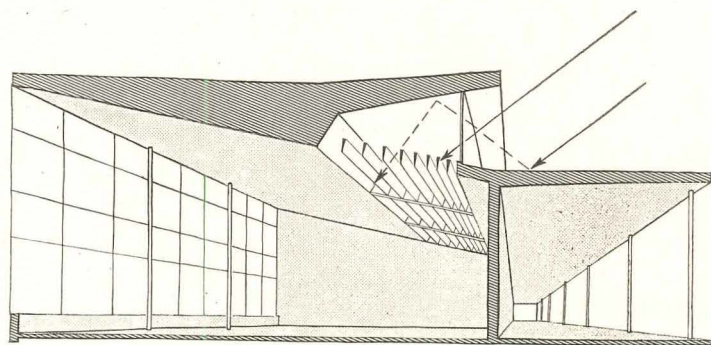
## NEW BILATERAL LIGHTING, OPEN PLAN

*Meiners Oaks School, Ojai, Cal., Maynard Lyndon, Architect*

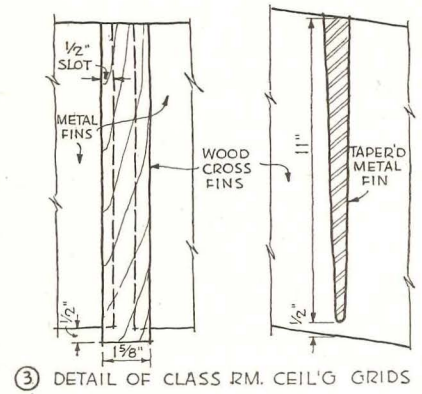
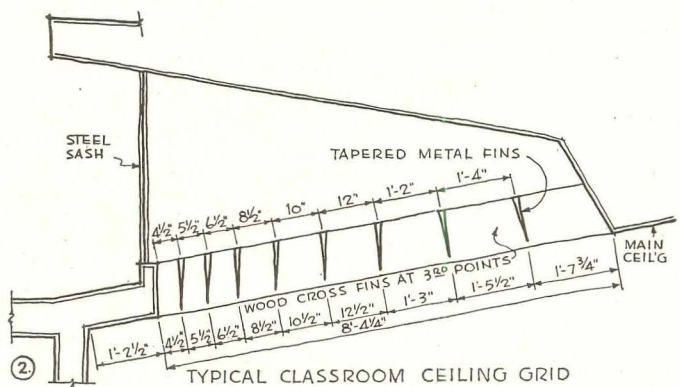
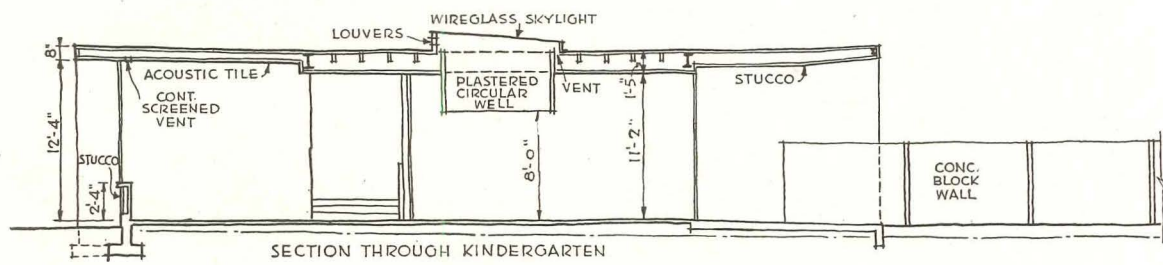
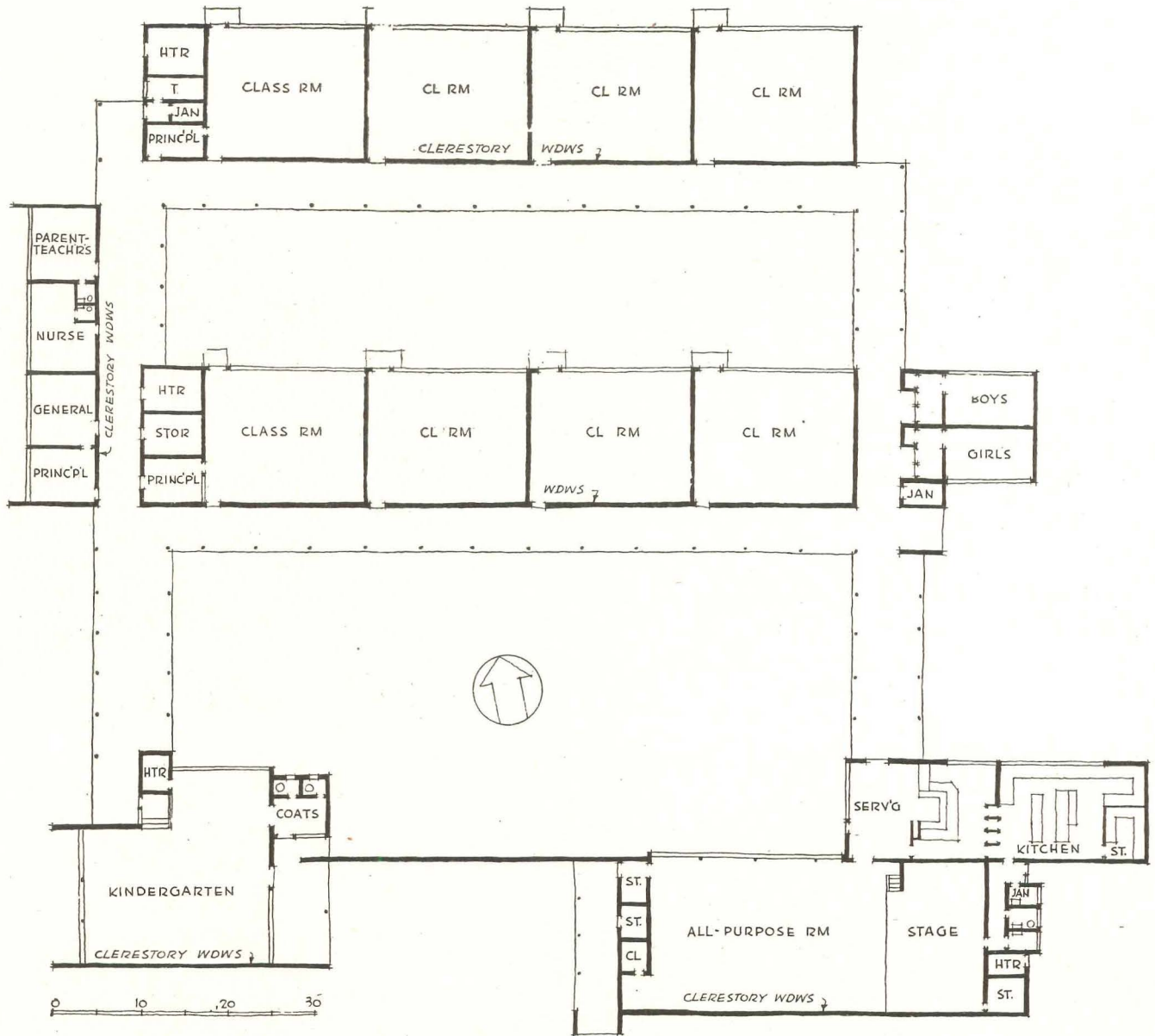
HERE is a very clearly articulated open plan, in which every function is well served by a well defined separate unit, with a consequent pleasant massing of the group. The vocabulary is the same throughout, and the corridors are a handsome unifying feature.

Kindergarten and "all-purpose room" are nicely separated from the classroom wings. Upon later completion of the auditorium (dotted) the "all-purpose room" can be relieved of its extra functions. There is a separate administration unit, equipped with parent-teacher room and nurse's office, and a separate toilet house.

Special interest attaches to the bilateral lighting innovation. It follows the good principle of "getting all the daylight inside before controlling it." Fixed louvers are so calculated (detail, bottom of opposite page) as to shut out all direct view of the sky. They continue the simple sloping plane of the ceiling which appears to rise skyward. As indicated in the sketch, there is auxiliary use of light reflected from the corridor roof. Louvers are also expected by the architect to have some effect absorbing and re-radiating solar heat when sun is low and heat most desirable. Heating will be radiant from coils in concrete floor, with supplementary convector pipe under window sill counteracting large glass area; illumination will be indirect, from bowl-silvered lamps in concentric louver fixtures.







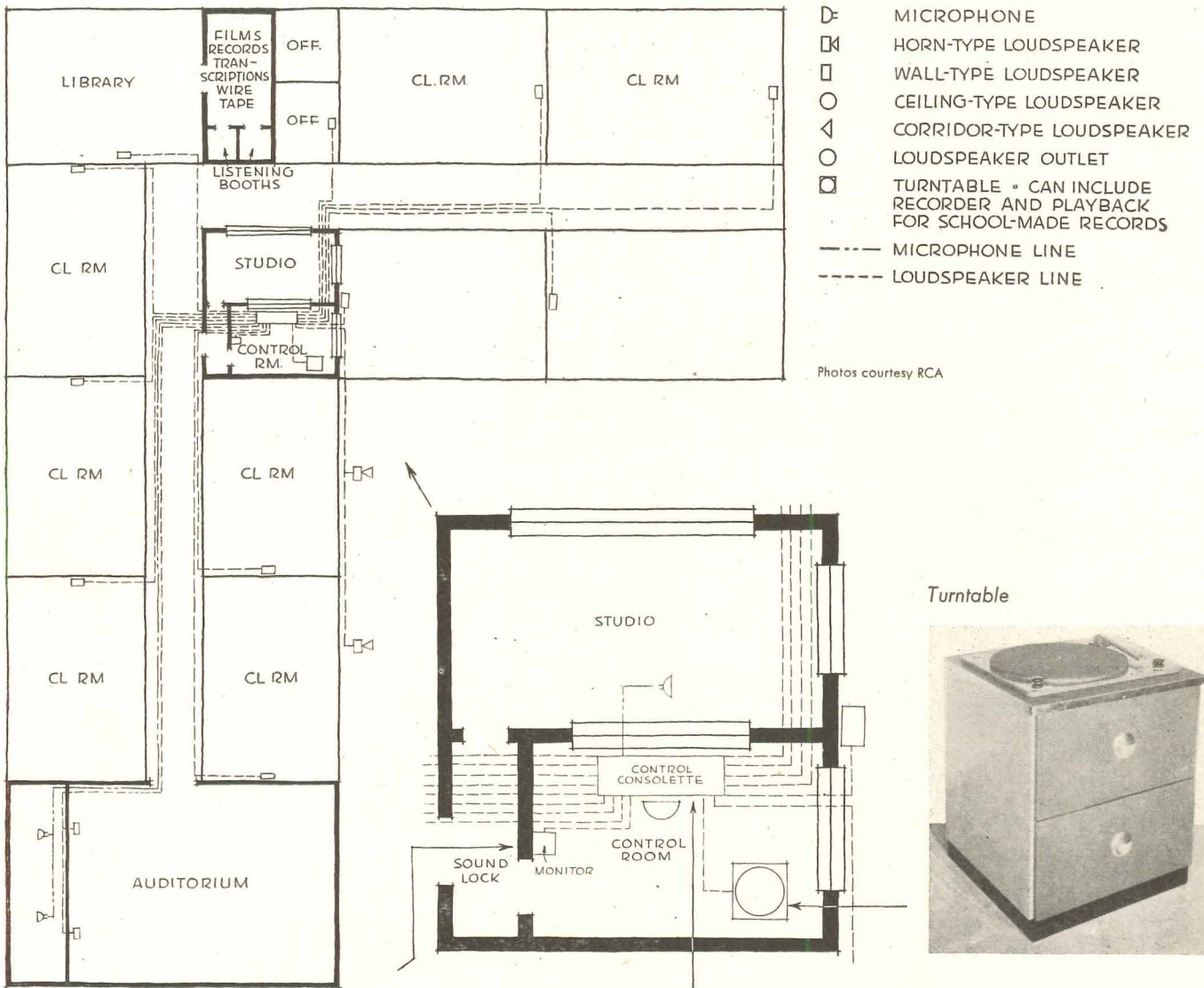


# PLANNING FOR CENTRAL SOUND SYSTEMS

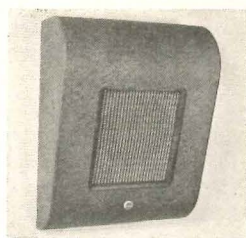
**D**IAGRAMS on this and the succeeding two pages have been prepared by R. deHaan of the Radio Corporation of America to illustrate good practice, and suggest extra utility, in the installation of school sound systems. They implement recommendations made in a recent publication, "School Sound Systems — Basic Standards," issued jointly by the U. S. Office of Education and the Radio Manufacturers Association.

Emphasis is on the sound system as a potential instrument of learning and student participation. This is en-

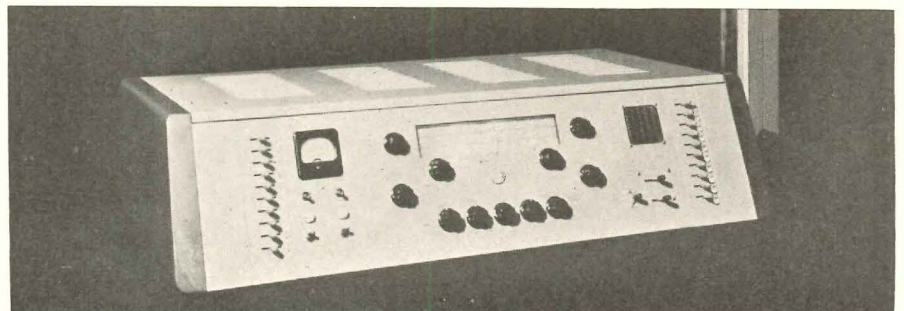
tirely separate from the notion of a listening-in and announcement-making arrangement serving the principal's needs and moods, though announcements can be made instantly over the central sound system as part of its service. Nine groups of student use are involved: (a) listening to many kinds of radio material from outside and (b) from within the school; (c) producing radio programs for interior use and (d) broadcast among other schools; (e) the same four uses of transcribed, recorded, and playback material; (f) student radio workshop.



Photos courtesy RCA



Monitor



Control Panel



### 1. Single-channel system, elementary or junior school

All diagrams are suggestive only, although sound centers, marked by heavier lines, are accurately developed.

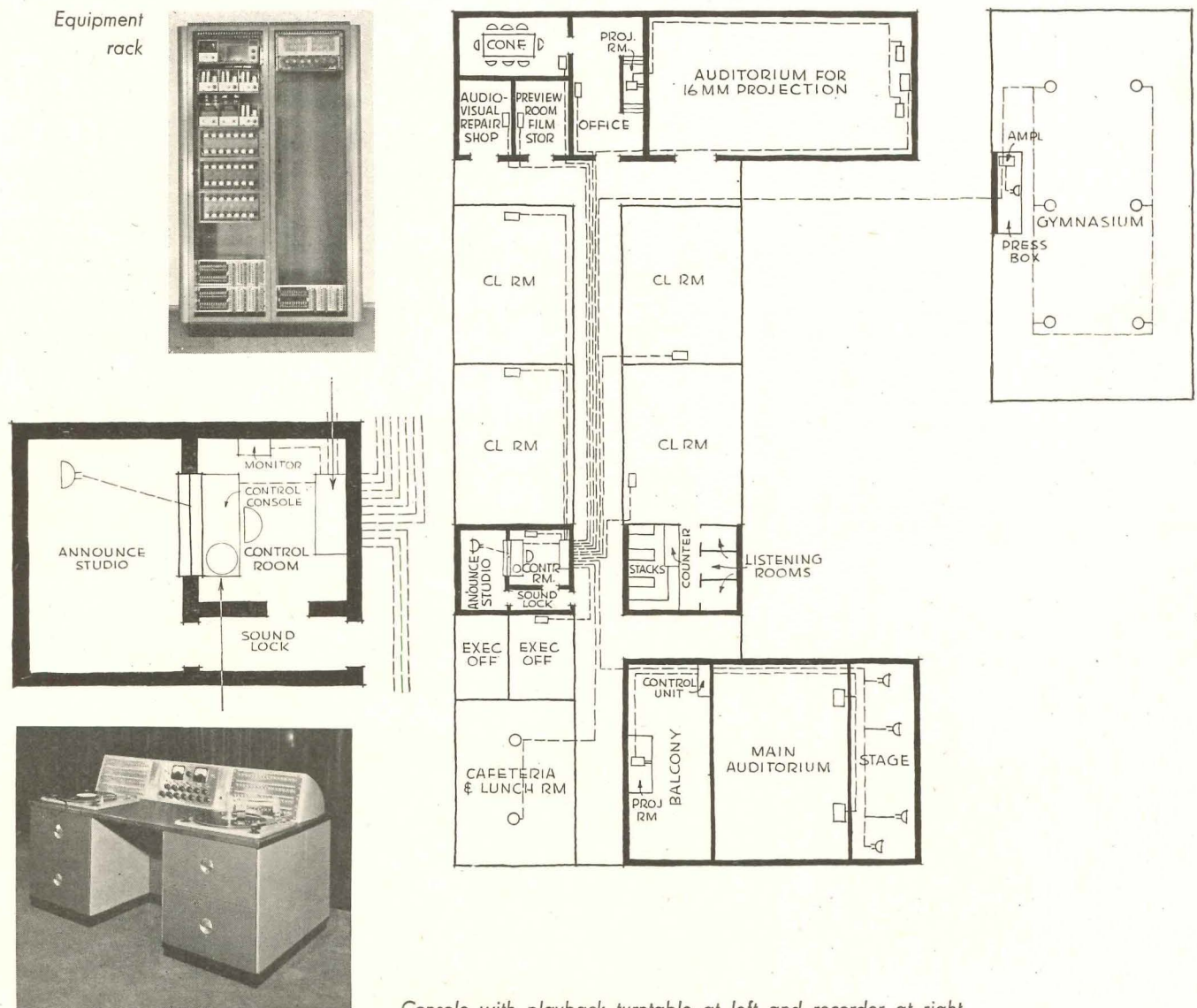
A single-channel system is indicated on the opposite page. The heart of the system is a studio which is represented in heavy outline at large scale. In the general plan of the school, this occupies a re-entrant angle — least useful for other school purposes, most useful for this one, being central for shorter runs, and isolated from outside noise. A display window dramatizes the studio from the corridor. Classroom immediately adjoining can be radio workshop — again glass panels but no direct opening. Access only through soundlock.

Equipment is shown in photographs. The key unit is a control panel or "console" on a desk (top not over 43 in. high) in view of studio. It has 6 inputs: 3 microphones (2 in auditorium, 1 in studio), 1 radio tuner, 1 turntable, and 1 outside line. The operator can mix the input of the 3 mikes and 1 turntable in any desired combination, send it to any desired room or combination of rooms. Volume is checked visually by an indicator

on his panel; volume and quality by a monitor speaker in the control room. Optional intercommunication system between control points and classroom can be modified to provide virtually a dual-channel system.

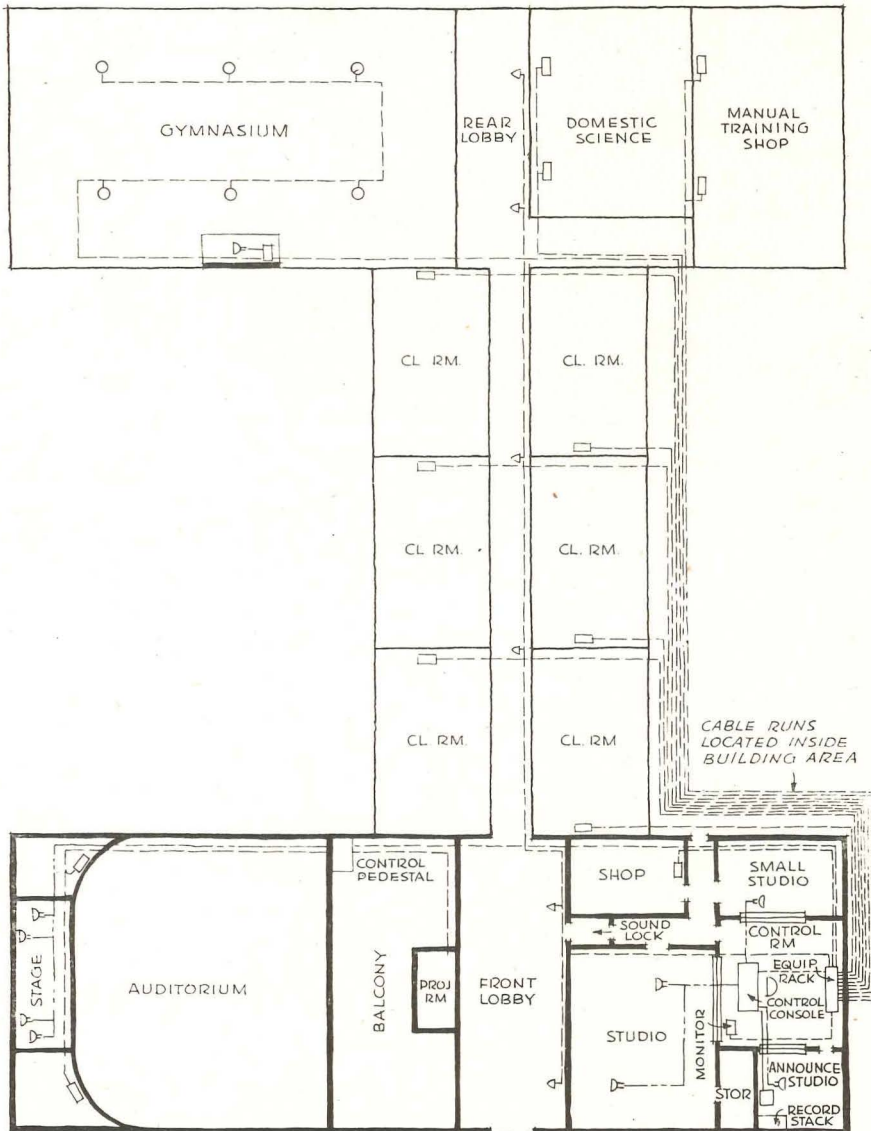
### 2. Dual channel system, junior school

Here is a considerably more elaborate arrangement, with no fewer than five centers of activity fully developed for diagrammatic purposes. Studio and control room remain essentially the same in arrangement, except that a full-sized console replaces the desk-mounted panel, incorporating recorder and dual-speed playback, and a separate equipment rack is used for all incoming and outgoing connections, power amplifiers, etc. Input circuits shown include 2 outside lines, 1 studio mike, 1 mike at press box in gym, 1 line from auditorium where a small pre-control unit on a pedestal makes various combined pickups from 4 mikes on the stage and from sound projector, for forwarding to the central control head for redistribution. Small auditorium and adjuncts at head of plan are a nicely integrated and isolated audio-visual center.



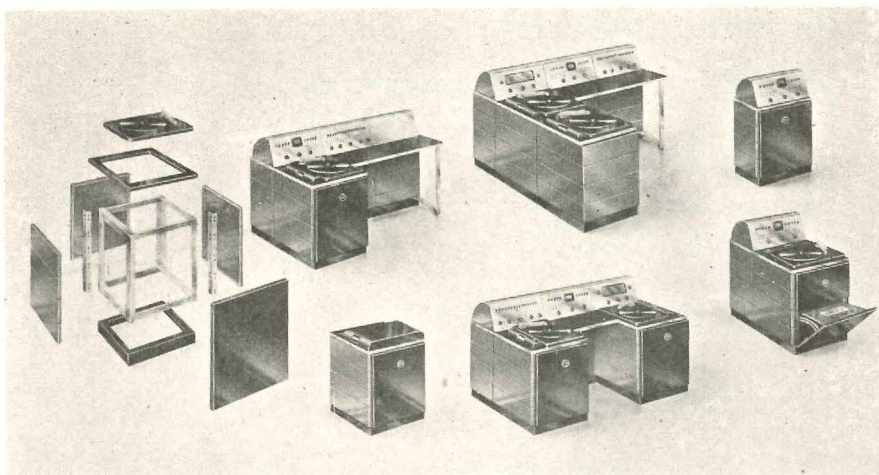
Console with playback turntable at left and recorder at right





### 3. Dual channel, junior or senior school

Here we have a control room that has a 3-way connection with a large studio, small studio, and announce studio as part of a radio laboratory opposite the main auditorium. The auditorium has the same equipment as in (2), previous page; but there is added a shop for repairs and instruction. The "announce" studio has high utility, providing for storage of records and other materials.



Courtesy RCA

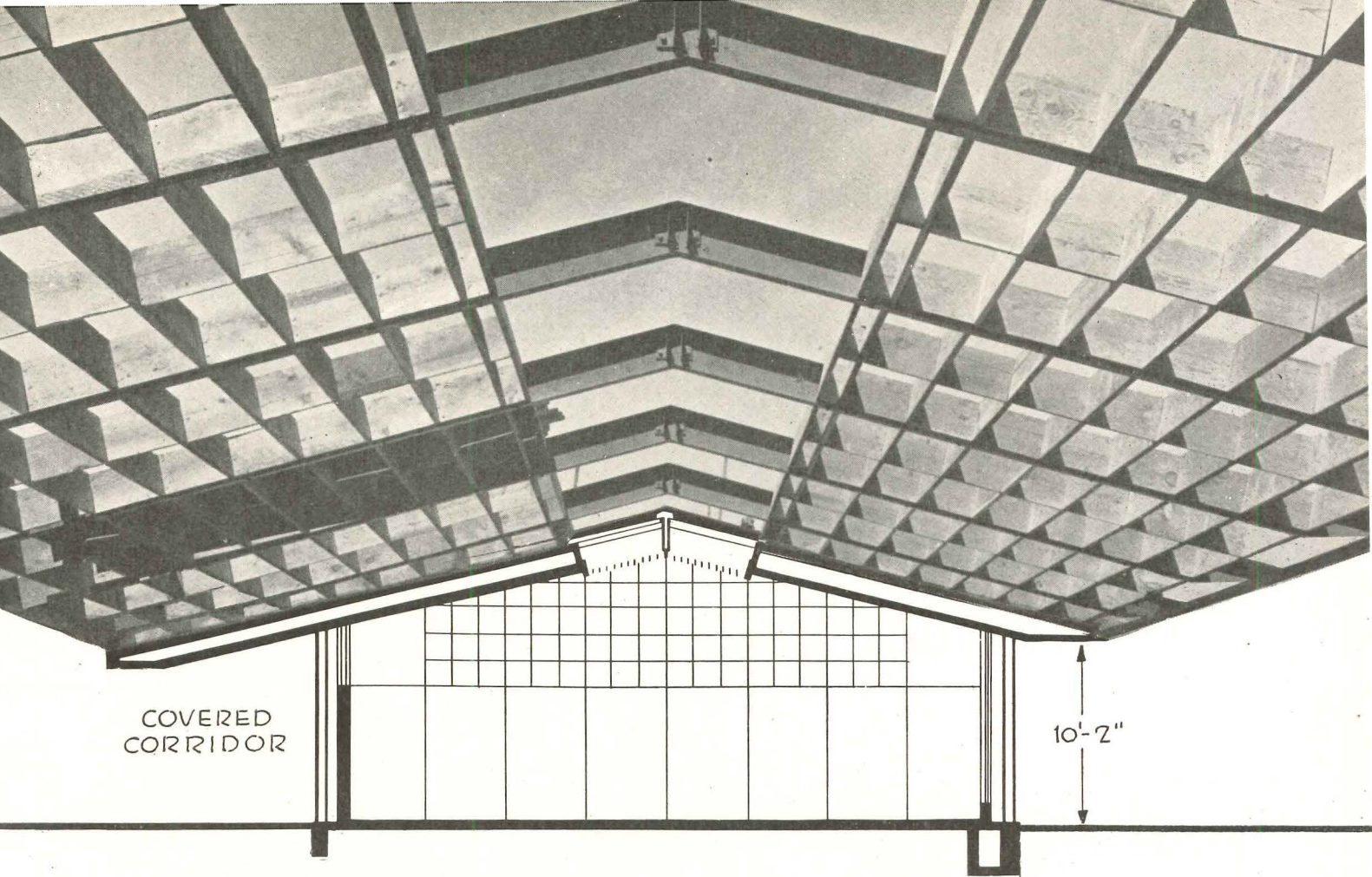
### Studio and control room criteria

The studio and control room area will need special consideration and treatment. The following is a list of criteria which should be met:

1. Location should be in the quietest part of the school plant.
2. Air conditioning is needed in studios and control areas for comfort and heat dissipation from equipment.
3. Sound conditioning of the entire area. Conduits, both intake and exhaust, should be baffled, insulated, and, where possible, floated.
4. A means of communication between studios and control room should be readily available at all times.
5. Doors leading from the sound lock should be of a quiet-closing and sound-insulating type, and allow for the easy passage of grand pianos.
6. Storage facilities are needed for equipment.
7. Fixed plate glass windows between studios and control room should be double  $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. plate glass with a minimum of  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. dead air space between panes. Viewing area need not be lower than about 36 in. above floor level or higher than 66 in. above floor level; must be wide enough, side to side, to afford full vision.
8. Conduits, 1 in. or larger, from the exterior of the building to the control room, exclusively for telephone and communication.
9. Silent clocks with sweep second hands in studios and control room.
10. Locate transformer starters for fluorescent lights outside studios.
11. Control of all lighting in studios should be centralized in control room.
12. Service wiring having minimum capacity of 20 amps. needed in studios and control room.
13. Control panels to be independently lighted.
14. Use troughs or overhead supports for microphone cables to prevent damage.
15. Studio windows in outside wall should be double-glassed and sealed.
16. A signal light fitted to mike stand should be so fitted as to indicate positively when mike is alive.

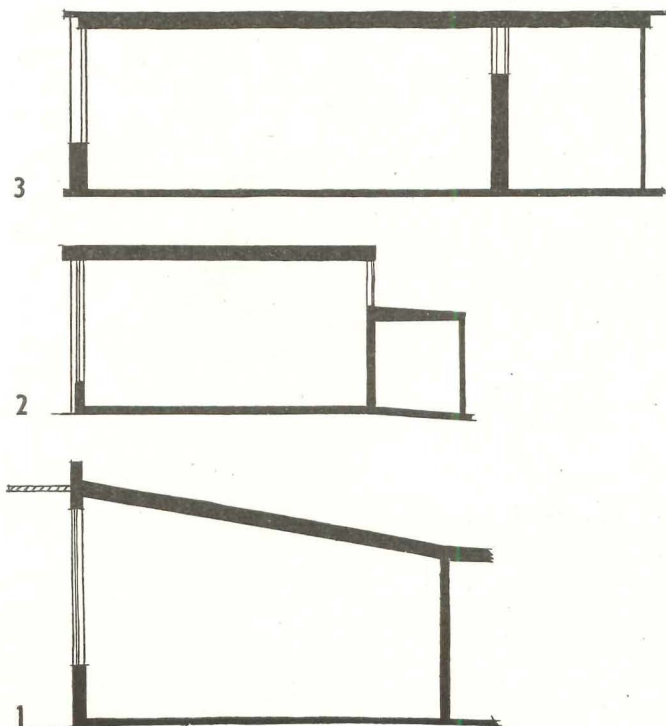
Perspective drawing shows one manufacturer's school equipment, all combinable on a modular basis on unit chassis





## "TRI-LATERAL" LIGHTING, PANEL HEATING

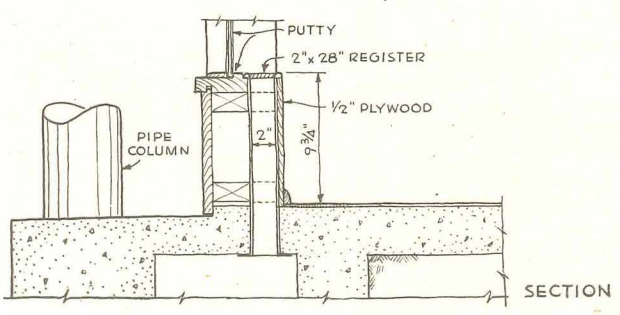
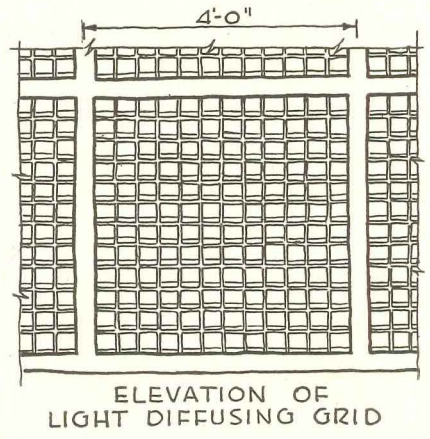
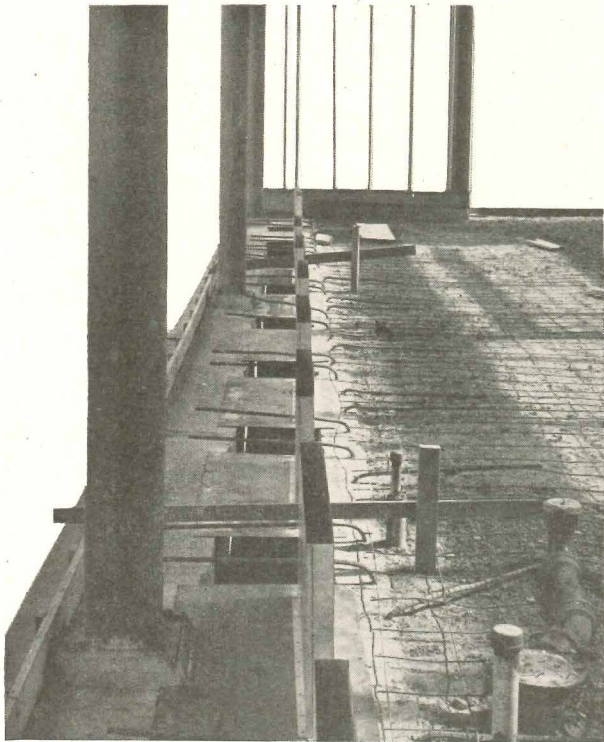
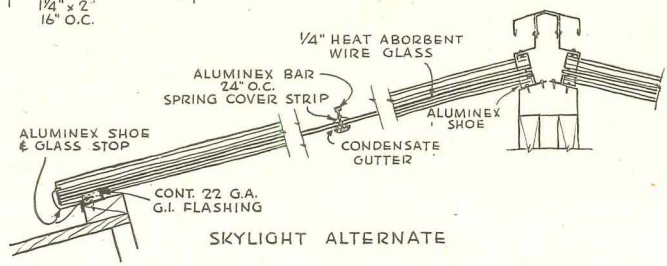
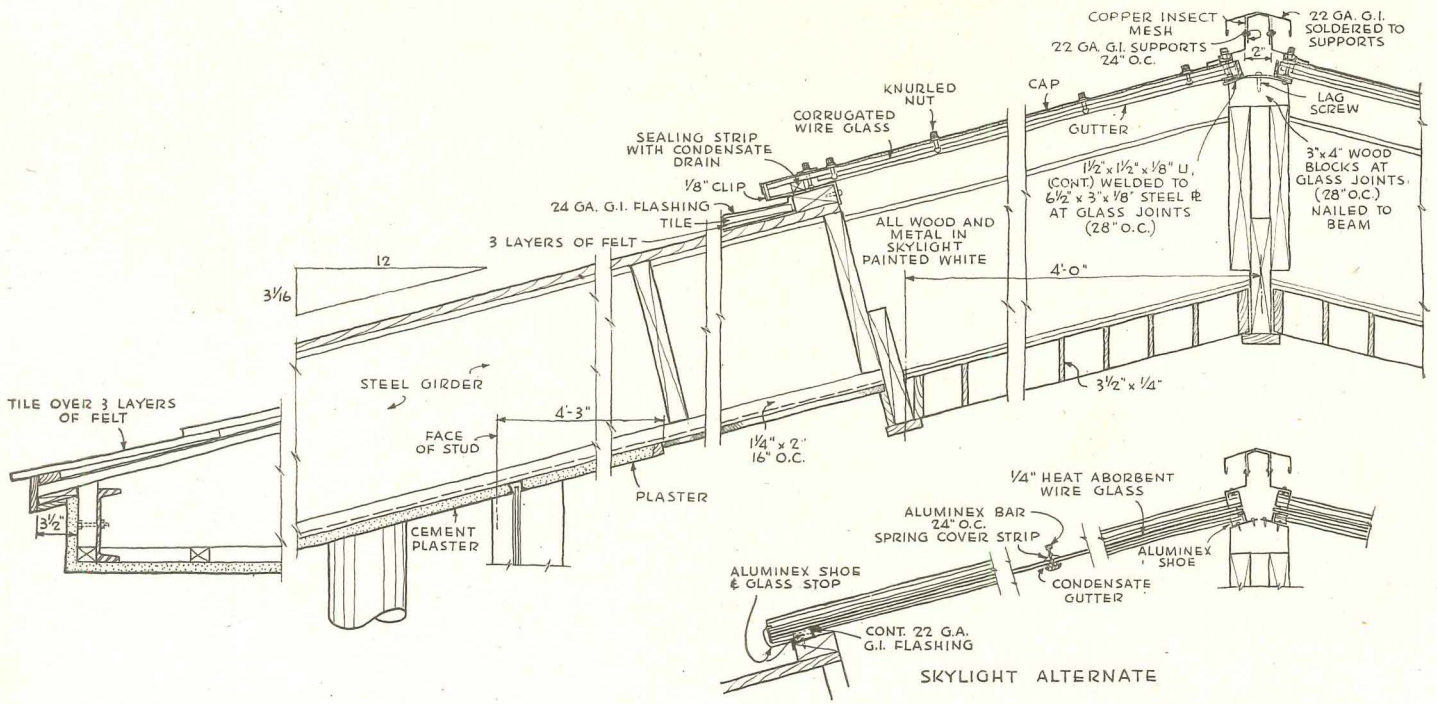
*Laurel Creek School, California, Franklin, Kump & Falk, Architects-Engineers*



A SCHOOL type so different as to be virtually new is seen in the composite illustration above. Faced with the problem of getting additional light for the new deep 32-ft. square classroom, a number of architects have been pushing back light sources such as clerestories over the middle of the room. Here the solution is astonishingly direct and obvious. To obtain more light overhead (the best kind of light) you bring it straight down from the sky through a skylight. Structure is simple and the building shape classically quiet, child-scaled, satisfactory. It presupposes, of course, square classrooms, a single-loaded corridor, a one-story structure.

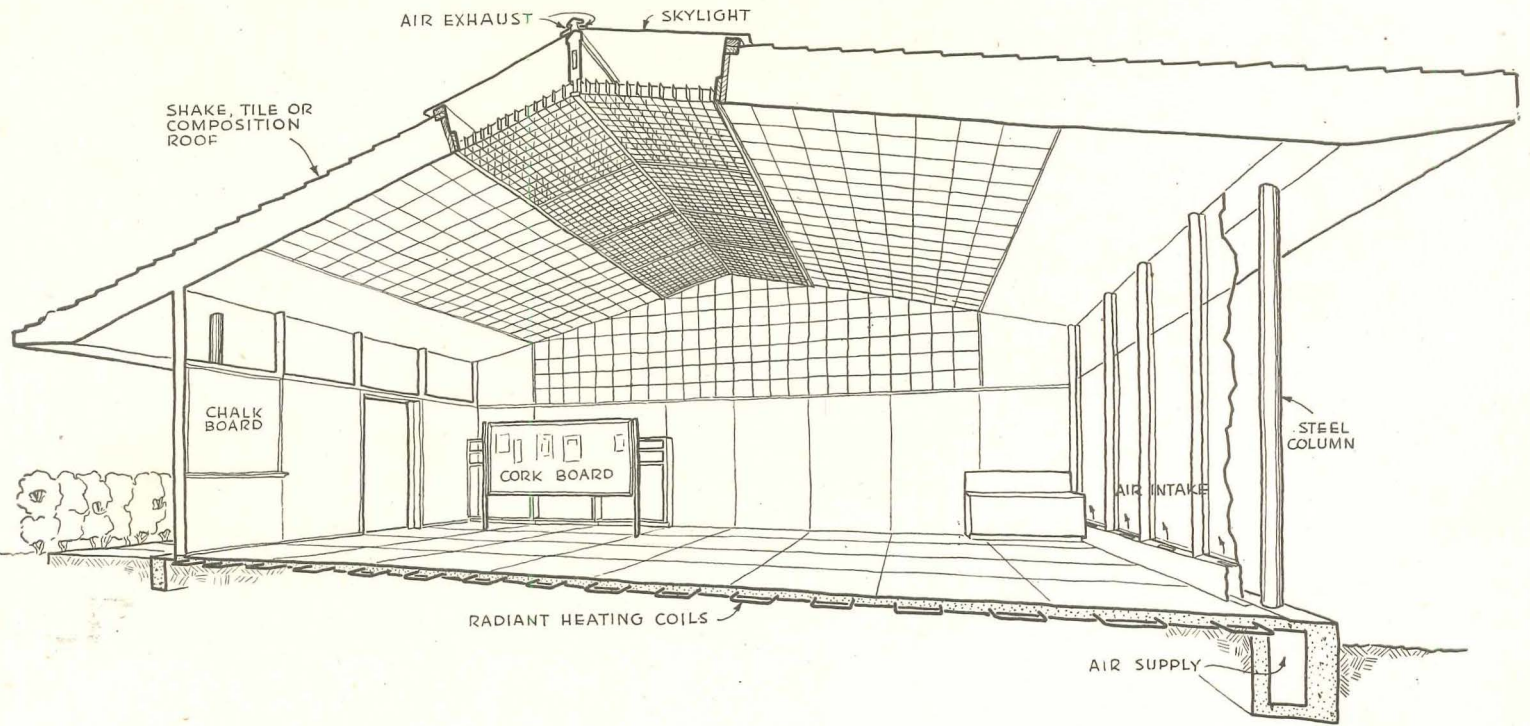
The composite view (not 100 per cent precise) shows the roof under construction, superimposed upon a vertical section. Below are seen previous steps in an evolution now nicely rounded: (1) tall windows in a relatively high narrow room give satisfactory unilateral performance; (2) bilateral light is added from clerestory above southern corridor; room can widen; (3) problems of flashing eliminated and glare of southerly sun through clerestory minimized by a single slab roof. Finally, we





Details and progress photograph show integration of light controls and heating system. Top, roof construction showing alternate skylight schemes and diffusing grid under the skylight; beneath this, elevation of the light-diffusing grid. Construction photograph shows ventilation ducts in position at the base of the full-height windows as indicated in the section at the bottom of the page





get trilateral lighting, as seen in the large diagram and perspective.

Sketch and details on these two pages show how the system is carried out and integrated with panel heating. The plywood egg-crate baffle acts as diffuser and dispels glare. An interesting detail is the substitution in this school of round steel columns for the H-shapes of

earlier Kump postwar schools. These stand outside the curtain wall, not in it.

The grand effect is to provide a uniformly bright, temperate, fresh interior environment requiring not a stroke of effort by the teacher. The innovations were considered important enough not to wait for completion. The finished school will be presented in a later RECORD.

## ZONED PANEL HEATING, FULLY AUTOMATIC VENTILATION

**T**EACHERS in this school have complete freedom from fussing with heating and ventilating controls because of the balanced automatic design of the system. Laurel Creek School is the sixth large radiant heating installation designed by these architects. (Among them are Campbell School, Sunnybrae School at San Mateo, and White Oaks School at San Carlos — ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, March 1946, pp. 100-107.) It is the first, however, in which windows are fixed, with provision for fully automatic ventilation as well as heating. The basic heating system is one of radiant floor panels — supplemented and balanced by forced warm air which serves (a) to overcome initial lag, (b) to balance window heat loss and overcome condensation, and (c) to perform the ventilating function without drafts. This dual system falls in with a major trend in school heating.

As shown in the photographs on the following page, floor panel heating is provided by copper coils in the 4-in. concrete floor slab, for circulation of low-temperature hot water. All copper coils are tested under 300 psi before concrete is poured.

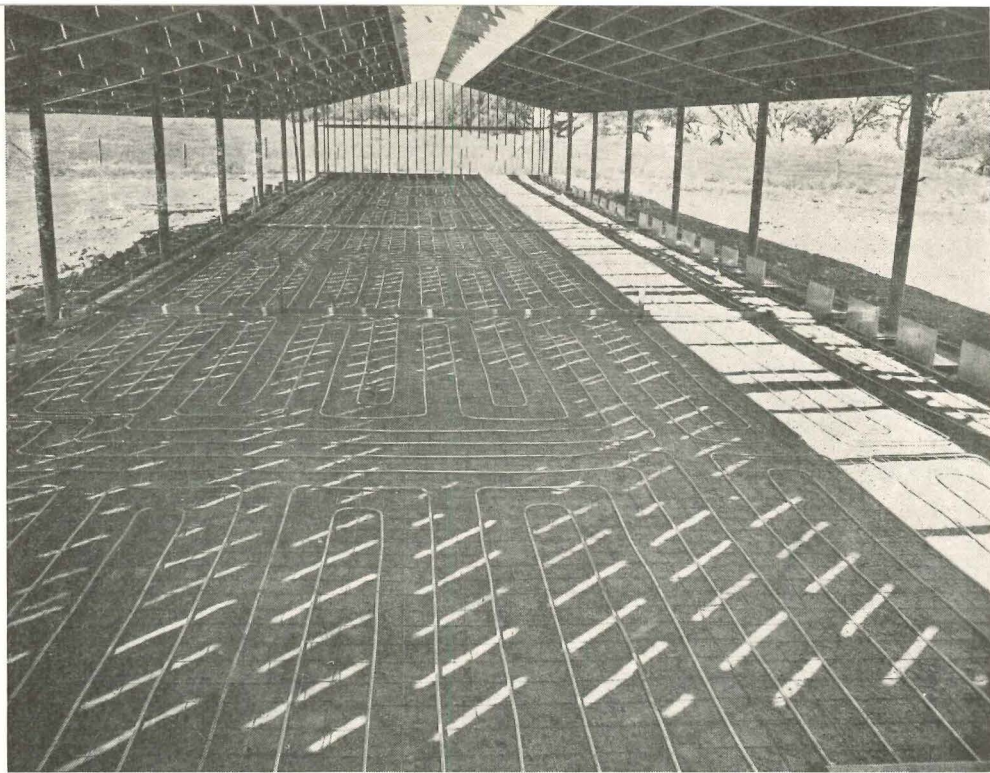
Heating will be zoned for individual classrooms. Tem-

peratures are controlled in each room by a pneumatic room thermostat operating a pneumatic by-pass valve. A manifold is built into the side wall. Recommended practice is to operate hot-water circulating pumps continuously, though at a minimum rate at night, because once circulation is stopped and pipes and floor are allowed to cool completely it may take from 10 to 12 hours to regain desired floor temperature. Any early-morning deficiency can be overcome, however, by higher temperature in the forced air.

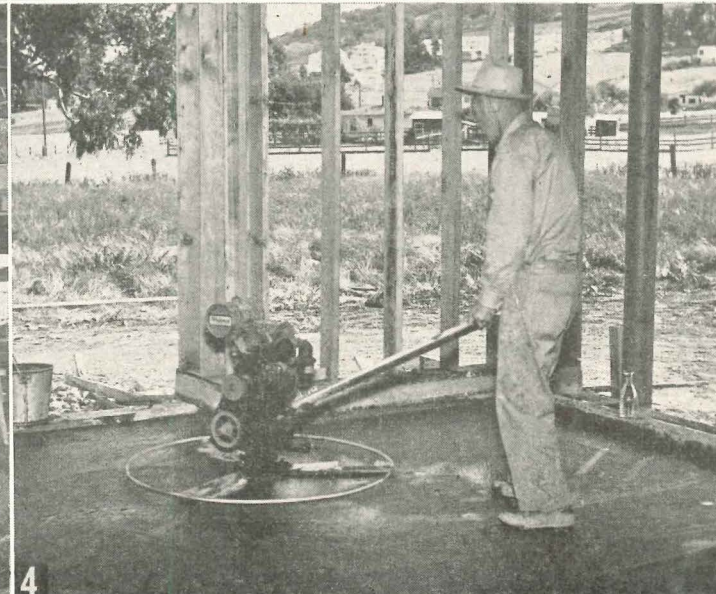
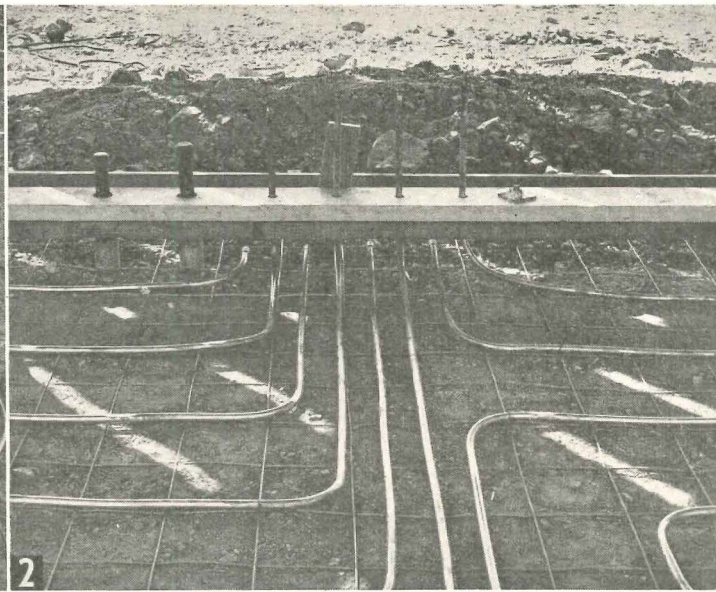
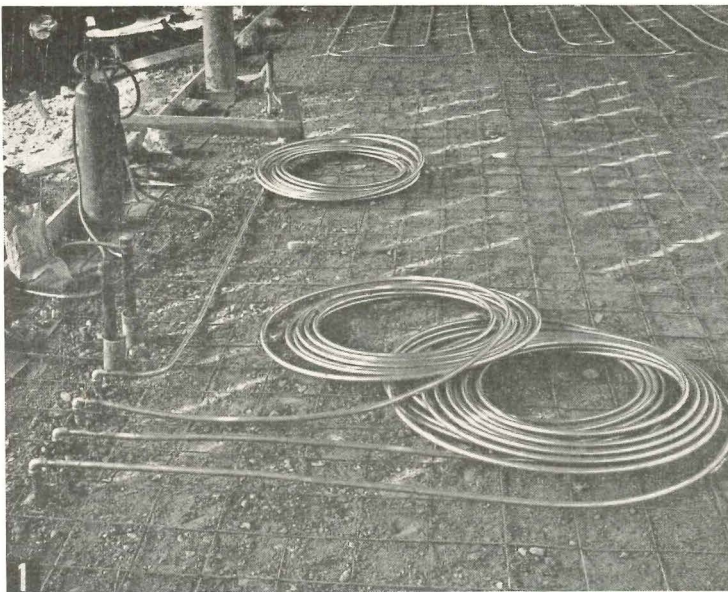
Air is introduced into the classroom by a system of ducts spaced at regular intervals along the window walls. Exhaust is provided by a vent in the central skylight. Incoming air, filtered and warmed to a temperature of from 65 to 70° F., is supplied at a rate of 30 cu. ft. per minute per person (California Building Code does not cover rate of fresh air supply, so recommendation of A.S.H.V.E. was taken as standard). It is estimated that this will mean about eight complete changes of air per hour in a classroom measuring 32 by 32 ft. This type of ventilation would also permit room cooling in hot weather by minor modifications.



Progress photographs of Laurel Creek School radiant heating installation (an experienced two-man crew took only three days to form copper tube coils for eight 32-ft. square classrooms and wire tube to steel matting). Top view shows separate zoning for four rooms. Below, (1) copper tubes ready for coiling; (2) radiant heating coils attached to the baseboard before concrete slab is poured; (3) pouring concrete floor slabs — workman at left is raising the steel netting so that radiant heating coils are centered in the slab; (4) using a troweling machine to surface the finished concrete floor. Note ease of access because of steel-frame supports, widely spaced. This also puts structure quickly under roof, the frame being entirely independent of the curtain wall and self-braced



Philip Planert Photos





# PERFORMANCE CODE FOR NEW HEATING

*New York State recommendations contain many novel elements*

**P**ROBABLY the most discussed event in the past year in the realm of school heating and ventilating was the appearance of the 1946 code of recommended practice for New York State.\* Prepared by a committee under the guidance of Dr. C. E. A. Winslow and Dr. P. E. Nelbach of Yale, the booklet makes several very significant departures:

1. The approach is made from a thorough analysis of basic physiological principles, not from hand-book rules.
2. A big reduction in the fresh air requirement in classrooms puts the intake capacity at 15 cubic feet per minute per child, not the customary 30 CFM of the ASHVE Guide. Moreover a special warning is issued and precautions are taken *against over-design*.
3. Standards set are entirely performance standards. Any type of heating and ventilating system which meets these standards can be approved.
4. *Mechanical systems are not mandatory.*
5. There is considerable discussion of "open-window" methods of ventilation.
6. The combined effect of these stipulations is to give greatly increased initiative and incentive for invention to the architect.

Two excellent brief chapters on "Physiological Objectives" and on "Specific Recommendations," together form a concise textbook on the general subject for the architect.

## **Physiological objectives**

The consultants remark that "over the past years we have fallen into the habit of thinking too quickly in terms of mechanical equipment and structural details. All attempts to approach from . . . an inventory of the equipment and devices available . . . are inevitably shackled by past mistakes . . . Future mechanical invention is not stimulated, for no new goals are set to be reached."

As a result of the biological research, the stipulated rate of air intake is put at 10 to 15 cubic feet per minute per pupil in ordinary classrooms, rather than the 30 CFM established by custom and the ASHVE Guide. The higher rate is based, according to the consultant, on mistaken conclusions reached in 1863! (Other States, such as Michigan and Connecticut make the same stipulations as New York, but without explanation.)

\* Heating and Ventilating Recommendations for New York State Schools. The University of the State of New York Press, Albany, New York, 1946.

Over costly installations of the past have led the department to warn architects, "The Commissioner's approval will not be given on plans and specifications which provide an over-design unless there is first filed . . . a formal resolution of the board of education stating that in the board's judgment such over-design is needed and requesting the Commissioner's approval of the over-design."

## **Methods of Attainment**

Although the New York Division sets forth deliberately to stimulate *any* fruitful procedure capable of meeting the stipulated standards, certain general types of heating and ventilating disposition are described and discussed.

Systems described in detail include: (a) direct heating with window air supply and duct exhaust with central fans; (c) direct heating with forced unit ventilator air supply and corridor gravity exhaust; (d) forced warm air with central or zone fans; (e) panel heating with window air supply and duct exhaust by gravity or central fans.

## **Architectural design: smaller cubage, new envelopes**

An integrated approach results at once in changes of building shape, orientation, detail, and equipment. Thus a concomitant of the new regulations is that architects are permitted to lower ceilings to 11 ft. 6 in. in standard classrooms of 22 by 30 ft. It is favorably mentioned that "recent trends in design indicate a tendency to divorce the ventilating function from the "window" by means of separate devices such as louvers. To the degree that natural gravity is depended upon to effect air movement, this influences architectural dispositions, encouraging new detailing by the architect.

## **Caution**

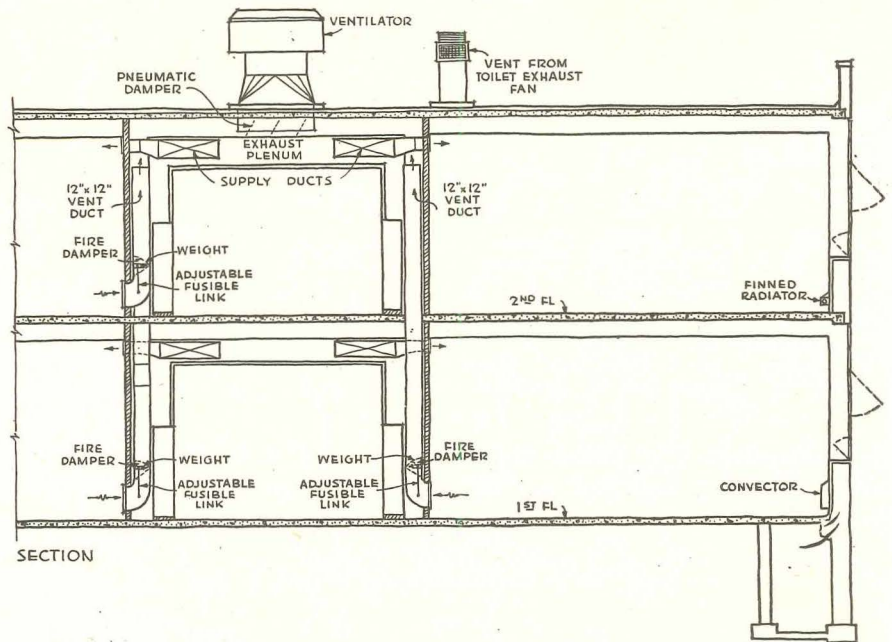
Manufacturers of prefabricated heating equipment have been quick, on the other hand, to assert that any individually designed heating and ventilating system which seeks really controlled conditions within specified limits of tolerance must in the end take care of every function now served by mechanical systems. They have challenged the state to prove that this can be achieved except by another system equally mechanical. It could also be said that controls should not depend on teachers. The ultimate effect of the New York move may be to encourage new mechanical invention, based not on existing patents but on the competition of ideas.



# A BALANCED HEATING SYSTEM

Eberle M. Smith Associates  
Architects-Engineers

In this school design, uniform heating of classrooms is provided by two kinds of steam radiation, and forced warm air



**M**ODIFICATIONS of the conventional school heating system are seen in this design for a large high school near Detroit. For balanced thermal comfort, two kinds of heating are used: (1) a system of steam radiation, and (2) a central fan ventilation system supplying warm air.

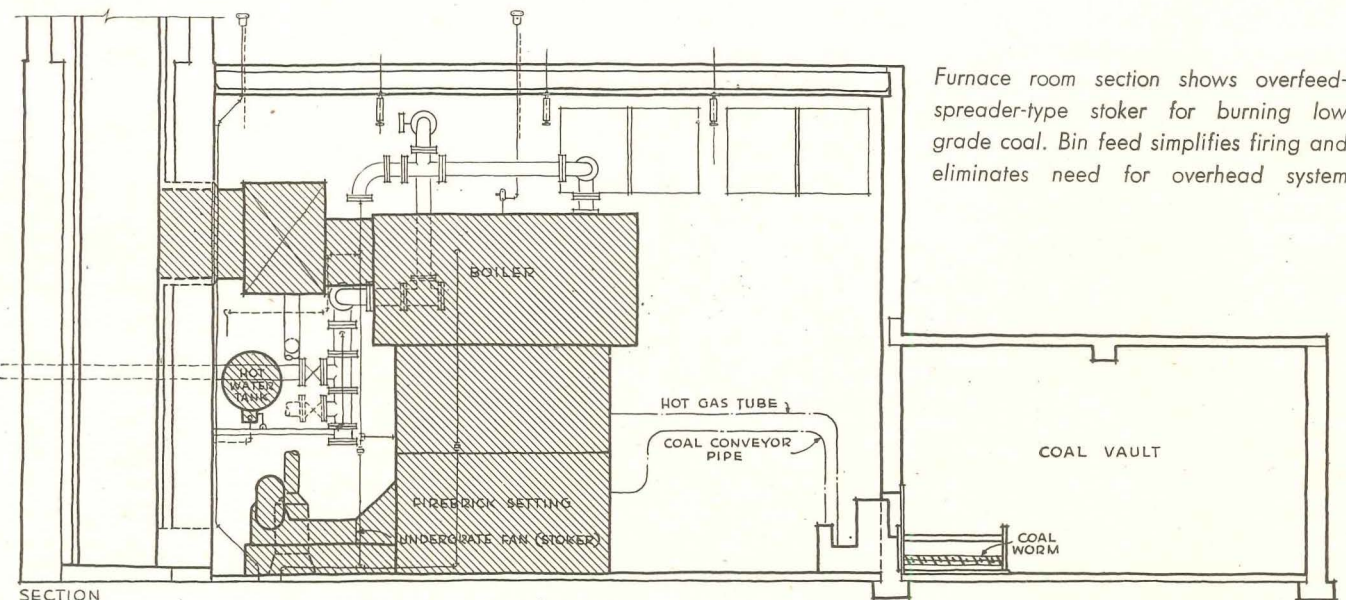
As described by Arthur T. Bersey, Mechanical Engineer, the steam radiation is of two types. Second-floor classrooms have finned-tube radiation consisting of steel or copper pipe with fins, similar to heating equipment in railroad cars. Pipe lengths are welded together to form a radiator assembly that runs the approximate length of the room, then mounted on brackets and covered with a metal shield open at top and bottom to permit air circulation. The flow of steam is controlled by a pneumatic valve and a room thermostat.

In first-floor classrooms, a standard convector is placed beneath each window. Future additions are

planned for the school which will necessitate some changes in classroom layout and the moving of partitions on the first floor. With convector-type radiators, this can be done without altering the heating system except for a slight change in the hookup of the radiator control system.

For ventilation and supplementary heating in the classrooms, forced warm air is introduced from trunk lines above the corridor ceiling. Each classroom, consisting of two bays, has an air intake and an exhaust for each bay, to allow for future changes of partitions and room rearrangement without affecting the air supply.

Furnace room equipment is shown in the sketch below. An overfeed spreader type of stoker permits use of low-grade coal. The bin-feed feature cuts down firing time and labor and also saves the construction cost of the overhead system (overhead bin or charging floor) which is usually required in large schools.



Furnace room section shows overfeed-spreader-type stoker for burning low grade coal. Bin feed simplifies firing and eliminates need for overhead system



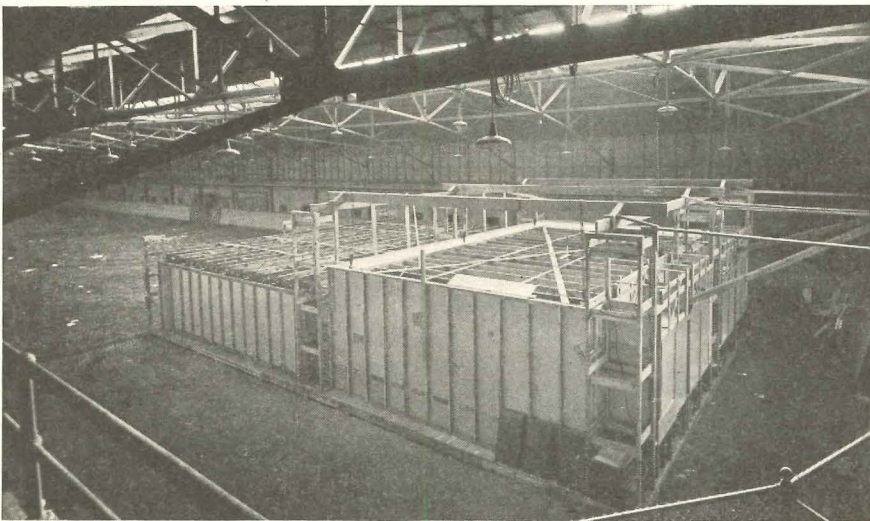
# ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING

TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

## FULL SIZE MOCK-UP FOR LIBRARY PLANNING

R. B. O'Connor and W. H. Kilham, Jr., Architects

Orren Jack Turner Photos



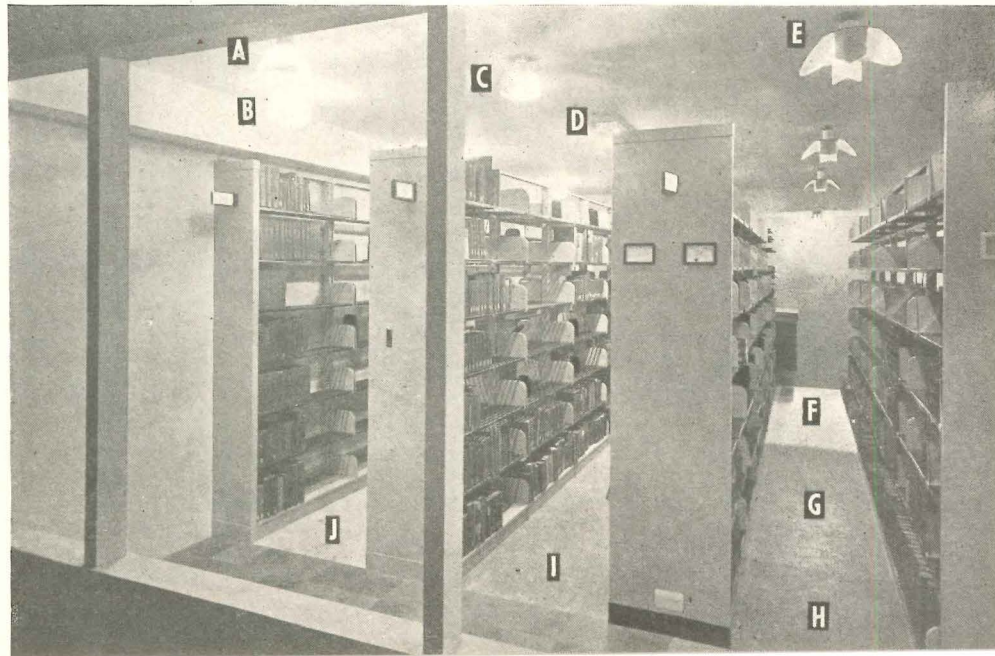
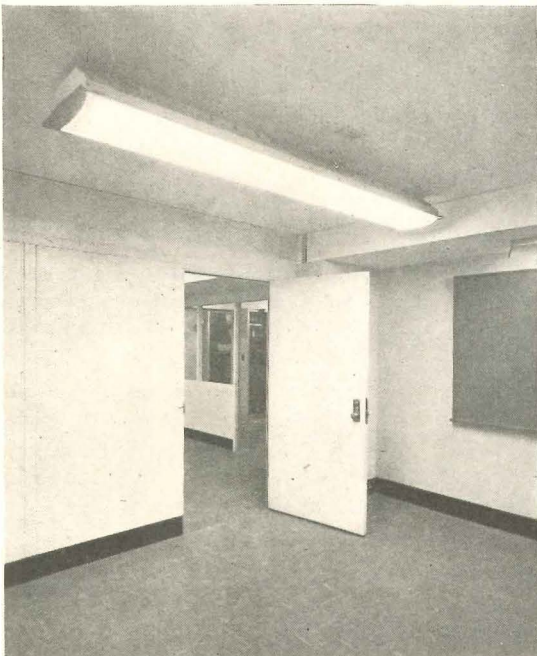
Above: Mock-up of four modular bays of Princeton library erected in the University riding hall. Note pulley arrangement for controlling front bay ceilings. In photo (1) below, scale may be observed over door, calibrated for various experimental ceiling heights

Below (1, see plan): Door can be removed easily and partition substituted, or stacks substituted for partitions, or everything cleared out for flexible bay combinations

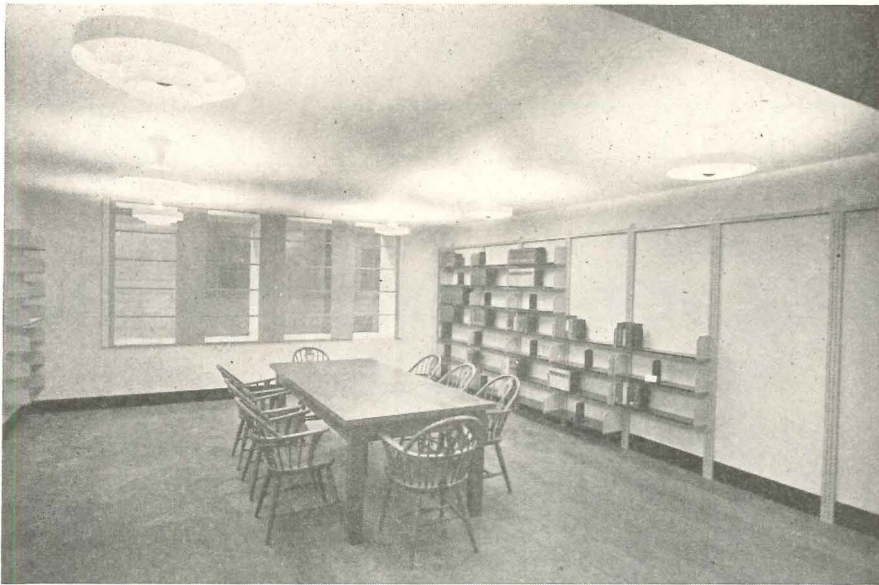
Below (2): A through E are stack lighting fixtures under consideration, with E (incandescent) held most economical but with glare objections. Type D (shielded fluorescent): best light, but expensive, delicate. B (prismatic incandescent), currently favored for efficiency and economy. F through J are various floor coverings under consideration

HAVING arrived at an overall scheme for the Princeton Library, pointed and trimmed to the general satisfaction of donors, university staff and student users, the architects-engineers carried the planning of details into three dimensionality with a full scale "mock-up" of four representative modular bays.

Approximate horizontal dimensions of bays in the new library will be 18 by 24 ft., determined on a basis of 3-ft. book stack multiples for utmost interchangeability in bay functions (see ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, Nov. '46, p. 115). Ceiling heights in the rear bays of the mock-up were tentatively fixed at 8 ft. 4 $\frac{3}{4}$  in. In the two front bays, however, provision was made for adjusting ceiling heights between the absolute minimum of 7 ft. 5 $\frac{1}{2}$  in. and a maximum of 9 ft. 6 in. It is interesting that a majority of "lay" conferees at the mock-up, studying the effect of variations within this range, called for a fixing at 8 ft. 4 in. as the

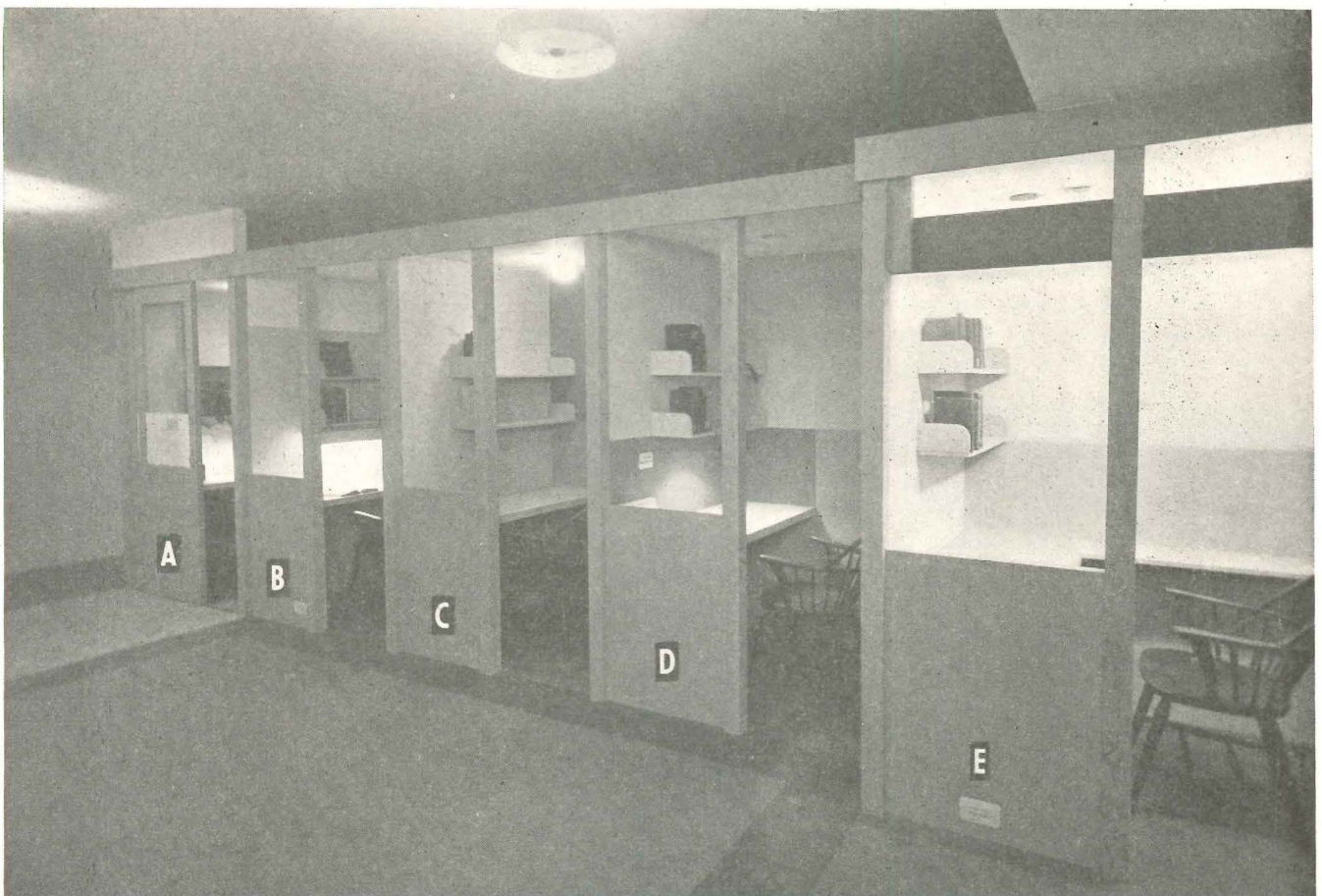






Above (3): Bay set up as model departmental conference or seminar room. Wall shelves will contain books used continuously in departmental operations. Experimental flooring here is half random wood plank, half parquet squares. General type and effect of lighting equipment in this bay were favored by library planning committee (see text)

Below (5): Experimental carrels. A has been equipped in full detail (see page across). B through E are shells largely for lighting experimentation. B has fluorescent tube beneath book shelf; no general lighting. C has prismatic incandescent overhead fixture. D has drop-cord fixture (to be variously manipulated by student). E has fluorescent fixtures at back and to left above student. Adjustable fixture in A (page across) invented by Vinton Duffield of the Library staff, and overhead fixture in combination are currently favored



height appearing to them most suitable, meeting very closely the recommendations of the technical experts with respect to lighting, duct work and architectural proportions weighted by considerations of cubic costs.

Similar popular and scientific reaction was solicited and accepted as criterional regarding other features in the mock-up. For example, one of the two front bays is equipped exclusively with fluorescent lighting fixtures of various types and makes; the other, with incandescent. Recently members of the Cooperative Committee on Library Building Plans were exposed to effects of both systems in partitioned segregation, and to the technical indoctrination of experts for one, or the other. Partitions between the bays (interchangeable with doors, book shelves or stacks) were then removed and a lay pronouncement, that members of the conference seated directly under the lighting of one system had a "healthier" appearance, was accepted as a primary determinant.

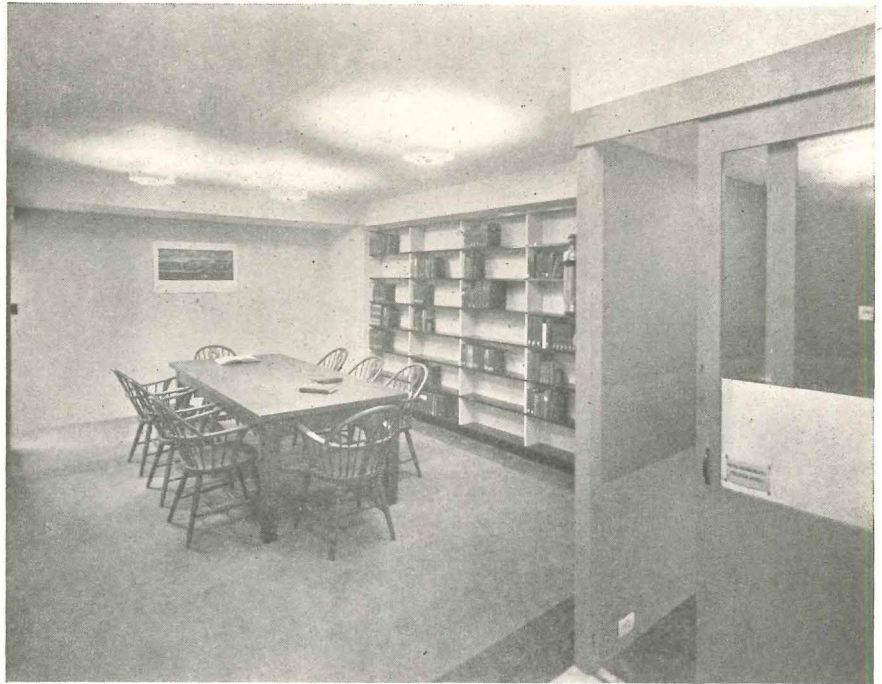
The removal of partitions quickly and



without special tools also demonstrated to the conference the flexibility in combining bays for various purposes that this type of interior space subdivision makes possible.

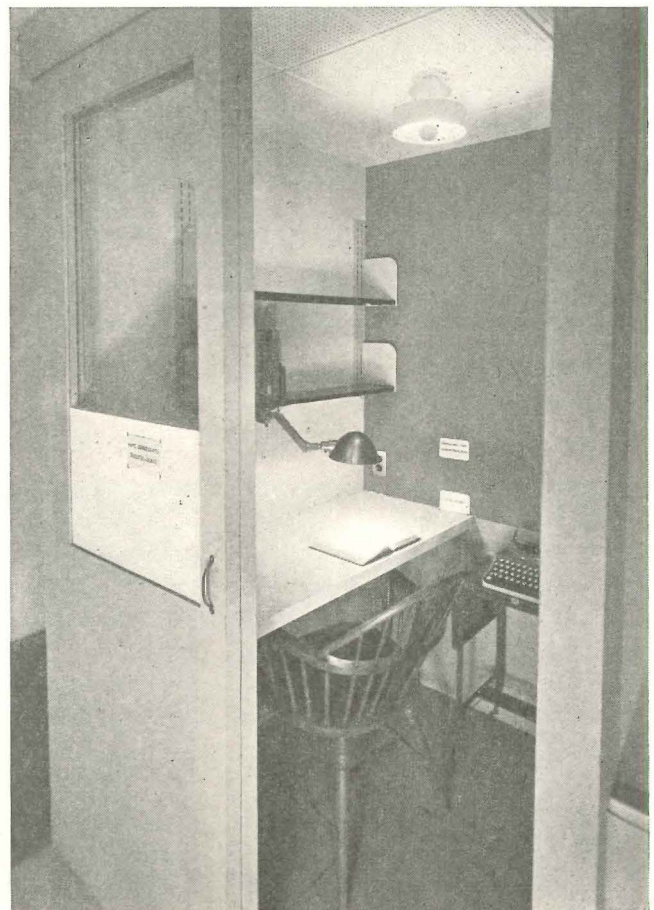
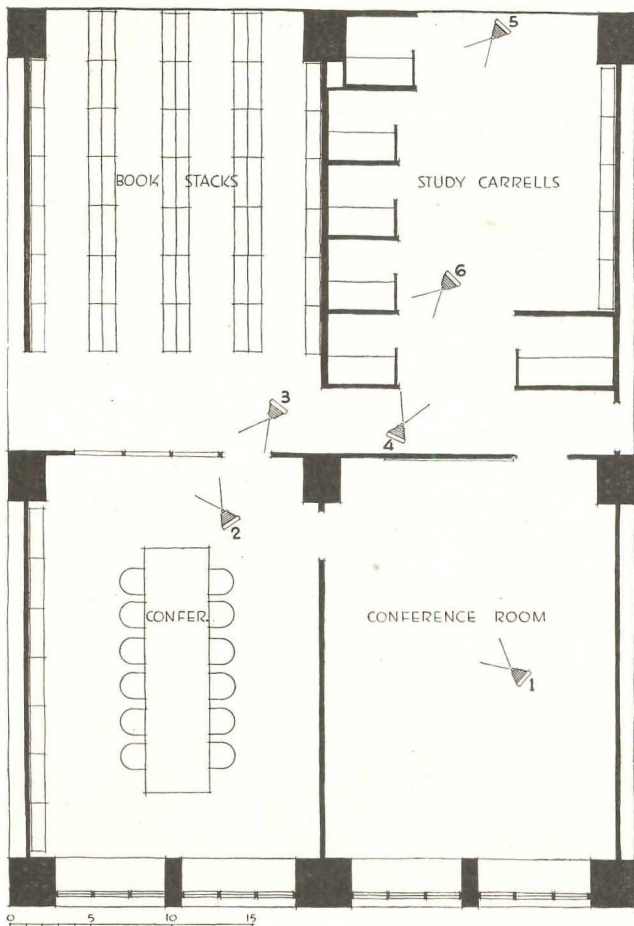
Other forms of equipment and materials were similarly installed in a variety of makes and types for technical experimentation and popular choice. Lay conferees were beforehand familiarized with the latitude and limitations set by the general structural system: concrete slab floors and supporting columns, with the interior of the latter carrying lighting conduit, piping, and serving as vertical ducts for ventilation.

All stacks in the new library will be free standing. At present, there are four standard makes under consideration, varying in such details as bar or flat shelving, methods of attachment to uprights, etc. All have in common, however, the 3-ft. basis of convertibility so that bays may be variously combined or otherwise modified from stack areas to conference or seminar rooms, staff working space, or carrel groups.



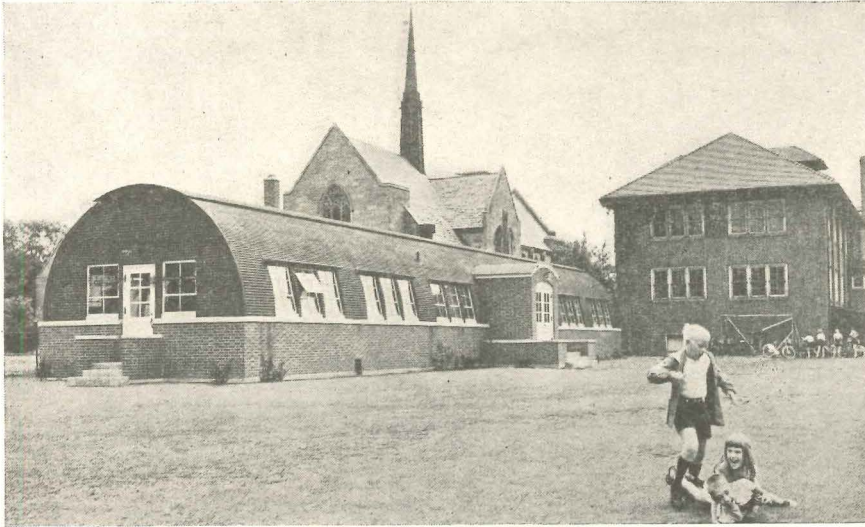
Above (4): This bay not only contains experimental carrels but also demonstrates "browsing" alcoves within stack areas where students may sit down for extended spot examination of research material. A number of double carrels (example at right) will be provided for use of students collaboratively engaged, and for faculty members

Below (6): White portion of sliding door is frosted glass. Walls are faced from ceiling to counter height with cork tack board. Ceiling is acoustic tile. Horizontal duct work will pass between columns above tops of carrels with outlets into each





## QUONSET HUTS ARE BACK FROM THE WAR

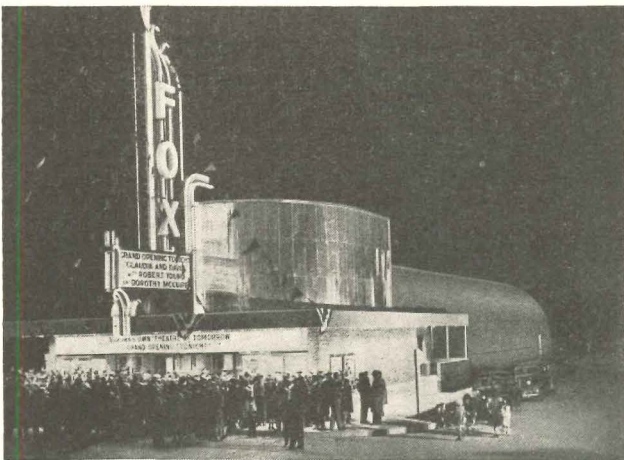


Known to G.I.'s from Attu to Reykjavik, these familiar steel tunnel structures are now appearing on the civilian scene. The manufacturer (Great Lakes Steel Corporation) has compiled a list of 257 peacetime uses, from architect's drafting room to turkey broodhouse.

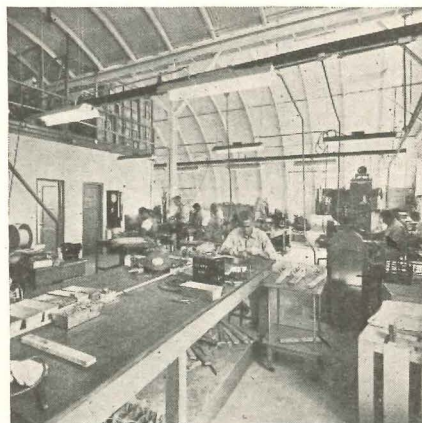
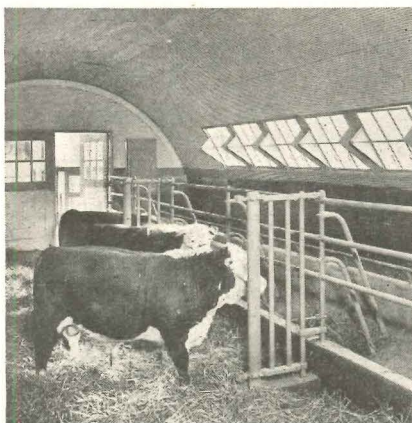
Greatest demand is for the 20 ft. and 24 ft. wide Quonsets. Other basic widths are the 40-ft. and multiples of the 20-ft. arch in multi-arch construction. Lengths, of course, vary.

These structures impose certain conversion problems, but as an interesting architectural form and as an emergency construction method, using a minimum of materials vitally needed for housing, the Quonset is worth watching.

Quonset sections are combined with masonry in this permanent two-classroom school



(Above) Left: Auditorium of small movie theater at Aurora, Colo., is a 40-ft. wide Quonset. Right: Cut-away front and wood shingles disguise the Quonset origin of this store building at Sayre, Pa. (Below) Left: 20-ft. Quonset can be converted into a cattle barn. Center: Multi-arch construction provides roomy industrial shop. Right: Supermarket in Greenville, Mich., is adapted from a Quonset "40"





# FACTORY-PRODUCED HOUSES IN THE NEWS

The still unsolved problem of providing housing for veterans continues to focus attention upon factory prebuilt and mass-produced houses. At the time of Housing Expediter Wilson W. Wyatt's resignation in December, the future of the veterans housing program became less clear, but President Truman did state with regard to factory-built houses that "government loans and market-guaranty contracts will be continued."

Greatest strides in factory-built housing have been through the use of new types of wall panels and simplified construction methods. Among recent developments are the following:

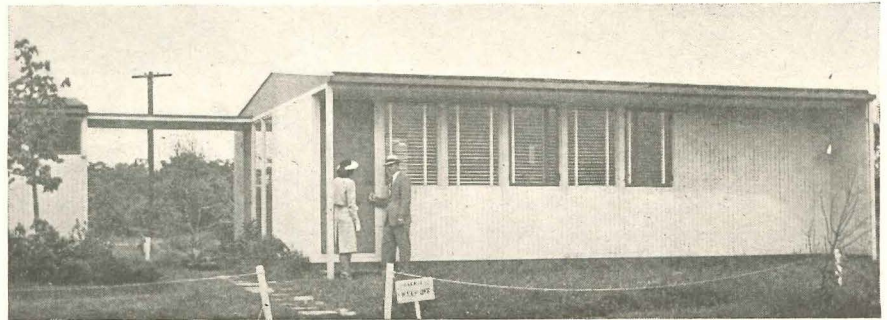
**Lustron Homes:** With a goal of 30,000 prefabricated houses for veterans by the end of 1947, Lustron Corporation of Chicago has worked out a factory prebuilt house utilizing porcelain-on-steel panels as exterior walls and interior partitions. Originally developed as a decorative exterior "skin" on store fronts, gas stations, and theaters, the panels were next considered for use as actual walls in commercial buildings. When housing became an acute problem, however, efforts were turned toward the production of the enameled steel house, which excited considerable interest on the part of Wyatt and the NHA.

The Lustron house is approximately 32 ft. by 36 ft. Framework is made up of specially designed steel members, fabricated into sections, 8 ft. by 8 ft. Structural roof members are of the truss type. Porcelain enameled steel panels form the exterior walls of the house, with interlocking edges sealed by a resilient plastic gasket. Insulating material forms a part of the wall. No

bearing partitions are required. Ceiling panels and partitions are finished with non-gloss porcelain enamel. All window frames, sash, and screens are aluminum.

Heating will be by the ceiling-type warm-air radiant method. Hot air is forced into the ceiling chamber and cir-

culated by a system of baffles. A small portion of the heated air is directed into the space between inside and outside panels of the exterior walls, and recirculated. This is to warm the exterior walls and eliminate condensation on structural members and outside panels.



**General Panel's "B-16" House:** General Panel Corporation of California has announced 1947 plans to construct 10,000 of its "B-16" houses in the wartime Lockheed aircraft factory, following receipt of a government letter of intent for a \$22,000,000 housing program in that area. The house will be a 4-room structure, 30 ft. by 26 ft. 8 in., based on a construction system designed by Konrad Wachsmann and Walter Gropius, chairman of the School of Architecture at Harvard. (AR, April, 1943, p. 50).

Basic unit of the system is an insulated panel, 3 ft. 4 in. by 10 ft., formed of a strong frame with plywood face on one or both sides and with rockwool

insulation between. Panels are joined by patented locking devices which are factory installed and provide 8 rigid locking points on each panel. Plumbing and electrical wiring, as well as fixtures, can also be factory inserted.

While the "minimum" house will have painted plywood for interior wall finish, it is expected that grain veneers ultimately will be available at a corresponding increase in cost.

Completely constructed and ready to move into, the house is expected to sell to veterans for about \$4,500, equipped with plumbing, bathroom and kitchen fixtures, water heater and floor furnace. A garage costs an additional \$750.



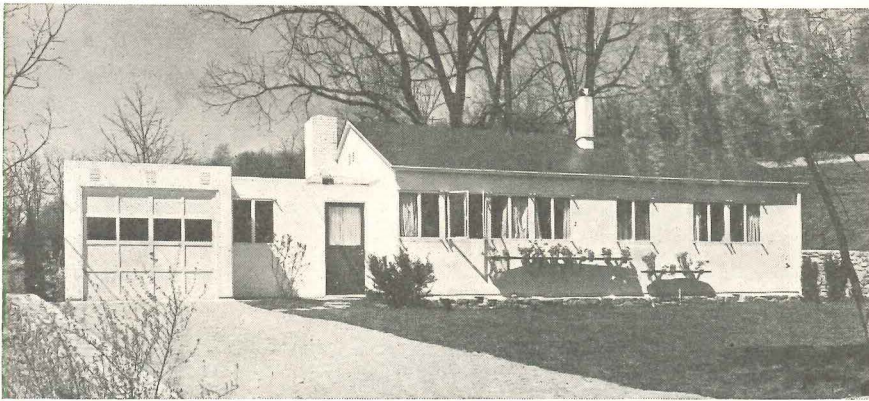
**Vultee House:** Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corporation may enter the housing field with an aluminum and plastic house, designed for temperate climates. Walls will be of sandwich-type construction. The company does not expect "any reluctance on the part of communities to modernize local building codes to conform to new building techniques."

Outside appearance of the house un-

der study can be modified by arrangement of patio walls supplied with the house. Cost to the buyer would be about \$7,000 to \$8,000, including lot, for a 2-bedroom house, equipped with refrigerator, range, water heater, and complete bathroom, kitchen, and space-heating equipment. Model below shows house under study, with several of the possible patio arrangements. Variation in color also will help avoid the stereotyped effect.



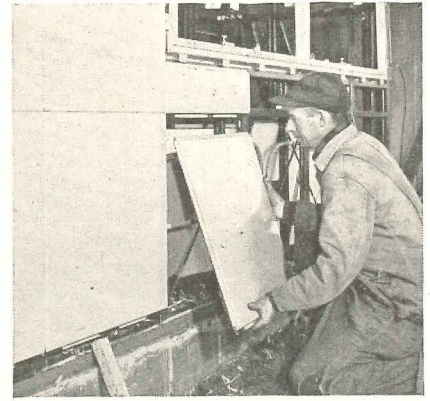




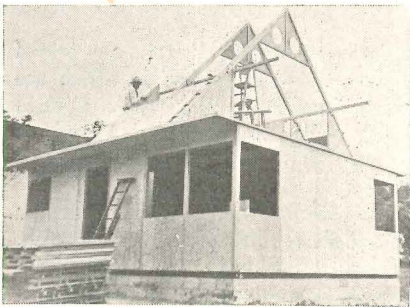
**Harman Homes:** Patented steel framing and sheathing are featured in the house developed by William H. Harman Corporation of Philadelphia, which has received from the government a guaranteed market contract for 10,000 houses.

Framing is specially treated to hold a painted surface and interconnects with sheathing to form a monocoque shell for the house. Non-rigid type insulation is placed between.

Contract calls for eight different plans,



of which two have been released. The first of these contains a living room with adjoining dining area, three bedrooms, bath, and optional utility room and garage. The second has a separate dining room, and only two bedrooms.



**HomeOla Houses:** The first guaranteed market contract awarded by Reconstruction Finance Corporation is held by The HomeOla Corporation of Chicago. A preliminary report of tests by National Bureau of Standards gives evidence that parts tested exceed requirements of the U. S. Commercial Standard for Prefabricated Houses.



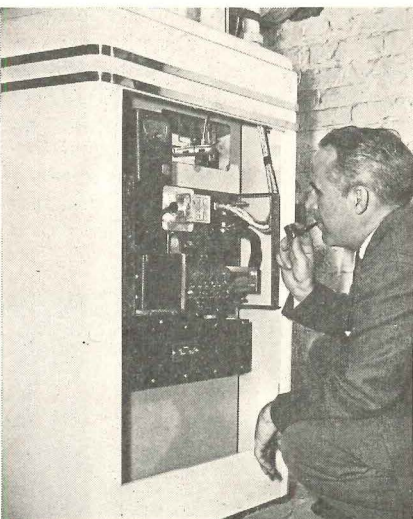
First houses of this type were produced in 1932, and over 10,000 are now being lived in throughout the country. F.O.B. factory cost of all factory furnished parts are quoted as \$3,021 for a 1½-story house and \$3,648 for a 1-story. These costs include everything necessary to complete the house and its services with exception of kitchen stove

and refrigerator. Costs of the completed house vary, but are said to be in the range of \$6,000.

Wall panels are insulated double-faced resin-glued plywood building panels of stressed skin design, built to resist wind loads of 25 lb. per sq. ft. and tested to 161 lb. per sq. ft. They are surfaced on both sides with waterproof Douglas fir plywood.

Floor framing is of fabricated structural steel, forming a chassis, 24 ft. by 32 ft. Roof framing consists of fabricated structural steel roof trusses of high-tensile steel T-sections. The roof is of aluminum ribbed roof sheet with patented cap, strip, lock joint, and H-clamps, permitting erection from the inside.

Basement is optional. Foundations may consist of poured concrete rim, block concrete rim, concrete block or masonry piers, steel or wood posts.



## PRODUCTS for Better Building

### ELECTRIC FURNACE

A new electric home furnace resembles more closely kitchen equipment than the conventional central heating plant. Heart of the furnace consists of six patented elements used in heaters manufactured for submarines during the war, and Moduflow heating-coil control, developed by Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co. The furnace, which is most suitable for Tennessee Valley states

*Compact electric furnace for home heating in localities where utility rates are low*

and the Pacific Northwest where utility rates are low enough to make this kind of heating practical, is being made in two sizes, one for houses with up to 11,000 cu. ft. of space and the other for houses with up to 24,000 cu. ft. Installed in a 10-room house of brick in Chattanooga, Tenn., well-built but not completely insulated, consumption for the 1945-46 heating season was said to be about 26,700 kilowatt hours at a cost of approximately \$203, which complete insulation of the house would have reduced. Electromode Corp., Rochester, N. Y.

*(Continued on page 114)*



# TWO PICTURES

THAT SHOW THE AMAZING VERSATILITY OF

# CEMESTO

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

## The Multiple-Function Insulating Wall Unit

**Cemesto, the Complete Wall Unit is AVAILABLE NOW for You to Use in Almost Any Building Job**

THE remarkable versatility of Cemesto has been firmly established in scores of projects. This amazing adaptability of Cemesto to sound, speedy construction has stirred the interest of architects everywhere. As a result, new uses are being found for Cemesto in almost every kind of present-day building job—large and small. For industrial construction, in homes, business structures, farm buildings as well as in such special applications as conditioning rooms and drying rooms.

Cemesto is an unusual product. Its core of Celotex cane fibre insulation is sheathed two sides with an eighth-inch layer of asbestos cement bonded to the core with waterproof, vapor-resistant bituminous asphalt adhesive. It is fire-resistant, moisture-resistant. Its rigidity eliminates need for intermediate support. Both faces are smooth and hard, warm gray in color, provide agreeable interior and exterior finish without need for painting.

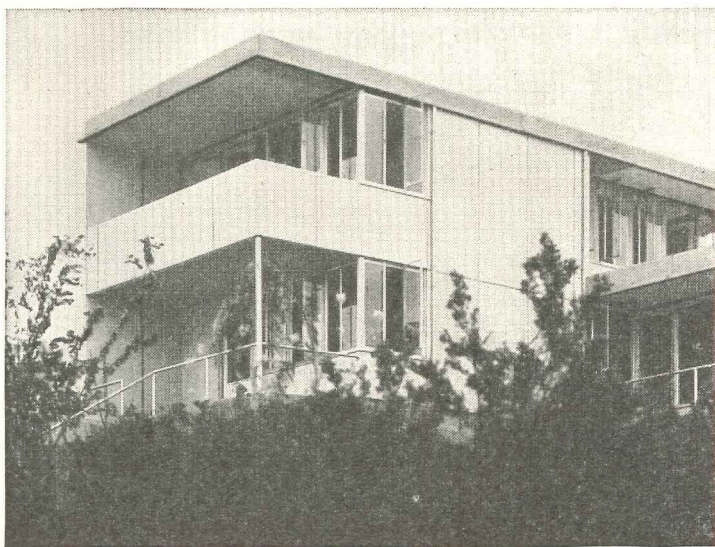
Cemesto comes in 4'-wide panels, 4', 6', 8', 10', or 12' long, and in thicknesses of 1 $\frac{1}{8}$ ", 1 $\frac{3}{16}$ " and 2". Can be used either vertically or horizontally.

Cemesto can be cut to required sizes in advance, resulting in speed and economy in building walls and roof decks. There is no sacrifice in construction quality. It is truly a multiple-function material of many uses.

### SOME OF THE VARIED USES OF CEMESTO

Airplane Plants and Hangars	Panel Boards for Mounting Controls
Bakery (proof ovens)	Partitions
Conveyor Enclosures	Prefabricated Houses
Dairy Barns and Dairies	Radiator Recesses
Dough Conditioning Rooms	Residences
Drying Rooms	Roof Decks
Factory Buildings	Service Stations
Incubation Houses	Smelter Buildings
Industrial Dryers	Spray Booths
Kilns	Tobacco Storage Rooms
Mine Buildings	Tourist Cabins

**IMPORTANT!** Without obligation, we will be glad to provide any technical assistance you may need regarding the use of Cemesto Wall Units. A complete set of architectural details is available on request.



Modern home in Berkeley, California, built with Cemesto, the multiple-function wall unit that's adaptable to almost every building job.  
Architect: Richard J. Neutra, A.I.A., Los Angeles

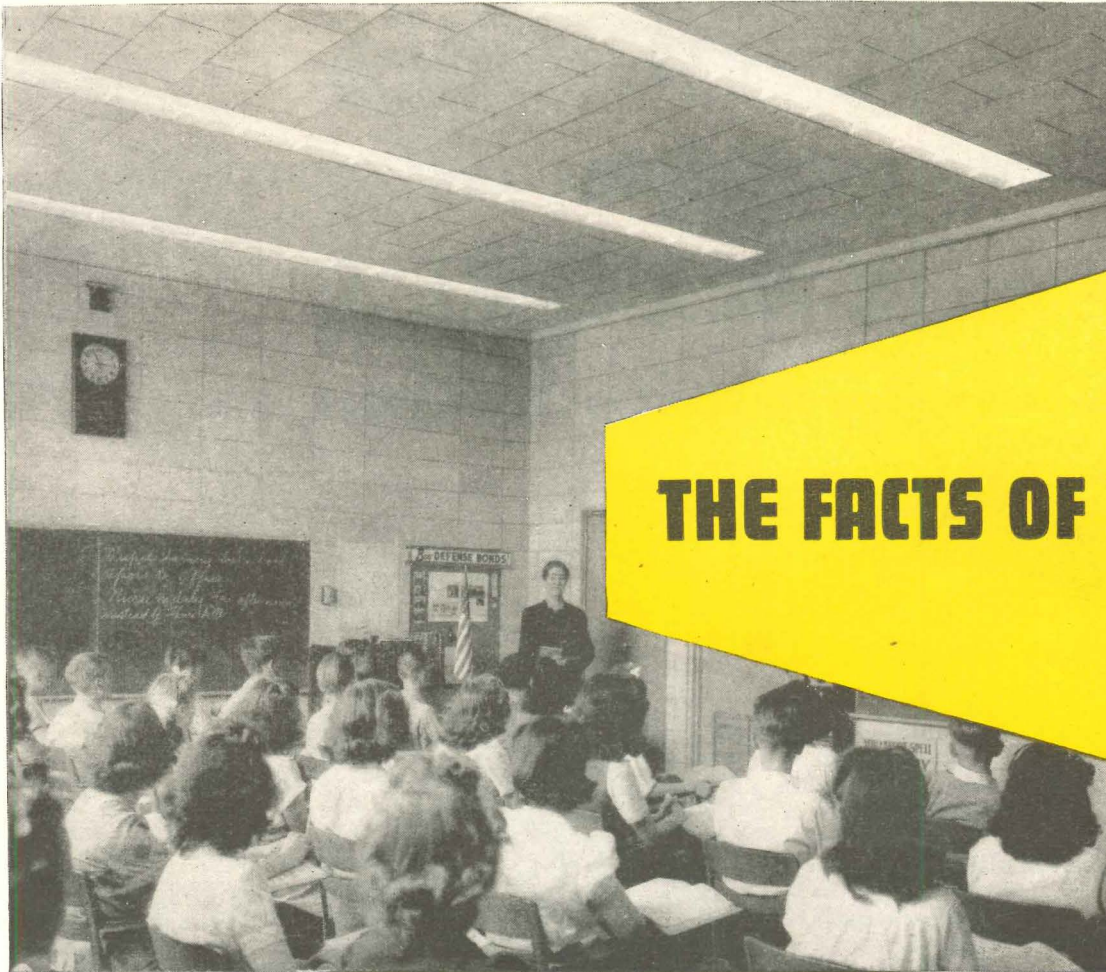


Cemesto walls on one of the sections of the large Naval Hospital at Corona, Calif.

**CELOTEX**  
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.  
**BUILDING PRODUCTS**

THE CELOTEX CORPORATION, CHICAGO 3, ILLINOIS





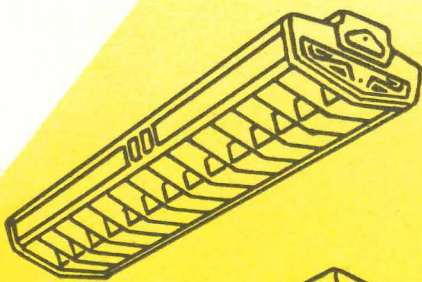
## THE FACTS OF LIGHT

Alton, Illinois, High School—a model of engineered lighting achieved with Day-Brite recessed troffers.

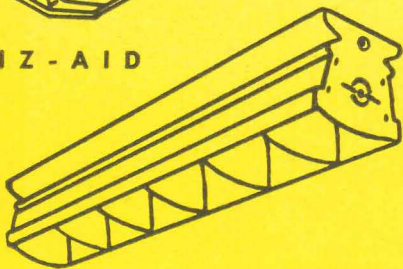
**T**HE efficiency and quality of your lighting are determined by the fixture—the fluorescent tube itself produces only light.

Every classroom can now have overall, glareless, abundant light that speeds up learning and prolongs normal vision.

There is a Day-Brite optically engineered fluorescent fixture to meet every school lighting need. Write for our illustrated Classroom Lighting Bulletin No. 50-C.



VIZ-AID



LITWAY

Day-Brite Lighting, Inc., 5465 Bulwer Avenue, St. Louis 7, Mo.  
Nationally distributed through leading electrical supply houses.  
In Canada: address inquiries to Amalgamated Electric Corporation, Ltd., Toronto 6, Ontario.



1051

IT'S EASY TO SEE WHEN IT'S

**DAY-BRITE**  
*Lighting*



## SCHOOL LUNCHROOMS AND KITCHENS

SCHOOL Lunch Division of the Department of Agriculture has undertaken a study of lunchroom and kitchen requirements for the nation's schools.\* The accompanying plans are presented as suggested layouts and kitchen requirements for lunchrooms with varying meal loads. Plans are based on a typical schoolroom "module" of 22 ft. by 37 ft. 6 in.

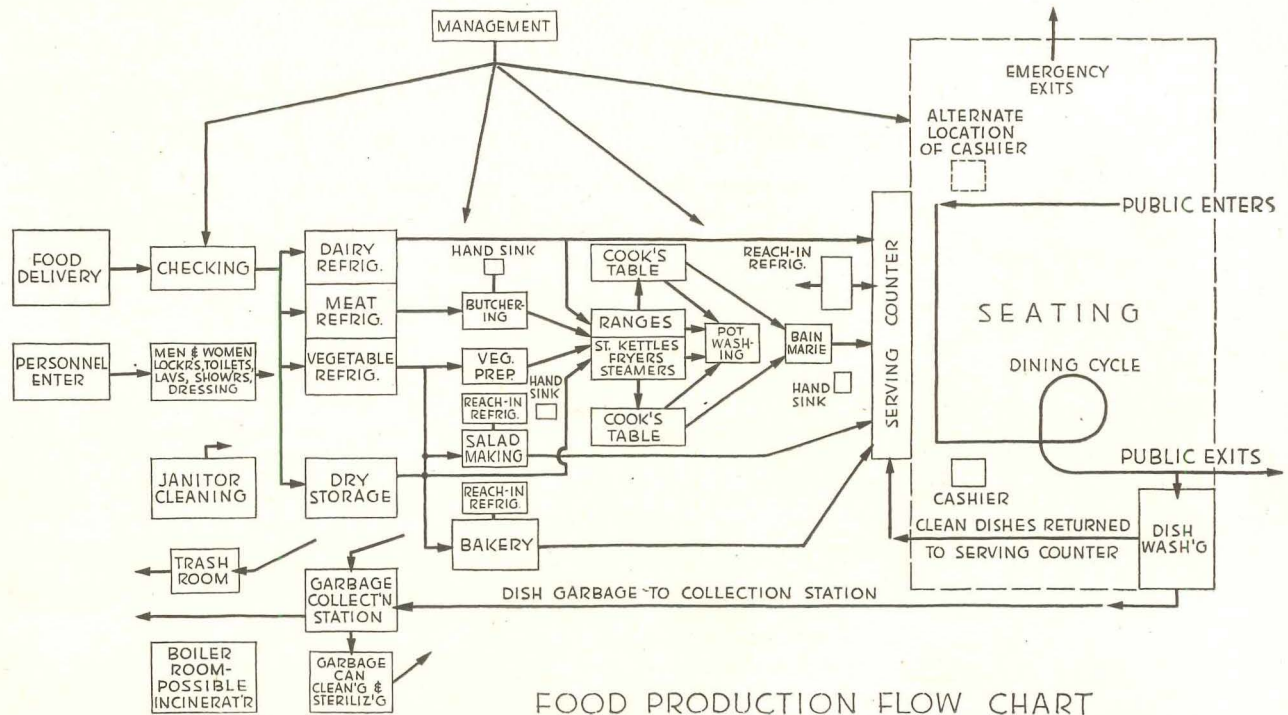
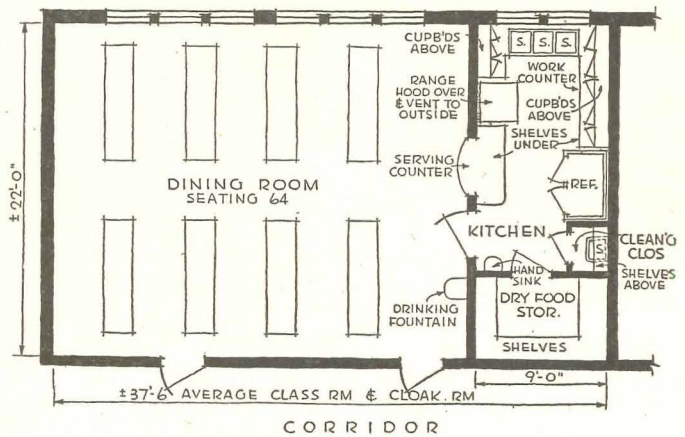
In planning dining room space, 10 to 15 sq. ft. should be allowed per person seated. High schools take the maximum amount. Number of children to be seated depends upon total meal load expected,

divided by number of shifts or lunch periods. Tables should be placed so that there is an 18-in. aisle or wider between occupied chairs. Main aisle should be at least 3 ft. wide.

Size of kitchen depends upon total meal load (which is unaffected by number of shifts) and the type of lunch to be served. Its planning, therefore, is the combined work of architect, cafeteria director, and equipment manufacturer.

\* Chart and plans are the work of Margaret M. Morris, School Lunch Division, and Erwin G. Adelberger and Ivon H. Blackman, Jr., Architects, Industrial Feeding Division, Department of Agriculture.

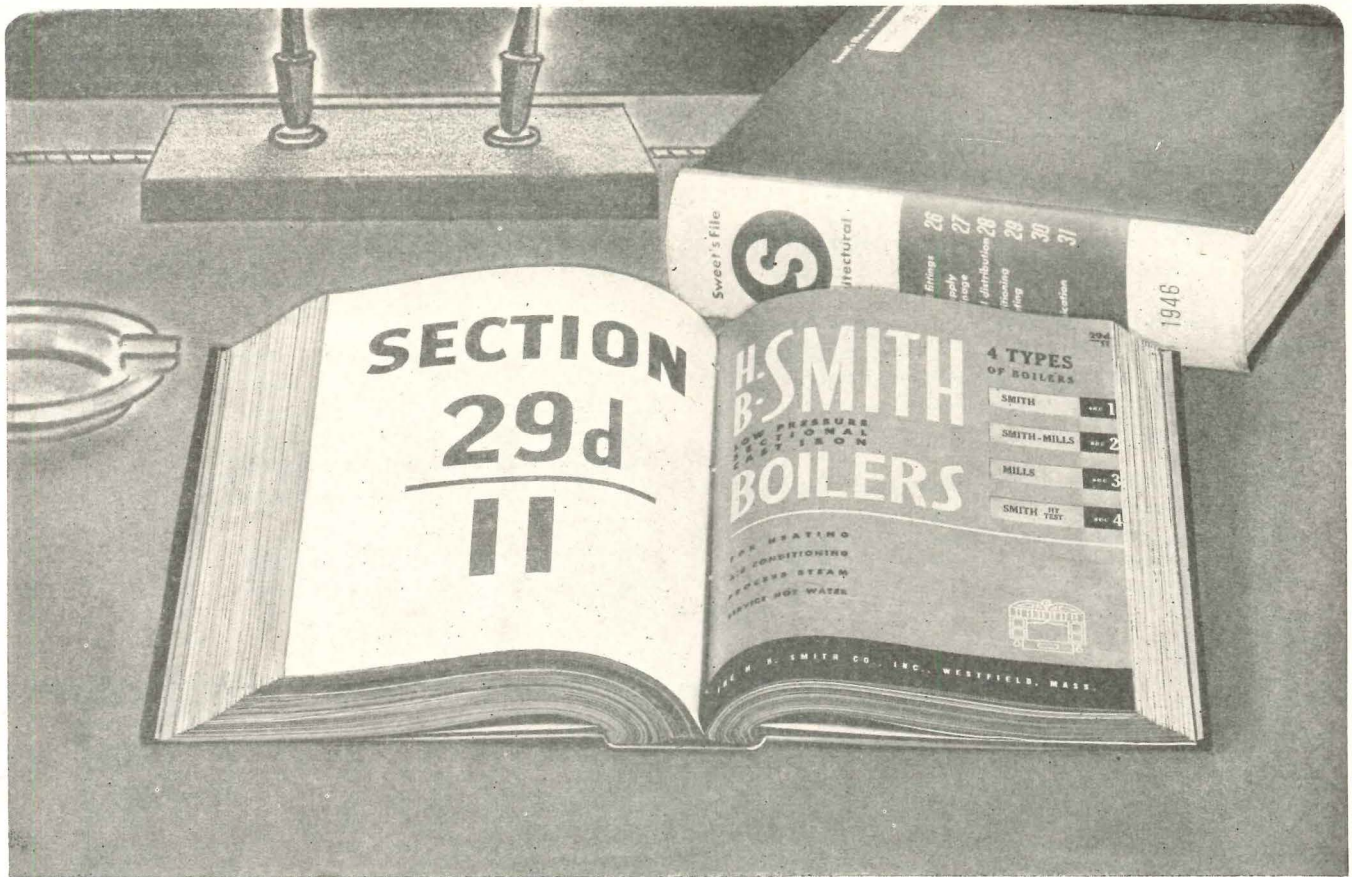
4 to 6 Classroom School  
— Meal Load 100 to 150



FOOD PRODUCTION FLOW CHART

(Continued on page 109)

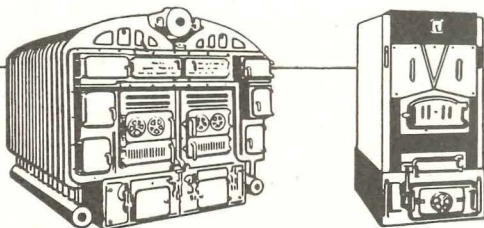




## "Here's the dope for that new boiler job"

When you need clear, concise, complete specifications and engineering data for that new boiler plant, turn to the H. B. Smith catalogue in Vol. 5 of your 1946 "Sweet's." There you'll find the information necessary to help you select the *right* boiler, whether your client is planning a factory, home, school or office building.

And if yours is a special problem, personal consultation with an H. B. Smith sales representative may be the solution. Just turn to the catalogue's back page and you'll find the address of the H. B. Smith branch office nearest you — a technical representative will be glad to call and talk things over.



Visit our Exhibit at the 7th International Heating and Ventilating Exposition, Lakeside Hall, Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 27-31, 1947.

H.B. *Smith*

**CAST-IRON BOILERS**

THE H. B. SMITH CO., INC., WESTFIELD, MASS. Offices and Representatives in Principal Cities

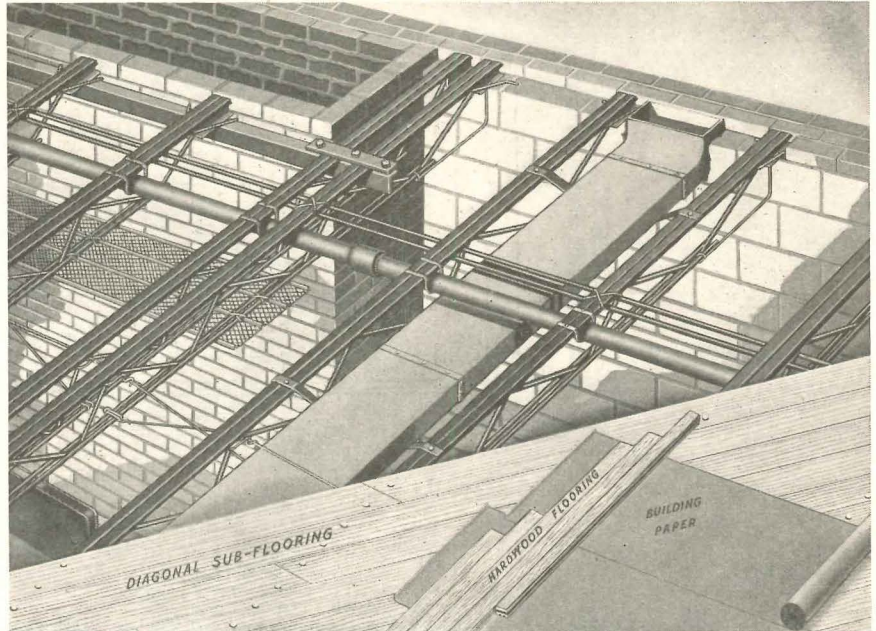






# MACOMBER DESIGNED WIDER APPLICATION INTO AN ESTABLISHED PRODUCT

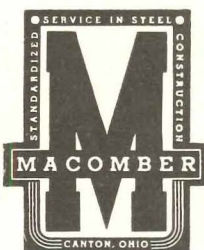
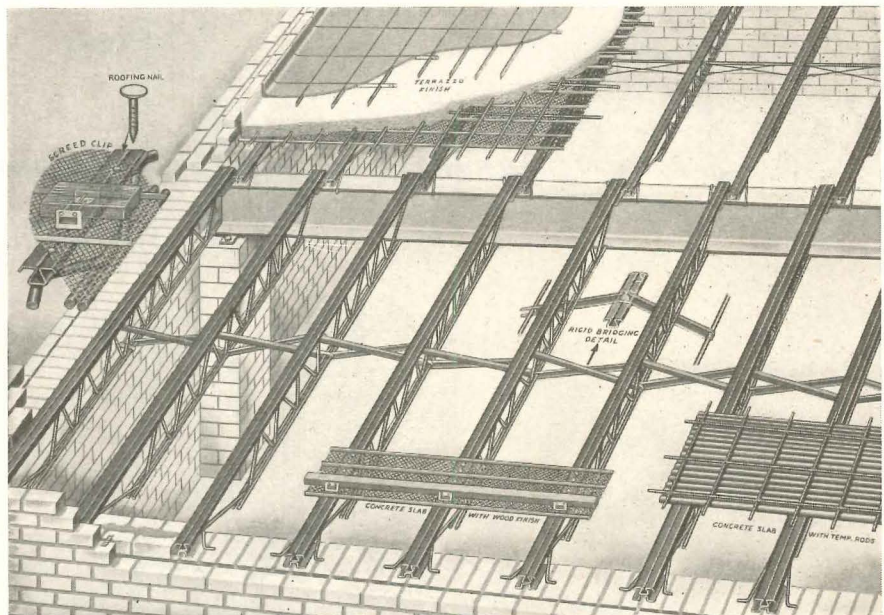
● Shown opposite is the Macomber V Joist in a typical residence floor system. The V Joist has the familiar open web, bar construction in universal use since its introduction in 1923. More space is provided for conduit, sheet metal ducts and conduit in this improved steel joist.



## AN IMPROVED TOP CHORD SECTION NOW ADDS NAILABILITY FOR UNIVERSAL APPLICATION

This improved bar joist has a nailing groove the full length of the top chord. The result is a solid, secure fastening for floor or roofing materials. The illustration opposite shows the universal applications now made possible through the V Joist.

Sizes are determined from standard Steel Joist Institute Loading Tables. One joist now serves all purposes.



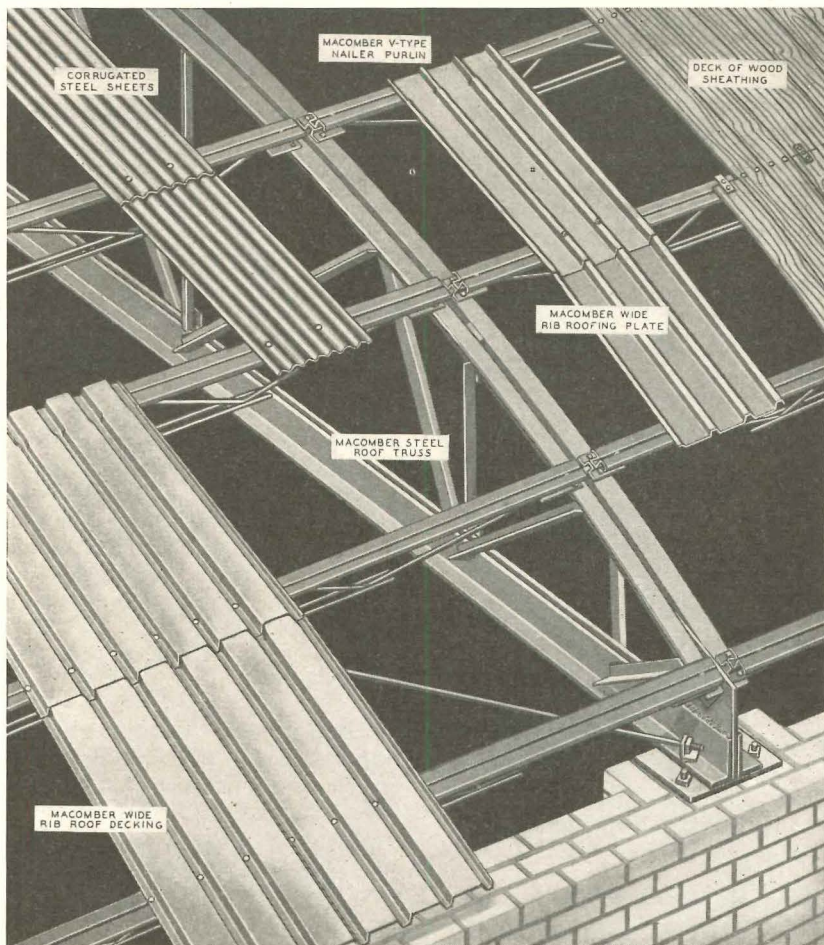
### MACOMBER STEEL BUILDING PRODUCTS

STEEL JOISTS      STEEL PURLINS      STEEL ROOF DECK  
LONG SPANS      ROOF TRUSSES      STEEL SIDING

## SPEED FIRE-SAFE CONSTRUCTION



# IMPROVED DESIGN ALSO PAYS DIVIDENDS IN ROOF CONSTRUCTION



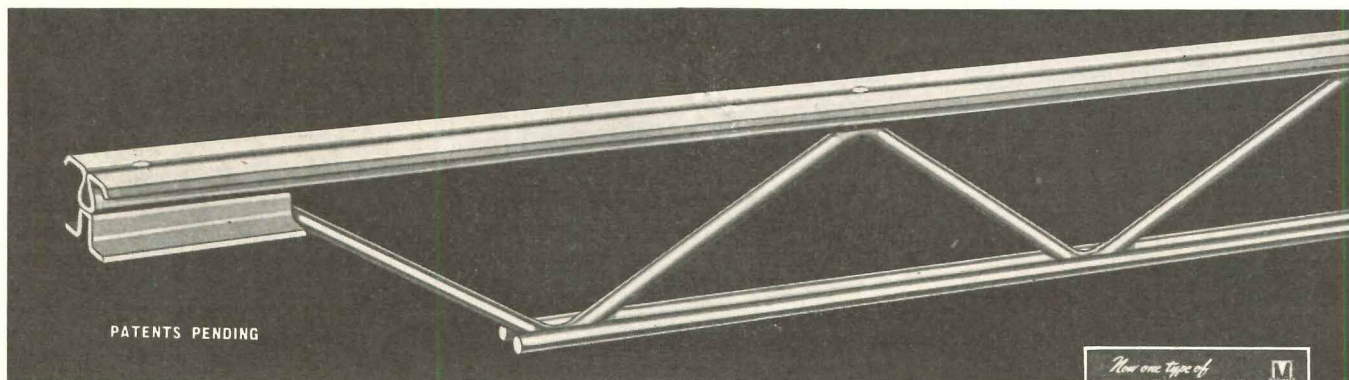
**A Carefully Coordinated Service On The Entire Steel Structure**

Shown opposite are various kinds of decking nailed to Macomber V Purlins. These all steel roof purlins give the designer free rein in the selection of deck materials. Steel deck can be nailed, welded or clipped. Wood sheathing or any type of preformed slabs can now be nailed direct to the broad surface of this improved steel purlin.

Using Macomber All Welded, Bowstring Roof Trusses or Longspans, V Purlins and Ribbed Steel Decking results in a roof system that is designed, fabricated and shipped from one source.

Shown below is the Macomber V Type Joist. When wider bearing plates and sag rod plates are added, this unit becomes the standard purlin.

See our catalog in Sweet's or send for Catalogs on V Joists and Purlins; Roof Trusses and Longspans; Ribbed Steel Roof Decking.



# MACOMBER

**INCORPORATED, CANTON, OHIO**





## MANUFACTURERS' LITERATURE

### ALUMINUM ALLOYS

#### Heat Treating Aluminum Alloys.

Process manual including a non-technical discussion of the metallurgy and heat treatment of aluminum alloys, recommended thermal treatments for the various aluminum alloys (in tubular form), and a more technical discussion intended for the metallurgist and operating personnel. Tables of mechanical properties also included. 144 pp., illus. Reynolds Metals Co., Dept. 47, 2500 S. 3rd St., Louisville 1, Ky.\* \$1.00.

### AWNINGS

#### The Air-Conditioned Awning.

Descriptive booklet on Lifetime Koolvent Ventilated Aluminum Awnings. Color illustrations of actual installations. Details of the Koolvent ventilating design, said to prevent formation of heat pockets and reduce summer temperatures under the awning. 4 pp., illus. Kool-Vent Metal Awning Corp. of America, Keystone Bldg., Pittsburgh, Penn.

### CONCRETE SHRINKAGE

#### The Action of Embeco in Concrete and Mortars (2nd ed.).

Discussion of shrinkage of concrete and mortar, its influence on durability and serviceability, the principal factors affecting it, and its control and elimination. Explanation of the principle of specially prepared metallic aggregate in controlling shrinkage. Includes charts, graphs, technical data tables. 34 pp., illus. The Master Builders Co., 7016 Euclid Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio.\*

### FIRE PREVENTION

#### Crocker "A.B.C." of Safety (Catalog No. 46).

Fire hose and extinguisher cabinets and racks, portable extinguishers, chemical engines, hose and hose couplings, nozzles, valves, etc. 34 pp., illus. Crocker Fire Prevention Corp., 32 W. 31st St., New York 1, N. Y.

### GAME ROOM PLANS

#### Ideas for Playroom Planning.

Plans for basement recreation rooms — trophy and music rooms, children's playrooms, etc. Includes for the general public a planning kit consisting of a large cross-ruled layout sheet on which to draw basement outlines, and a full set of scale cutouts covering a large variety of basement and playroom appointments. Plans are based on use of automatic heating; booklet includes description of several oil-fired automatic

heating units. 24 pp., illus. The Heil Co., 3000 W. Montana St., Milwaukee 1, Wis. 10 cents.

### GREASE TRAP

#### A New Principle in Grease Interception: HydraFilter by Wade.

Complete description of a grease interceptor, its construction and operating principle, design features. 6 pp., illus. Wade Mfg. Co., Elgin, Ill.\*

### HARDWARE

#### Donovan Awning and Casement Type Window Hardware for Use with Wood Sash.

File folder containing complete descriptive literature and 3-in. scale details. Recommended sash sizes and various types of high window operators also provided. Universal Window Co., 950 Parker St., Berkeley 2, Calif.

### INSULATED PIPE

#### Durant Insulated Pipe.

Catalog giving complete information on Durant Presealed Insulated Pipe, for use in underground and exposed locations. Suggestions for handling and installing. Specifications, instructions for making field joints, applications. Table of weights. 42 pp., illus. Durant Insulated Pipe Co., Dept. AR, 1015 Runnymede St., P. O. Box 88, Palo Alto, Calif.

#### Sistemas de Conductos Tubulares Para Líneas Subterráneas y Aerías de Vapor Petróleo y Agua Caliente.

Catalog of Ric-Wil insulated pipe conduit systems, prepared in Spanish for Central and South American users. Gives full specifications, description, suggested applications. 12 pp., illus. The Ric-Wil Co., Cleveland 14, Ohio.\*

### INSULATION

#### Sprayo-Flake Sound Control, Thermal Insulation, Condensation Control.

Characteristics of a process which fabricates and applies insulation in one operation. Advantages claimed. Application details. Tables of thermal and sound insulation values. Typical applications. 4 pp., illus. Sprayo-Flake Co., 2729 Irving Park Rd., Chicago 18, Ill.\*

### LIGHTING

#### Fluorescent Showcase Lighting.

Bulletin describing a new streamlined fixture for showcase, wallcase and shadow box lighting designed for use in either modern or conventional type installations. Gives table of reflector trough sizes, wiring plans, full description of units. 4 pp., illus. Lustra Corp. of America, 40 W. 25th St., New York 10.

### G-E Lamp Bulletin (Bulletin LD-1).

A condensed text on the design and operation of incandescent, mercury and fluorescent light sources. The more than 40 topics covered include lamp economics, temperatures, voltages, auxiliary equipment, germicidal, infrared, sunlamps and glow lamps. Numerous tables, diagrams and charts. 76 pp., illus. Lamp Dept., General Electric Co., Nela Park, Cleveland, Ohio.\* 40 cents.

### The Magazine of Light: Architects Edition (1946, No. 5).

Articles on store lighting include "Light and Sales," by C. J. Allen; "Lighting Planned for Profit," by W. M. Potter; "Planned Lighting," by M. M. Allon. Lamp Dept., General Electric Co., Nela Park, Cleveland, Ohio.\*

### Viz-Aid Commercial Fixtures and Topnotch Commercial Fixtures (Bulletins 10-B-1 and 10-B-2).

Revised listings of the Viz-Aid 40- and 100-watt units and the Topnotch 40-watt open-type fixtures. Description of the new "A-J" adjustable stem hanger for continuous installations. Complete specifications, price tables, installation details, tables for figuring footcandle intensities. 12 and 8 pp., illus. Day-Brite Lighting, Inc., 5411 Bulwer Ave., St. Louis 7, Mo.\*

### Westinghouse Mercury Vapor Lamps.

Page of technical data and recommended applications for Westinghouse H lamps. In tabular form. Gives complete data on each lamp in the line. Lamp Division, Westinghouse Electric Corp., Bloomfield, N. J.

### MEMORIALS

#### Bronze Memorial Tablets.

Brochure illustrating bronze memorial tablets, honor roll plaques, and commercial signs and desk plates in standard patterns. 6 pp., illus. Pan American Bronze Co., 628-642 Sycamore St., Cincinnati 2, Ohio.

### METALS

#### Perforated Metals, Screens, Fabricated Metals.

Catalog, giving full specifications, ordering information, general data. Section on perforated metal grilles and ornamental perforated metal for constructional and industrial uses. Items include open steel flooring, stair treads, lip screens. Large section of useful tables: weights of various metals, equivalents of measure, equivalents of millimeters in inches, circumference and area of circles. 126 pp., illus. Hendrick Mfg. Co., Carbondale, Penn.\*

### Round Frame, Protected Type Motors for Close Coupled Service (Bulletin SL-300-3).

Describes protected-type motors designed for close coupling

(Continued on page 124)

\* Other product information in Sweet's File, 1946.





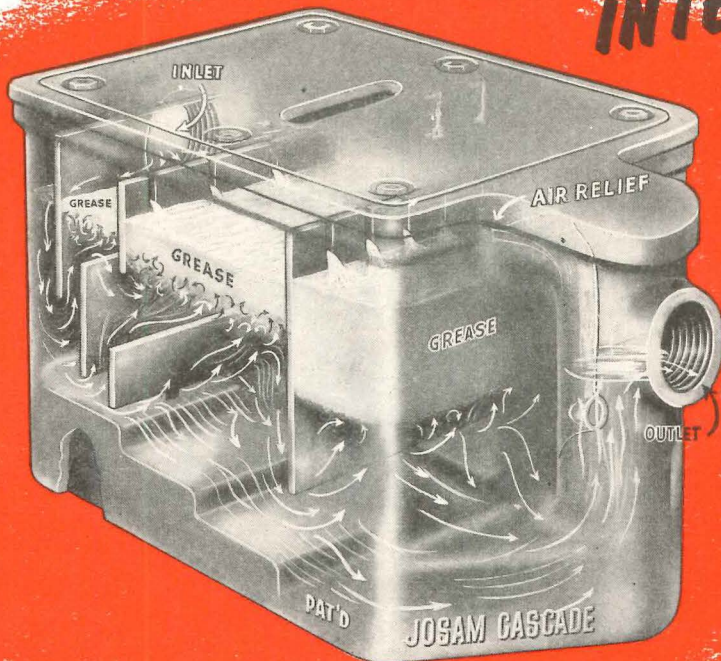
**YOU CAN'T USE DYNAMITE TO CLEAR THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM WHEN grease FROM KITCHEN DISHES CHOKES UP THE PIPES**

Wherever food is served, grease is an ever-present hazard. For when the grease from dishes, pots and pans is washed down the drains, it builds up layer upon layer on the inside of the drain lines until it eventually clogs up the pipes. When that occurs, you just can't "blow out" the grease. Kitchen service must be interrupted

and repairs must be made which are costly and inconvenient. *The right time* to guard against this hazard is when specifications are being written . . . and the *right way* is to install exclusive Josam Cascade Grease Interceptors. Their cost is so little compared to the permanent trouble-free service they provide!

**PLAN FOR constant ACTION**

**INSTALL THE exclusive Josam CASCADE GREASE INTERCEPTOR**



An exclusive feature of Josam Grease Interceptors is the Cascade Design, based on the principle of the waterfall. Due to the tumbling of the grease-laden water over four levels, the grease is separated from the waste water with speed and completeness, regardless of temperature. The tumbling action is augmented by baffles scientifically placed with relation to each other to cause the proper degree of agitation below grease level, thus retarding the flow of water, forcing the grease to separate and rise to the top level where

it can be easily removed. No cold water connections are necessary. Solids and sediment are evacuated, preventing decomposition of solids which cause odors in ordinary types of grease interceptors. Each Josam interceptor is equipped with the Josam exclusive "flow-control" which governs flow and insures over 90% grease retention efficiency. To be sure, specify Josam Cascade Grease Interceptors. A type and size for every installation. Accept no substitutes!

Write for free copy of Manual "A"—a digest of the latest important information on Grease Interception.



**JOSAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY**

Executive Offices, 325 Empire Bldg., Cleveland 14, O. • Manufacturing Division, Michigan City, Ind.

Representatives in all Principal Cities

JOSAM-PACIFIC CO., 765 Folsom Street, San Francisco, California—West Coast Distributors  
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- ( ) Send free copy of Manual "A"
- ( ) Send free copy of Josameter—The sliderule guide to sizing of grease interceptors.

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FIRM .....  
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CITY and STATE.....





(Continued from page 104)

## MIDGET FURNACE

Following the design principles of airplane heaters, *South Wind Midget Furnace* will soon be available as a unit of unique compactness for furnishing automatic gas heat. Key feature is the sealed flame system which makes it possible to burn the gas fuel in a confined space, permitting the use of small sealed metal tubes leading outside the house for venting instead of a chimney. The furnace is of stainless steel and "about

the size of a suitcase," 30 in. by 14 in. by 9½ in. Weight is 70 lb., or 45 lb. without the cabinet. It may be installed beneath the floor, in the floor, in the ceiling, in the attic, or even on the top shelf of a closet. Heat is distributed to rooms through short lengths of ducts, perhaps 1 ft. or 1½ ft. in length. Each unit has a capacity sufficient to heat about 2½ rooms, with individualized thermostatic control. Heater Division, Stewart-Warner Corp., Indianapolis, Ind.



Circuit breaker offers dual protection

## MULTI-BREAKER

For use as a service entrance breaker and distribution load center, the *MO 4 Multi-Breaker* incorporates in a 4-pole unit both thermal and high speed magnetic tripping action. Dual protection is provided as follows: The bimetal element functions only when a sustained overload or heavy short circuit occurs, and does not trip under harmless, momentary overloads. The magnetic trip, which is coiless, clears the circuit instantly under moderate or heavy short circuit conditions. The multi-breaker measures only 5¼ in. wide, 7¾ in. high, and 2⅞ in. deep. It will be available in single pole branch circuit capacities of 15, 20 and 30 amperes. By means of a handle tie furnished with each unit, the multi-breaker can be converted to a device with one or two double pole 3 wire circuits. Federal Electric Co., Newark, N. J.

## TRANSPARENT MIRRORS

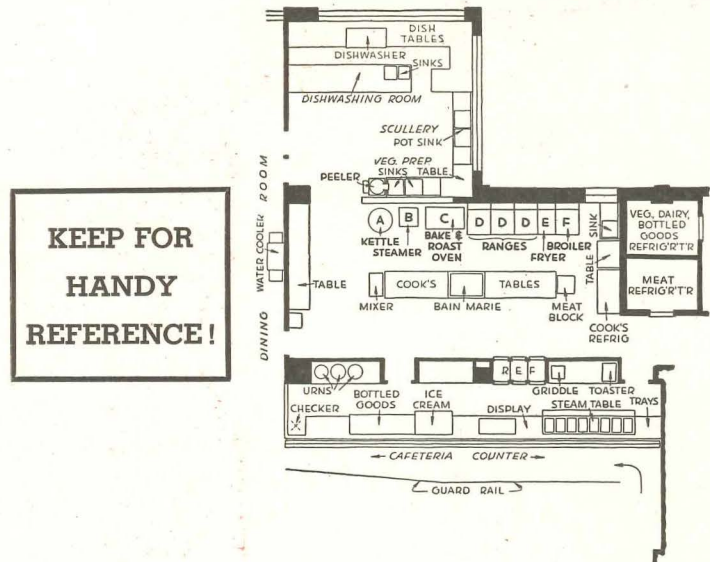
First large-scale production of transparent mirrors has been announced. When viewed from one side the glass functions as a reflective surface, while on the other it acts as a window. Key to its double qualities is the almost incredible thinness of the film of chromium alloy with which it is mirrored. This film is about four ten-millionths of an inch thick and, while constituting an effective reflecting surface, also permits the passage of light. Suggested uses are in doors of apartments and houses, to permit a secret glance at callers, as observation windows in child behavior clinics and psychiatric wards of hospitals, and as security windows in banks and commercial institutions. Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co., Toledo, Ohio.

(Continued on page 116)

## KITCHEN PLAN NO. 40:

Fortieth of a series of successful mass-feeding kitchen plans.

This streamlined, smoothly flowing, industrial cafeteria kitchen was the winner of an award in a recent National Food Service Design Contest.



### COOKING EQUIPMENT USED:

- (a) 1 Stock Kettle
- (b) 1 Vegetable Steamer
- (c) 1 No. 909 GAS FIRED BLODGETT BAKING AND ROASTING OVEN
- (d) 3 Solid Top Gas Fired Ranges
- (e) 1 Gas Fired Deep Fat Fryer
- (f) 1 Gas Fired Ceramic Broiler

Designed by: Olson & Urbain, and the Stearnes Company, Chicago, Illinois

Flexibility of operation is extremely important in modern, high speed food service. The No. 909 Gas-Fired Blodgett Oven used in this installation produces a large variety of pies, cakes, pastry and rolls, and at the same time handles considerable quantities of roast meats, fish and baked vegetables — an oven arrangement that is ideal when space saving and menu variety must be combined.

## The G. S. BLODGETT CO., Inc.

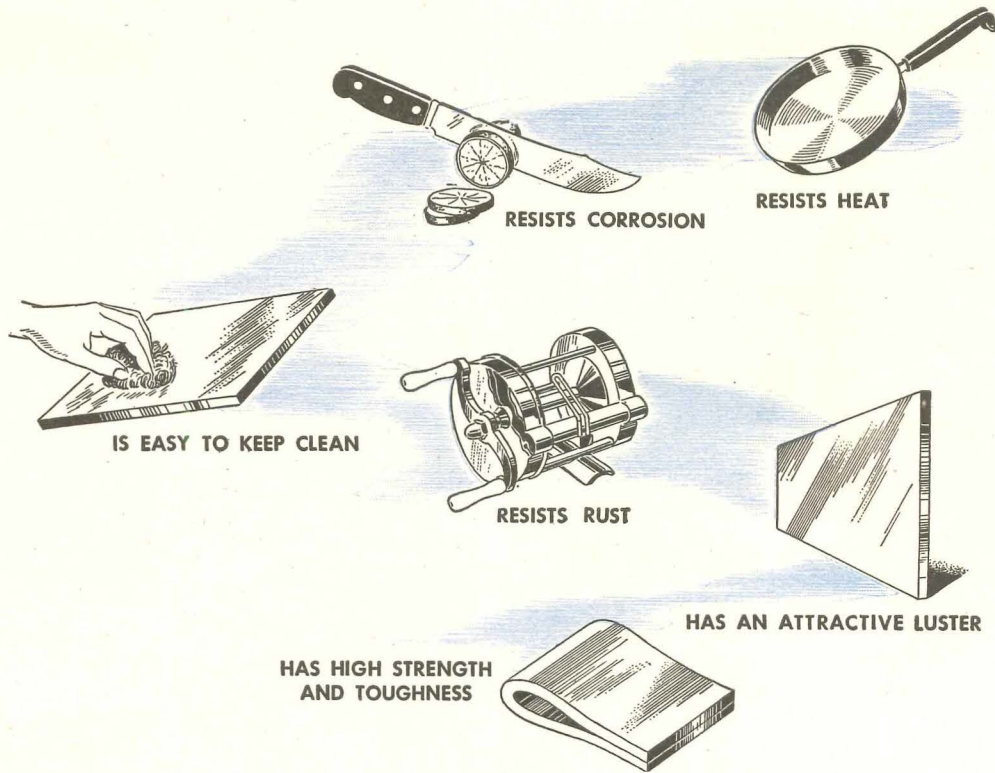
50 Lakeside Avenue

Burlington, Vermont

The new, deluxe edition of "Case Histories of Successful Mass-Feeding Installations" is ready. Send for your copy now!







## SUPERIOR PROPERTIES

### How stainless steel can improve your product

When you are designing a new product that requires any or all of these properties, stainless steel is the answer. Perhaps your problem is corrosion and heat resistance in turbine blades. Or do you need a metal that will be easy to clean for food-processing equipment or one that will retain its gleaming surface for architectural trim? Are you designing for resistance to extreme corrosion in chemical and textile equipment? Now that stainless steel is again available, it can help you to improve your product in many ways.

If you are interested in the newer uses of stainless and other alloy steels, ask to receive

the monthly publication, *ELECTROMET REVIEW*. Or, if you need advice on their production, properties, or fabrication, write our Technical Service Department. We do not make steel, but we do produce the ferro-alloys which are used in its manufacture, and our engineers have accumulated a fund of information on the use of stainless steel in many industries.

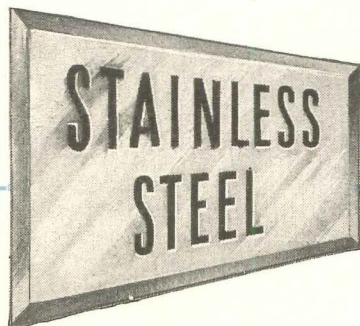
#### **ELECTRO METALLURGICAL COMPANY**

Unit of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation



30 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y.

In Canada: Electro Metallurgical Company of Canada, Limited, Welland, Ontario



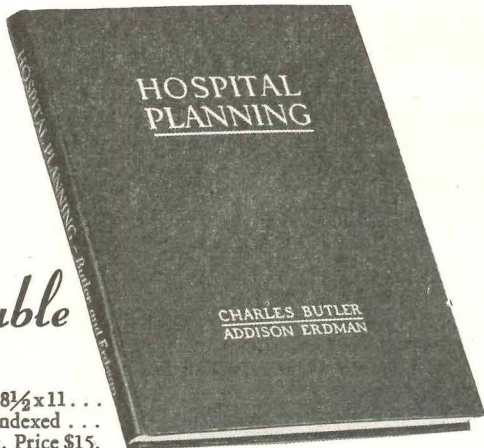
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(Continued from page 114)

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### HUMIDIFIER

The saying, “Furnace heat is dry heat,” need no longer be true, according to the manufacturer of *Humidair*, a humidifier which reportedly has an evaporating capacity that will maintain 35 to 40 per cent relative humidity with either high- or low-temperature warm-air furnaces. The device is connected to city water system for its water supply, which is replenished and shut off automatically. It is said to have four times as much evaporating surface as ordinary dome-type humidifiers, and can be used in hardwater districts. Skillbeck Mfg. Co., Kenosha, Wis.

### INSULATING SLABS

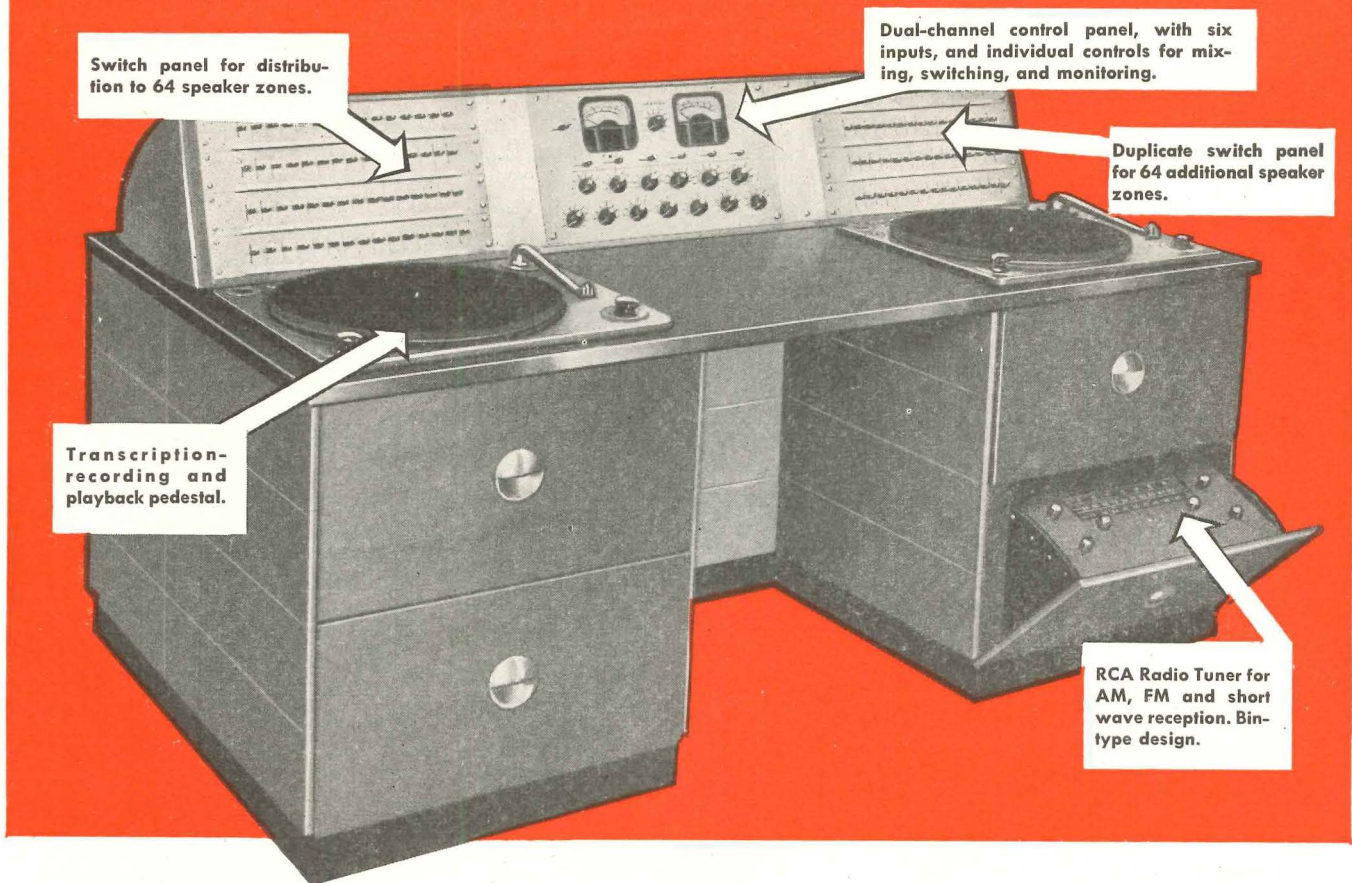
Manufactured in 1-in., 2-in., and 3-in. slabs, 4 ft. by 4 ft., with or without paper backing, *Cemex* is offered as a structural fireproof insulating material. It is reported to be made of scientifically treated long tough wood fibers, coated with Portland cement, compressed to desired thickness, and air dried and cured for maximum strength. The manufacturer recommends it for the following uses: as combined stucco base and sheathing, fireproof wall partitions, interior plaster base, industrial roof deck, and insulation for walls, floors, and steel roof framing. *Cemex* can be sawed like lumber when cutting and fitting is required. Structural Insulation Corp., 333 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 1, Ill.

### CORRUGATED PLASTIC

The transparency and light-diffusing qualities of *Plexiglas* plastic are now available in corrugated sheet that has greater strength in thinner sections. It is suggested for use as lighting shields, freestanding screens, inner partitions in homes and offices, and a lighting aid in window and display fixtures. Rohm & Haas Co., Philadelphia, Penn.



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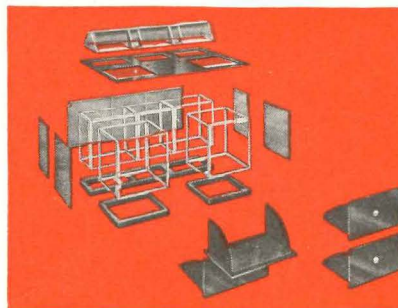
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## THE RECORD REPORTS *(Continued from page 20)*

gress and Exposition, Oakland Municipal Auditorium, Oakland, Calif.

*March 25-28:* 17th annual Safety Convention and Exposition, Hotel Pennsylvania, New York City.

*May 5-11:* 2nd National Plastics Exposition and Annual Convention, The Society of the Plastics Industry, Coliseum, Chicago.

*June 12-22:* 2nd annual Construction Industries Exposition and Home Show, Pan-Pacific Auditorium, Los Angeles.

### FELLOWSHIP OFFERED

Announcement has been made by the School of Architecture of Princeton University of the Lowell M. Palmer Fellowship in Architecture for 1947.

The purpose of this Fellowship is "to enable a student of unusual promise to undertake the advanced study of architecture at Princeton, and to take advantage of the opportunities offered by the close affiliation of the School of Architecture, the Bureau of Urban Research,

the Department of Art and Archaeology, and the other graduate departments of Princeton University."

The Palmer Fellow is exempt from tuition fees, and will receive a stipend of \$700 during his year of residence at Princeton.

Particular consideration in awarding the fellowship will be given to (1) achievement in architectural design; (2) scholastic record; (3) personal character; (4) professional experience. All applicants must hold a Bachelor's degree, must be citizens of the United States, less than 27 years of age on October 1, 1947, and in good physical condition. Applications must be received not later than March 1, 1947. Application blanks may be obtained from the Secretary, School of Architecture, Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.

### OFFICE NOTES

#### Offices Opened, Reopened

David Searcy Barrow, Architect, has opened offices at 605 Central Ave., Wilmette, Ill.

E. J. Capello, Architect, has announced the opening of his office at 164-01 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y.

Serge Chermayeff, A.I.A., A.S.P.A., F.R.I.B.A., has opened his new office at 307 E. 37th St., New York, N. Y.

Norris M. Gaddis, Architect, has opened an office at 544 Colusa Ave., El Cerrito, Calif.

Bernard J. Hein, Architect, has opened offices at 316 Hyde Bldg., Albert Lea, Minn.

Karl Buckingham Hoke, Architect, has reopened his offices at 1514 Madison Ave., Toledo 2, Ohio.

Percy M. Ivory, Architect, plan examiner in the Building Department of the Town of Irvington N. J., for the past 10 years, has returned to private architectural practice with offices at 1073 Springfield Ave., Irvington, N. J.

Laurence P. Johnston, A.I.A., has opened offices at 1515 Sherman Ave., Evanston, Ill., and will specialize in hospital planning.

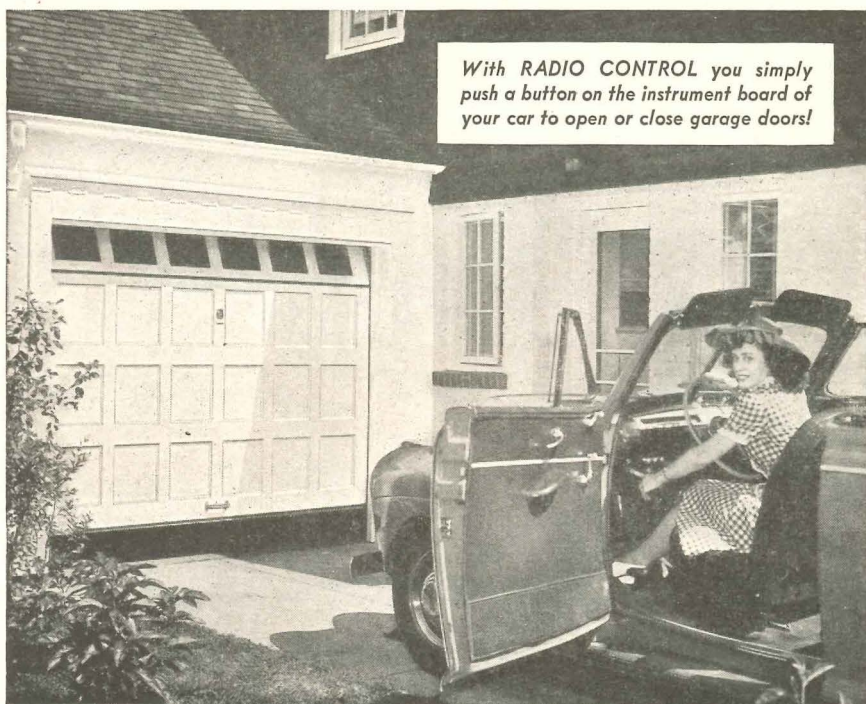
Robert McKean, formerly an associate in the office of Gilbert Rohde, has opened industrial design and product development offices at 165 E. 72nd St., New York 21, N. Y.

Bert J. Morris, Residential and Commercial Designer and Draftsman, has opened an office at 2826 W. Central Ave., Newport Beach, Calif.

The office of Gerald Anthony Paul, R.A., has established quarters for the general practice of architecture, engineering and industrial design, at 333 Fourth Ave., New York 10, N. Y. Mr. Paul formerly was with Morris Lapidus.

F. M. Olston, Architect, has reopened his office at 306 Springer Bldg., Tulsa 3, Okla.

Carl Schmuelling, A.I.A., until re-  
*(Continued on page 120)*



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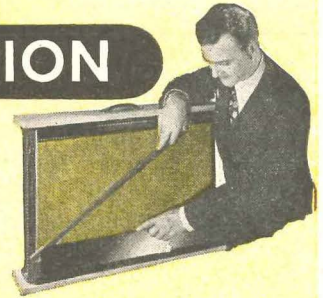
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## THE RECORD REPORTS (Continued from page 118)

cently associated with Wm. W. Carlton & Associates, Engineers and Architects, has announced his return to his own architectural practice after almost four years in the Seabees on Guadalcanal and Aleutian duty. Address, 6224 Kennedy Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

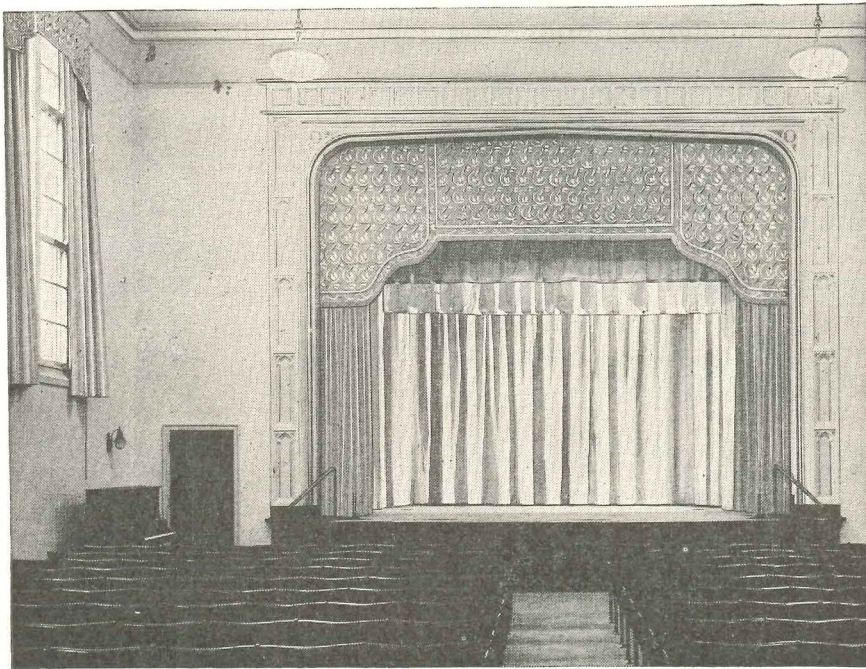
Seth Talcott and Charles H. Talcott have announced the resumption of their partnership under the firm name of Talcott & Talcott for the general practice of architecture with offices at 6

W. Putnam Ave., Greenwich, Conn.

John M. Walton and Associates, Architects, have opened an Arlington, Va., office in the Radio Bldg., 2030 Sixteenth St. N., Arlington, Va.

Eugene Weisberg, Architect, has established an office at 219 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Maxwell E. Wright has announced the opening of an office for the practice of architecture and allied design at 805 Kales Bldg., 76 W. Adams St., Detroit 26, Mich.



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## New Addresses

The following new addresses have been announced:

Alfred Watts Grant, Architect, Rooms 207-208, Midland Savings Bldg., Denver 2, Colo.

Gypsum Assn., Chicago, 330 S. Wells St., Chicago 6, Ill.

## Firm Changes

Jonathan Fairchild Butler and Francis Day Rogers have announced formation of a partnership, to be known as Rogers & Butler, for the practice of architecture with offices at 70 E. 45th St., New York 17, N. Y.

Dominic E. Campanella has been appointed a partner in the firm of Telchin and Campanella, Architects.

Arthur Quentin Davis and Nathaniel C. Curtis, Jr., Registered Architects, have announced formation of the architectural firm of Curtis and Davis, Architects and Associated Engineers, with offices at 720 Union St., New Orleans, La.

Joseph Kichaven, Architect, and Robert J. Mayer, Associate, have opened offices for the practice of architecture under the firm name of Robert J. Mayer and Joseph Kichaven, Architect Associates, at Room 203, El Serrano Bldg., 556 S. Serrano Ave., Los Angeles 5, Calif.

Martin, Frank, Inc., has announced a change of firm name to Frank and Hollinshead, Inc.

C. Hardy Oliver and Alex A. Dickson have formed a partnership for the practice of architecture under the firm name of Oliver & Dickson, Architects, with offices at 1205 Hampton St., Columbia 29, S. C.

Leonard Schultze and Associates, Architects (Leonard Schultze, E. V. Meroni, Lloyd Morgan and Wm. Sunderland), are now practicing their profession at 119 E. 40th St., New York City.

Joshua M. Sprague has joined the technical staff of the Clay Sewer Pipe Assn., as District Engineer in New York and the Atlantic Seaboard. Address, 26 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A. Carl Stelling has announced the association of John Robinson Tregenza in the practice of landscape architecture and site planning. Address, 77 Park Ave., New York 16, N. Y.

## L. MOHOLY-NAGY

Laszlo Moholy-Nagy, founder and president of the Institute of Design, Chicago, died on November 24 at the age of 51.

Moholy-Nagy, or Moholy as he was frequently called, was widely known throughout Europe and this country as writer, lecturer and artist. As a member of the staff of the Bauhaus from 1923-

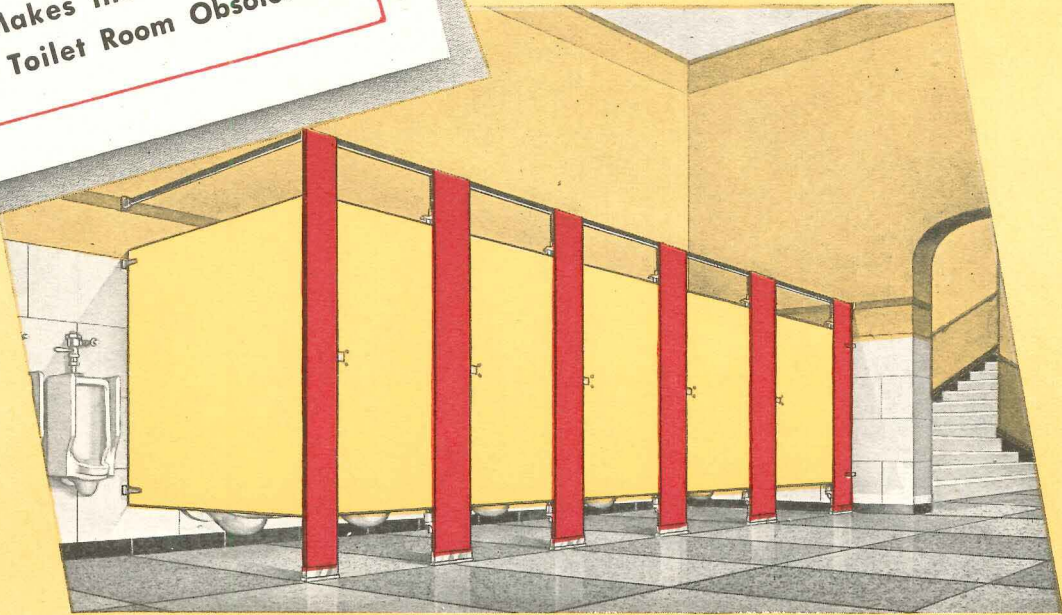
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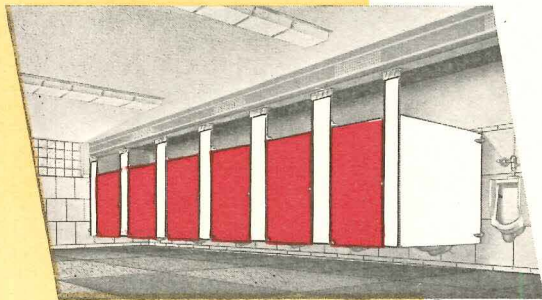
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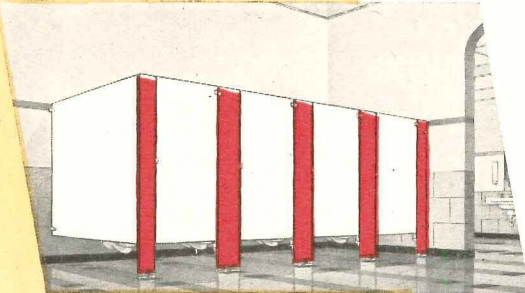
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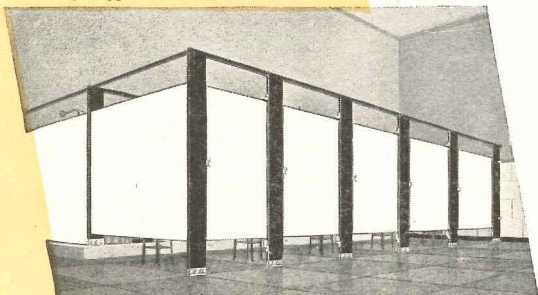
Sanymetal "PORCENA" CENTURY Type Ceiling Hung Toilet Compartments offer the utmost in sanitation and provide modern, distinctive toilet room environments for schools, institutions, terminals and other public buildings.



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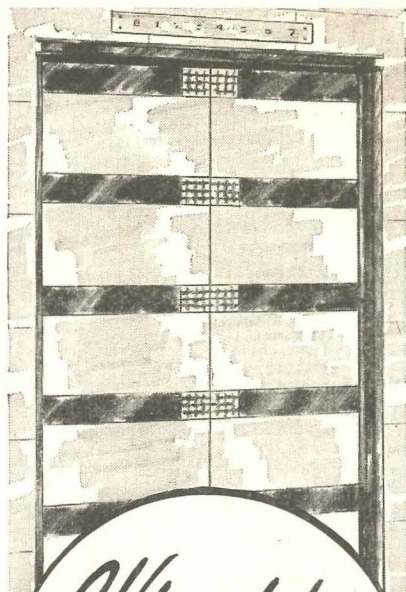
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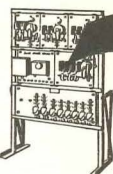
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**THE RECORD REPORTS**

(Continued from page 120)

1928, he had charge of the basic course and the metallurgical workshop, later turning his hand to the editing, with Walter Gropius, of the 14 Bauhaus books and the quarterly "Bauhaus." He came to this country in 1937, following two years in London, as director of the New Bauhaus in Chicago.

The author of a number of books on art and architecture, including *The New Vision*, Moholy-Nagy had had exhibitions of his painting and sculpture in all the important cities of Europe and in New York, Boston, Chicago, San Francisco, Philadelphia and other cities here. He had lectured at a number of important colleges and universities, including Oxford, Cambridge, Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Chicago.

**GEORGE S. CHAPPELL**

George Sheppard Chappell, architect, author and lecturer, and associate editor of *The Litchfield (Conn.) Enquirer*, died at his home on November 25 following a long illness. He was 69.

Mr. Chappell, a native of New London, Conn., and a graduate of Yale University, studied at the Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris and was a member of the A.I.A. and the Society of Beaux Arts Architects.

Writing both under his own name and under the penname of Dr. Walter Traprock, Mr. Chappell was the author of several highly popular humorous volumes including *The Cruise of the Kawa*, *My Northern Exposure*, and *Through the Alimentary Canal With Gun and Camera*.

**TIMOTHY PFLUEGER**

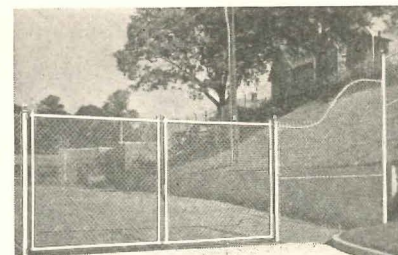
The death of Timothy L. Pflueger, A.I.A., on November 20 brought to an end a career just reaching its height.

Born in San Francisco, Mr. Pflueger received his architectural training in an atelier and office in that city. Among the many notable buildings of his design was the Court of Pacifica at the Golden Gate International Exhibition.

**S. B. MARSTON**

Sylvanus B. Marston, F.A.I.A., died on November 16 at his home in Pasadena, Calif. He was 63.

A native of San Francisco, Mr. Marston spent the greater part of his life in Pasadena. For many years associated with Edgar W. Maybury in the architectural firm of Marston & Maybury, he was the designer of many prominent buildings in the Pasadena area. He was chairman of the Pasadena City Planning Commission and served two terms as president of the Southern California Chapter of the A.I.A.



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TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

(Continued from page 112)

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**LITERATURE REQUESTED**

The following individuals and firms request manufacturers' literature:

Merrill W. Baird, Architect, Bank of America Bldg., Glendale 4, Calif.

E. J. Cappello, Architect, 164-01 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y.

F. J. Dickerson, Architect, H. J. Heinz Co., P. O. Box 57, Pittsburgh 30, Penn.

Alfred Watts Grant, Architect, 208 Midland Savings Bldg., Denver 2, Colo.

Karl Buckingham Hoke, Architect, 1514 Madison Ave., Toledo 2, Ohio.

Alfred I. Kirby, Draftsman, 40 S. Los Robles Ave., Pasadena 1, Calif.

Bert J. Morris, Residential and Commercial Designer and Draftsman, 2826 W. Central Ave., Newport Beach, Calif.

Don Muntz, Draftsman, 5542 E. Second St., Long Beach 3, Calif.

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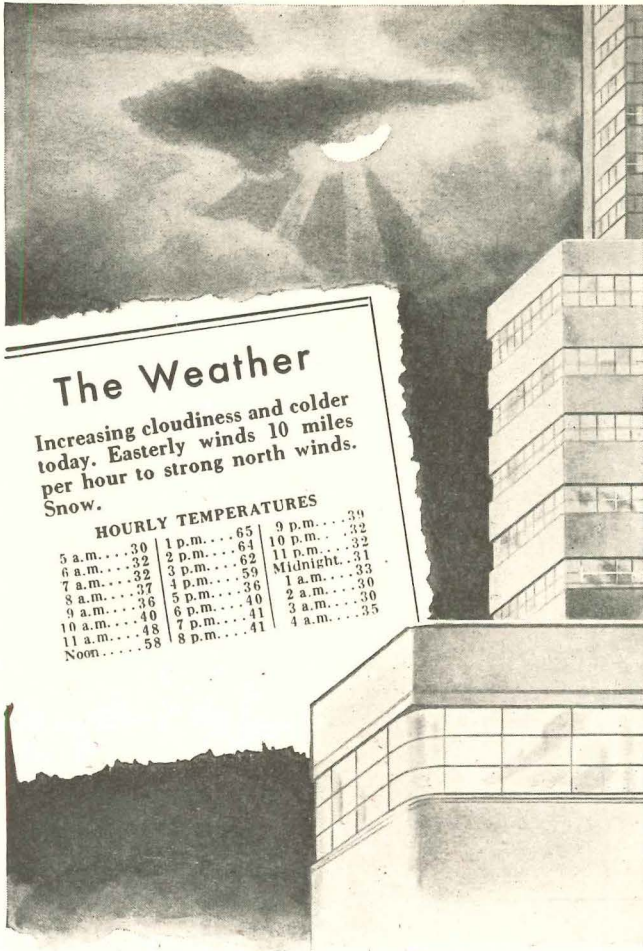
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9 a.m. . . . 36	5 p.m. . . . 36	1 a.m. . . . 33
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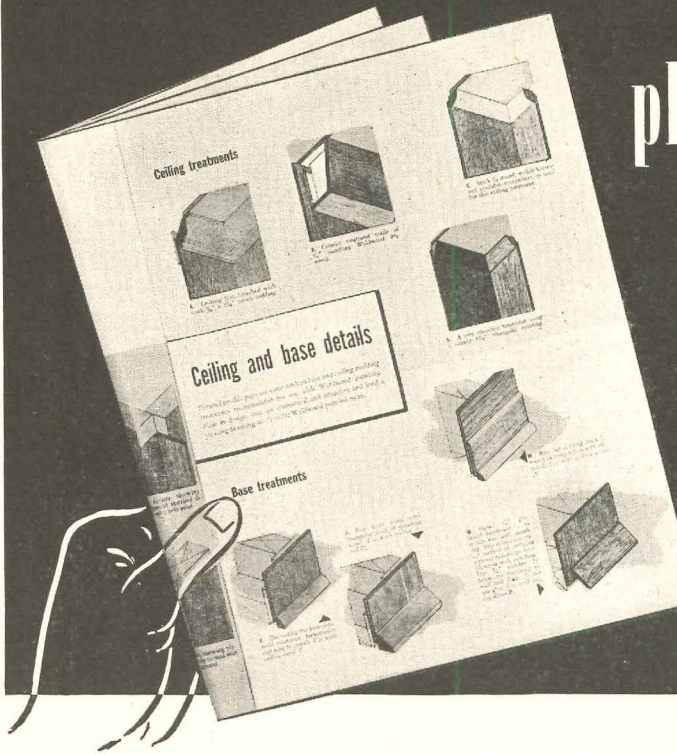
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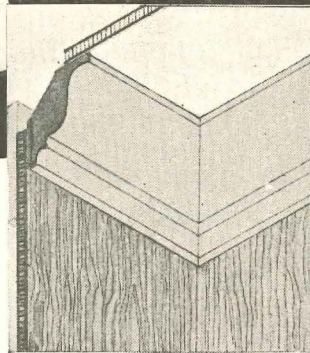


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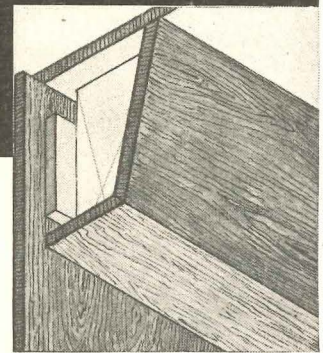
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Illustrated on this page are a few suggested ideas for base and ceiling designs. Just how these and other effects may be economically built . . . right on the job . . . is fully explained in the new Weldwood Plywood booklet. In addition, this booklet gives planning and construction data and shows numerous photographs of completed Weldwood interiors.

Free copy of this booklet will be mailed to you on request. Send for it today.

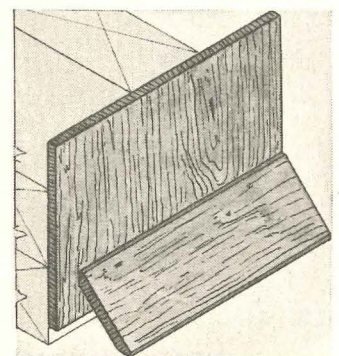
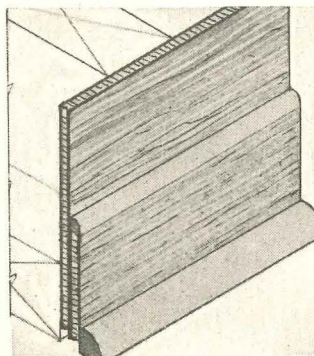


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**ABOVE:** Cornice treatment made of 1/4" matching Weldwood Plywood.

**BELOW:** Matching base using stock 1/4 round in conjunction with plywood strip.



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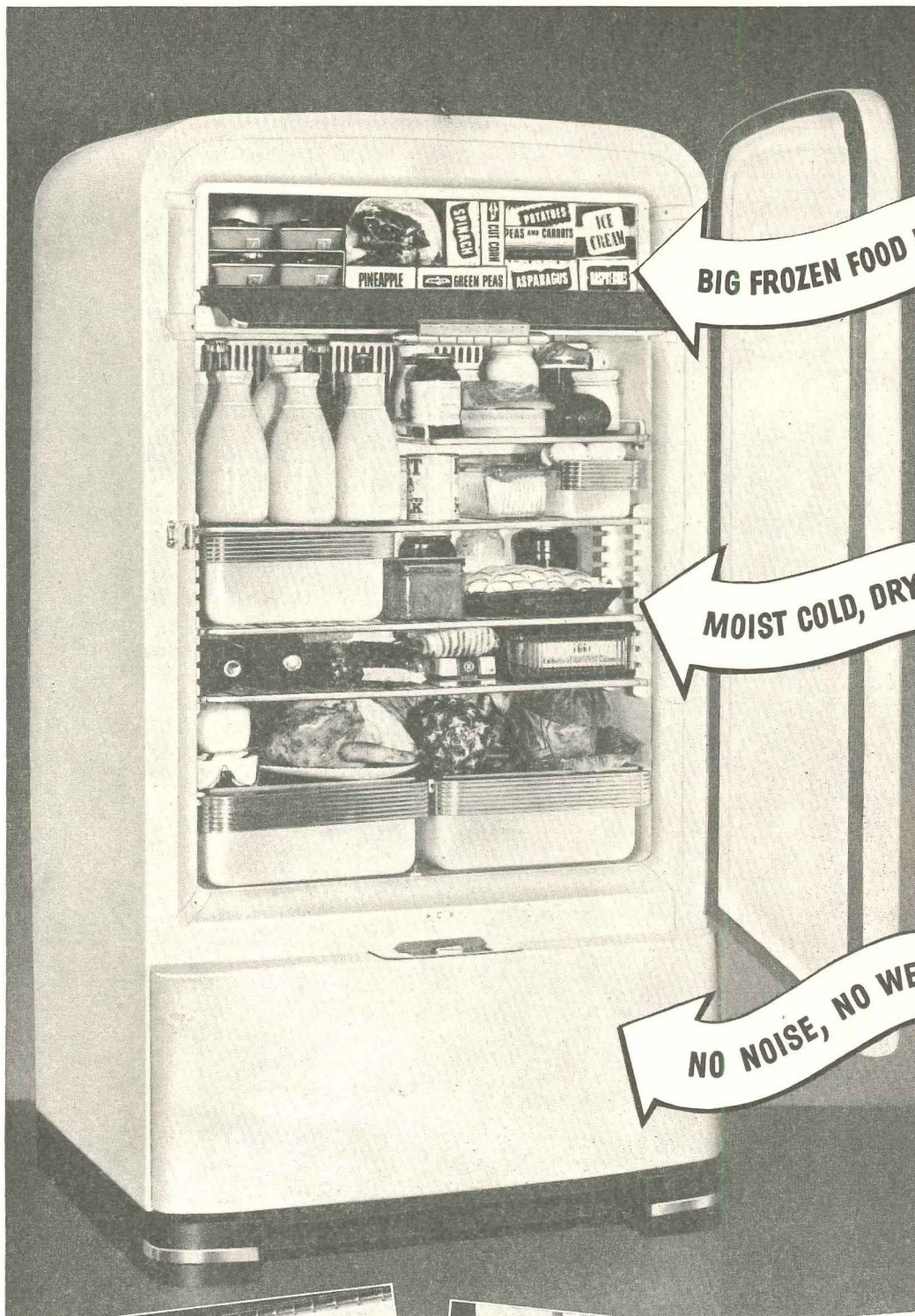
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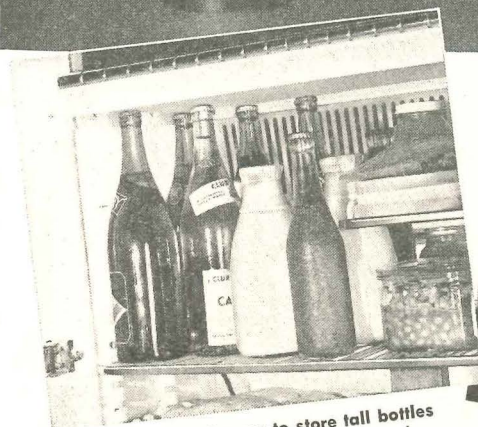
Servel's big, convenient Frozen Food Locker stores up to 60 packages of frozen meats, poultry, vegetables, fruits, biscuits. It saves homemakers hours of shopping time, helps them plan new and varied menus every season of the year.

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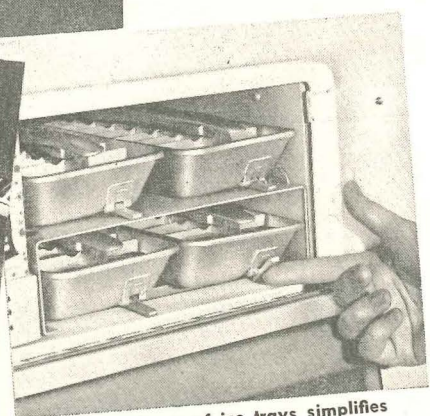
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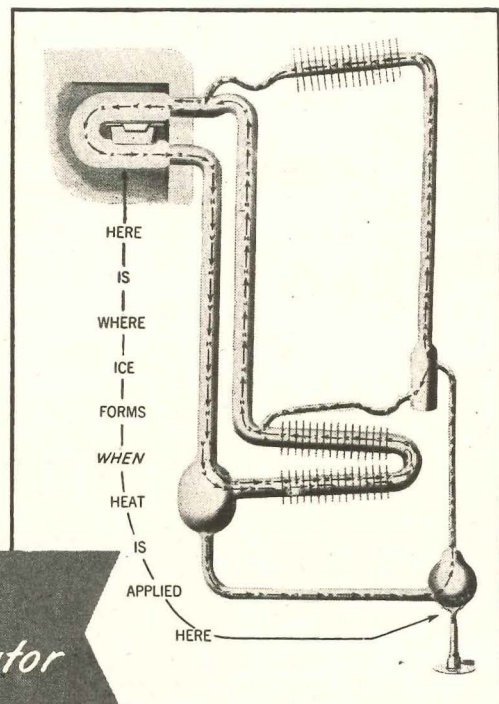
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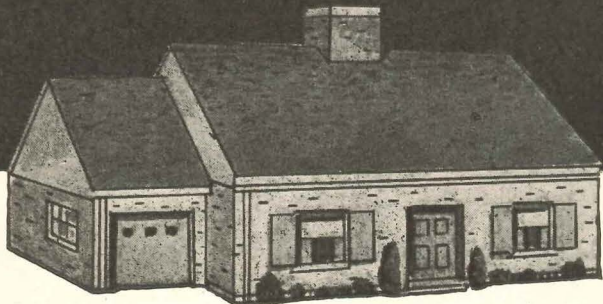


STAYS SILENT . . . LASTS LONGER

# Servel *The GAS Refrigerator*



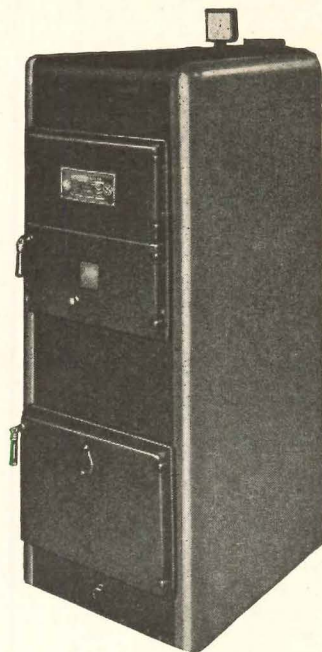
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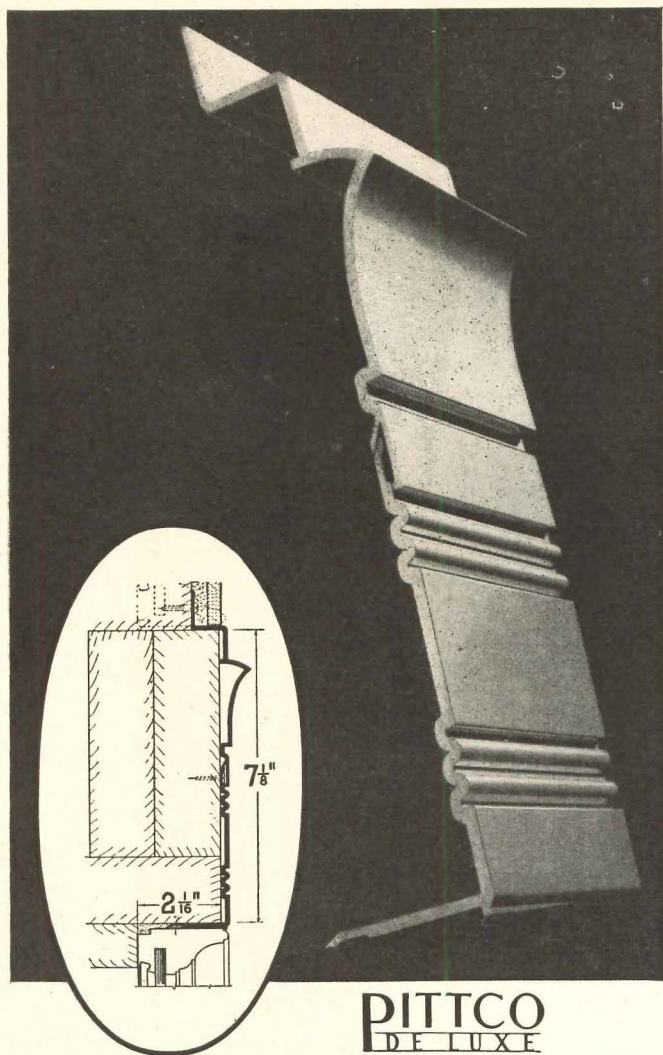
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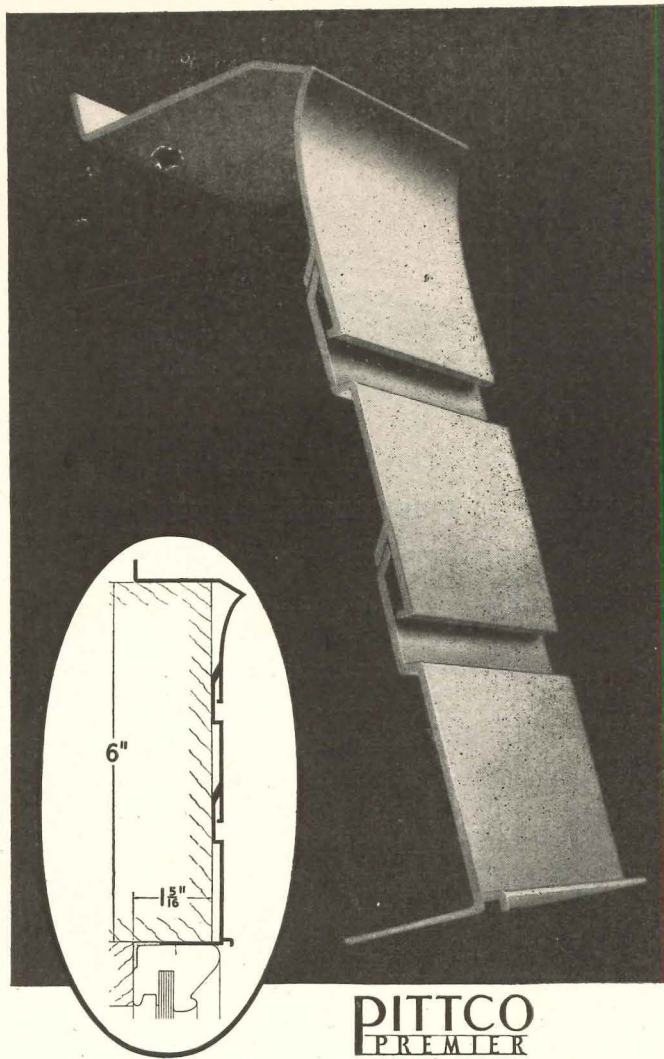
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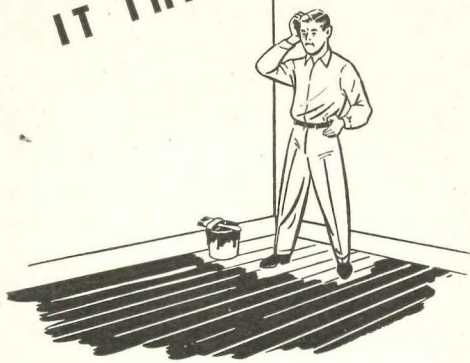


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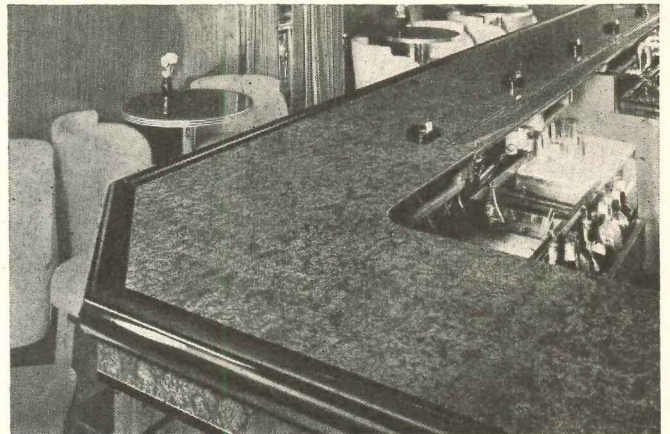
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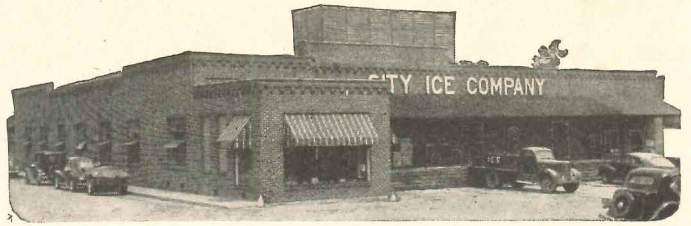
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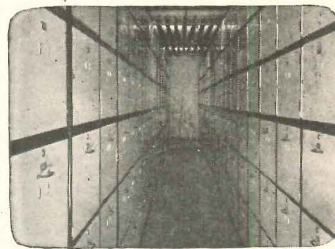
HOMASOTE COMPANY, Trenton 3, N. J.



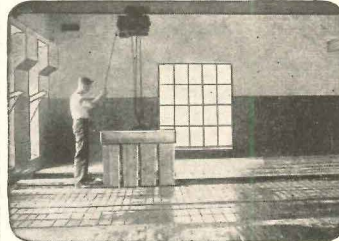
## Where Does the Architect Come In?

When this set of photographs recently appeared in the ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, a history was given of the plant as a COMMUNITY REFRIGERATION CENTER. An exciting story it made, too.

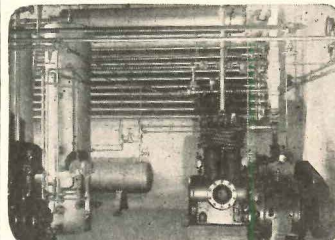
However, some readers may be wondering just where the Architect comes into the picture.



Typical Aisle in Locker Room, which has 1675 Compartments



Labor-Saving Equipment Harvests Four Ice Cans at Once.



One of 7 Frick Machines holding proper temps. for various services.

Well, the City Ice Company plans to extend its main plant until it covers the entire city block. This block faces the Civic Center in Gainesville, Ga. Other buildings around the Center—the Post Office, the City Hall and the Federal Building—are all of marble. The new entrance to the ice plant will also be of marble. The enlargement will include new offices, refrigerator and fixture sales and display rooms, a lobby, entrance to the locker rooms, and a new food processing room.

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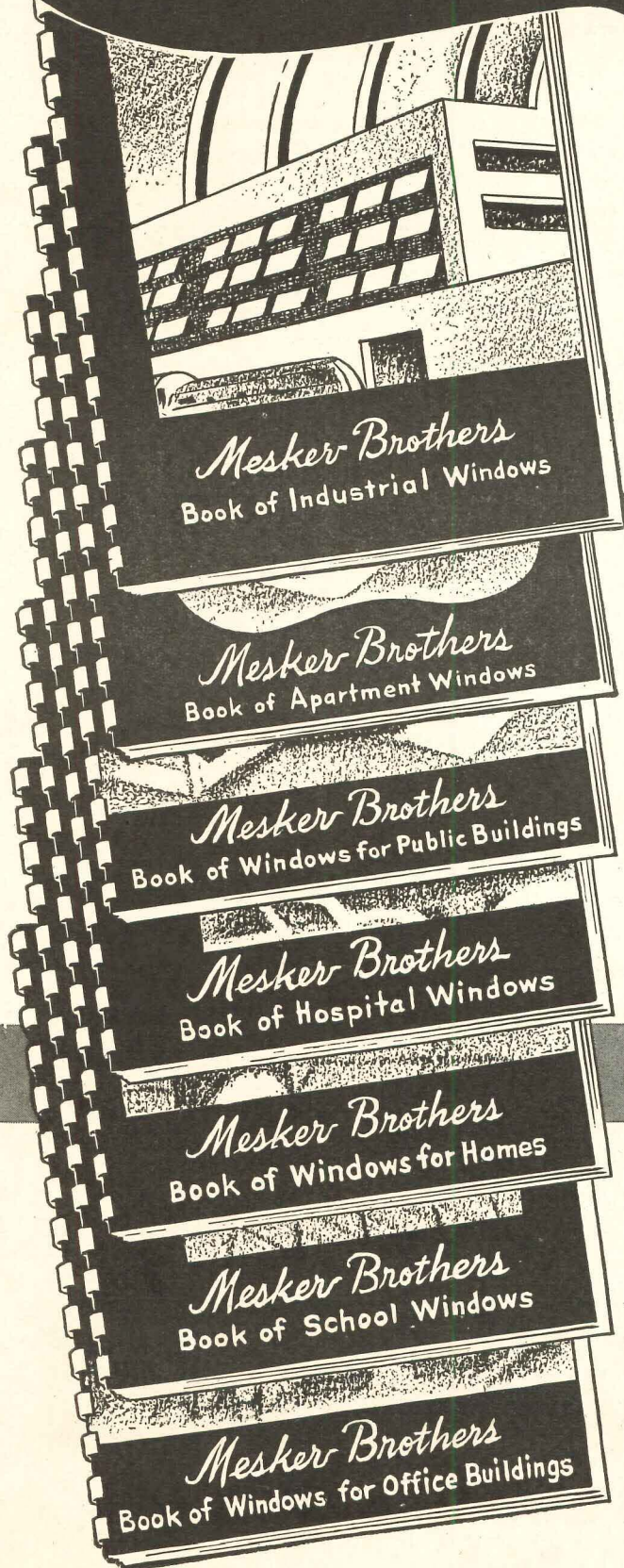
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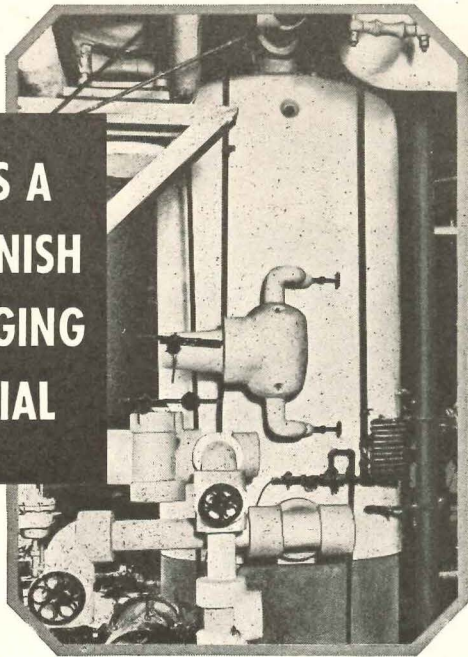
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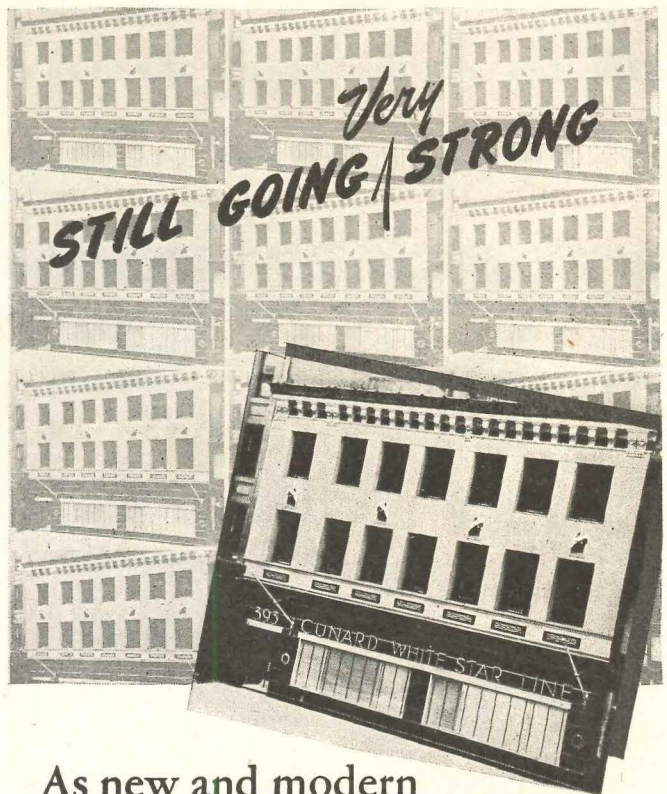
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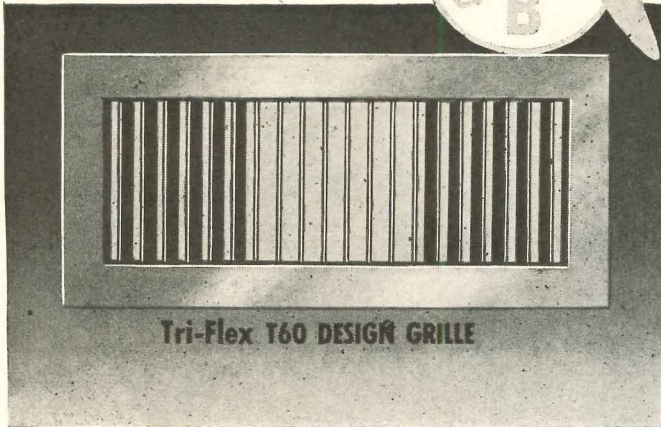
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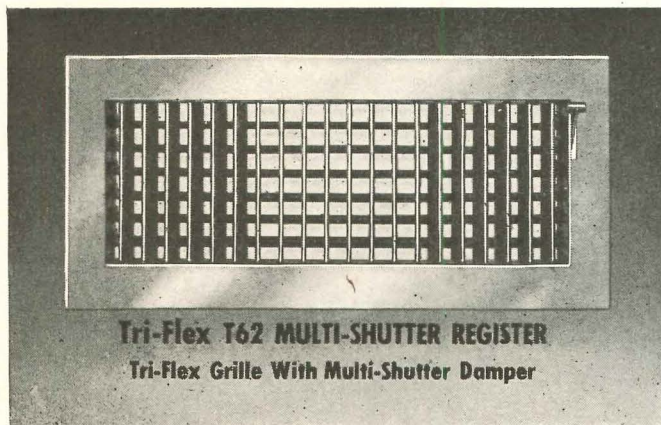


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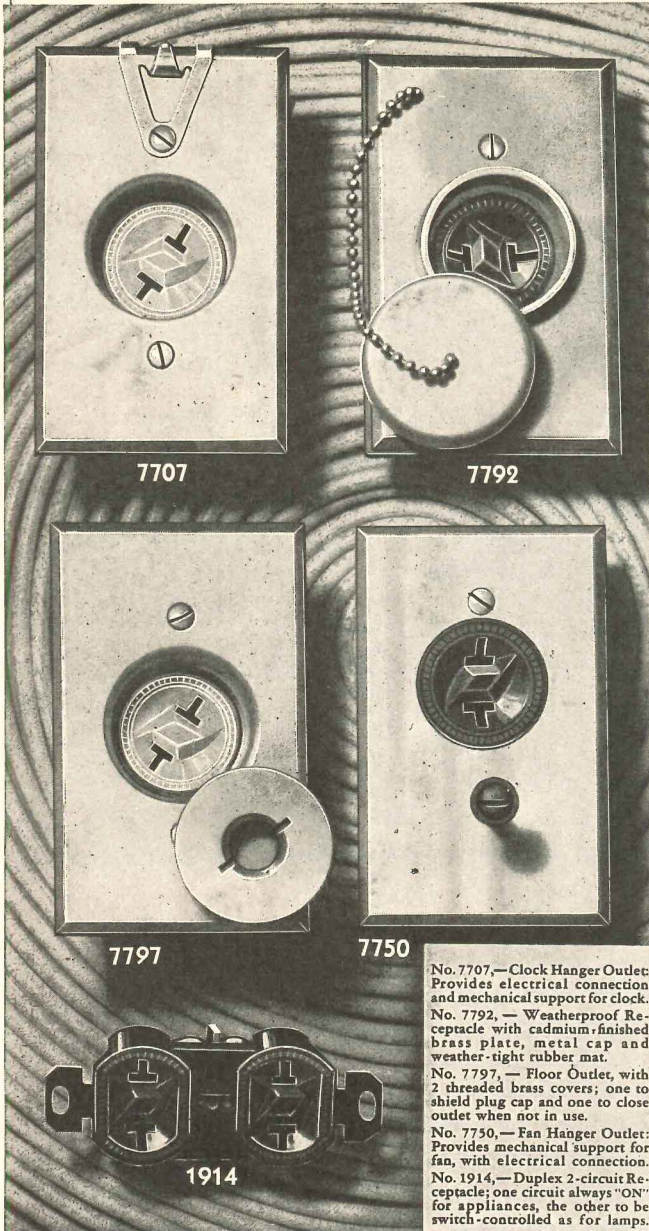


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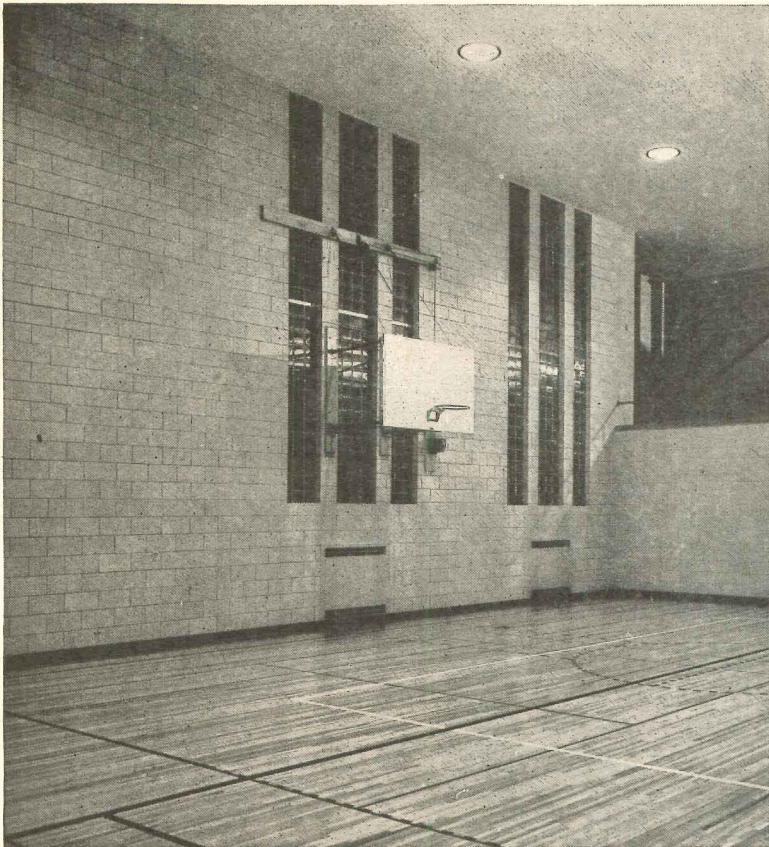
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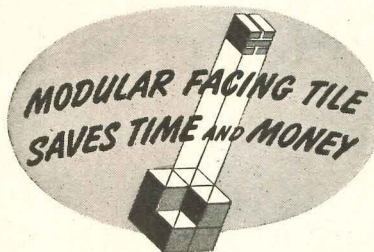
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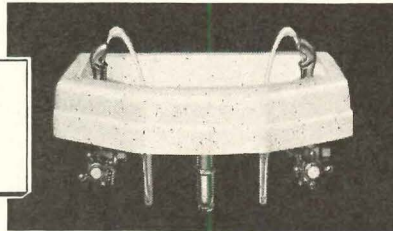
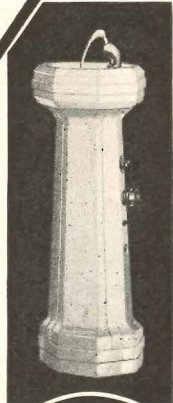


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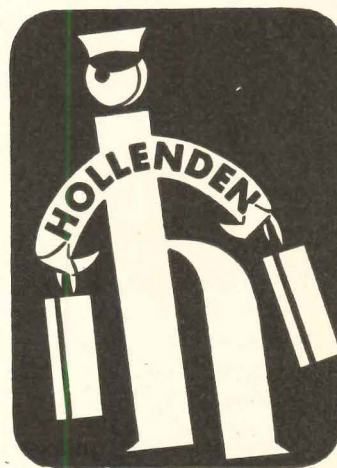
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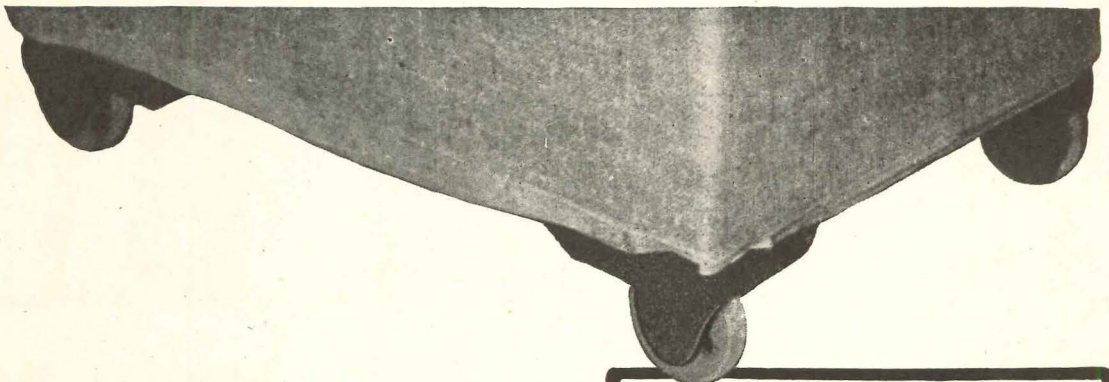
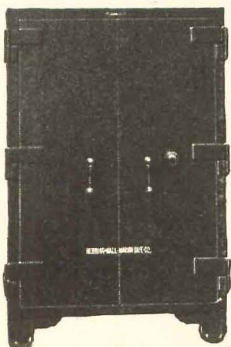
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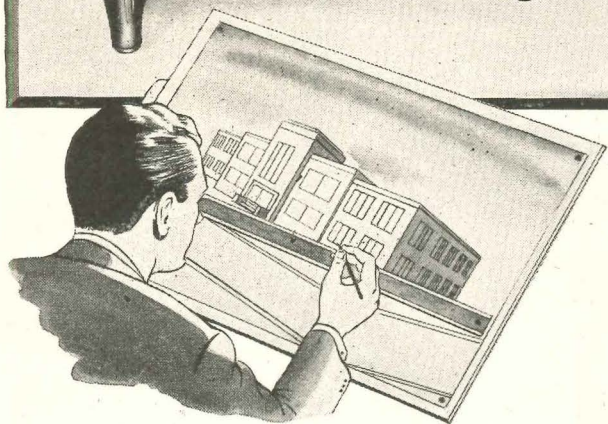
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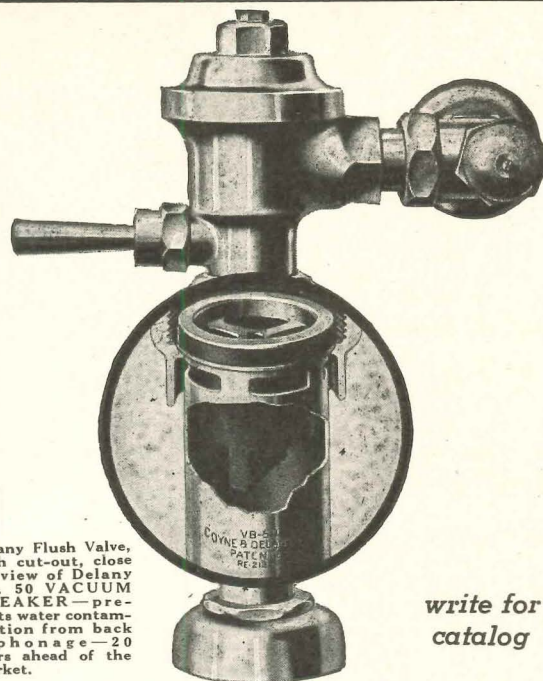
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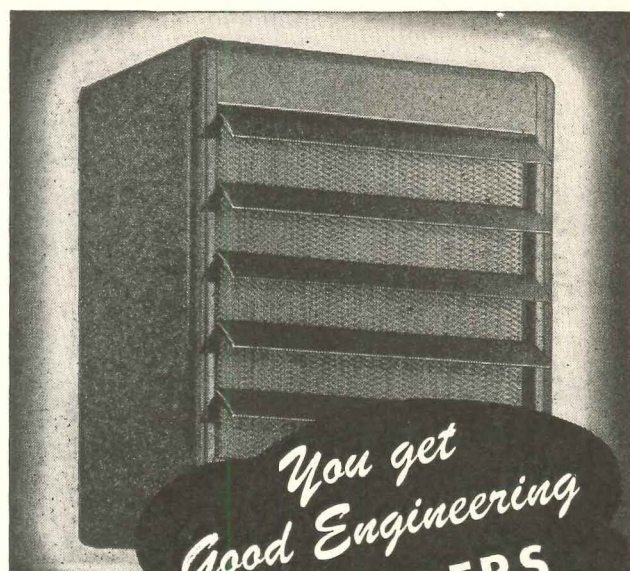
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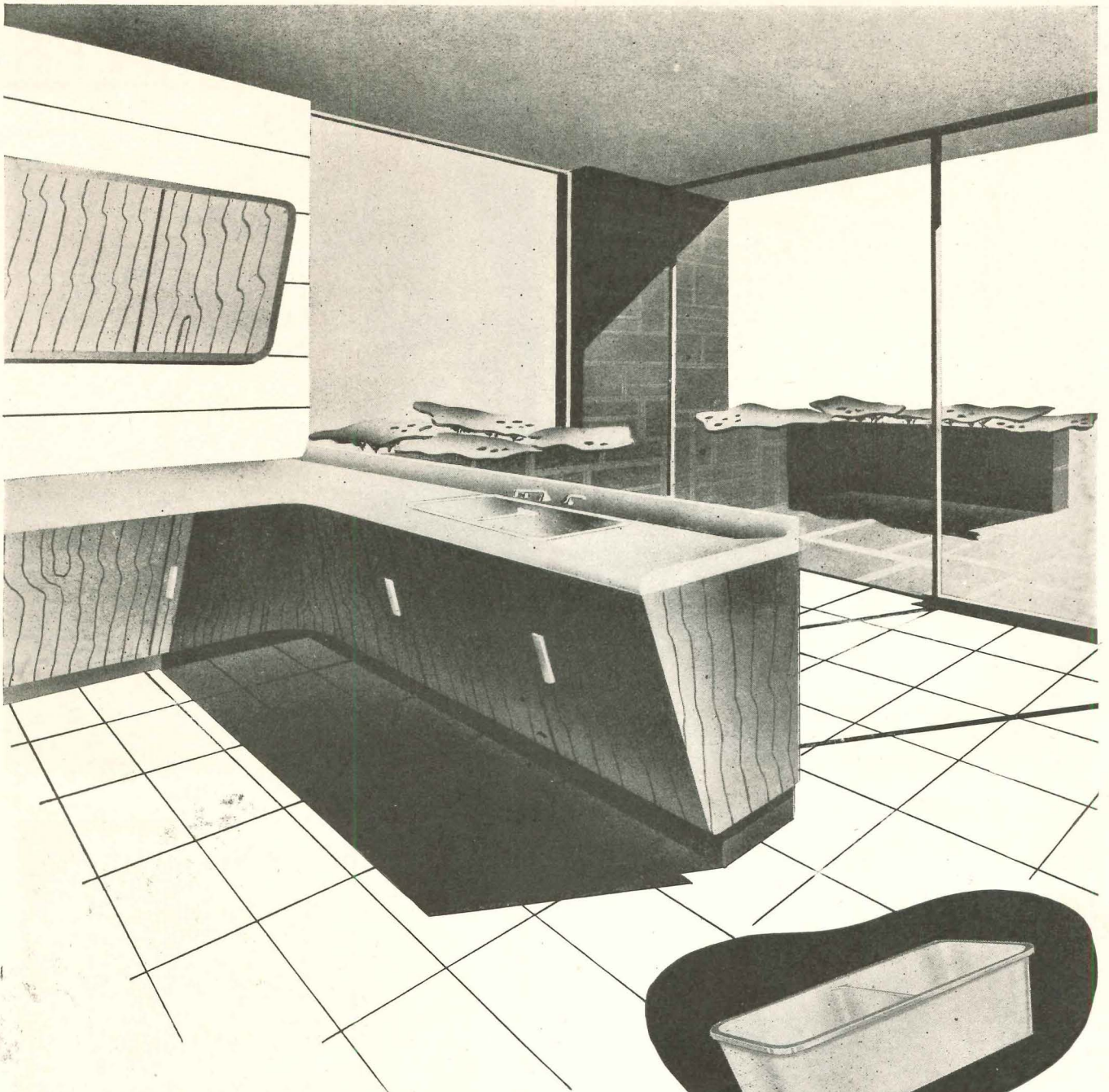


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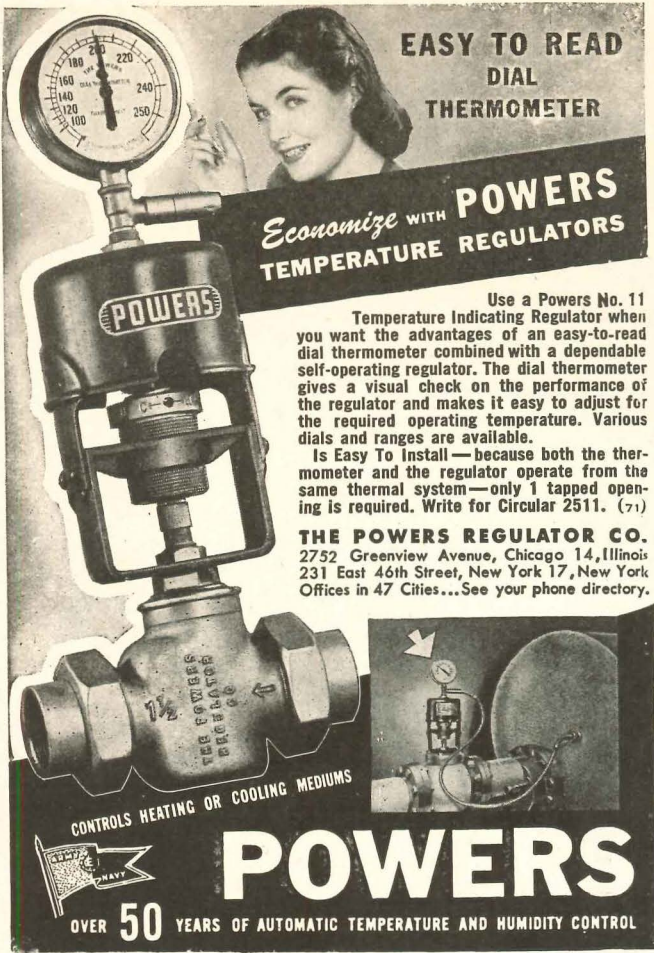
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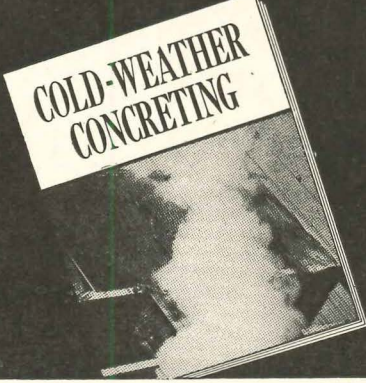
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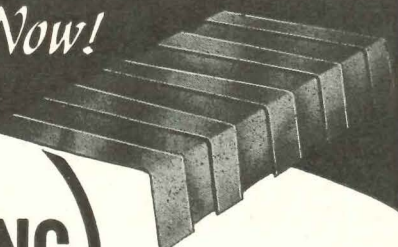
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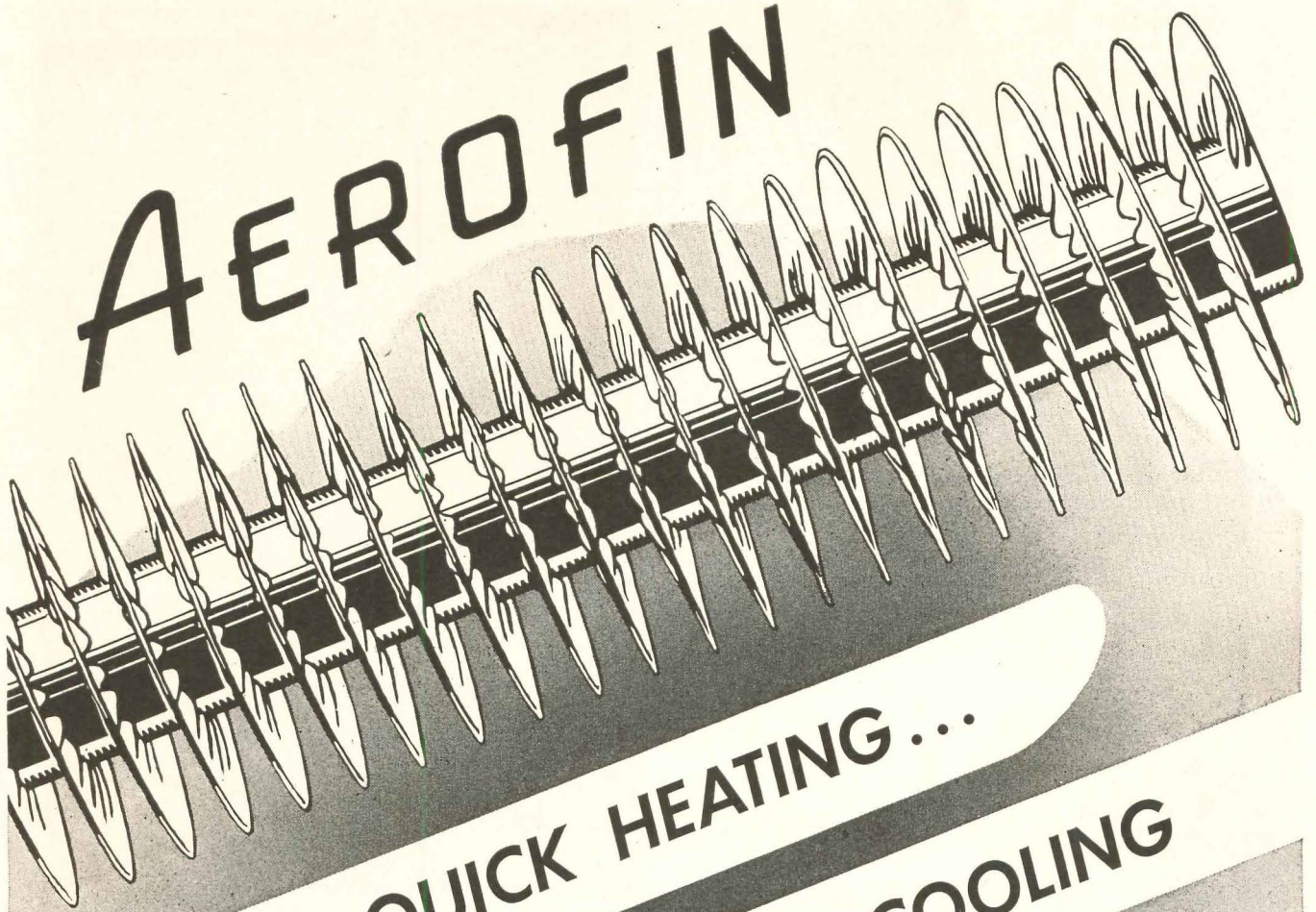
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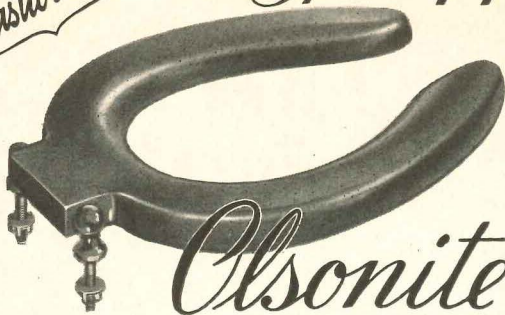
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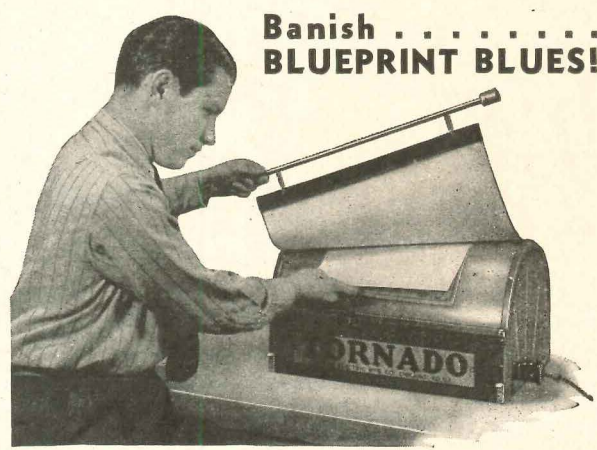
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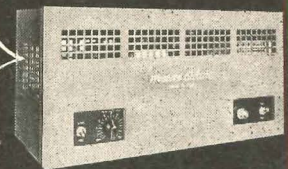
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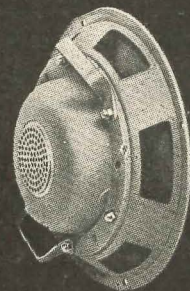
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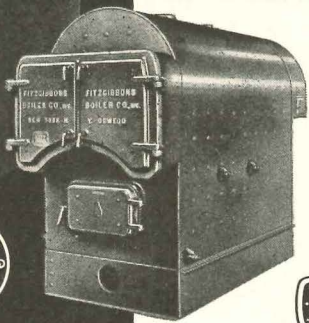
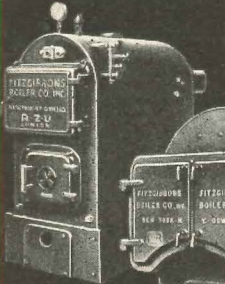
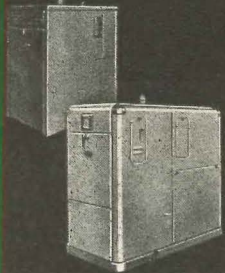
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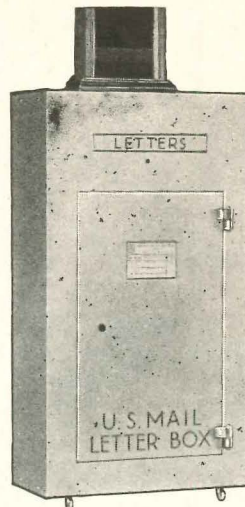
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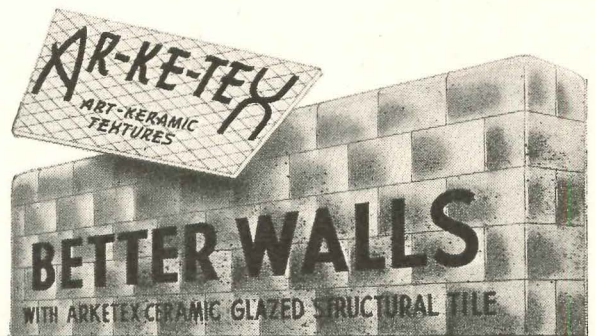
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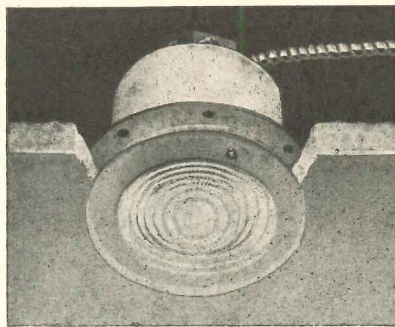
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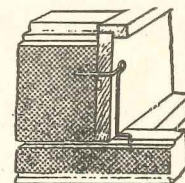
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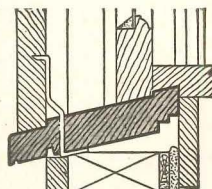
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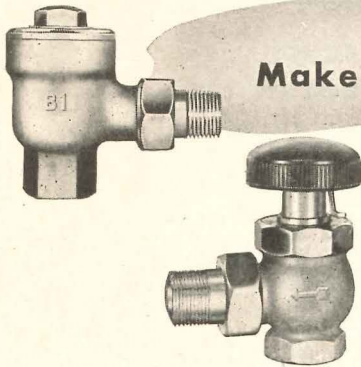
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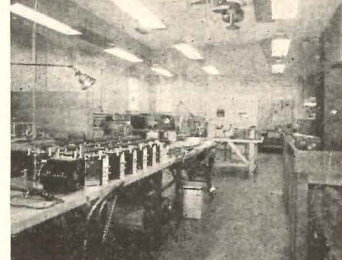
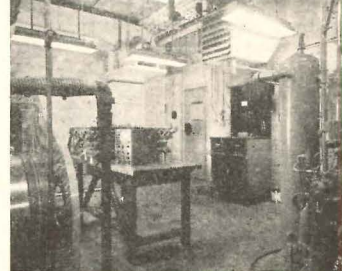
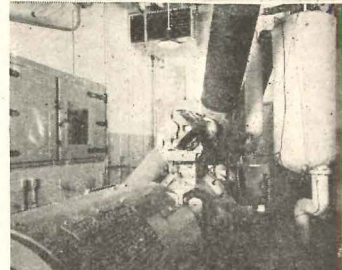
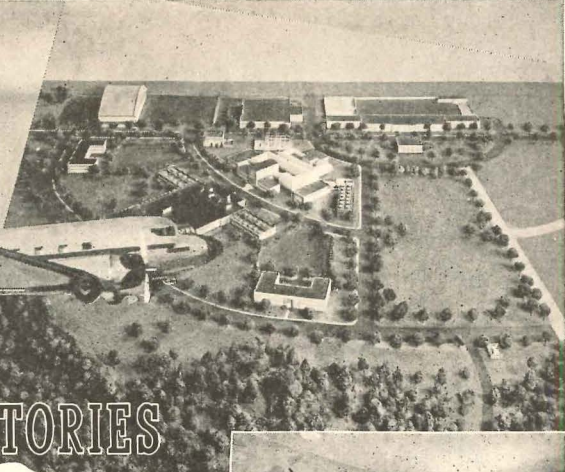
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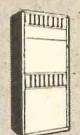
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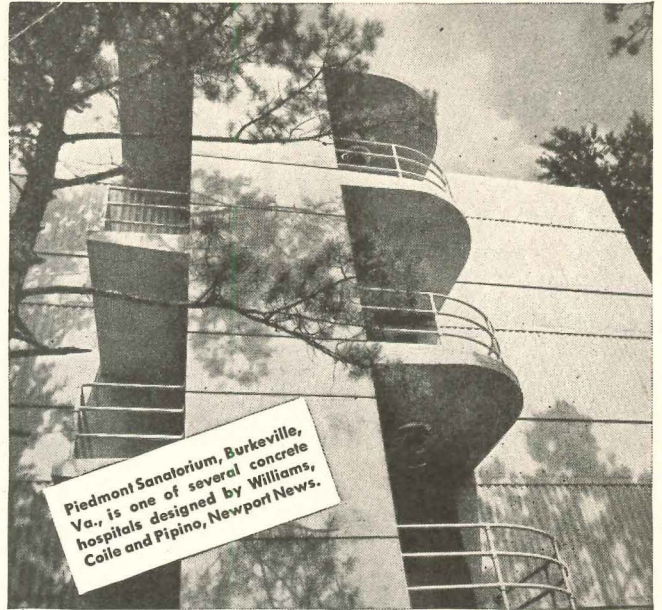


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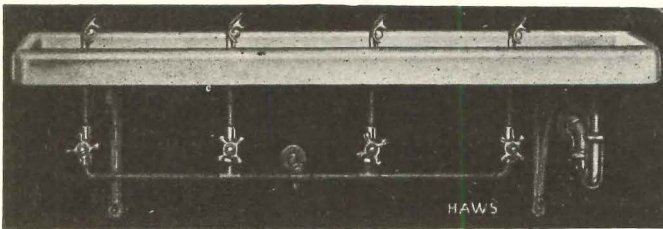


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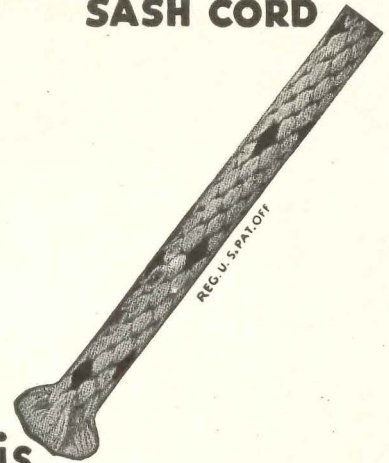
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# INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS

Catalogs of concerns marked (s)  
are filed in Sweet's File (1946)

s Adam, Frank, Electric Co.....	19	Federal Electric Products Company, Inc.....	125	s National Gypsum Company.....	30
Aerofin Corporation.....	149	s Fitzgibbons Boiler Company, Inc.....	152	s National Radiator Company.....	130
s Airtemp Division.....	17	Frick Co.....	134	s Norton Company.....	147
Alan Wood Steel Company.....	28	General Aniline & Film Corp.....	1	Okonite Company.....	37
s American Blower Corporation.....	56	s General Electric—Lamps.....	23	s Otis Elevator Company.....	52
s American Brass Company.....	31	General Pencil Company.....	138	s Owens-Illinois Glass Company.....	32
s American Flange & Manufacturing Co., Inc.....	146	General Tire & Rubber Company.....	53	Oxalid Products Division.....	1
American Gas Association.....	8-9	s Goodrich, B. F., Chemical Company.....	24	s Petroleum Heat & Power Company.....	160
American Seating Company.....	144	s Grasselli Chemicals Dept.....	40	s Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company.....	131
s Anaconda Copper Mining Co.....	31	Graybar Electric Co.....	151	s Portland Cement Association.....	156
s Anchor Post Products, Inc.....	122	s Great Lakes Steel Corporation.....	47	s Powers Regulator Company.....	146
s Anemostat Corporation of America.....	55	s Hart & Hegeman Division.....	138	Propellair Inc.....	14
Arabol Manufacturing Co.....	136	s Haws Drinking Faucet Co.....	157	s Radio Corporation of America.....	117
s Arketex Ceramic Corporation.....	153	s Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Co.....	143	s Republic Steel Corporation.....	25
s Armstrong Cork Company.....	48-49	s Holophane Company, Inc.....	159	s Revere Copper & Brass, Inc.....	50
s Arrow, Hart & Hegeman Electric Co.....	138	Homasote Company, Inc.....	134	s Reynolds Metals Company.....	27
s Barber-Colman Company.....	118	s Hood Rubber Company.....	40	s Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co.....	46
s Benjamin Electric Mfg. Co.....	35	s Horn Brothers Co.....	150	s Rotary Lift Company.....	156
s Bethlehem Steel Company.....	36	s Imperial Brass Mfg. Co.....	6	Salter, H. B., Mfg. Co.....	12
Better Rooms for Better Living Competition.....	141	s Independent Lock Co.....	156	s Samson Cordage Works.....	187
Bituminous Coal Institute.....	34	s Indiana Limestone Institute.....	44	s Sanymetal Products Company, Inc.....	121
s Blank, Frederic, & Co., Inc.....	140	s Jamison Cold Storage Door Co.....	146	s Seaporcel Porcelain Metals, Inc.....	136
Bledgett, G. S., Co., Inc.....	114	Jenkins Bros.....	15	Servel, Inc.....	128-129
Books.....	116-124-126	s Johnson Service Company.....	39	s Serviced Products Corp.....	157
Breuer Electric Mfg. Co.....	150	s Josam Manufacturing Co.....	113	s Sloan Valve Company.....	4th Cover
s Bull Dog Electric Products Company.....	29	Keasbey & Mattison Company.....	54	s Smith, H. B., Co., Inc.....	108
Burt Mfg. Co.....	16	s Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Company.....	42	Smithcraft-Lighting Division.....	148
Byers, A. M., Co.....	4	s Lockwood Hardware Mfg. Co.....	156	s Stanley Works.....	51
s Cabot, Samuel, Inc.....	156	Lone Star Cement Corporation.....	148	s Stran-Steel Division.....	47
s Cambridge Tile Mfg. Co.....	2nd Cover	Maas Organ Company.....	140	s Swedish Crucible Steel Co.....	150
Case, W. A., & Son Mfg. Co.....	145	s Macomber, Incorporated.....	110-111	s Taylor, Halsey W., Co.....	140
s Ceco Steel Products Corporation.....	2-3	s Mahon, R. C., Company.....	3rd Cover	Thortel Fireproof Fabrics.....	120
s Celotex Corporation.....	105	Malta Mfg. Co.....	154	s Trane Company.....	155
s Century Lighting, Inc.....	154	s Martin-Parry Corporation.....	119	s Trumbull Electric Mfg. Co.....	45
Cheney Industries.....	148	s Medart, Fred, Mfg. Co.....	132	s Truscon Steel Company.....	25
Chicago Tribune.....	141	s Mengel Company, Inc.....	127	Tuttle & Bailey.....	137
s Chrysler Corporation.....	17	s Mesker Brothers.....	135	Union Carbide & Carbon Corp.....	115
Classified Advertisements.....	142	Michaels Art Bronze Company, Inc.....	18	s United States Plywood Corporation.....	127-132
Connor, W. B., Engineering Corp.....	150	Miller Company.....	11	s United States Steel Corporation Subsidiaries...	22
s Coyne & Delany Company.....	144	s Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.....	157	s Universal Atlas Cement Co.....	22
Crane Co.....	152	Modular Service Association.....	43	s Van Range, John, Co.....	13
s Creo-Dipl Company, Inc.....	154	Monroe, Lederer & Taussig, Inc.....	148	s Wakefield Brass, F. W., Company.....	41
Curtis Companies Service Bureau.....	152	Montgomery Elevator Company.....	122	Washington Concrete Co.....	154
s Cutler Mail Chute Co.....	152	National Chemical & Mfg. Co.....	146	s Webster, Warren, & Co.....	124
s Day Brite Lighting, Inc.....	106	National Clay Pipe Manufacturers, Inc.....	38	Western Electric.....	151
Dravo Corporation.....	133	.....	.....	Wurlitzer, Rudolph, Company.....	123
s Dunhan, C. A., Company.....	126				
s Du Pont, E. I., de Nemours & Co.....	40				
Electro Metallurgical Company.....	115				
Enterprise Engine & Foundry Co.....	21				
Faber, A. W., Inc.....	33				
Faber Eberhard Pencil Co.....	20				
s Facing Tile Institute.....	139				
Fedders-Quigan Corporation.....	144				

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