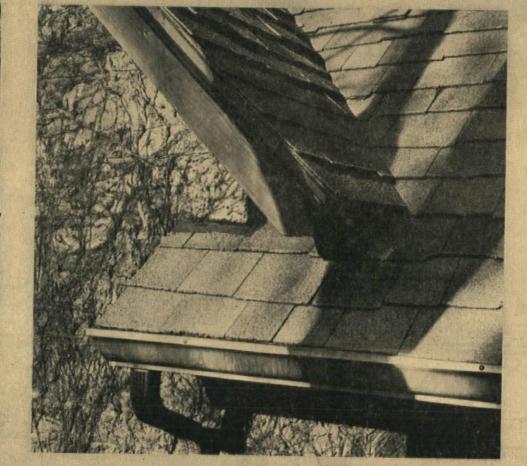


## OCTOBER 1930

BERN



#### COTSWOLD BLEND ASBESTOS SHINGLES

HNS-MANVI ARCHITECTURA

CE DEPARTMEN

THE use of J-M Cotswold Blend Shingles will provide a roof dark in color tone. Their soft subdued shades of black, purple and green blend charmingly without strong contrast. Due to their harmonious color and texture

SERVI

these shingles permit a wide range in their use. A representative of our Architectural Service Department will gladly show you this development. Address Johns-Manville, 292 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

THE TO BE STORE OF

MUNUMUMUM

## THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

Published Monthly by F. W. DODGE CORPORATION, 115-119 W. 40th St., New York

Truman S. Morgan, President

Sanford D. Stockton, Jr., Secretary

Howard J. Barringer, Treasurer

#### VOLUME 68

#### OCTOBER, 1930

NUMBER 4

ness?By Henry Wright 288–290New York City Branch30How Architects May Cultivate Business By A. Lawrence Kocher 290–292New York City Branch30Cases: How Architects Develop Business By Robert L. Davison292New York City Branch30Architects' InsigniaBy Victor Gifford 309–311 An English Garden Village Silver End, Witham, Essex312–317 Cubicles in Hospitals By Cornelius S. Loder 318–320New York City Branch30PLATES The Bushnell Memorial Building,Building,New York City Branch30New York City Branch3030PLATES The Bushnell Memorial Building,Building,New York City Branch30New York City Branch303030New York City Branch3030Buenos Aires Branch3030By Cornelius S. Loder 318–320New York City Branch30PLATES The Bushnell Memorial Building,Building,New York City Branch30New York City Branch303030New York City Branch3030New York City Branch3030New York3230New York3230New York City Branch30New York City Branch30New York32New York32New York32New York32New York32New York32New York32New York32New York32New York <td< th=""><th>Articles Page</th><th>* Portfolio of Banks (Continued) PAGE</th></td<>	Articles Page	* Portfolio of Banks (Continued) PAGE
Can the Architect Promote More Businessness?By Henry Wright 288-290How Architects May Cultivate BusinessNew York City BranchBy A. Lawrence Kocher 290-292Cases: How Architects Develop BusinessBy Robert L. Davison292Architects' InsigniaBy Victor Gifford 309-311An English Garden Village312-317Silver End, Witham, Essex312-317Cubicles in HospitalsBy Cornelius S. Loder 318-320PLATESThe Bushnell Memorial Building,	ford Conn.	Walker and Gillette, Architects 34th Street and 7th Avenue, New
Cubicles in Hospitals By Cornelius S. Loder 318-320 PLATES The Bushnell Memorial Building, Cubicles in Hospitals By Cornelius S. Loder 318-320 TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH Glass Building Trends And Outlook By. L. Seth Schnitman 359, 360	ness? By Henry Wright 288–290 How Architects May Cultivate Business By A. Lawrence Kocher 290–292 Cases: How Architects Develop Business By Robert L. Davison 292 Architects' Insignia By Victor Gifford 309–311 An English Garden Village	Brooklyn, N. Y., Branch 295–297, 303 New York City Branch 303 Panama Branch 303 Buenos Aires Branch 303–305 Bank of Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo, Mich. Weary and Alford, Architects 306–308 The South Park Trade School, Beaumont, Texas, Livesay and Wiedemann, Architects and Engineers 286, 287 Designs by William Muschenheim, New
The Bushnell Memorial Building, By. L. Seth Schnitman 359, 360	·	Technical News and Research
Hartford, Conn. Frontispiece 92, 94 (adv.)	The Bushnell Memorial Building,	BUILDING TRENDS AND OUTLOOK By. L. Seth Schnitman 359, 360 92, 94 (adv.)
Bank of America, Bakersfield, Calif.,	Bank of America, Bakersfield, Calif.,	
Bank of America, Redlands, Calif.,	Bank of America, Redlands, Calif.,	

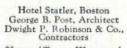
M. A. MIKKELSEN, Editor ROBERT L. DAVISON Contributing Editors: Fiske Kimball, William Stanley Parker, Henry Wright J. A. OAKLEY, Business Manager A. LAWRENCE KOCHER, Managing Editor C. THEODORE LARSON K. LÖNBERG-HOLM T. A. TREDWELL, Advertising Manager

Yearly Subscription: United States, Insular Possessions, Cuba, Canada, Central America, South America, and Spain, \$5.00; Foreign, \$6.50; Single Copy 75c.



Member Audit Bureau of Circulations and Associated Business Papers, Incorporated. Copyright 1930 by F. W. Dodge Corporation. All rights reserved.

Entered as second class matter May 22, 1902, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879. Printed in U. S. A.



25 tons of Truscon Water proofing Paste used for foundations and floor slabs.

Widdel of the

## GOOD BUILDINGS Need GOOD PROTECTION

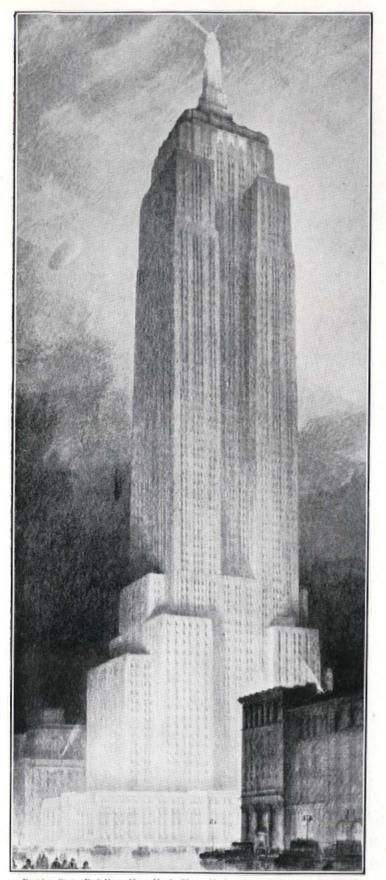
The list of outstanding buildings in which Truscon Waterproofing Paste has been used as a protective factor, reads like a blue book of American construction. Certainly there is significance in the fact that for buildings which shall serve as enduring tributes to their professional ability, leading architects and builders rely on the protection afforded by Truscon.



Waterproofings - Dampproofings Floor Hardeners - Paints - Varnishes THE TRUSCON LABORATORIES Detroit, Michigan – Offices in Principal Cities Foreign Trade Division, 90 West St., New York

Waterproofing Paste

RUSCON



Empire State Building, New York City. Under construction on the site of Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. Shreve, Lamb & Harmon, Architects. Starrett Bros. & Eken, Inc., Builders. Cut-Stone Contractors, Wm. Bradley & Sons, James Gillies & Sons, J. J. Spurr & Sons, B. A. & G. N. Williams.

## "ILCO" Means STONE From Proven Quarries!



Scene in "Dark Hollow" Quarry, Bedford, Indiana, from which stone for the Empire State Building is being taken.

M OST of the stone you see in Indiana Limestone buildings the country over came from quarries now owned by Indiana Limestone Company.

Bear that in mind when specifying Indiana Limestone for the project you are now designing. If you want limestone that is to give the effect you admire in a certain building, simply specify "ILCO" Indiana Limestone of the proper class.

Practically all the famous quarries of the "district" are now owned and operated by Indiana Limestone Company. These quarries have survived the test of time. Hundreds of abandoned quarries throughout the district prove that Indiana Limestone is not all alike.

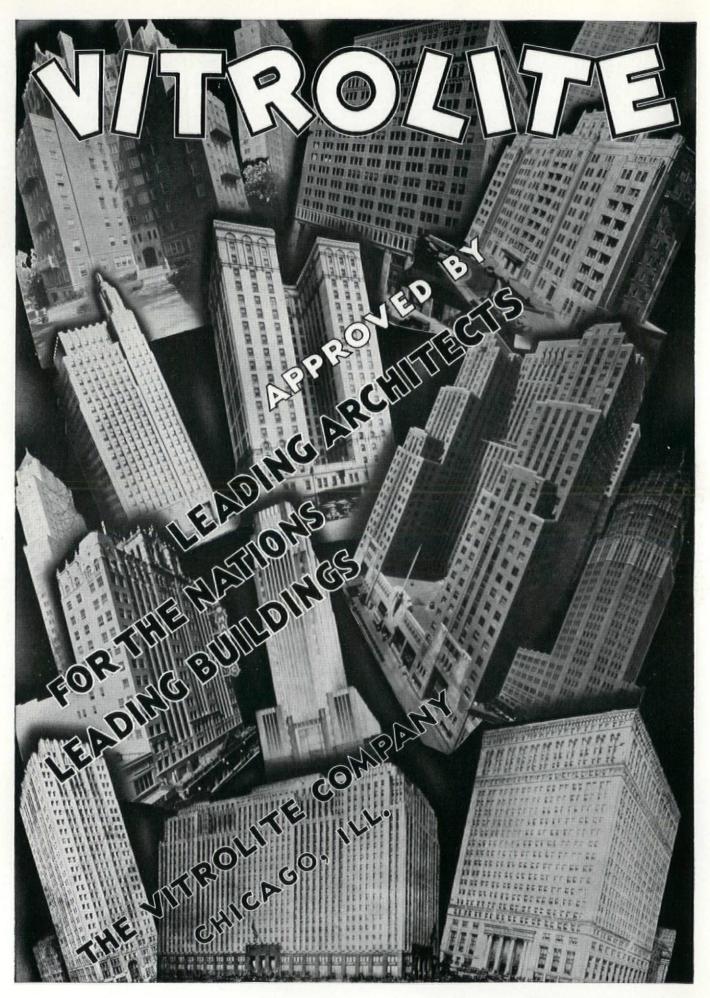
Among our time-tested quarries can be found practically every type and color-tone of Indiana Limestone available anywhere. Why be limited in your selection or gamble on durability? You can obtain just the variety you wish with guaranteed quality by specifying one of the "ILCO" brands of Indiana Limestone.

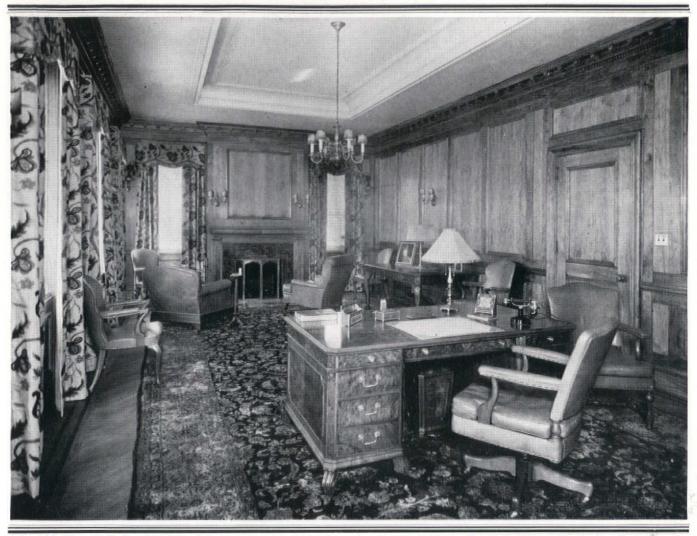
And with your order for "ILCO" Indiana Limestone, you will get a service of a higher standard than ever existed in the stone industry prior to the formation of this company. If you would like to hear what leading architects say about this service, we will gladly tell you of their experiences. For this or other information write Dept. 2068, Service Bureau, Bedford, Indiana.

### INDIANA LIMESTONE COMPANY

General Offices: Bedford, Indiana

Executive Offices: Tribune Tower, Chicago





Office of Mr. Henry Kohl, President National Grocery Company, Jersey City. Architect: Rudolph W. Sailer. Woodworkers: Davis-Speyer Co. Furniture by Doten-Dunton Desk Company

### In Quantity, In Sizes, In Diversity of Figure, In Immediate Availability American Walnut Leads Them All

Rare is the job that is too exacting for American Walnut. Thanks to careful logging policies and to highly modernized methods of cutting veneers and lumber, American Walnut supplies are practically limitless. And this refers not alone to quantities, but to the great diversity of figures which make Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Do you w

log- ▲ Ame ed Our Sto , new book- ha and describes u many types of Walnut installations. Do you want a file copy?

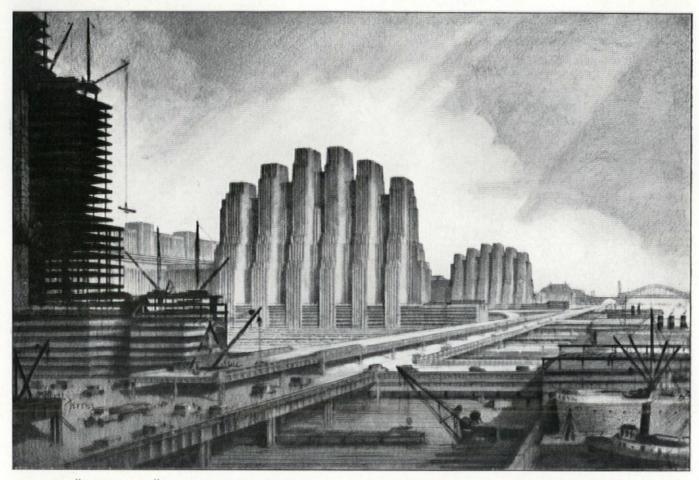
possible endless variations in effect. Nor is American Walnut difficult to obtain. Stocks at the mills as well as in the hands of the better woodworkers are ibes unusually large and diversified. You es of can always be sure of getting the lations. right kind of American Walnut file copy? when you need it.



AMERICAN WALNUT MANUFACTURERS' ASS'N, Room 1739, 616 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

AMERICAN

## THE TIDE OF STEEL RISES FAST

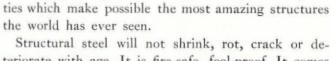


"STEEL SEAPORT"-IMAGINATIVE DESIGN BY HUGH FERRISS. AN ENLARGEMENT, ON SPECIAL STOCK FOR FRAMING, WILL BE MAILED WITHOUT CHARGE TO ANY ARCHITECT, ENGINEER OR BUSINESS EXECUTIVE.

STEEL bears the burdens of the sea . . . facilitates the handling, storage and distribution of cargoes ashore. The same safe metal that makes worthy ships and mighty cranes carries railroads and highways over and under congested city streets, leaps deep gorges, lifts priceless floor-space to the skies. . . . And on this swiftly rising tide of steel, progress rides!

As the matchless strength, adaptability, permanence and economy of steel become common knowledge, there is increasing demand for its use in structures of every kind and size. To homes, schools, apartment and mercantile houses, to industrial plants and small as

The co-operative non-profit service organization of the structural steel industry of North America. Through its extensive test and research program, the Institute aims to establish the full facts regarding steel in relation to every type of construction. The Institute's many publications, covering every phase of steel construction, are



teriorate with age. It is fire-safe, fool-proof. It comes to a job ready to go into place. It is quickly erected in any weather, any climate.

well as large bridges, steel brings those identical quali-

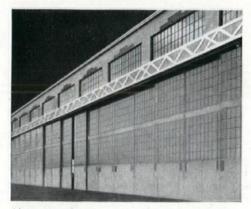
Before building anything, find out what steel can do for you. The Institute serves as a clearing house for technical and economic information on structural steel, and offers full and free co-operation in the use of such data to architects, engineers and all others interested.

available on request. Please address all inquiries to 200 Madison Avenue, New York City. Canadian address: 710 Bank of Hamilton Bldg., Toronto, Ontario. District offices in New York, Worcester, Philadelphia, Birmingham, Cleveland, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Topeka, Dallas, San Francisco and Toronto.

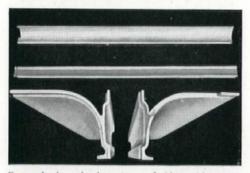
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION STEEL INSURES STRENGTH AND SECURITY







Alcoa Aluminum Spandrels, approximately 3 ft. by 5 ft. 6 in. View shows these spandrels as used on sides of hangar. Note Alcoa Aluminum Cornices, also.



Front, back and edge views of Alcoa Aluminum Cornices. Cast in lengths 6 ft. 6 in, long by 5½ in. by 3¾ in.



RADE MARK

In designing the Wayne County Airport, which is one of the few airports in the United States to have an official A-1-A rating, Giffels and Vallet made generous use of Alcoa Aluminum.

Following precedent, they specified Alcoa Aluminum Spandrels. 226 of these spandrels, approximately 3 ft. by 5 ft. 6 in., have a total weight of only 18,000 lbs. By using Alcoa Aluminum Spandrels, the whole structure was given a decided architectural character. In addition, a considerable saving was made in the structural members. The spandrels, cast in No. 43 Alcoa Aluminum Alloy, are themselves  $\frac{2}{3}$  lighter than similar spandrels cast in any other metal commonly used.

Next, the designers made use of Alcoa Aluminum for cornices. These were also cast of No. 43 Alcoa Aluminum Alloy, in lengths 6 ft. 6 in. long by  $5\frac{1}{2}$  in. by  $3\frac{3}{4}$  in. The entire 1,014 feet of cornice, required, weighs only 3,000 lbs. Thus a further saving of approximately 6,000 lbs. was effected.





Especially designed and constructed lighting fixtures made of Alcoa Aluminum for the airport insure that the aviators' eyes are not subjected to the glare of the lights.

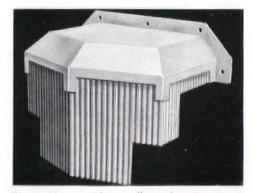
Although this is not the first time lighting fixtures have been fabricated of Alcoa Aluminum, these particular fixtures were cast to 3 special dimensions. There are 121 of these fixtures, yet their total weight is only 2,000 lbs.

Alcoa Aluminum has definitely proved its many varied and practical uses in structural and decorative effects. Its use is preeminently indicated where factors to be considered are lightness in weight and consequent ease of handling on the job; freedom from corrosion from water or gases; permanence, and a natural finish that does not require surface protection. Unaffected by atmospheric gases or sulphurous smoke fumes, it is suitable for use in or near roundhouses, chemical factories, or places where industrial processes result in a gaseous or damp condition, such as that which prevails in the textile or laundry business.

A representative from our nearest office will be glad to discuss the use of Alcoa Aluminum for any architectural purpose you may have in mind. ALUMINUM COMPANY of AMERICA; 2467 Oliver Building, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA.



Fixture No. 3 weighs 20¼ lbs. It is 22 in. by 12½ in. by 12 in. Cast of Alcoa Aluminum with a ¼ in.wall.



Fixture No. 1 weighs 39% lbs. and is 28 in. by 18 in. by 20 in. It, too, is cast of Alcoa Aluminum with a 3% in. wall.



## America is still too young to know how long cypress can endure

Built before the United States was born, hundreds of buildings are still in sound condition—thanks to the durability of Tidewater Red Cypress (Coast Type).

Today, this durable lumber is favored more than ever before by architects. They *know* its ability to fight time and rain and changing temperatures.

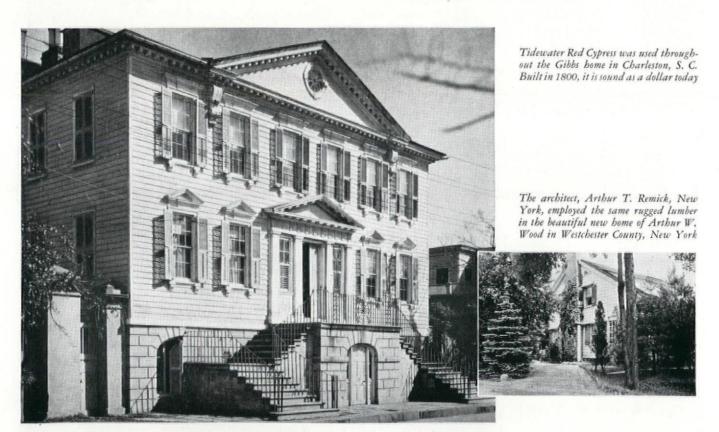
They also know that more home owners every day are looking to a rugged lumber as the most economical building material that can be employed, wherever wood meets weather.

#### A Book of Interiors—sent free

Beautiful as it is durable, Tidewater Red Cypress creates a natural interior that is difficult to approach for its exquisitely patterned grain.

To show you the many interesting ways wellknown architects have employed this charming wood, we shall very gladly send you a complimentary illustrated book of interiors.

Write to the Southern Cypress Manufacturers' Association, Jacksonville, Florida.

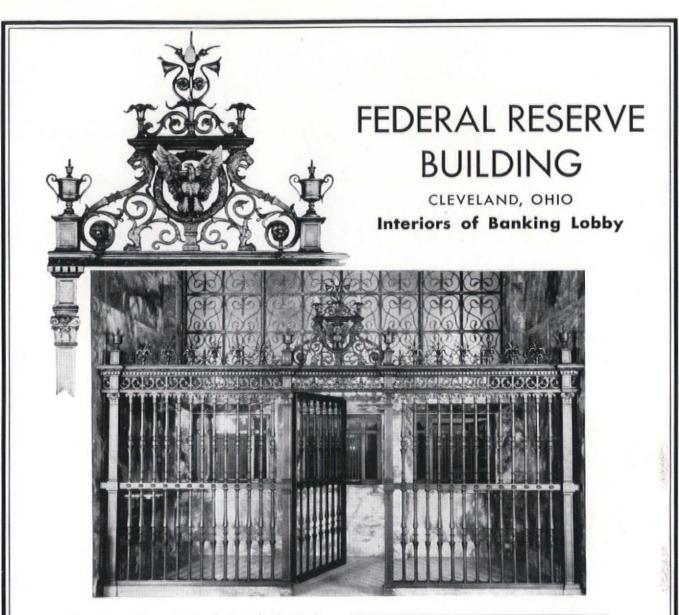


### TIDEWATER RED CYPRESS

(COAST TYPE)

THE WOOD ETERNAL

This advertisement is published by the following members of the Southern Cypress Manufacturers' Association:Big Salkehatchie Cypress Co., Varnville, S. C.Everglade Cypress Co., Loughman, Fla.Burton-Swartz Cypress Co., Perry, Fla.Reynolds Bros. Lumber Co., Albany, Ga.Cummer Cypress Co., Jacksonville, Fla.Wilson Cypress Co., Palatka, Fla.

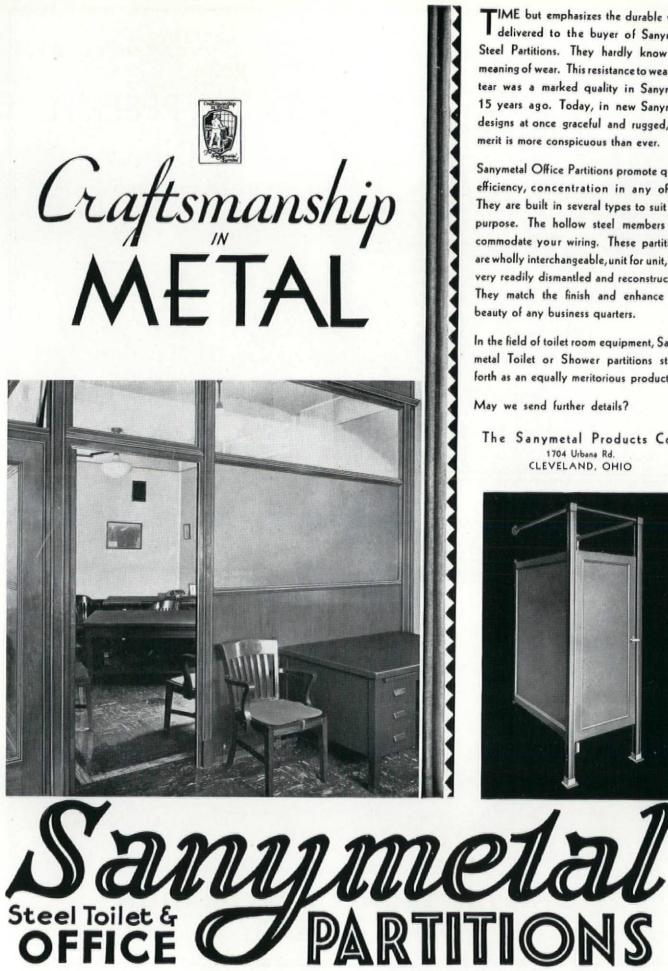


The side walls and pier facings in the Main Banking Lobby of this building are of Convent Sienna Marble, the floor - Tennessee. The barrelled ceiling is richly decorated in gold and color in the Roman manner. Lobby bays between the piers are screened with Iron grilles. Each bay, a private space adjacent to the Banking Screen, is allotted to Member Banks for business transactions. + + The grilles were originally designed for Wrought Iron. For economy, however, the work was Cast and the desired Wrought effect obtained by a baked enamel finish-in imitation of rusty iron. + + + The arched window openings on the outer wall, shown in the background, are screened with glazed grilles. These were produced by similar methods of handling The entire Metal equipment of this building was fabricated by Flour City Ornamental Iron Plant,



WALKER & WEEKS, Architects

GENERAL BRONZE CORPORATION DISTINCTIVE PRODUCTIONS IN ALL METALS LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.



IME but emphasizes the durable value delivered to the buyer of Sanymetal Steel Partitions. They hardly know the meaning of wear. This resistance to wear and tear was a marked quality in Sanymetal 15 years ago. Today, in new Sanymetal designs at once graceful and rugged, this merit is more conspicuous than ever.

Sanymetal Office Partitions promote quiet, efficiency, concentration in any office. They are built in several types to suit any purpose. The hollow steel members accommodate your wiring. These partitions are wholly interchangeable, unit for unit, and very readily dismantled and reconstructed. They match the finish and enhance the beauty of any business quarters.

In the field of toilet room equipment, Sanymetal Toilet or Shower partitions stand forth as an equally meritorious product.

May we send further details?

The Sanymetal Products Co. 1704 Urbana Rd. CLEVELAND, OHIO





## TO ARCHITECTS A COMPLETE SERVICE IN BUILT-UP ROOF SPECIFICATIONS

Through the association of 4 great roofing companies The Ruberoid Co. with over 38 years of experience in manufacturing quality roofing products is now in a position to supply Built-up Roofs in

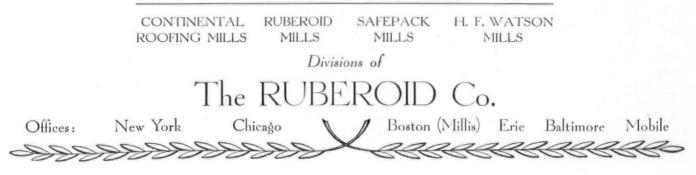
ASBESTOS-TAR AND GRAVEL-ASPHALT

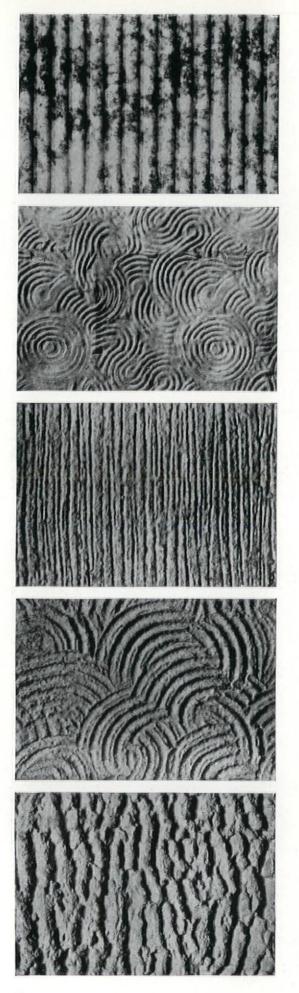
Embraced in these three types of Built-up Roofs are specifications supplying roofs to meet *the* type of construction any condition may impose.

Where roof maintenance is desired The Ruberoid Co. offers Bonded Roofs. These roofs are applied *only* by *approved roofing contractors*, selected by The Ruberoid Co. because of their proved ability and careful workmanship.

Through the use of *Bonded Roofs*, the architect, builder and owner have a guarantee both as to workmanship and material for 10, 15, or 20 years, according to specifications used. This guarantee is backed by a National Surety Bond.

For your convenience *complete specifications* of Ruberoid Built-up Roofs will be found in 1931 Sweet's. In addition, our Engineering Department is always at the architect's service to help solve problems raised by unusual conditions. Write or phone any office listed below.





EXTURE" in Northwestern Terra Cotta nomenclature, is defined as the treatment of the clay surface, before the application of color or glaze, so as to produce any desired pattern, either regular or irregular. The accompanying illustrations indicate a few of possible textures, ranging from the lowest relief to rugged or modeled surfaces.

A modeled texture specially designed, striking in character, is possible at moderate cost when terra cotta is used as a facing material. Textured terra cotta requires less floodlighting equipment and current than a smooth surface. (Send for scientific studies by General Electric Company at Schenectady).

Architects are invited to submit ideas for new kinds of textures that can be modeled and developed before their final plans and specifications are finished.





Cross section of Featherweight Concrete, slightly enlarged, showing the cellular nature of the Haydite aggregate and the dense, impervious structure of the concrete.

#### . . LIGHT WEIGHT . . INSULATING . . VALUE . .

## TRAPPED AIR CELLS

All the known advantages of <u>concrete</u> plus—light weight and insulating value!

That is the story of *Haydite* aggregate used instead of sand—introducing the millions of trapped air cells which give these new qualities.

Result—a strong, permanent, fireproof, no-maintenance roof-deck that weighs as low as

> POUNDS PER SQ. FT.

and goes on the same light steel frame that carries other roofs.

# Geatherweight Concrete

are on many prominent public buildings around the country, and on buildings for leading industrials, railroads and utilities such as the Naval Armory at Chicago— Detroit Municipal Hangar—Bendix—Standard Oil—C. M. & St. P. R. R.—Deere—the Insull and Byllesby interests—and others. "Catalog and Roof Standards" on request.

15

Made, Laid and Guaranteed by FEDERAL CEMENT TILE COMPANY 608 South Dearborn Street FOR OVER A QUARTER CENTURY

## for Finer Buildings

New in conception and new in the service they afford to the architect, Weis METALUNITS are now

announced as suggested equipment for the very finest of buildings. For beauty, for utility, or for economy and convenience, Weis METALUNITS offer every possible advantage.

A METALUNIT is a combination of a flush or panel type door and the exclusive Weis Universal Gravity Hinge Set with other necessary door hardware items as may be selected. These METALUNITS are presented for use on lavatory stall partitions of marble, vitrolite, glass, slate, alberene

stone, terrazzo, and like materials. METALUNITS are manufactured of steel, aluminum alloy, Monel or Allegheny Metal, or bronze. Hardware is either chromium or nickel plated. METALUNITS are available in a variety of colors and finish-

es, and provide the architect with a means of creating new treatment of line, color and quality in toilet room design. The two small illustrations show in detail the construction of Weis METAL-UNIT doors of the flush and panel types. Both are unique in the strength and rigidity they afford, and both are exclusive Weis construction.

On request, we shall be glad to send a beautiful, colored folder in which METAL-UNITS are completely illustrated and described, and

in which is contained much valuable detail for your files. . . Henry Weis Manufacturing Co., Inc., Elkhart, Indiana.

Turn now to the six-page insert in color in Sweet's, 1930 edition, following page B2388, for full information concerning Metalunits.







## A NEW DENTIFICATION MARK

#### for the UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION and its Subsidiary Manufacturing Companies



THE Subsidiary Manufacturing Companies of the United States Steel Corporation hold in common this simple ideal of service-constantly to seek improvements for their products, and to make these products available on a basis that assures a full measure of value. The new mark here introduced to you stands for this ideal of service and is a symbol of quality. In future advertising and promotion work, it will be used by the Universal Atlas Cement Co.

### Co. Universal Atlas Cement

Subsidiary of United States Steel Corporation

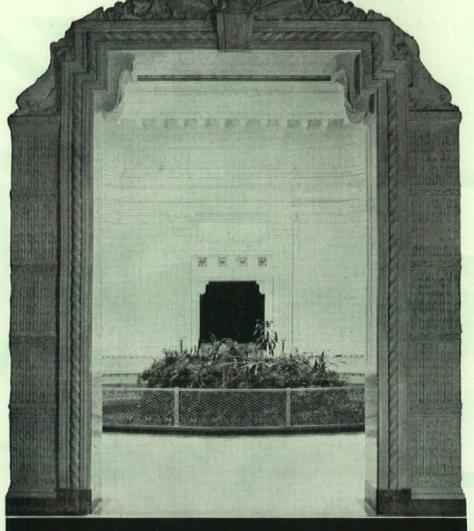
Concrete for Permanence - PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARY MANUFACTURING COMPANIES OF UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION -

Pacific Coast Distributors - Columbia Steel Company, Russ Bldg., San Francisco, Calif.

AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY AMERICAN SHEET AND TIN PLATE COMPANY AMERICAN STEEL AND WIRE COMPANY AMERICAN STEEL AND WIRE COMPANY

Export Distributors-United States Steel Products Company, 30 Church St., New York, N.Y.

## FOR LASTING BEAUTY



### ATLAS WHITE PORTLAND CEMENT

On both exterior and interior of the beautiful Shedd Aquarium, Chicago, the use of Atlas White portland cement has added to the beauty and permanence of the new building.

Mortar made with Atlas White sets off the white marble exterior to excellent advantage and protects it against unsightly stains. Lighttinted blue and green stucco, made with Atlas White, gives the interior corridors an unusual and pleasing effect. Stucco applied over the precast portals of each doorway strikes an unusual note. Art marble made with Atlas White decorates a tropical pool in the rotunda, the directors' room and various other rooms in the building.

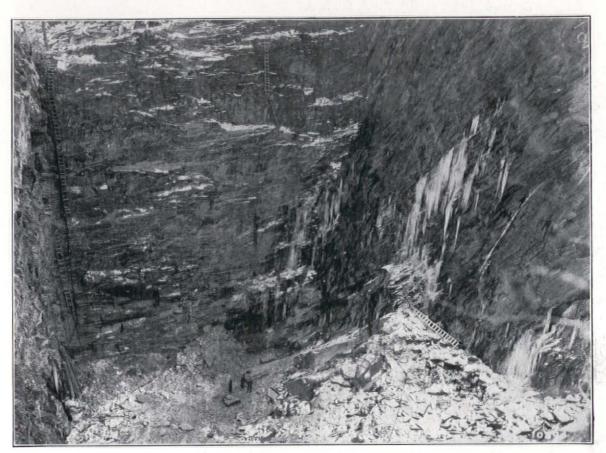
Booklets containing in detail the many uses of Atlas White portland cement will be furnished on request.



CHICAGO New York Newark Philadelphia Boston Albany Pittsburgh Cleveland Columbus MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH ST LOUIS KANSAS CITY DES MOINES OMAHA OKLAHOMA CITY BIRMINGHAM WACO

Entrance to room containing tropical pool, Shedd Aquarium, Chicago. Art marble around pool, made with Atlas White portland cement, furnished by Chicago Art Marble Co. Stucco finish on pre-cast portal, also of Atlas White, furnished by California Stucco Products Co., Chicago. Graham, Anderson, Probst and White, architects; R. C. Wieboldt Co., general contractor; John A. Boland Co., plastering contractor, all of Chicago.

### One of the holes you made us dig



In a way, this is a puzzle picture: "Find the three men." But when you have found them, you have a better idea of dimensions.

In another way, it isn't a puzzle at all.

To be sure, it is only one of our several quarries: the one from which we extract Sheldon's Unfading Mottled Purple and Green. But for all that, it is no puzzle that so gigantic a hole was made by your demand for these matchless colored slates.

For, as we enumerated in detail last month, you can demand all the protective qualities a roof should possess and a Sheldon Slate Roof will meet you one hundred per cent in all of them.

In addition thereto, its beauty graces any building,

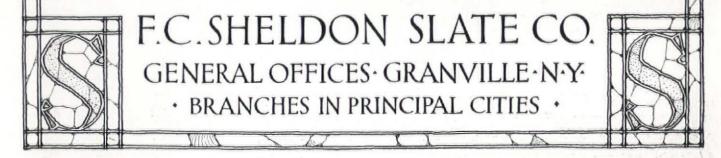
be it the acme in design and construction, and lifts practically every building into a higher class.

Furthermore (to come back from esthetics to material essentials) its life, being longer than that of the building, makes it an incomparable investment.

Good reasons, are they not? why you have made us dig such enormous holes.

Our pages in Sweet's give technical data, also illustrations in colors, to help you visualize certain Sheldon combinations.

But, better than anything else, permit us to render you the most efficient assistance possible in the selection of a Sheldon Slate Roof that shall possess "all the beauty of appropriateness."



## Hand-Laid *Sunshine* underfoot

There are 15,000 sq. ft. of Armstrong's Linotile in the halls, domestic science kilchens, and library of this new High School at Great Neck, Long Island, N.Y.

\* \*

It's so easy to wipe up spilled things in this damestic science kitchen. It's floored with Armstrong's Linotile, of course.



In this quiet library the Linotile floor has been laid by expert workmen.

**B**RIGHT surroundings make cheerful pupils. That's one of the reasons a tailor-made floor of Armstrong's Linotile is so desirable. There is no limit to the colors and designs that may be used in these custombuilt floors.

Armstrong's Linotile has the advantage of being quiet, too. A pencil dropped on this sound-muffling floor won't distract a student's attention. Nor will shuffling feet, nor footsteps out in the hall, disturb classroom concentration.

In halls, cafeterias, and libraries, in fact in every room of any public building, Linotile is just as successful. These floors are lasting. They're clean and sanitary as well.

And Linotile is a labor-saving floor. It is very easily and quickly installed. And once it is laid, light waxing and polishing will preserve its lustre indefinitely.

Let us send you our booklet, "Custom-Built Floors of Cork." It illustrates the thirty Linotile colors, and tells about the various tile sizes. It will also give you information about Cork Tile, another Arm-

strong's tailor-made floor. Write to the Armstrong Cork Company, Custom Floors Division, Lancaster, Penna.



Armstrong's Custom Floors LINOTILE CORK TILE Made by the Makers of Armstrong's Linoleum



## ORNAMENTAL METAL IN THE FINEST BUILDINGS Crafted by MICHAELS



Circle Tower, Indianapolis, Ind. Door, header and grille in soft Etruscon gold luster. Designed by Architects Rubush and Hunter. Made by Michaels Art Bronze Co.

NFINITE regard for the minutest details . . . plus sixty years of actual, intimate contact with the architect's plans and problems, gives Michaels' craftsmen an understanding mastery . . . seldom attained.

The finest banks, public and industrial buildings, homes, etc., boast of bronze, brass or iron work . . . Crafted by Michaels.

Michaels welded doors, extruded window frames and store fronts are architectural and engineering achievements. To help you with these details we have prepared, ready for blue-printing, complete sets of tracings in handy A.I.A. folders. A set will be mailed you on request. Write for your set today.

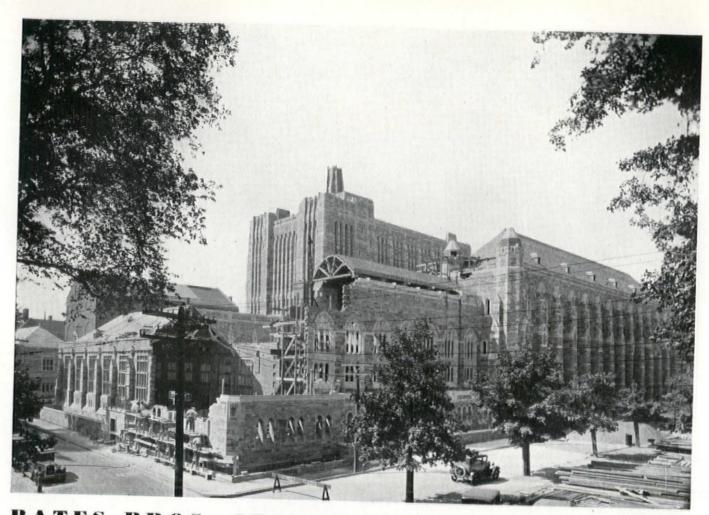
### THE MICHAELS ART BRONZE CO.

Ornamental Craftsmen Since 1870

251-257 Court Avenue

Covington, Kentucky

#### MANAMANAMANAMANAMANAMANAMANA



#### BATES BROS. SEAM-FACE GRANITE STERLING MEMORIAL LIBRARY AT YA

CHURCHES First M. E. Church Bridgeport, Conn. Church of Resurrection, Rye, N. Y. Nardin Park M. E. Rectory, Detroit, Mich. Luther Memorial Church, Erie, Pa. Alden and Harlow Trinity Luthern Church, Schenectady, N. Y. Saint Catherine's Church, Elizabeth, N. J. COLLEGES Elin Dormitories, Yale University Botany Building, Wellesley College Social Building and Power House, Hunter College, New York City Unit No. 1, Yeshiva College, New York City

RESIDENCES

Halstead Lindsley Residence, Lenox, Mass.

Other representative work by us includes -ARCHITECTS

Stahl and Morrison

George W. Conable

Neil J. Conveary

**James Gamble Rogers** Day and Klauder Thompson, Holmes and Converse

**Charles B. Meyers** 

John C. Greenleaf

RESIDENCES Dexter Residence. Springfield, Mass. Ernest G. Southey Residence, Bridgeport, Conn. Dean's Residence, Harvard College, Mass. MISCELLANEOUS Cutter Mausoleum, Charlotte, N. C. Harkness Mausoleum, New York City Pynchon Memorial Building, Springfield, Mass. Dormitory for Franciscan Fathers Granby, Mass. State Armory, Norwood, Mass. Exchange St. Bridge, Pawtucket, R. I. Steps to Church and Terrace, Chappaqua, N. Y.

#### ARCHITECTS

M. H. Westhoff E. G. Southey **Olmstead Bros.** 

Presbrey-Leland Co.

**James Gamble Rogers** 

M. H. Westhoff

Dunn and Gilson McLaughlin and Burr

J. R. Worcester Co.

Maginnis and Walsh

BATES BROS. SEAM-FACE GRANITE CO., INC. Quincy, Massachusetts



## Never before such a SPOT-STOPPER for painting on plaster

A NEW-TYPE, revolutionizing product! Not only a spot-stopping safeguard in painting on plaster, but a time and labor saver!

Seals the surface against moisture, lime, alkali and suction spots as no



other material or product! "Holds itself out!" Will not even penetrate materials as porous as newspaper, yet "holds on" with never-let-go tenacity and adds elasticity to any finishing material! Cuts drying time between coats!



Velumina Wallhide First Coater is usable under any flat wall paint! Seals against moisture, alkali, lime and suction spots as no other known product or material! Needs only six hours drying before recoating!

quer Factories, Milwaukee, Wi

Velumina Wallhide Finishing Coat—tintable to soft, uniform tones with oil colors seals spots skipped by first coater or where little knobs of plaster have broken off! Double-guards against trouble. Washable!

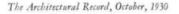
LATE

GL

Portland, Ore.

Newark, N. J.,

Write for Booklet "Velumina Wallhide — the Great Spot-Stopper!"





Lime Plaster adds distinction to the office of the President of the Northern Life Ins. Co., Seattle, Wash. . . . . A. H. Albertson and Associates, Architects.

## For Quality and Economy in Plaster

RNAMENTAL quality as well as economy in interior plastering depends on plasticity; and lime plaster is universally acknowledged to be unequalled in plasticity.

Experience has shown that where lime plaster is used, the operator can spread more plaster, and with less effort, since he is able to get a full arm swing back of his trowel. Also the slower rate of set of lime plaster permits the operator to rough in a larger area before having to stop to rod or screed; this fact not only enables him to cover a larger area of surface in the same length of time, but also permits more accurate work with less effort.

When cornices, mouldings, and mitres are to be run, and elaborate ornamental work to be cast and stuck, the relatively slow rate of set of lime plaster is greatly appreciated. It permits truer surfaces, sharp arrises, straighter and more perfect corners because the plasterer has plenty of time to manipulate his hock and trowel without fear of premature setting. Lime plaster is highly porous and thus is an excellent insulator against heat, cold, and the transmission of sound. Its ability to absorb rather than to transmit or reflect sound has made lime plaster highly desirable for churches, theatres, and the finer types of apartments and residences.

The fact that lime plaster is not so hard or brittle as other plasters, and therefore is less subject to fissures and broken keys during readjustment and settlement of buildings, adds further to the value of lime as an enduring wall finish.



Kely on LIME -tested by time Comparative cost analyses have shown that lime plaster in place on the wall costs five to eight cents less per square yard than other plasters, a considerable factor in increasing plastering profits.

New Specifications giving definite classifications and requirements in accordance with latest approved practice are now available. Write today for your copy.



An organization of leading lime manufacturers formed to encourage a better appreciation of the economic value of lime in all its uses.

713 CARRY BUILDING

WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

2.4

172.4



As a building material, Stainless Steel has introduced a *beauty*, *permanence* and *strength* never before obtainable in commercial metals.

Rich, deep beauty so modern in its dark lustre . . . Resistance to corrosion, erosion, abrasion and rust . . . Toughness that is five times that of mild steel . . . What a wonderful avenue of progress it opens to the architect.

For Store Fronts, Screens, Doors, Trim, Fireplaces, Bolts, Nuts and Screws specify

Stainless Steel. The modern trend toward the use of ornamental metals for office building walls inside and out points the way to lower up-keep costs, greater

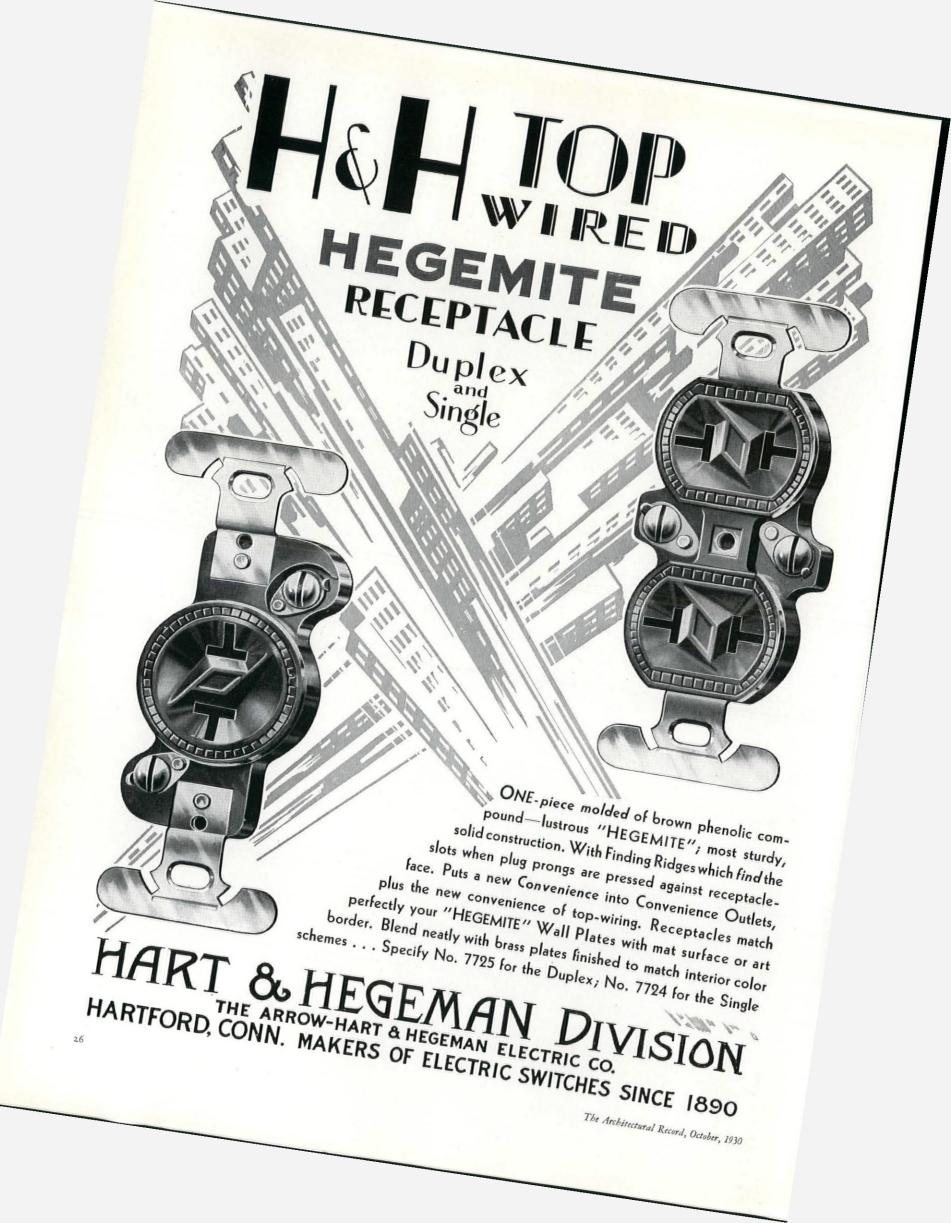


STAINLESS STEEL

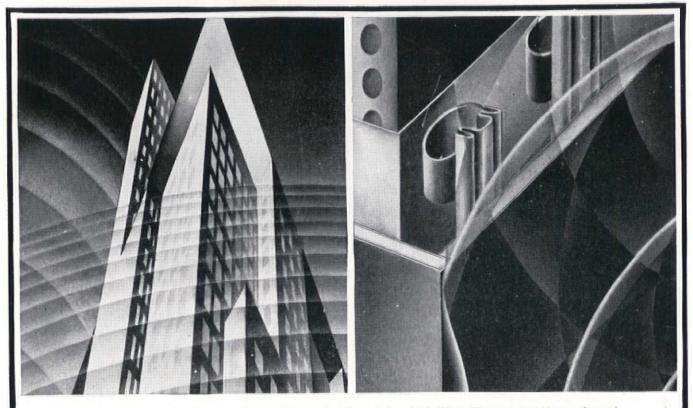
rentability and salability of structures, plus a permanence obtained only by the ancients.

Stainless Steel is obtainable in Brinell 150 to 600 and tensile strength 60,000 to 250,000 pounds per square inch... There is a type for every need... Our two booklets "Stainless in Industry" and "Stainless in the Home" will prove interesting to any forward looking architect... We shall be glad to mail them to you on request.

> Genuine Stainless Steel is manufactured only under the *patents* of AMERICAN STAINLESS STEEL COMPANY .... Commonwealth Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.



#### A MESSAGE TO ARCHITECTS FROM THE UNITED STATES GYPSUM COMPANY



The left illustration shows noise vibrations crashing against the exterior of a building, like waves breaking on the seashore. At the right is a USG sound insulated "floating" partition which prevents similar sounds created within the building from being transmitted from one room to another.

## You Are Invited to Use This Service in Architectural Acoustics

THE United States Gypsum Company has undertaken to supply a new and comprehensive service in the field of Architectural Acoustics. For this purpose we maintain a complete sound research laboratory and an extensive department devoted exclusively to the solution of problems in the field of sound control.

In order to handle all assignments in Architectural Acoustics it has been necessary for us to develop Acoustone, the USG Acoustical Tile for sound absorption, and in addition a complete System of Sound Insulation for preventing the transmission of sound from one room to another or from one floor to another.

The USG System of Sound Insulation is a scientific method of floor, wall, ceiling and door construction so designed as to prevent the force of sound striking on one side of the

construction from carrying through to the other side. The United States Gypsum Company furnishes all the special materials required, supervises the entire installation and assumes full responsibility for the predicted performance of the in-



Detail of USG Sound Insulative Door which prevents the transmission of sound from room to room. It is used in connection with the USG System of Sound Insulation.

stallation. This system has been used with highly satisfactory results in hotel, apartment and office buildings, industrial plants, schools, studios, etc. It may be used in any construction where noise abatement is desirable.

Architects are invited to write for particulars about

the USG System of Sound Insulation and to avail themselves of our services on any problem in Architectural Acoustics. No obligation is involved. Address the United States Gypsum Company, Dept. 43K, 300 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

### USG SYSTEM of SOUND INSULATION

## STORE FRONTS BY ZOURI



KATZ EXCLUSIVE MILLINERY, OAK PARK, ILL. ARCHITECTS, HOLABIRD AND ROOT

= IN =

## COLD ROLLED COPPER. BRONZE & ALUMINUM. CAST AND EXTRUDED BRONZE

ARCHITECTURAL CASTINGS. ENTRANCE DOORS. ELECTROLYTIC FINISHES. SHOWER STALL DOORS.

### The Zouri Company

WRITE FOR CATALOG

CHICAGOHEIGHTS

ASSOCIATED COMPANIES MODERN BRONZE STORE FRONT COMPANY STANDARD STORE FRONT CONSTRUCTION CO INTERNATIONAL STORE FRONT COMPANY

### HEADLEY EMULSIFIED ASPHALTS—the latest technical achievement for WATERPROOFING, DAMPPROOFING, GENERAL PROTECTIVE COATING

HEADLEY Emulsified Asphalts consist of selected grades of straight steam-distilled Mexican asphalt in emulsified form. In the process of manufacture, the asphalt is finely dispersed, all of the minute particles being individually enclosed within a soapy film which prevents them from coalescing or sticking together when in emulsion form. The asphalt

#### Only HEADLEY EMULSIFIED ASPHALTS combine these advantages

- High quality and quantity of straight steamdistilled Mexican asphalt (70% Asphalt content by weight).
- Small amount and advantageous nature of the soap-type emulsifier.
- Low water content (Not over 30% by weight).
- Cold application (at temperature above 35° F.) by flowing, spraying, brushing or squeegee. No heating kettle, skilled workmanship or tedious mopping required.
- Perfect bond to any clean surface, wet or moist, assuring complete protection.

Not injured by freezing.

- Used alone for film coating, or in conjunction with fabric membranes for built-up membrane protection.
- Freedom from mineral suspending agents and inert fillers. No ingredient impairs ductility, bonding or imperviousness of the finished coating.
- Useful properties fully retained. No beneficial physical properties of the asphalt are impaired or permanently lost as when asphalt is dissolved by a "cut-back" process, or mixed with fillers that have no protective qualities.

Not "reversible" after thoroughly drying.

- Very stable. Long storage produces no appreciable sedimentation or separation.
- No flammable or toxic fumes. No dangerous solvents to evaporate and create fire hazard and endanger health in unventilated locations.
- Odorless and tasteless. No contamination of food, water, etc., in refrigerators, tanks, etc.
- Efficient and permanent. Apply uniformly, set readily, dry in a few hours and thereafter thoroughly resistant to temperature changes, water, acids, alkalies, etc. The finished coating remains continuous, elastic and will not crack, creep or flow under ordinary exposure conditions.

High asphalt content and resistance to destruction by freezing are outstanding exclusive features of Headley Emulsified Asphalts. particles are completely and uniformly dispersed and remain so until the emulsion is applied.

On application, the film of soapy solution enclosing each asphalt particle quickly breaks, due to physicochemical changes and evaporation of the water, and the asphalt particles then unite to form



a uniform continuous coating of pure asphalt, thus assuring perfect bond and permanent protection.

Standard grades with differing characteristics afford a choice for various requirements.

#### **Principal Uses**

- Dampproofing and waterproofing of foundations, basements, tunnels, reservoirs, sumps, pits, cisterns, vats, tanks, floors, walls, roofs, etc.
- Protection of concrete and masonry against disintegration.
- Protective coating of concrete, masonry, structural steel, pipe lines, metal, etc., against the destructive influences of fresh and salt water, moisture, gases, chemical fumes, brine, acids and alkalies, etc.
- Bonding and cementing bituminous flooring, linoleum, plaster, stucco, tiles, blocks, slabs, bituminous bridge and crossing planks, fibrous and mineral wall boards, cork board and other insulation, etc.

#### MAIL THE COUPON FOR LITERATURE

Bulletin 330 and Specifications covering standard



applications will be mailed on request, and our Research and Development Department will co-operate in connection with new or exceptional uses.

F	ranklin T	rgest	Exc Buil	lus	ng.	e l P	Ma	lac	le]	pł	tun	re	rs	si		e	I	90	8						
Plea	se send Bulletin	330	anc	1 :	sar	np	le	of	f	Н	ea	dl	ey	,	Er	n	al	sif	ie	d	1	As	sp	ha	ilt
Nar	ne and Ti	tle									* *					e.			ĸ			• •	•		
	Compan	y										×												•	. ;
	Ad	dress				. 13					1.1			10	ł				÷	• •	4	•		•	

## GEORGIA MARBLE



NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY BUILDING, 5th Avenue at 57th Street Cross & Cross, Architects Thompson Starrett Company, Incorporated, Builders Georgia Marble furnished by Domestic Marble and Supply Company, N.Y.

### IT WILL BE A FAMOUS LAND-MARK

Here is a building that will become a famous land-mark on one of the important street corners of the world. It will stand here after many of its neighbors are gone. But the exterior, built of Georgia Marble, will remain sound and beautiful as long as the owners care to let the building stand.

Because Georgia Marble is practically impervious to moisture, the punishing attacks of the weather have practically no effect upon it. There are many examples of Georgia Marble work in all parts of the country that are graphic testimonies to the durability of this time tried material.

1328 Broadway 814 Bona Allen Bldg. 648 Builders' Bldg. 622 Construction Industries Bldg. 1200 Keit	THE GEO	RGIA MAI	RBLE COMPA	ANY · TATE ·	GEORGIA
DALLAS CLEVEI	1328 Broadway	814 Bona Allen Bldg. ATLANTA			1200 Keith Bldg. CLEVELAND

#### ARCHITECTURAL AND ALLIED ARTS EXPOSITION UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS THE ARCHITECTURAL LEAGUE OF NEW YORK

WITH THE ENDORSEMENT OF

THE SOCIETY OF BEAUX-ARTS ARCHITECTS THE NEW YORK BUILDING CONGRESS APRIL 18 - APRIL 25, 1931 GRAND CENTRAL PALACE, NEW YORK

Special Exposition Committee RAYMOND M. HOOD FREDERICK G. FROST JULIAN CLARENCE LEVI

Special Committee of the Architectural League ELY JACQUES KAHN, Chairman

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Fourth Biennial Architectural and Allied Arts Exposition will mark an important epoch in architectural history as it will commemorate the Fiftieth Anniversary of the founding of the Architectural League of New York. Fifty years of service-during which time American architecture has had its greatest development.

The exposition will furnish an exceptional educational opportunity to the public by establishing under one roof a visual contact with the latest devices and materials entering into the construction of the home and its decora-This unique exposition will be cortive embellishment. respondingly instructive to the building trades and the technical professions, tending to develop a better understanding through the creation of an opportunity for a thoroughly comprehensive survey of the latest and most up-to-date appliances which the Manufacturers of America have created and placed at the disposal of the building industry.

In view of the general interest and educational stimulus which such an exhibition must encourage and foster, representing as it does the superlative expression of the fine arts on one hand, and their practical application to the every-day life of our people on the other, the general interest in the Architectural and Allied Arts Exposition will be far-reaching in its effects. Because of the increased appreciation certain to follow this display of vital inventive and constructive elements presented by the manufacturers and builders of modern times, tending toward the improvement of taste and the development of better and more beautiful buildings throughout the land, it is an-ticipated that the responsive cooperation of exhibitors will be spontaneous. It is felt that this enterprise representing the combined effort of Art and Industry, will be of the greatest inspirational influence throughout the whole country.

mind MItors

President, The Architectural League of New York.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY THE ARCHITECTURAL LEAGUE OF NEW YORK 1931 FIFTY YEARS OF SERVICE

LOUIS J. HOROWITZ 250 Park Ave., New York

ELY JACQUES KAHN 2 Park Avenue, New York WILLIAM F. LAMB

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

105 WEST 40th STREET

Phone Penn 1123

Managing Directors

CHAPLES H GREEN

WALTER T. SWEATT

GENERAL EXPOSITION COMMITTEE HARVEY WILEY CORBETT, Chairman

Corbett Harrison & MacMurray 130 West 42nd St., N. Y. WILLIAM ADAMS DELANO

126 East 38th St., New York

(Delano & Aldrich)

ROBERT J. EIDLITZ (Marc Eidlitz & Son, Inc.)

JOSEPH H. FREEDLANDER

(Walker and Gillette)

JOHN C. HEGEMAN

RAYMOND M. HOOD

CASS GILBERT

LEON L.GILLETTE

41 East 42nd St., N. Y.

681 Fifth Ave., New York

244 Madison Ave., New York

369 Lexington Ave., New York

(Hegeman-Harris Co., Inc.) 360 Madison Ave., New York

(Hood, Godley & Fouilhoux) 40 West 40th St., N. Y.

(Shreve Lamb & Harmon) 11 East 44th St., N. Y.

JULIAN CLARENCE LEVI (Taylor & Levi) 105 West 40th St., N. Y.

BENJAMIN WISTAR MORRIS 101 Park Ave., New York

KENNETH M. MURCHISON , 101 Park Ave., New York

R. H. SHREVE (Shreve Lamb & Harmon) 11 East 44th St., New York

WILLIAM A. STARRETT (Starrett Bros. & Eken, Inc.) 101 Park Ave., New York

HENRY C. TURNER (Turner Construction Company)

420 Lexington Ave., New York WILLIAM VAN ALEN

331 Madison Ave., New York

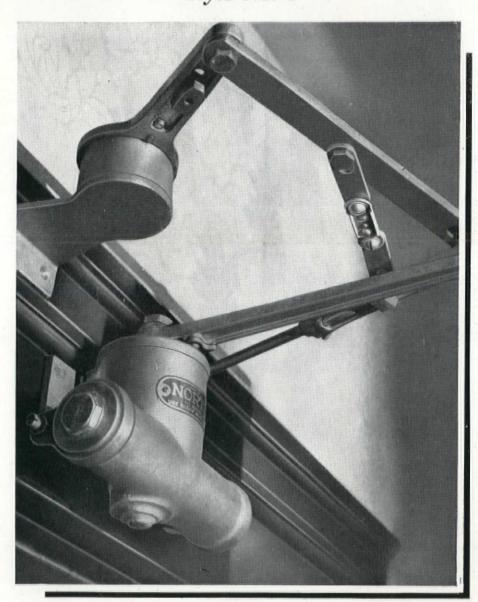
STEPHEN FRANCIS VOORHEES (Vorhees, Gmelin & Walker) 101 Park Ave., New York

D. EVERETT WAID One Madison Ave., New York

RALPH T. WALKER (Vorhees, Gmelin & Walker) 101 Park Ave., New York

1881

The only Fire Door Closer with Underwriters' approval for use on self-closing fire doors NORTON Style No. 1



OR use on fire doors that swing on hinges, the Norton Fusible Link Door Closer automatically closes the door when a temperature of 160 degrees Fahrenheit is reached.

Equipped with an auxiliary spring and hold open arms, the NORTON has increased closing power when the link fuses, thus assuring that the door will be held firmly against heat expansion, as well as swift closing action.

The NORTON is designed to hold the door open at about 100 degrees, and to use only ordinary spring power in the regular operation of the door. The NORTON fusible Link Door Closer, Style No. 1, is the only door closer with the approval of the National Board of Fire Underwriters Laboratories for use on automatic self-closing fire doors. Write for specifications.

See Sweet's Pages B2408-2412 NORTON DOOR CLOSER COMPANY Division of The Yale & Towne Mfg. Co. 2900 North Western Avenue Chicago, Illinois

## NORTON DOORCLOSERS



#### LEADING DIRECTLY OFF THE STREET—

#### But Non-Slip in Any Weather

This stairway leads from Boylston Street, Boston, to one of the well-known Georgian Cafeterias. Its requirements are:

Safety in wet weather as well as dry, Durability to withstand the wear of grit tracked from the street,

Appearance in keeping with the high decorative standards of the restaurant.

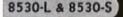
Alundum Aggregate in terrazzo is providing all three.



NORTON COMPANY, WORCESTER, MASS., NEW YORK, CHICAGO, DETROIT, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURGH, CLEVELAND









8520-L & 8520-S



8515-L



NATCO THE COMPLETE LINE OF STRUCTURAL CLAY TILE

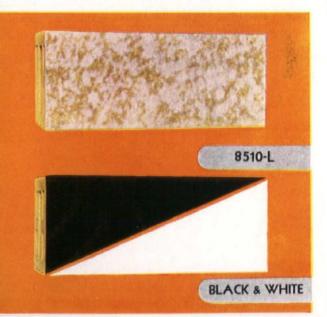
## OPENS NEW FIELDS IN COLOR COMPOSITION AND HARMONY

OVELY cream tans and cream browns, beautiful luminous matt whites, lively midnight blacks, open new fields of color design to the architect. Natco Fritted Glaze Vitritile, with its wide range of harmonious color combinations lifts from the architect, in the construction of interior and exterior walls, the color restrictions that practical considerations heretofore imposed.

#### A Scientific Process Pledges Permanence to You

Natco Fritted Glaze Vitritile is made by a special process which represents a triumph of the ceramic art. The added care, the added cost of this exacting method bears fruit by giving a glaze the equivalent in beauty and permanence of that of the finest English Glazed Brick. Inside or out, the glaze is immune to dirt, grease, chemicals, and the attacks of the elements. It is easily cleaned and kept clean, assures that the structure will stand as a permanent and beautiful tribute to the skill of its designer.

If you have not received literature giving complete information on this outstanding new development, please write at once, and it will be sent you.



## NATIONAL FIREPRODFING CORPORATION

THE LARGEST CONCERN IN THE WORLD MAKING A COMPLETE LINE OF STRUCTURAL CLAY PRODUCTS GENERAL OFFICES: FULTON BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA. BRANCHES: NEW YORK, CHANIN BUILDING, CHICAGO, BUILDERS BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA, LAND TITLE BUILDING, BOSTON, TEXTILE BUILDING — NATIONAL FIRE PROOFING COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD., TORONTO, ONTARIO

# WIDEN THE HEARING CIRCLE



## AT HIS DESK - YET ALL THE SCHOOL HEARS!

Now the principal can sit in his office and send his voice to every room in the school at the same time. Or to any combination of rooms he wants to reach. With a Western Electric Public Address System, exercises, special instruction, general announcements can be given without interrupting class room work for extra auditorium sessions.

Here is a system — that amplifies and distributes sound transmitted into a microphone. Realizing its wide application, architects are including Public

Address equipment in their specifications for school	ls,
hotels, hospitals, city halls and other public building	IS.

Public Address equipment also serves auditoriums, and Western Electric acoustic engineers are at your service in helping you with your plans or with your actual installation.

GRAYBAR ELECTRIC CO.,	A R 10-30
Graybar Building, New York, N. Y.	
Gentlemen : Please send informatio	on regarding the Public
Address System – also Architects' Spe	cification Folder.
NAME	
NAME	
ADDRESS	
ADDRESS	



PUBLIC ADDRESS AND MUSIC REPRODUCTION SYSTEMS Distributed by GRAYBAR Electric Company



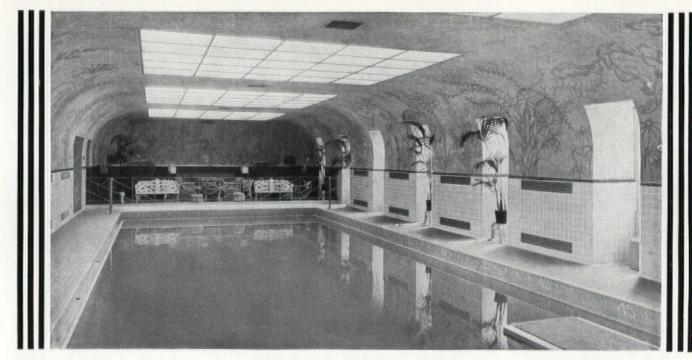
# Specify THORP DOORS

This strikingly modern elevator enclosure in the McKnight Building, Minneapolis, was designed by Hewitt and Brown, Inc., Architects. The design is worked out in etched nickeled silver on a black background

The far-sighted owners of the McKnight Building believe in keeping pace with the competition of newer structures. Realizing that the lobby gives the most important impression of the building, they had Hewitt and Brown, Inc., design new elevator enclosures for the ground floor. The Thorp Organization made the doors with their usual skill and attention to the architects' specifications. The resulting effect imparts a new atmosphere to the entire building.

THORP FIRE PROOF DOOR COMPANY MINN

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



Architect: JOHN RUSSELL POPE - Tile Contractors: DePAOLI DEL TURCO FOSCATO CORP.

### The Junior League Swimming Pool

in New York, is a study in lights and shadows...like a sheltered pool in a tropical Utopia...a decorative masterpiece achieved by John Russell Pope, with Robertson Planatile and Chromatex. The pool and the runway are of Robertson Chromatex...nonslip, impervious and easily cleaned. The wainscot treatment in a characteristically feminine pink is accented with one of Robertson's latest innovations, the setback cap glazed in silver. This is an ideal combination for such an indoor pool. Supplementing Robertson's Planatile and plain tile with Chromatex offers the architect many possibilities for originality. Chromatex is available in a wide range of colors and textures. The finest and largest swimming pools in famous institutions are made of Robertson Tiles . . . also many smaller pools in private homes. From the first tiled pool in America to the most costly in New York is the spread of Robertson's experience, and these facilities are offered to architects in the development of any swimming pool project. Descriptive literature is available for your files. Special information on request.

ROBERTSON ART TILE COMPANY TRENTON, N. J.

# Government Tests disclose New Facts about Lumber Framing

Horizontal sheathing braces of let-in strips increase stiffness as compared to the borizontally sheathed wall 21/2 times to 4 times, and the strength about 31/2 times.

STRONGER FRAME

WALLS

The Tree Mark signifies that the lumber "American Standis ard Lumber from America's Best Mills" ... that all lumber so marked is exactly as indicated.

IMBER

ZATION

EDM. A

WHAT type of wood wall is best suited for sections of the country subject to tornados . . . . hurricanes? Is diagonal sheathing really stronger than horizontal sheathing?

For years these questions, and many others, have interested architects charged with designing permanent, rigid structures. Definite answers are given by a series of actual tests just completed.

The U. S. Forest Products Laboratory built nearly fifty frame walls of full story height and submitted them to exacting tests. The whole story of how they reacted is told in an interesting booklet, "Stronger Frame Walls." This book answers many questions about the strength and rigidity of frame walls . . . . develops many new and startling facts.

The National Lumber Manufacturers Association, sponsor of Tree Mark lumber that is guaranteed to be exactly as stamped by the expert grader, will send, on request, a free copy of this amazing booklet. Mail the coupon today.



Ordinary stud and plate walls sheathed diago-nally are 4 to 7 times as stiff and 7 to 8 times as strong as if borizontally sheathed.

NATIONAL LUMBER MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

666

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Offices in New York ' Boston ' Pittsburgh ' Indianapolis ' Chicago Minneapolis ' Kansas City ' Memphis ' New Orleans San Francisco · Los Angeles

National Lumber Manufacturers Association Dept. 6010, Transportation Bldg., Washington, D.C. Gentlemen: Please send me the free booklet, "Stronger Frame Walls."

State\_

Name Address

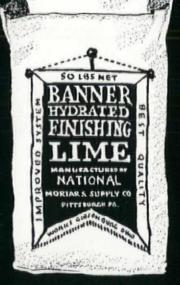
City

# AIR SEPARATION

Blowing away little trouble makers is the final step in purifying Banner Finish. The tiny underburned and overburned particles of lime are eliminated by air separation before Banner is sacked for shipment. They are taken out to avoid troublesome pitting and popping which spoil so many jobs. Air separation is just one of the several operations which make Banner Lime so highly satisfactory for finish coat, brown coat and scratch coat.

NATIONAL MORTAR & SUPPLY CO. PITTSBURGH Charter Member Finishing Lime Assn. of Ohio

Sanner lime



SACKS OF SATISFACTION



# For Good Display Windows

For full architectural details see Sweet's catalog. Write us for complete working data and price list. Remember, too, wherever you are there is a distributor near you. We also carry a complete line of "Desco" construction material in our New York City Warehouse. To achieve display windows that suit the needs of every tenant, good store front construction is necessary. Desco Store Fronts are so often used because they are handsome in appearance and set off all shop displays to best advantage. Made in a wide variety of metals, including solid copper (plain or embossed), solid bronze in all standard finishes and aluminum alloy, they harmonize with every building design. Then, too, their flexibility protects the glass against abnormal wind pressure. These features make Desco Store Fronts preferred by architects and building owners alike.

DETROIT SHOW CASE CO. 1670 West Fort Street , Detroit, Michigan

> New York City Office and Warehouse-344-346 East 32nd Street Pacific Coast Office-450 Skinner Building, Seattle, Washington



Concrete pays tribute to fine architecture



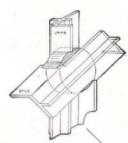
The views on this page are of a home that is distinguished in both architecture and construction—the home of Robert B. Henderson, in Hillsborough, California. Gordon B. Kaufmann, Los Angeles, Architect; Dousett-Ruhl Company, San Francisco, Contractors

CONCRETE, in many forms, has been skillfully employed by the architect in designing this home. The exterior walls are of concrete masonry units, in slightly irregular sizes and varied colors. Building frame and floors throughout are of reinforced concrete—one unit, of utmost strength and rigidity. The roof is attractively tiled. So constructed, a home is *firesafe* and long enduring.

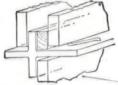




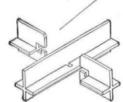
Concrete for permanence and firesafety 33 W. GRAND AVENUE C H I C A G O



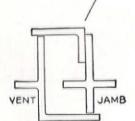
A triumph in pivot design.



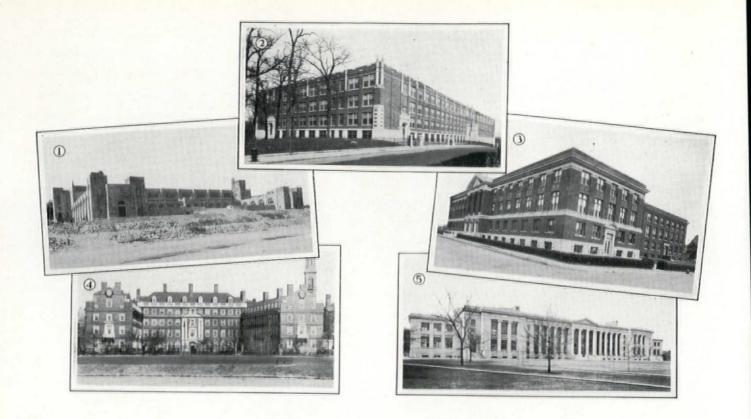
The remarkable cruciform bar permits inside, outside or double glazing.



All joints are made mechanically true and fast then electrically welded.



Unique all-around double contact jamb section. Mark well these outstanding and exclusive facts regarding the one and only sash fabricated of genuine wrought iron. Sash, for the first time, replete with special advantages of design overcoming all faults common to metal sash as previously known. Achieved through the employment of the remarkable structural possibilities presented by the Mesker cruciform rolled bar in a metal having as an historical characteristic exceptional resistance to the corrosive factors commonly present where extra heavy duty sash is required. An especially vital point—the pivot—is here done in white brass and malleable iron in cup style. Freedom from weaving smooth, positive hinge action during the life of the building!



# Around Boston-

- Brighton High School, Brighton, Mass. Architects: O'Connell & Shaw, Boston, Electrical Contractors: M. B. Foster Electric Co., Boston.
- Memorial High School, Roxbury, Mass. Architect: Harry N. Atwood, Boston. Electrical Contractors: M. B. Foster Electric Co., Boston.
- 3. Marine Biological Laboratory, Woods Hole, Mass. Architects: Coolidge, Shepley, Bulfinch & Abbott, Boston. Electrical Engineers & Contractors: Hison Electric Co., South Boston.
- 4. McKinlock Hall, Harvard University, Architects: Coolidge, Shepley, Bulfinch & Abbort, Boston. Electrical Engineers & Contractors: Hison Electric Co., South Boston.
- 5. Langdell Hall, Harvard Law School. Architects: Coolidge, Shepley, Bulfinch & Abbott, Boston. Electrical Engineers & Contractors: Hixon Electric Co., South Boston.

## Beans ~ Brains ~ Bryant

THEY all go together. Note the type of educational in-L stitutions illustrated. These, recently constructed, are all "Bryant Equipped", for in such buildings, as in commercial buildings, homes, hotels, hospitals, manufacturing plants, proper lighting and the proper control of lighting are now considered of paramount importance. In Boston, as in most cities, you'll find that the architects and engineers responsible for the more notable buildings have specified and insisted upon the use of Bryant switches, receptacles and other wiring devices.

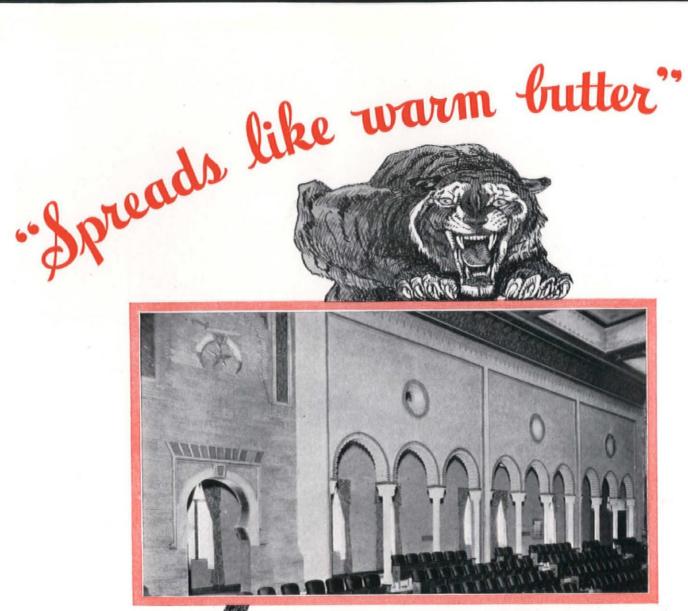
> You should have our Catalog No. 30 on file. If you have not received a copy, write us for it.

#### THE BRYANT ELECTRIC COMPANY A:10 BRIDGEPORT CONNECTICUT, U.S.A. BOSTON · CHICAGO · NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA · SAN FRANCISCO 1333 Chestnut Street 149 New Montgomery Street

50 High Street 844 West Adams Street 60 East 42nd Street



MANUFACTURERS OF "SUPERIOR WIRING DEVICES" SINCE 1888-MANUFACTURERS OF HEMCO PRODUCTS





Another Tiger Job CRESCENT TEMPLE, A. A. O. N. M. S., Trenton, N. J. Architect–W. Hankin, Trenton, N. J. Plastering Contractor–General Contracting & Construction Co. Tiger Finish used exclusively

## er FOOTPRINTS' Individualize Interiors

Unquestioned individuality characterizes building interiors which bear the imprint of our symbolized Tiger's tread. His "Footprints" (ceiling and wall finishes and textures) impart a distinctive, artistic atmosphere that instantly commands serious consideration and respect. \* \* \* In this age of exceptional architecture, more and more of the famous Tiger Finishing Lime is being used to individualize the walls and ceilings of America's finer structures.

The KELLEY ISLAND LIME & TRANSPORT COMPANY "World's Largest Producer of Lime" LEADER BUILDING ... CLEVELAND, OHIO



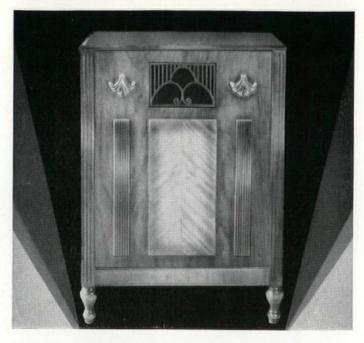
# ... HUMIDITY CONTROLLED as completely and automatically as Temperature ...

• To the right is shown the patented Lewis Humitrol. Looks like a thermostat, acts like one. You merely set this Humitrol for the relative humidity you wish to maintain. The entire operation of the Lewis Air Conditioner is governed by this control. Humidity is regulated as completely and automatically as is temperature by the use of a thermostat. Full Humitrol details upon request.



### AGGRESSIVE DEALERS WANTED

The possibilities for profit in the new field of air conditioning are unlimited. Inquiries are invited from aggressive dealers who wish to get in on the ground floor of this new development. Some good territories open. Write for complete information.



THE necessity of supplying additional moisture to heated air during the winter months is no longer debated. Simply adding moisture, however, does not solve the problem. Diffusion of this moisture is necessary. The recirculation of air must be considered. The air washing factor must not be overlooked. If an ideal, effective temperature for the promotion of health and comfort is to be maintained, the production of humidity must be placed under as positive control and within as close a range as that of heat.

Lewis Air Conditioners produce humidity in a vaporous, gaseous form—thus diffusion is rapid and complete. No free particles of moisture are discharged into the air. Recirculation is assisted. All air is washed in passing through the humidifying section of the various units. Most important is the patented Lewis Humitrol which places the production and maintenance of any desired relative humidity under positive control. The Lewis Humitrol used with Lewis Air Conditioners regulates humidity accurately and positively.

Lewis Air Conditioners are used with hot water or steam heating systems. A special, low priced, non-motorized unit (illustrated above) has been perfected for steam heating systems. Other models are equipped with silent motor and fan. Cabinets housing Lewis Air Conditioners are of selected woods or of fine furniture steel finished in grain and color to harmonize with interior finish. Units may be concealed in the wall to conform with modern concealed radiation or may be located in the basement.

A booklet "Controlled Humidity and Human Comfort" pointing out the advantages of air conditioning, together with full details describing the several Lewis Air Conditioners will be sent gladly upon request. The Lewis Corporation, 813 Second Ave. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

# LEWIS AUTOMATICALLY AIR CONDITIONERS

## BRONZE-Standards, Newels, Brackets-IRON

# EVERY BUILDING ENTRANCE Should be LIGHTED...

NOT only in the interests of safety but from an architectural viewpoint, building entrances deserve ornamental lighting.

Entrance standards, brackets or newels, add much to the appearance, but little to the cost of a building.

Union Metal has developed a complete line of exterior lighting fixtures, including designs for almost every type of service. These fixtures are available in either cast iron or bronze.

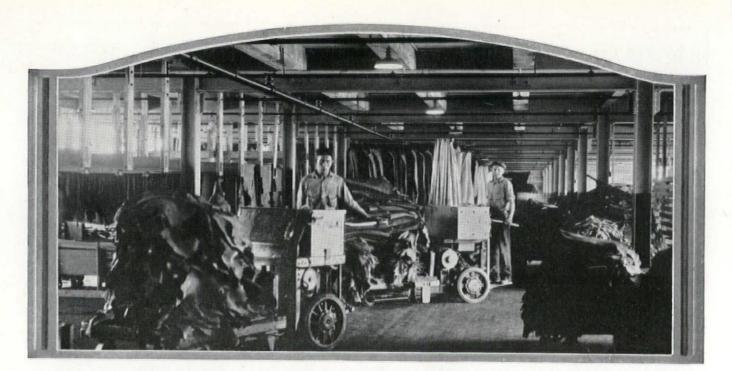
Where special fixtures are required, Union Metal craftsmen work from the architect's rendering and promise a faithful reproduction of the original conception.

Write for complete information on either stock or special designs.

THE UNION METAL MANUFACTURING CO. GENERAL OFFICES AND FACTORY \* CANTON, OHIO SALES OFFICES: New York, Chicago, Cleveland, Boston Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle, Dallas, Atlanta



Design No. 739



# A Trucking Floor of "Table-Top" Smoothness

The photograph above shows a Bloxonend Floor in the main finishing loft of the Elkland Leather Company, Elkland, Pa. Area ---15,000 sq. ft. laid over a sub-floor of 2-in. splined fir plank. This BLOXONEND order resulted from a test installation laid two vears before.

The irregular shape and size of hides transported on lift trucks makes secure stacking difficult. To permit capacity loading without danger of spillage and delay (due to vibration) a floor of "table-top smoothness" was required. Durability was also a requisite to withstand continual trucking.

**BLOXONEND FLOORING** is as accurately milled and scientifically kiln-dried as the wood used in the finest pianos. Sanding is not necessary to bring it to a smooth surface. Shrinkage or expansion negligible. No tar or pitch binder used.

Dovetailing small blocks of Southern Pine endwise onto 8-ft. baseboards --- and laying with splines and nails (exclusive with BLOX-ONEND) insures *lasting smoothness*. That is one of the reasons hundreds of leading industrials have found it profitable to pay a higher first cost for BLOXONEND. Write for Architectural Specifications.

CARTER BLOXONEND FLOORING COMPANY KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI **Representatives in Leading Cities** 



Bloxonend is widely used in shops and gymnasiums of finer type schools



## "Metal Work by FISKE"

Peabody, Wilson & Brown, Architects

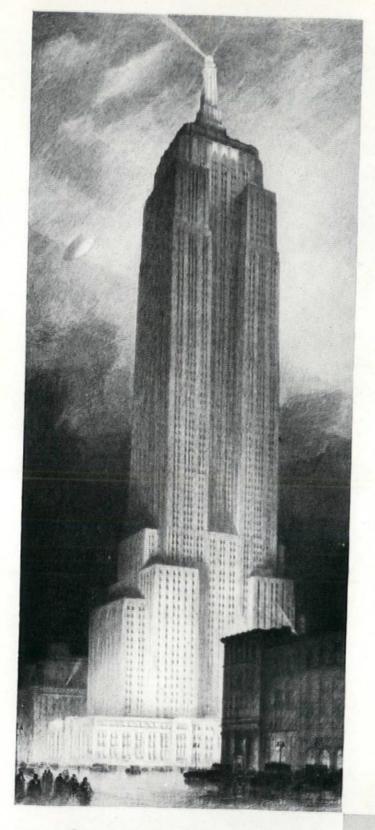
T HE Seymour H. Knox residence at Aiken, S. C., is one of many luxurious homes throughout the United States where the ornamental metal fittings have been executed by FISKE. The preference for FISKE is constantly growing among architects and especially among architects whose specifications always call for the *finest*. For they realize that to specify "metal work by FISKE" is to specify the *finest*  in workmanship, materials and perhaps what is even more important—over 70 years of experience in close cooperation with architects and builders.

The second s

The FISKE organization maintains complete consultory and design services which are always available to architects interested in ornamental metal work. Write for illustrated catalogue.

## J.W.Fiske IRON 80 Park Place ~ New York ESTABLISHED 1858

SPECIALISTS IN ORNAMENTAL METAL WORK



## Constructed in 1930

SHREVE, LAMB & HARMON Architects H. G. BALCOM Structural Engineer

## EMPIRE STATE BUILDING New York City

## THE TALLEST BUILDING IN THE WORLD

This structure is on plot of 200 feet by 425 feet. Height from sidewalk to main roof 1050 feet,—85 stories,—Plus observation tower of 200 feet, making total height of 1250 feet.

> Fabricated Structural Steel furnished by

## AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY

Subsidiary of United States Steel Corporation

Manufacturers of STEEL STRUCTURES

of all classes particularly

### BRIDGES and BUILDINGS

General Offices 71 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

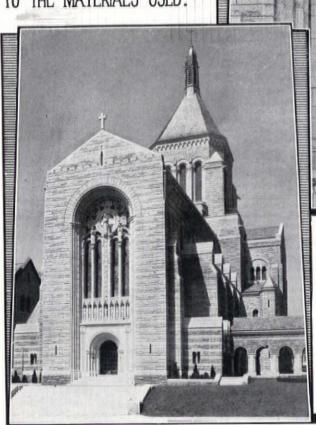
Contracting Offices New York Pittsburgh Chicago Philac St. Louis Boston Cleveland Denvi Cincinnati Duluth

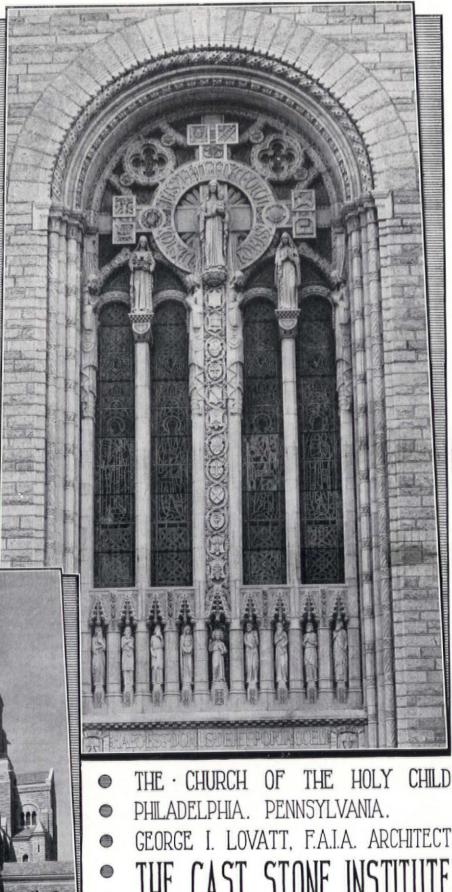
Philadelphia Detroit Denver Baltimore Minneapolis



Pacific Coast Distributor Columbia Steel Company, San Francisco, Cálif. Export Distributor United States Steel Products Co., 30 Church St., New York, N. Y.

THE CAST STONE PORTIONS OF THE CHURCH OF HOLY CHILD OFFER A NOTABLE EXAMPLE OF THE ADAPTABILITY OF THIS MATERIAL TO THE EXECUTION OF EXACTING IN COLOR AND DETAILS. TEXTURE THE CAST STONE TRIM HARMONIZES MOST PLEASINGLY WITH THE MT. AIRY GRANITE WHICH COM-POSES THE FIELD. THE INSPIRING BEAUTY OF THIS STRUCTURE IS A TRIBUTE TO THE SKILL OF ITS DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS AS WELL AS TO THE MATERIALS USED.





GRAND AVENUE,

33≚

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

# MORE DAYLIGHT WITH USTRAGLASS

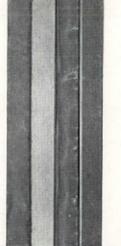
### BECAUSE



T takes a "whiter" glass to transmit more daylight...that is obvious. LUSTRA-GLASS is the "whitest" of all glass made for windows...

Laboratory tests conclusively prove that LUSTRAGLASS transmits more daylight. It also transmits a substantial amount of the shorter ultra-violet rays of sunlight at a wave length of 313 mu.\* yet it costs no more than ordinary window glass.

For schools, factories, homes, hospitals and office buildings, everywhere that human beings live, work or play indoors, LUSTRAGLASS is needed ... Every building is more beautiful when glazed with LUSTRA-



An unretouched, "end on" photo of four leading makes of glass. The white one is LUSTRAGLASS...

### IT'S "WHITE"

GLASS, for LUSTRAGLASS is truly a superior product in every respect...flatter, clearer, more lustrous. Its appearance, alone, is ample reason for its selection by architects and builders, but a glance at the chart below will show why parents of growing children look for it in buildings which they buy or rent...

Write for LUSTRAGLASS BOOKLET A-430 and SPECI-FICATION SHEET

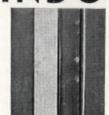
... SEE the complete table of ultra-violet ray transmission, then keep this literature in your file to show your clients. \*Send for LUSTRAGLASS BOOKLET A-430 and see complete table of transmission ...



AMERICAN WINDOW GLASS CO.

Also Makers of Armor-Lite Scatter-Proof and Bullet-Proof Glass, Tintaglass, Picture Glass, Photographic Dry Plate Glass, 3/6" and 3/2" Crystal Sheet, Ground and Chipped Glass, Improved Quartz-Lite and Bulb Edge Glass.

**Farmers Bank Building** 



The label shown at the right appears on every light of genuine LUSTRAGLASS . . . Look for it. LUSTRAGLASS is packed with paper between the lights to prevent scratching or marring of the surface.

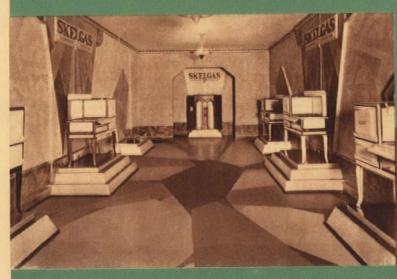
Pittsburgh, Penna.



# ORIGINALITY - in a medium

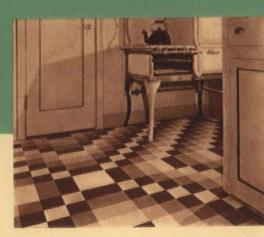


The adaptahility of Sealex materials to interior decoration is well illustrated by this office reception room of the Walker Gordon Milk Co., New York City. That the unique Sealex floor was designed-to-order is unmistakable.



Modernistic floor of Scalex Linoleum above is carried out in Black, Dark Gray, Light Gray, Terra Cotta, and Green. A standard design for the chain of showrooms of the Skel-Gas Co-

Unusual kitchen floor design in Sealex Treadlite Tiles of several colors: -- Mahogany Brown, Craft Brown, Fawn Gray and Colonial Buff.



# -in a medium that encourages ORIGINALITY

We think there is something at once challenging and inspiring about these pictures. You can't look at them for long without wanting to reach for a pencil and sketching paper. You feel an itch to try your hand at designing a floor or two of your own.

All right, go ahead. The only thing to remember is that *there are no rules*. No blue-laws. No inhibitions.

Because you are working in the world's most "workable" floor material. A sharp linoleum knife in the hands of a skilled mechanic can make *Sealex* Linoleum or *Sealex* Treadlite Tile as-

Continued on following page)



An illustration of the effective use of a cut-to-order inset. Judicial placement of insets makes a pleasant departure from monotony.

BONDED FLOORS

Materials for Bonded Floors are manufactured by Congoleum-Nairn Inc.

#### (Continued from preceding page)

sume almost any two-dimensional form your mind can conceive.

So reach for that pencil and paper. The sky's the limit. Plan a modernistic floor for a smart shop. An office floor with the firm's trade-mark as part of the design. A formal "period floor" for a public building. A living room floor with the owner's hobby symbolized in the floor design.

And when the time comes to carry out your conceptions, call in an Authorized Contractor of Bonded Floors. Those firms, as you can see by these pictures, have had specialized experience in this type of work. And their standards of workmanship are so high that we are able to back their floors with Guaranty Bonds against repair expense!

CONGOLEUM-NAIRN INC. General Office: KEARNY, N. J.

# BONDED FLOORS



A modernistic dressing room floor in a custom-made design, cut-to-order from several colors of Scalex Treadlite Tile.



Ploor design reflecting the character of a business. Reception room of Radio Station WAAM, Newark, N. J. Letters WAAM were cut from Sealex Linoleum and inset into the floor



An unusual type of game-heats and floor combined, illustrating the versatility of Seatex flooring materials from a design standpoint.

If. rather than prepare floor designs in your own office, you wish suggestions submitted to you, an Authorized Contractor of Bonded Floors will place his and our services at your disposal. Call upon us for estimates, specifications, samples or designs. No obligation, of course . . . . . .





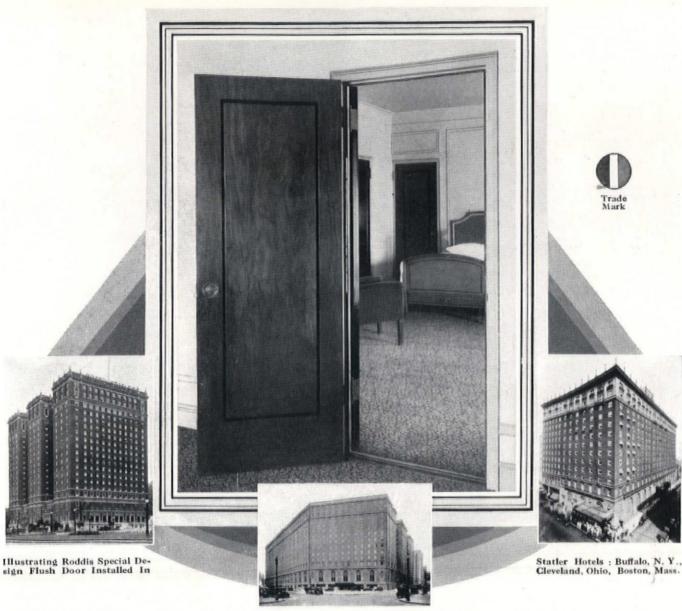
## Defining the true meaning of the word "chic"

Coined in Paris to express originality plus taste, the word "chic" has come to mean many things to many people. In London, swagger; in America, pertness; in Japan, genuineness. The original and lasting meanings are the ones contained in the undoubted chic of Crane bathrooms. Always, originality and taste are found in Crane fixture designs and decorative

suggestions; genuineness in the service given. At Crane Exhibit Rooms you will find ideas for rooms as elaborate as the one above and others for the simplest cottage. Visit them. When possible, bring your client, showing him the actual fixtures. Complete installation can be on monthly payments under the Crane Budget Plan through a Crane Qualified Contractor-Dealer.

Valves J CCRAANE Fittings FIXTURES, VALVES, FITTINGS, AND PIPING, FOR DOMESTIC AND INDUSTRIAL USE Crane Co., General Offices: 836 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago + 23 W. 44th St., New York + Branches and sales offices in one hundred and ninety-six cities





# DOORS by RODDIS

The most modern door style and architectural expression are followed closely by Roddis; but the pioneer fundamentals and ideals of correct quality are not forgotten, nor is the sincerity of craftsmanship abandoned. Underneath the outward appearance of Roddis Flush Doors is truth in materials and manufacture; a practice and a product that endures, and a surety of full per cent value for the Roddis price asked. Roddis completely solid, 5-ply construction insures permanently enduring door quality and rich beauty: everlasting door service of highest character. Therefore, before you decide on doors write for and read the interesting, illustrated Roddis Catalog of details and specifications. Sent on request.

RODDIS LUMBER & VENEER CO. 134 Fourth Street Distributors In All Principal Cities MARSHFIELD, WIS.

Established 1890

### The Most Economical Door For Residences

The cost of Roddis Doors for residences is sufficiently low to be most practical for residences. And the greater value given — in construction, beauty and permanently enduring quality add a great econ-



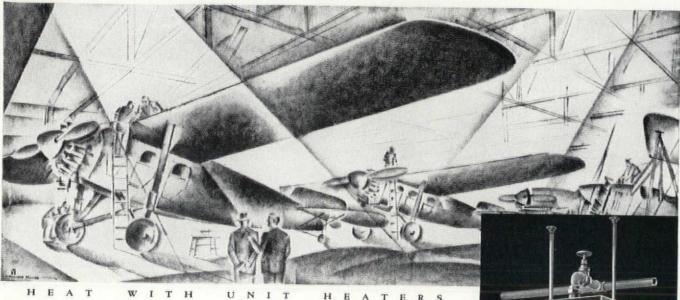
Ph. Lindsley Small. Cleveland, Ohio . . . Architect

omy when Roddis Doors are used. Standard designs are available, or made special to individual requirements. Write now for further details of Roddis doors.

### WHEN HEAT IS

# Jontrolled

# - - working conditions are right



It is easy to maintain an even temperature — not too hot, not too cold throughout a building . . . to keep workers comfortable and contented, after Venturafin Unit Heaters are installed and heat becomes *controlled*.

Equipped with an individual three-way heat control switch, each Venturafin Unit forces heated air at LOW, MEDIUM or HIGH speed—at exactly the required velocity to correct irregularities of temperature in a building. Individually adjustable streamline air-jet deflectors direct heated air in one or several directions simultaneously. Venturafin Unit Heaters force heated air *where* you want it, *when* you want it and *as much as* you want.

Many are the unusual advantages offered by the Venturafin Method of Heating—cold corners and heat pockets disappear . . . no more wasteful heating of ceiling areas first . . . drafts are eliminated . . . absences of workers because of colds, headaches and similar ailments are reduced, and efficiency increased.

Venturafin Units are ideal for heating factories, shops, stores, garages, and many other types of buildings. They are easy to install and can be used on high, medium or low pressure steam applications. We shall be pleased to furnish you complete data direct from the factory, or upon application at any of our nation-wide sales and service offices.

AMERICAN BLOWER CORPORATION, DETROIT, MICHIGAN CANADIAN SIROCCO COMPANY, LIMITED, WINDSOR, ONTARIO BRANCH OFFICES IN ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES



VENTURAFIN METHOD OF HEATING

Venturafin Units can be mounted on wall, column or ceiling with ordinary 34-inch hanger pipes. Heat control with Venturafin Units becomes automatic by the application of a Mercoid Thermostat,



MED

Venturafin Units for industrials are equipped with a three-speed heat control switch.



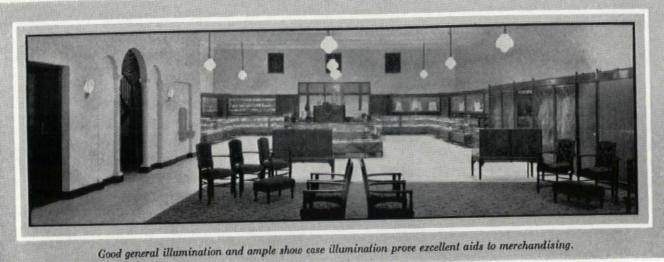
ARCHITECTS: ROSARIO CANDELA AND ARTHUR LOOMIS HARMON BUILDERS: HEGEMAN . HARRIS, INCORPORATED

HIS apartment building is being erected for Mr. James T. Lee of New York. It embodies to the last painstaking detail its owner's farreaching ideas in modern luxury and beauty. That Dahlstrom Elevator Entrances were chosen for this superlatively fine building is nothing less than a high tribute. Other current Dahlstrom installations include the 60story City Bank and Farmer's Trust Co., the 58-story 500 Fifth Avenue, the 40-story George A. Fuller Building, the 36-story Daily News Building, and the world's largest office structure, the Empire State Building on the site of the historic Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

NEW YORK



#### CO-OPERATION TECHNICAL STUDIES IN



## STYLE TRENDS IN STORE LIGHTING demand adaptability in wiring

### By H. A. LORENTZ of Lorentz and Lorentz, Architects Canton, Ohio

Early studies for the Lefkovits store in Canton, Ohio, indicated the need for an electrical layout capable of taking care of changing requirements for light. For the modern store, responsive as it must be to style developments, watches for improvements in lighting and in the use of electricity as closely as it watches markets and style trends in merchandise.

It was natural to turn to the wiring and lighting bureau of the electric service company serving the territory for information that would help provide continuing adequacy and protect the building



Floodlighting and intensive display window lighting provide an attrac-tive exterior.

against early electrical obsolescence. Here was found a broad background of experience and a valuable store of information that made it possible to project the course of future electrical requirements.

The lighting installation decided upon with the help of this lighting bureau provides seventy-five window reflectors with 200-watt lamps on one-foot centers and floodlighting from five 1000-watt projectors. In the interior of the store general lighting of 18 foot-candles is provided and in addition there is ample show case lighting.

Provision is made in the wiring for the installation of extra circuits whenever the style trend in lighting makes them desirable.

In this day of rapid electrical developments provision for meeting future electrical requirements is an important consideration in the design of any building.

For information about trends in lighting standards, and about adequate wiring standards, call on the lighting bureau of your local electric service company, or write direct.

NATIONAL ELECTRIC LIGHT ASSOCIATION, 420 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEW YORK, N.Y.

# OLD YOUR HAND ON THE SMOKE STACK

### ..... High stack temperature means wasted heat....

If a smoke stack is running a temperature, the boiler is not efficient. Heat is being lost up the chimney. In coal-fired boilers... or with oil burners installed in ordinary boilers built for coal firing...stack temperatures are often high. That means wasted heat and high heating costs.

The ordinary boiler...with its short wide flues...is not built to absorb the intense heat of burning oil. It has remained for Gar Wood and his engineers to stop this waste.

They did it...successfully...by building a boiler like an automobile radiator. Long narrow flue passages vastly increased the heating surfaces. Water tubes were baffled to cause a scrubbing action of the gases against their walls. The result is an almost complete transfer of heat to the boiler water. Stack temperatures are just high enough to prevent condensation.

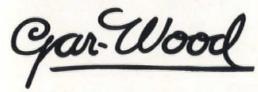
The Gar-Wood burner is engineered to fit the boiler's combustion chamber. Almost perfect combustion is effected. From the moment the Gar-Wood burner starts, its flame burns in suspension, without the use of refractory linings.

In the ordinary oil burner, the fire pot of the boiler must have a refractory lining. This is a clay tile which will heat quickly and vaporize the oil particles not atomized at the burner nozzle, and thus prepare them for combustion. Until this refractory lining is hot...which takes from three to ten minutes... the burner cannot operate at maximum efficiency.

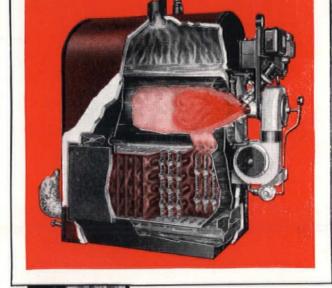
The Gar-Wood... with boiler and burner engineered into one complete balanced heating unit provides automatic heat from either oil or gas at a cost that is less than coal. Get the facts and figures. Mail the coupon now.

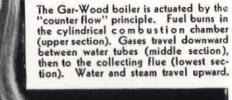
Responsible organizations now distributing through the heating trade should investigate the Gar-Wood franchise. Write the factory for details.

GAR WOOD ENGINEERING CO. 4196 Bellevue Ave. Detroit, Mich.



The Architectural Record, October, 1930



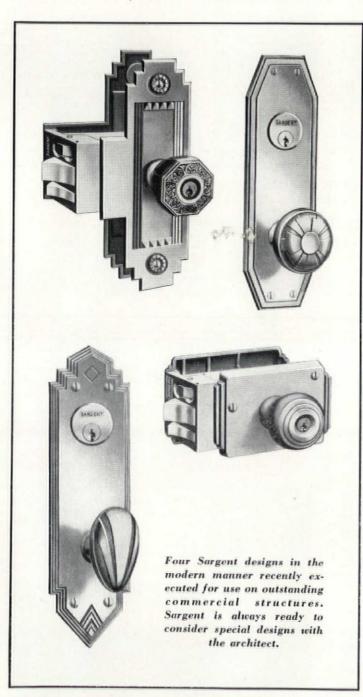




	GAR WOOD ENGINEERING CO. 4196 Bellevue Ave., Detroit, Mich.	
	Gentlemen: Send mewithout cost or obli of "A New Principle of Generating Heat	gationa copy at Low Cost."
A NEW PLE OF ATING TLOW	Firm Name	
	Address	
	City State	R-10-30

61

# CONTEMPORARY



## DESIGNS THAT Harmonize

A NEW idea of proportions, planes in symmetry, balanced angles, lines that extend unbroken—such qualities have come to characterize most of the commercial architecture of today. In step with every trend, Sargent has taken each new design element as it appears, adapted it to the strictest mechanical requirements, and produced builders' hardware equipment entirely modern—modern in beauty and modern in the perfection of its metal craftsmanship.

Sargent will execute designs specially made by the architect for an individual building, or Sargent artists and modelers will suggest special pieces designed from the architect's plans and drawings or direct from a building's decorative motif. Sargent's modern hardware is made in virtually every metal and in every kind of finish. We shall be pleased to consult with you regarding hardware for any type of building or any style of architecture. Send for our new booklet, "Modern American Designs in Sargent Hardware." Sargent & Company, New Haven, Connecticut.

In New York City—Builders' Hardware Division and Showroom at 295 Madison Avenue, Warehouse at 94 Centre Street. In Chicago—150 North Wacker Drive (at Randolph).



# More Windows-More Sunlight

The increased number and size of windows being specified for Residences, Hospitals, Hotels, Apartments Office and other types of buildings, improves the beauty, comfort and value of these buildings.

Windows are the eyes of a building and they demand glass which permits a clear vision, is of great tensile strength, of glorious lustre, and has no artificial coloring to obstruct the penetrating sun's rays.

Such a glass is Adamston Vertically Drawn Flat Glass—as perfect as Men, Money and Machinery can make it.

Facts about Adamston Window Glass:

1 Perfectly flat.

2 Graded according to highest standards.

3 Uniform in thickness and quality.

4 Natural fire polish of great lustre.

- 5 The same on both sides.
- 6 Greater tensile strength.
- 7 Minimum of breakage.
- 8 Paper packed to prevent scratching.
- 9 Every light of A quality labeled.
- 10 Sold by representative jobbers in all principal centers.

Check This— 92% of Adamston Sales are Repeat orders.

A VISION AS CLEAR

AS THROUGH THE OPEN WINDOW

> A BRAND YOU VERTICALLY DRAWN FLAT GLASS ADAMSTON FLAT GLASS CO SLARKSBURG.W.YA.

CAN DEPEND UPON

ADAMSTON FLAT GLASS COMPANY CLARKSBURG, W. VA.

Sales Offices

EASTERN SALES OFFICE NO. 1 MADISON AVE, NEW YORK CITY WESTERN SALES OFFICE 11 SO. LA SALLE ST. CHICAGO, ILL.

### VERTICALLY DRAWN FROM THE MOLTEN METAL TO THE FINISHED STATE

# Why not protect the inside of your building, too!

A new structure rises — is completed —and occupied. You have protected it against all the elements of the heavens —but how about man?

> The very first army of workers will track in *dirt*. The very first day's work will leave a trail of debris. And the first window that is opened will let in destructive dust. And the battle of man against the very efficiency of the building has just begun.

### The Spencer Central Cleaning System

is used mostly because it reduces the time and cost of cleaning a building. It pays for itself in a very few years.

> But the really important point is that this method removes dirt and even the finest dust before it can accumulate.

> > It reduces both the cleaning and redecorating costs.

Let us mail you our data prepared especially for Architects.

THE SPENCER TURBINE COMPANY HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

SPENCER CENTRAL **CLEANING** SYSTEM A 4606



• LEE BURNS & EDWARD JAMES · ARCHITECTS · W.T. NASH · CONTRACTOR

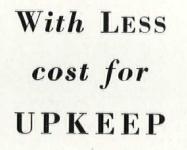
"ROLSCREENS of Pella have their place in my specifications. They stand up under the strain of continued usage and are guaranteed by a company that has attained national recognition for fine window screens of the modern type."

Edw. Jan

Burns & James, in accord with other leading architects of America, find Rolscreens best suited for the screening of fine windows.

IOWA PELL

Rolscreen Representatives in all Principal Cities... See Sweets Catalog Volume B. Pages B 2742=+6







Built-in cabinets installed by THE GENERAL FIREPROOFING COM-PANY in the Youngstown City Hospital, Youngstown, Ohio. Several hundred of these units were equipped with Monel Metal tops, while all the dressing cabinets in private rooms have baseplates and shelves of Monel Metal. At left: Youngstown City Hospital, Architects: Albert Kahn, Detroit; Morris Scheible, Youngstown, associate.

## Monel Metal keeps Cabinets looking NEW!



Monel Metal is a registered trade mark applied to a technically controlled nickel-copper alloy of high nickel content. Monel Metal is mined, smelted, refined, rolled and marketed solely by International Nickel.

Monel Metal

H<sup>OSPITAL</sup> employees welcome the cheerful, labor-saving aid of silvery Monel Metal. Doctors and nurses like its look of crisp cleanliness—its always "at your service" appearance which is the outward sign of inherent properties exclusive to Monel Metal.

Rust-proof and resistant to corrosion by hospital solutions, Monel Metal cuts cleaning time and labor to such a low point that the saving effected helps pay back the original investment. Moreover, Monel Metal has no coating to chip, crack or wear away, and its steel-like strength guarantees years of flawless service.

To insure your client all these advantages make it a point to specify Monel Metal equipment where hard service will prevail.

Your files should contain a copy of "Modern Hospital

Equipment"—a 72-page booklet dealing with the specification of food-service, clinical and laundry equipment, with a special section on built-in cabinets.

THE INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY, INC., 67 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

All Saints Church, Great Neck. L. I.



Mann & MacNeille Architects

BOSTON

udor.Stone The rugged texture and wide range of color tones that characterize Tudor Stone make it admirably suited for the roofing of church buildings. Every Tudor Stone Roof is especially designed for the building it is to cover, and the slate especially mined and cut at our Vermont quarries for the particular project.

## Rising and Helson Slate Company

WEST PAWLET, VERMONT Architects' Service Department: 101 Park Avenue, New York City TROIT PHILADEL PHIA

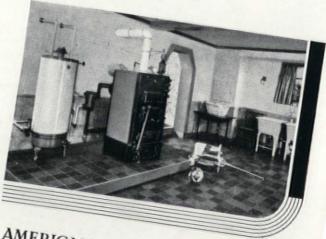
CHICAGO



▼ Here are four homes that are unusual in design, unusual in construction, both outside and inside. But without comfortable, even warmth, they would be dreary. ▼ The architect who designed these beau-

tiful homes describes them as "four All American jobs of all satisfaction."

▼ And the owners, who occupy them, all feel that the architect deserves their enthusiastic praise for giving them 100% American Radiator warmth. This is the same experience that architects all over the country are having-evidence that efficient heating has much to do with the final satisfaction of every owner.



AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY AMERICAN RADIATOR & STANDARD SANITARY CORPORATION 40 West 40th Street, New York City

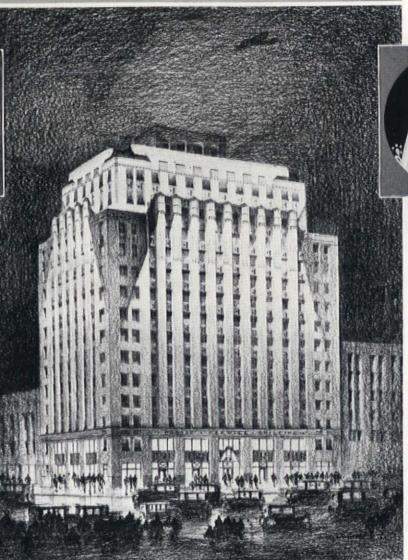
The Architectural Record, October, 1930

世

• Four unusual homes by Duncanbunter, New York, Architect 68



No. 601 In color, chosen for Central Illinois Public Service Co. building, Springfield, Ill. Architects...Law, Law & Potter, Madison, Wisconsin.



**Practical** Healthy, safe, practical drinking mound formed by distinctive twostream projector with automatic stream control. Positive sanitation always.

69

# or THIS NEW STRUCTURE

The architects selected Halsey Taylor Drinking Fountains for this Springfield (Illinois) building. The factors that govern their choice ... beauty of design, assurance of sanitation, freedom from servicing... are bound to appeal to the most discriminating architect, builder or owner! Play safe with "the specification for sanitation". ... The Halsey W. Taylor Company, Warren, Ohio.

## HALSEY TAYLOR Drinking Fountains



OLD a piece of Pennvernon Window Glass across the light, and then against the light to see that a great change has taken place in window glass making. A surprising new freedom from waves, streaks and bowed surfaces. A new brilliance of finish. No "right" or "wrong" side. Both surfaces alike.

And you will readily realize how much better windows Pennvernon will make — and how much easier work for the glazier.

The new process by which Pennvernon Window Glass is made is fully described and pictured in a new booklet that is yours for the asking. Simply write to the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., Grant Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pennvernon Window Glass is ready at all the warehouses of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company — located in every leading city.

PENDUERDOD flat drawn WINDOW GLASS





**E**VERY working part of a Jennings Suction Sewage Pump is within easy reach. The entire assembly...pump, motor and controls...is installed out on the floor away from the pit. Only the suction pipe is submerged.

Inspection and cleaning are done easily and quickly. There is never any need to go down into the pit. By simply unbolting and lifting off the pump head, the interior of the pump can be laid open and the impeller removed without breaking pipe connections or disturbing alignment.

Jennings Suction Sewage Pumps are furnished in a series of sizes to meet all of the usual requirements. Heads up to 75 ft. All sizes are fitted with efficient, non-clog impellers. No screens are required.

Write for Bulletins 113 and 124.

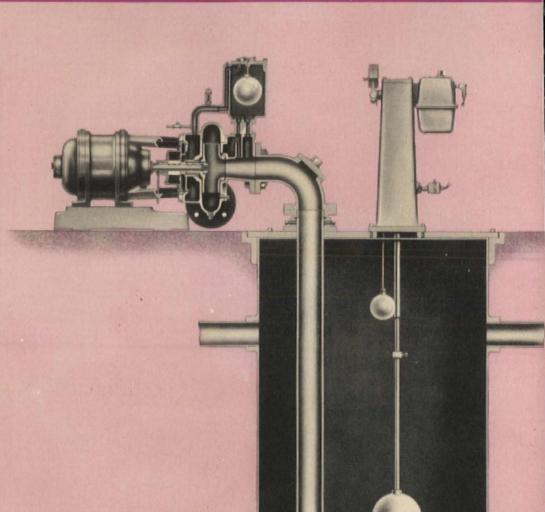
NASH ENGINEERING COMPANY 33 Wilson Road, South Norwalk, Conn.







# A Jennings is installed out of the pit Getting at this Sewage Pump is no MINER'S JOB!



### Note these 10 features of Jennings Designs

- 1 Motor is commercial, ball-bearing type selected for dependability, always available from stock.
- 2 The only two moving parts are mounted on a single heavy shaft requiring but one stuffing box, eliminating flexible coupling.
- 3 A rugged supporting bracket, integral with motor end shield, makes pump and driving motor a single compact assembly in perfect alignment.
- 4 The non-clog impeller is accurately balanced, liberally proportioned, readily reached.

- 5 There are only two bearings to lubricate.
- 6 Suction elbow is fitted with hand hole plate to permit cleaning suction pipe and impeller without dismantling pump.
- 7 Priming unit is a simple, sturdy Nash Hytor.
- 8 Iron catch basin has gas tight cover.
- 9 Controlling float switch is totally enclosed and oil immersed.
- 10 Ball float has adjustable stop.

Says England ...

# "Use this cream white cedar for cabinet work" **PORT ORFORD CEDAR** should be more largely used for cabinet work" declare Berner & Wilson, of London.



For this fine cabinet work, Roland Coate, Los Angeles architect, selected Port Orford Cedar. Kitchen of the Jacob Stern residence, Beverly Hills, California.



Spacious Port Orford Cedar linen closets of the M. A. Harris home, Atherton, Calif. Ward & Blohme, San Francisco, architects.

Smeaton & Hanscomb, also of London, highly recommend this wood.

Proof of its exceptional merits abounds in the many British buildings entirely finished in Port Orford Cedar: Victoria Infirmary, Royal Infirmary, Union Bank of Scotland, North British Mercantile In-surance Co., Ltd., Gleneagles Hotel, Perthshire, Scotland. It is often used for beams and paneling in the larger private homes. British ship builders use it in staterooms of first class passenger liners.

In America this fine wood is rapidly winning the respect of outstanding architects. Smooth, finely grained, it responds to enamels with a beautiful, enduring luster. Needs no unusual priming coat. Never blisters or crinkles.

Port Orford Cedar stains easily to true, even, warm stains since there is no inherent color in the wood to be overcome. This wood works easily. Is light and pliable; does not splinter or check and holds nails with unusual tenacity.

#### Sound as a dollar in soils, sea or acids

Port Orford Cedar is the favored wood for many outdoor uses because of its exceptional resistance to decay: entrances, porch columns, garden furniture. Of great strength, it is without superior for bulkheading, tunneling, decking, boat building. Acid proof, it is used in over 90% of the world's storage batteries.

Your local lumber dealer and millwork house has Port Orford Cedar lumber and plywood or can supply all standard grades and sizes promptly.

The coupon brings post haste complete information about this fine wood. Mail it today.

PORT ORFORD CEDAR PRODUCTS COMPANY MARSHFIELD, OREGON





DANT & RUSSELL, INC., Port Orford Cedar Sales Agents, Porter Building, Portland, Oregon. Cept. AR-1030 Please send me free your booklet "Port Orford Cedar-Its Properties and Uses;" also "Fine Interiors with Port Orford Cedar" by Wade Pipes, A.I.A.

Name

Address\_

# KINNEAR ROLLING DOORS

Graham, Anderson, Probst & White, Architects



### AT THE NEW CLEVELAND UNION TERMINAL

FOR over twenty-five years Kinnear Rolling Doors have been demonstrating their efficiency and eminently satisfactory performance in nearly all the great terminals of the country. It was but logical, therefore, that they should have been selected for the baggage room of the magnificent new Cleveland Union Terminal.

At the touch of an electric button they glide up and down —conserving valuable time and space—giving the utmost in door efficiency. When planning new, or the improvement of existing structures do not overlook their many advantages. Literature and estimates furnished without charge or obligation.

Detroit

Kansas City

#### THE KINNEAR MANUFACTURING CO. 401-451 Field Avenue, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

Boston New York Chicago Cir Philadelphia

Cincinnati ( phia Pittsbu

ti Cleveland Pittsburgh New Orleans Washington



# A MONUMENT TO MODERN METHODS

N Cincinnati, on a lot that originally sold for eight dollars, a fourteen million dollar structure is rearing its 47 stories upward toward the clouds.

Embodying every advance of architectural and engineering science, this magnificent building will stand as a monument to the modern progress of America.

Playing an important part in this progress enabling the successful development of plans —is American Steel & Wire Company Wire Fabric (the steel backbone of concrete).

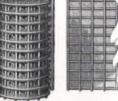
Recognized as the most efficient and economical means of concrete reinforcement, this product is in general use throughout the nation. An evidence of interest on your part will bring detailed information and literature.



The Carew Tower, Cincinnati, Ohio–Walter Ahlschlager, Architect, Chicago– Delano & Aldrich, Associate Architects, New York–Starrett Building Co., Contractors, Chicago–Lieberman & Hein, Consulting Engineers, Chicago



Wire Fabri: being laid on floors of Carew Tower



Triangle Mesh Wire Fabric Reinforcement. Furnished in rolls or sheets.

Electric Weld Wire Fabric Reinforcement, Furnished in rolls or sheets.

# AMERICAN STEEL & WIRE COMPANY

SUBSIDIARY UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION

208 S. La Salle Street, Chicago Other Sales Offices: Atlanta Baltimore Birmingham Denver Detroit Kansas City Memphis Milwaukee Pittsburgh Salt Lake City St. Louis

Pacific Coast Distributors: Columbia Steel Company, San Francisco Los Angeles Portland Seattle Honolulu



Boston Buffalo Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Minneapolis-St. Paul Oklahoma City Philadelphia Wilkes-Barre Worcester Export Distributors: United States Steel Products Co., 30 Church St., New York City

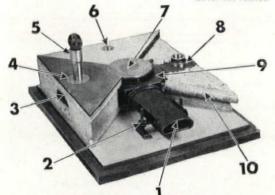
The Architectural Record, October, 1930

# G-E FIBERDUCT

# Available WHERE you need it and WHEN

Map Shows 128 G-E Distributors Cover the Nation

0



C

0

#### CUTAWAY MODEL—G-E FIBERDUCT AND FITTINGS

- 1. G-E Fiberduct.
- 2. Coupling support with leveling screws.
- Oval crown 1 in. below surface molds strong concrete arch.
- Brass floor flange flush with linoleum.
- 5. Lighting outlet, brass standpipe, bakelite head. 10
- 6. Brass insert; grouted can't pull out.
- Adjustable-height cover recessed for linoleum.
   Brass insert threads into
- duct. 9. Heavy, one-piece iron
- junction box with leveling screws.
  - 10. Conduit for feeder lines.

YOU can count on quick delivery of G-E Fiberduct the modern raceway for underfloor wiring—everywhere. No matter where you are building, a G-E Distributor is nearby with G-E Fiberduct in stock.

And it presents no construction problems to delay a job. It cuts with a wood saw ... joins easily with clamps ... adjusts for height readily with leveling screws. Wire pulls in with ease.

It puts unequalled *flexibility* into wiring. Locate outlets exactly where you want them. More can be added *any time*... quickly, economically.

G-E Fiberduct is absolutely non-corrodible . . . lasts the life of the building. Its fittings provide surface neatness at any level, with any floor covering.

For further information write Section C-1510, Merchandise Department, General Electric Co., Bridgeport, Conn.



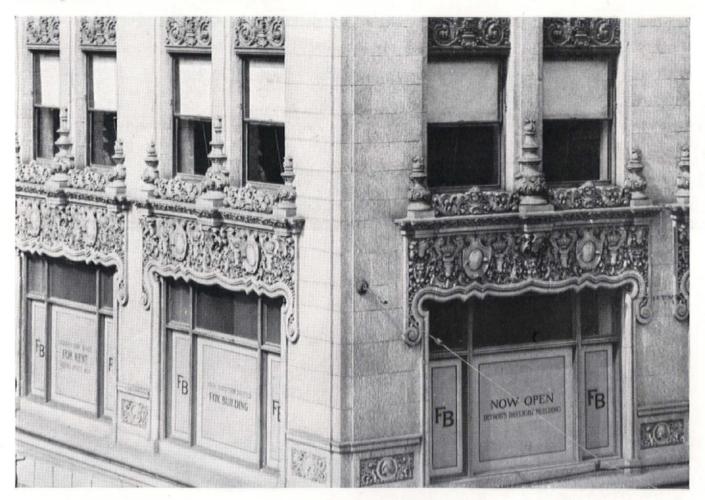
MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

### FEDERAL SEABOARD TERRA COTTA



FOX THEATRE BUILDING; DETROIT, MICH. C. Howard Crane . . . . Architect Aronberg-Fried Co. . General Contractors

THIS building is completely faced with Federal Seaboard terra cotta. Of unusual interest is the oak bark surface of the terra cotta ashlar. This is also a good example of the high quality of decorative modeling done by our staff.



FEDERAL SEABOARD TERRA COTTA CORPORATION

ARCHITECTURAL TERRA COTTA MANUFACTURERS



offices 10 EAST 40th STREET NEW YORK CITY Telephone ASHLand 1220

FACTORIES: PERTH AMBOY, N. J. • WOODBRIDGE. N. J. • SOUTH AMBOY, N. J.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930



Passionist Fathers Monastery, Detroit—Rev. Edmund Walsh, C. P. Architect and Engineer—Arthur Des Rosiers. General Contractors—Talbot & Meier. Plastering Contractor—De Cample Plastering Co. Ohio White Finish used for all interior plaster work. Private choir illustrated above.

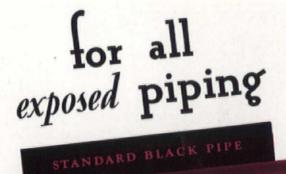
# The Tranquil Dignity of Cloistered Walls

Achievement of the spirit of peace, quiet, calm, in a religious edifice is, of course, principally a matter of design. Making that spirit a permanent, lasting thing is made possible by the use of worthy materials of construction. Ohio White Finish, for instance, has a permanent whiteness—takes decoration easily—is free from pits and pops — has definite sound deadening qualities. It is selected by many careful architects for their best work.

OHIO HYDRATE & SUPPLY CO. WOODVILLE · OHIO Charter Member of the Finishing Lime Association of Ohio Specify OHIO WHITE FINISH

See page B-1981 SWEETS

Our lime is marketed under four brand names—Ohio, Hawk Spread, Woodville, Buckeye. All are of equal quality—all are packed in Red Zig-Zag Bags



# SPANG

# SPANG

# GALVANIZED STEEL PIPE

Add Pure Copper to Steel—fabricate it into perfect pipe— retain all the virtues of good steel pipe—soft, ductile—easy to bend, to thread—to flange,—and you have Spang "Copper-Clude"—the genuine Copper-Steel Pipe.

For soil, vent or drain pipes—for every use where pipe is exposed to atmospheric corrosion or to alternate wet and dry conditions—use "Copper-Clude" pipe—it will add many years to the life of the installation.

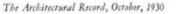
Look for the Maroon color-Solid on Black Pipe-in two

A feature of Spang "Copper-Clude" Pipe is its high uniform copper content—insuring the "Spang" Standard of Quality. wide stripes on Galvanized.

SPANG, CHALFANT & CO., INC.

General Offices: CLARK BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA. PITTSBURGH CHICAGO ST. LOUIS TULSA LOS ANGELES DALLAS BIRMINGHAM Welded Mills: ETNA, PA.—SHARPSBURG, PA. NEW YORK Seamless Mills: AMBRIDGE, PA. SPANG

PIPE



79

NURSES HOME ALLEGHENY GENERAL HOSPITAL PITTSBURGH, PA.

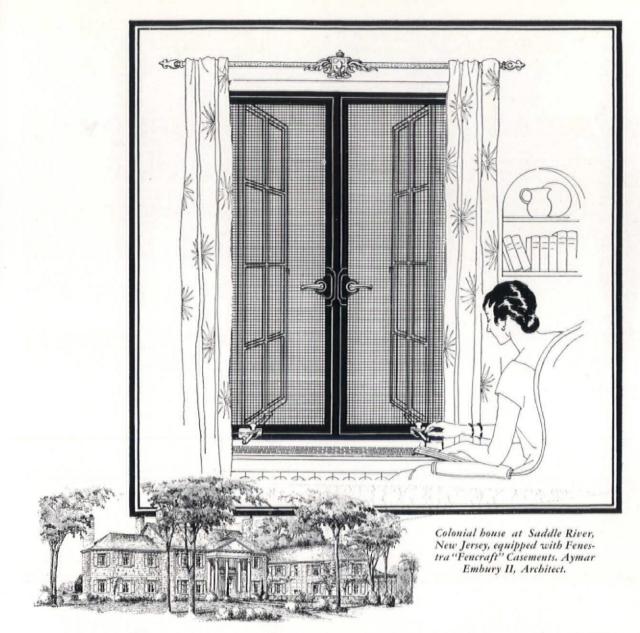
YORK & SAWYER, Architerts

Westinghouse Elevators fulfill an unexcelled quiet, smooth, elevator operation. The elimination of unnecessary noise is rapidly becoming a dominating factor in every type of building service.

> Westinghouse Elevators are the logical Highways of modern architecture

# Westinghouse Electric Elevator Company





# Architect AYMAR EMBURY II

### chooses Fenestra "Fencraft" Casements . . . Opened . . . Closed . . . Locked . . . without touching Inside Screens

In selecting Fenestra "Fencraft" Casements for this Colonial house, Mr. Embury considered their unique advantages to his client, including: *screen-free* operation; and the fact that fly tightness is permanently insured by the non-warping, metal-to-metal contact of the *flat screen frames* held firmly against the *flat casement frames*.

"Fencraft" Casements are of heavy solid steel sec-

tions, with hardware of solid bronze or nickel silver in a variety of distinctive finishes. Craftsmanship of the high type you would expect from America's oldest and largest steel window manufacturer. Ask for "Fencraft" catalog.

DETROIT STEEL PRODUCTS COMPANY 2285 East Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Michigan

Factories: Detroit, Mich., and Oakland, Calif. Convenient Warehouse Stocks





# This Snead Armor Grid Gangway

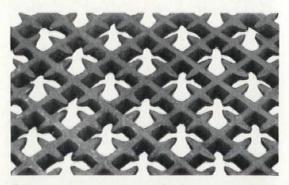


Above is pictured a section of the foundry gangway at a prominent Rhode Island plant. The gangway consists of approximately 5,500 sq. ft. of Snead No. 30 Heavy Duty Armor Grids and has been installed for about two years. A careful inspection recently made revealed the surface to be in really excellent condition despite the terribly heavy traffic to which it has been subjected. We make the prediction that this gangway will be as satisfying 20 years after installation as it is right now. is in excellent condition after two years of extremely severe service » »

But that is not at all unusual when you consider that in 18 years of trying usage no Snead Grid installation has ever worn out or required any maintenance work. There's a record of real efficiency as well as just plain bull-dog strength.

Snead Grids are made of an exceptionally fine grade of grey iron and are acid resistant. The pattern is symmetrical and affords perfect protection against crosswise and longitudinal traffic. The effective armor at the surface of each Snead Grid amounts to 41% of its total area. Many sharp edged lugs projecting into the square openings afford good traction and prevent slipping. As the grids are almost totally embedded in the floor concrete, traffic sounds are deadened. The rib sides are rough and bond perfectly with the floor material, eliminating the necessity for expansion bolts or other expensive anchoring devices.

Snead Grids are easy to install. Each grid comes to you complete and there is no expensive assembling operation to perform. Another economy is that Snead Grids displace about 21% of finish floor grout by volume, an important saving when figured over a large area. See Sweet's or write us direct.



Three sizes of grids are manufactured and answer practically all requirements. These are No. 10 for lighter traffic, No. 20 for heavy traffic and No. 30 for extremely heavy loads. No. 20 is here illustrated.

### SNEAD & COMPANY - Founded 1849 SELF-ANCHORING ARMOR GRIDS FOR CONCRETE AND ASPHALT FLOORS

92 Pine St., Jersey City, New Jersey



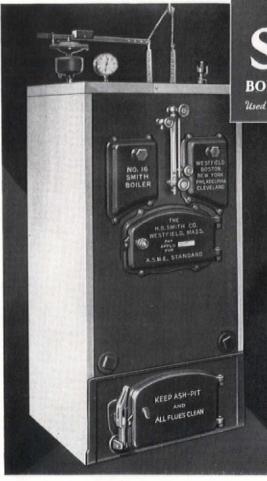
For larger homes there has really been no problem. H. B. Smith Boilers have proved outstandingly satisfactory under the special and severe conditions set up by the modern Oil Burner.

But for "medium-to-small" homes there has been a problem because no Smith sectional boiler of sufficiently small size was in existence.

To correct this situation the New Smith "16" was developed—a small, sectional boiler with all the efficiency features of the larger Smith sectionals.

# What Boiler

### for a Small Home



The H. B. Smith Boilers for steam, hot water and vapor heating; radiators; and hot water supply boilers; for every type and size of private home, office building, factory and public building.



### EFFICIENCY FEATURES OF THE NEW SMITH "16"

- ➤ Abundant Fuel Space
- Extra Large
  Combustion Space
- Fire Brick Lined
  Fire Pot
- Auxiliary Air Supply
- ← Fire Surface Galore

Especially Adapted for Gas & Oil

Air-Cell Insulation for Jacketed Boilers

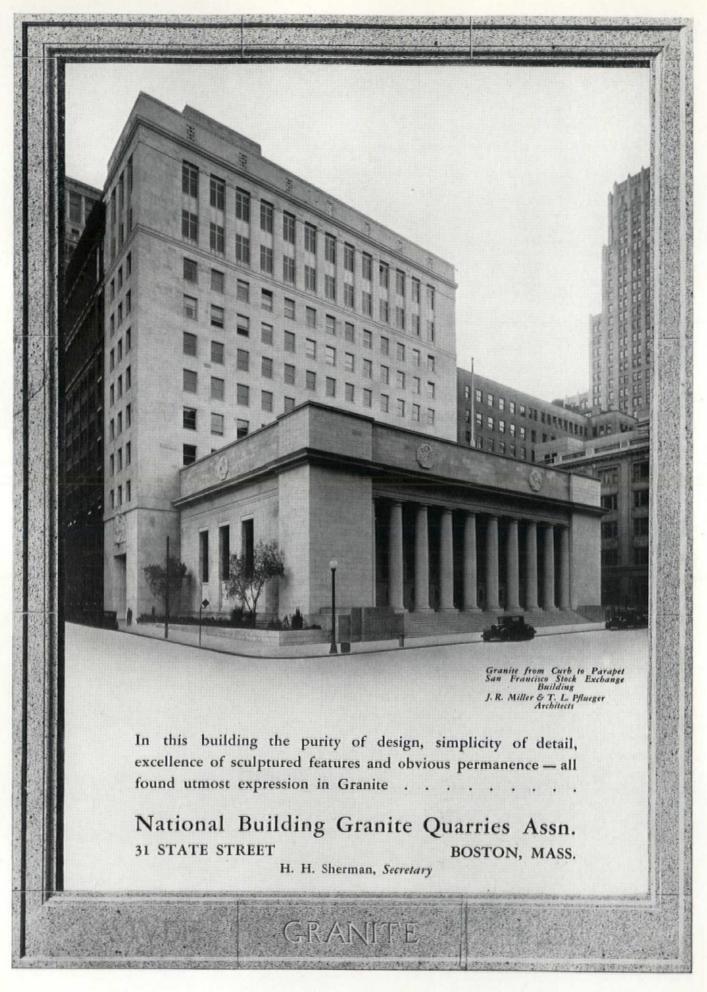
Where an Oil Burner Is Used?

Now your clients of modest means can enjoy the same heating comfort and the same economy of operation that formerly were provided only for wealthy clients with large homes.

For complete information write for a free copy of our booklet, "The Smith 16". Address: The H. B. Smith Co., Dept. E-54, Westfield, Mass.

SALES (	OFFICES	AND	WAREHO	USES:
NEW YORK 10 E. 41st St.	BC 640 Main S	STON St., Cambri		DELPHIA lestnut St.
CLEVEL OHI	AND O	•	WESTI MA	FIELD SS.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930



The Architectural Record, October, 1930

#### CONTRIBUTORS

- John Burnet: English architect and designer of the Royal Institute of Fine Arts, the British Museum extensions.
- Corbett, Harrison and MacMurray: architects of the Roerich Museum and Master Apartment Building, published in the December 1929 issue.
- Livesay and Wiedemann: architects and engineers practicing in Beaumont, Texas.
- Cornelius S. Loder: a hospital consultant with offices in New York.
- William Muschenheim: educated in Boston and has worked with Korn in Berlin, Peter Bebrens in Vienna and Joseph Urban in New York.
- Swasey and Hayne: Los Angeles architects specializing in banks.
- Walker and Gillette: New York architects specializing in banks, office buildings and country bouses.
- Weary and Alford: designers of banks and office buildings with offices in Chicago.
- Henry Wright: city planner and a frequent contributor to THE ARCHI-TECTURAL RECORD.

### IN THIS ISSUE

#### CALENDAR OF EVENTS GENERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

October	The Department of Architecture of the University of New York will begin a series of lectures on "Promoting and Financing Building Projects."
October	International Hygienic Exhibition at Dresden, Germany. Buildings include a model hospital and a model housing project.
October- Nov. 15	"Man and Machines," an exhibit representing western industrial civilization, at Museums of the Peaceful Arts, 220 East 42nd Street, New York City.
Oct. 6	Exposition and demonstration of road construc- tion equipment and materials, under auspices of American Road Builders' Association, Washington Auditorium, 19th Street and New York Avenue Northwest and demonstration field, Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway, Washington, D. C.
Oct. 7-10	Annual convention of the Illuminating Engineer- ing Society. Hotel John Marshall, Richmond, Va.
Oct. 8-12	Sixth National Conference of Church Architec- ture, Cleveland, Ohio.
Oct. 30	Competition for designing bathrooms, sponsored by Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Co. Professional advisor, Howard K. Jones, firm of Alden, Harlow and Jones, 2103 Farmers Bank Bldg., Pittsburg.
Nov. 18-29	Art Exhibition, Royal Institute of British Archi-
Dec. 1	tects, London (9, Conduit Street). Competition for "esthetic improvement" in design of water tanks, sponsored by Chicago Bridge and Iron Works. Albert M. Saxe, 430 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, archi- tectural advisor.
Dec. 1-6	Ninth National Exposition of Power and Mechanical Engineering, Grand Central Palace, New York City.
April 18-25	Fourth Biennial Architectural and Allied Arts Exposition, Grand Central Palace, New York.

#### HOW THE ARCHITECT MAY CULTIVATE BUSINESS

Meritorious service is the essential means of increasing practice. Knowledge of community needs and economic requirements and an established reputation based on satisfactory completed buildings bring clients to the architect. At the same time there are methods by which the architect can bring himself to the notice of prospective clients. These are outlined in this issue and illustrated by actual cases.

#### PORTFOLIO OF BANKS

Banks have been selected for their suitability to the chain bank system. Branch banks illustrated show similarities in exterior treatment but with differences in plan.

#### TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH: GLASS

This study illustates the varied characteristics and physical properties of glass in its application to buildings and how glass may be used to best advantage on various types of construction. New glasses on the market, including ultra-violet ray glass, are discussed. Standards for judging relative merits of various glasses are set up.

#### BUILDING TRENDS AND OUTLOOK-NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

This article by L. Seth Schnitman, statistician, continues the survey of building prospects for residential construction, presented in the September issue. In November Mr. Schnitman will discuss economic conditions within the engineering branch of the construction industry in relation to residential and non-residential building. Charts of material price trends are included.



GREENWICH, CONN. . COGGINS AND HEDLINGER, ARCHITECTS

# November issue— THE COUNTRY HOUSE

New trends in country house work are surveyed in an article by Howard T. Fisher, who has been devoting his time to an investigation of requirements for this type of building. His study takes up such problems as heating and air conditioning, and the advantages and disadvantages of various heating systems and fuels; roof terraces and gardens, and methods of waterproofing, surfacing, and insulation; window sizes, and the proper orientation of rooms for sunlight and summer breezes. A check list of requirements is included.

This issue will consist largely of photographs of country houses together with working drawings, plans and brief descriptions. Selections have been made of houses which illustrate the most recent developments in all styles of domestic architecture as well as in all sections of the country. Many new features in design, planning and construction are shown.



RYE, N. Y. JULIUS GREGORY, ARCHITECT



SANTA PAULA CANYON, CALIF. WALLACE NEFF, ARCHITECT

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

### The Strongest Building Paper Made Splits: Tears and Drags Away From the Nails Under Building Strains—Shrinkage and Settling—unless it is resilient

This between wall destruction of ordinary non-resilient building paper leaves wide holes for the penetration of moisture, dirt, wind and vermin and proves that such papers do not protect regardless of their strength.

Illustrated below is a typical example of what happens between walls to even the strongest non-stretchable building papers when subject to building strains. The Building Paper was a well-known brand—reinforced.

The perfect building paper must be Resilient-Waterproof-Moistureproof and Strong.

Resilient: to stretch and contract under building strains without breaking— Waterproof: to prevent water from passing through—Moistureproof: to prevent moisture from penetrating even its outer surfaces—Strong: to be handled and laid without tearing or scuffing.

ANGIER BROWNSKIN IS A PATENTED PRODUCT, U. S. PATENT No. 1595637—THE FIRST BUILDING PAPER THAT MEETS ALL THESE ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS

It is resilient—will stretch as much as 11% in all directions to conform to building distortions without breaking or dragging. It is absolutely waterproof. Even its outer surfaces are impregnated to protect its fibrous texture from the PENETRATION OF MOISTURE. It is strong, flexible and does not tear easily in handling.

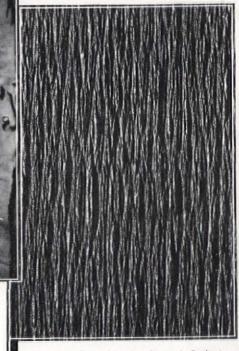
Thousands of Architects and Builders have learned that only a resilient, stretchable Building Paper "really protects", and now solve all their building paper problems with Brownskin.

Brownskin is put up in rolls of 500 to 1,000 square feet in 36, 48, and 60 inch widths.

Your samples of Brownskin and further information on this remarkable Building Paper are Ready. Write for them NOW.



At left: Proving that non-stretchable building paper, scuff, tear, split and break at the nails under building strains and shrinkage. The house being torn down was quite modern. The building paper a well, known brand.



Illustrating Brownskin the Patented Resilient, Stretchable Building Paper that conforms to All building distortions without breaking.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

angier

Building

Resilient

Let's

UNCOVER

about

Building

Papers

the Truth

STEEL SHEETS for EVERY PURPOSE

AMERICAN

### BLUE ANNEALED-BLACK GALVANIZED AND SPECIAL SHEETS

Specify AMERICAN Products -correctly manufactured in every detail, mechanically and metallurgically. This Company is the leading manufacturer of high grade Black and Galvanized Sheets, and Tin and Terne Plates for all known uses; also genuine KEYSTONE Rustresisting Copper Steel Products. Sold by leading metal merchants.



PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARY MANUFACTURING COMPANIES

AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY AMERICAN SHEET AND TIN PLATE COMPANY AMERICAN SHEET AND WIRE COMPANY AMERICAN STEEL AND WIRE COMPANY Pacific Coast Distributors - Columbia Steel Company, San Francisco, CARNEGIE STEEL COMPANY Columbia Steel Company Cyclone Fence Company

FEDERAL SHIPB'LDG. & DRY DOCK CO. ILLINOIS STEEL COMPANY NATIONAL TURE COMPANY Export Distributors – United States Steel Products Company, New York City.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

QUALITY PRODUCTS

Dependable Service

# JERRY'S

# COMPLETE FINISHING

# SPECIFICATIONS

# BOUND IN SWEET'S CATALOG

COMPLETE architectural specifications—18 pages of them—written by an A. I. A. member—are bound in Sweet's Architectural Catalog by Berry Brothers, manufacturers of long-lasting Berrycraft Finishes.

This places authoritative information—backed by more than 72 years of experience—at the immediate call of the profession. Specification writers can turn to this section with absolute confidence and find the solution for any finishing problem.

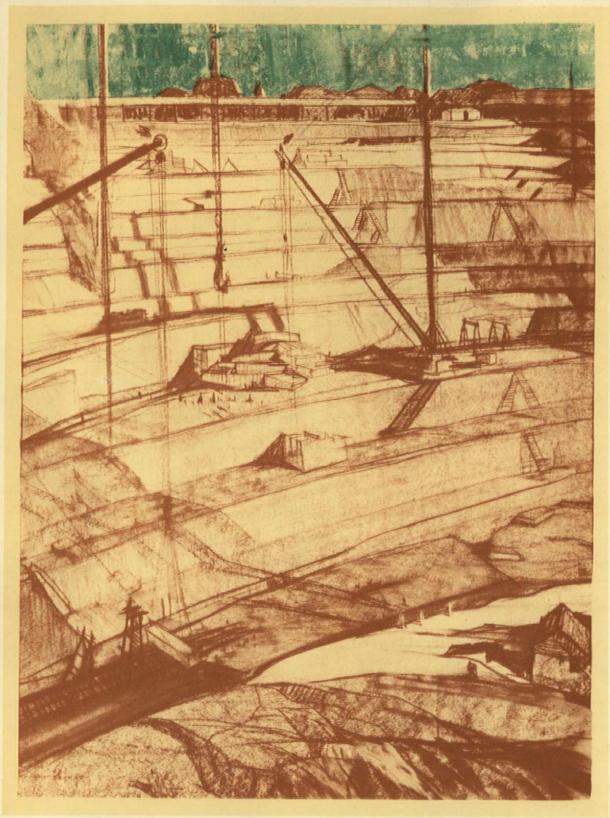
Including color chips and an adaptability chart—this valuable work gives you the information you need at a glance. Use it frequently—it is the key to uniformly excellent finishing results.

# BERRY BROTHERS INC.

VARNISHES , ENAMELS , LACQUERS , PAINTS

DETROIT, MICI	H. ,	W A	ALKEI	RVILL	E, ONT.	
---------------	------	-----	-------	-------	---------	--

	FACTORY BRANCHES					
Brooklyn		Cincinnati		Philadelphia		St. Louis
	Chicago	Boston		San Francisco		
-						

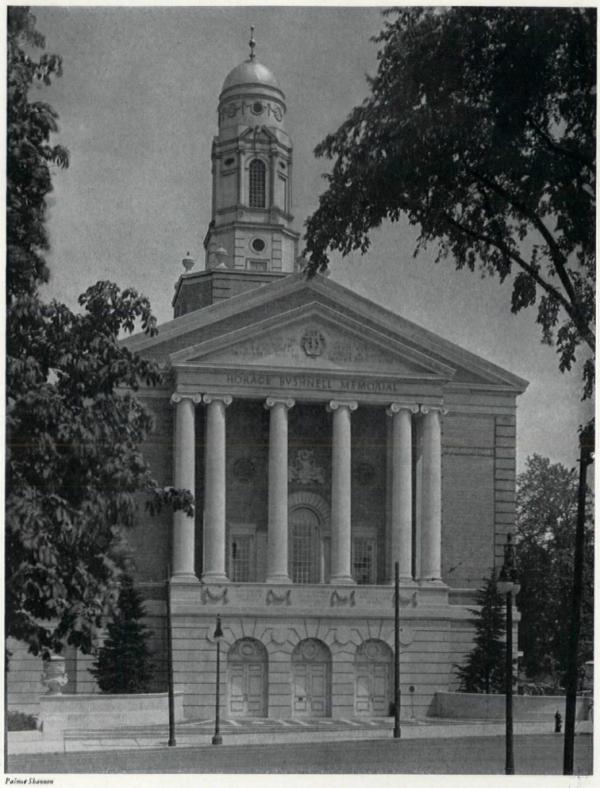


#### A QUARRY VIEW

This is number one of a series of twelve Drawings made at the Fletcher Quarries by Ernest Born.

# G R A N I T E H·E·FLETCHERCO. WESTCHELMSFORD MASS.





BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MACMURRAY, ARCHITECTS

# THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE OF ARCHITECTURE & THE ALLIED ARTS & CRAFTS

### 

VOLUME 68

OCTOBER + 1930

NUMBER 4

### THE BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN.

### CORBETT, HARRISON AND MACMURRAY, ARCHITECTS

The building is a memorial to Horace Bushnell, a leader in civic affairs and one of the main figures in the life of Hartford during the middle of the nineteenth century.

Fronting the building is a large park which Bushnell, by his political and personal efforts, obtained for Hartford, and which has been named for him. In it stands the State Capitol.

#### PURPOSE

The auditorium, with a seating capacity of 3500, was planned to give a place of assemblage large enough to accommodate the occasional visits of the New York Metropolitan Opera Company, the Philharmonic or the Philadelphia Orchestra.

### COST

The building cost \$.65 a cubic foot.

#### EXTERIOR

The local architecture of New England was selected, which it was thought by the architects would conform with other buildings in Hartford and also with the clients' desire to have the style symbolize the life of their father and grandfather.

Brick and buff Indiana limestone are used for the exterior. The roof is copper.

The tower is used for the specific purpose of holding the fire water tank which had to be 20 feet above the highest point of the stage.

#### INTERIOR

The vast size of the auditorium made impossible the same scale and type of architecture as the exterior design. An entirely different style treatment but in keeping with the classical precedents was attempted. The difficulties of the problem can be realized by comparing the space enclosed by the auditorium with the largest room developed by the Colonial builders. Even the memorial room on the second floor of this building, which is comparatively small, is larger than any room built in this country during the Colonial period.

The auditorium provides the necessary mechanical equipment and acoustical effects. Perforated panels give sound absorption.

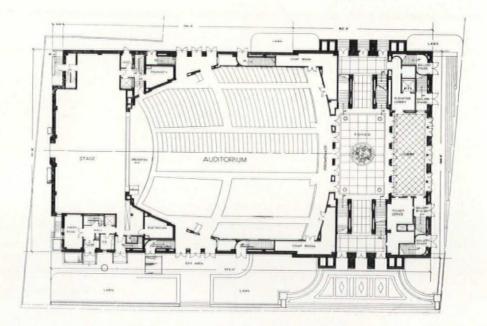
#### COLOR SCHEME

In the auditorium the lighting is designed so that it can be changed to any color in the spectrum. The walls were therefore kept a neutral French gray and the ceiling painting was done in black, white, gray and gold. The seats and hangings are magenta red, selected by experiments under special lighting conditions.

The memorial room is in natural color with the ceiling slightly tinted.



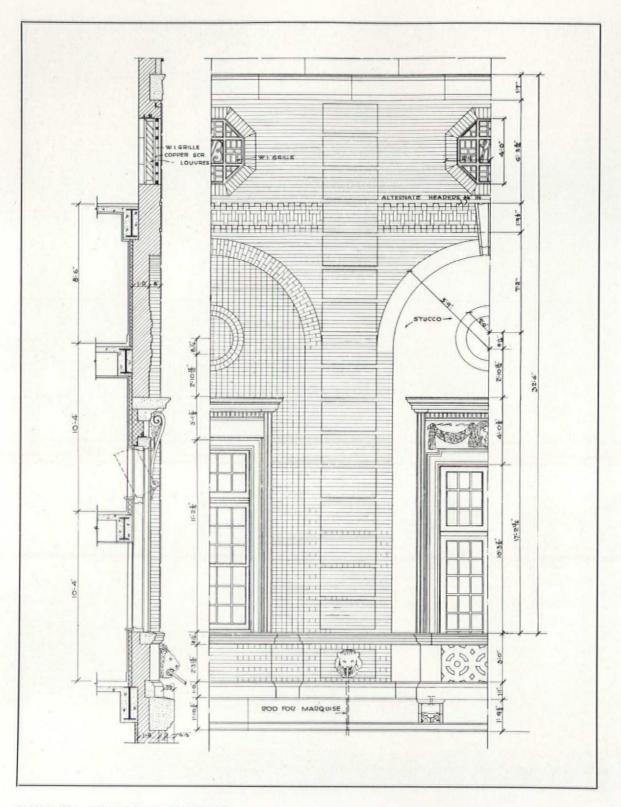
BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MACMURRAY, ARCHITECTS



GROUND PLAN



Palmer Shannon BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MAC MURRAY, ARCHITECTS

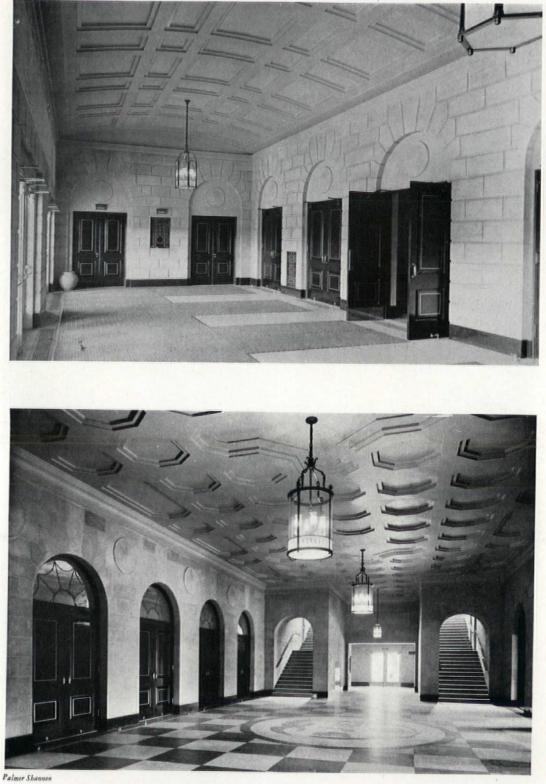


BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MACMURRAY, ARCHITECTS



Palmer Shannon

BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MACMURRAY, ARCHITECTS



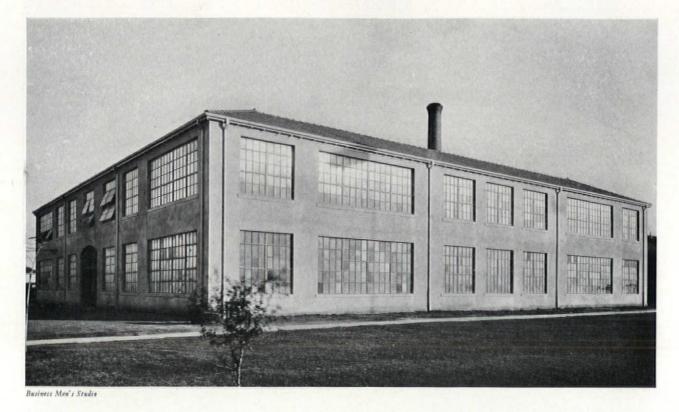
BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MAC MURRAY, ARCHITECTS

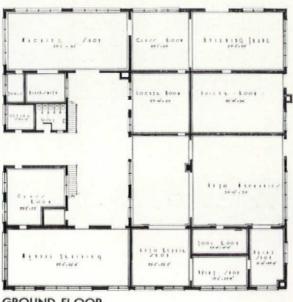


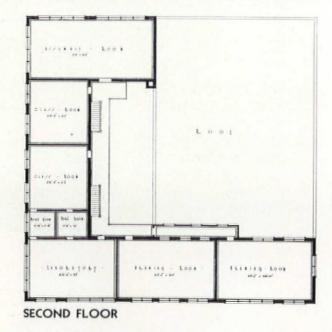
Palmer Sharmon BUSHNELL MEMORIAL BUILDING HARTFORD, CONN. CORBETT, HARRISON AND MAC MURRAY, ARCHITECTS

# THE SOUTH PARK TRADE SCHOOL BEAUMONT, TEXAS

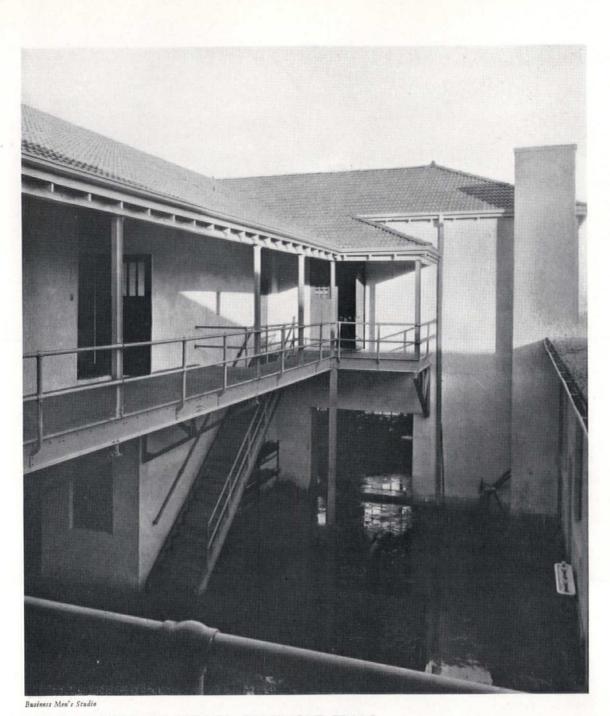
LIVESAY AND WIEDEMANN, ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS







GROUND FLOOR



SOUTH PARK TRADE SCHOOL, BEAUMONT, TEXAS LIVESAY AND WIEDEMANN, ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS

The school provides facilities for 400 trade students including sixth and seventh grade pupils of a neighboring school who are taking prevocational shopwork. The building has no basement. Shop facilities are on first floor, academic and drafting rooms and laboratories are on the second floor. The large expanse of factory window sash gives exceptionally fine light and ventilation.

A wide entrance gives access to courtyard, stairs and shop, and through it automobiles and delivery trucks can go to the repair and auto mechanics shop. Each main shop has accessories rooms for tools and materials. An assembly room on the second floor, 25' x 32', is sufficient for ordinary assembly purposes. Cost of building was \$86,659, or 16c a cubic foot.

# CAN THE ARCHITECT PROMOTE MORE BUSINESS?

With each recurrent dip in the economic curve, the architect is reminded of the rather slender footing upon which rests the foundation of his service outlet. A well-maintained office of today requires a more or less constant volume of work merely to meet the overhead. When the second city of the land recently touched the "low" of \$500,000 in total building permits for one of the spring months, we could picture only inadequately the situation in a dozen large architectural offices whose combined overhead must exceed considerably the utmost commissions to be squeezed from such a paltry market. The attention of the profession may well turn from that mass of gratuitous advice of how the architect is to capture for his individual practice the cream of the current business to the question of how to get any business at all. He realizes afresh that his services are dependent largely upon projects promoted by others. Not only does he find himself at a loss to understand or influence the clogged wheels of progress, but in the reduced building market his services are likely to be curtailed as one of the unessential frills which must be dispensed with under the pressure of economic conditions.

Is architecture a luxury or a necessity? If it is unfortunately, and at times unreasonably, classed as the former, to what extent is the architect to blame and what can he do about it? Is he either practically or temperamentally fitted to engage in business promotion? Such promotion, if undertaken, is two-fold: first, in promoting a greater appreciation of his services in a larger part of building work actually carried forward; second, in helping to promote a larger volume of building particularly in slack times such as the present. Both purposes however, are strikingly linked together in actual practice. In order to promote a greater appreciation of architectural service many suggestions have been offered.

It is ethically more appropriate and perhaps more effective for architects to proceed as a group or local chapter rather than as individuals, although it will be frankly admitted that the ripening fruits of such promotion are to be gathered individually by social contact with those who represent the credit necessary to float new projects. This popular cause has been neatly paraphrased in the slogan, "Make the Public more Architect-Minded"! The second and more important phase of promotion is the increase of volume of new building. Should architects individually or en masse directly undertake to engage in stimulating new construction?

Unquestionably a large amount of promotional work has been done during the recent years of plenty. An examination of the results, however, will reveal that a considerable percentage of this promotion has taken place with little regard for either the actual needs of the various classes of buildings projected or the requirements of the regions to be served. Promotion highly actuated by the need of credit outlets for capital has left in its wake a trail of overbuilding—office and loft buildings here, "high class" apartments there, factories elsewhere.

If the architect had greater opportunity to promote, could he do any worse? Could he even do better? What are his inherent opportunities as an architect?

If we are to "Make the Public More Architect-Minded," it may be in order to suggest that we "Make the Architect More Public-Minded". In serving clients as individuals the architect has come to regard his practice, and with it the welfare of the public, as an essentially individualistic procedure. However, looking back to precedents of great architectural accomplishments (to which we have perhaps too long looked back for stylistic inspiration), do

we find these accomplished by individual initiative? Some perhaps, but for the most part they represent community action. Even where the will to create has been centered in the monarch or despot the building has been accomplished through mass belief that it was of value to more than the immediate generation.

Is the appeal to the individual home interest, on which so large a part of our recent promotional effort has been centered, the only "prime mover" on which modern progress can depend? Acquire a home and then realize the deficiencies if your environment has been the unfortunate experience of countless thousands during the past generation. Here is a single problem about which more muddled agitation has been taking place than perhaps any other. Not only is it large enough to occupy a considerable part of the thought of the profession, but it represents by far the largest block of normal building construction and probably the smallest percentage of architectural participation. Some advance may be shown by statistics over the past ten-year period, but does it yet represent more than a fraction of its possible importance to the architect or his possible contribution to the community?

In the recent announcement of a Washington conference on home building there is an indication of some appreciation of the importance of city planning and contingent factors, yet the emphasis has been centered largely on better financing. No one will deny the importance of credit in stimulating home building, but if credit is merely to add more rows of flimsy, monotonous houses to those unfortunate border communities, which remain to us from the great land booms of 1922-26, we could almost wish that such credit might be suppressed. Only one worse fate could be imagined, that new home-owning agitation may again be used as a cloak to open up more miles of unused vacant lots or sparsely populated wastes of cement sidewalks and rusting utility pipes of which we have acquired enough to satisfy even the most

ardent expansionist. Here is a study in regional needs as well as in the changing habits and requirements of the normal family which might well occupy the enforced leisure of local groups in the profession and which, if intelligently directed, might bring forth concrete suggestions, which could be put into operation as a result of the projected conference.

There remains a third factor to the present dilemma. To what extent is standardization and the constantly increasing size of individual projects reducing the quantity of architectural service in relation to the volume of building? If, as it is claimed, one single building now under construction in New York City will furnish the total amount of new office space needed to meet one year's normal business growth, is this trend favorable to professional prosperity? Granted the inspiration and satisfaction in the fact of doing well a gigantic structure, does not this great pile, even with its lobby and significant bronzes, represent more uniformity than a dozen equally simple and effectively designed structures representing a corresponding total expenditure? This is suggested only as an abstract speculation, which, however, might lead the Institute through an active committee to discover over a period of years some of the economic principles which should underly the disposition of commercial structures in relation to eventual civic economics. We may safely take the chance that these will vary from the current deduction of minimum skyscraper sizes based upon the immediate relation of rentals to existing land prices in large cities. However, we may inquire to what extent the architect heedlessly falls into the general movement toward bigger and therefore "better" buildings. I have in mind a certain commission for the building of a large private school in which working plans were under way for a single main building containing a multitude of halls and stairways, when one of the designers suddenly had a "hunch" that a series of smaller units would be more economical and practicable. The result was a far more satisfactory and interesting project fitted with much painstaking care into a difficult though effective site. The architects were required to perform a greatly increased amount of service in relation to the total expenditure, although the latter was probably less in actual dollars and certainly much less in relation to usage value in the conduct of the school than would have been the case if the building had been completed under the more stereotyped design. Although such services might not prove normally advantageous under minimum ethical charges, I leave to the reader the question to what extent the architect may profit over a period of years by contributing more generously not only to that side of planning which can be expressed in terms of design and specification, but also to that equally important field related to the basic needs of humanity in which he will scarcely duplicate the efforts of those engaged in the more usual channels of promotion.

HENRY WRIGHT

## HOW ARCHITECTS MAY CULTIVATE BUSINESS

#### VALUE OF ARCHITECT MEASURED BY SERVICE

The cultivation of business for the architect resolves itself into a scientific study of what the architect can do. In many instances the failure of architects to attract new business is due to a lack of organization or insufficient consideration of the variety of services which an architect could and should render. Investigation will indicate that architects who are achieving an increase in business are the aggressive individuals who seek out their commissions. They investigate and develop new enterprises with all the energy and accuracy that modern business practice makes possible. They establish confidence by the success of their completed buildings-1 success that is more often practical than esthetic. In the development of their projects they assure themselves and their clients that the venture is financially justified. They take a cue from the business man and the manufacturer and realize the value of exhaustive preliminary research study of the client's problems in the light of facts scientifically gathered.

#### MEASURING THE NEED FOR ARCHITECTURE

In order to render a wider and more general service the architect must thoroughly understand his locality, whether large or small and also the potential demand or necessity for new buildings and building enlargement.

#### STUDY OF COMMUNITY

Determine the potentialities for constructive improvement and consequently for commissions. Of even more importance, assume a leadership in shaping the community growth by informed acquaintance with all the factors that make for better city growth and improved planning and design of buildings.

It is imperative that the architect should undergo a period of educational preparation under the following items:

1. Study the existing plan of his community. He should acquaint himself with the latest practice in town planning abroad and in America. He should undertake the preparation of a scheme of town development.

2. Study present and past building progress in the locality and elsewhere so as to anticipate need for stores, offices, schools, churches, garages, civic improvements. He will find that a growing section gives promise of increasing building needs, while a section that is decreasing in population is ordinarily oversupplied and requires few improvements. 3. Survey housing requirements in order to determine housing needs or excess.

4. Study population movements.

5. Survey labor and building materials costs.

6. Acquaint himself with transportation facil-

ities and needs in relation to city growth. The traffic problem, allied to transportation, is one of the most serious and important of problems confronting city governments; and there is no group of persons more concerned in the need for traffic improvement and its relation to building than architects.

7. Study and endorse improved planning of houses and other buildings for greater convenience and improved health.

8. Study and endorse newer construction methods and new materials if better.

# SERVICES WHICH AN ARCHITECT SHOULD RENDER

1. Assume a leadership in civic affairs.

2. Sponsor zoning that will contribute to a systematic and balanced growth of the city.

3. Serve as advisory architect to community, to industry, banks, corporations and individuals.

4. Master requirements of all city, county and state ordinances as they apply to building, health and fire protection.

5. Prepare financial "set-ups" for clients to ensure security of building investment.

6. Prepare plans and specifications.7. Make exhaustive investigation of the

use of a site or development of plans to ascertain all possibilities for the utmost success of undertaking.

8. Supervise construction.

#### PROMOTION

Here are some of the methods in common use by architects in getting business:

I. Influential social connections, political friendships, financial interest (owning stock in corporation concerned in building).

2. Firm prestige, successful outstanding buildings.

3. Direct solicitation.

4. Follow-up of former clients. The successful accomplishment of buildings for clients may prepare the way for new projects, additions, or recommendation to other clients.

5. Leads from real estate brokers.

6. Specialization. Building up a reputation on a type of building such as schools, churches, residences, hotels, loft buildings. The leadership of such an architect will be based on experience, lower cost due to quantity of construction and shortcuts acquired by experience. It is easier to solicit and gain commissions on the basis of work done. Specialization makes for greater efficiency in layout.

There are disadvantages in specialization, such as fluctuation in demand for buildings of one type, resulting in costly lulls. Office force trained in one specialty will show less competency in a new field.

7. Use of construction reports. The announcements of new projects are sometimes made before an architect is selected and may by direct solicitation lead to commissions.

8. Personal promotion of projects in cooperation with others. Apartment houses, office buildings, residential subdivisions are sometimes developed and partly financed by architects.

9. Advertising services of architects in a locality. The primary purpose of cooperative advertising is to promote education of the public as to the value of the architects' services.

10. *Competitions*. The winning of competitions may mean recognition of ability and other jobs.

11. Remodeling of abandoned or rundown properties, with modernization of utilities and improvement of plans and exteriors.

12. Group practice. The unified efforts of architects have frequently been successful in acquiring school and public improvement projects. Architects have come to realize that the prosperity of the individual depends in a large measure on the prosperity and energy of the group.

13. Restudy of abandoned schemes with a

better solution or a more economical system of construction or finance.

14. Sponsoring new buildings in a community where investigation discovered the need for such buildings. The success of a

# CASES:

#### HOW ARCHITECTS DEVELOP BUSINESS

#### BUSINESS ANALYSIS

EXAMPLE: Shreve, Lamb and Harmon, architects.

Success, according to this architectural firm, means proven ability not only to design and build but also to conceive and execute the entire project in a *profitable* manner.

Preliminary designs by this architectural firm are done on the typewriter as well as on the drafting board. The client's problems are ascertained and analyzed: value of property, preferences for certain types of office space in particular localities, probable rental value of floor space as determined by the owner or his rental agent, set-back requirements and similar factors are considered. Given the cost of the plot and the rental demanded, the architects analyze the ratio of floor space to plot area required to return the desired income, making due allowances for financing, initial vacancies, maintenance, et cetera.

The extent of this procedure is illustrated by Mr. Shreve's answers to questions asked by newspaper reporters as to what materials would be used for the exterior and where the entrance would be in the new Empire State building. In each instance Mr. Shreve replied that he did not know and bringing out a typewritten sheet with a column of figures, and remarked, "This is the design for the building."

This procedure of designing an incomeproducing building for office space, according to Mr. Shreve, has not always been the point of view of the architect. A sound analytical approach to any architectural problem is more important than specializatype of building in a neighboring community has sometimes suggested the desirability of a similar building in the architect's locality.

A. LAWRENCE KOCHER

tion in any one type of architectural work, he believes. The technique applied to analyzing an office building can also be used in designing a school building, a library or a bank.

#### ALTERATIONS OR NEW BUILDING?

EXAMPLE: Robert D. Kohn, architect.

It is essential for the architect, according to Mr. Kohn, to be able to reduce the cost of a new building to terms of yearly carrying or rental charges.

In the case of Macy's Department Store, the owners wanted a recently acquired building remodeled and connected with their existing store. Mr. Kohn made sketches and estimated the cost of doing this work. At the same time he prepared sketches and cost estimates for a new building. Both estimates were reduced to an annual carrying charge or rental basis and showed the owners that it would be possible for them to have a new building which would eliminate objectionable features, such as exposed sprinkler systems and differences in floor levels between the two buildings, for an additional yearly carrying charge of 60 cents a square foot. With the proposition submitted in this form the owners decided to construct the new building.

Mr. Kohn emphasizes the necessity of architects being able to estimate correctly the cost of a job so that the client will not be annoyed in meeting a final bill much higher than anticipated. A fairly accurate cost estimate can be prepared in cooperation with contractors and an allowance added for contingencies.

R. L. DAVISON

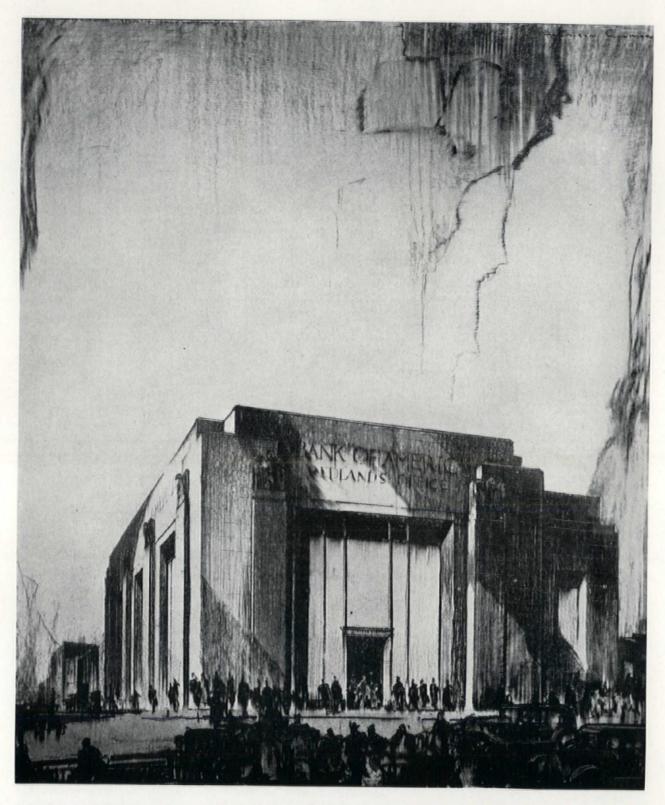
## PORTFOLIO OF BANKS



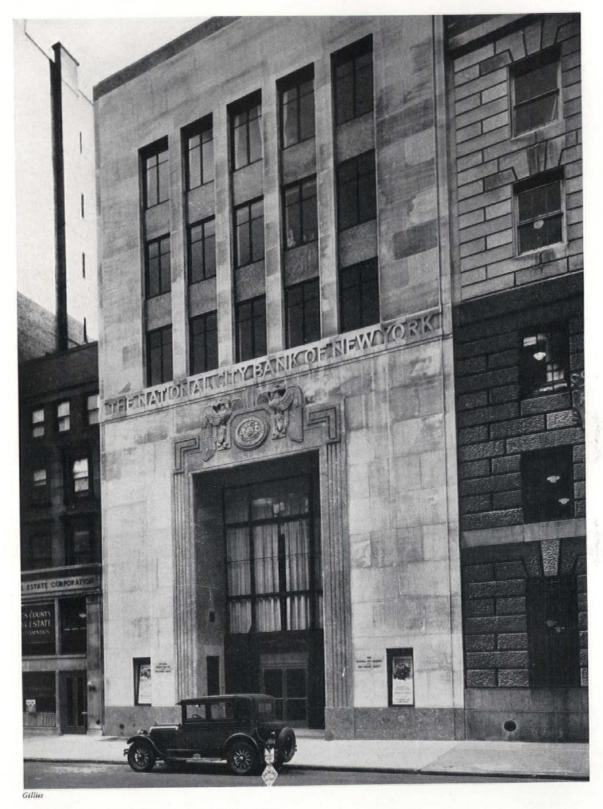
BANK OF AMERICA BAKERSFIELD, CALIF. SWASEY AND HAYNE, ARCHITECTS

## **BRANCH BANKS**

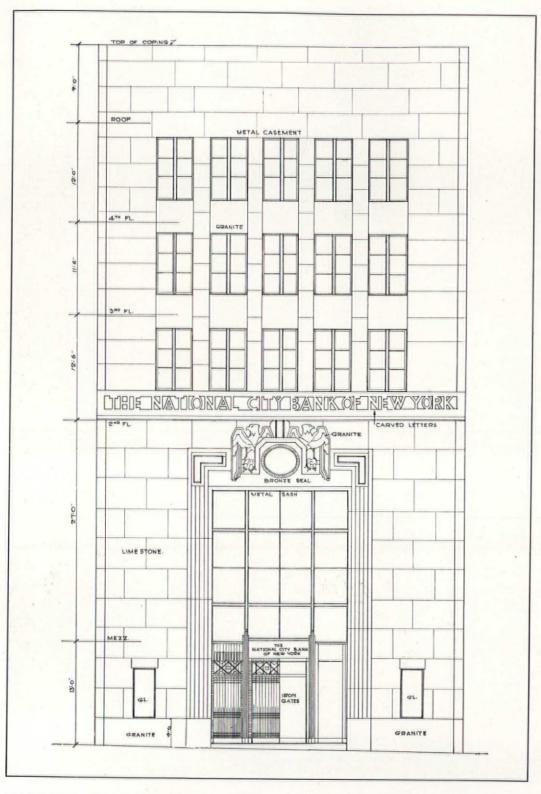
Examples of banks in this PORTFOLIO have been chosen for their suitability to the chain bank system. Similarities in treatment of exteriors, whether in this country or in Panama or South America, are readily apparent. Plans, however, differ for the different requirements of the branch banks.



BANK OF AMERICA REDLANDS, CALIF. SWASEY AND HAYNE, ARCHITECTS



NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK BROOKLYN, N. Y. WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK BROOKLYN, N. Y. WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS

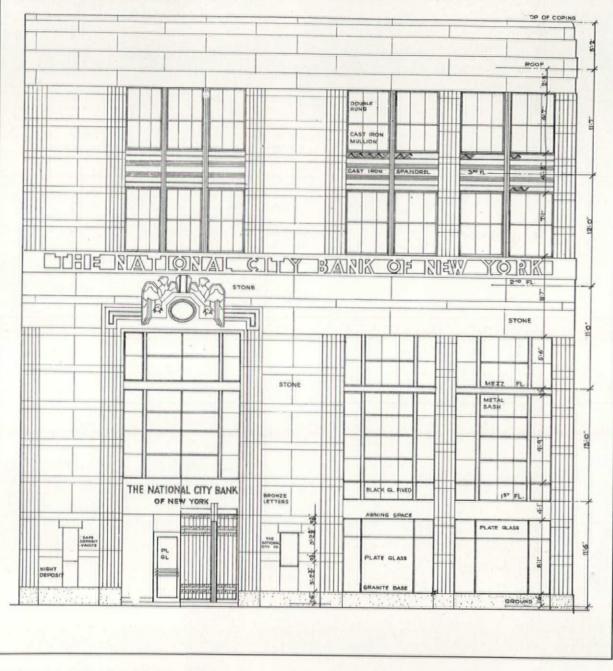


Gillies

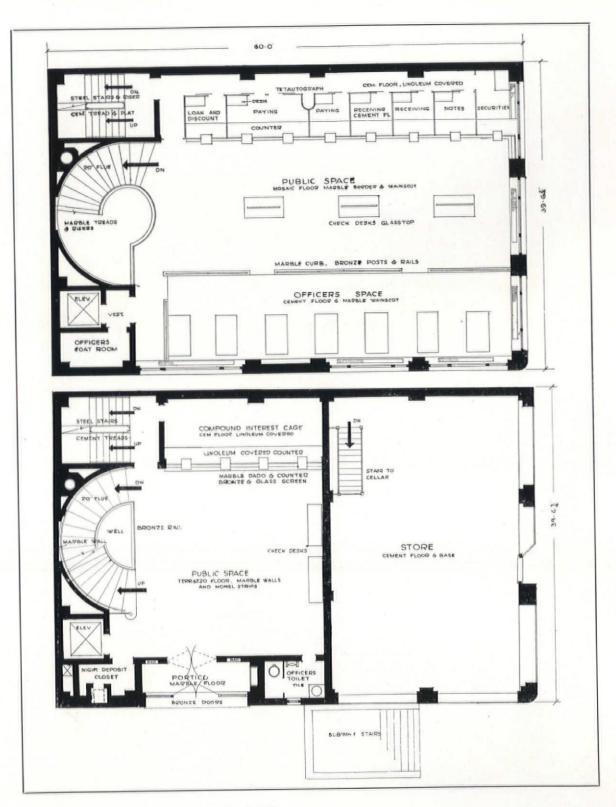
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK BROOKLYN, N. Y. WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS

## ELEVATION DRAWING 34TH STREET FACADE

Bank occupies upper floors and only part of ground floor, the remainder of this space yielding additional rental from shops on 7th Avenue.



NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK 34TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE, NEW YORK WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK 34TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE, NEW YORK WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



Gillies

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK 34TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE, NEW YORK WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



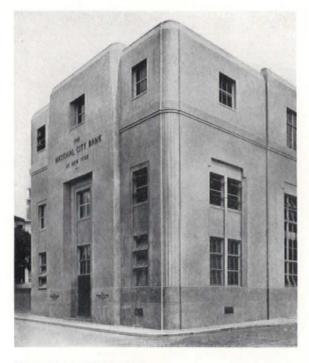
Gillies

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK 34TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE, NEW YORK WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



#### Gillier

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK 34TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE, NEW YORK WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



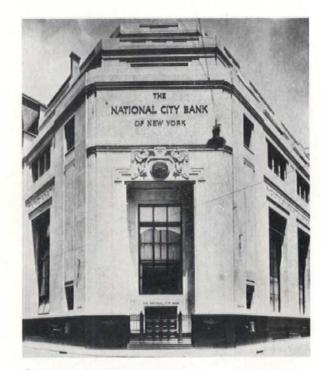
PANAMA BRANCH



Gillies

BROOKLYN, N. Y., BRANCH

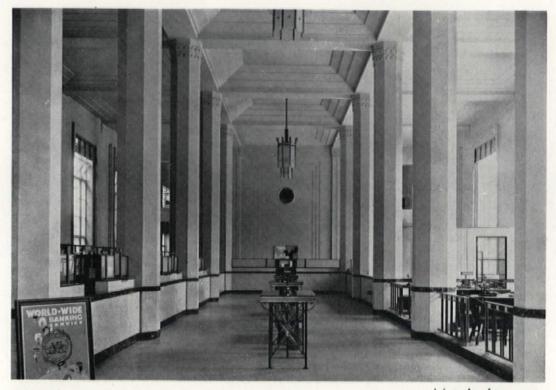
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS



BUENOS AIRES BRANCH



NEW YORK CITY BRANCH

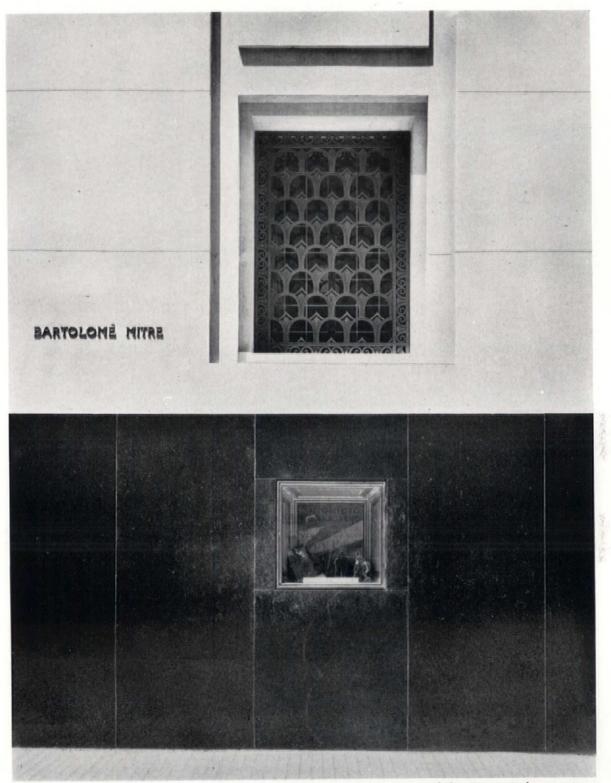


Main banking room

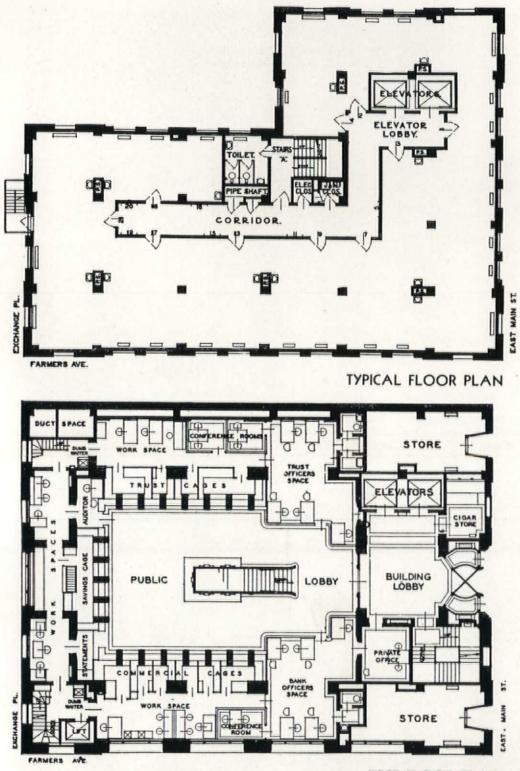


NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK PANAMA BRANCH WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS

Foreign exchange window



NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK PANAMA BRANCH WALKER AND GILLETTE, ARCHITECTS Advertising window on street



FIRST FLOOR PLAN

BANK OF KALAMAZOO KALAMAZOO, MICH. WEARY AND ALFORD, ARCHITECTS



BANK OF KALAMAZOO KALAMAZOO, MICH. WEARY AND ALFORD, ARCHITECTS



BANK OF KALAMAZOO KALAMAZOO, MICH. WEARY AND ALFORD, ARCHITECTS

# ARCHITECTS'

By VICTOR GIFFORD



DENNISON AND HIRONS

The plan titles of architects not only set the stamp of genuineness upon drawings, but they frequently disclose individuality of architect. Although titles in the form of cartouches are obviously an expensive flourish to the actual drawing, and necessitate additional drafting which otherwise might be spent to better advantage, nevertheless in many cases they embellish the drawing.

The title of Dennison and Hirons is of the classical order, having a cartouche flanked by two nude figures and surrounded by Louis XV scroll design. The initials comprise the center motif: two D's face each other with a horizontal bar running through the center, forming an H.

The plan label of McKim, Mead and White is of classical design, characteristic of the work of this firm of architects.

Architects do not confine themselves to one style of title design, as shown by the two examples by George B. Post and Sons. The label of Leigh French, Jr., is very characteristic, the quill being symbolic of his ability as an author on architectural subjects and the dividers, pencil and triangle, all interwoven by a ribbon, showing his profession as an architect.

Cross and Cross, architects of the Barclay Hotel, designed a title for their exhibition drawing which the hotel later used on the linen and silver. The designer of the thistle emblem and scroll evidently had in mind the fact that the owner of the hotel was of Scotch ancestry.

The cartouche and ribboned title by the firm of Goodwillie and Moran shows a design with a center motif appropriate to the drawing it was to adorn, the R being the surname initial of the owner.

An interesting label, denoting the architectural profession, is that of the firm of Delano and Aldrich. A protractor very appropriately designates the letter D, and a pair of dividers an A.



ARCHITECTS' INSIGNIA

House at Clandome & I. L. Por Mrs. Madeleine Reinhard GOODWILLIE AND MORAN ARCHITECTS Delano & Aldrich. Architects Design for a Drawn by\_ No. stamp which Traced by\_ Checked by\_ Date\_\_\_\_ saves time in drafting. Revised -126 Gast 38th St. New York. The present tendency is toward simplification in drafting. The cartouche type, although artistically presented, requires too much painstaking work and time, and is not as informative as the average working drawing label. 34 INCH SCALE DETAILS OF END BAYS ABOVE 11TH FLOOR ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS TO EXCHANGE BUILDING FOR THE NEW YORK CURBERCHANGE REALTY ASSOCIATION III 125 GREEN WICH ST & 78-86 TRINITY PLACE NEW YORK CITY N.Y KEY TO MATERIALS JOBNO DR. WEW DRAWING 103 Р92 ТВ СН W.F STONE STONE NUMBER WITTE BRICK DATE FEB 1,1930 REVISEDWARCH PASTER APPROVED CONCEPT ARCHITECTS NEW YORK CITY STAR RETT AND VAN VLECK 393 SEVENTH AVENUE



## AN ENGLISH GARDEN VILLAGE

SILVER END, WITHAM, ESSEX

In 1926, as the result of the acute housing shortage, the Crittall Manufacturing Company, Limited, began building operations for a garden village midway where employees could live within easy distance of their work.

For this project buildings were designed by Sir John Burnet and Partners, James Miller, C. Murray Hennell, C. H. D. Quennell, Joseph Clare and G. E. Clare, architects.

#### FIVE HOUSE TYPES AND COSTS

The village comprises 400 completed houses, all with large gardens and built no closer than ten to the acre. These houses can be broadly classified into five types:

Managers' houses, sold at prices ranging from \$6,500 to \$8,550;

Detached four-bedroom houses, \$3,800; Detached parlor houses, \$3,400;

Parlor houses (containing parlor, kitchen, scullery, three bedrooms, and bath), from \$2,100 to \$2,600;

Non-parlor houses (containing three

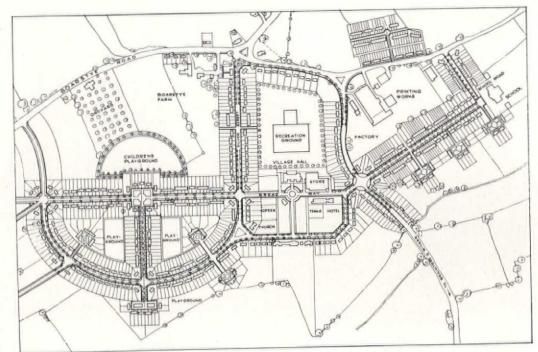
bedrooms), from \$1,650 to \$1,950. The majority of these houses have been sold to the tenants on a 20-year purchase system, the weekly purchase rental being approximately \$4 for the non-parlor type and \$4.50 for the parlor type. This price includes water and ground rent.

#### VILLAGE FEATURES

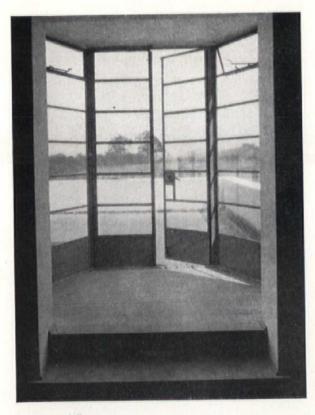
Since the beginning of the project additional surrounding lands have been purchased, forming an agricultural belt of approximately 700 acres where food is produced for the village.

In the center of the village is a large department store where the products of the village are sold to the inhabitants. This store serves for butchery, bakery, drapery, grocery provisions, furniture, drugs, outfitting, et cetera. There is also a fully licensed hotel with 16 bedrooms.

The village water supply is pumped in from a spring two miles away. A power station using oil engines supplies the village and factories with power and light.

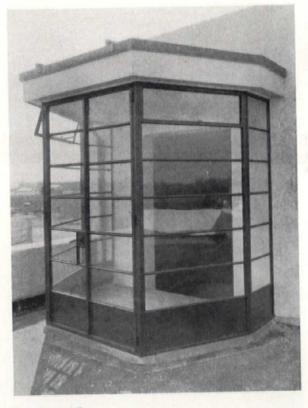


### PLOT PLAN OF VILLAGE

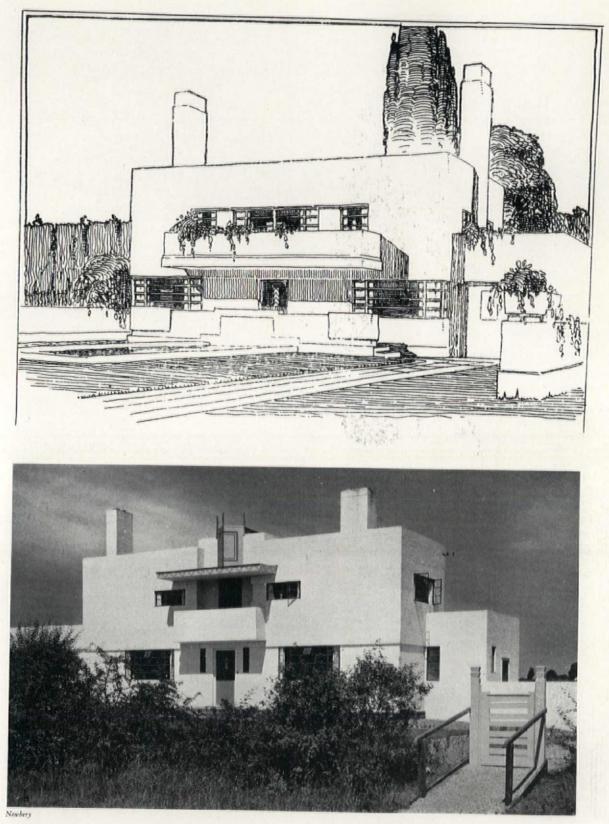


Interior of Bay

SILVER END GARDEN VILLAGE essex, england John burnet and partners, architects

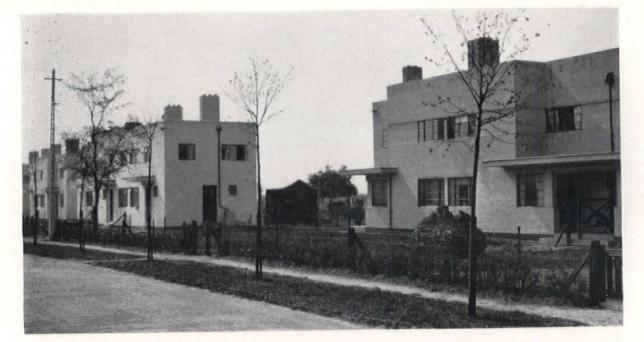


Exterior of Bay

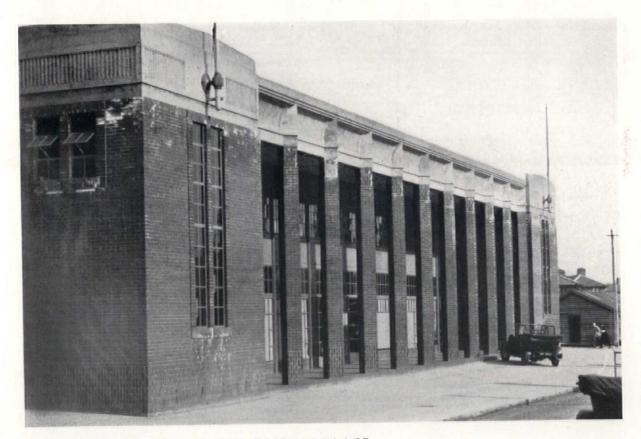


影。

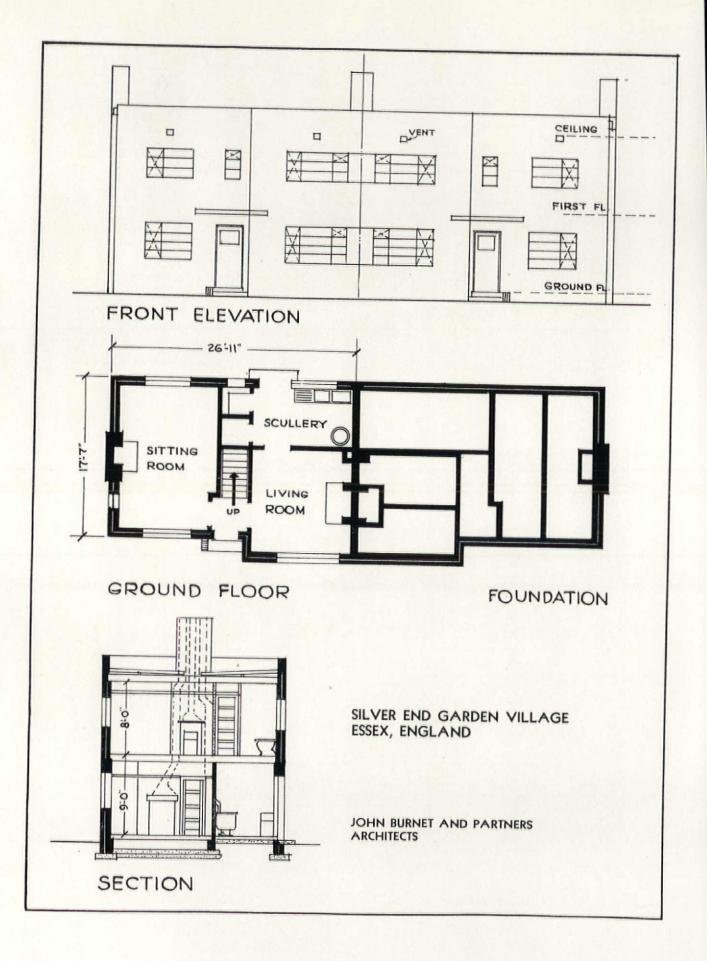
HOUSES AT SILVER END GARDEN VILLAGE ESSEX, ENGLAND THOMAS S. TAIT OF JOHN BURNET AND PARTNERS, ARCHITECTS

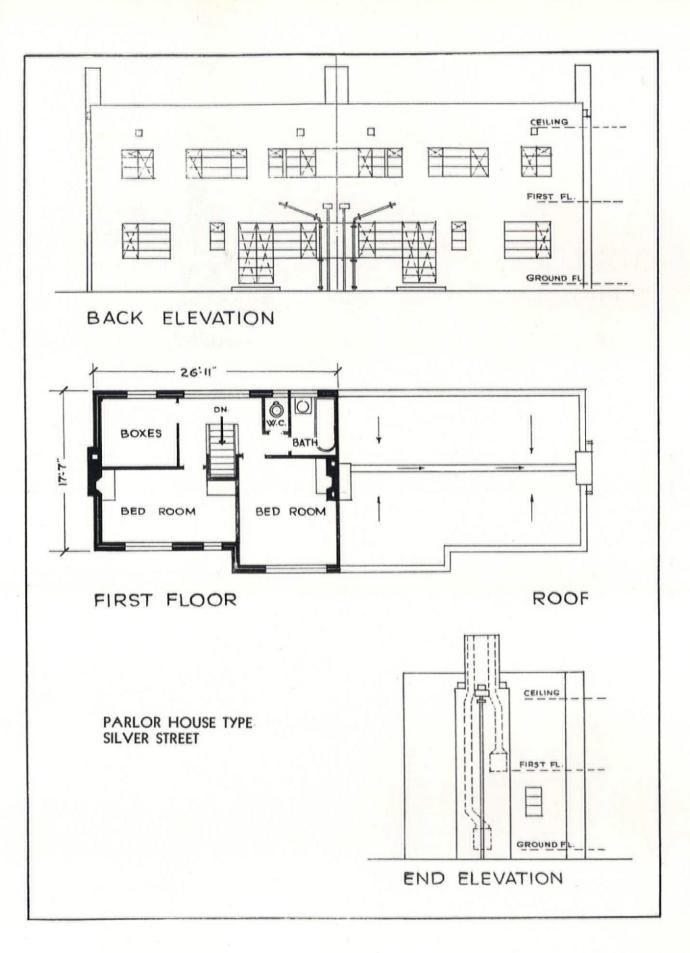


HOUSES ON SILVER STREET



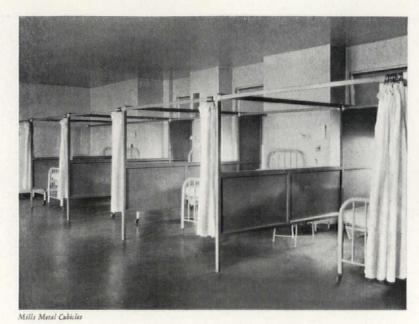
GENERAL STORES AT SILVER END GARDEN VILLAGE ESSEX, ENGLAND JOHN BURNET AND PARTNERS, ARCHITECTS





Each cubicle is amply provided with light from an individual window.

## CUBICLES IN HOSPITALS



#### CORNELIUS S. LODER

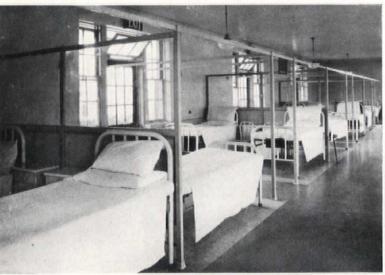
Cubicles are now in use in 80 per cent of our hospitals. Their installation can be accomplished without extensive cost.

When installed in old buildings they only slightly increase weight; they are fireproof and may reduce the fire insurance premium. On the other hand, in the planning of a ward for patients' beds, additional space would be required if cubicles were used. Thus, if a large open adult ward were to be constructed for cubicles, the floor area per cubicle bed would be increased from about 75 sq. ft. to about 105 sq. ft., and the number of beds would be reduced from about 45 to 35. This would increase the cost from about \$500 to \$650 a bed. The estimated cost, including installation, for eight cubicles is about \$750 or about \$95 a cubicle. However, the advantages offered by cubicle service are unique and in many cases indispensable.

The best type of cubicle has walls 7 ft. in height; the walls rest on legs of steel firmly fastened to the cement or other hard material floor. The space between the cubicle wall and the floor should be 12" to 18", preferably 16", to allow for the convenient cleaning of the floor. The fourth side of the cubicle is usually open, and when privacy is desired, a curtain hanging on a rod can be drawn across the opening. The cubicle walls have been extended to the ceiling only in exceptional cases in order to keep out odor or noise. This additional height increases the cost.

Cubicle walls are generally made of metal and the upper part, from the level of the patient's head, of glass. The wall length of an adult's cubicle is from 7 ft. to 12 ft., depending on the corridor space available. The width of the cubicle is 7 ft. to 10 ft. The size of a child's cubicle is 6 ft. by 5 ft. The glass panes in the upper part of the wall in a child's cubicle can be made smaller or possibly thicker in order to lessen the risk of breakage. In children's wards the use of wired glass is very appropriate.

Ventilation, heating and lighting of cubicles is important. Cubicles located in the center of a ward are not so well ventilated as those placed along the sides and opening into the center of the room. Each cubicle should have its own window; in the reconstruction of wards in old hospitals this is sometimes rather difficult to arrange. It is very seldom that patients in two different cubicles sharing one window agree upon the ventilation. A modern cubicle should also have its own radiator, if possible, and hot and cold running water. A cubicle can be furnished like a private room. Bright



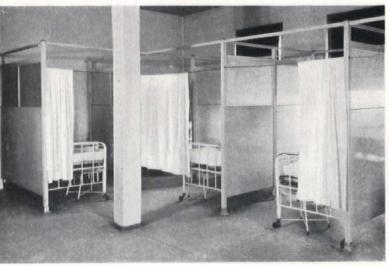
Four-bed cubicles in a large ward, Considerable privacy and isolation is secured without any loss of light.

Mills Metal Cubicles



These cubicles in the children's ward of a hospital in Boston have glass doors so that visitors need not enter the cubicles but can observe the patients from outside.

#### Weis Mfg. Co., Elkbart, Ind.

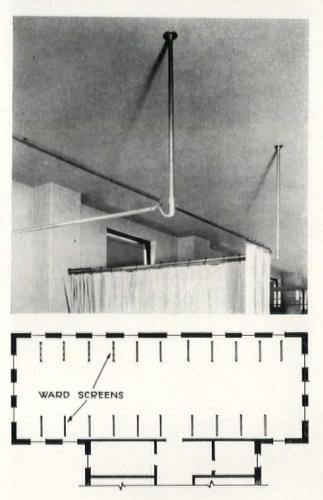


Hospital in Braddock, Pa. Cubicles have opaque glass in upper part of walls. Curtains hang on heavy wire.

Sanymetal Products Co.



N. L. Judd Co.



FRENCH HOSPITAL, NEW YORK CROW, LEWIS AND WICK, ARCHITECTS

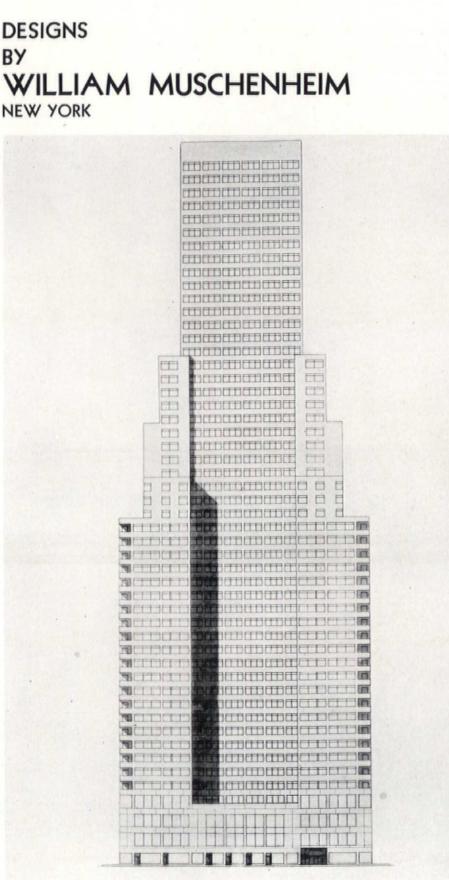
and cheerful colors can be chosen for floorcovering, walls and furniture.

For the upper part of the cubicle walls either ordinary glass or ultra-violet ray glass permitting the transmission indoors of the invisible and beneficial rays of the sun can be used, especially in obstetrical rooms where complete privacy is desired. On the flat hospital roof cubicles can be built entirely of ultra-violet glass; they can also be installed on piazzas and piazza roofs or on the grounds.

The cubicle offers sociability. A small glass door can be arranged in the window pane in the upper part of the wall near the patient's head and opened at certain times, permitting the patients to converse with each other. When so desired these panes can be closed. This is a desirable arrangement in children's wards.

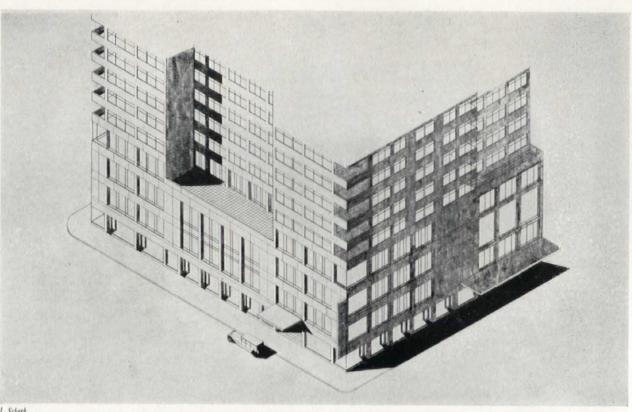
Another advantage of the cubicle system is in controlling cross-infection. This fact is of greatest importance in children's hospitals.

For hospitals which, at the present moment, can afford only the very smallest expense for the building of cubicles, there is the possibility of installing the cubicle frames, and in place of walls curtains of various materials on non-stretchable wire or rod can be substituted temporarily.

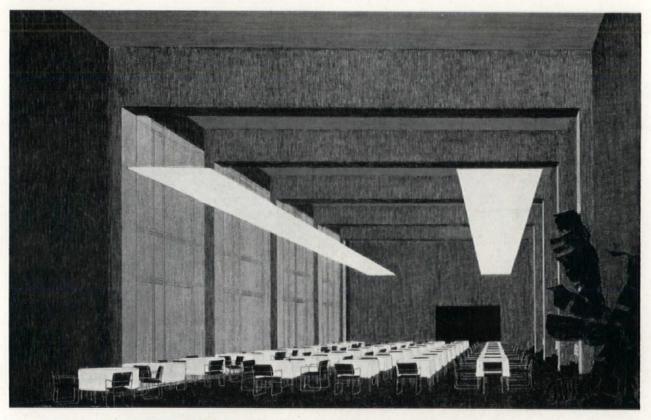


APARTMENT HOTEL NEW YORK CITY

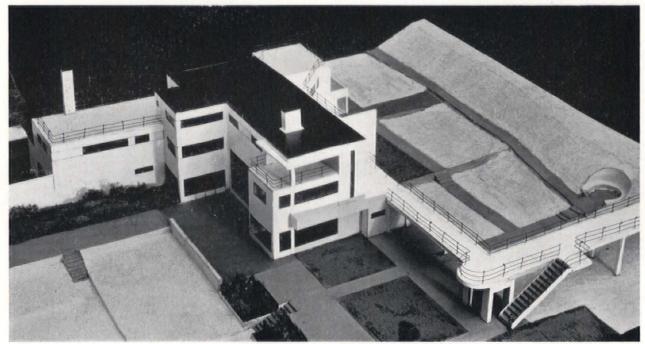
1. Scherb



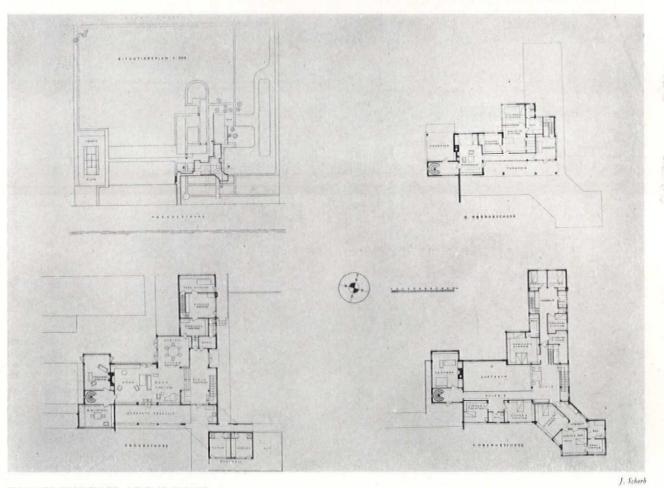
J. Scherb



APARTMENT HOTEL, NEW YORK CITY WILLIAM MUSCHENHEIM, ARCHITECT ISOMETRIC VIEW AND DINING ROOM



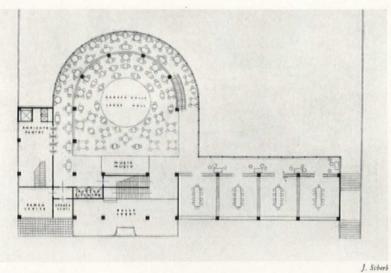
Nybolm and Lincoln



SUMMER RESIDENCE AT THE DUNES LONG ISLAND, N.Y. WILLIAM MUSCHENHEIM, ARCHITECT

NORTH ELEVATION

SOUTH ELEVATION

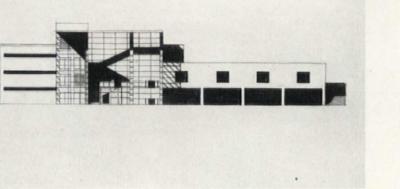


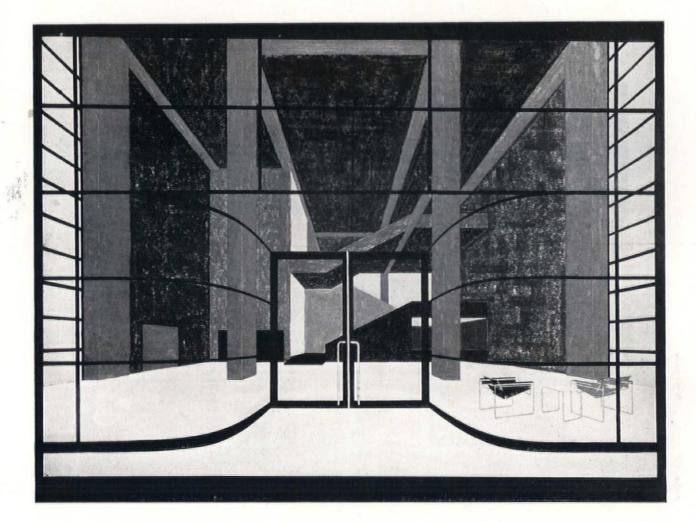
MAIN FLOOR

DANCE PAVILION AT THE SEA LONG ISLAND, N.Y. WILLIAM MUSCHENHEIM

ARCHITECT

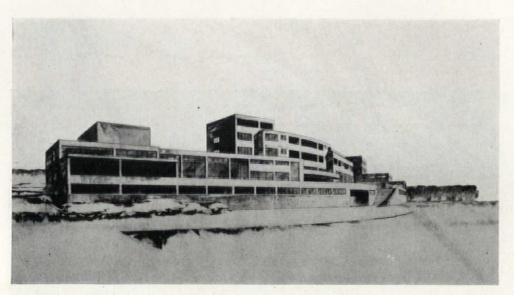




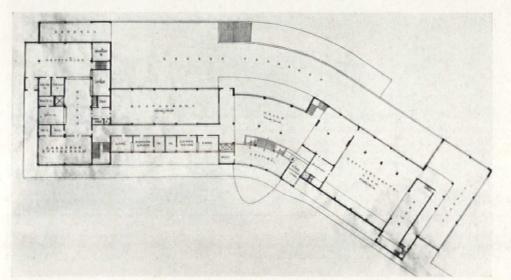


dance pavilion at the sea main entrance

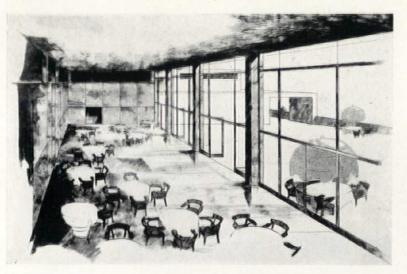
WILLIAM MUSCHENHEIM, ARCHITECT



SOUTH ELEVATION



MAIN FLOOR



club house, long island, n. y. William Muschenheim Architect

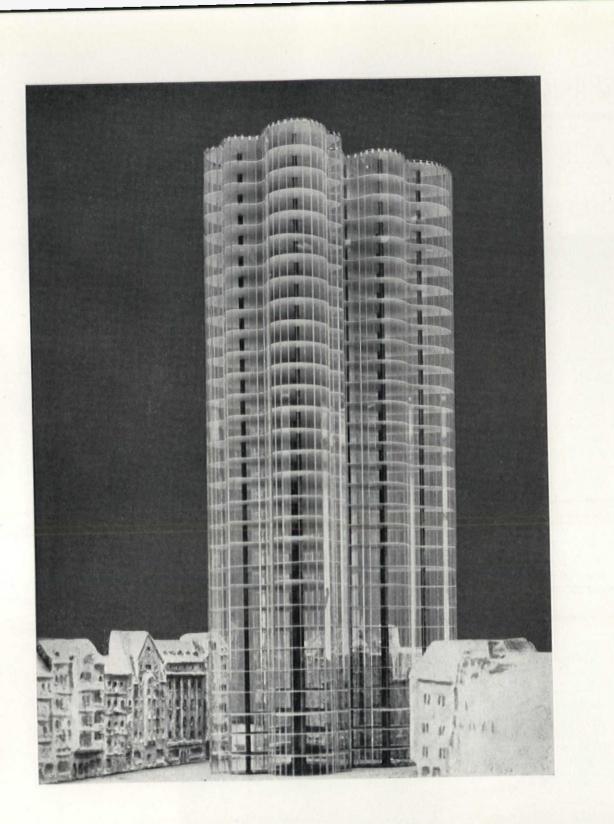
DINING ROOM

# TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH

GLASS BY K. LÖNBERG-HOLM



MANUFACTURE OF SHEET GLASS



MODEL FOR OFFICE BUILDING, MIES VAN DER ROHE, ARCHITECT

# PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF GLASS

# PERMEABILITY TO VISIBLE RADIATION

#### VOLUME OF TRANSMISSION

The volume of transmission varies with the following factors:

#### I. Chemical properties of the glass

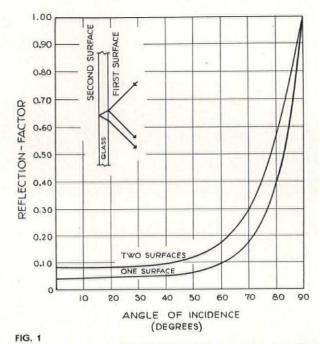
The volume of light transmitted by glass is in direct proportion to the purity of its composition. No ordinary glass can transmit more than about 91%of the incident light. When a light ray strikes a plate glass vertically about 4% is reflected from its upper surface and about 3 or 4% from its lower surface; the remaining light being transmitted and absorbed. The amount of reflected light varies with the optical property of the glass known as the *refractive index* (the number which expresses the ratio of the sine of the angle of incidence to the sine of the angle of refraction) but this variation is a minor factor in the consideration of ordinary clear glasses, because of the small range of the refractive index. (From 1.45 to 1.96.)

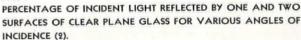
#### 2. Nature and distribution of incident light flux.

3. Shape and reflection factor of the background or enclosure around the lightsource.

#### 4. Angle of incidence.

The percentage of light reflected increases with the angle of incidence (the angle between the light ray and a line perpendicular to the surface). (Fig. 1.) The percentage of light reflected increases very gradually up to about 45 degrees incidence. It then increases rapidly, becoming 100% at 90 degrees incidence. This is a very considerably loss in daylighting equipment as the transmission factor of even plain glass is less for light reaching it from many angles than for a perpendicular beam of light. Laboratory tests (1)\* on daylight in relation to windows showed that filling a window opening with clear plate glass resulted in lowering the minimum illumination at the rear of the room by 42%, and it was concluded that this possibly was due to the amount of artificial skylight reflected back from the glass.





#### 5. Facial characteristics

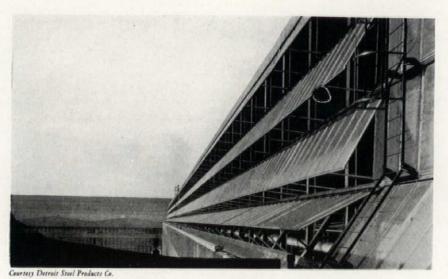
Inasmuch as the transmission factor of a glass which is rough on one side (sandblasted, pebbled, ribbed or modelled) is appreciably less when the smooth side is toward the lightsource than when the rough side is, the transmission factor is given for both conditions in Table 1. Other considerations being equal these glasses should be used with their rough side toward the lightsource.

		Transmission Factor		
Specimen of Glass	Side Toward Lightsource	Perpendicular Beam	Hemispherical Illumination	
Plane. Sandblasted. Sandblasted. Pebbled. Pebbled. Coarse Ribbed. Goarse Ribbed. Fine Ribbed. Fine Ribbed. Wavy. Wavy.	Smooth Rough Smooth Rough Smooth	0.90 -78 -74 -85 -79 -77 -52 -86 -79 -88 -88 -86	0.80 .70 .75 .75 .62 .62 .79 .79 .79 .82 .82	

#### Table 1.

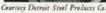
Transmission factors of typical glasses for direct and diffused light. (2).

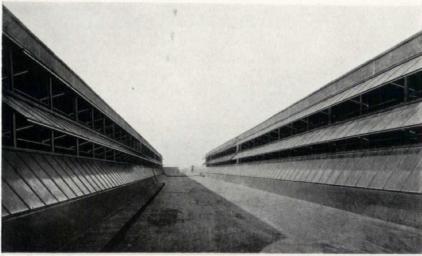
<sup>\*</sup> Figures in parentheses throughout the text indicate references given at end of each chapter.



MONITOR, FORD MOTOR CO. DEARBORN

MONITOR, FORD MOTOR CO. DEARBORN





Courtesy Detroit Steel Products Co.

MONITORS, LINK BELT CO. PHILADELPHIA

	Light Reflected			Light Transmitted			
Material	In Concentrated Beam	In Spread Beam	Diffused in all Directions	In Concentrated Beam	In Spread Beam	Diffused in all Directions	Light Absorbed
Crystal Glass				0.0			1-10
Clear	8-10*			80-85			5-10
Frosted or Pebbled (A)	4-5	5-10		*****	70-85		5-15
Frosted or Pebbled (B)		8-12		1.1.1.1	72-87		5-15
White Glass			1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.14714 2 1			0
Very Light Density (A)	4- 5*		10-20	5-20		50-55	8-12
Very Light Density (B)		3-4	10-20		5-20	50-55	10-15
Heavy Density			40-70			10-45	10-20
Mirrored Glass	82-88						12-18

(A) Smooth side toward lightsource.

(B) Roughed on side toward lightsource. \* For angles up to 45 deg.; for angles greater than 45 deg. this value rises considerably.

#### Table 2.

Characteristics of materials. (Courtesy: National Lamp Works, Nela Park, Cleveland).

#### 6. Surface dirt

Dirt accumulations reduce the volume of light available for distribution. Measurements of intensities of illumination before and after cleaning the glass area in many cases show an increase as much as 5 to 10 times, and it is not uncommon to increase the illumination intensity in some parts of the interior from an average of one foot-candle with dirty glass to as high as 15 foot-candles (2).

FACTORS INVOLVED IN THE ACCUMULATION OF DIRT ON WINDOW GLASS

#### (a) Atmospheric conditions

Particularly in factory districts glass rapidly accumulates a film of dirt.

#### (b) Time and place of exposure

Investigations of dirt as related to daylighting in industrial buildings (3) have shown that the accumulation of dirt on a window over a given length of time is about 75% on the inside and 25% on the outside. Probably this is due to occasional rains which wash off some of the outside dirt. This point is particularly significant with relation to sloping windows or skylights, which are more difficult to wash on the inside than vertical windows.

#### (c) Angle at which the glass is placed

Sloping surfaces collect dirt more rapidly than vertical surfaces and these are therefore more efficient light-transmitting media over a period of time.

#### (d) Facial characteristics

The facial characteristics of the glass seem to have very little to do with the amount of dirt collected. While it was found (3) that various types of glass collected dirt in about the same quantities, some of them retained it more tenaciously when cleaning was attempted. In selecting a window glass this point should be carefully considered as the cleaning methods and perhaps the actual cost may depend upon the ease with which the accumulated grime may be removed.

Four types of glass are commonly used in industrial buildings (3):

1. Clear Sheet-transmission factor 82% when clean;

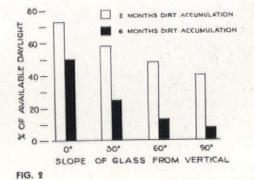
2. Vertically Ribbed-transmission factor 72% when clean;

3. Horizontally Ribbed—transmission factor 72% when clean;

4. Rough or Hammered Wire-transmission factor 78% when clean.

(In all cases it is assumed that the light is unobstructed and diffused.)

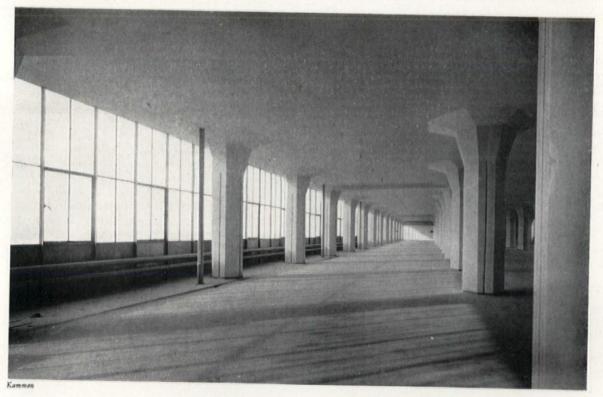
The report (3) concludes that with the collection of six months' dirt there is little advantage in any of these glasses over any other. Clear glass and rough or hammered glass are much easier to clean, however, than either vertically or horizontally ribbed glass. Under certain conditions, it is possible to



RELATION OF DIRT ACCUMULATION TO SLOPE OF GLASS (3).



MONITOR, HALL PRINTING CO., CHICAGO



VAN NELLE TOBACCO FACTORY, ROTTERDAM J. A. BRINKMAN AND L. C. VAN DER VLUGT, ARCHITECTS

increase the minimum daylighting by using rough glass with the rough side in, this being especially true where the windows are somewhat obstructed on the outside by adjacent buildings. On the other hand, for practical purposes the rough side should be out since it is desirable to wash the inside oftener and the smooth glass is easier to wash than the rough.

If the windows are to be washed once a year only, as is the case in some industries, this should not be "spring-cleaning" but should take place in the fall so that the glass may be as efficient as possible when the need is greatest.

All daylighting values for industrial buildings should be figured on the basis of six months' dirt accumulation. (3)

#### CONTROL OF THE LIGHT FLUX

#### REFRACTION

When a beam of light enters glass obliquely from air the direction of its path is abruptly changed. The amount of this refraction depends upon the ratio of the velocities of the light as it passes through the two media. Advantage is taken of this property of glass to alter and to control the course of light rays. It is also possible to reflect all the light by means of glass prisms as shown in Fig. 3. After a ray of light enters glass it is totally reflected at a bounding plane if it is incident upon this plane at a sufficiently large angle. Prisms and lenses have an extensive use in lighting equipment, in refracting and breaking up light. Many designs of glass having prismatic forms are on the market. When properly designed and installed an appreciable control of natural light entering interiors is obtained. These glasses are usually employed for the purpose of gathering oblique light from the sky and sending it in a general horizontal direction into the parts of the room at some distance from the lightsource. Unless kept quite clean prismatic glass loses its value.

#### DIFFUSION

Diffusion (multiple refraction) of the light flux without glare can be obtained by:

#### (a) Varying the chemical composition of the glass

Highly diffusing glass such as opal, opalescent or "milk" glass diffuses about as much light outward as it does inward. (Fig. 4, 5.) If it is perfectly diffusing it reflects *more* light outward. If one holds a piece of this highly diffusing glass in the path of light rays, it is readily seen that the glass is fully as bright when viewed in the direction of the light rays as when viewed in a direction toward the lightsource. This means that about as much light is diffusely reflected outward (toward the lightsource) as is

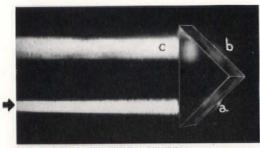


FIG. 3. TOTAL REFLECTION BY PRISM



FIG. 4. REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION BY WHITE OR MILK GLASS

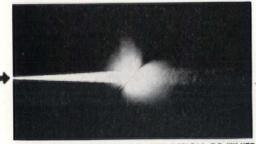


FIG. 5. TRANSMISSION AND REFLECTION OF WHITE GLASS. VERY LIGHT SAMPLE

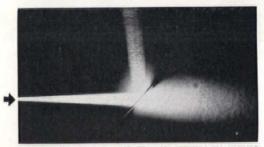


FIG. 6. REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION BY ETCHED GLASS. SMOOTH SIDE TOWARD BEAM

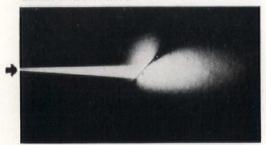
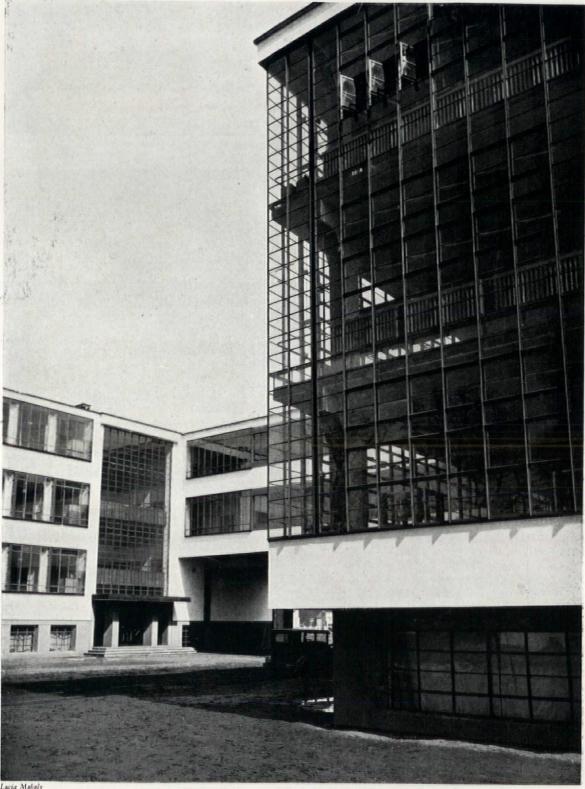


FIG. 7. REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION\_BY ETCHED GLASS. FROSTED SIDE TOWARD BEAM

Coursesy National Lamp Works, Nela Park, Cleveland



Lucia Moholy

BAUHAUS SCHOOL, DESSAU, WORKSHOPS, WALTER GROPIUS, ARCHITECT

diffusely transmitted inward. This is true to some extent, but not to the same degree, of sand-blasted or so-called "frosted" glass. (Fig. 6, 7.)

Type	Thick- ness In.	Diffu- sion	% Reflec- tion	% Trans- mission	% Absorp- tion
Clear	071130 118177 071098 051157 071122	None Little Little Good Good Good	6-8 6-19 6-20 13-28 52-74 29-52 45-67	90-91 60-91 70-91 59-84 10-38 36-66 17-36	2- 4 3-14 3-14 3-13 6-24 3-10 14-33

#### Table 3.

Diffusion, reflection, transmission and absorption factors for various glass. (4).

A loss of energy is connected with this diffusion. This light absorption is a function of the thickness and the chemical composition of the glass.

#### (b) Surface patterns

A moulded surface scatters the light flux. The chief functions of a surface pattern are to break up the direct rays from the lightsource and to redirect the light passed through.

Diffusion for the purpose of obstructing vision can be obtained by the use of rough, hammered or pebbled glass that spreads the light in an irregular manner.

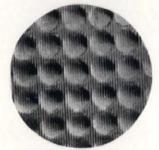
A great number of glasses are on the market with surface patterns designed for the highest transmission of light, for diffusion that reduces glare to a minimum and obstructs vision, and for controlled deflection.

The volume of transmission depends to a certain degree on the character of the flat surface of these glasses. A rolled surface is more or less rough. For full efficiency it should be ground and polished. The surface patterns should be shallow without grooves and sharp angles, for ease of cleaning. Ribbed glass spreads the light in a direction perpendicular to the ribs. Glasses with prismatic patterns or patterns composed of convex lenses spread the light equally in all directions.

Laboratory tests on transmission of light through window glass (5) have proven the possibility of increasing the illumination on a horizontal plane in the back of a room by employing horizontally ribbed glasses. But it is generally found objectionable to face windows glazed in this manner as the contrast between the window and the surroundings is too extreme, especially where these windows face direct sunlight. By employing a glass which will completely break up the direct rays of the sun, the illumination, though of a lower intensity, may be more efficiently utilized.



Manufacturer's Glass Co., Chicago



Manufacturer's Glass Co., Chicago



Mississippi Glass Co.

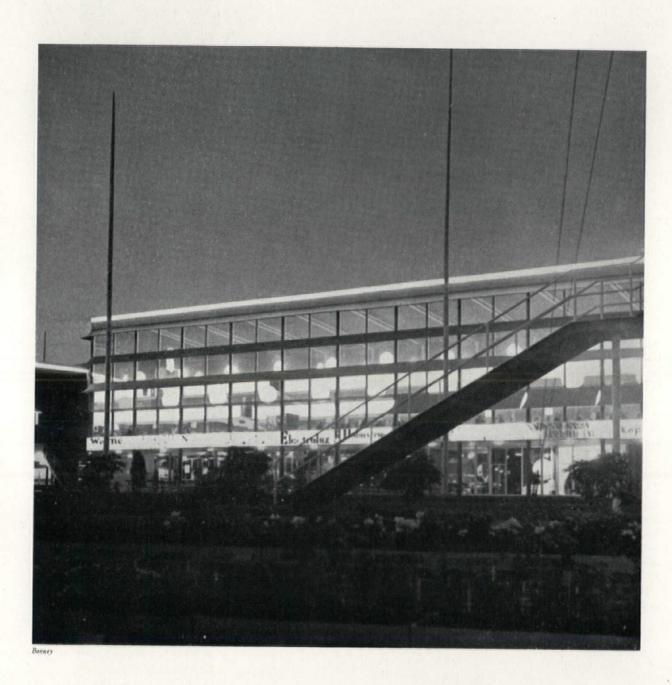


Mississippi Glass Co.



Mississippi Glass Co.

SURFACE PATTERNS FOR DIFFUSION AND CONTROLLED DEFLECTION



RESTAURANT, STOCKHOLM EXPOSITION, E. C. ASPLUND, ARCHITECT

The authors conclude that the large number of variations which are encountered in natural lighting problems must all be taken into consideration when selecting the glass which will give the best average results, and that upon the whole, glass of the type with a surface pattern that gives a uniform diffusion of sunlight appears to be most satisfactory throughout.

#### MIRRORS

Similar to the reflection characteristics of polished metal are those of mirrored glass. Figs. 8 and 9 show the path of a ray of light striking the surface of a commercial type of mirror with silvering on the back of the glass. A small part of the light is at once reflected by the polished surface of the glass without passing through to the silvered backing; the remainder passes through the glass to the silver, from which it is reflected through the glass again and out along a line parallel to the ray reflected from the glass surface. The fact that most of the light has to pass through the glass both to and from the reflecting surface makes the silvered mirror a less efficient reflecting surface than the polished silver itself. The loss in the glass depends, of course, on the quality of the glass. The deterioration of a polished metal reflecting surface in service is, however, a factor which often more than offsets its higher initial efficiency.

Special laminated glasses are on the market which will act as a mirror when viewed from the side of the lightsource, but will, to a certain degree, be transparent when viewed toward the lightsource. A fine metallic screen is placed between the two pieces of glass. These glasses are extensively used in speakeasies.

#### ABSORPTION OF LIGHT

Light absorption can be controlled by varying the chemical composition and the thickness of the glass. By coloring the glass the absorption can be limited to certain ranges of the spectrum. The transmission factor of colored glasses is to a certain extent a function of temperature.

#### REFERENCES

1. Treating the Windows to Conserve Daylight, paper by H. H. Higbie in Transactions, Illuminating Engineering Society, September, 1928.

2. Light and Work, by M. Luckiesh.

3. Making Your Windows Deliver Daylight, paper by W. C. Randall and A. J. Martin in Transactions, Illuminating Engineering Society, March, 1927.

4. Licht und Lampe, p. 1112, Oct., 1929.

5. Transmission of Light through Window Glass, paper by E. H. Hobbie and W. F. Little in Transactions, Illuminating Engineering Society, September, 1926.

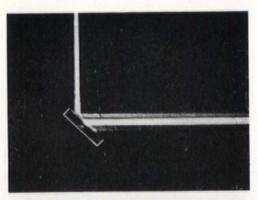


FIG. 8. REFLECTION FROM MIRROR

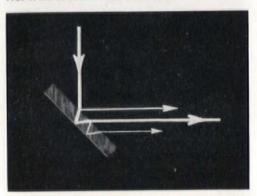


FIG. 9. DIAGRAM OF REFLECTION FROM MIRROR

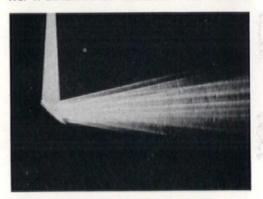


FIG. 10. REFLECTION FROM FLUTED MIRROR

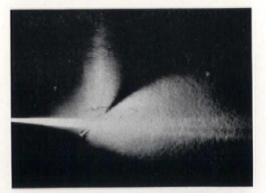
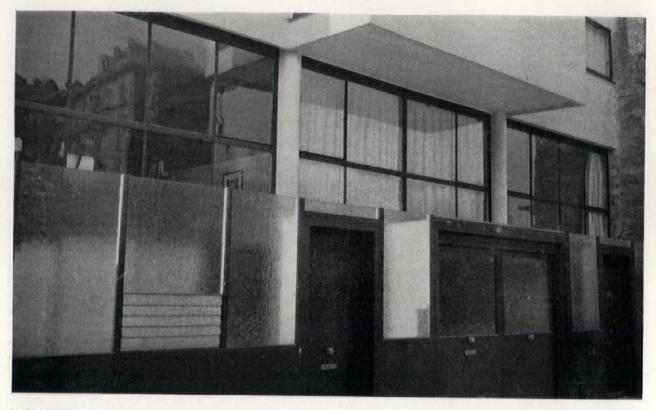


FIG. 11. REFLECTION AND REFRACTION BY FACTORY RIB GLASS

Coursesy National Lamp Works, Nela Park, Cleveland



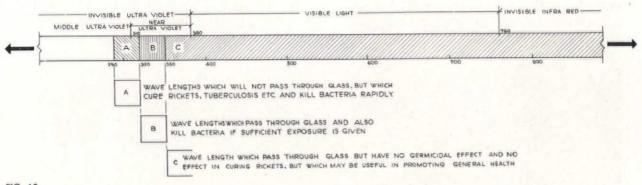
ENTRANCE



#### STUDIO

PLANEIX HOUSE, PARIS, LE CORBUSIER AND P. JEANNERET, ARCHITECTS

# PERMEABILITY TO SHORT WAVE LENGTH **ULTRA-VIOLET RADIATION**



#### FIG. 12

DIVISION OF SOLAR RADIATION WITH INDICATIONS OF THE BANDS OF WAVES WHICH WILL PASS THROUGH ORDINARY WINDOW GLASS AND WHICH ARE OF THERAPEUTIC VALUE. WAVE LENGTHS ARE MEASURED IN MILLIMICRONS (mµ). A MILLIMICRON IS ONE-MILLIONTH OF A MILLIMETER (I).

#### SIGNIFICANCE

In general any material body or fluid is not transparent to radiant energy of all wave lengths. Ordinary clear glass is quite transparent to visible radiation or light but is opaque to ultra-violet radiation of the "middle" ultra-violet region (Fig. 12). The exact value of the amount of ultra-violet shut out by ordinary glass depends greatly upon the transparency of the sample of glass selected. Biologists have proven that the ultra-violet rays shut out by ordinary window glass have a special therapeutic value, especially in preventing rickets. (The rays necessary to the manufacture of vitamin D, the vitamin that controls the utilization of lime in bones, blood and tissues). Biological researches show that the strong emission line at 313 mµ has only a slight or doubtful value in preventing rickets (2) and that ultra-violet rays of longer wave lengths have no antirachitic potency. Since in the wintertime in the northern latitudes the short wave length limit of solar radiation is about 305 mµ, it appears that the spectral range of ultra-violet solar radiation useful for therapeutic purposes in preventing rickets is only 5 to 10 mµ in width. (2). The beneficial effect depends upon the time of exposure, transmissibility of the glass and intensity of the active rays. The transmissibility of glass can be extended toward shorter wave lengths so as to include the beneficial rays. It varies as a function of:

#### (a) Chemical composition

Various kinds of glass which are permeable to ultraviolet radiation in varying degrees are now on the market. The actual percentage of transmission of this portion of the spectrum permitted by these glasses has been determined by the Bureau of Standards (2) and biologically by the Council on Physical Therapy of the American Medical Association (3). The last-mentioned report concludes that glasses are now available which satisfactorily meet the requirements of permeability to the requisite ultraviolet radiation together with protection against the weather. The question of decrease (see below under SOLARIZATION) in this transmission of ultra-violet radiation suffered by these glasses upon exposure to light had not been brought up at the time of this report by the Council on Physical Therapy. Since then it has been investigated by the Bureau of Standards. (2.)

The Bureau of Standards (2) calls attention to the necessary correlation between the biological data and the physical measurements. The question of QUALITY of light, the proper combination of ultra-violet, visible and infra-red, enters into the efficiency of these special glasses.

The report by the Bureau of Standards (2) mentions a tendency among some distributors of these ultraviolet transmitting glasses to include 320 mµ or even longer wave lengths of the ultraviolet in the spectral range of therapeutic activity and that the inclusion of these wave lengths leads to an incorrect appraisal, as it gives a higher average transmission than seems warranted, when it is recognized that the greatest therapeutic activity occurs in the 302 mµ range of wave lengths shut out by ordinary window glass. Furthermore, since different samples of common window glass transmit from 2 to 20% at 320 mµ there is no special reason for including this wave length in the specification of these ultra-violet transmitting glasses. The report concludes that if the rays at 320 mµ have a



HOUSE VAN DER LEEUW, ROTTERDAM, BRINKMAN AND VAN DER VLUGT, ARCHITECTS

special healing value there would be no need of using special ultra-violet transmitting glass instead of selecting the least greenish (as viewed edgewise) samples of common window glass, which would serve the purpose as well, at a considerable saving in cost.

The necessity of keeping the ultra-violet transmitting glasses clean is indicated by the observations that dirt and dust can reduce the transmission at 302 m $\mu$  by 30 to 40 per cent. (2.)

#### (b) Thickness

The Bureau of Standards (2) gives the following data on heavy wired glass which is of importance for safety in the case of breakage when used on a sloping roof. From calculations on samples of glass which for a thickness of 2.3 mm. transmits 20 to 30%, and from direct observations, it was found that thick (6 mm., one-fourth inch wired) samples of this type of glass transmit only 3 to 5% at 302 m $\mu$ . It is shown that this transmission is too low for biological use. Hence, if thick samples must be used for safety, it is concluded that it is necessary to use material that has little or no absorption at 302 millimicrons. Otherwise it will be necessary to use single thickness (2.3 mm.) glass backed with a 1-cm. wire mesh, which shuts out about 10% of the total light.

#### **REFLECTION AND REFRACTION**

The reflecting power of these glasses is no higher than that of ordinary glass. All these glasses decrease rapidly in transmission for wave lengths shorter than 365 m $\mu$  with increasing thickness. When the thickness is increased to 1/4 inch or thicker the transmission is greatly reduced. For thick prisms the transmission would be much lower. Silver has a low reflection (4%) at 320 m/2 and bence, unless a better metal can be found, these special window glasses cannot be used for mirrors.

#### SOLARIZATION

Solarization is the designation of the photochemical reaction that most of these special glasses undergo on exposure to sunlight. A decrease in transmission of ultra-violet radiation occurs as the result of exposure to ultra-violet radiation from artificial sources and from the sun.

The solarization is essentially a problem in photochemistry, which is a function of:

#### (a) Time of exposure

The rate of solarization decreases rapidly with the time of exposure so that although the drop in transmission during the first day may seem alarming, it is much less during the second day and so on. It is to be noted that as a result of solarization the transmission decreases to a permanent value (2). The time of solarization, the exposure necessary before the glass reaches its permanent transmissibility value, varies with the different glasses. No doubt the time will come when new glasses which will not change in transmission will be on the market. In the meantime it will be necessary to take into consideration possible changes in the short wave length ultra-violet transmission.

#### (b) Temperature

The Bureau of Standards calls attention to the fact that these glasses can be rejuvenated by heating (2). The photochemical action produced by the ultraviolet rays can be reversed by heat treatment. The rate of recovery depends upon the temperature to which the glass is heated. These facts are considered as evidence in support of the view that solarization is not a destructive process, but is merely a photochemical change that can be driven in either direction, depending on the quality of the activating rays.

# (c) Absorptive properties of the material for ultra-violet radiation

The Bureau of Standards' report (2) concludes that it is to be expected that the solarization will continue as long as any of the chemically active material remains uncombined, this being evident from the fact that after the glass has practically ceased to decrease in transmission, because the activating rays cannot penetrate the entire layer of glass, the solarization is renewed on turning the under (previously unexposed) side of the glass toward the source of radiation.

#### (d) Source of radiation

The sources used by the Bureau of Standards (2) in studying solarization were the sun, which does not contain appreciable radiation of wave lengths less than about 295 mµ, the carbon arc (without and with a glass chimney opaque to wave lengths less than 310 m $\mu$ ) which has a fairly continuous spectrum of ultra-violet radiation, and the mercury arc in which the ultra-violet radiation is confined principally to a number of strong emission bands at 254 to 365 mµ. All of these sources lower the transmission of these glasses, the unfiltered radiation from the artificial sources apparently causing a somewhat greater decrease in transmission than sunlight. The Bureau of Standards suggests (2) that this may be owing to the fact that some of these window glasses solarize but slowly, and may not have attained minimum transmission in the time (one year) allotted for the test. It is concluded however, that whether we solarize these glasses



APARTMENT HOUSE, FRANKFURT FRANZ ROECKLE, ARCHITECT



APARTMENT HOUSE, BASEL ARTARIA AND SCHMIDT, ARCHITECTS



APARTMENT HOUSE, FRANKFURT HERMKES, ARCHITECT

by exposure to the sun or obtain the photochemical stabilization by exposure to an artificial source of radiation (the mercury arc) containing ultra-violet wave lengths not present in sunlight, the same relative transmissions are obtained. It was found that the transmission decreased to a constant value which for some glasses is only about one-half the transmission when new. In conclusion it is stated that owing to the slowness of some glasses in coming to photochemical equilibrium on exposure to the sun, it will require several years to determine whether the accelerated test with artificial source of radiation is too severe, but that the outstanding difference in the transmission between the samples of glass subjected to the accelerated test and the duplicate samples of glass which were exposed to the sun is too small to take into consideration, and that, moreover, all the various makes of glass are comparable on the same basis whether by accelerated aging with the mercury arc and the carbon arc or by solarization by exposure to sunlight when the latter is sufficiently prolonged. A "correction factor" is used in determining the minimum transmission for sunlight on the basis of the accelerated tests. Attention is called to the rapid improvement in these new glasses.

#### BIOLOGICAL VALUE

The antirachitic value of these glasses is a function of:

(a) The transmissibility of the glass.

(b) A source or locality (in the case of sunlight) having sufficient ultra-violet to prevent rickets.

In the case of sunlight the minimum transmission permissible will depend upon the altitude and latitude of the given location. Evidently the most transparent glass available will be required in the northern latitudes, where the activating rays are of low intensity, while in locations where sunlight is abundant a glass having a lower transmission factor may prove satisfactory. This conclusion is based upon the report issued by the Council on Physical Therapy of the American Medical Association (3), which shows that only those glasses which had a transmission of 30%, or higher, at 302 m $\mu$  gave an appreciable protection against rickets, but that this protection was not 100%.

Reports on the antirachitic efficiency of solar radiaticn in northern latitudes through various samples of ultra-violet transmitting glasses (4, 5, 6, 7) show that in order to obtain a useful antirachitic effect from sky shine (that is, solar radiation from the sky and clouds) approximately equal to that of the direct rays of the sun, it is necessary to construct a solarium glazed with special glass permeable to ultra-violet radiation and which will admit rays from a large part of the sky; and furthermore (8) that in order to prevent rickets, the animals under test had to be kept directly in the path of the sun's rays if an ordinary window opening glazed with this special glass was used. Those animals that were I m. or more from the window, or close to the window, but outside of the path of the sun's rays developed rickets.

The Bureau of Standards report (2) concludes that all evidence available at present indicates that a solarium glazed with special window glass or windows exposed to the direct sunlight are necessary in order to obtain beneficial results in preventing rickets and presumably for general therapeutic purposes, and because of the variability of sunlight, calls the attention to the use of artificial sources, especially the carbon arc and the quartz mercury arc lamp. However, since the shortest ultra-violet rays emitted by these artificial sources of radiation appear to be unsuitable for the activation of foods, etc., it is considered desirable in such cases to cover the arc with a screen which transmits only wave lengths longer than 290 millimicrons; that is to say, the wave lengths which occur in sunlight.

It is evident that further biological research work is needed.

#### REFERENCES

1. Sunlight and Daylight for Urban Areas, by Wayne D. Heydecker in collaboration with Ernest P. Goodrich, Regional Plan of New York and Its Environs.

2. Data on Ultra-Violet Solar Radiation and the Solarization of Window Materials. Research Paper No. 113, Bureau of Standards, United States Department of Commerce.

3. Report on Window Glass Substitutes, Council on Physical Therapy, Journal American Medical Association, 88, May 14, 1927, 1562–1567.

4. The Clinical Value of Sunlight Through Ultra-Violet Transmitting Glass, a paper by George W. Caldwell, M.D., and Roger H. Dennett, M.D., D.Sc., Journal of American Medical Assn., June, 1929, Vol. 92, pp. 2088-2090.

5. The Antirachitic Efficiency of Skyshine in Washington, D. C., a paper by William D. Fleming, Medical Corps, U. S. Army, The Military Surgeon, November, 1928.

6. The Antirachitic Efficiency of Winter Sunlight of Washington, D. C., a paper by William D. Fleming, Medical Corps, U. S. Army, The Military Surgeon, May, 1928.

7. Diseases of Children, Tisdall and Brown, American Journal, pp. 721 and 742, 1927.

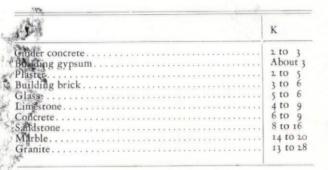
8. Science, p. 13, October, 1928. Walter H. Eddy.



STORE FRONTS, HOEK VAN HOLLAND, J. J. P. OUD, ARCHITECT

## PERMEABILITY TO HEAT

#### THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF MATERIALS



#### Table 4(1)

K—Thermal conductivity in Btu. per hour, sq. foot, and temperature gradient of I deg. F. per inch thickness. The lower the conductivity, the greater the insulating values.

#### HEAT TRANSMISSION

The thermal conductivity can be varied with structure and density in the ratio of two to one, the figures running about 0.1% that of silver, 0.3% that of copper, and 1% to 2% that of iron. Although the conductivity of glass is so far below that of the metals, surface conditions are such that heat transfer through a copper condenser is only two and onehalf times that through a condenser of Pyrex glass (a special borosilicate glass). In specific heat ordinary glass is near aluminum and about twice iron or copper. The low power of reflecting radiated heat is used with advantage in the construction of baking dishes of special borosilicate glass. The high reflecting power of metal slows down the heating of its content to an extent not compensated by its thinness and high conductivity. Although heating takes place more rapidly, yet cooling takes place more slowly in glass than in metal. Glass conducts heat about one hundredth as fast as metal and the greater thickness of the glass dish also impedes cooling.

The insulating value of glass depends upon its thickness as well as upon the thermal conductivity. In general the insulating value, that is the resistance to the heat flow, is equal to the thickness of a material divided by its thermal conductivity, i.e. the reciprocal of the conductance. For thick walls built of insulating materials the rate of heat transmission will be governed mainly by the absolute conductivity of the material itself, the surface finish being of relatively little importance; but for thin walls built of conducting materials the rate of heat transmission will be governed mainly by the surface transfer. Increase in absolute conductivity, reduction in thickness, or acceleration of the outer surface transfer of heat tends to lower the inside surface temperature of the wall.

#### THERMAL EXPANSIVITY

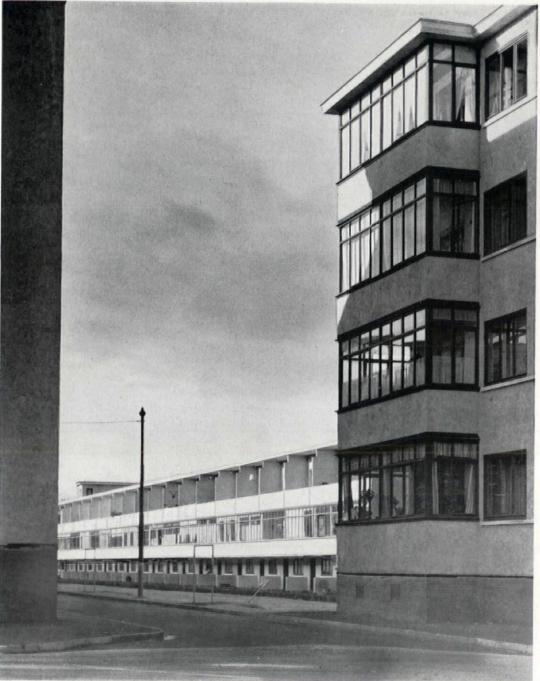
The change in volume caused by heating or cooling glass is very small, but important in the use of glass for structural purposes. The thermal expansivity can be made to vary in as high a ratio as six to one. Commercial glasses have linear expansivity ranging from three millionths to eleven millionths, these fractions representing the extent to which the length increases or decreases on heating or cooling one degree centigrade. Where ordinary lime glass expands 10 millionths, copper expands 17, iron 12, and platinum 9, this being also the figure for certain lead glasses which are readily sealed to platinum. For special borosilicate glasses (Pyrex glasses) the value is around three. Quartz glass, which is amorphous silica, has a linear expansivity of less than one millionth and can be heated and plunged into cold water without breaking.

#### HEAT ABSORPTION

Recent experiments with new glass compositions (2) have demonstrated the possibility of making a heat absorbing glass of low thermal expansion capable of withstanding a considerable heat shock. This heat-resisting, heat-absorbing glass, has been employed in projection apparatus to remove the invisible heat radiation. It is sold under the trade mark AKLO (*Corning Glass Works, Corning, N. Y.*). The desired heat transmission or light transmission, as the case may be, can be secured with a thin piece of a dense glass or a thick piece of a dilute glass. The latter has in general a better light transmission for a given heat transmission than does a thinner piece of a denser glass.

#### INSULATING VALUE

The heat transfer through a single window is usually more than twice that of a double window (3). Vacuum panes now being developed in Europe and structural units of vacuum type (up to 90% vacuum) possess the insulating value of vacuum bottles and reduce condensation. Walls and windows of structural glass units eliminate infiltration.



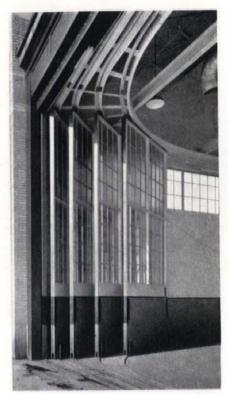
H. Collischon

APARTMENT HOUSE, FRANKFURT, FRANZ ROECKLE, ARCHITECT

#### FIRE RESISTANT CONSTRUCTIONS

Steel wire netting incorporated in glass of ¼" thickness and over afford fire protection (resistance to passage of flames and the cooling and impact of fire streams) by holding the glass in the sash after it has been cracked from the heat. The degree of protection furnished by a wired glass window is naturally limited to the fusing point of the glass. Fire records show, however, that under ordinary conditions where the exposure is not especially severe such windows are effective fire stops (4). One-quarter inch wired glass for fire protection must not exceed 720 sq. in. exposed area or 54" vertical and 48" horizontal dimensions to conform to the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters. (Class E openings.)

Constructions of glass prisms placed in metal frames or reinforced concrete frames with an elastic compound to allow for expansion and walls of reinforced glass blocks are effective fire stops. Fireproof glass windows, walls and partitions used in Europe ("Luxfer" Electro and "Solfac" Galvano glass) consist of 10 x 10 cm. prismatic crystal glasses fastened electrolytically in copper frames. The profile and strength of the frame depends on the type of glass used. Great areas are divided by metal or reinforced concrete frames. Expansion joints are provided when the glass is placed in the frames. These constructions can also be used for roof lights.



Courtesy Truscon Steel Co.

#### REFERENCES

1. *Thermal Insulation*, letter circular by Bureau of Standards, Dept. of Commerce, Washington, D. C., April 19, 1927.

2. Heat-Absorbing Glass, by H. P. Gage, in Transactions of the Society of Motion Picture Engineers, Vol. XII, No. 36, 1928, pp. 1063-67.

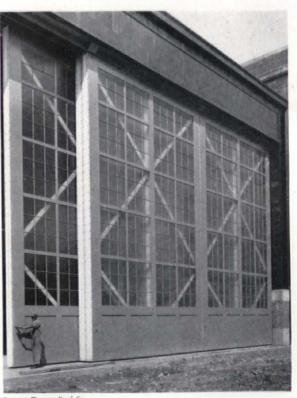
3. Heating and Ventilation, by C. W. Brabbee, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., New York, 1927.

4. List of Inspected Fire Protection Appliances, published by Underwriters Laboratories, 1929.

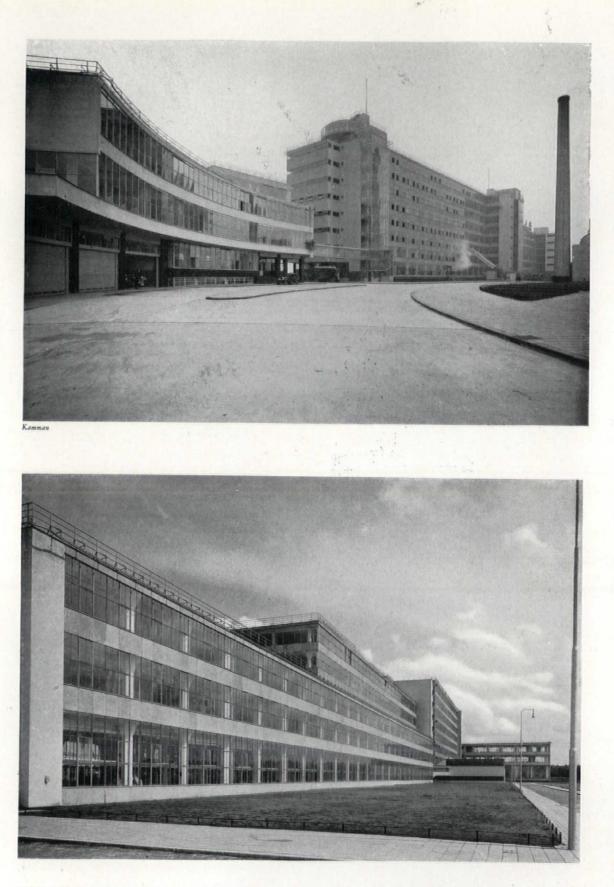
5. Glas in der Architectur der Gegenwart, by K. L. Schulze, Wissenschaftlicher Verlag Dr. Zaugg, Stuttgart, 1929.

6. *Heat Transmission*, Special Report No. 11, Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, London.

7. American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers Guide, 1930.



Courtees Truscon Steel Co. SLIDING STEEL HANGAR DOORS



VAN NELLE TOBACCO FACTORY, ROTTERDAM, BRINKMAN AND VAN DER VLUGT, ARCHITECTS

## ACOUSTICAL PROPERTIES\*

#### 1. ABSORPTION OF SOUND

As an absorbent of sound, glass is among the lowest rated materials, due to its smooth surface. The value of its absorption is generally taken at  $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ as compared with 3% for hard gypsum plaster on metal lath and 6% for lime plaster on wooden lath. In very large sheets it would undoubtedly vibrate as a diaphragm under the impact of sound and would have absorption values in excess of  $1\frac{1}{2}$ % at various frequencies, corresponding to its natural period of vibration and various harmonics thereof. Values on the sound absorption coefficient of glass vary with different authorities. The value 0.027 at 512 cycles has been secured by both W. C. Sabine and F. R. Watson. Results at other frequencies are unobtainable. The Bureau of Standards gives the following values of absorption coefficient of glass: 0.021 at 297 cycles; 0.020 at 1095 cycles; and 0.010 at 2190 cycles. The Bureau of Standards apparently accepts and uses the value of 0.027 at 512 cycles.

### 2. TRANSMISSION OF SOUND

Paul E. Sabine, J.A.S.A., January, 1930 (1):

"A door or window may be treated as a single structural unit, and the tests on these constructions show that the reduction factors are determined for the greater part by the weight of such units and also, but to a less degree, by their structural stiffness. Table 5 gives the averaged results for 16 different units (Editor's note: only seven units employing glass are shown). Unless otherwise indicated the units were sealed in tightly in each case so that the values are somewhat higher than would be the case in actual practice, when the sound insulation is decreased by the passage of sound through the cracks at the threshold and sides.

		Av. Reduction (db.)		
No.	Description	128 to 4096	128 to 1024	
IO	Window, one pane 79"x30",		ingle a	
	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " plate glass	23.0	22.8	
11	1/1" plate glass	25.7	25.3	
12	Window, 2 panes each 31"x39",	20.1	19.7	
13	3/6" plate glass Same as 12, but double-glazed with glass set in putty on both	20.1	19.7	
	sides of sash, 1" separation	23.4	23.1	
14	Same as No. 13 but with glass	22.4	24.0	
	set in felt	25.4	24.0	
15	Small 3/16" leaded panes	2).0	23.9	
16	glass		21.2	
1567	0	1.0	200	

Table 5. (Table 1 of P. E. Sabine).

Reduction factors for single glass panes (1).

\*\*\* Compiled for THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD by G. T. Stanton, Asst. Acoustic Engineer, Electrical Research Products, Inc., New York. "Inspection of the values for the windows suggests that the crossbracing of the sash effects a slight increase in insulation over that afforded by larger unbraced areas of glass. On the whole, it may be said that normal door and window construction can not be expected to give a reduction of more than 25 db."

The above values for the average reduction factors were the averages for a number of standard test tones which included four tones in each octave below 1024 cycles per second, and two tones in each of the two octaves above this frequency, or seventeen tones in all.

In addition to the above data on single thicknesses of glass, the following information on double thicknesses of glass with various air separations are also quoted from the same article by Paul E. Sabine (1).

"This series of tests was conducted with two singlepane  $\frac{1}{4}$ " plate glass window,  $82'' \ge 34''$  set in one of the Sound Chamber openings. Spacing frames of 1" poplar, to which  $\frac{1}{2}$ " saddler's felt was cemented, were used to separate the two windows.

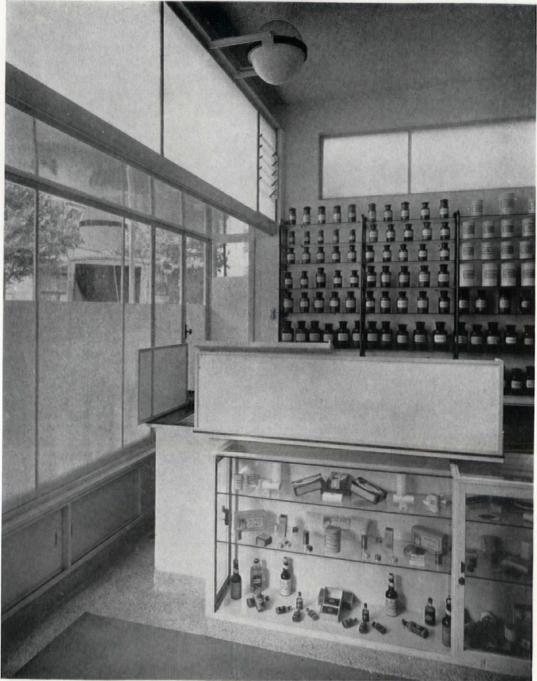
"The separation between the windows was increased by increasing the number of spacing frames. It is evident that the experiments did not show the effect of increased air space alone, since a part of the transfer of sound energy is by way of the connection at the edges. However, the results presented in Table 6 show that the spatial separation between double walls does produce a very appreciable effect in increasing sound insulation."

	Description	Reduction (db)	Equiv. Masonry
3	Sashes in contact	29.3	1.8"
9	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " separation	34.0	2.6"
C	4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " separation	35.3	3.0
E	7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " separation.	38.2	4.1
2	9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " separation		4.8
3	131/2" separation		5-5
4	16" separation	43.0	5.8"

#### Table 6.

Reduction factors for double glass panes (1).

Transmission of acoustic energy by partitions of wood, glass, steel or masonry, which are impervious, must take place by means of minute vibrations of these structures set up by the alternating pressure of the incident sound. Sound, considered as undulatory motion of the air particles, cannot pass through such barriers. If the natural frequency of the partition is much lower than the frequency of the incident sound, the transmission depends chiefly on the mass of the partition. If the natural frequency is much higher than that of the incident sound, the transmission depends on the stiffness of the partition.



Eilers

DISPENSARY, J. DUIKER, ARCHITECT, HOLLAND

Quoting from F. R. Watson's "Acoustics of Buildings", 1930 (2):

"Experience has shown the following in connection with sound reduction:

"With an average reduction factor of 25 db., normal speech can be understood quite easily and distinctly through the partition.

"With an average reduction factor of 30 db., loud speech can be understood fairly well if conditions are quiet.

"With an average reduction factor of 35 db., loud speech is audible, but not easily intelligible under quiet conditions.

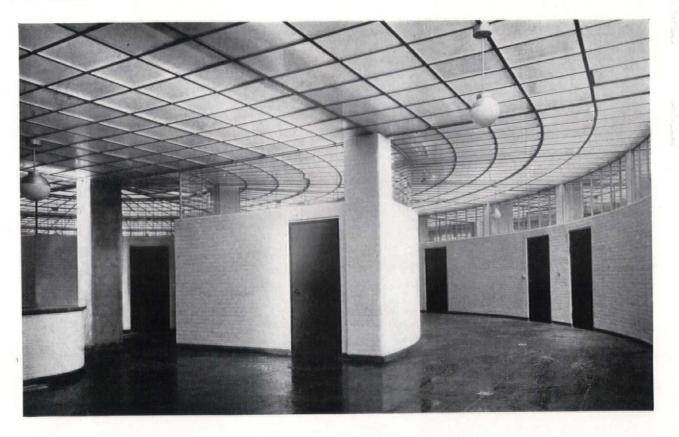
"With an average reduction factor of 40 db., normal speech is not audible, loud speech can be faintly heard, but not easily understood, and for all practical purposes the partition can be considered as 'sound proof'.

"Flexural vibrations play an important part in transmission. Dead air spaces between double windows were not as effective as commonly supposed. The air space should not be bridged over by solid materials even at the edges of the glass. Inserting sound absorber between the glass plates increased the insulation." The results obtained by the Bureau of Standards on transmission tests through glass are quite similar to those obtained by Paul A. Sabine. No information as to the relative reduction factors of the glazing method used in the monitoring booths of the various film studios could be obtained. This method uses different thicknesses of glass with a constant spatial separation, and is said to be more satisfactory than using glass of the same thickness at the same spacing. This point would appear to be reasonable if the theory of transmission in such impervious structures is correct by providing a mismatch of the air impedance in the various sections. This condition, however, would only be true in the event of true diaphragm action of the glass windows. The presence of diaphragm action is evidenced in Table 5 of Paul E. Sabine, since with small sections of glass rigidly braced greater reduction factors were obtained.

It is to be appreciated that reduction factors as indicated for double windows were not generally the obtainable in practice, since the conditions of the tests were commercially unobtainable. In this particular test, there was no connection between the windows by way of the sashes or surrounding masonry structures since two completely isolated rooms were used.

#### REFERENCES

Journal of the Acoustical Society of America.
 Acoustics of Buildings, 1930, by F. R. Watson.



HALLWAYS, ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, DESSAU, WALTER GROPIUS, ARCHITECT

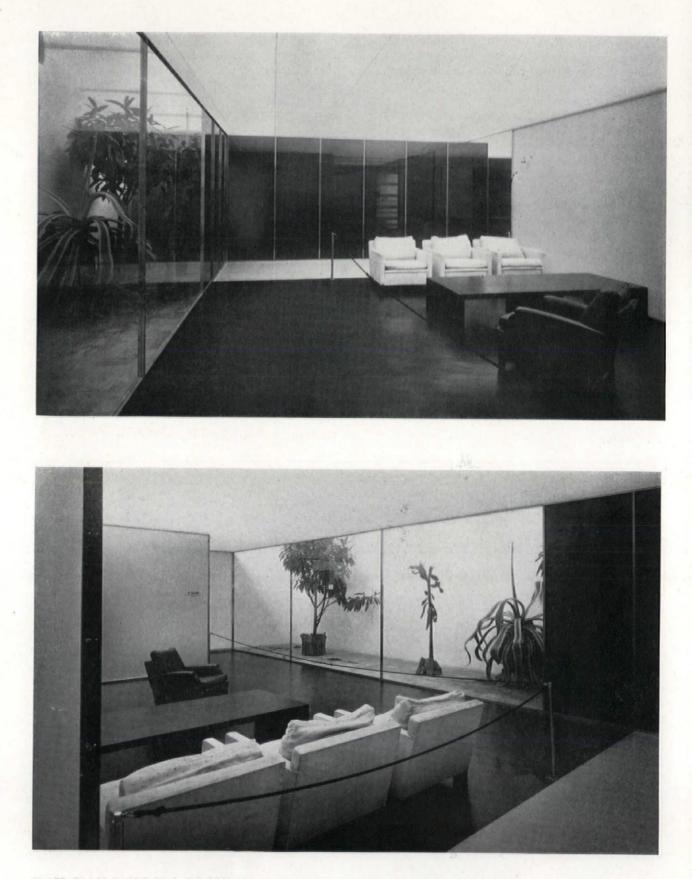
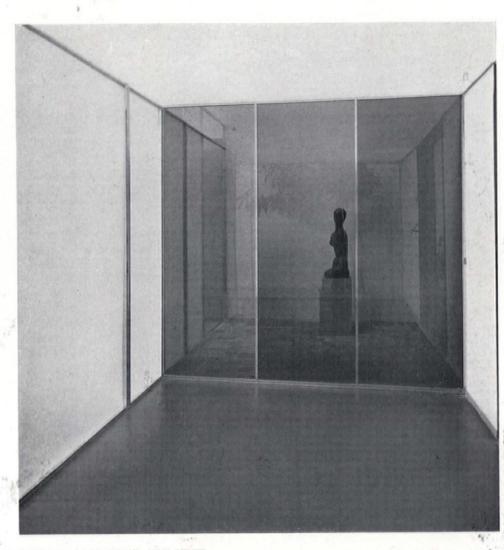


PLATE GLASS PARTITIONS, EXPOSITION STUTTGART, MIES VAN DER ROHE, ARCHITECT

1

352 THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD OCTOBER, 1930

45



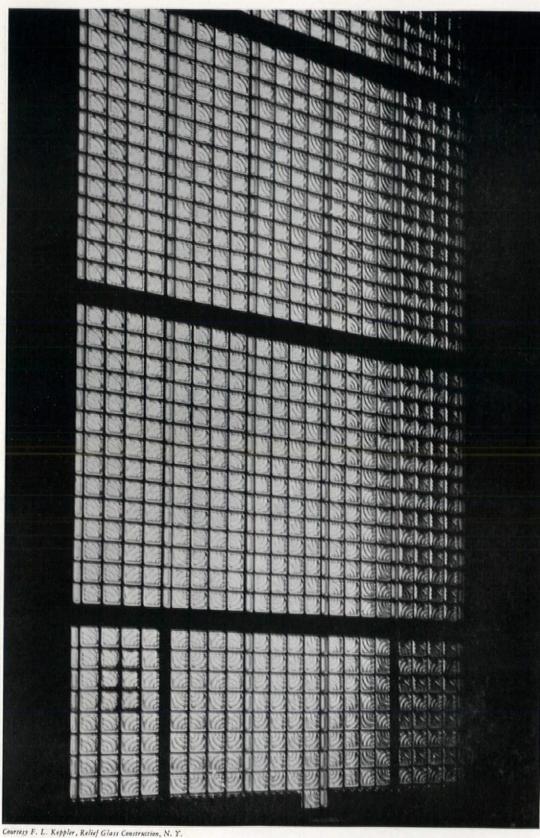
MIES VAN DER ROHE, ARCHITECT

## PERMEABILITY TO FLUIDS

The surface of glass is non-porous, does not crack, absorbs no odors, and is impervious to air, gases, water, grease and most acids. Glass will not warp, swell, pull apart or lose its hardness when exposed to moisture. A polished surface will not disintegrate and will retain its luster; it is difficult to mark or write on, and is particularly easy to keep clean. For these reasons clear or colored glass polished or modeled in sheets or in tiles of sufficient structural strength can be used extensively for exterior and interior wall treatment, partitions, toilet stalls, shopfronts, floors, ceilings, mirrors, furniture, signs and lighting equipment. Glass will furthermore meet the criteria for a number of building fixtures.

#### REFERENCES

Glas im Bau und als Gebrauchsgegenstand, by Arthur Korn, Ernst Pollak Verlag Berlin-Charlottenburg.



PRISM WINDOW

# MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

The mechanical properties depend on composition and dimensions. The specific gravity or density of ordinary lime glass, 2.5, is close to that of metallic aluminum, 2.6. It can be made to vary in a ratio of about three to one, namely from 6.33 to 2.14. The weight of ordinary glass is roughly 2 lbs. for each  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of thickness.

The hardness of glass, that is, its imperviousness to scratching, can be made to vary in about a two-toone ratio, the hardest being harder than quartz.

The tensile strength of glass in laboratory measurements ordinarily is about 10.000 lbs. per sq. inch. It is possible to prepare glasses by special heat treatment, the so-called case-hardening process, of tensile strength near that of wrought iron, which is about 50.000 lbs. per sq. inch. The compression strength of glass is greater than that of ordinary structural materials such as granite, concrete or brick. Glass can be worked and shaped and polished to a brilliant surface.

The common causes for fracture are compression, tension, flexure, impact and sudden temperature differences causing internal stresses. Ordinary sheet and plate glass should not be subjected to structural strains; edges in contact with other materials should therefore be cushioned.

# Fire-resistant constructions (see PERMEABILITY TO HEAT).

#### Wired glass

Wired glass has about 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> times the bending strength as glass of same thickness not wired. The wiredmesh reinforcing causes a loss in light transmission.

#### Corrugated glass

Corrugated glass, wired or clear, has a higher bending strength than flat glass.

#### Laminated safety glasses

These glasses consist of two or three thicknesses of plate or drawn sheet glass with one or two layers of a transparent pyroxylin plastic between. The layers are welded into a single piece under heat and great pressure. The adhesion between the glass and the



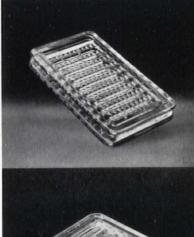
Courtesy American Window Glass Co.

#### FIG. 13.

THE LAMINATED GLASS IS CRACKED BY THE ROD AND BY THE IMPACT OF THE STEEL BALL BUT DOES NOT SCATTER



PRISM 41/8" x 41/8" x 1"



PRISM 63/8" x 101/4" x 1"



PRISM 63%" x 63%" x 1"

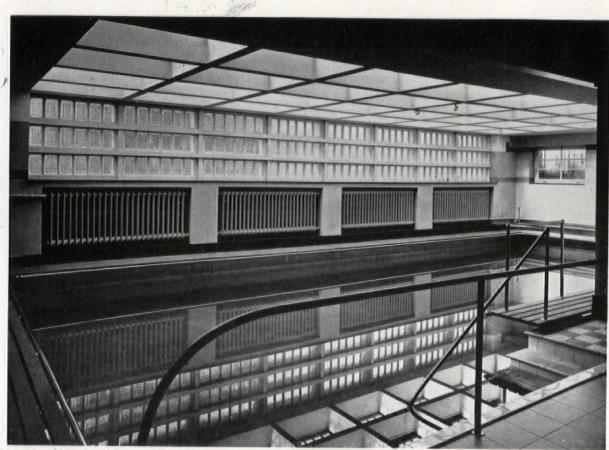


PRISM 8<sup>1</sup>⁄4″ x 8<sup>1</sup>⁄4″ x 1″





Courtesy Structural Glass Corp., New York



Courtesy Structural Glass Corp., N. Y.

14



Coursesy Structural Glass Corp., N. Y.



SWIMMING POOL WITH SLIDING

100

2

aval S

. ......

Courtesy Structural Glass Corp., N. Y.

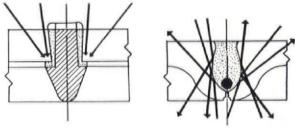
356 THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD OCTOBER, 1930

ý.

plastic is so complete that the glass will not separate from the plastic when it is broken. (Fig. 13). In its finished form this glass can be cut only with special tools. Laminated glass does not impair visibility. It is manufactured in various thicknesses, from light scatter-proof glass to heavy I'' thick bullet-proof glass.

#### Prismatic units

The combination of glass prisms and slender reinforced concrete ribs makes the glass an integral part of the construction. All metal members are imbedded in concrete, and there is no risk of corrosion. The panels seldom exceed 35 to 40 square feet; they can be made in the plant or built on the job. Expansion joints should be provided around the panels. The design of the prisms should insure a minimum loss in light transmission (Fig. 14), a minimum strain on the flanges, and easy exchange of broken units. Ventilation units in bronze frames can be placed in these constructions. In addition to light-transmitting properties, these relatively light constructions usually are fire-proof and sound-proof. Heatinsulating value varies; air infiltration is eliminated. Maintenance cost is minimal.



#### FIG. 14.

THE CONSTRUCTION AT RIGHT TRANSMITS PART OF THE LIGHT WHICH IS STOPPED BY THE METAL MUNTIN IN THE CONSTRUCTION AT LEFT.

#### Glass bricks

Panels of hollow, vacuum or solid glass bricks or blocks of various compositions and colors are constructed without reinforcing members. The glass is clear or wired. The bricks are laid in cementmortar with lime added for pliability. The hollow bricks should be designed to insure a minimum loss in light transmission in the hollow or through reflection. Broken units should be exchangeable. The panel sizes average the sizes given above. Reinforced blocks have high fire-resisting qualities. The cost of these panel constructions (prisms and blocks) varies with the type of glass from \$2.30 to \$3.40 per square foot installed.

#### REFERENCES

Glas in der Architectur der Gegenwart, by K. W. Schulze, Wissenschaftlicher Verlag Dr. Zaugg & Co., Stuttgart, 1929.

*Glass Industry*, published monthly by Glass Industry Publishing Co., New York.



SOLID BRICK



HOLLOW BLOCK 91/4" x 41/2" x 3"



BLOCK 91/2" x 41/2" x 3"

HOLLOW

VACUUM

VACUUM

73/4" x 51/2" x 3

BLOCK

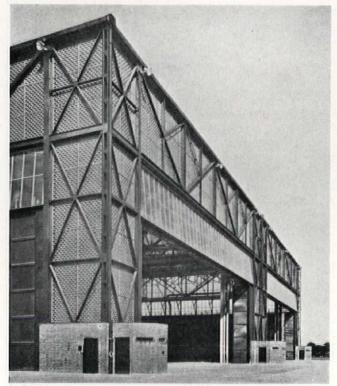
93/4" x 5" x 21/2"

BLOCK

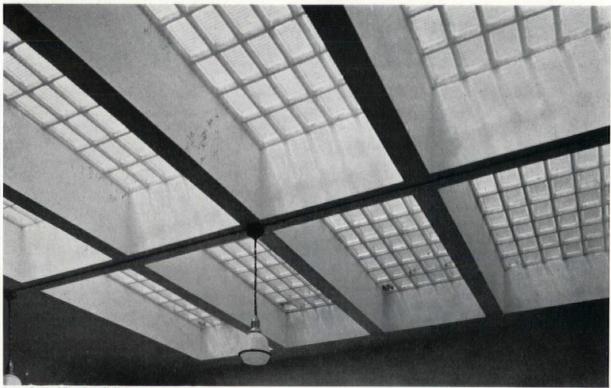




Coursesy Structural Glass Corp., N. Y.

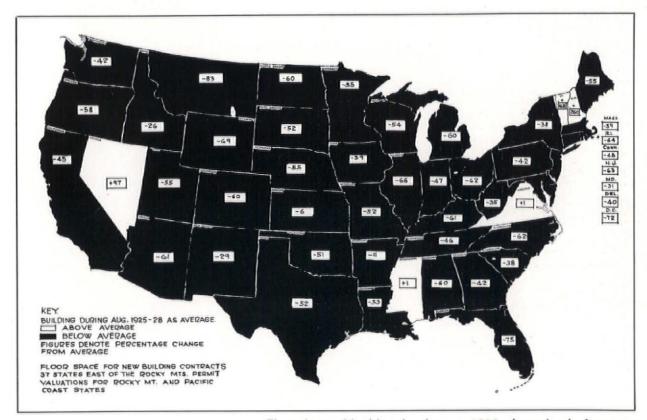


Der Baumeister GLASS BLOCK WALLS, AIRPLANE HANGAR, MUNICH K. J. MOSSNER ARCHITECT



Courtesy Structural Glass Corp., N. Y.

ROOF LIGHTS



The volume of building for August, 1930, showed only five states where current new volume was greater than average (August, 1925-1928): New Hampshire, Vermont, Virginia, Mississippi and Nevada. Of these Virginia and Nevada consolidated their July gains. Other states showing gains in July failed to carry through in August.

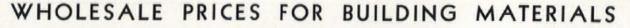
# BUILDING TRENDS AND OUTLOOK

#### PROSPECTS FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION

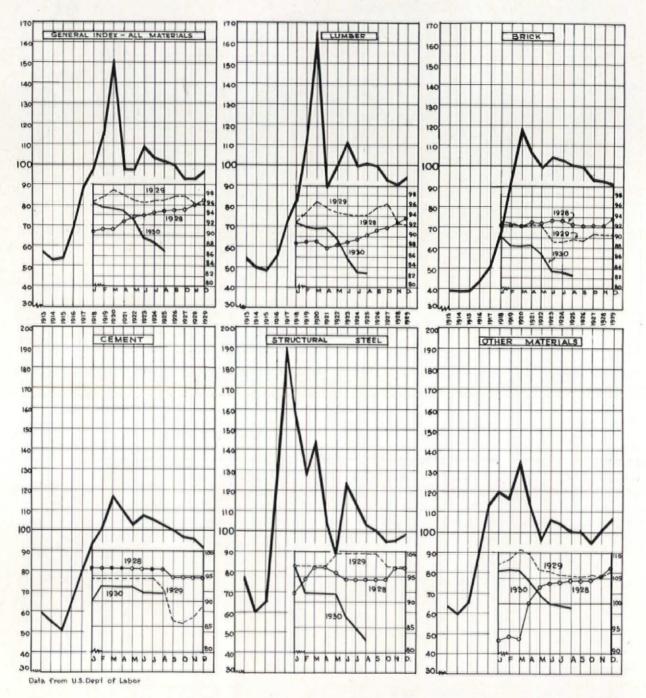
Non-residential building is normally a concomitant and not an important moving cause of large general construction activity. Nor is non-residential building a maker of business prosperity. It is rather a symptom or a result. This is especially true with respect to industrial building which usually accounts for about one-fourth of all non-residential building. In each of the four years of relatively large industrial activity since the war (1920, 1923, 1926 and 1929) this type of construction accounted for more than 25 per cent of the total, ranging from almost 42 per cent in the hectic year, 1920, down to 261/2 per cent for 1929. In the recent depression years (1921, 1924, and 1927) industrial building ranged from 191/2 per cent of the total in 1924 to only 17 per cent in 1921. It is here of large importance to note that new industrial construction has been, in the past, most often undertaken at or near the crest of large industrial activity, even in the face of our much vaunted improvement in industrial management.

To somewhat the same extent what is true for industrial building has held for commercial building, which usually accounts for more than one-third of all non-residential building. Commercial building, however, has been more readily activated by economic conditions and factors of obsolescence than has industrial building. Together these two branches of non-residential construction, for the years from 1919 through 1929, have accounted for about 60 per cent of all non-residential building; the remainder included educational buildings, hospitals and institutions, public buildings, religious and memorial, and social and recreational structures. Of these, educational buildings have been of most importance, and public buildings of least importance. New educational buildings undertaken in the last eleven years have represented 17 per cent of all non-residential building while public buildings have accounted for only about 3 per cent of the total.

(Continued on page 92, Advertising Section.)



(1926 monthly average=100)



The general index of building material prices continued its downward trend through August and the early weeks of September while the general commodity index showed some signs of strength, almost entirely due to higher prices for farm products and foods and largely reflective of the effects of the recent drought. Despite these opposite trends prices for building materials were still on a higher plane than general prices, a condition which has lasted for almost two years, in the face of a drastic curtailment in building. There are evidences that discounts under existing union scales in the building trades have been accepted in certain localities; while increased efficiency on the part of building tradesmen, usually manifested in times of slack employment, has operated to produce measurably lower unit construction costs.

# Can you say as much for the paint you specify?

BROADLAWNS, Polk County Public Hospital, Des Moines, Ia.

FROM BROADLAWNS comes praise for Barreled Sunlight's handsome finish, its washability, its durability.

Other institutions acknowledge Barreled Sunlight's help in providing a soft, agreeable light.

All users agree that its long-lasting whiteness and cleanliness materially reduce repainting.

Now Broadlawns, in common with numerous other users of Interior Barreled Sunlight, has turned to Outside Barreled Sunlight, for equally satisfactory results in exterior painting.

For full information on both Interior and Outside Barreled Sunlight, mail coupon. (See our catalog in Sweets.)

U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co., 22 J Dudley Street, Providence, R. I. Branches or distributors in principal cities.

Sunlight

Broadlawns Bone Conner Baserie Hospian ERAL DEDARTME

Ê

П

Awel, compete co NTAGIOUS DEPARTMENT

U. S. Gutta Perch Providence, Rhode

#### **BROADLAWNS HOSPITAL SAYS:**

". . . a beautiful job of interior decoration . . . has stood up very well . . . when washed, and it is easy to wash, it retains all the appearance of new paint.

"We have also repainted the outside of the Tuberculosis Hospital with Outside Barreled Sunlight, which after one year seems to be in excellent condition."

City



#### Easy to Tint

An all-oil product, Barreled Sunlight is readily tinted any desired shade with ordinary colors in oil. Quantities of 5 gallons or over are tinted to order at the fectory with at the factory with-out extra charge.

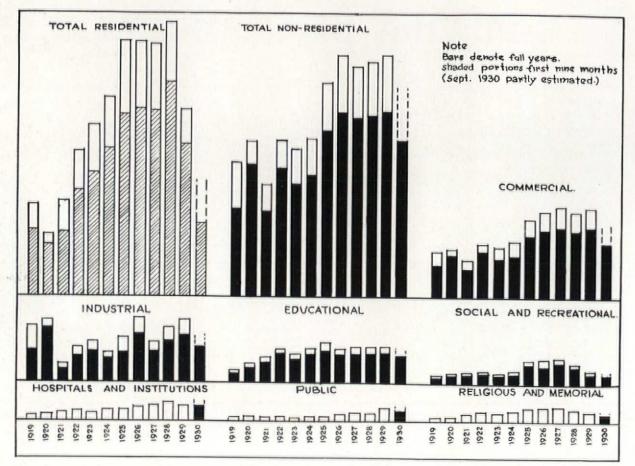
in Tow	
Name	
Street	
City	State

Barreled

91

## NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING IN 27 NORTHEASTERN STATES, BY TYPES (A Comparison with Residential Building)

1919-1930



#### (Continued from page 359, Editorial Section.)

From the record covering more than a decade it may be inferred that the construction of hospitals and institutions, religious and memorial buildings, and social and recreational buildings, which in the aggregate accounted for only 20 per cent of all nonresidential building, has moved pretty much independent of purely economic considerations. Each type seems, however, to have had a cycle of its own which may have been due to activity largely occasioned by donations of various descriptions, the receipt of which, in some measure, has depended upon good business conditions. To a lesser degree, large activity in educational building, has rested also upon contributions though here the growing needs have been largely taken care of by governmental expenditures, either through taxes or bond issues, each reflective of existing general business conditions.

The volume of educational building undertaken in 1930 will approximate conditions of 1924; hospitals and institutions will almost surely exceed 1928, the last previous high year, the total for the first nine months practically equaling the entire year 1929; religious and memorial buildings should just about equal the 1929 total, itself lower than any previous year since 1923; while social and recreational buildings will likely fall to the 1924 level. It is of interest to note that these two latter types of building activity showed continuous expansion throughout the years 1919 to 1927 but for unimportant setbacks in 1923; that for the peak year 1927, each was about three times as large as in 1919; and that since 1927 each has moved downwards to a point where the relative declines are now substantial. Together these two types for the years 1926 and 1927 were more important than educational building and for 1927 about as important as industrial building.

For the first nine months of 1930 industrial building, on a total non-residential volume considerably below 1929, showed a ratio to total of 25 per cent an experience essentially different from that of the three recent previous depression years. That there has been no appreciable change in the relative importance of industrial construction from what has been usual in periods of large general industrial activity may have been due to the same sort of stimulation here which has influenced the construction of public works and utilities, though this latter class of construction has perhaps been faced with a more genuine current demand than has either residential or non-residential building.

In last month's review it was pointed out that no real improvement in general construction may be expected unless revival takes place in residential building. It is very likely that the current depression in residential building will not deepen since the cumula-

# Proud buildings deserve this new Frame with locked sill-joint

New Andersen Master Subsill Frame, showing trade mark die-cut in wood. This frame also is made in solid sill type.



ODAY the architect knows that the New Andersen Master Frame assures him custom frame quality plus a fine accuracy in construction which makes the frame adaptable to his special details. That is why so many leading architects now

new locked sill joint, steep sill slope, adequate wide blind stop provision, guaranteed noiseless pulleys, a type and size for every **STE** 

Andersen

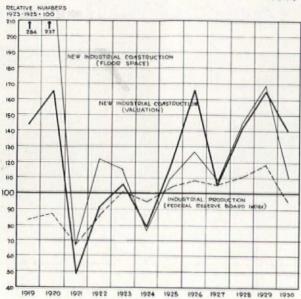
r need. More than 9,000,000 Andersen Frames are in service today, and the new Master Frame is the crowning achievement of 25 years of fine frame building. » \* \* \* \* \* \* \* ANDERSEN FRAME CORPORATION, Bayport, Minnesota, has national distribution through 3,500 leading jobbers and dealers.

**Irames** 

FOR WEATHERTIGHT INSTALLATIONS-USE ANDERSEN SPECIFICATIONS

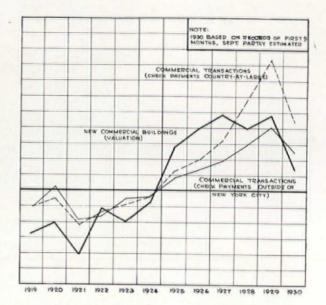
## INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BUILDING IN 27 NORTHEASTERN STATES (A Comparison with Industrial and Commercial Activity)

1919 - 1930



tive relative declines from 1929 for the last three months ended August have been virtually stationary at something under 50 per cent below last year. For non-residential building there still seems to be further recession in sight in the light of the progressive relative declines recorded in the past three months; at the end of August non-residential building was 16 per cent behind the corresponding eight-month total ended August, 1929, at the end of July the decline was 13 per cent, while at mid-year non-residential building was off only 8 per cent. It is therefore highly probable that the remaining months of 1930 may show still further accumulated declines from 1929 as the year draws to a close because the more important types, commercial and industrial, remained at relatively high levels throughout the closing months of 1929. Residential building, on the other hand, is more likely to show better comparisons with 1929 from now on because of the drastic curtailment in this branch during the closing quarter of last year.

Commercial building, with unimportant deviations in 1923 and 1928 showed relatively the same general movements indicated for commercial transactions (check payments) throughout the period from 1919 to 1929, inclusive, except that for the first half of this period commercial building was on a lower plane than commercial transactions while in the latter half it was distinctly above. That there has been some commercial building in the past few years in excess of actual demand may, it seems, be reasonably inferred from this comparison, though, of course, factors of rising land values, obsolescence, and replacement have contributed largely to swell activity in commercial building. On a relative basis it would also appear that new industrial construction-at least during the five years ended 1929-has been expanded beyond demands of increased industrial activity as measured by the industrial production index of the Federal Reserve Board. In the



period from 1921 through 1924 the two movements were in striking agreement, while in 1919 and 1920 industrial construction was far in excess of industrial output just as was the case in 1928 and 1929 and still seems to be the case for 1930.

That wholesale prices for building materials continued downward throughout August and into September in the face of a rising general commodity level due almost entirely to stronger prices for farm products and foods emphasizes the current depression in the construction industries. The general index of building materials is still above the general commodity level. Reports have accumulated to indicate that actual wages under existing union scales in the building trades have been accepted in certain localities; while increased efficiency on the part of building artisans, usually noted in times of slack employment, has operated to lower unit construction costs.

It would appear unlikely that lowered building costs can alone provide a basis for revival in building activity. Space occupancy can no more be doubled by a halving of unit rental costs than can the consumption of meat be increased 100 per cent by a 50 per cent reduction in price, though the demand for food is, to be sure, somewhat more inelastic. Any genuine impetus must come from a closer gearing of supply to demand. In the field of residential building much of "the rough road" has already been traveled but in the principal branches of non-residential building it would appear from the record for 1930 that this movement has only lately begun. Though we speak of easy money, in reality money for the building of projects other than essential is virtually non-existent; especially is this true since lending institutions are known to be tending towards increased conservatism in their desires to appraise better the all-important relationship of supply and demand.

L. SETH SCHNITMAN





CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE—ARCADE HOLABIRD & ROOT, ARCHITECTS

### ARTISTICALLY MODERN

The outstanding harmony between interior design, and—lighting by PEARLMAN is immediately apparent.

All of our facilities are available to the architectural profession for research and consultation. Ask us to send you our series of Lighting Studies in plate form as they appear — no obligation of course. \* \* \*

### Victor S. Pearlman & Company DESIGNERS AND MAKERS OF DISTINCTIVE LIGHTING FIXTURES 533 South Wabash Avenue · CHICAGO

## REVIEWS OF NEW BOOKS

ESTIMATING CONSTRUCTION COSTS. G. Underwood. *McGraw-Hill Co.*, N. Y., 1930; 620 pp. \$6.00.

APPRAISERS AND ASSESSORS MANUAL. Prouty, Collins and Prouty. *McGraw-Hill Co.*, N. Y., 1930; 500 pp. \$5.00.

NEW BUILDING ESTIMATORS' HANDBOOK. William Arthur. Scientific Book Corp., N. Y., 1930; 1024 pp. \$6.00.

These books are all put forth to make estimating easy. Quantity surveying methods and means of computing construction costs are indicated. The first volume contains good charts for rapidly estimating labor time charges on various methods of construction. The second book is primarily for taxation purposes, but offers assistance to the architect and engineer: various building types are analyzed. The third book is a revised edition of an older work.

INSPECTOR'S POCKET BOOK. Austin T. Byrne, revised by S. T. Goldsmith. 244 pp.

A handbook for building inspectors, printed in offset from typewritten sheets. Material is presented in condensed, outline form.

PERSPECTIVE PROJECTION. E. I. Freese. Pencil Points Press, N. Y., 1930; 43 pp.; 10 plates.

This is another of the large group of handbooks that indicate methods of drawing buildings and other objects with horizontal vanishing points. Perspective is not applied to vertical lines as in reality nor is isometric drawing, a far more convincing method of indication, given a single page of comment or illustration. However, simple methods of projection, minimizing drafting, are given ample discussion.

PROMOTING NEW HOTELS. W. I. Hamilton. Harper and Brothers, N. Y., 1930; 158 pp. \$2.50.

This book discusses, first, why (under what conditions) a new hotel building may fail to succeed financially and for good of a community; and second, how to plan a community's hotel development along sound and stable lines. Topics such as, Launching the Typical Community Hotel Project, Securing Business and Common Pitfalls, are covered. The book is not exhaustive in its treatment but worthwhile condensed data are offered.

ENGLISH MONASTERIES IN THE MIDDLE AGES. R. Liddesdale Palmer. Richard R. Smith Publishing House, N. Y., 1930; 233 pp. \$8.00.

A scholarly work presenting an outline of the origins and customs of the monastic orders. Cloisters, churches, extra-claustral buildings are illustrated and building methods discussed. Excellent as a historical document.





STERICK BUILDING, MEMPHIS Architect: Wyatt C. Hedrick, Inc., Fort Worth, Texas. Contractors: Bellows-Maclay Construction Company, Dallas, Texas.

2464 Corbin Unit Locks as used in corridor doors of Sterick Building, Memphis—tallest building in the South. Trinity design escutcheon bears letter "S", and this same letter appears on inside knobs. Finish, light statuary bronze. On the inside of the door plain bronze hardware used in light statuary bronze finish. The Trinity design letter drop is made especially for this building. Light statuary bronze finish with high lights polished.

No. 161<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Corbin cast iron butts are also used, polished and finished in light statuary bronze. Other Corbin items correspond in quality and finish.

P. & F. CORBIN <sup>Since</sup> 1849 NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT, U. S. A, The American Hardware Corp., Successor New York Chicago Philadelphia





New St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Chicago, Ill.

# Another HOSPITAL installs

## RCA CENTRALIZED RADIO

To keep patients in good spirits and to speed them on the road to recovery, hospital directors, superintendents, doctors and architects throughout the United States are installing RCA Centralized Radio

O afford the modern hospital the finest in centralized radio equipment at low cost, RCA offers a centralized receiving system which distributes as many as four different broadcast programs to as many as 5,000 rooms.

By touching a wall switch, the patient can get whichever program he prefers.

RCA Centralized Radio is simple, economical, prevents future wiring costs, and avoids unsightly individual aerials and lead-in connections.



RCA engineers design apparatus to fit the job—the job is never forced to fit the apparatus.

#### Let us prepare Estimates

Descriptive pamphlets of this system and photographs of typical installations are available to architects and hotel executives.

Without any obligation, we shall gladly prepare plans and estimates for installations of any size.

FOR APARTMENTS

Where the use of individual sets in the rooms, plugged into wall outlets, is desired, there is a separate RCA Centralized System especially designed for the independent use of as many as 80 sets of different makes, operated from a single antenna. Additional groups may be operated from other antennae, if desired. The superior reception assured by this system makes for greater tenant satisfaction and higher rentability.

Engineering Products Division, Section A RCA VICTOR COMPANY, INC. 233 Fifth Avenue New York City

**Representatives in Principal Cities** 

Visit the permanent RCA Centralized Radio Exhibit at the RCA-Victor Salon, Boardwalk, Atlantic City

## NOTES IN BRIEF

### FAMOUS ARCHITECTS?

Who are the ten greatest American architects? This question has been raised by President Ricketts of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and referred to THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD. Appropriate candidates for the profession's honor roll are sought so that their names may be inscribed on the stone spandrels of a building which is being erected at Troy, N. Y., to house the school of architecture.

The suggestion that the names should be limited to American architects came from Prof. Joseph Hudnut, Columbia University, in response to an inquiry from President Ricketts. His letter is reprinted herewith:

Dear Mr. Ricketts:

I have talked over the selection of the names of great architects, referred to in your letter, with several members of our staff. They are greatly interested. It seems to me that you ought to confine your selection to architects of the Renaissance, because the names of the greatest architects before that time are for the most part unknown. My suggestion is:

and a second a second a second a second a second	, 00
Brunelleschi	Peruzzi
Palladio	LeNotre
Mansart	Jones
Bramante	Sanmichele
Michelangelo	Wren
Gabriel	McKim

If I were in your place I would confine my selection to American architects. I think that that would be a unique and interesting thing to do, and it seems proper that American architects should, for once, be honored. Besides this would have a certain "publicity value": everyone would ask who these men were and how they happened to be selected from among the mass of architects. You would have a "Hall of Fame," like New York University. That, in turn, would have a good effect upon the status of the architectural profession: people would be surprised to learn that architects were of enough importance to have their names carved upon stone on the facade of a building. Did you know that in the entire world there is only one monument erected to the memory of an architect? 300,000 generals, 400,000 politicians, one architect.

Here are the ten greatest American architects:

Bulfinch	Goodhue
Renwick	Mills
Burnham	Sullivan
Jefferson	La Trobe
Richardson	McKim

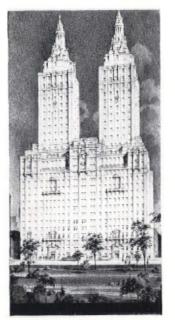
I have included only those who are dead (physically).

Yours very cordially,

Joseph Hudnut

Criticisms, and additions to this list of architects are requested by President Ricketts in order to (Continued on page 100)

WHAT MADE THESE NEW YORK APARTMENT HOUSES EASIER TO RENT?...INCLUDE 11,076 KOHLER FIXTURES AND FITTINGS IN YOUR ANSWER

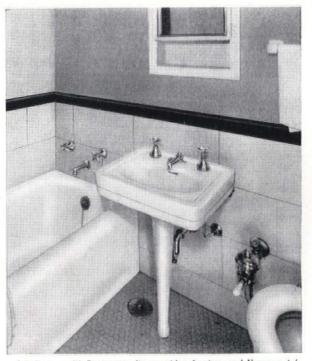


The San Remo, apartment at 74th and 75th Streets and Central Park West, New York City. Emery Roth, Architect. H. R. H. Construction Co., Builders. Sam Minskoff, Plumber. Dimock & Fink Company, Jobbers.

Beresford Apartment House, 81st and 82nd Streets and Central Park West, New York City. Emery Roth, Architect. H. R. H. Construction Co., Builders, Frank B. Lassette, Plumber. E. F. Keating Co., Jobbers.

Apartment at 12 West 81st Street, New York City. Emery Roth, Architect. H. R. H. Construction Co., Builders. Sam Minskoff, Plumber. Dimock & Fink Company, Jobbers. IN NEW YORK or any other place, the bathroom is the most important room in the house. You know it. Home-hunters know it. They look at the bathroom first. They expect, rightly, clear pipes, efficient faucets and drains. They want tubs of good design; lavatories, closets and fittings soundly constructed and in correct taste. They ask for —and get—colors that are clear and uniform.

Architects recognize the trend. Generally, they follow the one wise practice: Specify the kind of fixtures and fittings that good taste, good business instruct. And in the best and finest places going up today—apartment houses never before equaled for size, luxury, and elegance of appointment—all-Kohler installations are increasingly evident. Here,



A bathroom with STANDISH vitreous china lavatory and VICEROY tub each having Kohler Dynamic fittings.

for example, are three recent New York apartments, completely Kohler-equipped, with a total of 11,076 Kohler fixtures and fittings!

It's perfectly logical that all-Kohler installations should make any apartment house or a home easier to rent or sell—especially where competition is severe. If the bathroom and the kitchen are right, the whole place gets credit. High principles in plumbing are evidence of high principles at other critical points. Actual money savings add to the yearly dividends of satisfaction and security.

Kohler Co. Founded 1873. Kohler, Wis.— Shipping Point, Sheboygan, Wis.—Branches in principal cities. . . . Look for the Kohler trade-mark on each fixture and fitting.



XTURE



The Architectural Record, October, 1930

LUMBIN

KOHLER OF KOP



# MODERN

For the

last twelve months the designers and modelers of Jacobson & Company have been at work compiling the material for this new Catalogue. The new models pictured are the creation of our own designing staff, and have been selected for publication as being eminently usable in various types of buildings.

### May we send you your copy, free?

Now that the new Catalogue is printed, bound and ready for distribution, we are presenting a complimentary copy to all recognized architects, builders and decorators.

In order to verify your present address, won't you please drop us a line on your letterhead. Deliveries of the book are made in the same order in which requests are received.

# JACOBSON & COMPANY

239-241 East 44th Street New York

NOTE: Models listed in former catalogues are always available.

### NOTES IN BRIEF-Continued

determine the consensus of opinion in the architectural profession. Suggestions may be sent either to the editorial department of THE ARCHI-TECTURAL RECORD or to Prof. Ralph G. Gulley, dean, Rensselaer School of Architecture, Troy, New York.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS

PHILIP H. JOHNSON, architect and engineer, announces the removal of his offices from the Widener Building to the twenty-second floor of the Architects Building, Seventeenth Street at Sansom, Philadelphia.

G. MASSERA AND A. V. DUPONT have recently arrived from France to practice architecture in this country. Their temporary address is Nemours, Wilmington, Delaware.

SAMUEL MARVIN SMITH, architect, announces the removal of his offices to 615 Shoreham Building, 15th and H Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

GEORGE R. CALLIS, JR., architect, announces the removal of his offices from the eighteenth and nineteenth floors of the Hearst Tower, Baltimore, to his new offices and studio at 13 Melvin Avenue, Catonsville, Maryland, and requests that manufacturers accordingly change their mailing lists.

ERNEST HOWARD YARDLEY, architect, 112 South 16th Street, Philadelphia, wishes to announce that he now has as associates J. Layng Mills of New York and Leon J. Meyung.

#### GEORGE BURDETT FORD

George Burdett Ford, architect and city planner, who died on August 15 was born in 1879 at Clinton, Mass. Mr. Ford was graduated from Harvard University in 1899 and afterward took up engineering and architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and at L'Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris.

Notable in Mr. Ford's work was his service as consultant to the Committee on City Planning of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of New York City and to the Commission on Building Districts and Restrictions. From his work on the latter commission emerged largely the present New York zoning and height regulations. Mr. Ford had been an advisor to the Regional Plan of New York and Its Environs since its inception and was one of a group of planners who made the preliminary study of the region and prepared maps dealing with land uses and means of traffic.

Among the cities he helped to plan were Trenton, Newark, Jersey City, Passaic, Elizabeth, Perth Amboy and East Orange, N. J.; Port Chester, New Rochelle, Mamaroneck, Ossining, Tarrytown, Scarsdale, Mount Kisco and Glen Cove, N. Y.; New Haven, Conn.; Springfield and Worcester, Mass.; Wilmington, Del.; Chester, Pa.; Cincinnati and Dayton, Ohio; Louisville and Lexington, Ky.; Richmond and Norfolk, Va., and Charleston, S. C. (Continued on page 102)



ALTHOUGH Brixment mortar is as smooth as a straight-lime mix, it contains no lime and therefore requires no slaking.

It is a true cement that can be mixed by hand or machine and used as soon as delivered on the job.

One part Brixment and three parts sand alone make a perfect mortar for every kind of masonry.

And as Brixment requires no soaking or slaking, it can be mixed from day to day in any quantity needed. This eliminates the danger of losses due to rain, freezing or unused batches. Louisville Cement Company, Incorporated, Louisville, Kentucky.

CEMENT MANUFACTURERS SINCE 1830



unless you have this new A.I.A. No. 19-A-21 Architects' folder on PHILIPPINE

### INDOAKO WOOD

PERHAPS your very next job will call for wood-paneling of an exceptional kind - the kind only Philippine INDOAKO Wood can provide. To be sure, INDOAKO is fully described in Sweet's Architectural Catalog (on pages B 2543, B 2592), but it's mighty convenient to have full information together in your files.

INDOAKO is steadily gaining in popularity for all types of work: residences, office and public buildings, churches and schools. Paneling is by no means the only use to which this remarkable hardwood is put, although it is there that its beautiful quarter-sawn ribbon grain shows up to greatest advantage. INDOAKO is ideal for all interior trim, flooring, doors, cabinet work, church pews, etc. Its strength and durability, its ease of working and finishing and the excellent sizes in which it is available, combine to make it one of the most adaptable of hardwoods. And it is reasonable in cost, because imported *duty-free* from an American possession. Get all the facts about INDOAKO. The coupon will bring them to you, free of charge.

INDOAKO has no relation to oak whatever, despite its name and the name of its sellers. It is their registered trade name for a tropical hardwood closely resembling and excelling for many purposes, Genuine Mahogany. SEND FOR THIS FILE TODAY

#### INDIANA QUARTERED OAK COMPANY Long Island City, N. Y. 219 East Avenue,

send me for my files, free of charge and without any further obligation on my part, ects' Folder on Philippine INDOAKO Wood, A. I. A. No. 19-A-21. NAME ADDRESS STATE.....

### NOTES IN BRIEF-Continued

### FLAT ROOFS AND DOCTORS

"Although many of us have collaborated with doctors in the planning of hospitals, we have hardly realized yet the importance of their point of view in the arrangement of houses. Lens has a genuine complaint, for he speaks from a personal experience. He lives on the northern edge of St. John's Wood, in an oldish house with a pitched roof, except for one small part 13 ft. square, which has a flat roof. To the latter, access has been made, and for a few pounds Lens has acquired 'a new living room, a new toy, a sleeping place, a solarium and an observatory.' This experience leads him to the declaration, 'All these pitched roofs . . . represent stupid waste of . . . civic area.'

"We have much sympathy with the doctor's point of view. We will summarize the objections to it; as shortly as possible because to do so will seem to our modernist friends like crossing the t and dotting the *i* of obscurantism. A flat roof with a suitable surface for walking on, and protected by a parapet, is dearer than a pitched roof: an airspace between the ceiling and the roof gives insulation from heat in summer and cold in winter; it follows there is less risk of condensation; the tiles or slates covering a pitched roof are rather more reliable than the coverings of a flat roof; the elimination of pitched roofs will cause a wide dislocation of employment. But our main difficulty is with our clients, whom Lens would like us to persuade to his point of view. For our clients usually like sloping roofs, but entirely for sentimental reasons.

'Can we blame our clients for preferring the cheerfulness and assurance of pitched roofs to the dubious delights of sun-bathing with flies, or snoring to thunder; or for holding that any number of Bathshebas fail to banish the impression that German housing schemes look dull?

But in so far as Lens considers there should be closer relations between his profession and ours, both our clients and ourselves agree. We are a nervous generation and health seems to us the prime necessity; just as the soldier moulded the buildings of the Middle Ages, and the gentleman those of the Renaissance, so the doctor's influence is predominant today. Every house-building client must be asked if he wants a solarium, either on the roof or as a recessed veranda or loggia, and even though we retain our slopes over the main blocks, we can form a flat roof in a subsidiary position and make the best of both worlds. . . .'' —From The Architects' Journal

August, 1930

#### A CORRECTION

In the TECHNICAL NEWS section of the September, 1930 issue, the captions under the Savarin Restaurant, Graybar Building, New York City and the Savarin Restaurant, New York Life Insurance Building, should have been credited to The John Van Range Company.

We wish to add that technical information was obtained from Planning Restaurants That Make Money, published by the John Van Range Company.

# **Stedman Reinforced Rubber Tile**

in natural color veinings

offers the complete floor • • quiet, comfortable, and wear-resisting • • with twenty-seven color types permitting unlimited arrangement in design to meet the exacting needs of each interior • • And service from creation to installation, by experts • • A booklet with color charts will be

STEDMAN RUBBER FLOORING COMPANY

SOUTH BRAINTREE, Massachusetts



Grey Walnut Gold Grey with veinings of Walnut and Gold



Walnut Paisley Walnut with veinings of Gold and Cream



sent you gladly.

O.S. Cream with veining of Black



**Black White** Black with veining of White



**Grey** Paisley Grey with veinings of Black and Cream



**Brown Green Paisley** Brown with veinings of Sea Green and Black



White Sea Green White with veining of Sea Green



Black Red Black with veining of Dark Red



Sea Green White Sea Green with veining of White



Dark Red



**Slate Red Paisley** Slate with veinings of Dark Red and Cream



**Brown Black** Brown with veining of Black



**Buff Black** Buff with veining of Black





Napoleon Grey Grey with veinings of Pink, Cream and Black

\*REINFORCED : In the Stedman Process minute cotton filaments, uniting with the rubber under high pressure and heat, are responsible for its unusual re-sistance to wear and distention, its lasting resilience and smooth, impervious surface—characterized by color veinings of remarkable fineness and beauty-



# Achieved by Years of Manufacturing Experience Evidenced in Wide Spread Use

In answer to the modern vogue for color the P-A-X Monophone may now be had, not only in black, but also in a variety of beautiful colors. Made of solid colored synthetic resins with chromium or gold plated fittings. To make QUALITY the determining factor in the selection of efficiency devices for office or factory is no more than just good business. This is why the leaders of American business and industry have consistently selected Strowger P-A-X in preference to all other interior telephone systems. They know that, while it is possible to buy cheaper

equipment, only Strowger P-A-X can be depended upon to render swift, accurate and trouble-free communication service, day after day, and year after year, with a minimum amount of attention.

The quality which is built into Strowger P-A-X is based on definite, tangible facts. The apparatus of which it is constructed is exactly the same in design as those used for public service—made by the same organization and subjected to the same rigid inspections and exhaustive tests—to meet the exacting needs of the world's foremost telephone administrations, for whom reliability is a religion, and long life an economic necessity.

This feature of QUALITY in Strowger P-A-X represents, in the long run, an economy from which your client will benefit long years after the installation is completed. A request for Bulletin 1026 will bring full information promptly.



INCLUDE: Public Automatic Telephone and Signalling Systems Private Automatic Telephone Systems—(Strowger P-A-X Code Signal Systems (Audible and Visual) Fire Alarm Systems Tele-Chec Systems (for Theatres) Watchmen's Supervisory Systems Railway Communication Equipment Marine Telephone & Signalling Systems Miscellaneous Telephone and Signal Accessories

Engineered, Designed and Manufactured by

Automatic Electric Inc.

Factory and General Offices: 1033 West Van Buren St., Chicago, U. S. A.

SALES AND SERVICE OFFICES Los Angeles: Boston: Cleveland: St. Paul: New York: Atlanta: Detroit: Kansas City: Philadelphia GENERAL EXPORT DISTRIBUTORS—The Automatic Electric Company, Ltd., Chicago: IN CANADA—Independent Sales & Engineering Company, Ltd., Vancouver: IN AUSTRALASIA—Automatic Telephones, Ltd., Sidney: IN JAPAN—Automatic Telephones Ltd. of Japan, Tokyo. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES—American Electric Company, Inc., Chicago: International Automatic Telephone Company, Ltd., London: Automatic Telephone Manufacturing Company, Ltd., Liverpool: The New Antwerp Telephone & Electric Works, Antwerp

Strowger P-A-X is avail-

able in capacities to meet

the needs of business and

industrial organizations of every size from those requiring a half dozen tele-

phones or less, to those

needing several hundred.

# MODERNISTIC

Five exclusive Modernistic designs by Russwin are shown on this page. The illustrations are about one third size. Russwin, acknowledged originator of distinctive Modernistic hardware of the finest metals (Bronze or Brass), is constantly adding to its line, thus keeping pace with all that is new and authentic in architectural thought and design. Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company (The American Hardware Corporation, Successor), New Britain, Connecticut —New York, Chicago, London.

# creations in HARDWARE \* by RUSSWIN











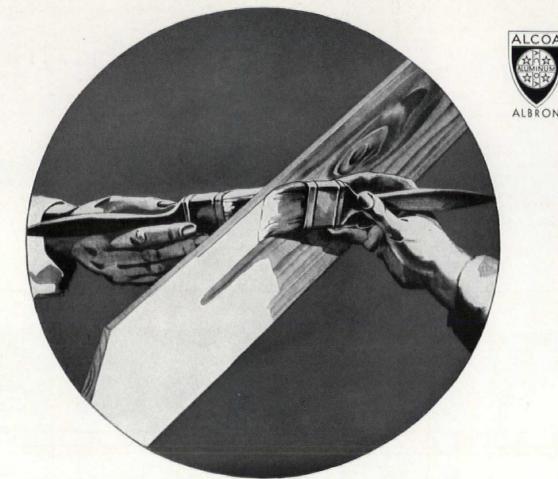


For the architect's convenience, Russwin Hardware is illustrated and described in Sweet's Catalogue – pages C-3137; C-3216.



Hardware that lasts - Base Metals of Bronze or Brass

ALUMINUM PAINT-THE COAT OF METAL PROTECTION



# Both sides of lumber absorb moisture-Prime both with Aluminum Paint

Don't overlook the fact that lumber has *two* sides. When you prime one side only you have done but half of the real priming job. Moisture penetrates wood from both sides.

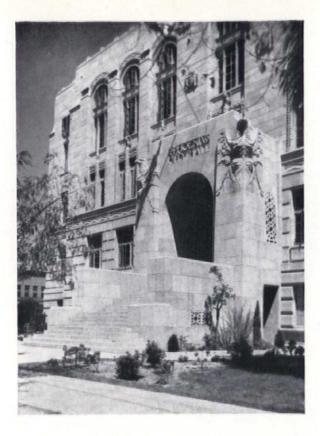
Specify *priming* and *back-priming* with aluminum paint. Then you are sure of a finished paint job that is really permanent. You are sure that the beauty of the paint and the beauty of the architectural detail will not be ruined by warping and checking of the lumber.

Tests have clearly shown the superior moistureproofing efficiency of aluminum paint. Many aluminum primed houses are four-square testimonials to this fact. The *coat of metal protection* formed by the pure Alcoa Aluminum pigment retards moisture penetration—keeps the moisture content of lumber from rapid changes—provides an excellent "tooth" for top coats.

Aluminum Company of America does not sell paint. But aluminum paint made with satisfactory vehicles and Alcoa Albron Powder may be purchased from most reputable paint manufacturers, jobbers and dealers. Be sure the pigment portion is Alcoa Albron and is so designated.

Let us send you the booklet, "Aluminum Paint, the Coat of Metal Protection". Address ALUMINUM COMPANY of AMERICA; 2467 Oliver Building, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA.

ALCOA ALBRON POWDER FOR ALUMINUM PAINT



A monument which could be achieved only

### in

TERRA COTTA which affords opportunity to employ color texture and monumental sculpture.

NATIONAL TERRA COTTA SOCIETY 230 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK

Maricopa Co. Court House, Phoenix City Hall, Phoenix, Arizona. Edward F. Nield-Rescher & Mahoney, Associated Architects.

107

# CRITTALL CASEMENTS

# Used Throughout The Hammond First National Bank Building

First National Bank Building, Hammond, Ind., Weary & Alford, Architects As AN example of the effective use of Crittall Casements in a modern office building, the home of the First National Bank in Hammond, Indiana, is extremely interesting from an architectural standpoint. Not only have Crittall Casements been employed in beautifying the ornamental portions—but also they have been installed throughout the entire building!

In the banking quarters, in the exclusive shops and in the private offices Crittall Casements serve a utilitarian as well as an artistic purpose. They provide abundant light—proper ventilation and perfect protection against wind and weather. In addition, these sturdy steel windows operate easily and are free from sticking or rattling.

Today, Crittall windows are being more widely used than ever before. Built by the largest manufacturer of metal casements—with factories all over the world — they are available for all types of buildings.

Three separate and complete lines are offered. Stanwin and Norman Casements are stocked in standardized styles and sizes—while Universal Casements are built to order in either steel or bronze.

Refer to our complete catalog in Sweet's—pages A1131 to A1200—for details and specifications.

CRITTALL CASEMENT WINDOW CO. 10944 Hern Avenue Detroit, Michigan

> STANWIN CASEMENTS NORMAN CASEMENTS UNIVERSAL CASEMENTS

-----

Cal

-----

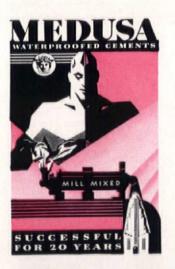
Set

0

n

# WATERPROOFING AND PORTLAND CEMENT DELIVERED IN ONE BAG

GOOD waterproofed concrete is made with a Portland cement that has the waterproofing material ground with cement clinker during manufacture. Such waterproofing is correct in amount and is uniformly distributed. Delivered in one bag, it saves time, labor and supervision on the job. It removes human hazards associated with job-mixing waterproofing and Portland cement. Anyone who can make good concrete can make good waterproofed concrete with Medusa Waterproofed



Cements (white or gray). Best of all, it will be permanent. This is proved by 20 years of successful use.



Only Medusa Portland Cements — Waterproofed — have these qualifications. If you have a waterproofing problem at the present time, please remember that our technical department is ready to co-operate without obligation. You can also secure latest data on the subject of waterproofing concrete and mortar in our book "How to Make Good Waterproofed Concrete." Send for this book today.

MEDUSA PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY 1002 ENGINEERS BUILDING , CLEVELAND, OHIO





Medusa Products — Medusa Gray Portland Cement (Plain and Waterproofed); Medusa White Portland Cement (Plain and Waterproofed); MedusaWaterproofing (Powder or Paste); Medusa Portland Cement Paint and Medusa-Mix, The Masonry Cement

# NOW 24 - HOUR PROTECTION DIEBOLD-LAKE ERIE TEAR GAS BY DAY... A DIEBOLD BANK VAULT BY NIGHT

DIEBOLD VAULTS close banks to bandits at night—now Diebold-Lake Erie Tear Gas disarms bandits in broad daylight! At night crooks despair of opening a Diebold Vault Door when it is closed and fully checked. They have thrown away their electric arcs and their nitroglycerin, and use firearms instead. Now they are daylight bandits—dangerous felllows, that take a bank unawares while its vaults are open and its valuables unlocked. Armed to the teeth, they're a menace to *life* as well as property. \* \* Diebold has turned its attention to *bank protection even while the Diebold Vault Door is open*. Today, with harmless but effective tear gas, we protect banks, their property, employees, and patrons against bandits. This tear gas renders the bandit helpless instantly, and keeps him that way until the police arrive. \* \* The Diebold-Lake Erie Tear Gas installation is so arranged that it will completely cover the room in a few seconds. Any teller can set it off—even with his hands above his head. The bandit is captured then and there. No one is hurt. No money is lost. \* \* We now present 24-hour bank protection—Diebold-Lake Erie Tear Gas by day—Diebold Bank Vault by night. Write for booklet on tear gas installation and full particulars.





#### signing the decorations for the Central Park Casino, selected Black Carrara for the low ceilings of this brilliant room.

### CEILINGS THAT SEEM TO DISAPPEAR!

THE lines of the low-walled room go on and up, disappearing in mysterious, subdued reflections. Mirror-like, polished, gleaming, these ceilings in the Central Park Casino snare and hold a glowing beauty in their depths. Such ceilings are new, fascinating.

Only Carrara Glass can give beauty like this, and at the same time offer so many *practical* advantages. For, in addition to its endless possibilities for modern decorative effects, Carrara Glass is strong, free from imperfections, uniform in thickness; has a hardness that is impervious to chemicals and water. Its highly polished surface is easily kept clean and sanitary.

Whether your specifications can best be met by Black Carrara, White Carrara, or white, rippled-surfaced Frostex, you will find the same high qualities in each. All three types of Carrara may be obtained in convenient size slabs, handled and installed like marble. For complete information on this structural material of new beauty, inquire of our branch warehouse in your city. Or write the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, Carrara Department, Grant Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARRARA Modern Structural Glass

# The New Dahlquist **Turbo-Aquatherm**



Automatic Gas Unit with Side Arm



(U. S. Patent No. 1,762,215 June 10, 1930)

Experts have long recognized that the ordinary hot water boiler serves as an efficient sediment trap. This is due to the fact that it contains a relatively large volume of quiet water and hence any sediment or insoluble matter which normally remains in suspension in the water lines gradually sinks to the bottom of the boiler.

This continual accumulation of sediment is one of the greatest enemies of the efficient satisfactory operation of the hot water boiler. If allowed to accumulate long enough it will cause surges of rusty muddy water in the hot water line and in the case of underfired or automatic storage units, it forms an insulating blanket on the bottom between the water and the metal itself which is the greatest cause of burnouts. Furthermore hot water accumulated in the ordinary boiler becomes stagnant and unsuitable for domestic purposes.

## The TURBO-AQUATHERM

(U. S. Patent . 1,762,215 June 10, 1930)

In order to absolutely prevent the accumulation of sediment which is the great enemy of the efficiency and life of hot water boilers, Theodore W. Dahlquist has invented a device called the TURBO-AQUATHERM which takes advantage of the velocity of the incoming cold water to create a suction

> and a whirl which constantly sweeps and scours the bottom of the boiler carrying every particle of foreign matter out of the system. No sediment can ever accumulate in the Dahlquist TURBO-AQUATHERM Copper Boiler and the water is always as fresh as that in the cold water lines and may be safely used for cooking as well as for other nousehold purposes. Furthermore the danger of burnouts in automatic storage and underfired systems is eliminated and the thermal efficiency of the boiler is greatly increased. The accompanying sketch shows clearly the action of the TURBO-AQUATHERM which may be had with little additional cost on all Dahlquist range boilers and automatic storage.

> Write now for full particulars regarding this revolutionary improvement in hot water boilers.



Arrows show action of Arrows show action or water when drawn thru TURBO-AQUATHERM scouring bottom of boiler and preventing any ac-cumulation of sediment



Ask for ull information regarding the Dahlquist complete line of copper range boilers. Copper, gas, electric and oil combinations. Copper, automatic storage systems and large industrial units for all purposes

30 West 3rd Street



NIROSTA METAL PROVIDES MAXIMUM DUCTILITY AND RESISTANCE-ONLY OBTAIN-ABLE WHEN PROCESSED UNDER KRUPP NIROSTA PATENTS BY THESE LICENSEES:

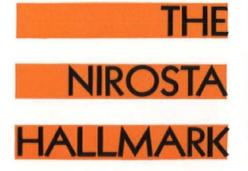
> ACME STEEL COMPANY AMERICAN FORGE CO. THE BABCOCK & WILCOX TUBE CO. BACON & MATHESON FORGE CO. THE CALORIZING COMPANY THE CHAPMAN VALVE MFG. CO. CHROME ALLOY PRODUCTS, INC. CLEVELAND ALLOY PRODUCTS. CO. CRUCIBLE STEEL COMPANY OF AMERICA

> OF AMERICA DETROIT SEAMLESS STEEL TUBES COMPANY HENRY DISSTON & SONS, INC. DRIVER-HARRIS COMPANY THE DURIRON COMPANY, INC. ELECTRIC STEEL FOUNDRY CO. A. FINKL & SONS CO. FIRTH-STERLING STEEL COMPANY GLOBE STEEL TUBES CO. GRIFFIN MANUFACTURING CO. HEPPENSTALL COMPANY MICHIANA PRODUCTS CORP. MILWAUKE STEEL COMPANY MICHIANA PRODUCTS CORP. MILWAUKE STEEL FOUNDRY CO. MORRIS & BAILEY DIVISION,

MILWAUKEE STEEL FOUNDRY CO, MONARCH FOUNDRY COMPANY MORRIS & BAILEY DIVISION, AMERICAN STEEL & WIRE CO. THE NEWTON STEEL CO. THE NEWTON STEEL CO. PACIFIC FOUNDRY CO., LTD. PENNSYLVANIA FORGE CORP. PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY REPUBLIC STEEL COMPANY SHARVINGAN STAINLESS STEEL A

PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY REPUBLIC STEEL CORPORATION SHARON STEEL HOOP COMPANY SHARON STEEL HOOP COMPANY SHAWINIGAN STAINLESS STEEL & ALLOYS, LIMITED SPANG-CHALFANT & CO., INC. ST. JOSEPH ELEC. STEEL CSTGS. CO. STANDARD ALLOY COMPANY THE STANLEY WORKS SUMMERILL TUBING COMPANY WM. J. SWEET FOUNDRY CO. THE SYMINGTON COMPANY MM. J. SWEET FOUNDRY CO. THE SYMINGTON COMPANY THE VALINGFORD STEEL CO. TEXAS ELEC. STEEL CASTINGS CO., UNION DRAWN STEEL CO. WARMAN STEEL CASTING CO., LTD. WASHINGTON IRON WORKS THE WEST STEEL CASTING CO.

BARS-CASTINGS-FORGINGS-PLATES-SHEETS - STRIP-TUBING-WIRE-AND INNUMERABLE FINISHED PRODUCTS THROUGH FABRICATORS



HE carat mark in gold the sterling symbol on silver—and now a great new hallmark. The interlaced triangles of Nirosta! (A) Look for this hallmark on every piece of high chrome nickel material you purchase. It identifies Nirosta the metal of permanent lustre, NIROSTA METAL PRODUCED IN AMERICA UNDER KRUPP NIROSTA

KRUPP NIROSTA LICENSE WITH COÖPERATION OF THE KRUPP RESEARCH STAFF

supreme in workability among chrome nickel steel alloys, more resistant to corrosion than any other alloy. A Krupp-Nirosta processes are the outgrowth of world-wide scientific research. Nirosta's perfection means economy for you—lower fabricating costs, finer finished jobs,

"NIROSTA" AND THE INTERLACED TRIANGLES ARE THE TRADE-MARKS FOR HIGH-CHROMIUM NICKEL STEEL ALLOYS PRODUCED UNDER PATENTS OF KRUPP NIROSTA COMPANY, INC.

greater life in tough applications. Forty-eight producers have equipped to serve you. Only through these licensed companies can Nirosta be obtained. KRUPP NIROSTA COMPANY, INC. Headquarters and Exhibit Room, 2638 New York Central Building, New York, N. Y.

# EXTERIOR LIGHTING FIXTURES by SMYSER-ROYER



## --- From your own original designs

For almost a century, leading architects have called upon Smyser-Royer craftsmen to reproduce original designs in iron, or bronze (and now aluminum). Fine workmanship and intelligent interpretation of specifications have become a Smyser-Royer tradition.

### -or Selected from our comprehensive catalogue

If an original design is not required, our catalogue offers a wide selection of artistic designs in iron, bronze and aluminum. Sweet's Catalogue, Section D, pages 5334 to 5344 also illustrates over two-hundred styles of Smyser-Royer exterior fixtures.

SMYSER-ROYER COMPANY, Main Office and Works, York, Pa. Philadelphia Office, 1700 WALNUT STREET

# MacARTHUR Standard Piles Need No Permanent Casing — Because Good Concrete is Used and Compressed

as shown by this slice, 17<sup>8</sup> in diameter and 3<sup>8</sup> thick, cut from a typical MacARTHUR Compressed Concrete Pile driven for the Milwaukee County Court House, Milwaukee, Wise., *A. Randolph Ross, Architect.* 



 $\mathbf{G}^{\text{OOD}}$  concrete, compressed by the MacARTHUR method, insures piles of greater bearing capacity. The rough concrete is intimately bonded with surrounding soil.

Performance of MacARTHUR Piles and the MacARTHUR organization has built a reputation for efficiency and economy. *Naturally* big jobs are turned over to MacARTHUR—jobs such as Goodyear-Zeppelin Airship Factory and Dock, Pennsylvania R. R., National Tube, American Enka, Canadian Pacific R. R., Pacific Gas & Electric Co., Calif, etc.

We would welcome the opportunity of submitting additional facts.



Gilles Drilling Corporation (an affiliated company) will welcome the opportunity to submit estimates on core borings or soundings of any description.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930



1929 — No settlement with 60 tons on 1 MacArthur Pile. Jersey Central Power & Light Co., So. Amboy, N. J., J. J. Hyndes, Cons. Supt.



1919 — At Montreal, 65 tons on one pile caused no settlement. Contract for Montreal Harbour Comms., F. W. Cowie, Ch. Eng.



1916 — This 70 ton test made on 1 Mac-Arthur Pile at Port Arthur, Texas. No settlement. Wm. B. Ittner & Assoc., St. Louis, Archts. and Engrs.



1911 — 102 tons on 3 MacArthur Piles. No settlement. Oregon & Wash'n. R. R. & Nav. Co., Seattle, Wash'n., J. R. Holman, Eng.

#### Check your requirements against MacArthur qualifications:

Product	• • • proven
Experience .	20 years
Equipment	
Resources	. unlimited
Personnel .	capable
Clientele	. illustrious
Responsibility	. demonstrated
Engineering .	sound
Performance	100%
Speed	record-breaking

# LIGHT WEIGHT CHANNELS are installed as stair stringers in Pittsburgh's Cathedral of Learning



WHEN the Cathedral of Learning, magnificent new edifice of the University of Pittsburgh, was planned several years ago, it was decided to make it an outstanding example of modern building design and to employ in the construction of it only the finest building materials. This plan has been carried out in every detail and includes the installation of 10 inch J & L Light Weight Rolled Steel Channels as stringers in all stairways.

The advantages of J & L Light Weight Channels-the saving in weight, ease of fabrication and installation, and neat appearance of the finished jobappeal to architects and engineers for all types of stair construction, from small installations in homes to the large stairways in buildings like the Cathedral of Learning.



Stairway construction in the Cathedral of Learning, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Architect: Charles Z. Klauder, Philadelphia. Contractor:

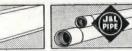
Stone & Webster Engineering Corp. Fabricator of Stairs:

The Sommerville Co., Pittsburgh (Note the neat fitting mitres and the pleasing ap-plication of the decorative molding to the J & L Light Weight Channel Stringers.)

### **JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CORPORATION** AMERICAN IRON AND STEEL WORKS

JONES & LAUGHLIN BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

Sales Offices: Atlanta Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Detroit Denver Erie Los Angeles Memphis Milwaukee Minneapolis New York Philadelphia Pittsburgh St. Louis San Francisco Washington Warebouses: Chicago Cincinnati Detroit \*Memphis Pittsburgh \*Distributing Warebouse for Pipe, Wire Products, Sheets, Spikes and Bars for Concrete Reinforcement Canadian Representatives: JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL PRODUCTS COMPANY, Pittsburgh, Pa., U. S. A., and Toronto, Ont., Canada









J&L JUNIOR BEAMS

JAL STEEL PIPE

J&L LIGHT CHANNELS

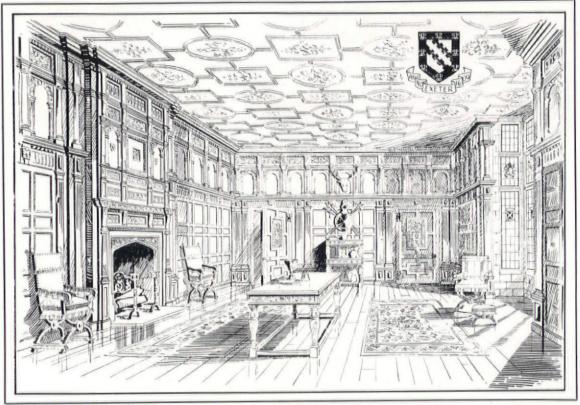
10"- 8.0 lbs. 10"- 8.8 lbs.

12"-10.6 lbs.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

116

# An ELIZABETHAN ROOM from OXFORD



Orignal Room in slock in New York

N THE YEAR 1316 the Lord High Treasurer to Edward II, Walter de Stapledon, founded the Hall which was later to be known as Exeter College; and it is from this richly historical building the splendid Elizabethan Room depicted above was removed some seventy five years ago.

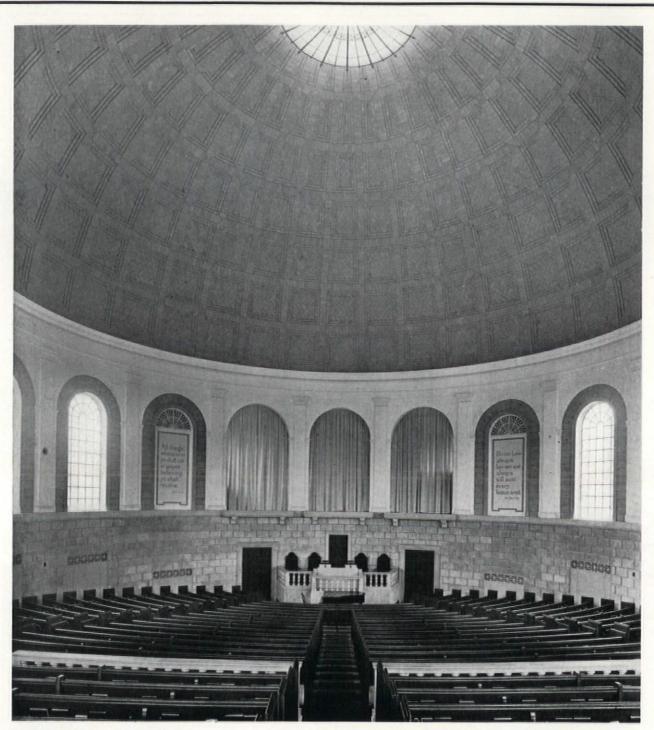
It is a long story, the chequered career of the panelling after its dispersal and gradual collection by Mr. Roberson till today, when it stands one of the very finest examples of Elizabethan oak panelling in this country.

Mr. Roberson wishes to remind his architect clients that he has twelve antique panelled rooms of various periods on exhibition in New York and is pleased to place the resources of his studio at their disposal to show how any of these antique rooms or modern reproductions of the same can be adapted to their particular needs.

## CHARLES ROBERSON of LONDON

24 East 67th Street NEW YORK CITY

Rhinelander 8799



FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTIST CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS

BIGELOW, WADSWORTH, HUBBARD & SMITH ARCHITECTS

COFFERED CEILING DOME OF GUASTAVINO TIMBREL TILE VAULTING FORMING ROOF CONSTRUCTION. THE SOFFIT COURSE OF **AKOUSTOLITH** TILE HAS THE HIGHEST SOUND ABSORBING COEFFICIENT OF ANY MASONRY MATERIAL



# Banish Thirsty Air ... in the homes you plan

THIS BOOKLET TELLS YOU HOW

This book fully describing the Doherty-Brehm Humidifier, should be in every architect's files. It is yours for the asking. Write for it.

You wouldn't think of living in a house without temperaturecomfort. You wouldn't think of planning one for a client without modern heating. Yet, because there

has heretofore been no economical simple way of providing humidity-comfort and humidity-health, you've lived in, and planned houses for your clients, without provision for correct humidity.

Now there is a way . . . the Doherty-Brehm Humidifier. It completely solves a many-years' search of engineers for a way to banish Thirsty Air. Automatically, silently, constantly, it supplies the correct amount of moisture to the air in any home with radiator heat—steam, hot water, or vapor.

Into hundreds of fine homes, it is bringing the breath of spring-time all through months of winter. It is giving fresh, moist air in every room, comfort and healthfulness throughout the house. Architects throughout the country are specifying it for living comfort in the homes they plan.

To provide this comfortable and healthful atmosphere, the Doherty-Brehm Humidifier evaporates astonishing quantities of water—20 to 100 gallons a day! There is a size and type for every home heated with radiators. One of these humidifying radiators centrally located will properly moisten the air of an entire house or an individual apartment.

Both a heating and a humidifying unit, the Doherty-Brehm Humidifier is installed in the heating system like an ordinary radiator and needs no more attention. No pans to fill; no belts, fans, or motors; no noise, steam, or odor. Enclosed in a charming console of wood or metal in keeping with furnishings of finest homes. Or it can be recessed in a wall.



\$150 to \$225, f. o. b. factory, installation extra, in beautiful metal cabinet. Supplied also for recessing in wall. Types and sizes for any building heated by steam, hot water, or vapor. Water fed in at the top spreads out over horizontal first section, the overflow going down and spreading out over the second section, and so on until the last section is reached.

### Sold on the CRANE Budget Plan

It is sold through dependable heating and plumbing contractors by **CRANE** Branches on the *Crane Budget Plan for 10% down, the balance monthly.* See it at Crane Exhibit Rooms. Ask us to send literature or a representative to explain it fully.

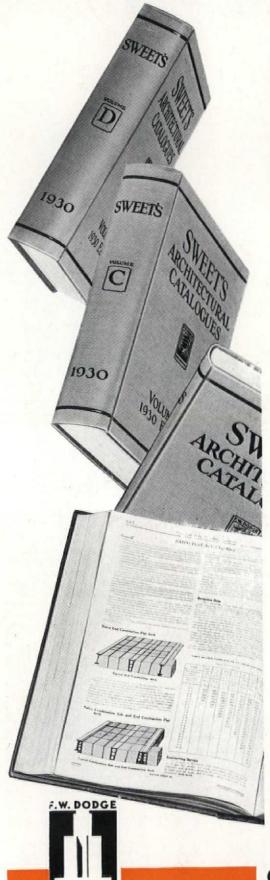
D O H E R T Y - B R E H M C O. 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago

# HUMIDIFIER

# SWEET'S EDITORIAL POLICY

1

119 WEST 40th STREET



T is the function of Sweet's Catalogue Service to file, in their most useful form, the catalogues of approved concerns offering products or services in certain well defined fields.

Obviously, such catalogues, to be of maximum value not only to such concerns but to users as well, should present all essential information accurately and in the most easily used sequence and arrangement.

In carrying out this policy and in accordance with the contract with all clients, Sweet's Catalogue Service reserves the right to edit or exclude catalogues, illustrations, statements, figures or words that, in its opinion:

- Are fraudulent or contrary to fact.
- 2 Are ambiguous in wording and therefore potentially misleading.
- 3 Contain uncalled-for reflections on competitors, their products or services.
- 4 Contain half truths or give partial descriptions that create an unduly favorable impression.
- 5 Assert either side of controversial claims as true.
- 6 Use avoidable superlatives and meaningless generalities.
- 7 Are so worded as to make a dealer or representative appear as a manufacturer.

Sweet's Catalogue Service, however, cannot and does not guarantee the absolute accuracy of statements appearing in catalogues filed in volumes of Sweet's Catalogues. It does strive to secure accuracy by employing experienced and competent men in its Consulting, Editorial and Copy Departments and all copy furnished for publication must pass the scrutiny of these men.

.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

N.Y.

S CATALOGUE SERVICE DIVISION OF F. W. DODGE CORPORATION

NEW YORK

CORPORATIO

# A. D. T. Protects Modern Theatres

N leading theatres, where positive protection against fire is essential to human safety, A.D.T. Central Station Services are constantly on guard.

ALEXAND

GRAND

R BUNCHUK UCTING CHESTRA

At Loew's Jersey City Theatre, for instance, positive protection is provided by A. D. T. Central Station Watchman's Compulsory Tour and Fire Alarm Service.

A. D. T. Systems operate through A. D. T. Central Stations serving more than 240 communities. They are also provided for local owner operation. Write for architects' catalog.

Controlled Companies of American District Telegraph Company 155 Sixth Ave., New York, N. Y. Loew's Theatre, Jersey City, N. J. Rapp & Rapp, Architects N. Masem & Son, Builders Hoffman & Elias, Elec. Contractors

Landmarks of Modern Protection



THE MODERNISTIC MOVEMENT Plate 3

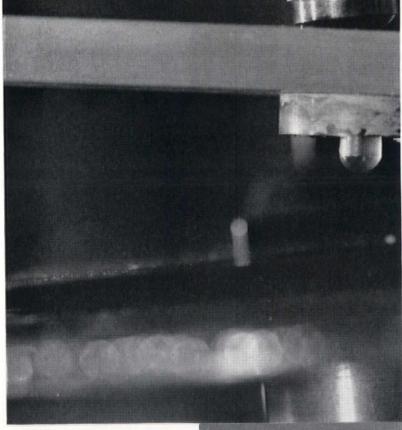
In the Hudson Store, Newcomb-Endicott Building, Detroit, is a children's barber shop known as Circus Land. The design, as created

by the architects, Smith, Hinchman & Grylls, is unmistakably modern in character. Only the entrance is shown on this page, but that perhaps is the most unique feature of the interior. This entrance of Roman Travertine is but one part of a very large installation of marble, all of which was finished in our shops.

VERMONT MARBLE COMPANY-PROCTOR, VT.

Branches in larger cities See Sweet's Architectural Catalogues for Specifications and other data

VERMONT MARBLE



The Pfund Hardness Tester A plate is coated with the paint film. On the center of the arm above is a cylinder of clear quartz. Weights are placed on one end of the arm and the quartz is forced into the film. The diameter of the impression so made is measured by a microscope. This is expressed in weight in grams needed to produce an impression a definite number of millimeters in diameter.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

Δ

RNISHE

S

### THE QUARTZ

### FINGER NAIL

H<sup>OW</sup> hard is a paint or varnish film? "That's easy," the practical man says, as he tests the film with his finger nail. "I guess it's hard enough."

But in establishing a standard of hardness for their finishing products, du Pont chemists use a mechanical finger nail in the scientifically designed instrument pictured here, which provides a standard means of grading hardness in exact terms now or 50 years from now.

This is one of many examples of the lengths to which du Pont goes in scientifically determining the exact properties of du Pont products. Knowing what qualities are desired in a paint, du Pont chemists spend months and years in examining raw materials . . . trying different combinations of ingredients . . . and observing the finished product in actual use. This is known as *Pre-testing*, the basic principle behind all du Pont manufacture.

Pre-testing is your assurance of original high quality . . . of uniformly maintained quality through the years. It is your reason for specifying du Pont finishes inside and out.

#### \* \* \*

We invite your inquiry about du Pont paints, varnishes, enamels, Duco, and other finishing products. Our architectural division is equipped to deal intelligently and quickly with special problems regarding application, decorative effects and technique.

Write to Dept. AR10, E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., at any of these addresses: 1616 Walnut Street, Philadelphia; 2100 Elston Avenue, Chicago; Everett Station, No. 49, Boston; 1 Balfour Bldg., 351 California Street, San Francisco.

AINTS

MELS

A

P

. . DUCO

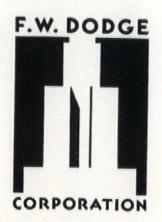
# Typical of the Research Studies

appearing monthly in The RECORD is the article in this issue, entitled "Physical Properties of Glass; Permeability to Visible Radiation."

# FIR ST PRIZE

in the A.B.P., Inc. awards for Editorial Excellence under the classification "Best Article, Series of Articles, or News Report," was recently conferred upon ROBERT L. DAVISON of The RECORD staff for the "Technical News and Research" series running throughout 1929. Study of the article appearing in this issue will illustrate the basis on which the jury made their award—architects; appreciating the value of exhaustive research studies on specific types of construction, and manufacturers realizing that through this creative service a new avenue of contact with the members of the architectural profession has been opened to them.

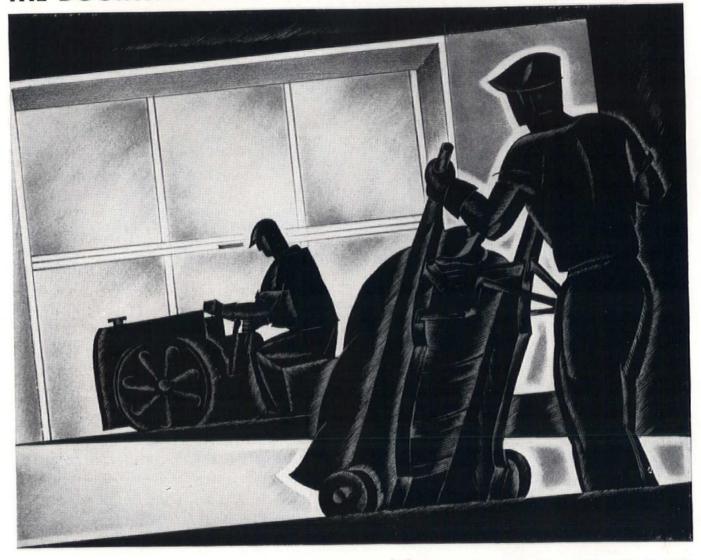


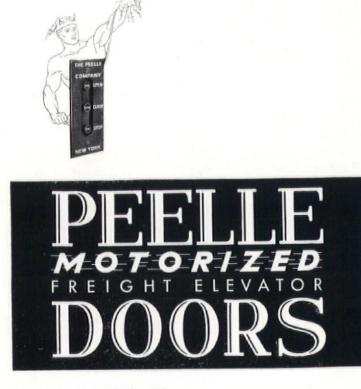


The Architectural Record, October, 1930

The ARCHITECTURAL RECORD is a member of A.B.C. and of A.B.P., Inc.

## THE DOORWAY OF AMERICA'S FREIGHT ELEVATOR TRAFFIC

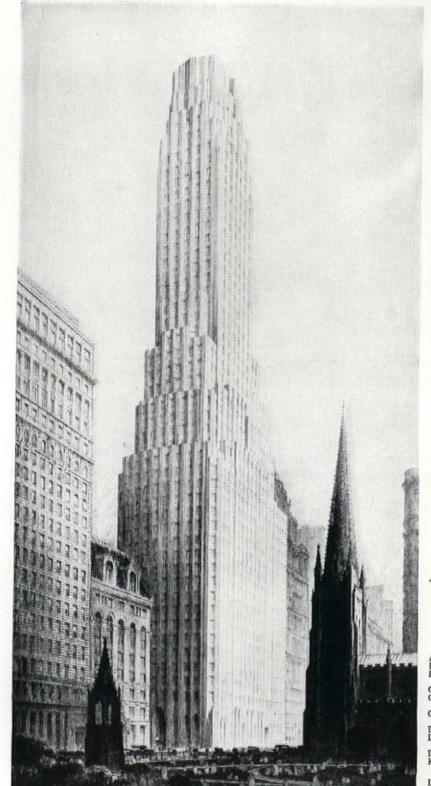




**Iabor** ... push ... pull ... lift ... lower ... burdens take toll of brawn. Human energy once cheapest is now the most costly. The development of industry has paralleled the lessening of labor. In the field of vertical transportation, Peelle Doors have eliminated the drag of physical effort. Providing automatic ease of entrance and exit at the shaftway, they have replaced brawn with an electric button, muscles with motors—helped increase the speed and load capacity of interior traffic. Motorized at a finger-touch—they link floor to floor in a smooth, safe road for men and freight. For over a quarter of a century architects have specified and industry relied on the efficient and economical performance of Peelle Doors. Write for catalog, or consult our engineers.

THE PEELLE COMPANY, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Atlanta and 30 other cities In Canada: Toronto and Hamilton, Ontario

# Specify "Youngstown" for permanence



WHETHER it is a specification for steel pipe, steel sheets or rigid steel conduit, the name "Youngstown" written into the specifications is the soundest insurance of the permanence of any installation necessitating the use of these products.

Today, Youngstown Steel Pipe, Youngstown-Buckeye Conduit and Youngstown Sheets are being used in modern buildings in ever increasing quantities simply because their performance records have convinced architects and engineers the country over that the name "Youngstown" on these products insures lifetime permanence.

If you are confronted with any problems relative to these products you are invited to call the nearest Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company office where you will receive the prompt, courteous attention of a specialist, and, of course, without the slightest obligation.

#### THE YOUNGSTOWN SHEET AND TUBE COMPANY One of the oldest manufacturers of copper-steel, under the well-known and established trade name "Copperoid" General Offices-Youngstown, Ohio

DISTRICT SALES OFFICES

ATLANTA-Healey Bldg. BOSTON-80 Federal St. BUFFALO-Liberty Bank Bldg. CHICAGO-Conway Bldg. CINCINNATI-Union Trust Bldg. CLEVELAND-Terminal Tower Bldg. DALLAS-Magnolia Bldg. DENVER-Continental Oil Bldg. DETROIT-Fisher Bldg. KANSAS CITY, MO.-COMMERCE Bldg.

GALVANIZED SHEETS PROTECT

MEMPHIS-P. O. Box 462 MINNEAPOLIS-Andrus Bldg. NEW ORLEANS-Hibernia Bldg. NEW YORK-30 Church St. PHILADEL PHIA-Franklin Trust Bldg. PITTSBURGH-Olivet Bldg SAN FRANCISCO-55 New Montgomery St. SEATTLE-Central Bldg. ST. LOUIS-525 Louderman Building YOUNGSTOWN-Sambaugh Bldg. YE-The Youngstown Steel

LONDON REPRESENTATIVE – The Youngstown Steel Products Co., Dashwood House, Old Broad St. London, E. C. England

Irving Trust Company Building at One Wall Street, New York City, is piped for permanence with Youngstown steel pipe.

Architects-VOORHEES, GMELIN & WALKER Mechanical Engineers-MEYER, STRONG & JONES Bailders-MARC EIDLITZ & SON Plumbing Contractor-JOHN WEIL PLUMBING CO.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

SAVE

# Alberene Stone Spandrels Provide Pleasing Color Harmony with Limestone



This illustration shows ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS at 33rd floor level of the new Newark & Essex Bank Building, Newark, N. J., John H. & Wilson C. Ely, Architects. Starrett Bros. & Eken, Inc., General Contractors

### A Natural Color that Grows More Beautiful with Age

THE perpetual beauty of ALBERENE STONE (SOAPSTONE) is assured. As years pass it weathers to pleasing tones of darker blue and green with glints of yellow.

### Economical-Weatherproof

ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS are free for all time of maintenance costs. No sand blasting, no painting, no repairs—durable beyond question. The original Soapstone trim on the exterior of Independence Hall, Philadelphia, has successfully withstood the attacks of the elements for 200 years.

See details and other information overleaf



Tower portion of Newark & Essex Bank Building. ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS used at 32nd and 33rd floor levels—on all four elevations.

ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS THIN SLABS OF NATURAL STONE - BEAUTIFUL - ENDURING

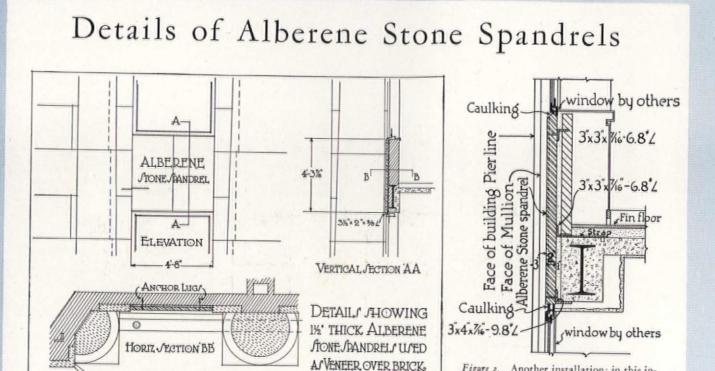


Figure 2. Another installation; in this in-stance the  $1^{1/2}$  thick ALBERENE spandrel is backed up with a 2" brick wall, provid-ing space for radiators to be recessed Figure 1. ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS as installed on the 32nd and 33rd floors of the in the wall. Newark & Essex Bank Building

### Information for the Specification Writer on Alberene Stone Spandrels

PLAN

IGURE 1 shows Alberene Stone Span-DRELS adapted to Single Window construction backed up with a full thickness brick wall. In this instance the ALBERENE STONE is merely a veneer and is used to provide a color and texture contrast to the limestone. Each spandrel is made up of two slabs (vertical center joint with the veining symmetrically matched. These slabs rest on 31/2" x 2" x 3/8" angles and are secured to the wall with anchor straps.

#### EXTRA FLOOR SPACE

Figure 2 shows how the use of ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS with a 2" thickness of brick leaves adequate space for radiators to be installed without using valuable floor space. The weight of the wall is also reduced.

Although ALBERENE STONE was considered first from the standpoint of beauty, the use Of ALBERENE STONE SPANDRELS Offers definite structural advantages as well.

### SPECIFICATIONS

MATERIAL (Double Spandrels). All spandrels to be structurally sound soapstone, grade equal to ALBERENE STONE. Stone not to be less than 11/2" thick at thinnest point. Each pair of spandrels to be securely bolted to three horizontal angles extending 2" beyond spandrel at each end.

Bottom angle to be  $3^{"}x4^{"}x\frac{7}{16}$ ", center and top angles to be  $3^{"}x3^{"}x\frac{7}{16}$ ". Mullion to be  $3\frac{3}{4}^{"}x3\frac{3}{4}$ " soapstone, rebated and bolted to steel flat  $3\frac{1}{2}^{"}x\frac{1}{2}$ ".

CONSTRUCTION (Double Spandrels). Spandrels to be embedded in masonry 2" on each side, angles extend-ing 2" farther into masonry to provide additional anchorage. Center angle to be bolted to unfinished floor by straps on 16" centers.

(Single Spandrels). (a) Spandrels to be embedded in masonry 2" on each side. (b) or, where spandrel is not embedded in masonry at sides it shall rest on 31/2" x 2" x 3/8" angle and be secured to the wall by anchor straps.

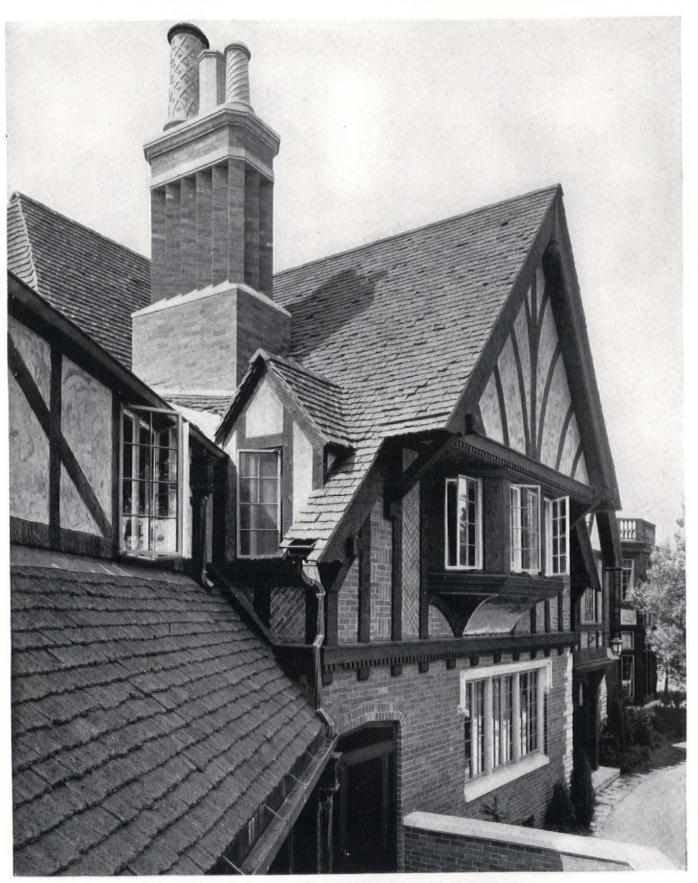
SPECIAL CASES. Where window is set with deeper reveal than face of spandrel, provide counter sill. Counter sill to be rebated for metal window frame and securely bolted to spandrel. Also provide soffit return for lintel at window head. Soffit to be bolted to under side of the  $3''x 4''x \frac{7}{16}''$  angle.

Note. Angles are not needed with single spandrel unless of excessive dimensions requiring multiple units. Where space is not larger than  $4'0'' \times 4'0''$ , we recommend the use of single slab rather than built-up spandrels.

## ALBERENE STONE COMPANY, 153 West 23rd Street, New York

BRANCHES

CHICAGO :: PHILADELPHIA :: BOSTON :: NEWARK :: PITTSBURGH :: CLEVELAND :: RICHMOND :: WASHINGTON, D. C. :: ROCHESTER QUARRIES AND MILLS AT SCHUYLER, VA.



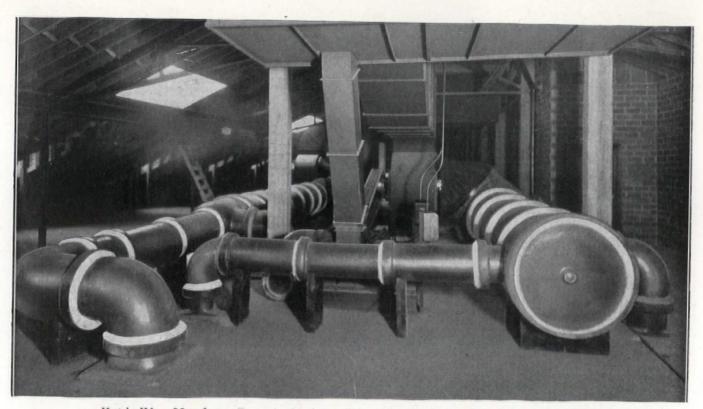
Detail of residence of William Chamberlain, Esquire, Winnetka, Illinois. S. S. Beman, Architect, Chicago. Roofed with IMPERIAL Antique Shingle Tiles

LUDOWICI-CELADON COMPANY Makers of IMPERIAL Roofing Tiles

NEW YORK: 565 FIFTH AVENUE

104 S. MICHIGAN AVENUE, CHICAGO

WASHINGTON: 738 FIFTEENTH ST., N. W.



Knight-Ware Ventilating Ducts in the Attic-West Virginia University, Morgantown, W. Va.

#### These institutions are equipped with

#### KNIGHT-WARE

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY Hall of Chemistry OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building Pharmacy Building JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building Hygiene Building **Biology Building** NEW YORK UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY **Biology** University DUKE UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building PURDUE UNIVERSITY Chemistry Building Pharmacy Building PENN STATE COLLEGE Chemistry Building LAFAYETTE COLLEGE Mining Engineering Hall BATTELLE MEMORIAL Chemistry Laboratory McGILL UNIVERSITY Pulp & Paper Research Bldg. COLUMBIA PRESBYTERIAN Hospital Centre

### Meeting every condition . . . acid proof, permanent, inexpensive

KNIGHT-WARE should be specified as equipment in your Chemistry Laboratory.

That KNIGHT-WARE meets the severe service requirements of modern College and University Chemistry Buildings, Biology Laboratories, Pharmacy Buildings, Hospitals, Newspaper Plants and Printing Establishments, etc., is attested by the ever-increasing number of such buildings into which it is being installed.

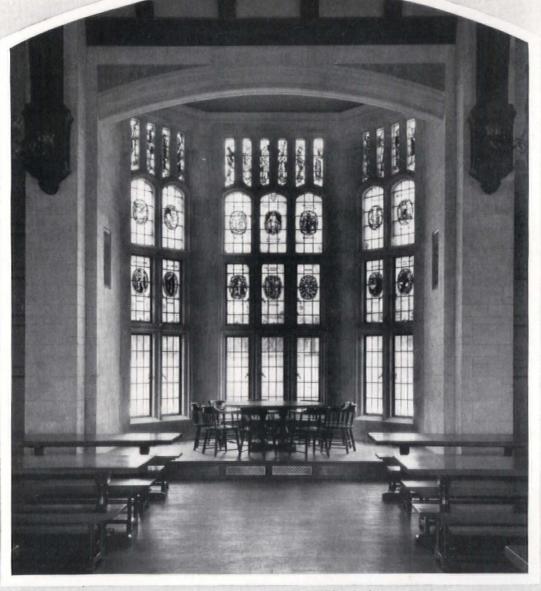
We are prepared to take care of your needs and will welcome the opportunity to be of service.



### MAURICE A. KNIGHT OFFICE AND PLANT AKRON, OHIO

New York City<br/>804 World Bldg.Chicago<br/>230 N. Canal St.Philadelphia<br/>1600 Arch St.St. Louis<br/>Ist Nat'l Life Bldg.Beekman 1657San Francisco<br/>Merchants Exchange Bldg.<br/>Douglas 375Niagara Falls<br/>Niagara Falls 507Montreal, Que.<br/>1307 Notre Dame St., W.<br/>Main 2625

# INTERNATIONAL CASEMENTS



GRANGER AND BOLLENBACHER, Architects

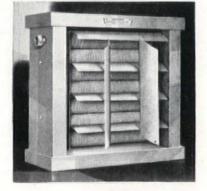
IN COLLEGE BUILDINGS such as Pierce Hall, Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio where materials of the highest quality are required, International Casements are specified.

INTERNATIONAL Metal Casements – both Custom-built and Cotswold – now are available equipped with screens. Special hardware permits the casement to be opened and closed without disturbing the screen which, however, may be detached instantly to operate awnings or clean the glass.

INTERNATIONAL CASEMENT CO., INC., JAMESTOWN, NEW YORK



Airplane Hangar; Round Hill Airport, So. Dartmouth, Mass. Equipped with Sturtevant Speed Heaters.



NE of the severest tests to which any heating system can be put is airplane hangar service. Wide-open doors ... cold drafts ... high ceilings ... large heat losses! All tax heating equipment to the utmost.

Speed Heaters have proved ideal for this use.

Offices, stores, auditoriums, gymnasiums, showrooms, warehouses, garages and factories are but a few of the many other places in which Speed Heaters are being installed to provide uniform warmth under all conditions.

Any architect would find the following two bulletins informative and helpful: (1) The Speed Heater ... A short talk on a radically new development in heating apparatus; (2) Complete Data on Speed Heaters for Architects. Our nearest office would be glad to send you copies.

### B. F. STURTEVANT COMPANY

D, F, SIUKIEVANI CONTANI Main Offices: HYDE PARK, BOSTON, MASS. CHICAGO, ILL., 410 No. Michigan Ave. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., 681 Market St. Branch Offices: Atlanta; Baltimore; Boston; Buffalo; Canden; Charlotte; Chicago; Cincinnati; Cleveland; Dallas; Denver, Detroir; Hartford; Indianapolis; Kanasa City; Los Angeles; Milwaukee; Minneapolis; Newark; New York; Omaha; Pittsburgh; Portland, Me.; Portland, Ore.; Rochester; St. Louis; San Francisco; Seattle; Washington, D. C. Canadian Offices: Toronto; Montreal; Gale. Canadian Repres.: Kipp Kelly, Ltd., Winnipeg. Agents in Foreign Countries.

Vant Speed Heaters



# QUIET ... please...

WILL IT DO THE JOB?" is no longer the deciding factor in the choice of acoustical treatment for courtrooms, auditoriums, offices, schools, hospitals. Acoustics have passed beyond the first stages of development. Architects know they can supply the desired sound absorption in any one of a dozen different materials.

But put the material to the final test. Is it incombustible? Easily cleaned? Durable? Can it be refinished without loss of absorption? Is it decorative? (*Most important from a standpoint of design.*) With Acoustex, the answer to these questions is "yes." Meeting this test, as Acoustex does, establishes it as first choice for your acoustical correction.

> BOSTON ACOUSTICAL ENGINEERING DIVISION of HOUSING COMPANY 40 CENTRAL STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Acoustex erectors are located in principal cities . . . Ask for specifications and details on the use and application of Acoustex . . . or write us direct.



#### ACOUSTEX offers you . . .

offers you . . . An acoustic material which is a finish beautiful in itself . . . tinted to your specifications... unusually high coefficient of sound absorption . . . easily vacuum cleaned and redecorated . . . made of incombustible wood fibre . . . tested through years of successful installations . . . furnished in tiles from 6" x 12" to 12" x 24" and large sheets two feet wide and up to eight feet in length . . three chicknesses available to meet all absorption requirements:



ACOUSTEX 60—1 inch thick \*Absorbs more than 60% of the incident sound ACOUSTEX 70—1½ inches thick \*Absorbs more than 70% of the incident sound ACOUSTEX 80—2 inches thick \*Absorbs more than 80% of the incident sound \*1024 vibrations per second. Boston Acoustical Engineering Division of Housing Company, 40 Central St., Boston, Mass. R-10 Please send Specifications and Details on the Use and Application of Acoustex for our acoustic file. Name

Address ...

# more Heating Surface-

# an important feature of PIERCE-EASTWOOD radiation

**E**<sup>ASTWOOD</sup> RADIATORS are full surfaced, generously proportioned. Because it has its full rated surface, every Eastwood Radiator yields a full measure of warmth.

Disinterested tests and hundreds of successful installations prove that Eastwood Radiators can be counted upon to deliver *plus* satisfaction.

Eastwood Screw-Nipple Radiators and Eastwood Boilers are available in patterns and sizes to fit every heating requirement.

PIERCE, BUTLER & PIERCE MFG. CORP. 41 East 42nd Street New York

Branches in Principal Cities Manufacturers of Heating Equipment since 1839

AMES IRON WORKS-Division of Pierce, Butler & Pierce, Mfg. Corp., manufacturers of Una-flow Engines, Steel Boilers and Road Rollers.

LAMBERTVILLE POTTERY COMPANY-Division of Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp., manufacturers of Vitreous Sanitary Earthenware.

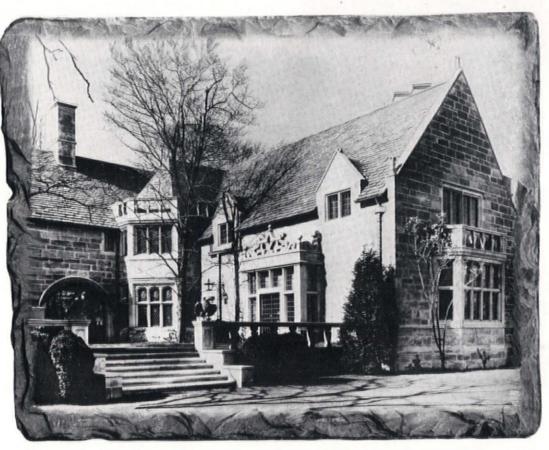


For complete data on Pierce Eastwood Boilers, Radiators and supplies, see A.I.A. File No. 30. Copies on request, if you are not yet supplied.

# PIERCE DE EASTWOOD BOILERS & RADIATORS

## Artistic .... SLATE-FOR-THE-ROOF .... Custom-made

~~ =



SAM SALVAGE RESIDENCE, GLEN HEAD, L. I., ROGER BULLARD, ARCHITECT

SIMPLICITY, - AND - QUIET - DIGNITY - OF - A - SLATE - ROOF - ARE ATTRIBUTES - OF - GOOD - TASTE - THE - UNFADING - TONES - OF - SOFT GREEN - AND - MELLOW - BLENDINGS - OF - MOTTLED - GREEN - AND PURPLE - WHICH - NATURE - HAS - SO - BOUNTEOUSLY - BESTOWED - ON MATERIALS - OF - HER - OWN - PRODUCTION; - ARE - HAND - WROUGHT BY - CRAFTSMEN - FROM - THE - ROCK - INTO - SHAPES - OF - VARIOUS THICKNESSES - AND - THEN - SKILLFUL - DESIGNERS - ACCOMPLISH - THE DESIRED - EFFECTS -

O'BRIEN - BROS - SLATE - CO - INC EST. 1901 OUARRIES PAWLET - VT. DESIGN - AND - SERVICE ARCHITECTS' BUILDING 101 PARK AVE N. Y. C. TEL - 3651 - ASHLAND

# John Eberson -An Architect Who Thinks Independently and Differently



THE firm of Eberson & Eberson has earned the reputation of having manned an architectural organization with talent that, under the leadership of John Eberson, has in a most successful fashion forsaken the well-trodden paths of convention.

After building more than 300 theatres, this organization asks: "Why build a theatre with the awing splendor so common in super-movie palaces? People gathering for entertainment want to relax and should not be excited by glittering, overdone ornament of periods which catered to extravagant kings and potentates."

Eberson's organization sees no reason why banks should look like mausoleums, why hospitals should allow the feeling of the operating room to permeate every rest and bed room, why schools should have the gloom of medieval architecture, or garages the harsh crudeness of factory buildings.

Composed entirely of colorists, this firm is an exponent of what might be termed a new Modern American architecture, quite different from French and German Moderne. With Nature full of color, and believing that Nature and simplicity are art, in all work executed by Eberson & Eberson a distinct effort is made to create textures and contrasting lines that give best expression to the play of light and shadow.

Recent work in America done by this office includes the 36-story Niels Esperson Building, Houston, Paradise Theatre and Commercial Building and the Valencia Theatre, both in New York, New Warner Theatre, Newark, N. J., Central National Bank, here pictured, and the Arcade Building, both in Richmond, Midwest Theatre and Office Building, Oklahoma City, Avalon Theatre, Chicago, United Artists Theatre, Louisville, Loew's Theatre, Akron, and the Majestic Theatre and Office Building, San Antonio. Work in foreign countries includes a new theatre and office building in Melbourne, Australia, a new theatre on Poissonniere Boulevard, Paris, Capital Theatre, Sydney, and a theatre for Union Theatres, Ltd., Adelaide, both in Australia.

John Eberson is a graduate of a university in Vienna. Until recently he maintained offices in Chicago and New York, now both organizations are combined in the latter city. Drew Eberson, his son, is associated with him.

Color gives a cheerful, friendly atmosphere to the Central National Bank, in Richmond, one of the commissions recently executed by Eberson & Eberson.



# Gives News to DODGE

EBERSON & EBERSON, INC.

#### JOHN EBERSON ARCHITECT

NEW YORK

ASHLAND 4885

370 LEXINGTON AVENUE

IN ASOL

ARCHITECT

July 16,1930

F.W.Dodge Corporation, 119 West 49th Street, New York City, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Norton:

Replying to your question: "Why do we give information on our projects to your reporter," I may say the chief reason is that we secure a wider range of bids when we do so.

This keeps us in touch with progressive contractors. It keeps us from getting into a rut or doing things by habit, a dangerous practice, I believe, in these days of radical and rapid changes. It enables us to better safeguard the in-terests of the owners that retain our services.

A second reason is that our name; when it appears on your reports, is brought to the attention of a large number of persons associated with building design and construction. It never does any harm to remind people that you are still in business.

At first we feared we would be deluged with advertising matter after you reported one of our projects. But such was not the case. The matter we receive usually pertains to a job we have underway and is very often helpful. Also manufacturers remind us of their pages in Sweets just when we are working on drawings and specifications for a project. In this way we sometimes learn of new things, or items specially suited to the work in hand. Your organization is always ready to answer our questions so we feel it is but fair to tell you about our work and I feel it is to our advantage to do so.

JE-M

# ODGE REPORTS

Member of the Dodge Group of Building Field Publications and Services

The Architectural Record General Building Contractor Sweet's Architectural Catalogues Sweet's Engineering Catalogues

Dodée Reports The Graphic Review

F. W. DODGE CORPORATION, 119 West 40th St., NEW YORK and PRINCIPAL CITIES

# TE-PE-CO Vitreous China Penn Urinal

TE-PE-CO recommends the Penn Blow Out Urinal for Toilet rooms where it is desired to keep all piping above the floor. It affords ample room - measuring 18-inches in width, is cleanly, durable and *cannot be clogged*.

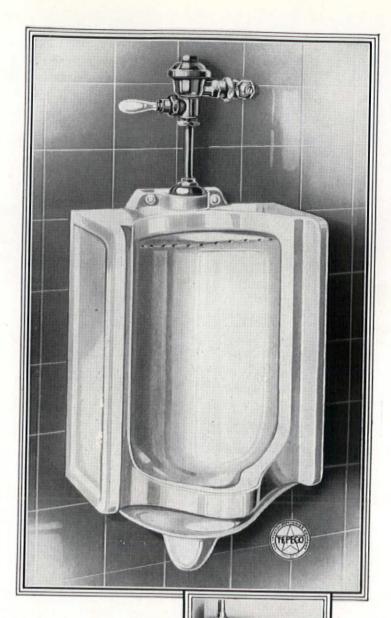
Its flushing rim, large water surface and jet action assures a positive and thorough cleansing of the entire inner surface. The entire trapway being larger than its opening in the bowl will obviously pass anything that enters it. Projecting but 13-inches from the wall it requires little floor space and leaves a clear unobstructed floor that is easy to keep clean.

While a comparatively new fixture, its merits are so evident that it has already been installed in many buildings, the most notable of which are the News Building, Irving Trust Building, 40 Wall St. Building; all in New York City and the new Pennsylvania Railroad Office Building in Philadelphia, Penna.

#### THE TRENTON POTTERIES COMPANY

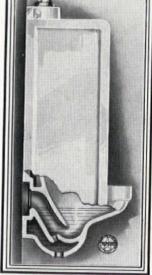
Trenton, New Jersey, U. S. A. National Showroom — New York City 101 Park Ave., Entrance on 41st St. Branch Offices: Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco Export Office: 115 Broad Street, New York City





#### OUR GUARANTEE

We make but one grade of ware – the best that can be produced – and sell it at reasonable prices. We sell no seconds or culls. Our ware is guaranteed to be equal in quality and durability to any sanitary ware made in the world. The Te-pe-co trade mark is found on all goods manufactured by us and is your guarantee that you have received that for which you have paid.





**Plaster will** be used in the Empire State Building

over 00 00,000 pags of

## GYPSTEEL

**GYPSUM PLASTERS** are being used on this building, the highest in the world.

#### STRUCTURAL GYPSUM CORPORATION Linden, N. J.

Linden 2-3700

Shreve, Lamb & Harmon, Architects Starrett Bros. and Eken, Inc., General Contractors Martin Conroy & Sons, Inc., Plastering Contractors General Builders Supply Corporation, Dealers

R

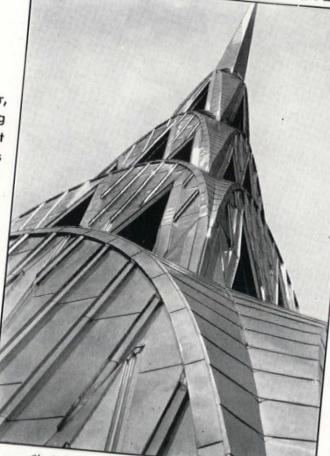
## SHEATHED IN THE ETERNAL LUSTRE OF ENDUR THE PERFECTED STAINLESS STEEL

IKE a gigantic finger, L clad in gleaming armor, New York's great Chrysler Building rises majestically for more than a thousand feet.

Sheathed in the eternal lustre of Enduro Nirosta, it is a glittering landmark - conspicuous in a skyline celebrated for its famous buildings.

Another new buildingthe Empire State will also use great quantities of this new perfected, stainless steel. Its pilasters will be of Enduro Nirosta.

Modern architecture calls for the most modern materials . . . . and Enduro Nirosta KA2 is essentially a metal of the twentieth century. It will not tarnish. Its smooth, mirror-like finish is impervious to rust, corrosion and the destructive action of most acids. It can't chip off or wear thin like a plated surface because it is the same wonderful metal all the way through. Architects, engineers and builders - among the



Chrysler Building Spire, Photographed by Margaret Bourke-White

Republic has already placed at the disposal of industry the largest facilities in the world for the production of Enduro, and increasing demand has made further expansion necessary. A special Republic metallurgical department is devoted to alloy steel research. Its findings are available to architects, engineers, manufacturers - anyone in any field who is interested in the development of new steels and new uses for steel.



The Architectural Record, October, 1930

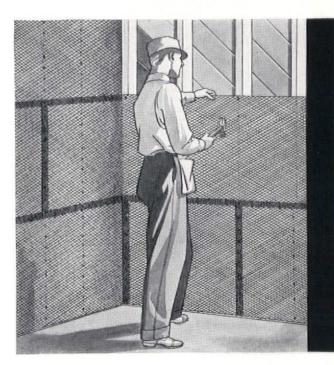
first to grasp the importance of Enduro - are finding its exceptional qualities useful in countless ways.

A stainless metal with such remarkable properties lends itself most admirably to present day design and construction. Roofing, sash, trim, interior and exterior decoration — elevator doors, ornamental gratings, vaults, lighting fixtures -and fittings of all sorts in homes and all types of buildings offer almost unlimited possibilities for the use of Enduro.

140

### THE INSULATION THAT MADE GOOD OVERNIGHT

# BI-FLAX A PLASTER BASE OF STEEL



## PROTECTS AGAINST PLASTER CRACKS

WITH FLAX-LI-NUM INSULATION

### INSULATES AGAINST HEAT AND COLD



Flax-li-num has long been recognized as the highest type of insulation available . . Diamond mesh metal lath painted with asphaltum after forming, is universally accepted as the ideal plaster base.

While Bi-Flax is a new development in building materials . . it is new only because, for the first time, it combines these two longaccepted materials into a practical insulating plaster base.

Since its announcement a few months ago Bi-Flax has become the most discussed insulation on the market. It revolutionizes plastering and insulating practice. It protects buildings of all kinds against age as well as weather. It offers a perfect plastering surface without loss of insulating value. Ask for a sample of this remarkable new material.

PLEDRED MELL MILLINE MARKET

Product of

#### THE FLAX-LI-NUM INSULATING CO. ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA



#### SKYSCRAPER MOTIF

Inspired by those towering monuments to this startling age whose tips reach ever higher toward the skies ... their clean, sheer sweep of line and dynamic simplicity keyed to the pulse of the day ... these designs moderne are dedicated to those who would have their mode of life personified in their business structures and homes as in their clothes and manners and motors. And molded into the beautiful artistry of these striking pieces of hardware is an indomitable strength ... a steadfast security . . . commensurate with the ever-ripening tradition of quality with which high-grade locks and hardware by YALE have been endowed for more than half a century.

Write for copy of Architects' Manual.

THE YALE & TOWNE MFG. CO. STAMFORD, CONN., U. S. A.

YALE MARKED IS YALE MADE

PADLOCKS, AUXILIARY RIM LOCKS, BUILDERS' LOCKS AND TRIM, CABINET LOCKS, TRUNK LOCKS. DOOR CLOSERS, BANK LOCKS, PRISON LOCKS



# PRO

Electric Service in WORLD'S TALLEST BUILDING to be guarded by G-E WIRING MATERIALS

EIGHTY-FIVE office floors ... batteries of flood lights ... space for 20,000 tenants using myriad lamps, business machines, telephones — what tremendous, intricate electric service the new tallest-in-the-world Empire State Building will require!

G-E Wiring providing this service will be safeguarded from sub-basement to tower beacon by more than 1,000,000 feet of G-E "White" Rigid Conduit.

Architects, contractors, builders

EMPIRE STATE BUILDING now under construction in New York City Architects-Shreve, Lamb & Harmon Builders-Starrett Brothers & Eken, Inc. Electrical Contractors-L. K. Comstock & Co. Electrical Engineers-Meyer, Strong & Jones, Inc. all of New York, N. Y.

> everywhere are selecting G-E "White" because they know it can be relied upon for the life of any building.

> It is high-grade mild steel tubing, *bot-dipped galvanized* outside and in.

G-E Code Wires further add to the dependability of wiring because their long-life insulation *exceeds* Code requirements. Clean finish facilitates handling. Eight colors make circuit marking easy.

G-E Merchandise distributors everywhere can supply you . . . or write to Section CW-1510, Merchandise Department, General Electric Co., Bridgeport, Connecticut.

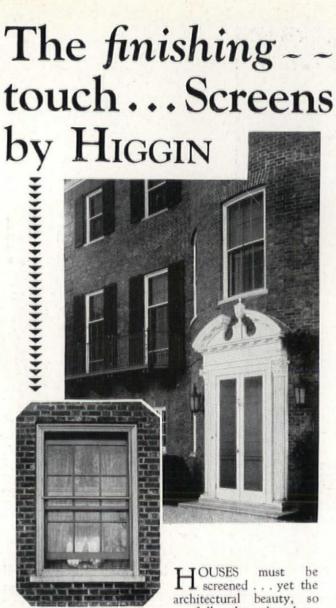


#### WIRING MATERIALS

MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT



carefully planned and executed is often marred with screens.

And so unnecessarily, for Higgin Screens can scarcely be seen. They're visible only as an accentuation of the harmonies you have planned into the building. Their narrow metal frames and invisible bronze mesh admits the maximum light and air . . . yet not an insect can get in!

Every opening: windows, doors, porches . . . are given individual study by the Higgin Experts. Let the Higgin representative in your locality work with you . . . he knows screens as you know architecture.

THE HIGGIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY Screen Specialists since 1893 512 Washington Avenue, Newport, Ky. Address Architectural Advisory Department for complete screen details—A.I.A. File No. 35 Pl. Refer to Sweet's for complete data on Higgin All-Metal Frame and Rolling Screens, All-Metal Weather-Strips and Access Panels, Folder on Venetian Blinds.



The Architectural Record, October, 1930

\*

MICRON-the exclusive Master Builders ingredient-sets new service and beauty standards for colored cement floors. It protects colors against the fading action of lime salts and greatly increases the resistance of colored cement floors to abrasive wear and corrosive disintegration. You can safely specify Colored Masterbuilt Floors for areas subject to more than usual wear, confident that they will retain their full, rich coloring and resist the destructive action of wear and corrosion for a full lifetime of use. Useful data will be sent on request.

THE MASTER BUILDERS COMPANY Cleveland, Ohio

> Brown Colormix floor in dynamo room, Southern California Edison Building, Compton, California.

# Colored Masterbuilt HOORD

# CARNEGIE BEAMS fit for ANY job

THE merit of a material is proved in its use. A conspicuous feature in recent, notable construction is the use of Carnegie Beams. This popularity is the best indication of their adequacy to the needs of architects and designers—their fitness for the job.

Carnegie Beams bring to steel construction a simplicity of detail, a facility of fabrication

and erection, and a flexibility of design never before possible. Wide parallel flanges, obtainable in Carnegie Beams only, simplify very markedly the great variety of connections necessary in fabrication. Constant-depth columns afford opportunities for duplication, both in design and erection. Due to the wide variety of sections and weights you will always find a Carnegie Beam which closely approximates the theoretical strength required.

Carnegie Beams merit the investigation of any one interested in efficient and economical construction. The advantages of these sections apply to any type of construction involving the use of structural steel, regardless of size or type of architecture. Carnegie engineers are always at your service.

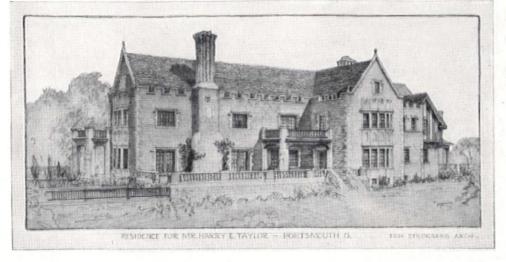
The Architectural Record, October, 1930

CARNEGIE STEEL COMPANY »»PITTSBURGH

Subsidiary of United States Steel Corporation

90

## WHEN YOU PLAN



a fine residence

DAR-LOCK and Dens-tect protective treatments help to make it a source of pride for many years to come. Beautiful masonry was never more popular than today, never more worthy of the safeguards that insure interior as well as exterior satisfaction.

Par-Lock service is universal, embracing the residential as well as the commercial field—the small city or suburb as well as the large center. Everywhere, under all circumstances, you get a uniform product and a unified service, that assure—

- 1 Dependable plaster key.
- 2 Protection against dampness and stain.
- 3 An expansion joint that cushions the stresses between plaster and masonry.

Consult any of the listed appliers in regard to Par-Lock or Dens-tect and secure a recommendation best suited to the nature of the installation in view.

THE VORTEX MANUFACTURING COMPANY 1994 West 77th Street · Cleveland, Ohio

Address Given Below PAR-LOCK APPLIERS OF (Naming City) a t Write to

CHARLOTTE ALBANY 425 Orange Street CHICAGO ATLANTA Bona Allen Building BALTIMORE CINCINNATI 613 West Cross Street BUFFALO CLEVELAND 958 Ellicott Square Bldg.

Perspective shows residence for Mr.

Harry Taylor, Portsmouth, Ohio. Erik Strindberg, Architect, Portsmouth, Ohio

Specification form B specified on in-

terior of exterior walls above grade.

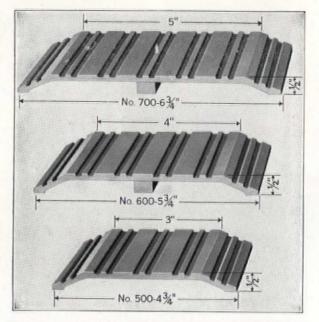
217 Builders Ex. Bldg. 862 Builders Building 611 Dixie Terminal Bldg. 218 Hunkin-Conkey Bldg. COLUMBUS 751 South Cassingham Rd. DETROIT 2457 First National Bank Building MINNEAPOLIS 434 Builders Exchange NEWARK, N. J. 24 Commerce Street NEW YORK CITY 50 Church Street PHILADELPHIA 1700 Walnut Street PITTSBURGH 207 Fulton Building SCRANTON Cedar Avenue ST. LOUIS 1514 Chemical Building

TORONTO 2258a Bloor Street, West TRENTON 339 Broad St. Bank Bldg. YOUNGSTOWN 503 City Bank Building WILKES-BARRE 904 Second National

Bank Building

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

147



## Appreciation of the **Completed Building** BEGINS at the THRESHOLD

**Rixson Thresholds of Architectural** Bronze or Aluminum ....

Whether it is the owner on his first inspection of the finished job, or the hundred-thousandth visitor to enter the occupied building, the threshold is part of his first glance at the portals. Thus the threshold must be

the occupied building, the threshold is part of his hist glance at the portals. Thus the threshold must be good—today and years from today. Rixson Thresholds convey a mute message of "class" as well as "utility". The extruded design is handsome, the metals dignified and durable, and the application amazingly simple. For they can be specified by type and number, where floor checks are used, ready drilled and matched to any type of Rixson Floor Check.



Write us for Supple-ment A. I. A. No. 27B to complete your Rixson Catalog data.

THE OSCAR C. RIXSON COMPANY 4450 Carroll Avenue Chicago, Ill. New York Office: 101 Park Ave., N. Y. C. Philadelphia Atlanta New Orleans Los Angeles Winnipeg



#### AGAIN, WESTCO SATISFIES INSISTENT DEMAND THE LIVELY, RUNNING FOR

WATER



A generous 100 g.p.m. against 190 ft. head is delivered at 784 Park Avenue, New York City by a 7H7 Westco with a 10 h.p. motor.



SWEETS to specifically met by the installation of Westco Turbine Pumps.

Because of their wide operating range, Westcos are NOT affected by fluctuating city pressures. This outstanding charac-teristic is one of the many reasons why a fast growing majority of building owners are finding Westcos to be the ideal pumps for house and booster service in apartment buildings, hotels and skyscrapers.

And when it comes to prices-Westcos offer all the advantages of double-suction, split case pump design at a price no higher than your client is asked to pay for ordinary side suction, single bearing pumps.

Westcos' ability to brilliantly perform over long periods with-out requiring attention or repairs has won for them their enviable position in the small pump field.



REVIEW THE IMPORTANT WESTCO FEATURES LISTED BELOW

Wide operating range. No end thrust at bearings due to perfect hydraulic balance. Only one moving part. No metal to metal contact.

High pressures in single stage. Ball bearing construction. Direct motor driven at standard motor speeds. Capacities from 5 to 400 g.p.m.

Write for complete descriptive and performance data

WESTCO-CHIPPEWA PUMP COMPANY Factory and General Offices, Davenport, Iowa Branches: NEW YORK . CHICAGO . SAN FRANCISCO Distributors in Principal Cities

### *"A distinguished contribution to American architecture"*

- so considered by the jury in awarding the Gold Medal Beauty Prize to the

#### PALMOLIVE BUILDING Chicago

**B**EAUTIFULLY expressive of the commercial spirit at its best, the towering and distinctive Palmolive Building captured the gold medal awarded annually in the north central district of Chicago. Soaring 37 stories above the southeast corner of Michigan Avenue and Walton Place... buttressed by an interesting series of set-backs ... the main structure will terminate in a beacon light 150 feet higher.

Although individuality was a purposeful achievement, those responsible for the design and erection of the structure also exercised greatest diligence in the selection of time-tried, quality-proved materials and equipment. Particularly does this obtain in the piping, the major tonnage being NATIONAL—

America's Standard Wrought Pipe

National Tube Company · Pittsburgh, Pa. Subsidiary of United States Steel Corporation

PALMOLIVE BUILDING, Chicago Architect: Holabird & Root, Chicago General Contractor: Lundoff-Bicknell Co., Chicago Plumbing Contractor: M. J. Corboy, Chicago Heating Contractor: Kohlbry-Howlett Co., Chicago

TIONAL

No.

88

an

-

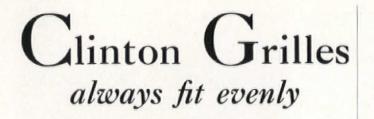
91

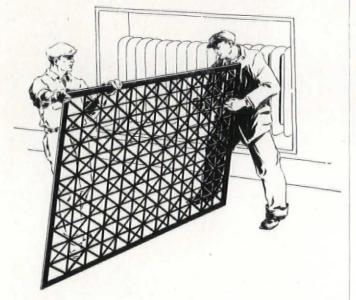
利用

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

DF

PII





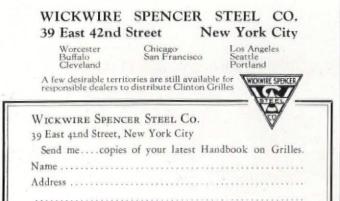
MEASUREMENTS for grille openings is last minute information and grilles themselves are often the last item to be installed. When grilles do not fit perfectly the final completion of the building is delayed while they are being adjusted.

When an architect orders a thirty-secondth of an inch in a dimension he gets it in Clinton Perforated Metal Grilles. There is never a spread, a warpage or buckle to consider. Clinton Grilles lie flat.

Finish, too, is controlled. Wissco Bronze made to match the hardware or to harmonize with the surroundings is always true to sample. Clinton Perforated Metal Grilles are satisfactory Grilles for the architect to specify.

The full list of stock dies and designs showing the possibilities of combination designs using stock dies is shown in our catalogue. We will be glad to send you this catalogue and have our local representative call.

> See Sweet's Architectural and Engineering Catalogue for Specifications.





# QUIETNESS IOW COST



#### T/N for new homes and old

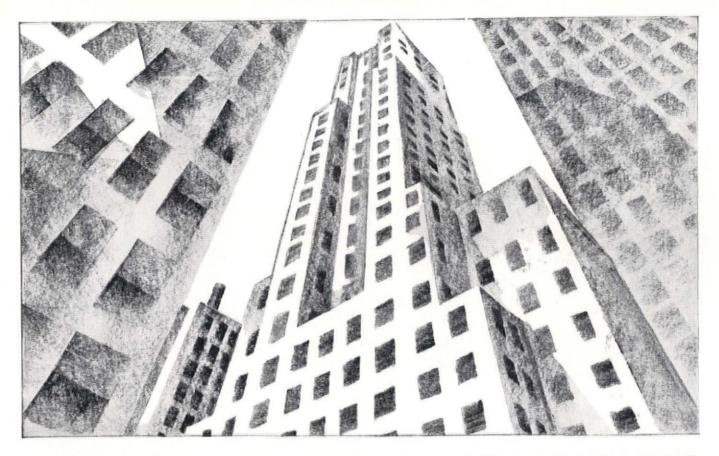
T/N is quiet, remarkably so. And attractive. No ugly wall tank wastes wall space. Compact design combines tank and bowl in one streamlined piece of vitreous china ... all white or colored.

T/N fits with ease under stairs, in corners, under windows. T/N cannot overflow, its flushing action is positive, a patented vent prevents backflow. And the cost is not high. See T/N at the Architect's Building, 101 Park Avenue, New York City. Or write for complete architect's filing data. W. A. Case & Son Manufacturing Co. Dept. 2010, 220 Delaware Ave.

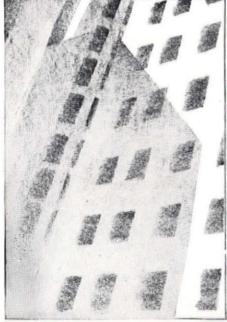
Buffalo, New York.







### **DOUBLING** $\neg$ **TREBLING** $\neg$ **QUADRUPLING**



### THE INITIAL COST

—With each mounting story, the windows in America's skyscrapers multiply by the acre, matched only by the mounting cost of upkeep.

Windows are installed once. But they must be cleaned hundreds of times. That is why the maintenance cost of windows far transcends the initial cost of installation.

INSIDE CLEANING is obviously easiest and fastest, resulting in extraordinary economies.

In office buildings, schools, hospitals . . . buildings the country over, Williams Reversible Windows have introduced a new standard of cleaning efficiency—and with it comes a corresponding reduction in cleaning costs—enabling these windows to actually pay for themselves within a few years.

Write for illustrated catalog.

THE WILLIAMS PIVOT SASH COMPANY East 37th Street at Perkins Avenue, Cleveland

For Twenty-six years manufacturers and installers of Reversible Window Equipment



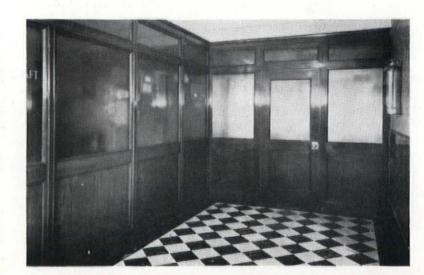
## BUSINESS CHAIRS of PRESTIGE

**PRESTIGE** is that characteristic of a quality product which gives it instant preference. It is the ultimate result that comes from years of experience in the constant strivingfor perfection.

Architects who have specified B. L. Marble Chairs have found the prestige of the B. L. Marble name to be of outstanding value. When dependability must be absolute; when standards of construction must meet the highest requirements; when design and utility must combine to insure maximum service, the prestige of the B. L. Marble line is the standard of comparison.

The Queen Anne chair illustrated is an important new addition to the B. L. Marble line and is but one of many fine period designs. Complete catalog and full information will be mailed to architects and specification writers upon request.

THE B. L. MARBLE CHAIR COMPANY BEDFORD, OHIO, U.S.A. NEW YORK OFFICE: 101 PARK AVENUE · TELEPHONE: CALEDONIA 7026



United Metal Partition in the Bank of Manhattan Building — 40 Wall St.

ARCHITECT — H. CRAIG SEVERANCE INC. CONTRACTORS — STARRETT BROS. INC. 3,200 United Hollow Metal Doors 70,000 ft. United Metal Base 7,200 ft. United Metal Partitions

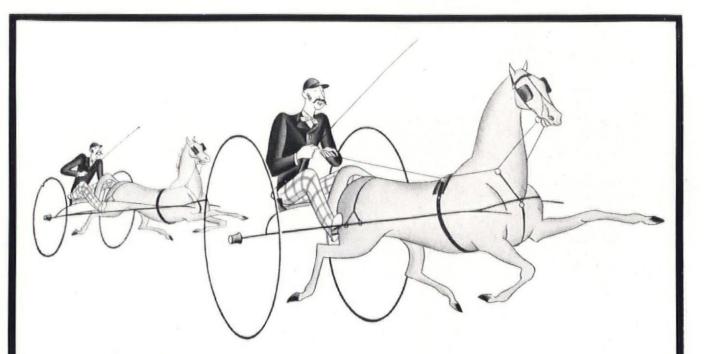
## MILES OF STEEL

NOWHERE on earth is the ultra-modern in building materials so widely employed as in the monumental structures of greater Manhattan. To be selected for one of New York's cloud piercing business buildings is a warrant of quality and efficiency for any product.

We take especial pride in the use of United Hollow Metal interior trim in the great Bank of Manhattan Building. The New York structures in which United products have been used would make a city in themselves—a monument to United quality.

THE UNITED METAL PRODUCTS COMPANY, CANTON, OHIO Branch offices in all principal cities

Design No. 2355



### even the "Sport of Kings" has altered with the times

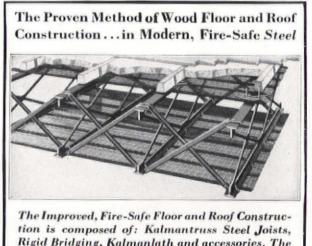
The proud pacers of yesterday are absent from the modern track. The present demand for *speed* put these gallants on the shelf.

It is no different in the building field. Slow, inefficient, wood joists and wood cross bridging are fast going out of use. The Improved, Fire-Safe Floor and Roof Construction is naturally preferred.

This more efficient method provides a floor and roof construction of *steel* using the time-proven principles of wood joists and cross bridging. Squeaky



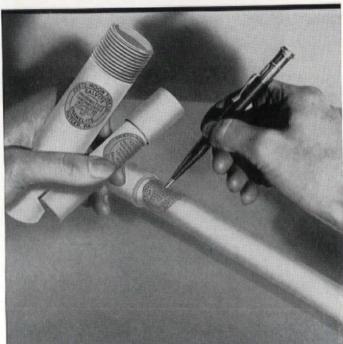
Albany · Atlanta · Baltimore · Boston · Buffalo · Chicago Cleveland · Columbus · Dallas · Dayton · Detroit · Houston Milwaukee · Minneapolis · Newark · New Haven · New York Niles · Philadelphia · Pittsburgh · St. Louis · St. Paul Syracuse · Washington, D. C. · Youngstown Export Office, New York floors and plaster cracks, caused by shrinkage of wood joists and wood cross bridging, are avoided. Fire-safety is obtained. And, final cost is lower, because much costly erection time and expensive upkeep can be saved.

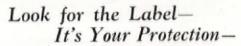


The Improved, Fire-Safe Floor and Koof Construction is composed of: Kalmantruss Steel Joists, Rigid Bridging, Kalmanlath and accessories. The Kalmantruss Joist with no bolts, rivets, or welds in tension gives unusual strength, and with Kalmantruss Rigid Bridging insures the equal distribution of all shocks and loads.

METAL LATH • FURRING and LATHING PRODUCTS • HOME BUILDING PRODUCTS • STEEL DOOR FRAMES STEEL JOISTS and ACCESSORIES • REINFORCING STEEL and CONCRETE ACCESSORIES • ROAD PRODUCTS

# Fretz-Moon





THE label on every length of Fretz-Moon Conduit is a protection to the architect, for it is a symbol of excellence in material and workmanship.

It might also be considered a signal to the builder—electrical contractor and owner that you will be satisfied with nothing less than the best of material put up in the most workmanlike manner.

This label is a badge of merit applied only to Conduit which has passed our own rigid inspection. That is why all Fretz-Moon Conduit is uniformly workable — smooth inside and out — with sharp, clean threads and perfect weld.

FRETZ-MOON TUBE CO., INC. Butler, Pa.

## **RIGID** CONDUIT



HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF

VERY summer has its droughts. Hot, scorching weather when the architect wonders how his constructions will look with burned out landscaping.

Insure your clients' lawns against not only next season's drought, but droughts that come as long as their houses stand.

Specify Thompson Concealed Lawn Sprinkling Systems where you want the landscaping to be beautiful always.

Thompson Systems will give your clients "rain" at a turn of the control valve. Fifty percent less water required. Gardener hire will be reduced. Hose and hand sprinkler cost eliminated.

Your copy of Sweet's has full details. Or write us for our A. I. A. Booklet, 38-h.



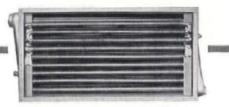
THOMPSON MANUFACTURING CO., INC. 2251 East Seventh Street Los Angeles, Cal. 2251 Contemportation Street Chicago, Illinois.



- and in Chicago's magnificent financial and commercial center. the

## ONE LA SALLE STREET BUILDING

AEROFIN is the **Heat-Surface** 



The Standardized Light-Weight Fan System Heat-Surface 196 Standard Sizes 4 Types Pressures up to 350 lbs. gauge Unit illustrated in section is AEROFIN, 21/2 to 200 lbs.

Any Office will gladly render prompt, efficient, technical cooperation

Newark will be glad to send informative and appropriate publications upon request.

Please mention where you saw this advertisement.

AEROFIN is sold only by Manufacturers of Nationally Advertised Fan System Apparatus. List upon Request

Fan Apparatus

Burnham Bldg.

CHICAGO

Land Title Bldg.

PHILADELPHIA

AEROFIN CORPORATION

850 Frelinghuysen Avenue, NEWARK, N. J. 11 West 42nd Street, NEW YORK United Artists Building DETROIT

Oliver Bldg. PITTSBURGH Paul Brown Bldg. ST. LOUIS

## Platforms Like This Need Safe, Anti-Slip "A.W." Floor Plate



"A.W." Diamond (½ size) Furnished in rolled steel (also in aluminum) and all commercially-rolled metals, in thicknesses of from 3%" to 1".



"A.W." Diamondette (¼ size) Furnished in rolled steel (also in aluminum) and all commercially-rolled metals, in Nos. 16 to 12 Gauges, and in other thicknesses up to %."



"A.W." Floor Plate makes platforms, floors and other under-foot surfaces non-slipping and safe. The raised diamond pattern gives traction and anti-slip qualities at all times. The round-top, oval-shape diamonds are spaced and proportioned so that feet get a firm, sure foothold.

"A.W." Floor Plate is also self-draining from every angle, as the raised pattern has no flat surfaces to accumulate oil, water or refuse. This is an additional safeguard against slips and falls.

Samples of "A.W." Floor Plate, with interesting booklets, gladly sent on request. Write us.

### ALAN WOOD STEEL CO.

Philadelphia New York Boston Dallas Seattle San Francisco Los Angeles

# "A.W." Diamond Pattern FLOOR PLATE

# LANDIS PRODUCTS to Architects ...

Electric Time and Program Clock Systems, complete with all accessories, as Secondary Clocks, Program Machines, Push Button Boards, Time Stamps, Laboratory Clocks, Street Clocks, Tower Clocks, Time Recorders, Bells, Buzzers, Gongs, Time Switches and Fire Alarm Systems for use in schools, colleges, public buildings, industrial plants where accurate time and signal work is desired. Individual Electric Self-Winding Clocks. Emergency Lighting Systems for theaters, schools or auditoriums.

See our complete catalogue in the new 4-volume Sweet's for 1930, Volume D, pages 5413-5429.



O UR DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS as given in Sweet's, Volume D, pages 5424 and 5425 for Electric Time and Program Clock Systems, and on page 5429 for Emergency Lighting Systems, serve as a guide for the preparation of specifications by the Architect or Engineers for each particular installation. No matter how complicated the problems may be our engineers are at your service to assist in the layout of equipment suited to your particular problems.

In order to insure an adequate and complete electric time and program clock system to meet your requirements, send us a copy of your floor plans with an elevation, to permit us to prepare a complete conduit and wiring layout, with complete detailed specifications, same to be incorporated with your electrical specifications. We make no charge for this service, and we will gladly give Architects and Engineers any information pertinent to our line that they may request.

LANDIS ENGINEERING and MFG. CO. Waynesboro

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

156

# The straight line to Satisfactory Heating--

When Buffalo engineers recommend a particular type of unit heater for your plant-you can be sure that they are offering you the most suitable units for the job-for two reasons!

- 1. Buffalo engineers have the knowledge and skill gained from forty years experience in the fan heating business.
- 2. The Buffalo Line of units is complete-our choice is not restricted to one or two types; which enables us to give you most satisfying results.

HO

Buy unit heaters with the same care that you buy a new boiler. Be sure that the manufacturer sells you a suitable unit-and be sure that it is a perfected unit.

> aft all and and and and a

For the small building we offer several sizes of the new Breezo-Fin Model "B" Heater,—compact, light weight, easy to hang from wall or ceiling, good looking.

For the larger buildings Buffalo Highboy and Lowboy Heaters, available in many arrangements for floor, wall or ceiling installation. Efficient, positive distribution. Pleasing paneled casing. Interchangeable and accessible construction.

For the man who wants cleaner air, -- the Buffalo Wetboy-a unit that washes the air before it is heated.

For the shop without steam or where gas is reasonable in cost-The new Buffalo Gas Heatercompact, efficient, fool-proof automatic controls-low first cost. A complete heating plant without auxiliaries.

Let our engineers make unbiased recommendations. It costs less in the long run.

**Buffalo Forge Company** 213 Mortimer St. Buffalo, N.Y.

In Canada: Canadian Blower & Forge Co., Ltd., Kitchener, Ont.

nit Heaters -steam and gasfor every requirement

## IN WINTER OR SUMMER

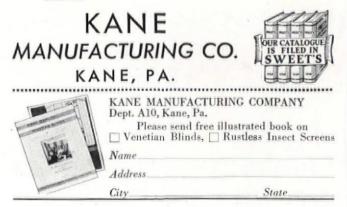


#### VENETIAN BLINDS Make Homes, Offices, Hospitals, Schools, More Comfortable and More Healthful

"Kane Quality" Venetian Blinds permit exact control of light and air, by the simple adjustment of the slats. Glaring light is diffused into mellow softness without interference with ventilation. Direct drafts are eliminated without cutting off the fresh air supply. At all seasons of the year, "Kane Quality" Venetian Blinds make for healthful comfort wherever installed.

"Kane Quality" Venetian Blinds can be furnished for any windows, large or small. There are several types, offering improved mechanical features exclusive to "Kane Quality." They are economical, as the first cost of installation is the only cost. They are easy to keep clean and will last indefinitely. The slats of Port Orford Cedar will not warp, crack or splinter.

Write for complete information. See our complete catalogs in "Sweet's" for Rustless Insect Screens, Metal Weather Strips and Venetian Blinds.

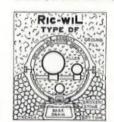


### STEAM PIPE VIBRATION DOES NOT AFFECT RIC-WIL INSULATION

ENGINEERS generally agree that pipes carrying steam at high velocities vibrate continuously. For this reason the idea has prevailed that any loose insulating filler would settle. But Dry-paC, a patented waterproof insulating filler, will not settle as is demonstrated by the following test.



Top conduit section removed to show Dry-paC after installation. An official test of this underground steam heating line showed an efficiency of better than 94%.



Ric-wil Type DF Conduit with Dry-paC filler, mul-tiple pipe installation. Type DF has moulded diatomite insulation on inside of conduit.

in Ric-wiL Conduit—it is another reason why so many Ric-wiL installations, insulated with Dry-paC, show better then 90% efficiency.

Write for photographs and a complete report on this test—satisfy yourself that there is no substitute for Ric-wil Conduit Systems for underground pipes.

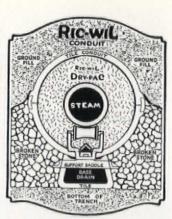
#### RIC-WIL COMPANY THE

1562 Union Trust Building . . . Cleveland, Ohio Branches: New York . Baltimore . Atlanta . Chicago AGENTS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES REG. U. S. PAT. OFF



The Architectural Record, October, 1930

CONDUIT



Cross section of Ric-Wil Type F Conduit with DrypaC filler, single pipe installation. Note Base Drain carries the entire weight of pipe supports and pipe independent of the Conduit.

To determine the effect of vibration on Dry-paC, ten feet of 2" pipe was installed in Ric-wil Type F Conduit and insulated with Dry-paC packed to standard density. One end of the pipe was fitted with a rocker arm which produced a longitudinal movement of 1/16" 160 times per minute. The pipe was thus vibrated for three 8-hour days -a total of 24 hours or 230,400 vibrations. We believe this pipe movement far exceeded

any vibration found in actual installations.

Top halves of Ric-wil Conduit were then removed one at a time and the Dry-paC was carefully examined. There was not a sign of settlement and the Dry-paC was just as firm as when first packed. Certainly such a test offers conclusive proof of the efficiency of Dry-paC insulating filler





CONON

## modern

The day is at hand when many home economics authorities and homemakers agree that no kitchen can be considered a strictly modern kitchen unless it has an electric dishwasher.

### CONOVER Electric ER DISHWASHER SINK

It washes »

#### APPROVED By

Good Housekeeping Institute, Delineator Home Institute, chemical, mechanical and electrical engineers, bacteriologists and thousands of homemakers. Architects who specify the CONOVER Electric Dishwasher Sink in new homes and apartments, or when modernizing old ones, are going to increase very substantially the resale and renting values of the buildings thus equipped. Many advanced features. Various sizes

dries

rinses »

Many advanced features. Various sizes and models to meet practically every requirement, including models for tilingin and for cabinet installation. All models available with drainboards on right or left, and in regular or acid-resisting enamel, in white, green and other popular colors.

#### CONOVER Advertising is Telling Millions

Homemakers, home owners, architects, contractors, builders, plumbers, all who are interested in making homes convenient and attractive are learning the many advantages of the CONOVER Electric Dishwasher through CONOVER advertising in the following publications:

Good Housekeeping Magazine Delineator Magazine American Home Magazine Small Home Magazine Leading metropolitan newspapers in Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, etc. Architectural Record Architectural Forum National Real Estate Journal Plumbers and Heating Contractors Trade Journal Domestic Engineering Electrical Merchandising

The CONOVER Sink Models are sold exclusively through Master Plumbers, supplied by leading plumbing supply wholesalers. The CONOVER Portable Model line is sold only through the Electrical Trade. As an architect you will be interested in information on sink models.

on sink models. Write for catalog—"Making the Home Kitchen Modern"

THE CONOVER COMPANY

General Offices: Dept. R-10, 140 So. Dearborn St., Chicago District Offices: 101 Park Ave. (Architects Bldg.) New York 1700 Walnut St., Philadelphia; 115 Chauncy St., Boston

# The Accepted Authority on Color in Architecture



BY LEON V. SOLON With foreword by Ralph Adams Cram

So many really successful buildings have been designed lately with extensive use of polychrome decoration that there seems to be a very marked tendency toward a more general use of color in architecture.

This is one book that should be in every architectural office. It has been designed as a textbook for architects, sculptors, draftsmen and students.

The text is profusely illustrated with reproductions of photographs and drawings and 9 plates in full color.

> BOUND IN BOARDS WITH CLOTH BACK \$6.00

00

The

000

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD 119 WEST 40th STREET NEW YORK



## Insulate with U. S. MINERAL WOOL

COLD-PROOF
 HEAT-PROOF

FIRE-PROOF · SOUND-PROOF · VERMIN-PROOF



### Keeps Heat and Cold Where They Belong

SUMMER heat or winter cold are kept outside of homes protected with U.S. Mineral Wool. You are not only assured greater all-year-round indoor comfort but effect worthwhile savings in winter fuel as long as the building stands. U.S. Mineral Wool is all mineral, indestructible and sound-deadening. It saves the installation cost within a short period of time and keeps fuel upkeep expense at a minimum. It's sanitary, easily applied and inexpensive. Investigate it before you build—a properly insulated home has a far greater resale value. Free sample and illustrated booklet will be forwarded upon request.

U. S. Mineral Wool Company 280 Madison Avenue, New York

Columbia		wool			aukee,	Wis
	ERAL WOO		EPT. E			-
	sample and i		booklet t	o		
Name			•••••			
Address						•••••
City				State		

## This New Century Bubblerhead Is Truly Automatic





T completely conquers fluctuating water pressure and assures at all times a full, wholesome drinking stream. The unsanitary trickle so prevalent with low water pressure is unknown. Sudden splashing gushes common to high pressures have been completely banished. Waste from the drinker's mouth cannot fall back on the source of the water. Every mechanical device to promote health has been incorporated. Century Fountains are truly sanitary!

The new Century invention does not waste a single drop of water. It has only two moving parts and is made of the finest brass. Precision workmanship and long life are guaranteed. Daily, scores of architects are turning to these modern fountains. Their outstanding quality and striking beauty are winning enthusiastic ap-

proval everywhere they are installed. Send for A.I.A. Catalog R. It contains complete information and illustrates the entire Century line. Write today!



#### "Say, Lad-

TRADI

This friend of yours, 'Arc Welding' of whom you're always shouting. Why is it I never hear him on a job?"





Studies in Structural Arc Welding

Plates 1 to 17, inclusive, are available to Architects, Structural Engineers and Steel Fabricators. They will be delivered gratis upon request to Dept. No. 30-10.

"No, Pop-

You never will. He operates on the Quiet. Wherever there's a quiet job of steel erection going on, you'll find a one-piece steel structure in the making . . . stronger, stiffer for its weight than the noisy jobs you've specified.

Why punch steel beams full of holes and their supporting columns likewise just to fill 'em up again accompanied by a deafening racket only equaled by the client's neighbors' howls.

When your brain children start to grow up let them be seen but not heard."

The Lincoln Electric Co., Dept. No. 30-10, Cleveland, O. "Are" INCOLUMENTAL OF CONTROLOGY INCOLUMENTAL OF CONTROL OF CONT

Victoria Dispensing Cabinets are made of pressed steel in chrome, white enamel and other attractive finishes. Patented device permits

COST

\$9000.00

TO REBUILD

NEEDLESS

EXPENSE



cabinet to be opened to a horizontal position for convenient refilling. These modern cabinets can be locked to prevent theft of tissue.

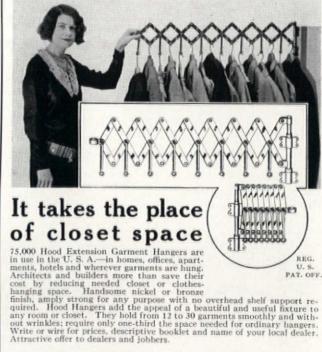
### THE MODERN WAY

The modern way to dispense toilet tissue is the cabinet way! That is why Victoria interfold tissues and dispensing cabinets are used in leading buildings everywhere. Victoria tissues are always dependable in quality. Our cabinets check waste and protect the tissue from dust and unsanitary handling. Write for full information. The Victoria Paper Mills Co., Fulton, N. Y.

#### TORIA CABINET TISSUES



HOOD HANGERS ARE NEEDED WHEREVER GARMENTS ARE HUNG





EXTENSION GARMENT HANGER CO. 1000-1020-Dallas National Bank Building-Dallas, Texas

The Architectural Record, October, 1930



ANAL PROPERTY OF A CONTRACT OF A

Top View—The Building Showing Parapet Partially Removed Lower View—Tearing down the leaky Parapet CHENEY

#### INTERLOCKING WALL FLASHING PREVENTS SUCH DISASTROUS SEEPAGE AND EXPENSE

Eight Hundred Dollars for Cheney Flashing solved the seepage problem in the parapet (see illustrations). Far cheaper to have installed Cheney Flashing in the beginning.

Cheney Flashing is the only Ready to use Thru-wall Copper Flashing that runs entirely thru the masonry wall and forms a positive unbreakable key-bond in every direction within the mortar bed.

It scientifically solves the problem of seepage in masonry walls and positively prevents leaks, efflorescence, disintegration of the walls, and the rusting of steel spandrels and lintels from this cause.

It does not break the bond because it is keyed both horizon-tally and vertically on both sides of each strip. The ends of the

taily and vertically on both sides of each strip. The ends of the strips hook together to form a continuous course. Cheney Flashing is economical in cost and application as it requires no soldering, special fitting or loss of time. It is built into the mortar bed as the masonry progresses. Valuable information on the use of Cheney Flashing is available for Architects and Engineers, without obligation. Send for the new Cheney Catalog Today.

The Cheney Company 961 MAIN STREET, WINCHESTER, MASS. New York Philadelphia Pittsburgh



Note—that Cheney Flashing is also installed under Coping Stones



Rebuilding Parapet with Cheney Flashing installed above the roof line

# Install DAYTON COG-BELT DRIVES

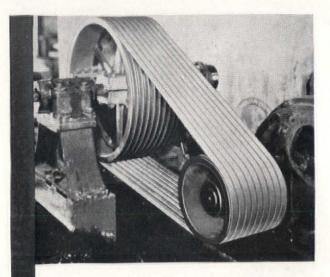
... They last longer ... They save space ... They are rugged ... Clean ... Quiet

Dayton Cog-Belt Drives meet the demand for more efficient power transmission-for more rugged drives—for drives with longer life for drives that are clean and quiet and that require less space. Their superiority is due to many exclusive advantages found only in Dayton Cog-Belts — the logical and correct V-Belts for all power transmission requirements.

Send for a free sample section of a Dayton Cog-Belt and see for yourself how this remarkable belt is superior to all others. Write today.

THE DAYTON RUBBER MFG. CO., DAYTON, OHIO Factory Distributors in Principal Cities and all Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company Sales Offices





#### Note the Revolutionary **Construction** of the **Dayton Cog-Belt**

The outer section gives balance. Camposed of numerous layers of vulcanized, strong bias-cut cord fabric. Bias-cut to accommodate bending without strain or distortion. This is another reason why Daytons don't heat and last longer than other belts. The "Neutral axis" or



2 strength section, extends across the entire width of the belt. Die-cut and prestretched permanently by a patented and exclusive Dayton process. That's why Daytons have a firmer grip, smoother action, and require less servicing in adjustments.



The cog construction permits Dayton Cog-Belts to flex naturally and easily around even the smallest pulleys without distortion, buckling or rippling. Dayton's cog construction is an exclusive feature. It is found only in Dayton Cog-Belts.



Cross Sectional View



Side View

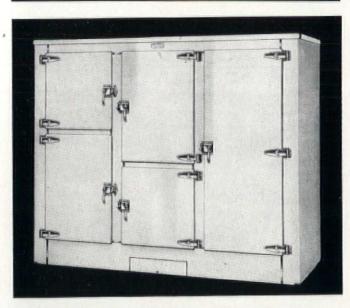
Complete Drives-Pulleys and Belts-in stock-all ratios 2 H. P. to 100 H. P.



E VERY architect and engineer who designs public buildings should have this volume in his files. While it is primarily a theatre lighting equipment book, it is for that reason most useful in planning hotels, showrooms, arenas, banks and the like. Lighting of theatrical nature is rapidly gaining favor in those and other fields.

With the Bel-Sun-Lite Catalog 30 and a little ingenuity results of beauty to your eyes' content and your reputation's enhancement are certain. You may have a copy of Catalog 30 in return for a short note. Dictate it now.

#### Belson Manufacturing Co. 812 Sibley St., Chicago, Ill.



The New Model P332 is typical of a whole series of porcelain refrigerators with pure corkboard insulation developed by McCray out of 40 years' experience . . . especially for use in hotels and institutions. Architects, write for our new catalogs of refrigerators for all purposes.

McCray Refrigerator Sales Corporation, 64 Lake Street, Kendallville, Indiana. Salesrooms in All Principal Cities.





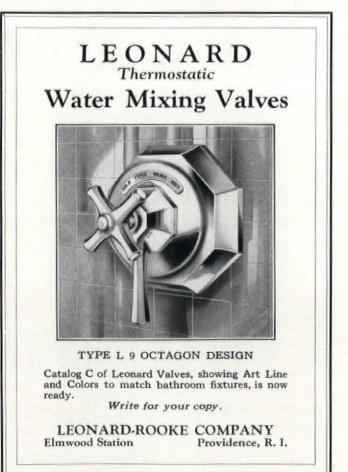
The Keystone Lock-JointClamp -(used on all our erected trim and cabinet work withoutadditional cost to the purchaser and obtainable only on Hy de-Murphy products) — is a STEEL GRIP clamp that absolutely prevents a mitre joint from coming apart, whateverthecondition of climate or temperature.

The KEYSTONE LOCK - JOINT CLAMP

is a powerful spring steel flanged elip, tapered and driven along convex tapering grooves at every mittered joint. This clamp, gripping together edges already locked by a justifying, tightly fitted and well glued hardwood spline inside each corner, permanently prevents gaping joints and the effects of warping and shrinkage. Use HYDE-MURPHY Erected Trim for better jobs and saving of time—it all comes with KEYSTONE LOCK-JOINT CLAMPS without extra cost.

Let us send you full particulars about HYDE-MURPHY Doors, Mill Work, Cabines Work and Trim, as well as the Keystene Leck-Joint Clamp-(obtainable only on Hyde-Murphy products). Or look us up in the new e-Volume Sweet's Vol. B, pages 3283-331 and 3300-320. Office Partitions? "TAKAPART" has patented advantages. Write for information.

HYDE-MURPHY CO., RIDGWAY, PA. NEW YORK: 114 EAST 32nd STREET Washington, D. C. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Boston, Mass. Dist. Nat. Bank Bldg. 602 Fox Bldg. 610 Penn. Ave. 120 Tremont St.





# Reputations fade in the Twilight Zone\*

THE deceiving half-light of twilight zone illumination may discount carefully worked out advantages in your buildings. It is not as though total darkness made the building unusable. Rather it is lighting that,



to the casual observer, simulates correct light while it tends to focus dissatisfaction on other fea-

tures of the building. It is partial darkness that retains many of the handicaps of complete darkness.

Standards of lighting adequacy have advanced rapidly in the past decade. Buildings in the twilight zone of out-moded lighting practice cannot compete effi-



#### On MAZDA Avenue

In the Westinghouse Lighting Institute actual installations scientifically demonstrate every type of modern lighting —

Open to visitors Daily 9 to 5 — Saturday 9 to 12 7th Floor, Gr and Central Palace, New York City —around the corner from your hotel ciently where up-to-date lighting standards have been adopted.

Westinghouse lighting specialists can serve architects and their clients. Lighting installations they help to plan meet today's requirements . . . make it easy to adopt higher lighting standards in keeping with future lighting programs.

### The way out of the Twilight Zone

Architects and engineers who are interested in using light effectively should have a copy of the new, illustrated book, "The Way Out of the Twilight Zone." Address your request to the Westinghouse Lamp Company, Department 203, 150 Broadway, New York City.

\*The deceptive half-light between obvious darkness and adequate illumination.

Westinghouse Lighting Specialists will help you in planning effective lighting installations



## PURE WHITE LEAD for Every Type of Surface... Every Kind of Finish

WASHABLE interior wall paint ... undercoatings for enamel...any one of a thousand different tints...flat, egg-shell and gloss finishes ... durable, economical paint for wood, plaster, wall board or metal...blended or mottled effects... plastic paint

that gives the decorative low-relief textures—any of these you can get with Dutch Boy White Lead. It is the all-purpose, allround paint material.

It makes for convenience and economy to standardize on Dutch Boy White Lead in your painting.

"Save the suffice and

#### NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

New York, 111 Broadway; Buffalo, 116 Oak St.; Chicago, 900 W. 18th St.; Cincinnati, 659 Freeman Ave.; Cleveland, 820 W. Superior Ave.; St. Louis, 722 Chestnut St.; San Francisco, 2240-24 St.; Boston, National-Boston Lead Co., 800 Albany St.; Pittsburgh, National Lead & Oil Co. of Pa., 316 Fourth Ave.; Philadelphia, John T. Lewis & Bros. Co., Widener Building.



## THE CUTLER MAIL CHUTE

Combines in the perfected Model F the result of long experience in meeting the exacting requirements of public use under Post Office Regulations — and the latest architectural development.

Simple and substantial in construction, durable in finish; with an interesting series of stock and semistock Mail Boxes of marked individuality from which to select.

Also intelligent and appreciative execution of special designs in any metal desired.

Correspondence invited.

THE CUTLER MAIL CHUTE CO. GENERAL OFFICES AND FACTORY ROCHESTER, N. Y.

### DUTCH BOY WHITE LEAD



# confidence-

NORTH STATION & BOSTON ARENA BUILDING, Boston, Mass. Architect: Funk & Wilcox Plumbing Contractor: T. J. Murphy & Co.

-----100 m 1 m

m

HILE multiple in its facili-

THE DESCRIPTION

ties, the fine new North Station and Boston Arena is singular in its construction standards. Even more than the demand of materials for embellishment was the call for materials of durability. The CONFIDENCE placed in Bridgeport "Plumrite" Pipe was basic. In upwards of fifty years of service records its durability has been proved - the ability and scientific knowledge of its makers has been established.

terre ture iter ing

Ħ

1 er

國自然

凤。周·丘:云·

88.81

Sector.

The August States

CONFIDENCE! Bridgeport "Plumrite" has won it simply by day in and day out reliability. That, after all, is the test of the worth of a pipe.

umrite Brass



There is a Bridgeport Plumrite Pipe (trade-marked every nine inches) for every type of serv-ice. We will recommend the correct pipe for specific con-ditions on request. "Plumrite" Standard

For Good Water Conditions. Contains 60% Copper and 40% Zinc. Can be bent hot and cold.

"Plumrite" 67 % For Good Water Conditions. Contains 65% to 68% Cop-per-balance Zinc. Can be

COMPANY Manufacturers - General Offices, BRIDGEPORT,

Cleveland Detroit Philadelphia Boston Buffalo Newark Providence Dayton

bent cold only. Furnished on request.

"Plumrite" Admiralty For Hot and Cold Salt Water. Contains 70% Copper, 1% Tin, and 29% Zinc. "Plumrite" 85 %

"Plumite" 85 % For Chemically Treated, Salt, and Corrosive Waters and Ground Service. Contains 85 % Coopper, 15 % Zinc. "Plumite" Copper For Chemically Treated and Acid Polluted Waters. Con-tains 99.99 % Copper.

Syracuse

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

New York

BRASS

Chicago

BRIDGEPORT

Branch Offices:

CONN

Pittsburgh

Louisville



### UNIQUE DISTINCTION in this HOTEL RADIO Equipment

The Ortho-Tone Company, originators of "radio in every room" systems, for hotels, again pioneers in this field with the Ortho-Tone Pra-1-40. A machine which, though smaller, embodies all of the advantages of the larger Ortho-Tone machines. Ortho-Tone Pra-1-40 is designed for small hotels, schools and high-class tourist camps. schools, and high-class tourist camps.

Ortho-Tone also offers their regular line of proved radio fixtures. A ceiling fixture which combines lights, fan, and loud speaker with special non-radiating features which prevent room-to-room interference, a wall panel which permits the guest a

greater selection of program—these are but a few of the advantages to be found in Ortho-Tone equipment.

ment. The widespread use of Ortho-Tone installation gives the



CO 4002 Woodland Ave., Kansas City, Mo.





## Self-Releasing Fire Exit Latches

## The Satisfaction of Sheer Strength

To the man who admires good craftsmanship, there is great satisfaction in things that are made as strong as men know how to make them; there is something close to exaltation in the feeling of sheer strength, of durability, of dependability. Here is something that will LAST!

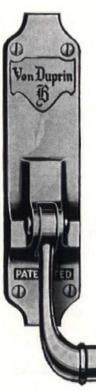
For such men we make the new series genuine Type "B" Von Duprin devices. They are made very carefully, from the best materials we know, with far heavier parts than were formerly thought practical. Higher in first cost, they are far cheaper over the life of the building, for maintenance expense is practically eliminated.

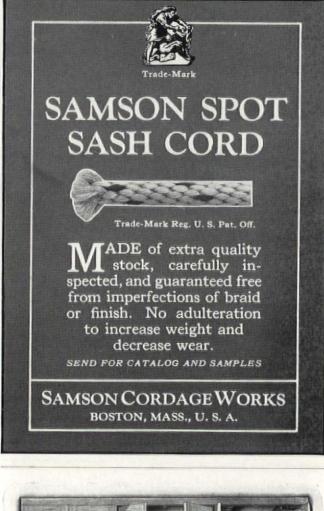
To get them, specify them separately from the finishing hardware and, of course, by name. Thus you foster clean competition, since all reputable dealers can buy these devices at the same fair prices.

### VONNEGUT HARDWARE CO. Indianapolis, Ind.

Listed as Standard by Underwriters Laboratories

Sweet's Pages C3130-C3135

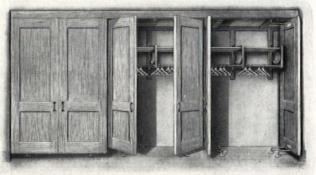






+ STRENGTH

GOOD TASTE



Evans "Vanishing Door" Wardrobe Class A-A, without jambs or trim

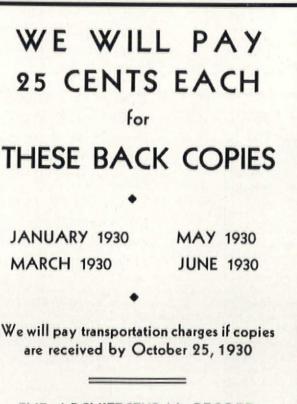
HERE is an ideal school class-room wardrobe, low in cost yet meeting every demand of the most exacting. This wardrobe is made for plaster ends, backs, and ceilings: no jambs nor trim being required. When so desired blackboards can be furnished for the doors, giving a continuous blackboard surface.

The "Vanishing Door" hinges on which the doors are hung are made with double pivoted arms and swing the doors back into the wardrobe entirely out of the way. There are no noisy tracks nor rollers to stick or bind, nor intricate mechanism to get out of order. These hinges are guaranteed to last as long as the building.

All wardrobes are furnished complete in the knockdown, with all woodwork cut to size, and only need to be secured in place. The hinges are easier to put on than common butt hinges. The entire cost of installation is small.

Many types of school wardrobes are fully illustrated, described and detailed in Catalog "K". This catalog is of A. I. A. file size and can be had for the asking.

W. L. EVANS Washington, Indiana, U. S. A. VANISHING DOOR WARDROBES



THE ARCHITECTURAL RECORD 119 West 40th Street New York City

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

172



lt Is a GOOD Gas Range That Has This Red Wheel

TIFFIN Model CASH \$9975 (\$112.75 West of the Rockies)

## The TIFFIN Model . . . . A new Magic Chef at a lower price

11

WOMAN'S desire for a modern and beautiful kitchen won universal response to the beauty appeal of the MAGIC CHEF first announced a year ago. Now a new MAGIC CHEF ... the TIFFIN ... in a more compact and convenient size ... has been created which makes MAGIC CHEF charm and style available to the builder at a substantially lower price.

The Tiffin Model of the MAGIC CHEF is delightfully modern in design, daintily harmonious in color scheme, charming and graceful as a piece of fine furniture, yet built so conveniently compact that it will fit the smaller kitchen and be in perfect keeping with its proportions.

Like the larger MAGIC CHEF models, the new Tiffin is beautifully enameled throughout. The exterior finish is in Old Ivory with Verd Antique marble trim. The handles are of cool, onyx green bakelite mounted on chromium finished fittings that will not tarnish. A new type folding cover conceals the cooking top, giving a smooth, clean appearance to the stove when not in use.

With all its attractive style the Tiffin is thor-

oughly serviceable and complete with the modern MAGIC CHEF features including the famous Lorain (Red Wheel) Oven Heat Regulator, the Insulated Oven and Broiler, the Safety-Type Valves, the reversible, rackless Broiler Pan and the roomy Service Drawer.

MAGIC CHEF is sold by dealers and gas companies wherever gas is available. It can also be used in non-gas-served territories with tank gas service. Write for full information.

PATRICIAN Model (\$210 West of the Pockies)

Send name and address for free copy of booklet showing modern kitchens.



AMERICAN STOVE COMPANY... DEPT. B, 555 CHOUTEAU AVENUE, ST. LOUIS, MO. LARGEST MAKERS OF GAS RANGES IN THE WORLD



### REEVESHIRE CLEFT CHESTNUT FENCE .... for the Suburban Home

HERE is adequate protection for the children and property, and a friendly barrier against intrusion . . . friendly, because the inter-spacing of the palings permits you to look beyond the boundaries in a neighborly fashion.

Cleft Chestnut Fencing is reasonably priced because it is machine made. Of live, split chestnut palings, spaced one inch apart, it has a quaint dignity and is particularly adapted to the suburban home.

Imported in rolls 16' long, in five heights, 10', 8', 6'6'', 4'11'' and 3'10''. The 10' height is especially suitable for tennis court enclosures.

ROBERT C. REEVES CO. Established 1860 Importers of the celebrated line of French Provincial Woven Wood Fencing. NEW YORK, N. Y. **101 PARK AVENUE** 





### Heating and Ventilating Units



YOU can specify PeerVent Units with complete confidence. They are positively silent in operation, highly efficient, and dependable. Peerless Units built eighteen years ago are still giving perfect satisfaction. The latest PeerVent is improved throughoutbetter radiator, better motor, better fans, and better controls.

PEERLESS UNIT VENTILATION CO., INC. **Pioneers in Unit Ventilation** Bridgeport, Connecticut

Selling Agents in Principal Cities from Coast to Coast



Senate Office Build-ing, Washington, D. C.—Parker equipped. Elliot Wood, architect, andCarrereandHastings, associated.

HARLES PARKER Co. Bathroom Fittings, Accessories, Mirrors, Medicine Cabinets, etc., include every type of fixture and accessory used in the bathroom, and architects may specify them with complete confidence (1) that all equipment desired will be available, (2) that they will be of the highest grade on all scores, (3) that the finish of each article will be perfect and (4) that the date of delivery will be met regardless of how large the order is.

> Our Complete Catalogue is in Sweet's for 1930 . . . . Pages D4438-4453

THE CHARLES PARKER COMPANY **ESTABLISHED 1832** Manufacturers of Bathroom Furnishings MERIDEN, CONN. New York Office.... CHARLES PARKER CO., Inc. 25 MURRAY STREET



The building of fine switchboards and cooperating in the engineering of them has been an (?) activity for nearly a half century, bringing to (?) unquestioned leadership in this work.

For instance, a great many government buildings have selected (A) equipment, a mark of approval important to commercial buildings in selecting theirs. Either live, deadface or remote control switchboards for all purposes are capably built by (A).

> Send for estimates or talk to an @ man near you. A country-wide service of experienced men await your call.



Frank Adam

### ELECTRIC COMPANY ST. LOUIS

ATLANTA, GA. L. A. Crow, 64 Cone St., N. W. BALTIMORE, MD. Wolfe-Mann Mfg. Co., 312 S. Hanover St. Boston, Mass. J. J. Cassidy, 231 Congress St. BUFFALO, N.Y. Ralph E. Jones, 1890 Hertel Ave CHICAGO, ILL. Major Equipment Co., 4603 Fullerton Ave.

CINCINNATI, OHIO E.F.Schurig, 44 East Third St. DALLAS, TEXAS R. S. Wakefield, 1814 Allen Bldg. DENVER, COLO. Alex, Hibbard, Inc. 1940 Blake St. DETROIT, MICH. H. H. Norton, 2683 Wabash Ave. KANSAS CITY, Mo. Robert Baker, 19 E. 14th St.

Los Angeles, Calif. E. Zinsmeyer, 1127 S. WallSt. MEMPHIS, TENN. C. B. Rutledge, 203 Monroe Ave. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Leo. H. Cooper, 422 Builders' Ex. Bldg. NEW ORLEANS, LA. W. J. Keller, 203 Natchez Bldg. Magazine&NatchezSts. NEW YORK Fred Kraut 182 North 11th St. Brooklyn

Омана, NEBR. B. J. Fleming 213 S. 12th St. ORLANDO, FLA. F. W. Knoepple, 610 Richmond Ave.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. W.A. McAvoy, 244 North 10th St. PITTSBURGH, PA. B. Frank Perry, Inc. 319 Third Ave.

ST. LOUIS, MO. O. H. Rottman 3650 Windsor Place

Elec. Eng. Sales Co., 2914 First Ave., S. TULSA, OKLA. P. E. Ebersole, 214 S. Victor St. TORONTO, CAN. Amalgamated Elec. Co., Ltd. Gen. Sales Office, 370 Pape Ave., 11 Charlotte St.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

Lee Van Atta, 340 Fremont St.

SEATTLE, WASH.

VANCOUVER, CAN. Amalgamated Elec. Co., Ltd. Granville Island WINNIPEG, MAN., CAN. Amalgamated Elec. Co., Ltd. 677 Notre Dame Ave. HAMILTON, ONT. Amalgamated Elec. Co., Ltd. 57 John St., N. MONTREAL, CAN. Amalgamated Elec. Co., Ltd. 1006 Mountain St.

## METAL DOORS



O'NEILL LINEN SHOP, MICHIGAN SQUARE BLDG., CHICAGO Architects, Holabird and Root

A faithful interpretation of the architect's design is assured by Kawneer custom-built service. Doors can be furnished in bronze or aluminum alloy. Send for descriptive circular.



NILES, MICHIGAN, Subsidiary, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA RUSTLESS METAL STORE FRONTS, WINDOWS and DOORS ALSO ORNAMENTAL BRONZE AND IRON

#### CLASSIFIED DIRECTORY OF ADVERTISERS

Alphabetical Index to Advertisers, Page 192

After reviewing advertisements in this issue—use Sweet's Architectural Catalogues for 1930 for catalogue and specification information on the products of the most of the manufacturers.

Acid Proof Chemical Stoneware Knight, Maurice A. Acoustics

Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co. Boston Acoustical Eng. Division of Housing Company Guastavino, R., Co.

Guastavino, R., Co. Johns-Manville Corp. U. S. Gypsum Co.

Air Conditioner American Blower Co. Buffalo Forge Co. Doherty-Brehm Co. Lewis Corporation

Air Washer Buffalo Forge Co.

Aluminum Aluminum Co. of America

Arc Welding—Lincoln Electric Co. Architectural Supplies Higgins, Chas. M., & Co.

- Artstone—Rackle, George, & Sons Co.
- Asbestos-Johns-Manville Corporation

Basement, Windows—Steel Detroit Steel Products Co. Truscon Steel Company

Bathroom Accessories Parker Charles Company

Beads—Corner Metal Milcor Steel Co. Truscon Steel Company Wheeling Corrugating Co.

Beams, Angles, Channels, Etc. Bethlehem Steel Co. Carnegie Steel Company Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.

Belts-Dayton Rubber Mfg. Co.

Blackboards—Weber Costello Co. Boilers—American Gas Products Co.

American Gas Fronuets Co. American Radiator Co. Dahlquist Mfg. Co. Heggie-Simplex Boiler Co. Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Co. Smith, H. B., Company, The, Inc. Titusville Iron Work Co. Wood Gar Engineering Co.

Bolts—Door—Corbin, P. & F. Brass and Bronze

See "Ornamental Metal"

Brick-Finzer Bros. Clay Co.

Bridges—Steel—American Bridge Co. Bethlehem Steel Co.

Building Paper Angier Corporation Natural Steel Fabric Co.

Buildings—Steel Carnegie Steel Company Nat'l Assoc. of Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs.

Butts-Corbin, P. & F. Stanley Works

Cabinet Work—Hyde-Murphy Co. Cabinets—Kitchen

Olean Metal Cabinet Works, Inc.

Cabinets-Medicine-Parker Charles Company

Cabinets—Toilet Paper Victoria Paper Mills Co. Casement Operators—Rixson, Oscar C., Company

Casements—Bayley, William, Co. Crittall Casement Window Co. Detroit Steel Products Co. International Casement Co. Mesker Bros. Iron Company Truscon Steel Company

Cast Stone Cast Stone Institute

Cellar Drainer Penberthy Injector Co.

Cement—Louisville Cement Company Medusa Portland Cement Co. Portland Cement Association Universal Atlas Cement Co.

**Cement White** 

Medusa Portland Cement Co. Chain Sash—American Chain Co., Inc. Detroit Steel Products Co.

Smith & Egge Mfg. Co. Chairs—Marble, B. L., Chair Co.

Channels—Carnegie Steel Co. Concrete Engineering Co. Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.

Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp Church Memorials

American Seating Company Clamps—Lock Joint Hyde-Murphy Co.

Cleaning Systems

Spencer Turbine Co.

Clocks, Electric Landis Eng. & Mfg. Co.

Columns, Porches, Etc. Hartmann-Sanders Co. Union Metal Mfg. Co.

Concrete Accelerator Master Builders Co. Solvay Sales Corp.

Concrete Construction—Reinforced American Steel & Wire Company Concrete Engineering Co. Truscon Steel Company

Concrete Hardener Master Builders Co. Sonneborn, L., Sons, Incorporated Solvay Sales Corp.

Concrete Surface Treatment Master Builders Co. Solvay Sales Corp.

Conduit for Underground Heating Pipes Ric-wiL Company

Conduits Fibre Conduit Co. Fretz-Moon Tube Co. Garland Mfg. Co.

Conduo-Base Conduo-Base Co.

Cork Tile Flooring Armstrong Cork Company, Floor Division Congoleum-Nairn, Inc.

Corkboard

Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co.

Covering—Pipe and Boiler Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co. Johns-Manville Corporation Ric-wiL Company

Dishwasher—Electric Conover Company

Door Closers—Corbin, P. & F. Norton Door Closer Co. Sargent & Company

Door and Window Frames Andersen Frame Corp.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

## STORE FRONTS



QUIGLEY BUILDING, CHICAGO Architect, Jos. T. Fortin. Associate, David Adler

### CUSTOM - BUILT by a corps of skilled craftsmen.

Every rolled, extruded or cast unit is carefully executed and assembled by this trained staff, assuring the architect a faithful rendering, in metal, of his design. Upon request we will send new free Book of Modern Store Front installations, also description and F. S. Details of "B" Construction.



DETAIL OF KAWNEER "B" CONSTRUCTION



NILES, MICHIGAN, Subsidiary, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA RUSTLESS METAL STORE FRONTS, WINDOWS and DOORS A L S O O R N A M E N T A L B R O N Z E A N D I R O N



## FOUNTAINS OF BEAUTY:

R-S Drinking Fountains are in keeping with the lines of present day architecture—pleasing, clean in design—they add much to public buildings, hotels, schools and other institutions.

There are many types and styles of R-S Fountains; they are now available in colors and all have the R-S Vertico Slant feature. Let us give you full particulars. Write for catalog.

RUNDLE-SPENCE MFG. CO. 70 Fourth St. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

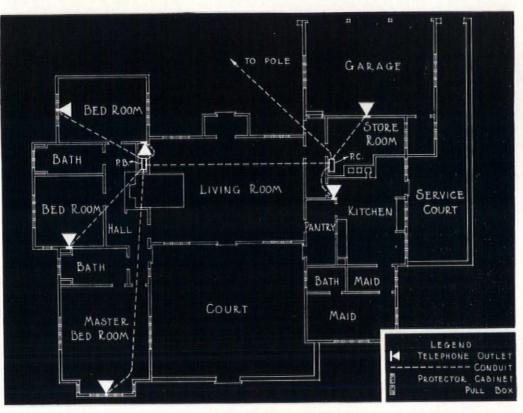
RUN

Doors—Baley, William, Company Compound & Pyrono Door Co. Dahlstrom Metallic Door Co. Detroit Steel Products Co. Hyde-Murphy Co. International Casement Co. Kawneer Company Kinnear Mfg. Co. Michaels Art Bronze Co. Peelle Company, The Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co. Sanymetal Products Co. Security Fire Door Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Company United Metal Products Co. Weis, Henry, Mfg. Co. Wilson, J. G., Corp. Zouri Co., The Drains-Josam Mfg. Co. Drawing Inks Higgins, Chas. M., & Co. Drives-Cog Belt Dayton Rubber & Mfg. Co. Electric Switches Hart & Hegeman Mfg. Co. **Electrical Equipment** Adam, Frank, Electric Co. American District Tel. Co. Bryant Electric Company Connecticut Tel. & Elec. Corp.

Fibre Conduit Co. General Electric Company Graybar Electric Co. Hart & Hegeman Mfg. Co. Holtzer-Cabot Electric Co. Imperial Electric Co. Lincoln Electric Co. National Electric Light Association Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. **Elevator Cars** Tyler Company Elevator Doors Peelle Company, The Security Fire Door Co. Tyler Company United Metal Products Co. **Elevator Inclosures** Tyler Company United Metal Products Co. Elevators Otis Elevator Company Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co. Enamels Du Pont de Nemours, E. I., & Co., Inc. Pratt & Lambert, Inc. U.S. Gutta Percha Paint Co. Expanded Casings-Milcor Steel Co. **Expanded Metal** Truscon Steel Company Fence Post-Steel American Steel & Wire Co. Fence-Woven Wood DuBois Fence & Garden Co., Inc. Reeves, Robert C., Co. Fences—American Steel & Wire Co. Fiske, J. W., Iron Works Finishing Lime Ohio Hydrate & Supply Co. **Fire Exit Devices** Vonnegut Hardware Company Fire Extinguishers Pyrene Mfg. Co. Fireplace Construction-Covert, H. W., Co. Fireproof Doors, Shutters and Windows Compound & Pyrono Door Co. Dahlstrom Metallic Door Co. Detroit Steel Products Co. Kawneer Company Mesker Bros, Iron Company Peelle Company, The Thorp Fire Proof Door Company

Truscon Steel Company United Metal Products Co.

## The modern Home provides for both Present and Future Telephone needs



Complete telephone convenience is provided in the residence of Dr. George W. Hawley, Bridgeport, Connecticut, by six telephone outlets, including one in the garage. The telephone wiring is carried in conduit bidden in the walls and floors. FRED C. JOHNSON, Architect, Bridgeport.

PROVISION for complete telephone convenience is an important and attractive feature in the design of the modern residence. Telephones through out the house, placed where they will save steps and time, greatly increase the comfort and livability of the home, and help to simplify household management.

Planning in advance for the telephone arrangements has many advantages. It provides conduit,

concealed within the walls and floors during con-

struction, and telephone outlets in all the important

rooms. This gives improved appearance, guards against certain types of service interruptions and



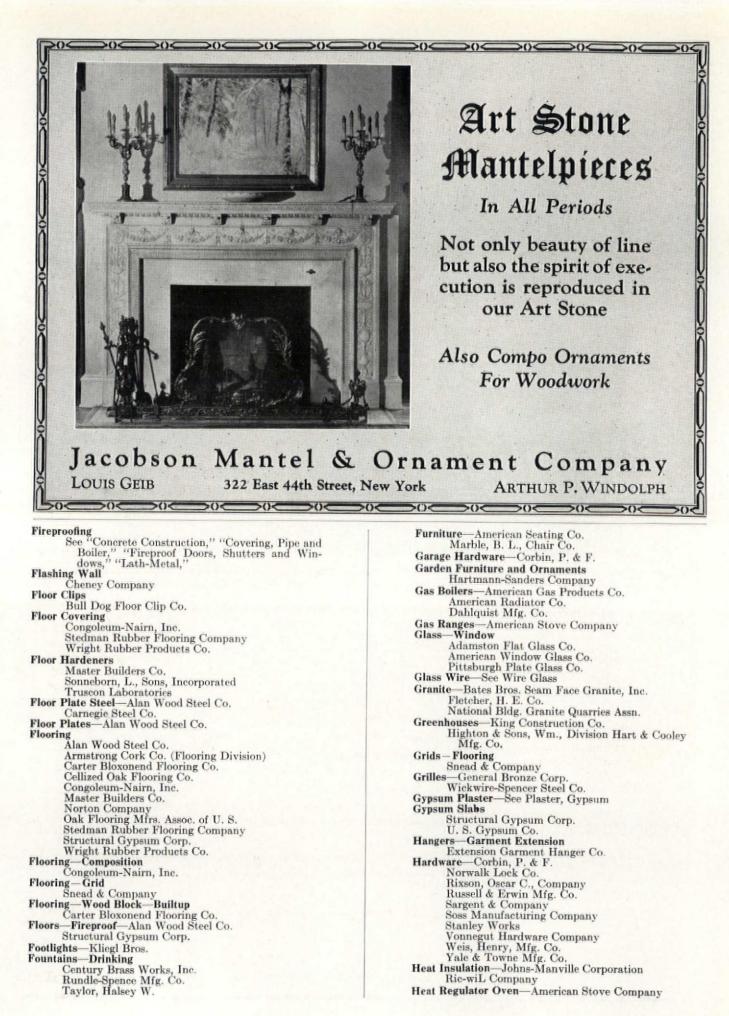
provides a flexibility of telephone service that is most desirable.

Although at first only such outlets as may be needed immediately are used, the others are always available for possible rearrangement of the service to take care of the growing requirements of the family.

Your local Bell Company

will gladly help you plan the telephone arrangements for new and remodeled residences. It will also arrange for conferences to explain to your clients the telephone equipment which serves different household needs. No charge is made for this advisory service. Just call the Business Office.







# When you plan a modern home . . .

**BE SURE THE HEATING PLANT IS MODERN TOO** 



• Five years from now will your homes be as modern as they are today? Will the heating plants be the modern plants of that day?

• Ideal Gas Boilers are 100% automatic and will be as modern five years from today as they are now.

• Gas rates for house heating are being steadily reduced which is one of the reasons for the tremendous popularity and growth of automatic heating that is 100% automatic.

• That is why so many successful architects insist that the homes they plan be made really modern with Ideal Gas Boilers.

## AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY

40 West 40th Street, New York City

DIVISION OF

AMERICAN RADIATOR & STANDARD SANITARY CORPORATION



More and more-DUBOIS is being made part of the Architectural Scheme

The interest and harmony of this grouping has been accentuated by making Dubois part of the architectural scheme. Architects are now including Dubois in their specifications for its value in producing a pleasing ensemble. Used for centuries in France, Dubois fits perfectly with architecture of

English, Spanish and Colonial origin as well as with its native French Provincial setting.

THE DUBOIS REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Woven Wood Fence

To assure permanent satisfaction to your clients, please specify Dubois by name. For sizes and erection data, turn to "Sweet's". A new album of large plates, illustrating many applications of Dubois, is ready for distribution to architects and landscape architects upon request, without cost.

### DUBOIS FENCE & GARDEN CO., INC.

101 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

**Heating Apparatus** 

Aerofin Corporation American Blower Co. American Gas Products Corp. American Radiator Company Buffalo Forge Co. Dunham, C. A., Company Heggie-Simplex Boiler Co. Johnson, S. T., Co. Marsh, J. P. & Co. Nash Engineering Company Nelson, Herman, Corp. Peerless Unit Ventilation Co., Inc. Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Co. Smith, H. B., Company Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Titusville Iron Works Co. Wood Gar Engineering Co.

Hinges—Gravity Sanymetal Products Co.

Hinges-Invisible Soss Manufacturing Company

### Humidifier

Doherty-Brehm Co. Lewis Corporation

- Insulation—Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co. Cabot Samuel, Inc. Flax-li-num Insulating Co. U, S. Mineral Wool Co.
- Interior Communication System Automatic Electric Co. Connecticut Tel. & Elec. Corp. Holtzer-Cabot Electric Co.

**Kitchen Units** 

International Nickel Co. Olean Metal Cabinet Works, Inc. Lath—Metal—American Steel & Wire Co. Milcor Steel Co. National Steel Fabric Co. Truscon Steel Company

Lighting Control—Theatre Adams, Frank, Electric Co.

Lighting Equipment Belson Mfg. Co. Graybar Electric Co. Landis Eng. & Mfg. Co. National Electric Light Assoc. Pearlman, Victor S., & Co. Smyser-Royer Company Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co.

Lime—Kelley Island & Transport Co. National Mortar & Supply Co. Ohio Hydrate & Supply Co. National Lime Association

Limestone—Indiana Limestone Company Victor Oolitic Stone Co.

Linoleum Armstrong Cork Company, Floor Division Congoleum-Nairn, Inc.

Lockers-Steel Nat'l Assoc. Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs.

Locks—Corbin, P. & F. Russell & Erwin Mfg. Co. Sargent & Company Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.

Lumber-See Woods

Mail Chutes-Cutler Mail Chute Co.

Mantels-Artificial Stone Jacobson Mantel & Ornament Co.

Marble—Georgia Marble Company Vermont Marble Co.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

182



## WOMEN ARE PROUD OF THEIR STEEL EQUIPPED HOMES

T is woman's delight to escort visitors through her home ... to point out with pride the modern, sanitary and laborsaving steel equipment, the graceful steel furniture ... to credit her own wise judgment in specifying materials of steel that have emancipated her from drudgery.

From bedroom to basement the modern trend is toward steel. For steel is lasting; it lends itself to beautiful design and enduring finishes. It is sanitary and resistant to fire. Its new, fresh appearance lasts throughout the years.

Architects and builders who have the saleability of their residential structures in mind will find it worth while to get all the facts about saving while improving with built-in steel products for the home. Complete information will be sent upon request. Trade Research Division, National Association of Flat Rolled Steel Manufacturers, 511 Terminal Tower Building, Cleveland, Ohio.





In the bathroom indestructible steel medicine cabinets, steel tile, radiator enclosures, clothes hampers and shower stalls, lend an atmosphere of beauty and cleanliness.



The modern basement with enameled steel laundry trays, enameled steel washing machine, steel clothes dryer and furnace, shelving and cupboards, plays an important part in reducing to a minimum the housewife's labor.

# Save Save W W with Steel Household Equipment



THE Cleveland Club, Cleveland, O., occupies a prominent position on Carnegie Ave., not far from the University grounds. The architects are Frank B. Meade and James Hamilton, and Thompson-Starrett Co., Inc., were the contractors. The upper trim, starting with the balustrade at the fourth floor, is all RACKLE ARTSTONE and the clean, sharp, accurate outlines secured by its use in the upper stories, are an unusually happy illustration of the way in which this practical and beautiful product is widely used to enhance the striking effect of fine design.

THE GEORGE RACKLE & SONS COMPANY CLEVELAND, OHIO Established 1870 Our catalogue is in Sweet's—pages A 526-527

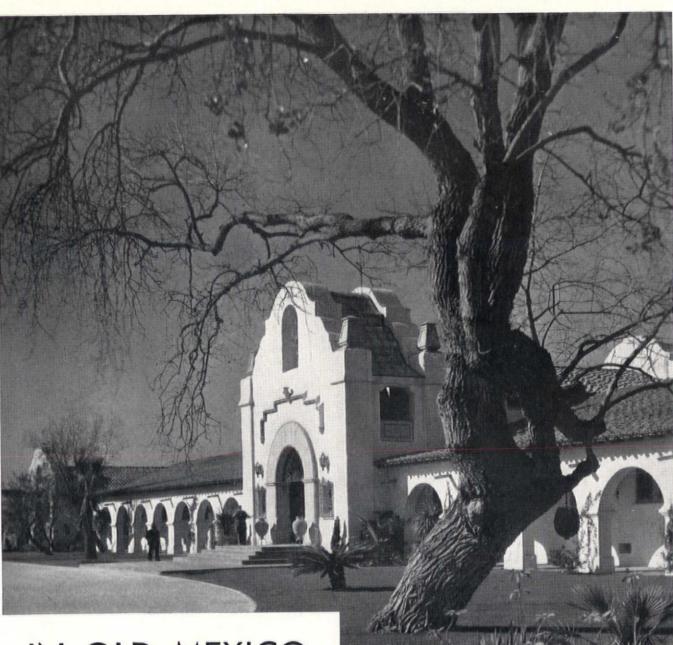


# ickla Artstona

Partitions-Toilet

Memorials-Church American Seating Company Metal Corner Bead Milcor Steel Co. Truscon Steel Company Mineral Wool—U. S. Mineral Wool Co. Monel Metal International Nickel Co., Inc. Mortar—Louisville Cement Co. National Lime Association National Mortar & Supply Co. National Steel Fabric Co. Nirosta Metal-Krupp Nirosta Co., Inc. **Oil Burners** Johnson, S. T., Co. Wood Gar Engineering Co. Ornamental Metal Aluminum Co. of America American Brass Co. Fiske, J. W., Iron Works General Bronze Corp. Michaels Art Bronze Co. Survey Rover Component Smyser-Royer Company Tyler Company Paints-Aluminum Co. of America Berry Brothers Cabot Samuel, Inc. Du Pont de Nemours, E. I., & Co., Inc. National Lead Co. Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. Pratt & Lambert, Inc. U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co. Panelboards Adam, Frank, Electric Co. General Electric Co. Trumbull Electric Mfg. Co. Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. Paper—Toilet Victoria Paper Mills Co. Partitions National Steel Fabric Co. Sanymetal Products Co. Wilson, J. G., Corp.

Sanymetal Products Co. Weis, Henry, Mfg. Co., Inc. **Piling**—Concrete MacArthur Concrete Pile Corp. Raymond Concrete Pile Co. Piling—Steel Sheet Bethlehem Steel Co. Carnegie Steel Co. Pipe-Bethlehem Steel Co. -Bethlehem Steel Co. Bridgeport Brass Co. Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. National Tube Company Reading Iron Company Republic Steel Corp. Spang Chalfant & Co., Inc. Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. Plate Glass-Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. Plaster Bond-Cabot, Samuel, Inc. Plaster Gypsum-U. S. Gypsum Co. Plaster Key-Vortex Mfg. Co. Plaster—Ornamental Jacobson & Company **Plumbing Fixtures** Case, W. A., & Son Mfg. Co. Crane Co. Hoffman & Billings Mfg. Co. Kohler Co. Parker Charles Company Penberthy Injector Co. Rundle-Spence Mfg. Co. Sanymetal Products Company Taylor, Halsey W. Trenton Potteries Company Weis, Henry, Mfg. Co., Inc. Protective Service—American District Tel. Co. Western Electric Co. Pumps—Dunham, C. A., Co. Nash Engineering Company Westco-Chippewa Pump Co.



IN OLD MEXICO, TOO Dunham Differential Heating

provides mild heating balanced in accordance with weather conditions, ideally adapted to Pacific Coast requirements.

The Differential system control of steam temperatures gives ample heat for the chill of evening and early morning hours, yet there is no wasteful overheating during the balmy hours of midday. It cuts fuel costs 25 to 40%. C. A. Dunham Co., Dunham Building, 450 E. Ohio St., Chicago, III. Western Sales Offices: San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Spokane, El Paso, Salt Lake City, Seattle. The Hotel, Agua Callente, Mexico, designed by Wayne B. McAllister

Look for the name DUNHAM. This nameplate identifies a genuine Dunham Thermostatic Radiator Trap 7 7 7

Dunham engineers are at your service with complete and authoritative data on improved heating practice. Consult the 58-page Dunham Architectural Handbook in Sweet's—Volume D



## DUNHAM DIFFERENTIAL HEATING



A modern installation showing versatility of Olean Standard Units.

## Olean Cabinetry In Steel

#### Reveals New and Exclusive Features in Style and Construction

**G**RACEFUL, streamline design and exclusively patented features of construction are attracting attention of architects and builders to the new line of Olean Steel Cabinetry, now being shown.

Olean Quality is making steel the style in kitchen cabinetry. The exclusive and patented features in design make possible a type of rigid construction with narrow styles and rails that give an expanse of glass in doors, possible by no other method.

New, semi-concealed hinges—adjustable shelf supports—special drawer locks—and distinctive hardware, characterize the line.

Finishes by special, scientific oven-baking process will not crack, discolor or peel.

Compliance with architects' specifications guaranteed.

Complete specification sheets gladly sent on request.



#### OLEAN METAL CABINET WORKS OLEAN, N. Y.

Radio Planning Ortho-Tone Co. R.C.A. Victor Co., Inc. Western Electric

Radiator Trap-Dunham, C. A., Co.

Radiators American Radiator Co. Nelson, Herman, Corp. Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Co. Smith, H. B., Company, The

Railings-Sanymetal Products Company

Ranges—American Stove Co. Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co.

Refrigerators McCray Refrigerator Sales Co.

Roofing—American Sheet & Tin Plate Co. Bethlehem Steel Co. Federal Cement Tile Company Nat'l Assoc. Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs. Ruberoid Co., The

Roofing Slates O'Brien Bros. Rising & Nelson Slate Co. Sheldon, F. C., Slate Company

Rolling Doors Kinnear Mfg. Co. Wilson, J. G., Corp.

Safes Diebold Safe & Lock Co.

Safety Tread—Alan Wood Steel Co. Norton Company

Sash Balances-Caldwell Mfg. Co.

Sash Chain—American Chain Co., Inc. Detroit Steel Products Co. Smith & Egge Mfg. Co.

Sash-Cord Samson Cordage Works

Screens—Rolling Rolscreen Company

Screens—Windows Higgin Mfg. Co. Kane Mfg. Co.

Seating-American Seating Co.

- Sheet Metal—Alan Wood Steel Co. American Sheet & Tin Plate Co. National Assoc. of Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs.
- Shelving Steel Nat'l Assoc. Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs.

Shingles Cabot, Samuel, Inc. Johns-Manville Corporation

Showers—Hoffmann & Billings Mfg. Co. Weis, Henry, Mfg. Co., Inc.

Signal Systems American District Tel. Co. Connecticut Tel. & Elec. Corp. Holtzer-Cabot Electric Co.

Slate—Roofing O'Brien Bros. Slate Co., Inc. Rising & Nelson Slate Co. Sheldon F. C., Slate Co.

Smoke Screens-Sanymetal Products Co.

# **Eighty Telephone Buildings** Have Dialed Armstrong's Corkboard

for perfect connection to top-floor comfort and permanent fuel economy



### Some of the 80

Here is a partial list of the telephone buildings that have insured top-floor comfort and fuel economy with Armstrong's Corkboard Insulation on the roof. New York Telephone Co., N. Y. C.

- -(3 buildings) Portland Telephone Building, Portland, Me. Telephone Exchange Building, Boston, Mass. New England Tel. & Tel. Co., Boston, Mass.-(Stadium Exchange) Bell Telephone Bldg., Athens, Ga. So. Western Bell Telephone Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. Indiana Bell Tel. Co., Marion, Ind. Cumberland Tel. Co., Louisville, Ky. So. Western Bell Telephone Bldg., Amarillo, Texas Bell Tel. Co., Montreal, Canada Wisconsin Tel. Co., Kenosha, Wis. Michigan Bell Telephone Co., Ann Arbor, Mich. Southern Bell Tel. & Tel. Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. Southern Bell Tel. & Tel. Co., Savannah, Ga. So. Western Bell Tel. Co., Dallas, Texas Bell Tel. Co., Philadelphia, Pa .--(3 buildings) So. Western Bell Telephone Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla.
- Southern Bell Telephone Bldg., Greensboro, N. C

Northwestern Bell Tel. Co.,

Minneapolis, Minn. Southern Bell Telephone Co., LaPlace, La.

New England Tel. & Tel. Co., Dover, N. H.

Michigan Bell Tel. Co., Detroit, Mich.-(4 buildings)

Ohio Bell Tel. Co., Columbus, Ohio (2 buildings)

ARMSTRONG CORK & INSULATION Co., 901 Concord St., Lancaster, Pa.

Armstrong's Corkboard Insulation for the roof of every building

## KAUFMANNS PITTSBURGH



the finest and most modern department store. Beautiful and efficient lighting . . . a scenic railway (Otis Escalators) to relieve elevator congestion . . . all electric wiring systems protected by Garland Conduits,

"GALVADUCT"-"LORICATED"

GARLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY Pittsburgh Penna. Sound Control Cabot Samuel, Inc. Housing Company Johns-Manville Co. U. S. Gypsum Co. U. S. Mineral Wool Co. Sound Retarding Doors Compound & Pyrono Door Co. Spandrels Aluminum Co. of America Sprinkling Systems Thompson Manufacturing Co. Stain-Shingle Cabot, Samuel, Inc. Stain-Wood Preserving Cabot, Samuel, Inc. Stainless Steel American Stainless Steel Co. Steel-Flat Rolled National Assoc. of Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs. Steel Construction—American Bridge Co. American Institute of Steel Const., Inc. Bethlehem Steel Co. Carnegie Steel Company Steel-Forms Concrete Engineering Co. Stone-Artificial Jacobson & Company Rackle, George, & Sons Co., The Stone-Granite Bates Bros. Seam Face Granite, Inc. National Bldg. Granite Quarries Association Stone-Limestone Indiana Limestone Company Victor Oolitic Stone Co. Stone-Marble Georgia Marble Co. Vermont Marble Co. Stone Ware, Chemical Knight, Maurice A Store Front Construction Detroit Show Case Co Kawneer Company, The Michaels Art Bronze Co. Tyler Company Zouri Company, The Stoves-American Stove Company Structural Steel Bethlehem Steel Co. Carnegie Steel Co. Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. Telephone Service Arrangements American Telephone & Telegraph Co. **Terra** Cotta Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp. National Terra Cotta Society Northwestern Terra Cotta Co. Tile-Cork Composition Congoleum-Nairn, Inc. Tile-Floor and Wall

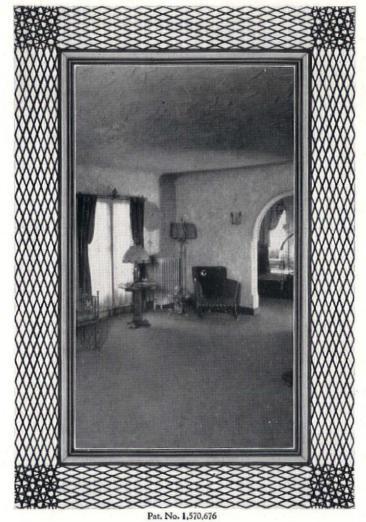
Norton Company Pardee C. Works Robertson Art Tile Co.

- Tile—Hollow Building National Fire Proofing Corp.
- Tile—Roofing Ludowici-Celadon Co. Stedman Rubber Flooring Company
- Tile—Rubber Stedman Rubber Flooring Company United States Rubber Co. Wright Rubber Products Co.

Traps-Steam and Radiator-Dunham, C. A., Co.

Tree Surgeons-Davey Tree Expert Co.

## This Metal Trim Appeals Instantly ... to Architect ... Builder ... Owner



The metal molding makes a precise, neat trim around window and door openings. It may be finished in the

same tone as the walls . . . giving a harmonious finish and adding a distinctive touch to the room. The expanded metal wings key the plaster right up to the casing . . . and the patented *Milcor* lock and clip anchors the assembly to the wood frame so ciate the beauty and permanence of *Milcor* Expansion Metal Casing ... Builders like its ease of application ... and owners enthuse over the fact that here is a metal trim from which the plaster will not pull away. Send for a sample section ... and complete information.

> Copperalloy Steel



Milcor Expansion Corner Bead assures perfectly true lines and curves as well as permanent beauty. The wings of expanded metal key the plaster right up to the bead. No hunting for nail holes . . erection is fast and low in cost. Milcor corners will stand unusual abuse.

## MILCOR PRODUCTS

(formerly Milwaukee Corrugating Co., Milwaukee, Wis. and The Eller Mfg. Co., Canton, Ohio) Main Offices: 1407 Burnham Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Plants at Milwaukee, Wis., Canton, Ohio, La Crosse, Wis., Chicago, Ill. and Kansas City, Mo. Sales Offices: New York, 418 Pershing Square Building; Boston, Mass., 726 Little Building; Atlanta, Ga., 207 Bona Allen Building; Minneapolis, Minn., 642 Builders Exchange Building; Little Rock, Ark., 104 W. Markham Street





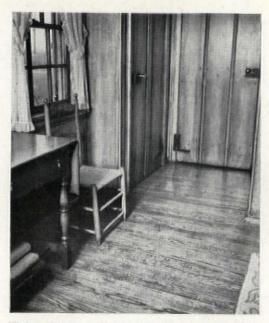
it's there to stay. The

Milcor one-piece mitre

makes a perfect corner

joint. Architects appre-

Scratching in and doubling up can be done from one scaffold with Mileor Stay R ib Metal Lath. Perfect plastering can be done, with a saving in labor and material. All painted Stay-Rib is heattreated and re-annealed after forming.



Whatever style you would build—Colonial, or English, or French Provincial—floors of oak agree exactly with the rooms and their furnishings. Photograph by courtesy of Colonial Village, Wayne, Pa.

## Where fine furnishings must be considered . . . specify OAK FLOORS

IN MOST of the homes in Colonial Village good taste dictated the use of oak for floors. The burnished russets and the golden browns of this dependable wood would be the most handsome setting for the quaint old ladder-backed chairs, pie-crust tables and elegant high-boys which would undoubtedly be among the furnishings of the future residents.

And yet, even had this been the "French Village," the "English Village" or one of any other style, its wise designers would probably have chosen floors of oak. For, centuries of building history have proved to architects and decorators that oak is not only the most flattering background for all styles of furnishings but also the most durable and economical material for floors. In point of view of good design, original cost and future upkeep, it is the soundest sort of specification that an architect can make. . . . Oak Flooring Manufacturers Association of the United States, 1839 Sterick Building, Memphis, Tennessee.



Garden, House Beautiful, Good Housekeeping, Better Homes and Gardens, The Literary Digest, Ladies' Home Journal and Small Home.

OAK FLOORING advertising is being continued on an increased scale during 1930, Look for ing Manufacturers Asso-



ing Manufacturers Association of the United States. It is complete protection for you. Every piece is air-seasoned and kiln-dricd, then milled, and thoroughly inspected and accurately graded, insuring high quality. Unit Heaters and Ventilators Aerofin Corporation American Blower Co. Buffalo Forge Co. Nelson, Herman, Corp. Peerless Unit Ventilation Co., Inc.

Vaults Diebold Safe & Lock Co.

Valves—American Radiator Company Crane Co. Dunham, C. A., Co.

Valves—Water Mixing Leonard-Rooke Co.

Varnish—Berry Brothers Du Pont de Nemours, E. I., & Co., Inc. Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. Pratt & Lambert Co. U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.

Ventilating Systems American Blower Co. Buffalo Forge Co. Sturtevant, B. F., Co.

Ventilators Ventilouvre Co., The

Wall Coating—Washable Truscon Laboratories

Wall Treatment Vortex Mfg. Co.

Wardrobes Evans, W. L.

Water Heaters Dahlquist Manufacturing Co. Excelso Products Corp.

Water Softener Paramount Water Softener Corp.

Waterproof Materials Headley Emulsified Products Co. Master Builders Co. Sonneborn, L., Sons, Incorporated Truscon Laboratories

White Lead National Lead Co.

Window and Door Frames Andersen Frame Corp. Kalman Steel Company Kawneer Company Michaels Art Bronze Co.

Window Fixtures Andersen Frame Corp. Williams Pivot Sash Co.

Windows Bayley, William, Company Crittall Casement Window Co. Detroit Steel Products Co. International Casement Co. Kalman Steel Company Kawneer Company Mesker Bros. Iron Company Truscon Steel Company Williams Pivot Sash Co.

Wire and Cable American Steel & Wire Company

Wire Rope American Steel & Wire Company

Wood Preserver Cabot Samuel, Inc.

Woods—American Walnut Mfrs. Association Carter-Bloxonend Flooring Co. Cellized Oak Flooring, Inc. National Lumber Manufacturers Association Oak Flooring Mfrs. Assoc. of U. S. Port Orford Cedar Products Co. Southern Cypress Mfrs. Assoc. Western Pine Mfrs. Assoc.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

190

# LIGNOPHOL GIVES ENDURANCE TO WOODEN FLOORS FOR 1c TO 2c A SQUARE FOOT

WHEN you specify Lignophol for preserving wooden floors you can depend that your floor problems are solved once and for all.

Lignophol adds to floor durability by supplying the wood with natural oils and gums which penetrate throughout. It binds the fibres together to make the floor hard, wear-resisting, dustless. It obviates splintering, checking, warping, dry and wet rot, and makes the floor easier to keep clean.

Lignophol is not a mere surface coating, but a through-and-through penetrant that will not wear off or evaporate. One treatment lasts for years, and any workman can quickly apply it with a longhandled brush.

Make use of Sonneborn consulting service. We co-operate with your contractor and give him the benefit of our 25 years' experience. This co-operation helps your contractor to come up to your exacting specifications while keeping the work within bounds of economy. Every Sonneborn product is guaranteed to do a good job.

The attached coupon brings descriptive literature and samples of Sonneborn products. Send the attached coupon for them today.

### L. SONNEBORN SONS, INC., Dept. 10, 114 Fifth Avenue, New York

#### SOME OTHER SONNEBORN PRODUCTS

#### Hydrocide No. 633

-Plaster Bond-For damp-proofing interior of exterior walls above ground.

Hydrocide Colorless

-For waterproofing exterior of exposed walls.

#### **Hydrocide Integral**

-For waterproofing mass concrete, stucco and mortars.

The Architectural Record, October, 1930

#### Lapidolith

-the original concrete floor hardener and dustproofer.

### Hydrocide

Liquid, mastic and semi-mastic —Mastic and semi-mastic—For waterproofing foundation walls, footings, etc.

### INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS

#### Classified Directory of Advertisers, Pages 176-190 Inclusive

Catalogues of concerns marked ( \*) are in Sweet's Architectural Catalogues for 1930.

Adam, Frank, Electric Co	175	4
Adamston Flat Glass Co	63	
Aerofin Corporation	155	
Alan Wood Steel Co	156	
Alberene Stone Company127-		
Aluminum Co. of America		
American Blower Corp	58	4
American Bridge Co	50	
American District Telegraph Co	121	4
American Institute of Steel Const., Inc	6	
American Radiator Co	-181	4
American Sheet & Tin Plate Co	88	
American Stainless Steel Co	25	
American Steel & Wire Co	75	
American Stove Co	173	4
American Telephone & Telegraph Co	179	4
American Walnut Mfrs. Assoc	5	
American Window Glass Co	52	4
Andersen Frame Corp	93	
Angier Corporation	87	
Architectural Record	172	
Architects Announcements	100	
Architectural & Allied Arts Exposition	31	
Armstrong Cork Co	20	
Floor Division		4
Armstrong Cork & Insulation Co	187	4
Automatic Electric, Inc.	104	
rationatic Electric, file	104	
The second second second		
Bates Bros. Seam-Face Granite Co., Inc	22	
Belson Mfg. Co	166	
Berry Bros., Inc	89	۲
Book Reviews	96	
Boston Acoustical Eng'g Div. of Housing		
Co	133	۲
Bridgeport Brass Co	169	۲
Bryant Electric Co	44	۲
Buffalo Forge Co	157	۲
		~
Caldwell Mfg. Co	168	
		۲
Carnegie Steel Co	146	
Carter Bloxonend Flooring Co	48	۲
Case, W. A. & Son Mfg. Co	150	1
Cast Stone Institute	51	
Century Brass Works, Inc	162	1.7
Cheney Company	164	100
Compound & Pyrono Door Co	170	
	-54	۲
Conover Co	160	
Construction Statistics	94	
Corbin, P. & F	97	۲
Crane Co	55	۲
Crittall Casement Window Co	108	۲
Cutler Mail Chute Co	168	۲
		-
Dahlquist Mfg. Co	112	
Dahlstrom Metallic Door Co	59	100
Dayton Rubber Mfg. Co	165	
		-
Detroit Show Case Co Detroit Steel Products Co	41 81	*
	110	۲
Dodge, F. W., Corp		
	119	~
	182	*
	185	۲
Du Pont, E. I. de Nemours & Co., Inc	123	۲
Evans, W. L.	172	۲
	164	
	15	۲
Extension Garment Hanger Co	1.1	٢
Extension Garment Hanger Co	77	9
Extension Garment Hanger Co Federal Cement Tile Co Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp	77 193	
Extension Garment Hanger Co Federal Cement Tile Co Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp Fibre Conduit Company	193	
Extension Garment Hanger Co Federal Cement Tile Co Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp Fibre Conduit Company. Fiske, J. W. Iron Wks.	193 49	
Extension Garment Hanger Co Federal Cement Tile Co Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp Fibre Conduit Company. Fiske, J. W. Iron Wks. Finzer Bros. Clay Co	193 49 56	۲
Extension Garment Hanger Co Federal Cement Tile Co Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp Fibre Conduit Company. Fiske, J. W. Iron Wks. Finzer Bros. Clay Co Flax-li-num Insulating Co	193 49 56 141	•
Extension Garment Hanger Co Federal Cement Tile Co Federal Seaboard Terra Cotta Corp Fibre Conduit Company. Fiske, J. W. Iron Wks. Finzer Bros. Clay Co. Flax-li-num Insulating Co Fletcher, H. E. Co	193 49 56 141	۲

Garland Mfg. Co. 188 • General Bronze Co. 11 • General Electric Co. 76-143 • 30 🔹 Georgia Marble Co., The..... Guastavino, R. Co..... 118 \* Hart & Hegeman Division .... 26 🔹 The Arrow-Hart & Hegeman Electric Co. Headley Emulsified Products Co..... 29 🔹 Higgin Mfg. Co... Higgins, Chas. M., & Co., Inc.... 144 🐵 174 Housing Co..... 133 @ Hyde-Murphy Co..... 166 . International Casement Co., Inc..... 131 🏟 International Nickel Co..... 66 🏟 Jacobson & Co..... 100 Jacobson Mantel & Ornament Co..... 180 🔹 Kalman Steel Co..... 153 . Kelley Island Lime & Transport Co..... 45 . Landis Eng. & Mfg. Co..... 156 4 Leonard Rooke Co..... 166 🔹 Lewis Corporation..... 46 Lincoln Electric Co. Louisville Cement Co. 163 🔹 101 . Ludowici-Celadon Co..... 129 MacArthur Concrete Pile Corp..... 115 McCray Refrigerator Sales Corp..... 166 @ Marble, B. L. Chair Co..... 152 Marsh, Jas. P. & Co.... 194 Master Builders Co..... 145 Medusa Portland Cement Co..... 109 Milcor Steel Company..... 189 @ Nash Engineering Co.... ... 71-72 . National Assoc. of Flat Rolled Steel Mfrs. 183 National Bldg. Granite Quarries Assoc... 84 . National Electric Light Assn..... 60 National Fire Proofing Corp. 35 . 

 National Lead Company.
 168 •

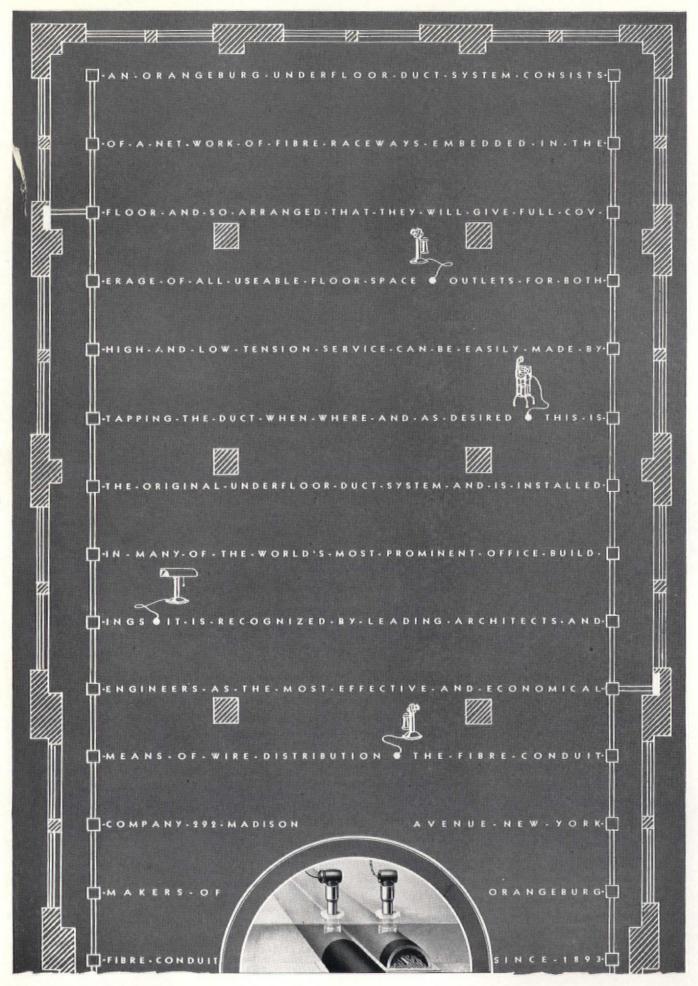
 National Lime Association.
 24 •

 National Lumber Mfrs. Assoc.
 39 •

 National Mortar & Supply Co.
 40 •

National Steel Fabric Co..... 144 @ National Terra Cotta Society..... 107 🌒 Norton Company..... Norton Door Closer Co., Division Yale & 34 🔹 Towne Mfg. Co..... 32 🔶 Notes in Brief..... 98 🔹 Oak Flooring Mfrs. Assoc. of U. S. ..... 190 . O'Brien Bros. Slate Co., Inc. 135 . Ohio Hydrate & Supply Co... 78 🔹 Ohio Hydrate & Supply Co..... Olean Metal Cabinet Works, Inc..... 186 Ortho-Tone Co..... 170 Parker Chas. Co., The 174 🔹 Peerless Unit Ventilation Co., Inc. ..... 174 .

Penberthy Injector Co	95 🐵
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp	134
Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co	
Port Orford Cedar Products Co	73
Portland Cement Assn	42 🚸
Pratt & Lambert, Inc	33 🚸
Publisher's Page	85-86
Pyrene Mfg. Co., Inc	170 🚸
R. C. A. Victor Co., Inc	98 🐟
Rackle, Geo., & Sons Co., The	184 🚸
Raymond Concrete Pile Co	7 🛞
Reading Iron Co	159 🚸
Reeves, Robert C., Co	174 👁
Republic Steel Corp	140 🐵
Rie-wiL Co	158 🐵
Rising & Nelson Slate Co	67 🛞
Rixson, Oscar C., Company	148 🔹
Roberson, Chas. of London	117
Robertson Art Tile Co	38 🗇
Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co	57 🔹
Rolscreen Co	65 🚸
Ruberoid Co	13 🚸
Rundle-Spence Mfg. Co	178
Russell & Erwin Mfg, Co	
transmission and the states of the second se	105 🚸
Contract W 1	
Samson Cordage Works	172 🔶
Sanymetal Products Co	12 🔶
Sargent & Co	62
Sheldon, F. C., Slate Co	19 🛞
Silver Lake Co	168 🛞
Smith, H. B., Co	83 🐵
Smyser-Royer Co	
	114 🛞
Snead & Company	82 🔶
Sonneborn, L., Sons, Inc	191 🐵
Soss Mfg. Co	172 🔹
Southern Cypress Mfrs. Assn	10
Spang, Chalfant & Co., Inc	79 🐵
Spencer Turbine Co	64 🔹
Stedman Rubber Flooring Co	103 .
Structural Gypsum Corp	139 🔹
Structural Gypsum Corp Sturtevant, B. F., Co	139 🔹 132 🔹
Structural Gypsum Corp	139 🔹
Structural Gypsum Corp Sturtevant, B. F., Co Sweet's Catalogue Service	139 🔹 132 🔹
Structural Gypsum Corp Sturtevant, B. F., Co Sweet's Catalogue Service	139 🔹 132 🔹
Structural Gypsum Corp Sturtevant, B. F., Co Sweet's Catalogue Service	139 (*) 132 (*) 120 69 (*)
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co.	139 € 132 € 120 69 € 154 €
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.	139 € 132 € 120 69 € 154 € 37 €
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co. Trenton Potteries Co.	139 ● 132 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 138
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co. Trenton Potteries Co. Truscon Laboratories.	139 ● 132 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 138 2 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co. Trenton Potteries Co.	139 ● 132 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 138 2 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co. Trenton Potteries Co. Truscon Laboratories. Tyler Co. 4th C	139 € 132 € 120 69 € 154 € 37 € 138 2 € cover €
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co. Trenton Potteries Co. Truscon Laboratories. Tyler Co. Union Metal Mfg. Co.	139 ● 132 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 138 2 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp. Sturtevant, B. F., Co. Sweet's Catalogue Service. Taylor, Halsey W., Co. Thompson Mfg. Co. Thorp Fire Proof Door Co. Trenton Potteries Co. Truscon Laboratories. Tyler Co. Union Metal Mfg. Co. Union Metal Mfg. Co. United Metal Products Co.	139 € 132 € 120 69 € 154 € 37 € 138 2 € cover €
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Tryler Co.      4th C      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.	139 ● 132 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 138 2 ● cover ● 47 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.	139 ● 132 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 138 2 ● cover ● 47 ● 152 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.	139 ● 182 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 188 2 ● cover ● 47 ● 152 ● 91 ● 27 ● 162 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.	139 ● 182 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 188 2 ● cover ● 47 ● 152 ● 91 ● 27 ● 162 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.	139 ● 182 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 188 2 ● cover ● 47 ● 152 ● 91 ● 27 ● 162 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.	139 ● 182 ● 120 69 ● 154 ● 37 ● 138 2 ● cover ● 47 ● 152 ● 91 ● 27 ● 162 ● 7-18 ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      1      Vermont Marble Co.	139    ●      182    ●      120    ●      69    ●      154    ●      37    ●      138    2      over    ●      47    ●      91    ●      27    ●      162    ●      718    ●      122    ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      1      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 102 $
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U, S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.	139    ●      182    ●      120    ●      69    ●      154    ●      37    ●      138    2      over    ●      47    ●      91    ●      27    ●      162    ●      718    ●      122    ●
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trencon Dotteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      1      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitie Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 102 $
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U, S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.	139      132      120      69      154      37      138      2      60ver      47      152      91      27      162      7-18      122      161      464
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 162 \\ 7-18 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trencon Dotteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      1      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitie Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ \bullet \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ \bullet \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      1      Vermont Marble Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vitoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 4 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 116 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victorile Company.      Victorile Company.      Victorile Company.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Weisteo-Chippewa Pump Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 144 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 16 \\ 148 \\ 148 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Westeo-Chippewa Pump Co.      Westen Electric Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 161 \\ 161 \\ 147 \\ 116 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 16 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Westoe-Chippewa Pump Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 162 \\ 7-18 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ 116 \\ 147 \\ 148 \\ 86 \\ 80 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      1      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Westen-Chippewa Pump Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ cover \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 7-18 \\ 161 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 166 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Westero-Chippewa Pump Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Elamp Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 162 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 116 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.      Wickwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Williams Pivot Sash Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ cover \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 7-18 \\ 161 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 166 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Westco-Chippewa Pump Co.      Westen Electric Co.      Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.      Wiekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Wiekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Wiekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Wood, Gar, Engineering Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 162 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 4 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 116 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.      Wickwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Williams Pivot Sash Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 162 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 148 \\ 161 \\ 147 \\ 116 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ 151 \\ \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Weis, Henry Mfg. Co.      Westee-Chippewa Pump Co.      Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co.      Weistinghouse Elamp Co.      Witaliams Pivot Sash Co.      Wood, Gar, Engineering Co.      Wight Rubber Products Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 37$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Westeo-Chippewa Pump Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.      Wiekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Williams Pivot Sash Co.      Wood, Gar, Engineering Co.      Word, Gar, Engineering Co.      Watight Rubber Products Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 152 \\ 91 \\ 162 \\ 7-18 \\ 161 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 164 \\ 147 \\ 166 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ 151 \\ 51 \\ 151 \\ 61 \end{array}$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Westeo-Chippewa Pump Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.      Wiekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Williams Pivot Sash Co.      Wood, Gar, Engineering Co.      Word, Gar, Engineering Co.      Watight Rubber Products Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 37$
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Gypsum Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Westen Electric Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co.      Witekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Williams Pivot Sash Co.      Wood, Gar, Engineering Co.      Wright Rubber Products Co.      Yale and Towne Mfg. Co.      Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 16 \\ 164 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 166 \\ 171 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ 151 \\ 61 \\ 170 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 100 \\ 112 \\ 100 \\ 112 \\ 100 \\ 112 \\ 100 \\ $
Structural Gypsum Corp.      Sturtevant, B. F., Co.      Sweet's Catalogue Service.      Taylor, Halsey W., Co.      Thompson Mfg. Co.      Thorp Fire Proof Door Co.      Trenton Potteries Co.      Truscon Laboratories.      Tyler Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      Union Metal Mfg. Co.      United Metal Products Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Gutta Percha Paint Co.      U. S. Mineral Wool Co.      Universal Atlas Cement Co.      Vermont Marble Co.      Victor Oolitic Stone Company.      Victoria Paper Mills Co.      Vitrolite Company.      Vonnegut Hardware Co.      Vortex Mfg. Co.      Westeo-Chippewa Pump Co.      Western Electric Co.      Westinghouse Lamp Co.      Wiekwire-Spencer Steel Co.      Williams Pivot Sash Co.      Wood, Gar, Engineering Co.      Word, Gar, Engineering Co.      Watight Rubber Products Co.	$\begin{array}{c} 139 \\ 132 \\ 120 \\ 69 \\ 154 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 138 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 37 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 91 \\ 91 \\ 27 \\ 162 \\ 162 \\ 161 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 16 \\ 164 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ 44 \\ 171 \\ 147 \\ 166 \\ 171 \\ 148 \\ 36 \\ 80 \\ 167 \\ 150 \\ 151 \\ 61 \\ 170 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 142 \\ 100 \\ 112 \\ 100 \\ 112 \\ 100 \\ 112 \\ 100 \\ $



# JAS. P. MARSH & COMPANY

## MARSH presents a complete catalog of truly modern heating

WITHIN recent months Jas. P. Marsh & Company has presented to the trade a series of heating units and specialties of advanced design . . . the utmost in *truly modern heating*. Now we offer the new Marsh Heating Catalog completely describing these products. We are confident that it will receive the same enthusiastic reception that was accorded to the modern heating products.

The new Catalog is composed of eight bulletins, each one embodying complete data on a separate Marsh System or product. In addition to a detailed description of the function and operation of the system, full information is given on all of the Marsh System Units incorporated in it. Separate bulletins are also included on valves and traps, and on Marsh Gauges and Instrument Panels.

Clip the coupon and send in now for your copy of this complete catalog of the newest developments in truly modern heating.

## JAS. P. MARSH & CO.

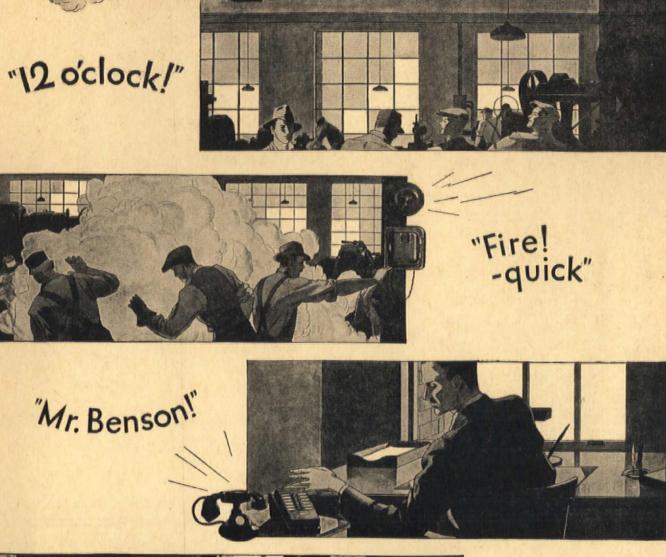
IDIVISION OF COMMERCIAL INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

551 Fifth Ave., New York City 2539 Pennsylvania Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C. Bendix Bldg., Los Angeles Sales offices in principal cities

#### Gentleme

	nd me the new to talk to your		catalog.
Name		 	
Address		 	
City		itate	

Tune in on the Graybar Program, at 10 P.M. Eastern Standard Time every Tuesday . . . . Columbia Broadcasting System





## "Nurse wanted!"

... let these signals say it ... There's a Graybar signalling device for every interior communication need. These signals save time and money ... speed up production. In large buildings... in schools... in large industrial plants, they have been found a virtual necessity. But why not investigate these interesting signals? Take advantage of Graybar's expert ad-

vice ... advice based on more than 60 years experience in this field. OFFICES IN 76 PRINCIPAL CITIES. EXECUTIVE OFFICES: GRAYBAR BLDG., NEW YORK, N. Y.





## Where Millions are "at Stake"

Owners and managers of these buildings have fortified the success of the building by installing Tyler Elevator Cars and Entrances » » » »

Unusually attractive, mechanically quiet and efficient, dependable with minimum upkeep . . . these qualities of Tyler equipment contribute largely to the profitable operation of the building » » »

TYLER

**ELEVATOR CARS** and **ENTRANCES** 

40 WALL ST. BLDG. New York City

CHASE NATIONAL BANK, New York City CHANIN BLDG. New York City

STRAUS BLDG. Chicago, Ill.

MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE BLDG. Denver, Col.

O BELL TELEPHONE N. Y. C. BUILDING veland, Ohio New York City

TERMINAL TOWER Cleveland, Ohio

TRANSPORTATION BLDG., New York City AMERICAN INS. UNION

Columbus, Ohio GREATER PENOBSCOT

BLDG., Detroit, Mich. N. Y. C. BUILDING Boston, Mass. CHRYSLER BLDG. New York City FISHER BLDG. Detroit, Mich. JACKSON TOWER Jackson, Miss. NEILS ESPERSON Houston, Texas BUHL BLDG. Detroit, Mich.

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CORP.

## THE TYLER COMPANY CLEVELAND, OHIO

NEW YORK BOSTON PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO DETROIT ATLANTA